# FeynHiggs 2.12.0

# **Application Programming Interface**

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## **FHSetFlags**

## Description

FHSetFlags sets the flags for FeynHiggs. It must be called before any other FeynHiggs function.

## **Synopsis – Fortran version**

```
integer error
integer mssmpart, fieldren, tanbren, higgsmix, p2approx
integer looplevel, loglevel, runningMT, botResum, t1CplxApprox
subroutine FHSetFlags(error,
   mssmpart, fieldren, tanbren, higgsmix, p2approx,
   looplevel, loglevel, runningMT, botResum, t1CplxApprox)
```

#### Synopsis – Mathematica version

```
FHSetFlags[mssmpart, fieldren, tanbren, higgsmix, p2approx, looplevel, loglevel, runningMT, botResum, tlCplxApprox]
```

- OUT integer error
  - zero if successful, otherwise the line number in SetFlags.F from which the error message was emitted.
  - integer  $\mathtt{mssmpart} = 0 \dots 4$  specifies the scope of the calculation:
    - 0:  $m_t^4$ -approximation,
    - 1: top/stop-sector,
    - 2: top/stop- + bottom/sbottom-sector,
    - 3: full (s)quark/(s)lepton-sector,
    - 4: full MSSM (recommended).

 $\lceil \text{IN} \rceil$  integer fieldren = 0...4

determines the one-loop field-renormalization constants:

- 0:  $\overline{DR}$  (strongly recommended),
- 1: on-shell, Dabelstein's convention,
- 2: on-shell, 'Goldstone-pole' version,
- 3: on-shell, MF I,
- 4: on-shell, MF II.
- $\lceil IN \rceil$  integer tanbren = 0...2

determines the one-loop tan  $\beta$  counter term:

- 0:  $\overline{DR}$  (strongly recommended),
- 1: field renormalization part only (Dabelstein),
- 2: mixed field/on-shell-renormalization.
- $\lceil IN \rceil$  integer higgsmix = 1...3

determines the mixing in the Higgs sector:

- 1: all non-diagonal self-energies ( $\Sigma_{hH}$ ,  $\Sigma_{hA}$ ,  $\Sigma_{HA}$ ) are set to zero,
- 2: the CP-violating non-diagonal self-energies ( $\Sigma_{hA}$ ,  $\Sigma_{HA}$ ) are set to zero, i.e. 2 × 2 mixing among CP-even states = evaluation in the rMSSM,
- 3: full  $3 \times 3$  mixing in the neutral sector = evaluation in the cMSSM.
- IN integer p2approx = 0...4

determines the approximation for the one-loop result:

- 0: none, i.e. full determination of the propagator matrices's poles, UHiggs is evaluated at  $p^2 = m^2$ ,
- 1:  $p^2 = 0$  approximation,
- 2: all self-energies are calculated at  $p^2 = m_{\text{tree}}^2$ ,
- 3: imaginary parts of self-energies are discarded,
- 4: as 0, but with UHiggs evaluated at  $p^2 = 0$  (recommended).
- IN integer looplevel = 0...2

determines the inclusion of higher-order corrections:

0: tree level,

- 1: one-loop contributions only,
- 2: include various two-loop contributions (recommended).
- IN integer loglevel = 0...3

determines the inclusion of log resummations:

- 0: no log resummation,
- 1: NLL resummation (for large  $M_{SUSY}$ ),
- 2: NLL resummation (for large  $M_{\tilde{\chi}^{0,\pm}}$ ,  $M_{\tilde{g}}$ ,  $M_{SUSY}$ ) (recommended),
- 3: NNLL resummation (for large  $M_{\tilde{\chi}^{0,\pm}}$ ,  $M_{\tilde{g}}$ ,  $M_{SUSY}$ ).
- $\lceil IN \rceil$  integer runningMT = 0...3

determines which top mass shall be used in the 1-/2-loop corrections

- 0: use  $m_t^{\text{pole}}$ ,
- 1: use two-loop SM- $\overline{\text{MS}}$   $m_t^{\text{run}}$  (recommended),
- 2: use one-loop SM- $\overline{\rm MS}$   $m_t^{\rm run}$ ,
- 3: use MSSM- $\overline{DR} m_t^{\text{run}}$ .
- $\lceil \text{IN} \rceil$  integer botResum = 0...1

determines whether the  $O(\tan^n \beta)$  corrections shall be resummed:

- 0: no resummation,
- 1: resummation (recommended).
- $\lceil N \rceil$  integer tlCplxApprox = 0...6

determines how the two-loop corrections are treated in the presence of complex parameters (cMSSM):

