Folder engine

33 printable files

```
engine/ChessEngine.java
engine/board/ChessBoard.java
engine/board/ChessBoardController.java
engine/board/ChessBoardInitializer.java
engine/board/ChessBoardReader.java
engine/board/ChessBoardStateValidator.java
engine/board/ChessBoardWriter.java
engine/board/MaterialCounter.java
engine/generator/Direction.java
engine/generator/DirectionalGenerator.java
engine/generator/DistanceGenerator.java
engine/generator/KnightGenerator.java
engine/generator/MoveGenerator.java
engine/generator/PawnDistanceGenerator.java
engine/move/Capture.java
engine/move/Castling.java
engine/move/ChessMove.java
engine/move/EnPassant.java
engine/move/LongCastling.java
engine/move/Moves.java
engine/move/Promotion.java
engine/move/PromotionWithCapture.java
engine/move/ShortCastling.java
engine/move/StandardMove.java
engine/piece/Bishop.java
engine/piece/ChessPiece.java
engine/piece/King.java
engine/piece/Knight.java
engine/piece/Pawn.java
engine/piece/Position.java
engine/piece/PromotableChessPiece.java
engine/piece/Queen.java
engine/piece/Rook.java
```

engine/ChessEngine.java

```
package engine;

import chess.ChessController;
import chess.ChessView;
import chess.PlayerColor;
import engine.board.ChessBoard;
import engine.board.ChessBoardController;
import engine.board.ChessBoardInitializer;
import engine.move.ChessMove;
import engine.move.Moves;
import engine.piece.Position;

/**

* Main engine class responsible for managing the chess game logic, turns, and
* interactions with the view.

* Implements the {@link ChessController} interface.
```

```
* @author Leonard Cseres
 * @author Aladin Iseni
public final class ChessEngine implements ChessController {
    private ChessBoardController controller;
    private PlayerColor turnColor;
    /**
    * Starts the chess game, initializes the board, and starts the view.
    * @param view the {@link ChessView} used for displaying the game
    */
    @Override
    public void start(ChessView view) {
       controller = new ChessBoardController(view);
        newGame();
    /**
    * Resets the game state to start a new game.
    st @throws IllegalStateException if the ChessEngine was not initialized properly
    @Override
    public void newGame() {
       turnColor = PlayerColor.WHITE;
        if (controller == null) {
           throw new IllegalStateException("Call ChessEngine.start() before starting a new game");
       ChessBoardInitializer.initializeBoard(controller);
    }
    /**
    * Attempts to make a move on the chessboard from the given coordinates.
    * @param fromX the starting X-coordinate
    * @param fromY the starting Y-coordinate
    * @param toX the destination X-coordinate
    st @param toY the destination Y-coordinate
    * @return true if the move is successful, false otherwise
    */
    @Override
    public boolean move(int fromX, int fromY, int toX, int toY) {
       Position from = new Position(fromX, fromY);
       Position to = new Position(toX, toY);
        assert from.isValid() : "From position is invalid";
        assert to.isValid() : "To position is invalid";
        assert controller.getBoard().containsKey(from) : "From position is invalid";
       ChessBoard board = controller.getBoard();
       Moves moves = board.get(from).getPossibleMoves(board, from);
        ChessMove move = moves.getMove(to);
        if (!board.getValidator().isValidMove(move, turnColor)) {
           return false;
        }
        move.execute(controller);
       nextTurn();
       updateState();
        return true;
    }
    /**
    * Switches to the next player's turn.
    */
```

```
private void nextTurn() {
    turnColor = getOpponentPlayer();
}
/**
 * Determines the color of the opposing player.
* @return the color of the opposing player
private PlayerColor getOpponentPlayer() {
    return turnColor == PlayerColor.WHITE ? PlayerColor.BLACK : PlayerColor.WHITE;
}
 * Displays a message to the view if an event occurred
 */
private void updateState() {
    ChessBoard board = controller.getBoard();
    String event;
    if (board.getValidator().isCheckmate(turnColor)) {
        event = "Checkmate! " + getOpponentPlayer() + " won!";
    } else if (board.getValidator().isStalemate(turnColor)) {
        event = "Stalemate... It's a draw";
    } else if (board.getValidator().isDraw()) {
        event = "Draw! Impossible to checkmate";
    } else if (board.getValidator().isKingInCheck(turnColor)) {
        event = "Check!";
    } else {
        event = null;
    }
    if (event != null) {
        controller.getView().displayMessage(event);
}
```

engine/board/ChessBoard.java

```
package engine.board;
import chess.PieceType;
import chess.PlayerColor;
import engine.move.ChessMove;
import engine.piece.ChessPiece;
import engine.piece.Position;
import engine.piece.Queen;
import java.util.Collections;
import java.util.HashMap;
import java.util.Map;
st Represents the chessboard, managing the state of the game, including pieces
st and positions.
* @author Leonard Cseres
* @author Aladin Iseni
*/
public final class ChessBoard implements ChessBoardReader, ChessBoardWriter, Cloneable {
   private Map<Position, ChessPiece> pieces = new HashMap<>();
   private ChessMove lastMove = null;
    private Map<PlayerColor, Position> kings = new HashMap<>();
```

```
/**
 * Creates a new chessboard state validator and returns it
* @return the chessboard state validator
public ChessBoardStateValidator getValidator() {
    return new ChessBoardStateValidator(clone());
st Retrieves the chess piece at the specified position.
* @param pos the position on the chessboard
* @return the {@link ChessPiece} at the specified position, or null if empty
*/
@Override
public ChessPiece get(Position pos) {
    return pieces.get(pos);
}
* Checks if a given position contains a chess piece.
* @param pos the position to check
* @return true if a piece exists at the given position, false otherwise
*/
@Override
public boolean containsKey(Position pos) {
    return pieces.containsKey(pos);
}
* Retrieves the last move that was made on the chessboard.
* @return the last move that was made on the chessboard
*/
@Override
public ChessMove getLastMove() {
    return lastMove;
* Sets the last move that was made on the chessboard.
* @param chessMove the last move that was made
*/
@Override
public void setLastMove(ChessMove chessMove) {
    lastMove = chessMove;
}
* Places a chess piece at the specified position on the board.
* Updates the view and tracks the position of kings.
* @param pos the position to place the piece
* @param piece the {@link ChessPiece} to place
*/
@Override
public void put(Position pos, ChessPiece piece) {
    pieces.put(pos, piece);
    if (piece.getType() == PieceType.KING) {
        kings.put(piece.getColor(), pos);
```

```
}
 * Removes a chess piece from the specified position.
* @param pos the position to remove the piece from
* @throws IllegalStateException if no piece exit at the position
*/
@Override
public void remove(Position pos) {
    if (pieces.get(pos) == null) {
        throw new IllegalStateException("No piece exits at " + pos);
    pieces.remove(pos);
}
/**
 * Clears all pieces from the chessboard.
*/
@Override
public void clear() {
    pieces.clear();
* Handles pawn promotion at the given position.
* Defaults to a queen.
* @param pos the position of the pawn being promoted
@Override
public void handlePawnPromotion(Position pos) {
    put(pos, new Queen(get(pos).getColor()));
* Checks if the square at the given position is attacked by any piece of the
* given color.
* @param position the position to check
st @param color the color of the attacking pieces
 st @param ignore the piece type to ignore, can be set to null to check all
                  piece types
 * @return true if the square is attacked, false otherwise
*/
@Override
public boolean isSquareAttacked(Position position, PlayerColor color, PieceType ignore) {
    return new ChessBoardStateValidator(this).isSquareAttacked(position, color, ignore);
* Get all the chessboard pieces
* @return a map of the positions its piece
*/
@Override
public Map<Position, ChessPiece> getPieces() {
    return Collections.unmodifiableMap(pieces);
}
* Gets the kings mapped by player color
 * @return the kings
```

```
Map<PlayerColor, Position> getKings() {
        return kings;
    }
    /**
     \ensuremath{\ast} Creates a deep clone of this chessboard, including all pieces.
     * @return a new {@link ChessBoard} instance identical to this one
     st @throws AssertionError if the clone failed. We assert it won't happen
    @Override
    public ChessBoard clone() {
        try {
            ChessBoard clonedBoard = (ChessBoard) super.clone();
            // Deep copy the pieces map
            clonedBoard.pieces = new HashMap<>();
            for (Map.Entry<Position, ChessPiece> entry : pieces.entrySet()) {
                clonedBoard.pieces.put(entry.getKey(), entry.getValue().clone());
            // Deep copy the kings map
            clonedBoard.kings = new HashMap<>(kings);
            return clonedBoard;
        } catch (CloneNotSupportedException e) {
            throw new AssertionError("Cloning failed", e);
    }
}
```

