A Level Programming Project Report

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September 23, 2021

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Analysis

1.1 Problem Identification

A Level Computer Science students need to learn many algorithms and data structures during the course. In the final exam, they need to write pseudocode to solve computational questions. Many students find it is hard to achieve a high score on those questions due to the lack of efficient training. The general method used by students to learn and revise for Computer Science is to attempt and self-mark past paper questions. This works well for ordinary questions. However, for the algorithm questions, different students may produce completely different code solutions. This makes their self-marking very unreliable. It is also too much work for the teacher to mark their solutions one by one. So, in the end, students do not know whether they get things right, and teachers do not know how the students perform and how they can help, especially in this lockdown online learning era where no direct contact between teachers and students is possible.

Both the students and the teachers are looking for a more efficient method to learn and practice.

1.2 Stakeholders

There are two types of stakeholders, Computer Science teachers, and Computer Science students.

1.2.1 Computer Science teachers

Computer Science teachers find it is difficult to monitor their students' ability to design and implement algorithms, so they cannot provide efficient help to

their students. This software allows them to create coding questions and send them to the students. After the students hand their solutions back, the software will automatically mark their answers and provide detailed statistical data with simple visualizations. This helps the teachers saving a lot of time and allows them to help the students better.

The stakeholder is Mr. Grimwood, who is an experienced A Level Computer Science teacher who teaches a Year 12 CS group and a Year 13 CS group.

1.2.2 Computer Science students

Computer Science students find that they tend to lose marks on the algorithms coding questions, so they want more practice. But unlike ordinary questions, they may take a completely different approach towards the questions comparing to the mark scheme, so they do not know whether they get it correct. Students may also think they have got things right, but actually, they have made some mistakes. The software provides a free practice space that automatically marks their solutions and points out their mistakes in real-time. So the students can learn and revise more efficiently.

The stakeholders are Timofei and PCloud. They are both Year 13 students studying A Level Computer Science.

1.3 Why it is suited to a computational solution

The original problem, 'understand and mark a student's answer' is a very difficult question for a computer to solve. But I transform the question into 'compare the output of the students' code with pre-generated test cases', which makes the problem solvable using a computational method since a computer is good at 'executing a piece of code' and 'comparing two strings'. This approach solves the 'marking' question from another angle and makes the question suited to a computational solution.

1.4 Solve by computational methods

1.4.1 Thinking abstractly

In reality, students use pens and paper to write their code solutions. This can be simplified into a code editor, and the students can use their keyboards to type in the code. In this way, no 'text scanning' or 'handwriting recognization' is needed which makes the design and programming much easier. The code editor will also provide a better user experience. Features such as syntax highlighting cannot exist on paper but are possible in a code editor.

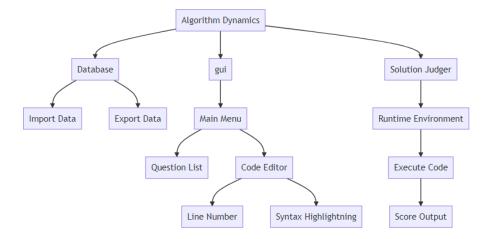
In reality, the students' answer is sent to a teacher to mark it against the mark scheme. The teacher needs to read the code line by line and check whether it is correct. This process is abstracted into a judger that marks the code against pre-generated test cases, which transforms a problem that originally cannot be solved by computational method into one which is very easy to be solved by a computer while saving time and costs. When creating a new question, instead of creating a mark scheme for marking, the teacher needs to provide test cases with the correct input and expected output. The judger will run the students' submissions with the input and check whether their output matches the expected one.

1.4.2 Thinking ahead

For teachers, the software requires them to enter questions and test cases. A question editor containing input boxes is needed for this purpose. For students, the software requires them to enter their code solutions. A code editor is needed for this purpose. A relational database is needed to store all the data. For all users, the software requires input data from the mouse and keyboard to navigate between different windows and menus. Users will also need a monitor for the program to display all the information and outputs.

1.4.3 Thinking procedurally and decomposition

The program can be decomposed into several parts. Each part can be designed and maintained individually. Different components can interact with each other using custom APIs.



1.4.4 Thinking concurrently

When judging the students' solution, many test cases can be executed at the same time to reduce the judging time. The number of parallel judgers needs to be set carefully based on the user's hardware. Running too few test cases concurrently may result in a very long judging time while running too many test cases at the same time may use up computing resources and cause issues.