- 0: all corrections  $(\alpha_s \alpha_t, \alpha_s \alpha_b, \alpha_t^2, \alpha_t \alpha_b)$  are computed in the rMSSM (recommended for evaluation in the rMSSM),
- 1: only the cMSSM  $\alpha_s \alpha_t$  and  $\alpha_t^2$  corrections are used,
- 2: the cMSSM  $\alpha_s \alpha_t$  and  $\alpha_t^2$  corrections are combined with the remaining corrections in the rMSSM,
- 3: the cMSSM  $\alpha_s \alpha_t$  and  $\alpha_t^2$  corrections are combined with the remaining corrections, whose complex phases are interpolated in  $A_t$ ,  $A_b$ ,  $M_3$ ,  $\mu$ ,
- 4: ditto, with interpolation in  $X_t$ ,  $A_b$ ,  $M_3$ ,  $\mu$ ,
- 5: ditto, with interpolation in  $A_t$ ,  $X_b$ ,  $M_3$ ,  $\mu$ ,
- 6: ditto, with interpolation in  $X_t$ ,  $X_b$ ,  $M_3$ ,  $\mu$ .

## **FHSetFlagsString**

## Description

FHSetFlagsString sets the flags for FeynHiggs. It works just like FHSetFlags except that it takes a 10-character string as argument rather than 10 integers.

## **Synopsis – Fortran version**

```
integer error
character*10 flags
subroutine FHSetFlagsString(error, flags)
```

## Synopsis – Mathematica version

FHSetFlagsString[flags]

- OUT integer error
  - zero if successful, otherwise the line number in SetFlags.F from which the error message was emitted.
  - IN character\*10 flags
    the flags in the same order and with the same values as in FHSetFlags.

## **FHRetrieveFlags**

## Description

FHRetrieveFlags retrieves the flags from FeynHiggs.

## **Synopsis – Fortran version**

```
integer error
integer mssmpart, fieldren, tanbren, higgsmix, p2approx
integer looplevel, loglevel, runningMT, botResum, t1CplxApprox
subroutine FHRetrieveFlags(error,
   mssmpart, fieldren, tanbren, higgsmix, p2approx,
   looplevel, loglevel, runningMT, botResum, t1CplxApprox)
```

#### Synopsis – Mathematica version

FHRetrieveFlags[]

## **Arguments**

OUT integer error

zero if successful, otherwise the line number in RetrieveFlags.F from which the error message was emitted.

OUT integer mssmpart = 0...4

specifies the scope of the calculation:

- 0:  $m_t^4$ -approximation,
- 1: top/stop-sector,
- 2: top/stop- + bottom/sbottom-sector,
- 3: full (s)quark/(s)lepton-sector,
- 4: full MSSM.

OUT integer fieldren = 0...4

determines the one-loop field-renormalization constants:

- $0: \overline{DR},$
- 1: on-shell, Dabelstein's convention,
- 2: on-shell, 'Goldstone-pole' version,
- 3: on-shell, MF I,
- 4: on-shell, MF II.

 $\boxed{\text{OUT}}$  integer tanbren = 0...2

determines the one-loop  $\tan \beta$  counter term:

- $0: \overline{DR}$
- 1: field renormalization part only (Dabelstein),
- 2: mixed field/on-shell-renormalization.

 $\boxed{\text{OUT}}$  integer higgsmix = 1...3

determines the mixing in the Higgs sector:

- 1: all non-diagonal self-energies ( $\Sigma_{hH}$ ,  $\Sigma_{hA}$ ,  $\Sigma_{HA}$ ) are set to zero,
- 2: the CP-violating non-diagonal self-energies ( $\Sigma_{hA}$ ,  $\Sigma_{HA}$ ) are set to zero, i.e. 2 × 2 mixing among CP-even states = evaluation in the rMSSM,
- 3: full  $3 \times 3$  mixing in the neutral sector = evaluation in the cMSSM.

[OUT] integer p2approx = 0...2

determines the approximation for the one-loop result:

- 0: none, i.e. full determination of the propagator matrices's poles,
- 1:  $p^2 = 0$  approximation,
- 2: all self-energies are calculated at  $p^2 = m_{\text{tree}}^2$
- 3: imaginary parts of self-energies are discarded,
- 4: UHiggs is evaluated at  $p^2 = 0$ .

 $\lceil \text{OUT} \rceil$  integer looplevel = 0...2

determines the inclusion of higher-order corrections:

- 0: tree level,
- 1: one-loop contributions only,
- 2: include various two-loop contributions.

[OUT] integer loglevel = 0...3

determines the inclusion of log resummations:

- 0: no log resummation,
- 1: NLL resummation (for large  $M_{SUSY}$ ),
- 2: NLL resummation (for large  $M_{\tilde{\chi}^{0,\pm}}$ ,  $M_{\tilde{g}}$ ,  $M_{SUSY}$ ),
- 3: NNLL resummation (for large  $M_{\tilde{\chi}^{0,\pm}}$ ,  $M_{\tilde{g}}$ ,  $M_{SUSY}$ ).