engine/board/ChessBoardController.java

```
package engine.board;
import chess.ChessView;
import chess.PlayerColor;
import engine.move.ChessMove;
import engine.piece.Bishop;
import engine.piece.ChessPiece;
import engine.piece.Knight;
import engine.piece.Position;
import engine.piece.PromotableChessPiece;
import engine.piece.Queen;
import engine.piece.Rook;
/**
st Wraps the ChessBoard, implementing the ChessBoardWrite interface such that
* it can interact with the ChessView in conjunction with the ChessBoard.
* @author Leonard Cseres
 * @author Aladin Iseni
public final class ChessBoardController implements ChessBoardWriter {
   private final ChessBoard board = new ChessBoard();
   private final ChessView view;
    /**
    * Instantiates the ChessBoardController.
    * @param view the ChessView
    */
    public ChessBoardController(ChessView view) {
        this.view = view;
        this.view.startView();
   }
```

```
/**
 * Gets the associated ChessView.
* @return the ChessView
*/
public ChessView getView() {
    return view;
* Gets the associated ChessBoard.
* @return the ChessBoard
*/
public ChessBoard getBoard() {
    return board;
/**
* Places a chess piece at the specified position on the board.
st Updates the view and tracks the position of kings.
* @param pos the position to place the piece
* @param piece the {@link ChessPiece} to place
@Override
public void put(Position pos, ChessPiece piece) {
    board.put(pos, piece);
    view.putPiece(piece.getType(), piece.getColor(), pos.x(), pos.y());
}
/**
* Removes a chess piece from the specified position.
* @param pos the position to remove the piece from
* @throws IllegalStateException if no piece exit at the position
@Override
public void remove(Position pos) {
   board.remove(pos);
    view.removePiece(pos.x(), pos.y());
}
/**
* Clears all pieces from the chessboard.
*/
@Override
public void clear() {
    for (Position pos : board.getPieces().keySet()) {
        view.removePiece(pos.x(), pos.y());
    }
    board.clear();
}
/**
* Sets the last move that was made on the chessboard.
* @param chessMove the last move that was made
@Override
public void setLastMove(ChessMove chessMove) {
    board.setLastMove(chessMove);
```

engine/board/ChessBoardInitializer.java

```
package engine.board;
import chess.PlayerColor;
import engine.piece.*;
/**
* Utility class for initializing a chessboard with different piece
* configurations.
* Provides methods for standard chess setup and supports custom board
* arrangements.
* @author Leonard Cseres
* @author Aladin Iseni
public abstract class ChessBoardInitializer {
   private static final int BOARD_SIZE = 8;
   private static final int WHITE_BACK_ROW = 0;
   private static final int WHITE_PAWN_ROW = 1;
   private static final int BLACK_BACK_ROW = 7;
   private static final int BLACK_PAWN_ROW = 6;
    /**
    * Initializes the chessboard with the standard chess piece configuration.
    * @param board the board to initialize
    public static void initializeBoard(ChessBoardWriter board) {
       board.clear();
        initializeStandardGame(board);
    }
    /**
    * Sets up the standard chess game configuration.
    st @param board the board to initialize
    private static void initializeStandardGame(ChessBoardWriter board) {
        placePieces(board, WHITE_BACK_ROW, PlayerColor.WHITE);
        placePieces(board, BLACK_BACK_ROW, PlayerColor.BLACK);
        placePawns(board, WHITE_PAWN_ROW, PlayerColor.WHITE);
        placePawns(board, BLACK_PAWN_ROW, PlayerColor.BLACK);
   }
```

```
* Places all pieces for one player's back row according to standard chess
 * rules.
* @param board the board to place pieces on
 * @param row the row number to place pieces
 * @param color the color of the pieces to place
private static void placePieces(ChessBoardWriter board, int row, PlayerColor color) {
    int col = 0;
    placePiece(board, col++, row, new Rook(color));
    placePiece(board, col++, row, new Knight(color));
    placePiece(board, col++, row, new Bishop(color));
    placePiece(board, col++, row, new Queen(color));
    placePiece(board, col++, row, new King(color));
    placePiece(board, col++, row, new Bishop(color));
    placePiece(board, col++, row, new Knight(color));
    placePiece(board, col, row, new Rook(color));
}
* Places pawns for one player's row.
* @param board the board to place pawns on
* @param row the row number to place pawns
* @param color the color of the pawns to place
*/
private static void placePawns(ChessBoardWriter board, int row, PlayerColor color) {
    for (int col = 0; col < BOARD_SIZE; col++) {</pre>
        placePiece(board, col, row, new Pawn(color));
}
* Places a single piece on the board at the specified position.
* @param board the board to place the piece on
* @param x the x-coordinate
* @param y
              the y-coordinate
* @param piece the piece to place
private static void placePiece(ChessBoardWriter board, int x, int y, ChessPiece piece) {
   board.put(new Position(x, y), piece);
}
```

engine/board/ChessBoardReader.java

```
package engine.board;
import chess.PieceType;
import chess.PlayerColor;
import engine.move.ChessMove;
import engine.piece.ChessPiece;
import engine.piece.Position;

import java.util.Map;

/**
     * Read-only interface for the ChessBoard.
     *
     * @author Leonard Cseres
     * @author Aladin Iseni
```

```
*/
public interface ChessBoardReader {
    * Retrieves the chess piece located at the specified position.
    * @param pos the position on the chessboard
    * @return the {@link ChessPiece} at the given position, or null if no piece is
    * present
    */
    ChessPiece get(Position pos);
    /**
    * Get all the chessboard pieces
    * @return a map of the positions its piece
    Map<Position, ChessPiece> getPieces();
    /**
    * Checks if the specified position contains a chess piece.
    * @param pos the position on the chessboard
    * @return true if a piece is present at the given position, false otherwise
    boolean containsKey(Position pos);
    /**
    * Retrieves the last move that was made on the chessboard.
    * @return the last move that was made on the chessboard
    ChessMove getLastMove();
    * Checks if the square at the given position is attacked by any piece of the
    * given color.
    \ast <code>@param</code> position the position to check
    * @param color
                     the color of the attacking pieces
    st lpha dparam ignore — the piece type to ignore, can be set to null to check all
                       piece types
    st @return true if the square is attacked, false otherwise
   boolean isSquareAttacked(Position position, PlayerColor color, PieceType ignore);
```