1.5 Interview

1.5.1 Design interview

Interview for teachers

- 1. Do you find your students tend to lose marks on programming questions in exams?
- 2. Do you find marking the programming question takes a lot of time and effort?
- 3. Compare to the knowledge-based Computer System section, do you find it is more difficult to monitor students' skill level on the Algorithm and Programming section?
- 4. Have you ever heard about some online programming platforms?
- 5. Have you ever tried some of the online programming platforms?
- 6. If yes, what do you think about these platforms? Have you ever considered using them for teaching and training?
- 7. Do you think a similar solution can help improve the efficiency of learning and training?
- 8. If no, do you think the idea of a software that can mark students' answers on programming questions and provide analysis data can help improve the efficiency of learning and training?
- 9. Do you have anything else to add?

Question 1 to 3 is a series of proof-of-concept questions, which I expect my stakeholders to answer 'Yes' to all of them. They confirm that the problem I am trying to solve exists and there is a need for such a solution. Question 4 to 5 asks about the teachers' knowledge of existing solutions. Question 6 to 8 ask about their experiences and opinions about these existing solutions, which gives me insights on the problems with existing solutions and how my solution can fit their need better.

Interview for students

- 1. Do you find the programming questions difficult?
- 2. Do you find yourself lacking efficient practicing in algorithm designing and programming?
- 3. Have you ever heard about some online programming platforms?
- 4. Have you ever tried some of the online programming platforms?
- 5. If yes, what do you think about these platforms?
- 6. Do you think a similar solution can help you learning and practicing?
- 7. If no, do you think the idea of software that provides coding questions and marks your answer instantly can help you learn and practice better?
- 8. Do you have anything else to add?

Question 1 and 2 are similar proof-of-concept questions to confirm such a problem exists. The following questions ask about students' knowledge of existing solutions. If they have used an existing product before, I ask whether they think it helps. Otherwise, I ask whether they think it will be useful.

1.5.2 Conduct the interview

Computer Science teacher - Mr. Grimwood

- 1. Do you find your students tend to lose marks on programming questions in exams?
 - They do. Many of them don't understand the algorithms.
- 2. Do you find marking the programming questions takes a lot of time and effort?
 - Yes. Because some students produce partially correct answers, so it takes a lot of time to identify the correct part and award them the corresponding mark. Some students may take completely different approaches which takes a lot of effort to understand and mark them.
- 3. Do you find it is more difficult to monitor students' skill level on the Algorithm and Programming section and more difficult to provide sufficient help?
 - Yes.
- 4. Have you ever heard about some online programming platforms? I have. Emm... But I forget the names.
- 5. If yes, have you ever tried some of the online programming platforms? I have.

- 6. If yes, what do you think about these platforms?

 I think the idea is quite interesting and I find them working quite well.
- 7. Have you ever considered using them for teaching and practicing?

 No. Because most of them require a paid subscription, and their content is more likely to be something like 'Learning Python' which is irrelevant to the A Level Computer Science content.
- 8. Do you think a similar solution can help improve the efficiency of learning and training?
 - Yes. The students can learn at their own pace and they can keep practicing by themselves.
- Do you have anything else to add? No.

Mr. Grimwood has several valuable points here. He points out that the 'partially correct' answers are the most difficult ones to mark. For my solution, if a student submits a 'partially correct' code answer, then its output will certainly not match the expected output. This means my solution might not be able to tell the difference between a 'partially correct' answer and an 'incorrect' answer. This is a potential limitation I need to watch out for. He also says the price is one of his concerns. My solution will be free and open-source, which will meet his need perfectly. By adding the function to create custom questions and share them with others, users will be able to create and find A Level Computer Science content, or any content easier. It is also a good idea for me to create some A Level Computer Science content that comes with the software to make it easier to use.

Computer Science student - PCloud

- Do you find the programming questions difficult?
 I find some of them quite complex and difficult, especially the graph algorithms such as Dijkstra.
- 2. Do you find yourself lacking efficient practicing in algorithm designing and programming?
 - Absolutely. Although I code a lot in my spare time, normal projects are quite different from the exam questions. There are not many past papers and exam-style questions for practicing, so I usually don't feel confident of those questions.
- 3. Have you ever heard about some online programming platforms? Yes. Such as AcWing, LeetCode, and TopCoder.
- 4. Have you ever tried some of the online programming platforms? Yes. I am an active user of AcWing.