[OUT] integer runningMT = 0...1

determines which top mass shall be used in the 1-/2-loop corrections

- 0: use  $m_t^{\text{pole}}$ ,
- 1: use two-loop SM- $\overline{\text{MS}}$   $m_t^{\text{run}}$  (recommended),
- 2: use one-loop SM- $\overline{\rm MS}$   $m_t^{\rm run}$ ,
- 3: use MSSM- $\overline{DR} m_t^{\text{run}}$ .

[out] integer botResum = 0...1

determines whether the  $O(\tan^n \beta)$  corrections shall be resummed:

- 0: no resummation,
- 1: resummation.

[OUT] integer tlCplxApprox = 0...6

determines how the two-loop corrections are treated in the presence of complex parameters (cMSSM):

- 0: all corrections ( $\alpha_s \alpha_t$ ,  $\alpha_s \alpha_b$ ,  $\alpha_t \alpha_t$ ,  $\alpha_t \alpha_b$ ) are computed in the rMSSM,
- 1: only the cMSSM  $\alpha_s \alpha_t$  corrections are used,
- 2: the cMSSM  $\alpha_s \alpha_t$  corrections are combined with the remaining corrections in the rMSSM,
- 3: the cMSSM  $\alpha_s \alpha_t$  corrections are combined with the remaining corrections, whose complex phases are interpolated in  $A_t$ ,  $A_b$ ,  $M_3$ ,  $\mu$ ,
- 4: ditto, with interpolation in  $X_t$ ,  $A_b$ ,  $M_3$ ,  $\mu$ ,
- 5: ditto, with interpolation in  $A_t$ ,  $X_b$ ,  $M_3$ ,  $\mu$ ,
- 6: ditto, with interpolation in  $X_t$ ,  $X_b$ ,  $M_3$ ,  $\mu$ .

## **FHRetrieveFlagsString**

## Description

FHRetrieveFlagsString retrieves the flags from FeynHiggs. It works just like FHRetrieveFlags except that it takes a 10-character string as argument rather than 10 integers.

## Synopsis – Fortran version

```
integer error
character*10 flags
subroutine FHRetrieveFlagsString(error, flags)
```

## Synopsis – Mathematica version

FHRetrieveFlagsString[]

## **Arguments**

OUT integer error zero if successful, otherwise the line number in RetrieveFlags.F from which the error message was emitted.

OUT character\*10 flags the flags in the same order and with the same values as in FHRetrieveFlags.

## **FHSetDebug**

## Description

FHSetDebug sets the debugging level for FeynHiggs.

## **Synopsis – Fortran version**

integer debuglevel
subroutine FHSetDebug(debuglevel)

## **Synopsis – Mathematica version**

FHSetDebug[debuglevel]

## **Arguments**

 $_{\mbox{\scriptsize IN}}$  integer debuglevel the new debugging level, where

- 0: no debugging messages,
- 1: dump FHSetFlags and FHSetPara values,
- 2: echo input parameters in detail, display the Higgs mass matrix at  $p^2 = 0$  and the counter-terms,
- 3: display the search for zeros of the Higgs propagator matrix.

#### **FHSetSMPara**

#### Description

FHSetSMPara sets up the SM inputs for FeynHiggs. All of these parameters have default values so it is optional to call FHSetSMPara. If FHSetSMPara is called, it must be called before FHSetPara.

Substituting -1 for any argument uses its default value.

#### **Synopsis – Fortran version**

```
integer error
double precision invAlfa, AlfasMZ, GF
double precision ME, MU, MD, MM, MC, MS, ML, MB
double precision MW, MZ
double precision CKMlambda, CKMA, CKMrhobar, CKMetabar
subroutine FHSetSMPara(error,
  invAlfa, AlfasMZ, GF,
  ME, MU, MD, MM, MC, MS, ML, MB,
  MW, MZ,
  CKMlambda, CKMA, CKMrhobar, CKMetabar)
```

## Synopsis – Mathematica version

```
FHSetSMPara[invAlfa, AlfasMZ, GF,
   ME, MU, MD, MM, MC, MS, ML, MB,
   MW, MZ,
   CKMlambda, CKMA, CKMrhobar, CKMetabar]
```

## **Arguments**

OUT integer error

zero if successful, otherwise the line number in SetSMPara.F from which the error message was emitted.

IN double precision invAlfa the value of electromagnetic coupling constant  $\alpha^{-1}$ , or -1 for the default value.

