# **Lab 3: Abstraction**

# Instruction

- 1. Click the provided link on MyCourseVille to create your own repository.
- 2. Open Eclipse and then "File > new > Java Project" and set project name in this format 2110215\_Lab3\_2021\_2 {ID} {FIRSTNAME}
  - o Example: 2110215 Lab3 2021 2 6331234521 Jolyne.
- 3. Initialize git in your project directory
  - Add .gitignore.
  - O Commit and push initial codes to your GitHub repository.
- 4. Implement all the classes and methods (copying initial code from the given lab file) following the details given in the problem statement file which you can download from CourseVille.
  - You should create commits with meaningful messages when you finish each part of your program.
  - O Don't wait until you finish all features to create a commit.
- 5. Test your codes with the provided JUnit test cases, they are inside package **test.student** 
  - You have to write some tests by yourself. Put them inside package test.student
  - Aside from passing all test cases, your program must be able to run properly without any runtime errors.
  - O There will be additional test cases to test your code after you submit the final version, make sure you follow the specifications in this document.
- 6. After finishing the program, create a UML diagram and put the result image (UML.png) at the root of your project folder.
- 7. Export your project into a jar file called Lab3\_2021\_2\_{ID} and place it at the root directory of your project. Include your source code in the jar file.
  - o Example: Lab3\_2021\_2\_6331234521.jar
- 8. Push all other commits to your GitHub repository.

### 1. Problem Statement: Card Game Mechanic

(This exercise is based on the game Inscryption by Daniel Mullins Games, released in October 2021. As well as Legends of Runeterra, released in April 2020)

Now that you understand how to create a deck manager for card game, now it's time to play. However, you still don't understand that there are more to card than just attack point, health point, and bloodcost. This game has 4 different types of unit cards, and 2 different types of spell cards.

# 1.1 Gameplay



(This image of the game is not entirely accurate to the game of this lab)

In this game, a player duels a fixed opponent who never plays any card, which means most of the card functions will only be used by the player.

# 1.1.1 Game Component

#### 1.Player

- At the start of the game, each player will have a damage point set to 0. If the player's damage point is equal or more than opponent's damage point by 5 points, you win. You lose if the opposite happens.

#### 2. Field

- Both players can summon a unit card from their hand on to a field, each player has 4 spaces to place their units (Player use lower row, opponent use upper row). You may replace a unit on the board with different unit from hand.

#### 3.Deck

- Contains as many cards as you want, you can insert and remove any card at the card shop. However, you can only have up to 4 of the same cards.

#### 4. Card

#### 4.1 Unit Card

- A Unit card has Name, Flavor text, Blood cost, Attack power, and Health point.
- Player may play a unit card on to a field on any of 4 spaces, but player has to sacrifice a same number of units on the field equal to the blood cost (0 blood cost unit can be summoned for free).
- Unit card on the field will attack a unit on the same column once on player's turn, dealing damage equal to its attack power. If there is no unit on the same column, this unit will deal damage to opposite player.
- When a unit card take damage from unit's attack or damage spell and health point reduce to 0, that unit card will be removed from the field.
  - There are 4 different type of unit cards.

#### 4.1.1 Normal Unit Card

- A normal unit card with nothing special.

#### 4.1.2 Leader Unit Card

- This card also contains Buff power and Buff health value.
- When this card enters a field, all the owner's units on the field will get power and health increase from Buff power and Buff health value.

#### 4.1.3 Debuff Unit Card

- This card also contains Debuff power value.
- When this card attacks a unit, that unit's attack power will get reduced equal to Debuff power value (attack point can't go below 0).

#### 4.1.4 Venom Unit Card

- When this card attacks a unit, that unit's health point will reduce to 0.
- When this card dies (health point reduces to 0 and leaves the field), it deals damage to its owner equal to its attack power.

#### 4.2 Spell Card

- Each Spell card has Name, Flavor text, Blood cost, speed.
- Player may play a spell card on to a unit that is on a field, but player has to sacrifice a same number of cards in their hand equal to the blood cost (0 blood cost spell can be casted for free).
- Spell card can have 2 speed value, Burst or Slow (Not Burst). Casting Slow speed spell will end player's turn like summoning a unit card. Casting Burst speed spell will not end a turn, and player can play additional card.
  - There are 2 different types of spell card.

