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- 1. Introduction
- 2. Requirements and theoretical aspects of intelligent control
- 3. Piaget
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3. Piaget

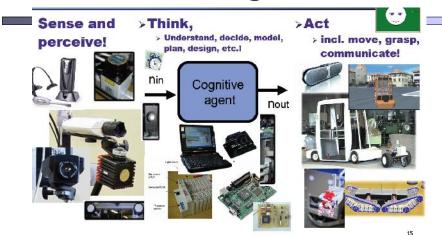


Fig. Smart cognitive systems sense, perceive, think and act. This relies on a variety of powerful components to flexibly integrate, (re-)configure and operate. Therefore, Piaget!

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3. Piaget

A. Core aspects

- A.1 Parallelism, real-time, and "open" resources.
- A.2 Piaget and VAL
- A.3 Hardware support

B. Aspects of particular interest

- **B1.** Simulation capabilities
- **B.2.** Interactive actions and language interpreter
- **B.3. Four levels of programming techniques "plus".**
- **B.4.** Multiple degrees of inter-cooperation performance.
- **B.5. Test instruction and Test task**
- **B.6. Examples of application Piaget for Cognitics**

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3. Piaget

A. Core aspects

- A.1 Parallelism, real-time, and "open" resources.
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3.A.1 Parallelism, real-time, and "open" resources 1 of 6

- Computers, standard products in electronics, precision engineering and microtechnology well developed.
- Crucial missing component though:

application-oriented environment, with parallelism and realtime capabilities,

very open possibilities for integration with numerous, heterogeneous, products and services.

- Therefore we created Piaget.
- Other approaches with similar goal: ROS, Microsoft Robotics (Developer) Studio, URBI, Webots [7], or many proprietary solutions developed by SME's.
- For our types of applications, Piaget is still unmatched.

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3.A.1 Parallelism, real-time, and "open" resources 2 of 6

•multitask kernel : switching contexts in ordinary memory ("minimal use of stacks and registers", re. progress in cache-memory and improved compilation).

- ·Piaget instructions:
 - numbered
 - metalevel program counter defined for each task
 - typically realized as a switch paradigm.
 - possible "AGN" suffix: for the next allocated time slot, the program proceeds at the next numbered Piaget instruction

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3.A.1 Parallelism, real-time, and "open" resources 3 of 6 11: SleepAGN(0.05); break; case 12: if(!SignalIn(NSIStart)) GoState(6); GoState(20); break; case 20: DemarrerMatchAGN(); // start 90 s timer etc. break; case 21: SignalOutAGN(NSOAspirateur, true); // start motor vacuum break; case 22: SignalOutAGN(NSORouleauIN, true): // start motor brush break; case 23: ApproAGN(HoleNb1, 15); break; case 24: MoveAGN(HoleNb1); break; case 25: MoveAGN(Trans(173,90,-90)); break; case Fig. Example of 26: ObserverLigneAGN(NL, NCStart, NCStop) // Visual analysis of a row if (N2Jaune>0) // totems are yellow; balls are white instructions in $\{Position Totem Ou Balle [1]. Type Position - Totem;\\$ **Piaget language** nbTotem = nbTotem+1;} Position Totem Ou Balle [1]. Type Position = Balle;break; case 27: ... 06/06/2013 J.-D. Dessimoz, HESSO.HEIG-VD. Swisst.Fair Zürich 2013 33

3.A.1 Parallelism, real-time, and "open" resources 4 of 6

- Typical use of about 20 parallel agents,
- In average, each task is run in 100 nanosecond long individual, respective time chunks.
- Piaget task switching performed many thousand times more often than with the standard threading tools of typical operating systems (e.g. Windows)

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3.A.1 Parallelism, real-time, and "open" resources 5 of 6

Control kept in kernel loop for thousands of iterations before returning to operating system.