engine/board/ChessBoardStateValidator.java

```
package engine.board;
import chess.PieceType;
import chess.PlayerColor;
import engine.move.ChessMove;
import engine.move.Moves;
import engine.piece.ChessPiece;
import engine.piece.Position;
st Validates chess game states including checkmate, stalemate, draws, and move
* Separates game state validation logic from board management.
* @author Leonard Cseres
```

```
* @author Aladin Iseni
*/
public final class ChessBoardStateValidator {
    private final ChessBoard board;
    private final MaterialCounter materialCounter;
    * Creates a new ChessBoardStateValidator to validate game states and moves for
    * the provided board.
    * @param board the chess board to validate
    public ChessBoardStateValidator(ChessBoard board) {
       this.board = board;
        this.materialCounter = new MaterialCounter(board);
    }
    * Checks if the player of the given color is in checkmate.
    * @param color the color of the player to check
    * @return true if the player is in checkmate, false otherwise
    public boolean isCheckmate(PlayerColor color) {
        return isKingInCheck(color) && hasNoLegalMoves(color);
    /**
    * Checks if the player of the given color is in stalemate.
    * @param color the color of the player to check
    * @return true if the player is in stalemate, false otherwise
    */
    public boolean isStalemate(PlayerColor color) {
        return !isKingInCheck(color) && hasNoLegalMoves(color);
    * Validates if a move is legal considering check conditions.
    * @param move
                      the move to validate
    * @param turnColor the color of the player making the move
    * @return true if the move is valid, false otherwise
    */
    public boolean isValidMove(ChessMove move, PlayerColor turnColor) {
        if (move == null || move.getFromPiece().getColor() != turnColor) {
           return false;
        return !wouldResultInCheck(move, turnColor);
   }
    /**
    * Checks if the game is a draw based on insufficient material.
    * Handles scenarios: K vs K, K+B vs K, K+N vs K, and K+B vs K+B (same colored
    * squares)
    * @return true if the game is a draw due to insufficient material
    public boolean isDraw() {
        return materialCounter.isInsufficientMaterial();
    /**
    * Checks if the king of the given color is in check.
```

```
* @param kingColor the color of the king to check
 * @return true if the king is in check, false otherwise
 */
public boolean isKingInCheck(PlayerColor kingColor) {
    Position kingPosition = board.getKings().get(kingColor);
    return isSquareAttacked(kingPosition, kingColor, null);
}
/**
 st Checks if the square at the given position is attacked by any piece of the
 * given color.
* @param position the position to check
                the color of the attacking pieces
 * @param color
 * @param ignore the piece type to ignore, can be set to null to check all
                   piece types
 * @return true if the square is attacked, false otherwise
 */
boolean isSquareAttacked(Position position, PlayerColor color, PieceType ignore) {
    return board.getPieces().entrySet().stream()
            .filter(entry -> {
                ChessPiece piece = entry.getValue();
                return piece.getColor() != color &&
                        (ignore == null || ignore != piece.getType());
            }).anyMatch(entry -> {
                Moves possibleMoves = entry.getValue().getPossibleMoves(board, entry.getKey());
                return possibleMoves.getMove(position) != null;
            });
}
 * Determines if the current board state results in the given color having no
 * legal moves.
* @param color the color of the player to check
 * @return true if the player has no legal moves, false otherwise
private boolean hasNoLegalMoves(PlayerColor color) {
    return board.getPieces().entrySet().stream()
            .filter(entry -> entry.getValue().getColor() == color)
            .noneMatch(entry -> hasLegalMove(entry.getValue(), entry.getKey()));
}
 * Determines if the given piece at the specified position has any legal moves.
* @param piece
                 the chess piece to check
 * @param position the position of the chess piece
 * @return true if the piece has at least one legal move, false otherwise
 */
private boolean hasLegalMove(ChessPiece piece, Position position) {
    Moves possibleMoves = piece.getPossibleMoves(board, position);
    return possibleMoves.getAllMoves().stream()
            .anyMatch(move -> !wouldResultInCheck(move, piece.getColor()));
}
* Simulates a move on a cloned board to determine if it results in the king
 * being in check.
* @param move
                   the move to simulate
 * @param turnColor the color of the player making the move
 st @return true if the simulated move results in the king being in check, false
 * otherwise
 */
```

```
private boolean wouldResultInCheck(ChessMove move, PlayerColor turnColor) {
    ChessBoard testBoard = board.clone();
    move.execute(testBoard);
    return testBoard.getValidator().isKingInCheck(turnColor);
}
```

engine/board/ChessBoardWriter.java

```
package engine board;
import engine.move.ChessMove;
import engine.piece.ChessPiece;
import engine.piece.Position;
/**
 * Write-only interface for the ChessBoard.
 * @author Leonard Cseres
 * @author Aladin Iseni
public interface ChessBoardWriter {
    /**
    * Places a chess piece at the specified position on the board.
    * Updates the view and tracks the position of kings.
    st @param pos the position to place the piece
    * @param piece the {@link ChessPiece} to place
    */
    void put(Position pos, ChessPiece piece);
    * Removes a chess piece from the specified position.
    * @param pos the position to remove the piece from
    * @throws IllegalStateException if no piece exit at the position
    void remove(Position pos);
    /**
    * Clears all pieces from the chessboard.
    void clear();
    * Sets the last move that was made on the chessboard.
    * @param chessMove the last move that was made
    void setLastMove(ChessMove chessMove);
    /**
     * Handles pawn promotion at the given position.
     st @param pos the position of the pawn being promoted
    void handlePawnPromotion(Position pos);
}
```

```
package engine.board;
import chess.PieceType;
import chess.PlayerColor;
import engine.piece.ChessPiece;
import engine.piece.Position;
import java.util.Map;
/**
st Helper class to handle material counting and insufficient material detection.
* @author Leonard Cseres
* @author Aladin Iseni
final class MaterialCounter {
   private final ChessBoardReader board;
   private final PieceCount whiteCount;
   private final PieceCount blackCount;
    * Constructs a MaterialCounter to analyze the material on the given chess board.
    * @param board the chess board to analyze
   MaterialCounter(ChessBoardReader board) {
       this.board = board;
       PieceCount[] counts = countPieces();
       this.whiteCount = counts[0];
        this.blackCount = counts[1];
   }
    /**
    * Checks if the game is a draw due to insufficient material.
    * Considers scenarios such as King vs King, King and minor piece vs King,
    * and King with a bishop vs King with a bishop on same-colored squares.
    * @return true if the game is a draw due to insufficient material, false otherwise
    boolean isInsufficientMaterial() {
        return isKingVsKing() || isKingAndMinorPieceVsKing() || isKingAndBishopVsKingAndBishop();
    }
    * Checks if the board represents a King vs King scenario.
    * @return true if only kings remain, false otherwise
    private boolean isKingVsKing() {
        return whiteCount.total == 1 && blackCount.total == 1;
    }
    * Checks if the board represents a King and one minor piece vs King scenario.
    * @return true if one side has a king and a single minor piece, and the other side has only a king
    private boolean isKingAndMinorPieceVsKing() {
        return (whiteCount.isKingPlusOneMinorPiece() && blackCount.isKingOnly()) ||
                (blackCount.isKingPlusOneMinorPiece() && whiteCount.isKingOnly());
   }
    st Checks if the board represents a King and Bishop vs King and Bishop scenario
    * where the bishops are on same-colored squares.
```

```
* @return true if both sides have a King and Bishop, and the bishops are on the same color
private boolean isKingAndBishopVsKingAndBishop() {
    return whiteCount.isKingAndBishop() && blackCount.isKingAndBishop() &&
            areBishopsOnSameColoredSquares();
}
/**
 * Determines if the bishops on both sides are on the same-colored squares.
* @return true if bishops are on the same color, false otherwise
private boolean areBishopsOnSameColoredSquares() {
    Position whiteBishop = findBishopPosition(PlayerColor.WHITE);
    Position blackBishop = findBishopPosition(PlayerColor.BLACK);
    return whiteBishop != null && blackBishop != null &&
            whiteBishop.getColor() == blackBishop.getColor();
}
 * Finds the position of a bishop for the given player color.
 * @param color the color of the player to find the bishop for
* @return the position of the bishop, or null if none exists
private Position findBishopPosition(PlayerColor color) {
    return board.getPieces().entrySet().stream()
            .filter(entry -> isBishopOfColor(entry.getValue(), color))
            .map(Map.Entry::getKey)
            .findFirst()
            .orElse(null);
}
* Checks if the given piece is a bishop of the specified color.
* @param piece the chess piece to check
* @param color the color to match
* @return true if the piece is a bishop of the specified color, false otherwise
private boolean isBishopOfColor(ChessPiece piece, PlayerColor color) {
    return piece.getType() == PieceType.BISHOP && piece.getColor() == color;
}
 * Counts the total pieces and bishops for both players on the board.
 * @return an array containing the piece counts for white [0] and black [1]
private PieceCount[] countPieces() {
    PieceCount white = new PieceCount();
    PieceCount black = new PieceCount();
    board.getPieces().values().forEach(piece -> {
        PieceCount count = (piece.getColor() == PlayerColor.WHITE) ? white : black;
        count.total++;
        if (piece.getType() == PieceType.BISHOP) {
            count.bishops++;
    });
    return new PieceCount[]{white, black};
}
```

```
/**
      * Helper class to track piece counts for each player.
     private static final class PieceCount {
         private int total = 0;
         private int bishops = 0;
          * Checks if only a king remains.
          * @return true if only a king is present, false otherwise
         private boolean isKingOnly() {
             return total == 1;
         /**
          * Checks if the player has exactly a king and a single bishop.
          * @return true if the player has a king and a bishop, false otherwise
         private boolean isKingAndBishop() {
             return total == 2 && bishops == 1;
         /**
          * Checks if the player has a king and one minor piece (bishop or knight).
          * @return true if the player has a king and one minor piece, false otherwise
         private boolean isKingPlusOneMinorPiece() {
             return total == 2;
     }
 }
engine/generator/Direction.java
 package engine.generator;
```

```
import chess.PlayerColor;
import engine.piece.Position;
import java.util.List;
st Enum representing the possible directions a chess piece can move on the
* Each direction is represented by a pair of x and y changes (dx, dy).
* The directions include vertical, horizontal, and diagonal movements.
* @author Leonard Cseres
* @author Aladin Iseni
*/
public enum Direction {
   FORWARDS(0, 1),
   BACKWARDS(0, -1),
   LEFT(-1, 0),
   RIGHT(1, 0),
    FORWARDS_LEFT(-1, 1),
    FORWARDS_RIGHT(1, 1),
    BACKWARDS_LEFT(-1, -1),
    BACKWARDS_RIGHT(1, -1);
```

```
public static final List<Direction> ALL = List.of(Direction.FORWARDS, Direction.BACKWARDS, Direction.LEFT,
       Direction.RIGHT, Direction.FORWARDS_LEFT, Direction.FORWARDS_RIGHT, Direction.BACKWARDS_LEFT,
       Direction.BACKWARDS_RIGHT);
public static final List<Direction> STRAIGHT = List.of(Direction.FORWARDS, Direction.BACKWARDS, Direction.Lf
       Direction.RIGHT);
public static final List<Direction> DIAGONAL = List.of(Direction.FORWARDS_LEFT, Direction.FORWARDS_RIGHT,
       Direction.BACKWARDS_LEFT, Direction.BACKWARDS_RIGHT);
private final int dx;
private final int dy;
/**
* Constructor for the Direction enum, defining the change in position (dx, dy).
* @param dx the change in x-coordinate (horizontal movement)
 * @param dy the change in y-coordinate (vertical movement)
* @throws IllegalArgumentException if the provided arguments are invalid
*/
Direction(int dx, int dy) {
    if (dx < -1 || dx > 1) {
       throw new IllegalArgumentException("dx must be between -1 and 1");
    if (dy < -1 || dy > 1) {
       throw new IllegalArgumentException("dy must be between -1 and 1");
    this.dx = dx;
    this.dy = dy;
}
/**
* Adjusts the vertical movement (dy) based on the player's color.
* @param color the color of the player (used to determine direction)
* @return the adjusted vertical movement (dy) based on the color
private int getDy(PlayerColor color) {
    return color == PlayerColor.WHITE ? dy : -dy;
/**
* Calculates a new position by applying this direction to the given position,
* taking the piece color into account.
* @param position the current position of the piece
* @param color the color of the piece (used to adjust direction)
* @return the new position after applying the direction
*/
public Position add(Position position, PlayerColor color) {
    return position.add(new Position(dx, getDy(color)));
}
* Returns a string representation of the direction, including the dx and dy
* values.
* @return a string representation of the direction
*/
@Override
public String toString() {
    return getClass().getSimpleName() + " (" + dx + ", " + dy + ")";
}
```