- IN double precision AlfasMZ the value of the strong coupling constant  $\alpha_s(M_Z)$ , or -1 for the default value.
- ouble precision GF the value of the Fermi constant  $G_F$ , or -1 for the default value.
- IN double precision ME, MM, ML the on-shell electron, muon, tauon mass, or -1 for the default values.
- IN double precision MU, MD, MS the up, down, and strange quark masses at 2 GeV, or -1 for the default values.
- IN double precision MC, MB the charm mass at  $m_c$  and bottom mass at  $m_b$ , or -1 for the default values.
- $\fill\tilde{\tilde{IN}}$  MW, MZ the W and Z masses, or -1 for the default values.
- IN double precision CKMlambda, CKMA, CKMrhobar, CKMetabar the CKM input parameters  $\lambda$ , A,  $\bar{\rho}$ , and  $\bar{\eta}$  in Wolfenstein parameterization, or -1 for the default values. The CKM matrix is computed as

$$CKM = \begin{pmatrix} c_{12}c_{13} & s_{12}c_{13} & s_{13}^* \\ -s_{12}c_{23} - c_{12}s_{23}s_{13} & c_{12}c_{23} - s_{12}s_{23}s_{13} & s_{23}c_{13} \\ s_{12}s_{23} - c_{12}s_{23}s_{13} & -c_{12}s_{23} - s_{12}c_{23}s_{13} & c_{23}c_{13} \end{pmatrix}$$

where 
$$s_{12} = \lambda$$
,  $s_{23} = A\lambda^2$ ,  $s_{13} = \frac{A\lambda^3(\bar{\rho} + i\bar{\eta})\sqrt{1 - A^2\lambda^4}}{\sqrt{1 - \lambda^2}(1 - A^2\lambda^4(\bar{\rho} + i\bar{\eta})}$  and  $c_{ij} = \sqrt{1 - |s_{ij}|^2}$ .

#### **FHRetrieveSMPara**

#### Description

FHRetrieveSMPara retrieves the SM input parameters from FeynHiggs.

## Synopsis - Fortran version

```
integer error
double precision invAlfa, AlfasMZ, GF
double precision ME, MU, MD, MM, MC, MS, ML, MB
double precision MW, MZ
double precision CKMlambda, CKMA, CKMrhobar, CKMetabar
subroutine FHRetrieveSMPara(error,
   invAlfa, AlfasMZ, GF,
   ME, MU, MD, MM, MC, MS, ML, MB,
   MW, MZ,
   CKMlambda, CKMA, CKMrhobar, CKMetabar)
```

## Synopsis - Mathematica version

FHRetrieveSMPara[]

- OUT integer error zero if successful, otherwise the line number in RetrieveSMPara.F from which the error message was emitted.
- out double precision invAlfa the value of electromagnetic coupling constant  $\alpha^{-1}$ .
- OUT double precision AlfasMZ the value of the strong coupling constant  $lpha_s(M_Z)$ .
- $oxed{ ext{out}}$  double precision GF the value of the Fermi constant  $G_F$ .

- OUT double precision ME, MM, ML the on-shell electron, muon, tauon mass.
- OUT double precision MU, MD, MS the up, down, and strange quark masses at 2 GeV.
- $_{\rm OUT}$  double precision MC, MB the charm mass at  $m_c$  and bottom mass at  $m_b.$
- $_{\hbox{\scriptsize OUT}}$  double precision MW, MZ the W and Z masses.
- OUT double precision CKMlambda, CKMA, CKMrhobar, CKMetabar the CKM input parameters  $\lambda$ , A,  $\bar{\rho}$ ,  $\bar{\eta}$  in Wolfenstein parameterization.

## **FHGetSMPara**

#### **Description**

FHGetSMPara returns the SM parameters computed from the input values by FHSetSMPara. The flags and SM parameters must have been set before with FHSetFlags and FHSetSMPara.

## **Synopsis – Fortran version**

```
integer error
double complex CKM(3,3)
subroutine FHGetSMPara(error, CKM)
```

## **Synopsis – Mathematica version**

FHGetSMPara[]

## **Arguments**

OUT integer error zero if successful, otherwise the line number in GetSMPara.F from which the error message was emitted.

OUT double complex  $CKM(g_1,g_2)$  the CKM matrix.

#### **FHSetPara**

## Description

FHSetPara sets up the parameters for FeynHiggs. From the given input values it computes the remaining MSSM parameters (masses and mixing matrices). The flags must have been set before with FHSetFlags.