Here the loop was visited 502'272 per second, as estimated on a 191 second basis

```
while (! DesiredInteraction)
                                                                    433984 191 502722
                                                    // Music
// Move one step
// Read keyboard
// Perform point to point wheel
// motion
// Define strategy (typical user
                                                                   + Synchro
                          //Task01();
                          Task02();
Task03();
                          Task04();
                          Task05();
                                                     // programming context)
// Update Inputs/Outputs
// Display real and simulated
                         Task06();
Task07();
                      configuration
                                                    // Compute inverse kinematics and
// spatial motions
// Flash control LED
// Analyze images
// Manage reflex or USB
                          Task09();
                      Task10();
Task11();
servocontroller
                          //Task12();
                                                    // Manage ball operations (pick,
                                                     // store and shoot)
// Test inputs
// Communicate
// Manage ranger perception
// Interpret "Piaget" primitives
// Manage voice dictation
// Manage dialogue
// Manage maps
                                                                             store and shoot)
                           //Task13();
                          Task14();
Task15();
                          Task18();
                          Task20();
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```

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3.A.1 Parallelism, real-time, and "open" resources 6 of 6

- In our terminology:
 - · task code when running on the computer is knowledge
 - the system becomes the cognitive agent.
- A "TicksPerSecond" parameter plays a key role
 - for fast event timing in Piaget (about microseconds)
 - can be adjusted manually, or automatically synchronized on the basis of experience.

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3.A.2 Piaget and VAL 1 of 3

The Piaget language includes

- very specific, application-oriented instructions, (e.g. "ChooseTheBridgeVisually" instruction).
- a subset of the excellent VAL language for robotics.
 Therefore two main advantages:
 - 1. VAL: general view at robotic and automation level (e.g. "Signal i" instruction): useful for the early phases.
 - 2. This paves the way to a common standard for novel, mobile agents and classical, industrial robots

Piaget supports

- direct and inverse kinematics
- extensive support for transformation and frame ancillary computations (in matrix form and homogeneous coordinates)

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3.A.2 Piaget and VAL 2 of 3

The T_{robot_camera} T_{robot} T_{camera} T_{camera}

Robot applications require extensive location, frame and trajectory computations.

Piaget supports transformation graphs reasoning and homogeneous matrices computations

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3.A.2 Piaget and VAL 3 of 3

Motion control is typically hierarchized in three levels:

programming, coordination and joint control, with elementary cycle speed respectively situated at about 500, 15, and 0.5 milliseconds.

The Piaget "CallAGN(number)" particularly important: allows for parallelism, and stepping for debugging purpose in the single, strategy agent of major interest.

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3.A.3. Hardware support 1 of 4

Our Piaget environment has been operational in three main configurations.

- 1. Initially, a PC-base with parallel port capabilities was used, under DOS or Windows OS, for its large basis of compatible products and services, protocols and drivers.
- 2. Then a Piaget-light version has been implemented on a tiny integrated PC (Beck IPC) with an additional, proprietary FPGA, for encoder management and PWM motor control, under constraints of small volume availability [11].

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3.A.3. Hardware support 2 of 4





Fig. Integrated PC and FPGA for Piaget-light implementation in small volume robots [11].

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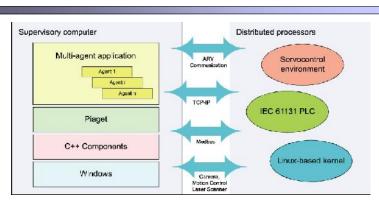
3.A.3. Hardware support 3 of 4

- Now Piaget is typically running on an heterogeneous system including powerful components in principle interconnected with Ethernet and TCP-IP capabilities; or USB mode.
