```
#include <GL/gl.h>
#include <GL/glut.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include<stdio.h>
// Initialize all the global variables here
int x1,y1,x2,y2,dx,dy;
float ix, iy, step;
void display(void)
{
glClear (GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT);
glColor3f (1.0, 0.0, 0.0);
//Write down the algorithm here
dx = abs(x2-x1);
dy = abs(y2-y1);
if(abs(dx) > abs(dy)){
    step = abs(dx);
  }
  else
```

```
{
   step = abs(dy);
}
ix = dx/step;
iy = dy/step;
float x=x1, y=y1;
glBegin(GL_POINTS);
glVertex2i (abs(x), abs(y));
int i;
for (i = 0; i<step; i++)
{
   x = x + ix;
   y = y + iy;
   printf("%.1f %.1f %.1f %.1f", x, y, step, ix, iy);
   printf("\n");
   glVertex2i (abs(x), abs(y));
   // then again here you can't use glEnd() here otherwise it will stop drawing after one loop
}
```

```
glutSwapBuffers();
}
void init (void)
{
glClearColor (0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0); /* select clearing (background) color */
                                     /* initialize viewing values */
glMatrixMode(GL_PROJECTION);
glLoadIdentity();
glOrtho(0.0, 200.0, 0.0, 200.0, -200.0, 200.0);
}
int main(int argc, char** argv)
{
 //Scan all the values from here
  printf("Enter the value of x1: ");
  scanf("%d", &x1);
  printf("Enter the value of y1: ");
    scanf("%d", &y1);
  printf("Enter the value of x2: ");
    scanf("%d", &x2);
  printf("Enter the value of y2: ");
    scanf("%d", &y2);
```

```
glutInit(&argc, argv);
glutInitDisplayMode (GLUT_DOUBLE | GLUT_RGB);
glutInitWindowSize (300, 300);
glutInitWindowPosition (100, 100);
glutCreateWindow ("AAKA-231");
init ();
glutDisplayFunc(display);
glutMainLoop();
return 0; /* ISO C requires main to return int. */
}
```