- 5. If yes, what do you think about these platforms?
 - I enjoy the experience. They can provide instant feedback for my submissions. It provides very strong positive feedback when I solve a new question. I find myself learning faster and more efficiently with such platforms.
- 6. Do you think a similar solution can help you learning and practicing?

 Absolutely. The existing platforms do not provide A Level related content.

 So if a software solution can be altered for A Level Computer Science course, that will help a lot.
- 7. (*) How do you think it should be optimized for A Level CS content? You can add past exam questions practicing. Add a timed practice mode will be helpful.
- 8. Do you have anything else to add? No.

PCloud confirms that such a solution will help him learning and practicing more efficiently. The instant feedback of whether he gets the question correctly is very important to him. Instead of sending the user's submission to a remote server, my solution should judge the user's answer on their computer. This can avoid the instabilities caused by the remote server's availability and the network connection. He also gives me some good ideas about the content. I can add past exam questions for users to do timed practice, which enables users to practice algorithms and exam techniques at the same time.

Computer Science student - Timofei

- Do you find the programming questions difficult?
 Yes. I generally lose marks because of some careless syntax mistakes I made.
- 2. Do you find yourself lacking efficient practicing in algorithm designing and programming?
 - Yes. I find I cannot find many materials to practice.
- 3. Have you ever heard about some online programming platforms? Codewar. Something like that.
- 4. Have you ever tried some of the online programming platforms? Yes.
- 5. If yes, what do you think about these platforms?
 I think they are quite helpful. But I find their marking is too specific, if I get a single character wrong in my output, it gets marked incorrect.

- 6. Do you think a similar solution can help you learning and practicing? Yes.
- 7. Do you have anything else to add? No.

Timofei points out that the marking system in existing products is not very sensible. This may be a potential limitation of my solution as well. It is easy to directly compare the users' output and the expected output. But if they are different, it is difficult to figure out whether that difference is caused by a wrong code solution or just some formatting error. I can partially solve this by allowing the users to pre-test their code against examples before formal submissions, so they can check the output format.

1.6 Research

There are many coding training websites on the market, most of them share a similar idea, so I will investigate two of the most popular ones.

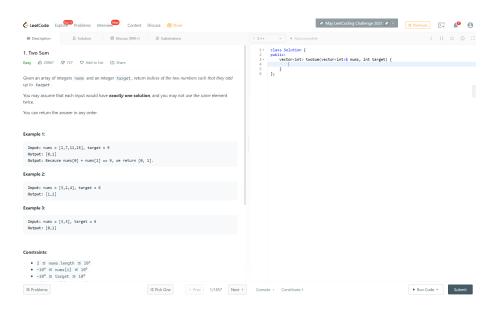
- LeetCode
- Codeforces

1.6.1 LeetCode

LeetCode is a platform for interview coding training, many large companies (Google, Facebook, ...) use it as a part of their interview.

LeetCode provides a database containing more than 1000 coding questions.

Main coding layout



This is LeetCode's main coding area. The user's screen is split into two parts the question section and the code editor for inputting answers. Users can drag the splitter in the middle to adjust the size of each section.

The question section contains 4 tabs, 'Description' tab displays the content of the question. 'Solution' tab displays the solutions from the community. 'Discuss' tab displays the discussions in the community. 'Submission' tab lists the user's previous submissions. Since I am not adding social functions in my solution, I will ignore the 'Solution' and 'Discuss' tabs. Under the 'Description' tab, LeetCode provides the context of the question, followed by 3 examples, and constraints for this question. The examples allow the user to run and check their solution before formal submission for marking, this can help them avoid silly mistakes. My solution should also provide similar examples for each question. Under the 'Submission' tab, LeetCode records every history submission, so the user can revise old questions more efficiently. My solution should provide a similar function as well.



The code editor provides line number and syntax highlighting functions. User can change their programming language with a drop-down box. LeetCode supports all mainstream programming languages. My solution should be able to support multiple programming languages as well, which allows students with different backgrounds to use it easily.

On the button, the user can 'Run Code' to test their code against the examples before submission, and then click the 'Submit' button to submit their solution formally.