 - At supervisory level, a PC in Windows context is the rule, still for reasons of compatibility with complementary existing resources.
 - Closer to physical action, specialized components such as
 - motioncontrollers, PLC, cameras, rangers provide their own information processing resources, with power and robustness, in their own environment

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3.A.3. Hardware support 4 of 4



- high cognitive and action requirements of complex applications in real world =>great sophistication of structures
- contingent heterogeneity of resources, communication channels, and protocols

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3. Piaget

- A. Core aspects
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3.B.1. Simulation capabilities in Piaget 1 of 4

- Extensive simulation capabilities,
 - globally, or by segments
 - things are simpler
 - easily replicated,
 - more robust,
 - precious in some development phases.
- Nevertheless, can, when the corresponding physical resources are available, be turned operational in the real world.
- In-situ automata are no alternatives
 - past and future must be considered,
 - if-worlds
 - ubiquitous presence
 - accounting of non-physical dimensions.

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3.B.1. Simulation capabilities in Piaget 2 of 4

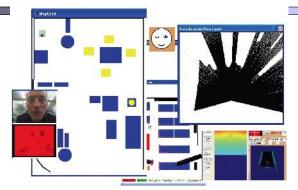


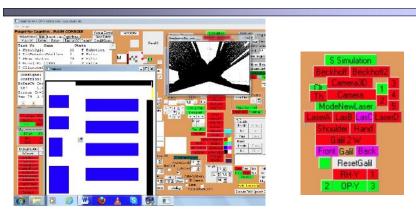
Fig. 13. Piaget includes numerous possibilities in simulation mode.

- 5 pictures when the camera is not online
- noisy spirals are generated for virtual rangers,
- maps for motion analysis, perception in virtual world

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3.B.1. Simulation capabilities in Piaget 3 of 4



Example: ranger data computed from virtual robot motions and objects represented in the map

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3.B.1. Simulation capabilities in Piaget 4 of 4

Piaget environment brings uncomparable advantages:

- alternative to direct access to reality
- also for complementing techniques, *augmented* reality.

For Piaget, simulation possibilities keep being developed

- with focus on results,
- i.e. when and only when it is expected to bring more effective and efficient results in real-world target application.

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3.B.2. Interactive actions and language interpreter in Piaget 1 of 3

Our Piaget environment:

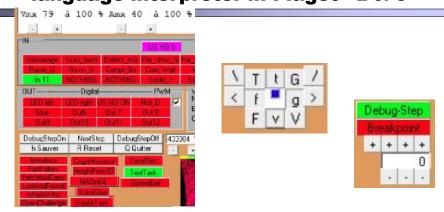
- Extensive interactive control capabilities,
 - under the responsibility of programmers, when programs are written.
 - also, often by hitting a single key or clicking the mouse,
- Can be turned operational, autonomous and possibly cooperative in the real world

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3.B.2. Interactive actions and language interpreter in Piaget 2 of 3



- Many actions ordered by hitting a single key (e.g. "h") or clicking on a button or panel.
- Program can be debugged with Piaget steps and breakpoints on Piaget instructions.

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3.B.2. Interactive actions and language interpreter in Piaget 3 of 3

- Hundreds of immediate actions
- Possibility of storing the current configuration
- Controls are interpreted in real-time
- Can also be referenced in pre-compiled programs

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3.B.3. Four levels of programming techniques in Piaget. And more.

Programming modes in 4 levels of increasing complexities:

- 1. interactive mode
- 2. application-oriented Piaget language;
 - · allows typical users to express novel strategies,
 - optionally allows users to integrate commands of the implementation language (i.e. from case to case, C#, C++, C or Pascal).
 - all controls interactively practiced at level 0 can be reused as instructions in level 1.
- 3. adding or removing specific parallel agents
- 4. developing and implementing Piaget language and environment, in standard contexts (implementation language, OS, computers, sub-systems)

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3.B.4. Multiple degrees of intercooperation performance in Piaget 1 of 2

Piaget schematically allows for five degrees of synchronicity:

- Multitask kernel. Fastest cycle of coordination, in average about 2 microsecond (μs) for synchronizing Piaget agents.
- 2. Implementation OS level. Typical changes in 10 ms periods or more.