engine/generator/DirectionalGenerator.java

```
package engine.generator;
import engine.board.ChessBoardReader;
import engine.move.Capture;
import engine.move.Moves;
import engine.move.StandardMove;
import engine.piece.ChessPiece;
import engine.piece.Position;
import java.util.List;
/**
* Generates possible moves for pieces that move in specific directions.
* @author Leonard Cseres
* @author Aladin Iseni
public class DirectionalGenerator extends MoveGenerator {
    private final List<Direction> dirs;
    * Constructs a DirectionalGenerator with specified directions
    * capability.
    * @param dirs the directions the piece can move in
    public DirectionalGenerator(Direction... dirs) {
       this(List.of(dirs));
    \ \ \ast Constructs a DirectionalGenerator with specified directions
    * capability.
    st @param dirs the directions the piece can move in
    public DirectionalGenerator(List<Direction> dirs) {
       this.dirs = dirs;
    * Generates all possible moves at a specified position at given directions
    * @param board the current state of the chessboard
    * @param from the position of the piece on the board
    * @return a collection of possible moves
    */
    @Override
    public Moves generate(ChessBoardReader board, Position from) {
       Moves possibleMoves = new Moves();
       ChessPiece piece = board.get(from);
        for (Direction dir : dirs) {
            Position current = from;
            while (true) {
                current = dir.add(current, piece.getColor());
                if (!current.isValid()) {
                    break;
                }
```

engine/generator/DistanceGenerator.java

```
package engine generator;
import engine.board.ChessBoardReader;
import engine.move.ChessMove;
import engine.move.Moves;
import engine.piece.Position;
import java.util.List;
* Generates possible moves for pieces that have a maximum distance they can
 * Supports a collection of DirectionalGenerators to generate moves in multiple
 * directions.
* @author Leonard Cseres
* @author Aladin Iseni
public class DistanceGenerator extends MoveGenerator {
    private int maxDistance;
   private final List<DirectionalGenerator> directionalGenerators;
    * Constructs a DistanceGenerator with the specified maximum distance and
    * directional generators.
    * @param maxDistance
                                   the maximum distance the piece can move
    st lpha directional Generators the generators that handle the piece's movement
                                    in different directions
    public DistanceGenerator(int maxDistance, DirectionalGenerator... directionalGenerators) {
       this.maxDistance = maxDistance;
        this.directionalGenerators = List.of(directionalGenerators);
   }
    * Gets the maximum distance the piece can move.
    \ast @return the maximum distance
    public int getMaxDistance() {
        return maxDistance;
    }
```

```
/**
 * Sets the maximum distance the piece can move.
* @param maxDistance the maximum distance
public void setMaxDistance(int maxDistance) {
    this.maxDistance = maxDistance;
st Generates all possible moves at a specified position given a max distance and
 * directions
 * @param board the current state of the chessboard
 * @param from the position of the piece on the board
 * @return a collection of possible moves
*/
@Override
public Moves generate(ChessBoardReader board, Position from) {
    Moves possibleMoves = new Moves();
    // Generate moves using all directional generators
    for (DirectionalGenerator gen : directionalGenerators) {
        Moves generatedMoves = gen.generate(board, from);
        // Filter moves that exceed the maximum distance
        for (ChessMove move : generatedMoves.getAllMoves()) {
            if (from.dist(move.getTo()) <= maxDistance) {</pre>
                possibleMoves.addMove(move);
            }
        }
    }
    return possibleMoves;
}
 * Creates a deep clone of the move generator
* @return a cloned instance of the move generator
* @throws CloneNotSupportedException if the cloning process fails
@Override
public DistanceGenerator clone() throws CloneNotSupportedException {
    DistanceGenerator dg = (DistanceGenerator) super.clone();
    dg.maxDistance = maxDistance;
    return dg;
}
```

engine/generator/KnightGenerator.java

```
package engine.generator;
import engine.board.ChessBoardReader;
import engine.move.Capture;
import engine.move.Moves;
import engine.move.StandardMove;
import engine.piece.ChessPiece;
import engine.piece.Position;
/**
```

```
* Generates possible moves for a knight piece on the chessboard.
  * The knight moves in an "L" shape: two squares in one direction and one square
  * perpendicular to that.
  * It can jump over other pieces.
  * @author Leonard Cseres
  * @author Aladin Iseni
 public final class KnightGenerator extends MoveGenerator {
     // Possible moves for a knight (8 directions)
     private static final int[][] KNIGHT_MOVES = {
             \{2, 1\}, \{2, -1\}, \{-2, 1\}, \{-2, -1\},
             \{1, 2\}, \{1, -2\}, \{-1, 2\}, \{-1, -2\}
     };
     /**
      st Generates all possible moves the knight at a specified position
      * @param board the current state of the chessboard
      * @param from the position of the piece on the board
      * @return a collection of possible moves
      */
     @Override
     public Moves generate(ChessBoardReader board, Position from) {
         Moves moves = new Moves();
         ChessPiece piece = board.get(from);
         // Evaluate each possible knight move
         for (int[] move : KNIGHT_MOVES) {
             Position to = from.add(new Position(move[0], move[1]));
             // If the move is valid and the destination is either empty or occupied by an
             // opponent
             if (to.isValid()) {
                 if (!board.containsKey(to)) {
                     moves.addMove(new StandardMove(from, to, piece));
                 } else if (board.get(to).isOpponent(piece)) {
                     moves.addMove(new Capture(from, to, piece));
                 }
             }
         }
         return moves;
     }
 }
engine/generator/MoveGenerator.java
 package engine.generator;
 import engine.board.ChessBoardReader;
 import engine.move.Moves;
 import engine.piece.Position;
 /**
  * Abstract class for generating possible moves for a chess piece.
  * Implementations of this class will define how to generate moves
  * for specific types of chess pieces.
  * @author Leonard Cseres
  * @author Aladin Iseni
  */
```