#### Synopsis – Fortran version

```
integer error
double precision scalefactor
double precision MT, TB, MAO, MHp
double precision M3SL, M3SE, M3SQ, M3SU, M3SD
double precision M2SL, M2SE, M2SQ, M2SU, M2SD
double precision M1SL, M1SE, M1SQ, M1SU, M1SD
double complex MUE, M_1, M_2, M_3
double complex At, Ab, Atau, Ac, As, Amu, Au, Ad, Ae
double precision Qtau, Qt, Qb
subroutine FHSetPara(error, scalefactor,
  MT, TB, MAO, MHp,
  M3SL, M3SE, M3SQ, M3SU, M3SD,
  M2SL, M2SE, M2SQ, M2SU, M2SD,
  M1SL, M1SE, M1SQ, M1SU, M1SD,
  MUE,
  Atau, At, Ab, Amu, Ac, As, Ae, Au, Ad,
  M_{1}, M_{2}, M_{3},
  Qtau, Qt, Qb)
```

## Synopsis - Mathematica version

```
FHSetPara[scalefactor,
MT, TB, MAO, MHp,
M3SL, M3SE, M3SQ, M3SU, M3SD,
M2SL, M2SE, M2SQ, M2SU, M2SD,
M1SL, M1SE, M1SQ, M1SU, M1SD,
MUE,
Atau, At, Ab, Amu, Ac, As, Ae, Au, Ad,
```

M\_1, M\_2, M\_3,
Qtau, Qt, Qb]

#### Arguments

OUT integer error

zero if successful, otherwise the line number in SetPara.F from which the error message was emitted.

- $_{
  m IN}$  double precision scalefactor the renormalization scale is  $m_t$  times the scalefactor.
- $\begin{tabular}{l} \hline \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{l} \end{tabul$
- ouble precision TB the ratio of the Higgs vacuum expectation values,  $\tan \beta$ .
- IN double precision MAO, MHp the masses of the CP-odd and charged Higgs, respectively. Only one should be given: if MAO  $\geqslant$  0, MAO is taken as input, otherwise MHp is used.
- double precision MgSL, MgSE, MgSQ, MgSU, MgSD, g=1...3 the soft-SUSY breaking parameters for the g-th generation in the sfermion sector, specifically: MgSL for the slepton doublet, MgSE for the slepton singlet, MgSQ for the squark doublet, MgSU for the up-type squark singlet, and MgSD for the downtype squark singlet.
- IN double complex MUE the Higgs mixing parameter  $\mu$ .
- double complex Ae, Amu, Atau, Au, Ac, At, Ad, As, Ab the soft-SUSY breaking parameters. To give an example (and thus fix the notation) the stop mass matrix is given by  $(D_t^{1,2}$  are the D-terms):

$$\begin{pmatrix} \texttt{M3SQ}^2 + \texttt{MT}^2 + D_t^1 & \texttt{MT} \left( \texttt{At}^* - \texttt{MUE} / \texttt{TB} \right) \\ \texttt{MT} \left( \texttt{At} - \texttt{MUE}^* / \texttt{TB} \right) & \texttt{M3SU}^2 + \texttt{MT}^2 + D_t^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

Mouble complex M\_1, M\_2, M\_3 the gaugino mass parameters. If zero is passed for M\_1, the GUT relation is used.

[IN] double precision Qtau, Qt, Qb

the scales at which the sfermion input parameters  $M3S\{L,E,Q,U,D\}$  are given. There are two special cases:

- The value 0 indicates on-shell parameters.
- The value -1 selects the scale  $\sqrt{\tilde{m}_t^1 \tilde{m}_t^2}$ . The procedure is: compute the sfermion masses from the given input parameter, run them to the on-shell scale, and extract the on-shell input parameters from the latter.

Qtau is presently not used.

#### **FHRetrievePara**

#### Description

FHRetrievePara retrieves the input parameters from FeynHiggs.

#### Synopsis – Fortran version

```
integer error
double precision scalefactor
double precision MT, TB, MAO, MHp
double precision M3SL, M3SE, M3SQ, M3SU, M3SD
double precision M2SL, M2SE, M2SQ, M2SU, M2SD
double precision M1SL, M1SE, M1SQ, M1SU, M1SD
double complex MUE, M_1, M_2, M_3
double complex At, Ab, Atau, Ac, As, Amu, Au, Ad, Ae
double precision Qtau, Qt, Qb
subroutine FHRetrievePara(error, scalefactor,
 MT, TB, MAO, MHp,
 M3SL, M3SE, M3SQ, M3SU, M3SD,
 M2SL, M2SE, M2SQ, M2SU, M2SD,
 M1SL, M1SE, M1SQ, M1SU, M1SD,
 MUE,
 Atau, At, Ab, Amu, Ac, As, Ae, Au, Ad,
 M_1, M_2, M_3,
 Qtau, Qt, Qb)
```

## Synopsis - Mathematica version

FHRetrievePara[]

## Arguments

OUT integer error

zero if successful, otherwise the line number in RetrievePara.F from which the error message was emitted.