- 3. Shared local files. For different programs on the supervisory computer; cycles probably better, i.e. shorter, than 50 ms.
- 4. Transfers via TCP-IP or USB. With peripheral resources such as smart sensors, other computers, or robots delays on the order of 0.1 second.
- 5. Application-level loops.

For our typical applications:

- cooperating robots in domestic environment, or
- industrial robots exploring complex situations,

Typical processes:

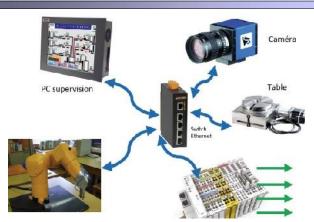
- physical exploration,
- visual-gestures
- possibly vocal dialogues

May last for a time span on the order of 1 to 10 seconds, or even more.

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3.B.4. Multiple degrees of intercooperation performance in Piaget 2 of 2



Communication between main components in Piaget environment typically relies on TCP/IP and/or USB; here via a hub (or switch).

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3.B.5. Test instruction and task in Piaget 1 of 2

Programming can be performed gradually in terms of complexity.

1. a single instruction located in "900".

Typical applications

- start with a preparation phase in the strategy task;
- · undergo an application-dependent launching phase :
 - · real boolean input,
 - simulated input ("D" key or similar click),
 - vocal command ("Go", "Yes", etc.;
 - · clicking or speaking in robot's microphone.);
 - · "ModeTest" control to launch the code in area 900.
- Deploy as programmed and adapting to circumstances
- 2. a few instructions. Code can be expanded as several instructions from the same 900 address.

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3.B.5. Test instruction and task in Piaget 2 of 2

- 3. An application "TestTask" is available, as a simple programming example that can be freely modified for new users to acquire experience (re. so-called "sandbox" in other contexts).
- 4. Typically, at this point a user is ready to create a specific application, e.g. a test in Robocup@Home context or an industrial task in manufacturing.
- Experience accumulating, expertise also increases and programming becomes more sophisticated, e.g. including the definition of novel elements in Piaget-implementing context (C++, C#, etc.).

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3.B.6. Examples of application – Piaget for Cognitics 1 of 13

Consider 5 examples of Piaget applications, in automated cognition, in cognitics

First three , re. successive areas of Piaget:

Eurobot, Robocup@Home, and industrial robotics;

Next two:

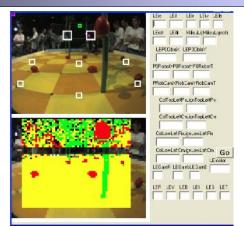
robust vision techniques and quantitative cognitics.

- 1.Piaget was concretely created for Eurobot competitions.
 - ·In "Coconut-rugby", sets of 2 robots had 1.5 minute to defeat an opponent robot set:
 - ·catch coconuts,
 - ·bring or throw them in opposite net or blue "essai" zone,
 - ·block own goalsite,
 - possibly retrieve balls scored by the opponent.
 - ·One typical skill:
 - ·visually locating coconut trees and coconuts
 - •capabilities: fast (0.1 s) perception of 9 robust colors, recognition of coconuts and trees, coordinate transform from picture to the field

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3.B.6. Examples of application – Piaget for Cognitics 2 of 13



Skilled capabilities include the fast perception of robust colors and recognition of objects, as well as coordinate transforms from picture onto field.

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3.B.6. Examples of application – Piaget for Cognitics 3 of 13

2. Moving to Robocup@Home: more complexity. For exvocal and dialogue management as typically supported in Piaget, as well as a vision-based face recognition



Piaget panels and text-typed fields illustrate typical vocal items: yes/no can simulate microphone inputs; recognized commands are shown in green (here " ") and synthetized text in yellow.



A face is recognized for "Who is Who" test

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3.B.6. Examples of application – Piaget for Cognitics 4 of 13

Advanced tests in terms of cognitive and human robot interaction capabilities have been demonstrated in Robocup@Home world competitions, e.g.:

"CopyCat": programming by showing

"FastFollow": leading a robot in new homes just by walking

"Walk'nTalk": training a robot in new homes just by walking and defining vocally key objects or locations

"OpenChallenge": in Singapore our robotic group included three coordinated robots, and in particular a humanoid for the purpose of mediation between human and machines, re. http://rahe.populus.ch and YouTube