#### 4.2.1 Buff Spell Card

- This card also contains Power Increase value.
- This card can be casted on to player's unit to increase its attack power equal to Power Increase value.

#### 4.2.2 Damage Spell Card

- This card also contains Damage value.
- This card can be casted on to opponent's unit to deal damage.

#### 1.1.2 Game Flow

At the start of the game, the player shuffles his deck and draw 5 cards. While opponent has a unit set on the field as you have chosen before the game.

- 1) Start with the player turn, the player draws a card.
- 2) Player chooses to play one card and pick its action.
  - 2.1) If player play a burst speed spell, return to 2)
- 3) Unit on the player's field execute attack from left to right, dealing damage to opponent's unit on the same column, or dealing damage to opponent's damage point.
- 4) Start the opponent turn, Unit on the opponent's field may/ may not execute attack from left to right the same way as player.
- 5) Repeat until win condition is met by either player.

# 2. Implementation Details:

To complete this assignment, you need to understand about **Abstract Classes** and **Junit Test Cases**.

To test your understanding about abstraction, we will not provide class diagram for this assignment, and we will not indicate which methods and classes are abstract. Try your best to figure out. There are three abstract classes and three abstract methods.

There are five packages in the provided files: application, player, card, deck and test.

You will be implementing most of the class in the card and deck package (Every class is partly given, while PremadeDeck class doesn't need to be modified).

There are some test cases given in package test.student. These will help test your code whether it will be able to run or not. However, some conditions are not tested in these test cases. Look for those conditions in the class details. You must create your own test cases for such cases.

You can define any additional number of <u>private</u> (but not public, protected or package) fields and methods in addition to the fields and methods specified below. You are encouraged to try to group your logic into private methods to <u>reduce duplicate code</u> as <u>much as possible</u>.

<sup>\*</sup> Noted that Access Modifier Notations can be listed below

<sup>+ (</sup>public), # (protected), - (private)

# 2.1 package deck

# 1.1.3 Class: Deck

This class represents a deck player will used. Deck has 3 attributes: name, deckSize, and deckList. Player can assign deck to use in gameplay. Deck can only have at most 4 of the same cards.

- name = name of the deck
- deckSize = number of cards the deck contains, need to change when Deck is created, when card is inserted into the Deck, and when card is removed from the Deck.
- deckList = list of the cards this deck contains. Each card must be assigned to an array without any empty slot.

#### 2.1.1.1 Constructors

+ Deck(String name, Card[] deckList)	Construct a Deck object with the given name, deckList, and initialize deckSize to be the same size as the given deckList.  (Hint: You should use Array (Card[]) to implement inventory.).
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#### 2.1.1.2 Methods

+ int insertCard(Card card) throws InsertCardFailedException	Insert the given card into the bottom of card list (Recommend: create a new copy of deckList array with one more slot) and modify deckSize to be accurate to the new deckList.  Throw an InsertCardFailedException with message "You can only put 4 of the same cards into the deck" if there are already 4 of the same card in the deck. Otherwise, return the new deckSize. (Given, but can be changed or adjusted according to how you code insert card).
+ Card removeCard(int slotNumber) throws RemoveCardFailedException	Unequip a card in the given slot number from the deck, rearrange the card from every slot after it to replace the empty slot. Modify deckSize to be accurate to the new deckList, and return the removed card.

	Throw an RemoveCardFailedException with message "Number you insert exceed deck size" when the slotNumber is greater than or equal to deckSize. (Already Implemented)
+ String toString()	You do <b>not</b> have to edit this method.
+ int Card[] getDeckList() + int String getName() + int getDeckSize()	Getter methods.
+ void setDeckSize(int deckSize)	Setter method.

# 2.2 package card.base

### 2.2.1 Class Card

This class is the base class of all cards in the card shop. Each card has its own name and description. Card **should never be instantiated into objects**, as it is only designed to be a base class so that consumer classes (like Deck) can easily use their subclasses.

#### 2.2.1.1 Constructors

+ Card(String name, String flavorText, int	Initialize the card with the given name, flavor
bloodCost)	text, and blood cost.

#### 2.2.1.2 Methods

+ String toString()	this method should never be called with from this card, it can only be called from subclasses.
+ String getName() + String getFlavorText() + String getBloodCost()	Getter methods.
+ Object clone()throws CloneNotSupportedException	You do <b>not</b> have to edit this method.