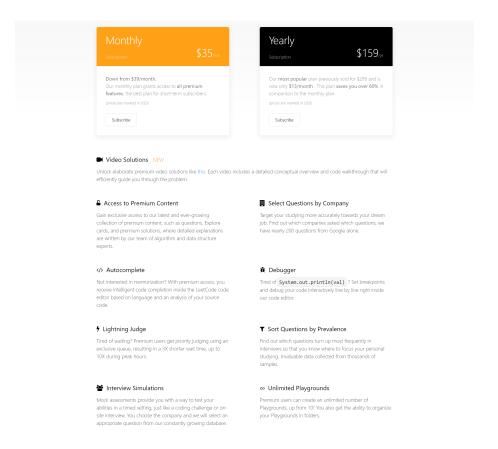
The split view design is clean and handy. The user can see the question and write their solution on the same page without switching between different windows. The design of examples and the 'Run Code' button is useful as well. I can refer to LeetCode's coding layout when designing my solution's interface.

Question database



Every question in LeetCode has many different attributes (Lists, Difficulty, Status, Tags, Title, Acceptance), so it is very easy for a user to find a suitable question to practice. My solution can similarly organize the question database and provide a corresponding query interface for a better user experience. The 'Pick One' button on the top right is a very handy feature as well. Users can simply click that button to start working on a quick random question. The idea of 'a list of questions' is great. Users can organize a series of questions to practice and share.

Pricing



The basic functions of LeetCode are free to use for all users and it charges a fee for premium subscriptions. The premium subscription provides a larger question database, better code editor, faster judger, and more.

Analysis

LeetCode is a fully web-based solution, which means it works on any device. However, it also means you will not be able to use it without a stable Internet connection. I decide to make my solution a desktop application since most students practice coding with a computer. It also save me a lot of cost from running and maintaining a server. LeetCode runs a large community for users to discuss questions with each other. I am not adding such a function to my solution. Teachers and students can use existing platforms they have been familiar with, it is unnecessary for me to develop a new platform and for the users to migrate from mature solutions. LeetCode has an easy-to-use graphical interface, which is important so new users can get their hands on very easily.

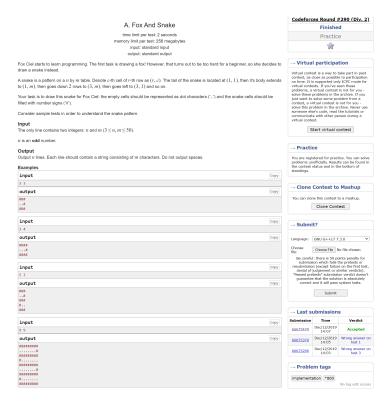
LeetCode does not support custom questions or any functions for educators. It is mainly designed for self-learners. My solution is designed for school use, so

it must support functions like custom questions, custom assignments, statistics data visualizations. LeetCode charges a subscription fee for essential functions. My solution will be free and open-source so everyone can benefit from it.

1.6.2 Codeforces

Codeforces is a competitive coding platform, it is mainly used by people to the held coding competition.

Main question layout

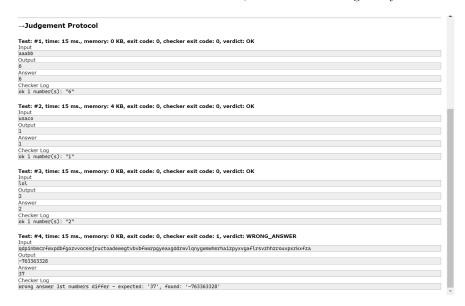


The questions and the examples take up nearly all the spaces on the question page. There is no online editor or online runtime environment provided. Users are expected to write and test their code in their IDEs and only submit the solution for judging. Custom IDEs may be more powerful than a built-in one. My solution will provide an editor, it is much more convenient to use. Even if a user decides to use his environment, he can paste his code into the editor for submission. It sets the time and memory limits for users' submissions, if a piece of code takes too long to run, or takes up too much memory while running, it will be terminated and marked wrong.

Submission



When the user submits the code, the code enters a queue waiting for judging, then the user can look up their result. Users can check their source code, performance stats, and more importantly, when they have not passed all test cases, they can see what they have got wrong. The judgment protocol provides detailed information about each test case, so users can debug easily.