- $oxed{ ext{OUT}}$  double precision scalefactor the renormalization scale is  $m_t$  times the scalefactor.
- out double precision MT the top-quark mass.
- OUT double precision TB the ratio of the Higgs vacuum expectation values,  $\tan \beta$ .
- OUT double precision MAO, MHp the masses of the CP-odd and charged Higgs, respectively.
- double precision MgSL, MgSE, MgSQ, MgSU, MgSD, g=1...3 the soft-SUSY breaking parameters for the g-th generation in the sfermion sector, specifically: MgSL for the slepton doublet, MgSE for the slepton singlet, MgSQ for the squark doublet, MgSU for the up-type squark singlet, and MgSD for the downtype squark singlet.
- out double complex MUE the Higgs mixing parameter  $\mu$ .
- OUT double complex Ae, Amu, Atau, Au, Ac, At, Ad, As, Ab the soft-SUSY breaking parameters.
- OUT double complex M\_1, M\_2, M\_3 the gaugino mass parameters.
- out double precision Qtau, Qt, Qb the scales at which the sfermion input parameters  $M3S\{L,E,Q,U,D\}$  are given.

#### **FHRetrieveOSPara**

#### Description

FHRetrieveOSPara retrieves the on-shell input parameters from FeynHiggs.

#### Synopsis – Fortran version

```
integer error
double precision scalefactor
double precision MT, TB, MAO, MHp
double precision M3SL, M3SE, M3SQ, M3SU, M3SD
double precision M2SL, M2SE, M2SQ, M2SU, M2SD
double precision M1SL, M1SE, M1SQ, M1SU, M1SD
double complex MUE, M_1, M_2, M_3
double complex At, Ab, Atau, Ac, As, Amu, Au, Ad, Ae
subroutine FHRetrieveOSPara(error, scalefactor,
  MT, TB, MAO, MHp,
  M3SL, M3SE, M3SQ, M3SU, M3SD,
  M2SL, M2SE, M2SQ, M2SU, M2SD,
  M1SL, M1SE, M1SQ, M1SU, M1SD,
  MUE,
  Atau, At, Ab, Amu, Ac, As, Ae, Au, Ad,
  M_{1}, M_{2}, M_{3}
```

## Synopsis – Mathematica version

FHRetrieveOSPara[]

## Arguments

OUT integer error zero if successful, otherwise the line number in RetrieveOSPara.F from which the error message was emitted.

 $_{
m OUT}$  double precision scalefactor the renormalization scale is  $m_t$  times the scalefactor.

- out double precision MT the top-quark mass.
- OUT double precision TB the ratio of the Higgs vacuum expectation values,  $\tan \beta$ .
- out double precision MAO, MHp the masses of the CP-odd and charged Higgs, respectively.
- double precision MgSL, MgSE, MgSQ, MgSU, MgSD, g=1...3 the soft-SUSY breaking parameters for the g-th generation in the sfermion sector, specifically: MgSL for the slepton doublet, MgSE for the slepton singlet, MgSQ for the squark doublet, MgSU for the up-type squark singlet, and MgSD for the downtype squark singlet.
- out double complex MUE the Higgs mixing parameter  $\mu$ .
- OUT double complex Ae, Amu, Atau, Au, Ac, At, Ad, As, Ab the soft-SUSY breaking parameters.
- out double complex M\_1, M\_2, M\_3 the gaugino mass parameters.

#### **FHSetSLHA**

## Description

FHSetSLHA is the companion routine to FHSetPara. It extracts the parameters for Feyn-Higgs from SUSY Les Houches Accord (SLHA) data. In Fortran, it reads the data from the slhadata array used by the SLHA library, in Mathematica it reads the data from the SLHA file directly. As with FHSetPara, the flags must have been set before with FHSetFlags.

#### **Synopsis – Fortran version**

```
#include "SLHA.h"
integer error
double complex slhadata(nslhadata)
subroutine FHSetSLHA(error, slhadata)
```

## Synopsis – Mathematica version

FHSetSLHA[slhafile]

- OUT integer error
  - zero if successful, otherwise the line number in SetSLHA.F from which the error message was emitted.
  - IN double complex slhadata(i) the SLHA data structure. The slhadata array should never be accessed directly, but only through the preprocessor macros defined in SLHADefs.h.
  - IN String slhafile the name of the file from which to read the SLHA data.

#### **FHSetNMFV**

#### Description

FHSetNMFV sets the non-minimal flavour-violating parameters, i.e. the off-diagonal entries of the SUSY-breaking parameters  $M_{\tilde{O}}$ ,  $M_{\tilde{U}}$  and  $M_{\tilde{D}}$ , and  $A_{u,d}$ .