# 2.2.2 Class UnitCard

This class is a base class of unit card, used to summon on to a field and attack in gameplay. It has power and health. UnitCard should never be instantiated to objects, as it is only designed to be a base class so that consumer classes (like the Deck and Player) can easily use their subclasses.

#### 2.2.2.1 Constructors

+ UnitCard(String name, String flavorText,	Initialize the character card with the given name
int bloodCost, int power, int health)	, flavor text, bloodcost, power, and health.

# 2.2.2.2 Methods

+ int attackUnit(UnitCard u)	Called when using this UnitCard, this, to attack another UnitCard, u. This method should never be called from this class. It can only be called from subclasses.
+ int attackPlayer (Player opponent)	Deal damage to opponent equal to this unit's power. Return the damage value. Hint: Use takeDamage(int) from Player class.
+ String toString()	You do <b>not</b> have to edit this method.
	Getter methods.
+ void setPower(int power)	Setter for power. If power is lower than 0, set this Unitcard's power to 0.
+ void setHealth(int health)	Setter for health. If health is lower than 0, set this Unitcard's health to 0.

# 2.2.3 Class SpellCard

This class is a base class of spell card, used to cast on units on the field. It has boolean name "isBurstSpeed". SpellCard should never be instantiated to objects, as it is only designed to be a base class so that consumer classes (like the Deck and Player) can easily use their subclasses.

#### 2.2.2.1 Constructors

+ SpellCard(String name, String flavorText,	Initialize the spell card with the given name
int bloodCost, boolean isBurstSpeed)	,flavor text, blood cost, and isBurstSpeed

#### 2.2.2.2 Methods

+ void castSpell (UnitCard unitCard)	Called when using SpellCard on a UnitCard. This method should never be called from this class. It can only be called from subclasses.
+ String toString()	You do <b>not</b> have to edit this method.
	Getter & Setter methods.

# 2.3 package card.type

This package contains implementation of the **concrete** card in card shop. Some classes should be extended from card.base package while some should be extended from this package. In any case, every class must be extended from Card class at its root.

### 2.3.1 Class NormalUnitCard

This class represents "normal unit card" that has no additional logic or properties

#### 2.3.1.1 Constructors

+ NormalUnitCard(String name, String	Initialize the normal unit card with the given
flavorText, int bloodCost, int power, int	name, flavor text, and other attributes.
health)	

#### 2.3.1.2 Methods

+ int attackUnit(UnitCard unitCard)	Called when using NormalUnitCard to attack another unitCard  Reduce unitCard health point by this normal unit card power.  Return a real damage dealt to this unitCard (You must also consider a case of this card power exceed unitCard health)

# 2.3.2 Class DebuffUnitCard

This class represents "Debuff unit card". Very similar to UnitCard but with 1 more properties (**debuffPower**) and 2 more methods. Debuff Unit card's attack reduce a power of a unit.

#### 2.3.2.1 Constructors

+ DebuffUnitCard(String name, String	Initialize the debuff unit card with the given
flavorText, int bloodCost, int power, int	name, flavor text, blood cost, and other
health, int debuffPower)	attributes.

#### 2.3.2.2 Methods

+ int attackUnit(UnitCard unitCard)	Called when using DebuffUnitCard to attack another unitCard Reduce unitCard health point by this debuff unit card's power. Reduce unitCard power point by this debuff unit card's debuffpower Return a real damage dealt to this unitCard (You must also consider a case of this card power exceed unitCard health)
+ int getDebuffPower()	Getter method.
+ void setDebuffPower(int level)	Setter method.

# 2.3.3 Class VenomUnitCard

This class represents "Venom unit card". Very similar to UnitCard but with 1 more methods. Venom Unit card's attack kill a unit card regradless of its stat, but when Venom unit die, Player will take damage equal to its power.