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3.B.6. Examples of application – Piaget for Cognitics 5 of 13



CopyCat - Our RH-Y robot visually analyzes and replicates each of the object displacements manually performed by President Asada.



FastFollow - RH-Y moves fast, following its guide, crossing another team, and completing first the imposed visit of a home.

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3.B.6. Examples of application – Piaget for Cognitics 6 of 13

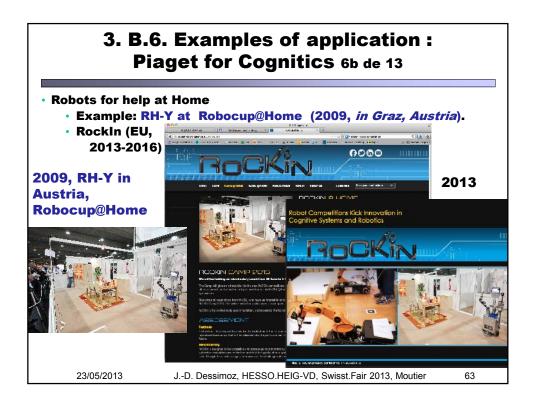




- Human and robots share their representations
- On the left, the robot follows first the human, and then they vocally synchronize their respective English names for describing specific locations, such as the plant in the living room ("Walk'nTalk", Graz, Austria).
- On the right, Nono-Y, our Nao-typed humanoid mediates humans and other machines (OP-Y platform where Nono-Y sits; and RH-Y robot, which has brought drinks and snacks) ("Open Challenge", Singapore)

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3.B.6. Examples of application – Piaget for Cognitics 7 of 13

3. Industrial applications can also been driven by Piaget .

In two cases, the robot arms are driven, at elementary, lowest level, by manufacturers' controllers (incl. KRL for Kuka; Val3 for Stäubli) and, at higher levels, by a program developed in Piaget environment and expressed in Piaget language

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3.B.6. Examples of application – Piaget for Cognitics 7b of 13

(Industrial applications in mobile robotics – gaining momentum)

-2009, OP-Y and Katana, at Yverdon-les-Bains and at the "Festival de robotique" (Lausanne)

- cf. Robocup@Work with Kuka standard resources, 2012-currently, (+omniMove and Moiros 2013).





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3.B.6. Examples of application – Piaget for Cognitics 8 of 13

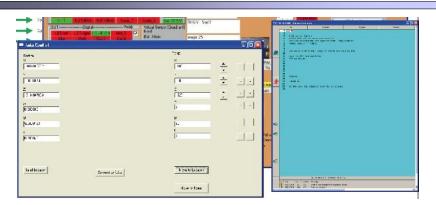


"Chip count and accuracy test": Application mostly developed and programmed in Piaget, including a Stäubli industrial robot arm, and other resources: optical fiber, PLC, camera, motorized rotating table, servocontroller, Ethernet switch, PC and other components yet.

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3.B.6. Examples of application – Piaget for Cognitics 9 of 13



Three windows relating to an industrial application involving a Kuka robot (The first two belong to Piaget environment; the third one is a remote desktop linked to Kuka controller)

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3.B.6. Examples of application – Piaget for Cognitics 10 of 13

4. Piaget supports fast and robust vision, in many modes (infrared/BW, color, thermal cameras, 3D-time of flight, RGB-D sensors; various processes)

In the first year edition already (Eurobot context), it could acquire and process 300 pictures per second to locate opponent's robot in real-time.

Example illustrates a key paradigm by which, care is first taken to analyze applications in full physical space (here "capillarity" is the most discriminating dimension) then appropriately mapping them into common light domain and processing them specifically.

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3.B.6. Examples of application – Piaget for Cognitics 11 of 13

Example: quality control of liquid/water level



Height of water (mm)

Piaget discourages naïve vision, supporting goal-oriented image acquisition, processing and analysis. Visual, fast real-time, robust quality control of liquid/water level.

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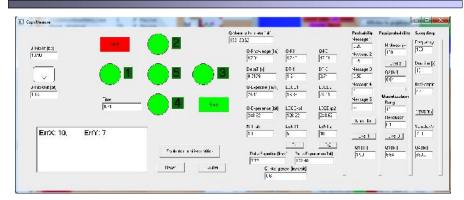
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- 5. A particular interest of Piaget environment is to provide a tool for convenient, quantitative estimation of core cognitive properties:
- knowledge, expertise, experience, speed/fluency, intelligence, as well as low-level ingredients:
 - probability calculus, quantization, sampling rate, input and output information signals and quantities,
- all this along with an interactive example

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3.B.6. Examples of application – Piaget for Cognitics 13 of 13



Piaget environment includes a form for the quantitative estimation of cognitive properties in general, along with a specific example: learning how to accurately and quickly click in the center of 4 green targets.

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