The  $6 \times 6$  sfermion mass matrices are

$$\begin{split} M_{\tilde{u}}^2 &= \begin{pmatrix} V M_{\tilde{Q}}^2 V^\dagger & K_u \\ K_u^* & M_{\tilde{U}}^2 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} (\frac{1}{2} - \frac{2}{3} s_W^2) m_Z^2 \cos 2\beta + m_{u_i}^2 & -m_{u_i} \mu^* \cot \beta \\ -m_{u_i} \mu \cot \beta & \frac{2}{3} s_W^2 m_Z^2 \cos 2\beta + m_{u_i}^2 \end{pmatrix}, \\ M_{\tilde{d}}^2 &= \begin{pmatrix} M_{\tilde{Q}}^2 & K_d \\ K_d^* & M_{\tilde{D}}^2 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} (-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} s_W^2) m_Z^2 \cos 2\beta + m_{d_i}^2 & -m_{d_i} \mu^* \tan \beta \\ -m_{d_i} \mu \tan \beta & -\frac{1}{3} s_W^2 m_Z^2 \cos 2\beta + m_{d_i}^2 \end{pmatrix}, \end{split}$$

where *V* is the CKM matrix and  $(K_q)_{ij} = m_{q_i}(A_q)_{ij}$ .

The NMFV parameters are given as dimensionless quantities  $\delta_{ij}^{XY}$  which are scaled by diagonal entries of the SUSY-breaking masses  $M_{\tilde{O},\tilde{U},\tilde{D}}$ :

$$\begin{split} (M_{\tilde{Q}}^2)_{ij} &= \sqrt{(M_{\tilde{Q}}^2)_{ii} (M_{\tilde{Q}}^2)_{jj}} \, \delta_{ij}^{LL} \,, \qquad i \neq j \\ (M_{\tilde{R}}^2)_{ij} &= \sqrt{(M_{\tilde{R}}^2)_{ii} (M_{\tilde{R}}^2)_{jj}} \, \delta_{q_i q_j}^{RR} \,, \qquad R = U, D \\ (K_q)_{ij} &= \sqrt{(M_{\tilde{Q}}^2)_{ii} (M_{\tilde{R}}^2)_{jj}} \, \delta_{q_i q_j}^{LR} \,. \end{split}$$

## Synopsis - Fortran version

```
integer error
double complex deltaQLL12, deltaQLL23, deltaQLL13
double complex deltaULR12, deltaULR23, deltaULR13
double complex deltaURL12, deltaURL23, deltaURL13
double complex deltaURR12, deltaURR23, deltaURR13
double complex deltaDLR12, deltaDLR23, deltaDLR13
double complex deltaDRL12, deltaDRL23, deltaDRL13
double complex deltaDRR12, deltaDRR23, deltaDRR13
subroutine FHSetNMFV(error,
   deltaQLL12, deltaQLL23, deltaULR13,
   deltaULR12, deltaULR23, deltaULR13,
   deltaULR12, deltaULR23, deltaULR13,
```

```
deltaURR12, deltaURR23, deltaURR13,
deltaDLR12, deltaDLR23, deltaDLR13,
deltaDRL12, deltaDRL23, deltaDRL13,
deltaDRR12, deltaDRR23, deltaDRR13)
```

## Synopsis - Mathematica version

```
FHSetNMFV[

deltaQLL12, deltaQLL23, deltaQLL13,
deltaULR12, deltaULR23, deltaULR13,
deltaURL12, deltaURL23, deltaURL13,
deltaURR12, deltaURR23, deltaURR13,
deltaDLR12, deltaDLR23, deltaDLR13,
deltaDRL12, deltaDRL23, deltaDRL13,
deltaDRR12, deltaDRR23, deltaDRR13]
```

- out integer error zero if successful, otherwise the line number in SetFV.F from which the error message was emitted.
  - IN double complex delta FXYij, F = Q,U,D, XY = LR,RL,RR, ij = 12,23,13 the dimensionless off-diagonal NMFV parameters  $(\delta^F)_{ij}^{XY}$ .

#### **FHRetrieveNMFV**

#### Description

FHRetrieveNMFV retrieves the non-minimal flavour-violating parameters, defined as in FHSetNMFV.

## **Synopsis – Fortran version**

```
integer error
double complex deltaQLL12, deltaQLL23, deltaQLL13
double complex deltaULR12, deltaULR23, deltaULR13
double complex deltaURL12, deltaURL23, deltaURL13
double complex deltaURR12, deltaURR23, deltaURR13
double complex deltaDLR12, deltaDLR23, deltaDLR13
double complex deltaDRL12, deltaDRL23, deltaDRL13
double complex deltaDRR12, deltaDRR23, deltaDRR13
subroutine FHRetrieveNMFV(error,
  deltaQLL12, deltaQLL23, deltaQLL13,
 deltaULR12, deltaULR23, deltaULR13,
 deltaURL12, deltaURL23, deltaURL13,
 deltaURR12, deltaURR23, deltaURR13,
 deltaDLR12, deltaDLR23, deltaDLR13,
 deltaDRL12, deltaDRL23, deltaDRL13,
 deltaDRR12, deltaDRR23, deltaDRR13)
```

## Synopsis - Mathematica version

FHRetrieveNMFV[]

## **Arguments**

OUT integer error zero if successful, otherwise the line number in RetrieveFV.F from which the error message was emitted.