#### 2.3.3.1 Constructors

+ VenomUnitCard(String name, String	Initialize the venom unit card with the given
flavorText, int bloodCost, int power, int	name, flavor text, blood cost, and the attribute.
health)	

### 2.3.3.2 Methods

+ int attackUnit(UnitCard unitCard) Ca	Called	when	using	VenomUnitCard	to	attack
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	another unitCard Reduce unitCard health point to 0 Return a real damage dealt to this unitCard (Damage should be equal to unitCard's health before taking damage)
+ int dead(Player player)	Called when VenomUnitCard's health reduce to 0 and leave the field  Player take damage equal to venom unit card's power  Hint:  Use takeDamage(int) from Player class  Return a damage dealt to player

# 2.3.4 Class LeaderUnitCard

This class represents "Leader unit card". Very similar to UnitCard but with 2 more properties (buffPower, buffHealth) and 6 more methods (You only have to write 5 of those). Leader Unit card's attack reduce a power of a unit.

#### 2.3.4.1 Constructors

+ LeaderUnitCard(String name, String	Initialize the leader unit card with the given
flavorText, int bloodCost, int power, int	name, flavor text, blood cost, and the attribute.
health, int buffPower, int buffHealth)	

# 2.3.4.2 Methods

+ int attackUnit(UnitCard unitCard)	(Exactly like Normal Unit Card) Called when using LeaderUnitCard to attack another unitCard Reduce unitCard health point by this normal unit card power. Return a real damage dealt to this unitCard (You must also consider a case of this card power exceed unitCard health)
+ void buffUnit(UnitCard[] alliesCard)	Called when LeaderUnitCard is summoned on to the field Increase the power and health of every unit in

	alliesCard according to buffPower and buffHealth (You must check if there is a card on that slot of alliesCard array, if any slot is == null, do not attempt to increase stat as it will cause error during gameplay)
+ int getBuffPower() + int getBuffHealth()	Getter methods.
+ void setBuffPower(int buffPower) + void setBuffHealth (int buffHealth)	Setter methods.
+ String toString()	You do <b>not</b> have to edit this method.

# 2.3.5 Class BuffSpellCard

This class represents "buff spell Card" Very similar to SpellCard but with 1 more properties (**powerIncrease**) and 2 more methods. Buff Spell Card has to be casted on Player's unit on the field, increase its power

# 2.3.5.1 Constructors

+ BuffSpellCard(St	tring name, String	Initialize the buff spell card with the given name,
flavorText, int b	loodCost, boolean	flavor text, blood cost, and the attribute.
isBurstSpeed, int powe	erIncrease)	

# 2.3.5.2 Methods

+ void castSpell(UnitCard unitCard)	Called when cast this card on to a unit card Increase unitCard Power by this spell's powerIncrease value.
+ int getPowerIncrease()	Getter methods.
+ void setPowerIncrease(int powerIncrease)	Setter methods. If powerIncrease is lower than 1, set this BuffSpellcard's powerIncrease to 1

# 2.3.6 Class DamageSpellCard

This class represents "Damage spell Card" Very similar to SpellCard but with 1 more properties (damage) and 2 more methods. Damage Spell Card has to be casted on Opponent's unit on the field, deal damage to its health point

#### 2.3.6.1 Constructors

+ DamageSpe	ellCard(String nar	ne, String	Initialize the spell card with the given name,
flavorText, i	nt bloodCost,	boolean	flavor text, blood cost, and the attribute.
isBurstSpeed, i	nt damage)		

#### 2.3.6.2 Methods

+ void castSpell(UnitCard unitCard)	Called when cast this card on to a unit card Reduce unitCard Health point by this spell's damage value.
+ int getDamage ()	Getter methods.
+ void setDamage(int damage)	Setter methods. If damage is lower than 1, set this DamageSpellcard's damage to 1

# 2.4 package test.student

# 2.4.1 Class TestDeck

This class test Card class from card.base package. All constructors and some test cases has already been implemented, except for 2 test cases which student needs to implement.

# 2.4.1.1 Methods (Test cases)

void testRemoveCard()	This test case must test 2 scenarios.  1. Remove any card from the deck, then check if that card inside the deck is no longer there, number of cards is reduced, and other cards are rearranged correctly.  2. Repeat scenario 1, but with a different deck.
void testRemoveNonExsistanceCard ()	Use assertThrows to check RemoveCardFailedException by removing card form the deck on the slot that doesn't have card in it.

### 2.4.2 Class TestNormalUnitCard

This class test NormalUnitCard class from card.type package. All constructors and test cases has already been implemented. You don't have implement any test case in this class, but you can use it as a reference.