public abstract class MoveGenerator implements Cloneable {

```
* Generates all possible moves for a given piece from a specific position.
      * @param board the current state of the chessboard
      * @param from the position of the piece on the board
      * @return a collection of possible moves
     public abstract Moves generate(ChessBoardReader board, Position from);
      * Creates a deep clone of the move generator
      st @return a cloned instance of the move generator
      * @throws CloneNotSupportedException if the cloning process fails
     @Override
     public MoveGenerator clone() throws CloneNotSupportedException {
         return (MoveGenerator) super.clone();
 }
engine/generator/PawnDistanceGenerator.java
```

```
package engine.generator;
import engine.board.ChessBoardReader;
import engine.move.Moves;
import engine.piece.ChessPiece;
import engine.piece.Position;
/**
* Generates possible moves for a pawn piece on the chessboard.
st The pawn can move one or two squares forward on its first move, and one
* square forward thereafter.
* It does not consider diagonal captures, which are handled in the
* @author Leonard Cseres
* @author Aladin Iseni
public final class PawnDistanceGenerator extends DistanceGenerator {
    public PawnDistanceGenerator() {
        super(2, new DirectionalGenerator(Direction.FORWARDS));
   }
    @Override
    public Moves generate(ChessBoardReader board, Position from) {
       ChessPiece piece = board.get(from);
        // If the pawn has moved, restrict its maximum distance to 1
        if (piece.hasMoved() && getMaxDistance() == 2) {
            setMaxDistance(1);
        return super.generate(board, from);
   }
}
```

engine/move/Capture.java

```
import engine.piece.ChessPiece;
 import engine.piece.Position;
 /**
  st Represents a capture move in chess, where a piece moves to a position
  * occupied by an opponent's piece.
  * The opponent's piece is removed from the board, and the moving piece replaces
  * it.
  * @author Leonard Cseres
  * @author Aladin Iseni
 public class Capture extends ChessMove {
     /**
      st Constructs a Capture move with the specified starting and destination
      * positions.
                       the starting position of the move
      * @param from
                        the destination position of the move (where the opponent's piece
                         will be captured)
      st @param fromPiece the starting position chess piece
     public Capture(Position from, Position to, ChessPiece fromPiece) {
         super(from, to, fromPiece);
     }
      * Executes the capture move on the provided chess board.
      * The piece is moved from the starting position to the destination position,
      st and the opponent's piece at the destination is removed from the board.
      st @param board the chessboard on which the move is executed
      */
     public void execute(ChessBoardWriter board) {
         super.execute(board);
         board.remove(from);
         fromPiece.markMoved();
         board.remove(to);
         board.put(to, fromPiece);
     }
 }
engine/move/Castling.java
 package engine.move;
 import engine.board.ChessBoardWriter;
 import engine.piece.ChessPiece;
 import engine.piece.Position;
  * Abstract base class representing a castling move in chess.
  * Provides common functionality for both long (queenside) and short (kingside)
  * castling.
  * @author Leonard Cseres
  * @author Aladin Iseni
 abstract class Castling extends ChessMove {
```

import engine.board.ChessBoardWriter;

private final Position fromRook;

```
private final Position toRook;
     private final ChessPiece rook;
      * Constructs a Castling move with the specified starting and destination
      * positions for the king.
      * @param from
                       the starting position of the king
                      the destination position of the king
      * @param to
      * @param king the starting position king
      * <code>@param</code> fromRook the starting position of the rook
      st @param toRook the destination position of the rook
      * @param rook
                       the starting position rook
     protected Castling(Position from, Position to, ChessPiece king, Position fromRook, Position toRook,
             ChessPiece rook) {
         super(from, to, king);
         this.fromRook = fromRook;
         this.toRook = toRook;
         this.rook = rook.clone();
     }
      * Executes the castling move on the provided chessboard.
      * @param board the chessboard on which the move is executed
      */
     @Override
     public void execute(ChessBoardWriter board) {
         super.execute(board);
         ChessPiece king = fromPiece;
         board.remove(from);
         board.remove(fromRook);
         king.markMoved();
         rook.markMoved();
         board.put(to, king);
         board.put(toRook, rook);
     }
engine/move/ChessMove.java
```

```
package engine.move;
import engine.board.ChessBoardWriter;
import engine.piece.ChessPiece;
import engine.piece.Position;
/**
* Represents a chess move from one position to another.
* This is an abstract class that can be extended for specific move types such
* as regular moves, captures, etc.
* @author Leonard Cseres
* @author Aladin Iseni
*/
public abstract class ChessMove {
   protected final Position from;
   protected final Position to;
   protected final ChessPiece fromPiece;
```

```
/**
 * Constructs a ChessMove with the specified starting and ending positions.
                  the starting position of the move
* @param from
* @param to
                   the destination position of the move
* @param fromPiece the starting position chess piece
public ChessMove(Position from, Position to, ChessPiece fromPiece) {
    this.from = from;
    this.to = to;
   this.fromPiece = fromPiece.clone();
}
\boldsymbol{\ast} Gets the starting position of the move.
* @return the starting position
*/
public Position getFrom() {
    return from;
/**
* Gets the destination position of the move.
* @return the destination position
public Position getTo() {
    return to;
}
/**
* Gets the starting position chess piece.
* @return the starting position chess piece
public ChessPiece getFromPiece() {
   return fromPiece;
}
* Executes the move on the given chess board.
* This method must be overridden by subclasses to define the specific behavior
* of the move.
* @param board the chessboard on which the move is executed
*/
public void execute(ChessBoardWriter board) {
   board.setLastMove(this);
}
* Returns a string representation of the move, including the class name and the
* positions involved.
* @return a string representation of the move
*/
@Override
public String toString() {
    return getClass().getSimpleName() + " (" + from + " -> " + to + ")";
```

engine/move/EnPassant.java

```
package engine.move;
import engine.board.ChessBoardWriter;
import engine.piece.ChessPiece;
import engine.piece.Position;
/**
* Represents an En Passant move in chess, a special pawn capture that occurs
* when a pawn moves two squares forward from its starting position, and an
* opposing pawn on an adjacent file captures it as if it had only moved one
* square.
* @author Leonard Cseres
 * @author Aladin Iseni
public final class EnPassant extends StandardMove {
    private final Position capturePawnPosition;
    * Constructs an En Passant move with the specified starting and destination
    * nositions.
    * @param from
                                  the starting position of the capturing pawn
    * @param to
                                  the destination position where the capturing pawn
                                  moves to
    * @param fromPiece
                                 the starting position chess piece
    * @param capturePawnPosition the position of the captured pawn
    public EnPassant(Position from, Position to, ChessPiece fromPiece, Position capturePawnPosition) {
        super(from, to, fromPiece);
        this.capturePawnPosition = capturePawnPosition;
    }
    st Executes the En Passant move on the provided chessboard. The capturing pawn
    st is moved to the destination square, and the captured pawn (which is bypassed
    * in the move) is removed from the board.
    * @param board the chessboard on which the move is executed
    */
    @Override
   public void execute(ChessBoardWriter board) {
        super.execute(board);
        board.remove(capturePawnPosition);
   }
}
```

engine/move/LongCastling.java

```
package engine.move;
import engine.piece.ChessPiece;
import engine.piece.Position;

/**
    * Represents a long (queenside) castling move in chess.
    * In this move, the king moves two squares towards the queenside rook,
    * and the rook moves three squares towards the center.
    *
    * @author Leonard Cseres
```

```
* @author Aladin Iseni
  */
 public final class LongCastling extends Castling {
      * Constructs a long castling move.
      * @param from
                     the starting position of the king
                      the destination position of the king
      * @param to
      * @param king the starting position king
      st @param fromRook the starting position of the rook
      * @param rook
                       the starting position rook
     public LongCastling(Position from, Position to, ChessPiece king, Position fromRook, ChessPiece rook) {
         super(from, to, king, fromRook, fromRook.add(new Position(3, 0)), rook);
 }
engine/move/Moves.java
 package engine.move;
 import engine.piece.Position;
 import java.util.Collection;
 import java.util.HashMap;
 import java.util.Map;
  * Represents a collection of chess moves, storing them in a map with the
  \ast destination position as the key.
  * Provides methods for adding, extending, and retrieving moves.
  * @author Leonard Cseres
  * @author Aladin Iseni
 public final class Moves {
     private final Map<Position, ChessMove> movesMap;
      * Constructs an empty Moves object to hold chess moves.
     public Moves() {
         movesMap = new HashMap<>();
      * Adds a move to the collection of moves.
      * @param move the chess move to be added
     public void addMove(ChessMove move) {
         movesMap.put(move.getTo(), move);
     }
      * Extends the current collection of moves by adding all moves from another
      * Moves object.
      st @param moves the Moves object whose moves should be added
     public void extendMoves(Moves moves) {
         for (ChessMove move : moves.getAllMoves()) {
             this.addMove(move);
```

```
}
}
* Retrieves a move based on its destination position.
* @param to the destination position of the move
 * @return the chess move associated with the destination position, or null if
* no such move exists
public ChessMove getMove(Position to) {
    return movesMap.get(to);
}
/**
* Retrieves all moves in the collection.
* @return a collection of all chess moves
*/
public Collection<ChessMove> getAllMoves() {
    return movesMap.values();
}
/**
* Returns a string representation of all moves in the collection.
* @return a string representing all moves
@Override
public String toString() {
    return movesMap.values().toString();
```