Analysis

Codeforces is optimized for coding competition, so it has a lightweight and complex interface for better performance. It is completely free to use. Users can create their questions but it is very complicated to do so. My solution needs to enable users without experience to create questions easily. There is no function for education - there is no way for a teacher to 'create a class' and monitor his students. Codeforces is an online platform, so it also works across all devices and requires an Internet connection. Users have to use their IDEs to write and debug their code. Codeforces sends all submissions to a central 'judging queue' for marking. My solution will mark all submissions locally, which makes judging a lot faster and save me from running a server. By limiting time and space allowance, Codeforces effectively prevents malicious code from running.

1.7 Features

A useful homepage interface with shortcuts to different functions in the software and other resources outside the software. This allows the user to get into practicing faster and makes the software easy to use. Details about the design of the homepage will be discussed in the Design chapter.

A problem database with a graphical user interface. The GUI will have a search box and several drop-down menus for the user to input information to search for a problem. This provides the user a simple way to find the problems they want, and it also ensures the users can manage and backup the data easily.

An interface for users to create new problems and share them with others. This interface will have multiple text fields for the user to input the descriptions to the problem, the expected input/output data. Then the problem is saved to the database and can be exported to a JSON file allowing the user to share it with others. Users can also create a 'list' of problems and export the entire list into a JSON file and share it with others. This enables teachers to create custom problems and share them with the students. It is a core feature that differentiates my solution from the existing ones.

An interface for teachers to create assignments. An assignment is a 'list' of problems with some extra data, such as the due date and total mark. It can be exported to a JSON file and share with students. The student's submission will be exported into a JSON file as well and can be sent back to the teacher. The solution will also integrate with the assignment function in Microsoft Teams for Education, which makes it even easier to do. The students' submissions will be automatically marked by the software and detailed data will be provided to the teacher. A simple data analysis interface will be provided to the teacher so they can have a brief look at the result. The teacher can also export the data into a CSV file so they can import it to their school system or analysis it with professional software. This automates the entire process from creating assignments, distribute assignments, collecting assignments, and marking

assignments. Teachers will have more time analysis the student's performance and provide corresponding help timely. It is a core feature that differentiates my solution from the existing ones.

An interface displaying the problem and the code editor. The solution provides a 'Run Code' button for the student to pre-run their code before submission, a 'Submit' button for the student to submit their code. This allows the students to read the question and write their code solution without switch between different windows. The 'Run Code' function also makes it easier to debug their code.

A playground with a code editor and runtime environment. This allows the software to be used in class teaching as well, the students can experiment with different algorithms and programming languages in the playground easily.

A settings page contains all the setting options for the software. Users can adjust settings such as their preferred programming language, syntax highlighting settings, color themes, and so on. This allows the users to customize the software to fit their needs and allows users with different backgrounds to use it without issues.

1.8 Limitations

The software will be written in C# instead of web-based which means extra software needs to be downloaded by the user. I plan to use .NET 5 runtime and WinUI 3 library for my solution, so only the Windows 10 1809 or newer Windows operating systems will be supported. This should not cause many compatibility issues since most school computers are running the required version of the operating system. Downloading an extra software is inconvenient and may violate the IT security policy of some schools.

The judger can only accept code submission in limited programming languages and the user may require to configure their runtime environment. Creating a compiler for 'OCR Pseudocode Programming Language' is too complex for this project. I will attempt to allow the user to add their preferred programming language and write documentation for them to make the process easier.

Unlike LeetCode, there are no Discussion pages for users to discuss questions because it is a desktop program instead of a web one. But this is not a big problem, students and teachers should use an existing product such as Microsoft Teams which has very good support in sharing code snippets. It is unnecessary to rebuild the wheel.

Distribute the questions and assignments is still something inconvenient. Currently, distributing questions and assignments requires the teacher to first export the questions and assignments, then send them to the students through email or file-sharing platforms. When the students finish working, they need to send their results back through email or other apps. I have attempted to integrate the file-sharing function with the existing platform - the Microsoft

Teams Assignment function. But unfortunately, the Graph API required for this operation is still in beta version, which means it can only be tested in the development environment and cannot be used in production. So for now, the users still have to use this inconvenient way to share questions and submissions. But in the future, the integration with some existing platforms may improve the experience. (Update: the Microsoft Teams API is out of beta, now it is possible to integrate with it)

There are no good ways to maintain and distribute a large question database. Computer Science teachers are required to maintain a database for their students. But this is difficult work. Creating good test cases is much time consuming than writing a mark scheme, it is very likely for a wrong solution to pass the judging if the test cases are not good enough. It relies on the teacher who creates the questions to consider everything clearly to minimize its impact.

