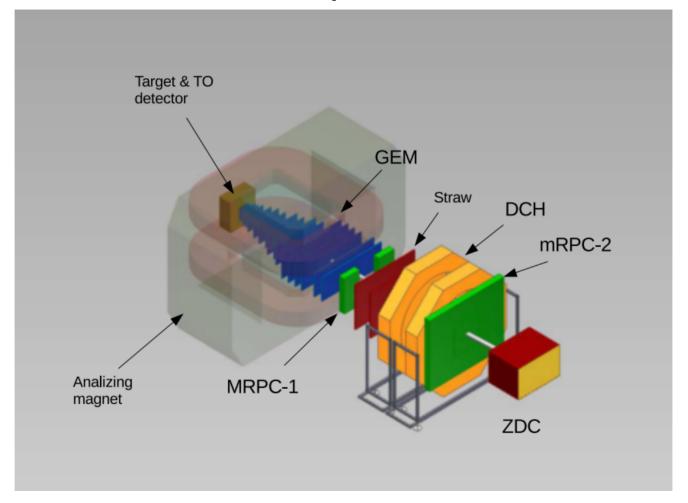
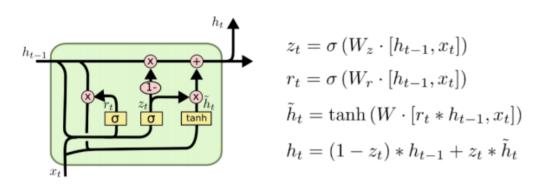
# **BM@N** Experiment



#### **RNN Option**



- $-32 \text{ Conv1D } 3 \times 3 \text{ filters};$
- bidirectional GRU with the output size equals to 64;
- 30% dropout layer;
- forward GRU with 64 hidden neurons;
- 30% dropout layer.

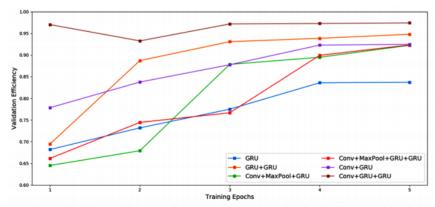


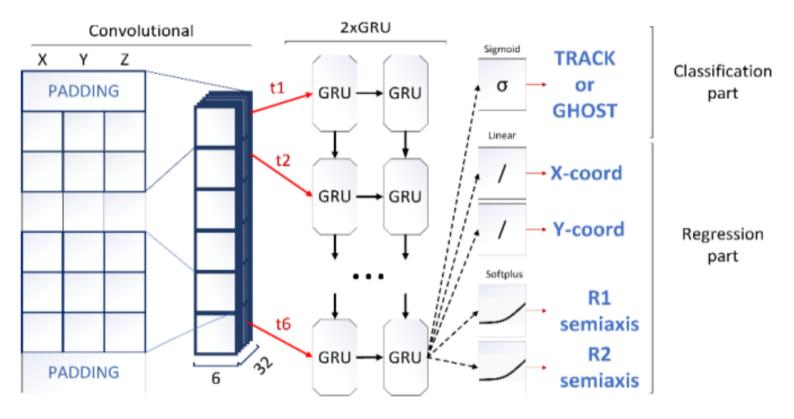
Figure 4. Validation efficiency value vs training epoch number for 6 different models of NN

Recall – Частка справжніх треків, що було відгадано Precision – Частка треків, що були класифіковані як справжні насправді справжні

Accuracy – Частка треків, що були вгадані правильно

	3 points	4 points	5 points
Recall	98.2%	99.0%	98.3%
Precision	49.0%	57.0%	70.0%
Accuracy	88.0%	92.0%	95.2%

### **RNN Option**

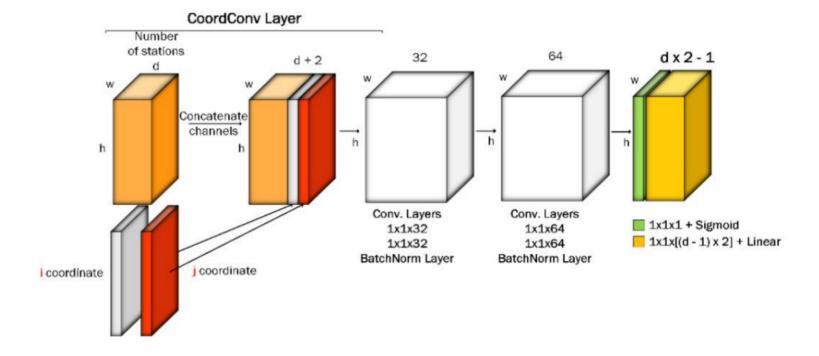


$$J = max(\lambda_1, 1 - p) FL(p, p', \alpha, \gamma) + p \left(\lambda_2 \sqrt{\left(\frac{x - x'}{R1}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{y - y'}{R2}\right)^2} + \lambda_3 R1R2\right),$$

$$FL(p, p', \alpha, \gamma) = -p\alpha(1 - p')^{\gamma} \log p' - (p')^{\gamma}(1 - p)(1 - \alpha) \log(1 - p')$$

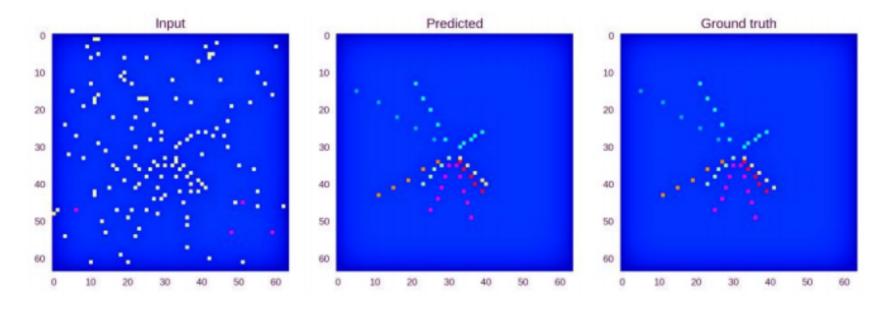
#### **LOOT (Look Once On Tracks)**

512\*512\*5 tensor



$$L = \frac{\sum_{i=0}^{w \times h} CE(C_i, \widehat{C}_i)}{w \times h} + \frac{\sum_{i=0}^{w \times h} (X \text{shifts}_i * \widehat{C}_i - X \widehat{\text{shifts}}_i)^2 + (Y \text{shifts}_i * \widehat{C}_i - Y \widehat{\text{shifts}}_i)^2}{nz},$$

## **Example**



**Fig. 3.** Example of the model prediction. XoY plane of 3D event is shown. The left image is the LOOT input; the central image is the prediction and the right one – the target.

#### Results

**Table 2.** Results of the evaluation of the trained network for a different number of tracks.

# of tracks in event	10 tracks	50 tracks	100 tracks
Rate o fake hits	0.0009	0.0013	0.0043
Efficiency	99.4%	98.8%	97.97

#### Обмеженя:

- Трек має проходити через усі станції
- Трек має зареєструватися в першій станції