engine/move/Promotion.java

```
package engine.move;
import engine.board.ChessBoardWriter;
import engine.piece.ChessPiece;
import engine.piece.Position;
st Represents a promotion move in chess, where a pawn reaches the last rank and
* to a more powerful piece (Queen, Rook, Bishop, or Knight).
* @author Leonard Cseres
 * @author Aladin Iseni
public final class Promotion extends StandardMove {
    * Constructs a Promotion move with the specified starting and destination
    * positions.
    * @param from the starting position of the pawn
    st @param to \ the destination position where the pawn will be promoted
    * @param pawn the starting position pawn
   public Promotion(Position from, Position to, ChessPiece pawn) {
        super(from, to, pawn);
    }
```

```
/**
      * Executes the promotion move on the provided chess board. The pawn is moved
      * from its starting position
      st to the destination, and the pawn is promoted to a new piece (Queen, Rook,
      * Bishop, or Knight).
      * @param board the chessboard on which the move is executed
     @Override
     public void execute(ChessBoardWriter board) {
         super.execute(board);
         board.handlePawnPromotion(to);
     }
 }
engine/move/PromotionWithCapture.java
 package engine.move;
 import engine.board.ChessBoardWriter;
 import engine.piece.ChessPiece;
```

```
import engine.piece.Position;
 * Represents a promotion move with capture in chess, where a pawn captures an
 * opponent's piece
 * and is promoted to a more powerful piece (Queen, Rook, Bishop, or Knight).
 * @author Leonard Cseres
 * @author Aladin Iseni
public final class PromotionWithCapture extends Capture {
    * Constructs a PromotionWithCapture move with the specified starting and
    * destination positions.
     * @param from the starting position of the pawn
     * @param to the destination position where the pawn will capture and be
                  promoted
     * @param pawn the starting position pawn
    */
    public PromotionWithCapture(Position from, Position to, ChessPiece pawn) {
        super(from, to, pawn);
    }
    st Executes the promotion with capture move on the provided chess board. The
    * pawn captures an opponent's
    st piece at the destination position, and then the pawn is promoted to a new
    * piece (Queen, Rook, Bishop, or Knight).
     * @param board the chessboard on which the move is executed
     */
    @Override
    public void execute(ChessBoardWriter board) {
        super.execute(board);
        board.handlePawnPromotion(to);
    }
}
```

engine/move/ShortCastling.java

```
package engine.move;
import engine.piece.ChessPiece;
import engine.piece.Position;
/**
* Represents a short (kingside) castling move in chess.
* In this move, the king moves two squares towards the kingside rook,
* and the rook moves two squares towards the center.
* @author Leonard Cseres
 * @author Aladin Iseni
public final class ShortCastling extends Castling {
    * Constructs a short castling move.
    * @param from
                     the starting position of the king
    * @param to
                    the destination position of the king
    * @param king the starting position king
    * @param fromRook the starting position of the rook
                     the starting position rook
    * @param rook
    */
    public ShortCastling(Position from, Position to, ChessPiece king, Position fromRook, ChessPiece rook) {
       super(from, to, king, fromRook, fromRook.sub(new Position(2, 0)), rook);
}
```

engine/move/StandardMove.java

```
package engine.move;
import engine.board.ChessBoardWriter;
import engine.piece.ChessPiece;
import engine.piece.Position;
* Represents a standard move in chess, where a piece is moved from one position
* to another.
st The piece is removed from the starting position and placed at the destination
* position.
* @author Leonard Cseres
* @author Aladin Iseni
*/
public class StandardMove extends ChessMove {
    * Constructs a StandardMove with the specified starting and ending positions.
    * @param from
                       the starting position of the move
                       the destination position of the move
    * @param to
    * @param fromPiece the starting position chess piece
    public StandardMove(Position from, Position to, ChessPiece fromPiece) {
        super(from, to, fromPiece);
    }
    * Executes the move on the provided chess board.
```

```
* The piece is moved from the starting position to the destination position,
    * and it is marked as moved.
    * @param board the chessboard on which the move is executed
    */
    @Override
    public void execute(ChessBoardWriter board) {
        super.execute(board);
        board.remove(from);
        fromPiece.markMoved();
        board.put(to, fromPiece);
    }
}
```

engine/piece/Bishop.java

```
package engine.piece;
import chess.PieceType;
import chess.PlayerColor;
import engine.generator.Direction;
import engine.generator.DirectionalGenerator;
/**
 * Represents the Bishop chess piece.
 * The Bishop can move diagonally any number of squares in any diagonal
 * direction.
 * @author Leonard Cseres
 * @author Aladin Iseni
 */
public final class Bishop extends PromotableChessPiece {
     * Constructs a Bishop chess piece with the specified color.
     * Uses a {@link DirectionalGenerator} limited to diagonal movements.
    * @param color the color of the Bishop
    public Bishop(PlayerColor color) {
        super(PieceType.BISHOP, color, new DirectionalGenerator(Direction.DIAGONAL));
}
```

engine/piece/ChessPiece.java

```
import chess.PieceType;
import chess.PlayerColor;
import engine.board.ChessBoardReader;
import engine.generator.MoveGenerator;
import engine.move.Moves;

import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.List;

/**
    * Represents a chess piece with associated type, color, and movement
    * generators.
```

```
* Provides functionality to track movement and generate possible moves.
* @author Leonard Cseres
* @author Aladin Iseni
*/
public abstract class ChessPiece implements Cloneable {
   protected final PieceType type;
   protected final PlayerColor color;
   private List<MoveGenerator> generators;
   private boolean hasMoved = false;
    * Constructs a chess piece with specified type, color, and movement generators.
    * @param type
                        the type of the chess piece
                    the color of the chess piece
    * @param color
    st @param generators the movement generators defining how the piece moves
    */
    public ChessPiece(PieceType type, PlayerColor color, MoveGenerator... generators) {
       this.type = type;
       this.color = color;
       this.generators = List.of(generators);
   }
    * Gets the type of the chess piece.
    * @return the {@link PieceType} of the chess piece
    */
    public PieceType getType() {
        return type;
    /**
    * Gets the color of the chess piece.
    * @return the {@link PlayerColor} of the chess piece
    public PlayerColor getColor() {
        return color;
    }
    * Determines if another chess piece is an opponent.
    * @param other the other chess piece
    * @return true if the other piece is an opponent, false otherwise
    */
    public boolean isOpponent(ChessPiece other) {
        return color != other.color;
    }
    * Marks the piece has moved.
    public void markMoved() {
       this.hasMoved = true;
    }
    * Checks if the piece has moved at least once.
    * @return true if the piece has moved, false otherwise
    public boolean hasMoved() {
```

```
return hasMoved;
}
 * Generates all possible moves for the chess piece from a given position on the
 * board.
* @param board the current state of the chessboard
 st @param from the position of the piece on the chessboard
 * @return a {@link Moves} object containing all possible moves
public Moves getPossibleMoves(ChessBoardReader board, Position from) {
   Moves moves = new Moves();
    for (MoveGenerator gen : generators) {
        moves.extendMoves(gen.generate(board, from));
    }
    return moves;
}
/**
 * Creates a deep clone of the chess piece, preserving its movement state.
* @return a cloned instance of the chess piece
 * @throws AssertionError if the clone failed. We assert it won't happen
@Override
public ChessPiece clone() {
    try {
        ChessPiece clonedPiece = (ChessPiece) super.clone();
        clonedPiece.hasMoved = this.hasMoved;
        List<MoveGenerator> clonedGenerators = new ArrayList<>();
        for (MoveGenerator generator : this.generators) {
            clonedGenerators.add(generator.clone());
        }
        clonedPiece.generators = clonedGenerators;
        return clonedPiece;
    } catch (CloneNotSupportedException e) {
        throw new AssertionError("Cloning failed", e);
    }
}
```