The judger can only simply compare the students' output with the expected output if there is a format error such as trailing space and extra newline in their output, which will not be considered as a mistake in a real exam, will be marked as a wrong answer by the judger. So students may need to spend extra time debugging their output format. It cannot judge "partially correct" answers as well. It does not care which line did the student get correct or wrong, if the final output doesn't match, the submission will be marked wrong.

1.9 Hardware and software requirements

Hardware and software	Justification
requirements	
Standard mouse, keyboard,	Standard I/O devices are required for the
and monitor.	user to interact with the software. Users
	need a mouse to navigate around different
	menus and pages, they need to use a
	keyboard to input their code solutions and
	use a monitor to get the output from the
	software.
Operating system: Windows	The software is designed with the WinUI 3
10 (1809 or later), Windows	library and .Net 5 runtimes, which require
11.	such an operating system to run.
x86 64-bit CPU (Intel /	A modern CPU is required for the software.
AMD architecture) with 2	1 core will be used to run the main program
or more cores and 1 GHz or	and at least 1 spare core is required for the
higher clock speed.	judger to judge the submitted code. A clock
	speed higher than 1 GHz is required to
	ensure the software is running smoothly.
1GB free memory or more.	Around 512MB RAM is required to run the
	software, and another 512MB RAM is
	required for the judger to judge the
	submissions.
256MB free disk space or	256MB free disk space is required to store
more.	and run the program itself, the user may
	need extra disk space to store extra cache
	data and the database.
A modern dedicated or	The software has very little graphical
integrated graphics card.	demand, if the user's graphics card can run
	their operation system, it should be able to
	handle software as well.

1.10 Success criteria

Users can use different links, menus, and buttons to navigate around the software easily.	This ensures the program is easy to
around the software easily.	
	use and allows the user to find the
	function they want to use quickly.
Users can use different drop-down	This allows users to search for
menus and the search box to find	questions easily in the database.
a problem from the problem	
database.	
Users can add new questions to	This allows teachers to create new
the database.	algorithm problems.
Users can create lists of questions.	This allows teachers to organize
-	problems better by creating lists to
	manage them.
Users can create assignments.	This allows teachers to create new
	assignments for their students.
Users can export/import	This allows the users to share
questions, lists, and assignments	questions and data with others easily.
from/to their problem database.	·
Users can work on a problem and	This allows the users to practice and
their submissions can be	get feedback on the software.
automatically marked by the	
judger.	
Users can create submissions for	This allows the students to complete
assignments and export them into	and hand in assignments easily.
a file or upload it to Microsoft	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Teams for Education.	
The software can mark the	This automates the marking process
assignments automatically.	and reduces teachers' work.
The software can perform simple	This provides teachers with an
data analysis to the assignments	overview of student's performance on
data.	their assignments and allowing them
	to help their students better.
Users can export the assignment	This allows the teachers to use
data to CSV files.	advanced data analysis tools and
	import the data into their school
	system.
Users can use the playground to	
test any code.	with new algorithms and programming
-	languages and allows the software to
	be used in class teaching.
	oc about in cross concerning.
Users can customize the software.	This allows users to work in their
Users can customize the software.	~
Users can customize the software.	This allows users to work in their
The software can perform simple data analysis to the assignments data. Users can export the assignment data to CSV files. Users can use the playground to	This provides teachers with an overview of student's performance on their assignments and allowing them to help their students better. This allows the teachers to use advanced data analysis tools and import the data into their school system. This allows the users to experiment with new algorithms and programming languages and allows the software to

All the success criteria will first be tested through the unit tests created during the development. Then they will be tested and improved by me during the

Alpha Testing stage. Finally, they will be tested by the stakeholders in the Beta Testing stage, and the evaluation will be based on their user experience and opinions.

Design

2.1 Decomposition

(TODO): Add design chapter

Development

(TODO): Add development chapter

Evaluation

(TODO): Add evaluation chapter