#### 2.4.3 Class TestDebuffUnitCard

This class test DebuffUnitCard class from card.type package. All constructors and some test cases has already been implemented, except for 2 test cases which student needs to implement.

### 2.4.3.1 Methods (Test cases)

void testSetDebuffPower()	Test setDebuffPower method to see if it works correctly, especially when getting a negative value.
void testAttack()	Have 3 different DebuffUnitCards attack oppoUnit1, and check the damage dealt value, oppoUnit1 health point and attack after each attack.

#### 2.4.4 Class TestVenomUnitCard

This class test VenomUnitCard class from card.type package. All constructors and some test cases has already been implemented, except for 1 test case which student needs to implement.

#### 2.4.4.1 Methods (Test cases)

void testAttack()	Have 3 different VenomUnitCards attack oppoUnit1 and change oppoUnit1's health point
	<b>after every attack</b> , and check the damage dealt value, and oppoUnit1 health point after each
	attack.

#### 2.4.5 Class TestLeaderUnitCard

This class test LeaderUnitCard class from card.type package. All constructors and some test cases has already been implemented, except for 3 test cases which student needs to implement.

# 2.4.5.1 Methods (Test cases)

void testSetBuffHealth()	Test if setBuffHealth works correctly, especially when given an out of range value.				
void testAttack()	Have 2 different LeaderUnitCards attack oppoUnit1 total of 3 or more times, and check the damage dealt value, and oppoUnit1 health point after each attack. (You must test a case of oppoUnit1 take damage exceed its health, not including this case will only give you half a score)				
void testBuffUnit()	Have 2 different LeaderUnitCards buff a unit in unitList. And check each unit's power and health point after each buff.				

# 2.4.6 Class TestBuffSpellCard

This class test BuffSpellCard class from card.type package. All constructors and test cases has already been implemented. You don't have implement any test case in this class, but you can use it as a reference.

# 2.4.7 Class TestDamageSpellCard

This class test DamageSpellCard class from card.type package. All constructors and some test cases has already been implemented, except for test cases which student needs to implement.

# 2.4.7.1 Methods (Test cases)

void testConstructor()	Check all attribute of one of the DamageSpellCard (Name, Flavor text, Blood cost, isBurstSpeed, and damage) (You may need another test case for when values go out of range.)
void testSetDamage()	Check if the setDamage method works correctly, especially when setting an out of range value.
void testCastSpell()	Have 3 different DamageSpellCards deal damage to unit. And check unit's health point after each cast.

# Score Criteria (UML score is 9 marks. Incorrect Abstract class will get -5 each.) The total score is 55 (will be scaled down to 5)

Lab 3				Lab 3			
2021- 2	Abstract		26	2021- 2	Junit		20
	test.student.TestBuffSpellCard		5		test.student.TestBuffSpellCard		0
	1031.3144	testConstructor	1		1031.0	tadent. restbanopenodra	
		testConstructorNegativeValue	1				
		testSetPowerIncrease	1				
	testCastSpell		2		toot (	student TeetDamageChellCard	_
	test.student.TestDamageSpellCard		0		test.s	student.TestDamageSpellCard	5
						testConstructor	2
						testSetDamage	1
						testCastSpell	2
	test.student.TestDebuffUnitCard		2		test.s	student.TestDebuffUnitCard	3
		testConstructor	1			testAttack	2
		testConstructorNegativeValue	1			testSetDebuffPower	1
	test.student.TestDeck		6		test.s	student.TestDeck	4
		testConstructor	1			testRemoveCard	2
		testInsertCard	3			testNonExsistanceRemoveCard	2
		testInsertCardMoreThan4Card	2				
	test.stu	dent.TestLeaderUnitCard	3		test.s	student.TestLeaderUnitCard	6
		testConstructor	1			testSetBuffHealth	1
		testConstructorNegativeValue	1			testAttack	3
		testSetBuffPower	1			testBuffUnit	2
	test.stu	dent.TestNormalUnitCard	6		test.s	student.TestNormalUnitCard	0
		testConstructor	2				
		testNonPositiveConstructor	1				
		testAttack	3				
	test.student.TestVemonUnitCard		4		test.s	student.TestVemonUnitCard	2
		testConstructor	1			testAttack	2
		testConstructorNegativeValue	1				
		testDead	2				