engine/piece/King.java

```
package engine.piece;
import chess.PieceType;
import chess.PlayerColor;
import engine.board.ChessBoardReader;
import engine.generator.Direction;
import engine.generator.DirectionalGenerator;
import engine.generator.DistanceGenerator;
import engine.move.LongCastling;
import engine.move.Moves;
import engine.move.ShortCastling;

/**
    * Represents the King chess piece.
    * The King can move one square in any direction, as defined by the movement
    * rules.
    *
```

```
* @author Leonard Cseres
 * @author Aladin Iseni
*/
public final class King extends ChessPiece {
    * Constructs a King chess piece with the specified color.
    * Uses a {@link DistanceGenerator} limited to one square and all directions.
    * @param color the color of the King
    public King(PlayerColor color) {
        super(PieceType.KING, color, new DistanceGenerator(1, new DirectionalGenerator(Direction.ALL)));
    }
    /**
    * Gets all possible moves for the King from the given position.
    * Handles regular moves and castling moves.
    * @param board the chess board
    st @param from the starting position of the King
    * @return a {@link Moves} object containing all valid moves for the King
    */
    @Override
    public Moves getPossibleMoves(ChessBoardReader board, Position from) {
       Moves moves = super.getPossibleMoves(board, from);
       moves.extendMoves(getCastlingMoves(board, from));
        return moves;
    }
    * Calculates the possible castling moves for the king from the given position.
    * @param board the chessboard used to evaluate castling conditions
    * @param from the current position of the king
    * @return a Moves object containing valid castling moves, or empty if
              no castling is possible
    private Moves getCastlingMoves(ChessBoardReader board, Position from) {
       Moves castlingMoves = new Moves();
        Position shortCastlingPosition = new Position(from.x() + 2, from.y());
        if (canCastle(board, from, shortCastlingPosition)) {
           Position rookPosition = getRookPosition(from, Direction.RIGHT);
           ChessPiece rook = board.get(rookPosition);
            castlingMoves.addMove(new ShortCastling(from, shortCastlingPosition, this, rookPosition, rook));
        }
        Position longCastlingPosition = new Position(from.x() - 2, from.y());
        if (canCastle(board, from, longCastlingPosition)) {
           Position rookPosition = getRookPosition(from, Direction.LEFT);
           ChessPiece rook = board.get(rookPosition);
           castlingMoves.addMove(new LongCastling(from, longCastlingPosition, this, rookPosition, rook));
        return castlingMoves;
    }
    /**
    * Determines if the King can castle with the Rook at the given positions.
    * The King and Rook must not have moved, the squares between them must be
    * empty and not attacked, and the King must not currently be in check.
    * @param board the chess board
     * @param from the position of the King
```

```
the target position for the King (castling destination)
 * @return true if the King can castle, false otherwise
private boolean canCastle(ChessBoardReader board, Position from, Position to) {
    if (hasMoved()) {
        return false;
    }
    Direction direction = to.x() > from.x() ? Direction.RIGHT : Direction.LEFT;
    Position rookPosition = getRookPosition(from, direction);
    ChessPiece rook = board.get(rookPosition);
    return isValidRook(rook) &&
            areSquaresBetweenEmptyAndSafe(board, from, rookPosition, direction) &&
            !board.isSquareAttacked(from, color, null);
}
 * Calculates the position of the Rook based on the King's position and the
* castling direction.
* @param from
                   the starting position of the King
 st @param direction the direction of castling (RIGHT or LEFT)
 * @return the position of the Rook involved in castling
private Position getRookPosition(Position from, Direction direction) {
    return direction == Direction.RIGHT
            ? new Position(Position.MAX_X, from.y())
            : new Position(0, from.y());
}
* Checks if the Rook at the given position is valid for castling.
 * The Rook must exist, must not have moved, and must be of type ROOK.
* @param rook the chess piece at the Rook's position
* @return true if the Rook is valid for castling, false otherwise
private boolean isValidRook(ChessPiece rook) {
    return rook != null && !rook.hasMoved() && rook.getType() == PieceType.ROOK;
}
st Checks if the squares between the King and the Rook are both empty and not
 * attacked.
* @param board
                   the chess board
                   the position of the King
* @param from
 * @param rookPos the position of the Rook
 * @param direction the direction of castling (RIGHT or LEFT)
 st @return true if the squares between are empty and safe, false otherwise
private boolean areSquaresBetweenEmptyAndSafe(ChessBoardReader board, Position from, Position rookPos,
        Direction direction) {
    Position current = direction.add(from, color);
    while (!current.equals(rookPos)) {
        if (board.containsKey(current) || board.isSquareAttacked(current, color, PieceType.KING)) {
            return false;
        }
        current = direction.add(current, color);
    return true;
}
```

engine/piece/Knight.java

```
package engine.piece;
import chess.PieceType;
import chess.PlayerColor;
import engine.generator.KnightGenerator;
/**
 * Represents the Knight chess piece.
 * The Knight moves in an "L" shape: two squares in one direction and then one
 * square perpendicular, or vice versa.
 * @author Leonard Cseres
 * @author Aladin Iseni
public final class Knight extends PromotableChessPiece {
    * Constructs a Knight chess piece with the specified color.
     * Uses a {@link KnightGenerator} to define its movement pattern.
     * @param color the color of the Knight
    public Knight(PlayerColor color) {
        super(PieceType.KNIGHT, color, new KnightGenerator());
    }
}
```

engine/piece/Pawn.java

```
package engine.piece;
import chess.PieceType;
import chess.PlayerColor;
import engine.board.ChessBoardReader;
import engine.generator.Direction;
import engine.generator.DirectionalGenerator;
import engine.generator.DistanceGenerator;
import engine.generator.PawnDistanceGenerator;
import engine.move.Capture;
import engine.move.ChessMove;
import engine.move.EnPassant;
import engine.move.Moves;
import engine.move.Promotion;
import engine.move.PromotionWithCapture;
import engine.move.StandardMove;
/**
* Represents the Pawn chess piece.
* The Pawn can move one or two squares forward, but captures diagonally.
st It also has the option to promote upon reaching the opposite end of the
* @author Leonard Cseres
* @author Aladin Iseni
public final class Pawn extends ChessPiece {
    /**
    * Constructs a Pawn chess piece with the specified color.
    * Uses a {@link PawnDistanceGenerator} for forward movement and a
```

```
* {@link DirectionalGenerator}
* for diagonal captures.
* @param color the color of the Pawn
*/
public Pawn(PlayerColor color) {
    super(PieceType.PAWN, color, new PawnDistanceGenerator(), new DistanceGenerator(1,
           new DirectionalGenerator(Direction.FORWARDS_LEFT, Direction.FORWARDS_RIGHT)));
}
st Gets all possible moves for the Pawn from the given position.
* Handles regular moves, captures, and promotions (including promotion with
* @param board the chess board
* @param from the starting position of the Pawn
* @return a {@link Moves} object containing all valid moves for the Pawn
*/
@Override
public Moves getPossibleMoves(ChessBoardReader board, Position from) {
    Moves candidateMoves = super.getPossibleMoves(board, from);
   Moves validMoves = new Moves();
    for (ChessMove move : candidateMoves.getAllMoves()) {
       Position to = move.getTo();
       if (isValidMove(board, from, to)) {
           validMoves.addMove(createAppropriateMove(from, to));
       }
    }
    addEnPassantMoves(board, from, validMoves);
    return validMoves;
}
st Validates whether a move is legal according to pawn movement rules.
* Checks both forward moves and diagonal captures.
* @param board The current state of the chess board
\* @param from The starting position of the pawn
* @param to The target position for the move
* @return true if the move is legal, false otherwise
*/
private boolean isValidMove(ChessBoardReader board, Position from, Position to) {
    if (isDiagonalMove(from, to)) {
       // Capture
       return board.containsKey(to) && board.get(to).isOpponent(this);
    return !board.containsKey(to); // Forward moves require empty square
}
* Creates the appropriate type of move based on the movement type and position.
* Handles standard moves, captures, and promotions.
* @param from The starting position of the pawn
st @return The appropriate ChessMove object for the given move
private ChessMove createAppropriateMove(Position from, Position to) {
    if (isDiagonalMove(from, to)) {
        return createCaptureMove(from, to);
    return createForwardMove(from, to);
```

```
* Creates a capture move, either as a regular capture or a promotion with
* capture.
* @param from The starting position of the pawn
* @return A Capture or PromotionWithCapture move
private ChessMove createCaptureMove(Position from, Position to) {
    return isAtPromotionRank(to)
           ? new PromotionWithCapture(from, to, this)
           : new Capture(from, to, this);
}
/**
* Creates a forward move, either as a standard move or a promotion.
* @param from The starting position of the pawn
* @param to The target position for the move
* @return A StandardMove or Promotion move
private ChessMove createForwardMove(Position from, Position to) {
    return isAtPromotionRank(to)
           ? new Promotion(from, to, this)
           : new StandardMove(from, to, this);
}
/**
* Adds any possible en passant captures to the list of valid moves.
* Checks adjacent squares for opponent pawns that have just moved two squares.
* @param board The current state of the chess board
* @param from The current position of the pawn
* @param moves The collection of moves to add to
private void addEnPassantMoves(ChessBoardReader board, Position from, Moves moves) {
    Position[] adjacentPositions = {
           Direction.LEFT.add(from, color),
           Direction.RIGHT.add(from, color)
    };
    for (Position adjacent : adjacentPositions) {
       if (isValidEnPassantPosition(board, adjacent)) {
           Position captureSquare = Direction.FORWARDS.add(adjacent, color);
           moves.addMove(new EnPassant(from, captureSquare, this, adjacent));
       }
   }
}
* Checks if an en passant capture is valid from the given position.
st Validates that there is an opponent's pawn in the correct position
* and that it just moved two squares forward.
                 The current state of the chess board
* @param board
* @param adjacent The position adjacent to the pawn
* @return true if an en passant capture is possible, false otherwise
private boolean isValidEnPassantPosition(ChessBoardReader board, Position adjacent) {
    if (!isPawnAtPosition(board, adjacent))
        return false;
    ChessMove lastMove = board.getLastMove();
    return lastMove != null &&
           wasDoublePawnAdvance(lastMove) &&
```

```
adjacent.equals(lastMove.getTo()) &&
                 board.get(adjacent).isOpponent(this);
     }
     /**
      * Determines if a move is a diagonal based on the positions.
      * @param from The starting position
      * @param to The target position
      * @return true if the move is diagonal, false otherwise
     private boolean isDiagonalMove(Position from, Position to) {
         Position delta = from.sub(to).abs();
         return delta.x() == delta.y();
     }
     /**
      * Checks if there is a pawn at the given position.
      * @param board The current state of the chess board
      * @param pos The position to check
      * @return true if there is a pawn at the position, false otherwise
     private boolean isPawnAtPosition(ChessBoardReader board, Position pos) {
         return board.containsKey(pos) && board.get(pos).getType() == PieceType.PAWN;
      * Determines if a move was a double square pawn advance.
      * @param move The move to check
      * @return true if the move was a double square advance, false otherwise
      */
     private boolean wasDoublePawnAdvance(ChessMove move) {
         return Math.abs(move.getFrom().y() - move.getTo().y()) == 2;
      * Checks if a position is on the promotion rank for this pawn's color.
      * White pawns promote on rank 8 (MAX_Y), black pawns promote on rank 1 (0).
      * @param pos The position to check
      * @return true if the position is on the promotion rank, false otherwise
      */
     private boolean isAtPromotionRank(Position pos) {
         return color == PlayerColor.WHITE
                 ? pos.y() == Position.MAX_Y
                 : pos.y() == 0;
     }
 }
engine/piece/Position.java
 package engine.piece;
 import chess.PlayerColor;
  \ast Represents a position on the chessboard with x and y coordinates.
  * Provides utility methods for position validation and arithmetic operations.
  \boldsymbol{*} \boldsymbol{\text{@param}} \boldsymbol{x} the x-coordinate (column) of the position
```

* @param y the y-coordinate (row) of the position

```
* @author Leonard Cseres
 * @author Aladin Iseni
*/
public record Position(int x, int y) {
    public static final int MAX X = 7;
   public static final int MAX_Y = 7;
    * Checks if the position is within the bounds of the chessboard.
    * @return true if the position is valid, false otherwise
    */
    public boolean isValid() {
        return x >= 0 \&\& y >= 0 \&\& x <= MAX_X \&\& y <= MAX_Y;
    /**
    * Calculates the chessboard-compatible distance to another position.
    * The distance is defined as the maximum of the horizontal or vertical steps.
    st @param other the other position to calculate the distance to
    * @return the maximum of horizontal or vertical steps to the other position
    public int dist(Position other) {
        int dx = Math.abs(x - other.x);
        int dy = Math.abs(y - other.y);
        return Math.max(dx, dy);
   }
    /**
    * Adds the coordinates of another position to this position.
    * @param other the position to add
    * @return a new {@link Position} representing the sum
    */
    public Position add(Position other) {
       return new Position(x + other.x, y + other.y);
    * Subtracts the coordinates of another position from this position.
    * @param other the position to subtract
    * @return a new {@link Position} representing the difference
    public Position sub(Position other) {
        return new Position(x - other.x, y - other.y);
    }
    /**
    * Converts the position's coordinates to their absolute values.
    * @return a new {@link Position} with absolute x and y coordinates
    public Position abs() {
       return new Position(Math.abs(x), Math.abs(y));
    }
    /**
    * Gets the position color
    * @return WHITE if the position is on a white square, BLACK otherwise
    */
    public PlayerColor getColor() {
        return (x + y) % 2 == 0 ? PlayerColor.BLACK : PlayerColor.WHITE;
```

```
/**
  * Provides a string representation of the position in the format "(x, y)".
  *
  * @return a string representation of the position
  */
  @Override
  public String toString() {
    return "(" + x + ", " + y + ")";
  }
}
```

engine/piece/PromotableChessPiece.java

```
package engine.piece;
import chess.ChessView;
import chess.PieceType;
import chess.PlayerColor;
import engine.generator.MoveGenerator;
/**
 * Represents a promotable chess piece (e.g., pawn promotion) that can be chosen
 * by the user during gameplay.
 * Extends {@link ChessPiece} and implements {@link ChessView.UserChoice}.
 * @author Leonard Cseres
 * @author Aladin Iseni
 */
public abstract class PromotableChessPiece extends ChessPiece implements ChessView.UserChoice {
     * Constructs a promotable chess piece with a specified type, color, and move
     * generators.
                             the type of the promotable chess piece
    * @param type
     * @param color
                             the color of the chess piece
     \boldsymbol{*} \boldsymbol{\text{Qparam}} validationList the move generators for the piece
    public PromotableChessPiece(PieceType type, PlayerColor color, MoveGenerator... validationList) {
        super(type, color, validationList);
    }
    /**
     * Provides a string representation of the piece's type for display purposes.
     * @return the string value of the piece's {@link PieceType}
    @Override
    public String textValue() {
        return type.toString();
    }
}
```

engine/piece/Queen.java

```
package engine.piece;
import chess.PieceType;
import chess.PlayerColor;
```

```
import engine.generator.Direction;
 import engine.generator.DirectionalGenerator;
  * Represents the Queen chess piece.
  * The Queen can move any number of squares in any direction: horizontally,
  * vertically, or diagonally.
  * @author Leonard Cseres
  * @author Aladin Iseni
 public final class Queen extends PromotableChessPiece {
      * Constructs a Queen chess piece with the specified color.
      st The Queen moves in all directions (horizontal, vertical, and diagonal) with
      * no restrictions
      * on the number of squares.
      * @param color the color of the Queen
     public Queen(PlayerColor color) {
         super(PieceType.QUEEN, color, new DirectionalGenerator(Direction.ALL));
 }
engine/piece/Rook.java
 package engine.piece;
 import chess.PieceType;
 import chess.PlayerColor;
 import engine.generator.Direction;
 import engine.generator.DirectionalGenerator;
 /**
  \ast Represents the Rook chess piece.
  \boldsymbol{\ast} The Rook can move any number of squares horizontally or vertically.
  * @author Leonard Cseres
  * @author Aladin Iseni
 public final class Rook extends PromotableChessPiece {
      * Constructs a Rook chess piece with the specified color.
      st The Rook moves in straight lines either horizontally or vertically with no
      * restrictions
      st on the number of squares.
      * @param color the color of the Rook
     public Rook(PlayerColor color) {
         super(PieceType.ROOK, color, new DirectionalGenerator(Direction.STRAIGHT));
     }
```