OUT double complex delta FXYij, F = Q, U, D, XY = LR, RL, RR, ij = 12,23,13

the dimensionless off-diagonal NMFV parameters  $(\delta^F)^{XY}_{ij}$ .

#### **FHSetLFV**

#### Description

FHSetLFV sets the lepton-flavour-violating parameters, i.e. the off-diagonal entries of the SUSY-breaking parameters  $M_{\tilde{L}}$ ,  $M_{\tilde{E}}$ , and  $A_e$ . These are defined analogously to the NMFV parameters (see FHSetNMFV).

#### **Synopsis – Fortran version**

```
integer error
double complex deltaLLL12, deltaLLL23, deltaLLL13
double complex deltaELR12, deltaELR23, deltaELR13
double complex deltaERL12, deltaERL23, deltaERL13
double complex deltaERR12, deltaERR23, deltaERR13
subroutine FHSetLFV(error,
   deltaLLL12, deltaLLL23, deltaLLL13,
   deltaELR12, deltaELR23, deltaELR13,
   deltaERL12, deltaERL23, deltaERL13,
   deltaERR12, deltaERR23, deltaERR13)
```

## Synopsis – Mathematica version

```
FHSetLFV[
  deltaLLL12, deltaLLL23, deltaLLL13,
  deltaELR12, deltaELR23, deltaELR13,
  deltaERL12, deltaERL23, deltaERL13,
  deltaERR12, deltaERR23, deltaERR13]
```

- OUT integer error zero if successful, otherwise the line number in SetFV.F from which the error message was emitted.
  - IN double complex delta FXYij, F = L,E, XY = LR,RL,RR, ij = 12,23,13 the dimensionless off-diagonal LFV parameters  $(\delta^F)_{ij}^{XY}$ .

#### **FHRetrieveLFV**

#### **Description**

FHRetrieveLFV retrieves the lepton-flavour-violating parameters, defined as in FHSetLFV.

## Synopsis - Fortran version

```
integer error
double complex deltaLLL12, deltaLLL23, deltaLLL13
double complex deltaELR12, deltaELR23, deltaELR13
double complex deltaERL12, deltaERL23, deltaERL13
double complex deltaERR12, deltaERR23, deltaERR13
subroutine FHRetrieveLFV(error,
   deltaLLL12, deltaLLL23, deltaLLL13,
   deltaELR12, deltaELR23, deltaELR13,
   deltaERL12, deltaERL23, deltaERL13,
   deltaERR12, deltaERR23, deltaERR13)
```

## Synopsis - Mathematica version

FHRetrieveLFV[]

## **Arguments**

OUT integer error zero if successful, otherwise the line number in RetrieveFV.F from which the error message was emitted.

OUT double complex delta FXYij, F = L,E, XY = LR,RL,RR, ij = 12,23,13 the dimensionless off-diagonal LFV parameters  $(\delta^F)_{ij}^{XY}$ .

#### **FHGetPara**

#### **Description**

FHGetPara returns the sfermion, chargino, and neutralino masses and mixing matrices, and the correction to  $m_b$  which were computed from the input parameters by FHSetPara. The flags and parameters must have been set before with FHSetFlags and FHSetPara.

#### **Synopsis – Fortran version**

```
integer error, nmfv
double precision MSf(2,5,3), MASf(6,5), MCha(2), MNeu(4)
double complex USf(2,2,5,3), UASf(6,6,5)
double complex UCha(2,2), VCha(2,2), ZNeu(4,4)
double complex Deltab
double precision MG1
double precision MHtree(4), SAtree

subroutine FHGetPara(error, nmfv, MSf, USf, MASf, UASf, MCha, UCha, VCha, MNeu, ZNeu, Deltab, MG1, MHtree, SAtree)
```

## Synopsis - Mathematica version

FHGetPara[]

- OUT integer error zero if successful, otherwise the line number in GetPara. F from which the error message was emitted.
- out integer nmfv bit  $t=1\dots 4$  indicates whether non-minimal flavour violation is active for sfermion type t:  $\nu$ , e, u, d.
- OUT double precision MSf(s,t,g)

```
t = 1 ... 4
                     sfermion type: \nu, e, u, d,
      g = 1...3
                     generation index.
OUT double complex USf(s_1, s_2, t, g)
     the MFV squark mixing matrices, with indices
                      sfermion index (enumerates mass eigenstates),
      s_1 = 1 \dots 2
                      sfermion index (enumerates gauge eigenstates, L/R),
      s_2 = 1 \dots 2
       t = 1 \dots 4
                      sfermion type: \nu, e, u, d,
       g = 1...3
                      generation index.
OUT double precision MASf(a,t)
     the NMFV squark masses, with indices
                     extended sfermion index,
      a = 1 \dots 6
      t = 1 ... 4
                     sfermion type: \nu, e, u, d.
OUT double complex UASf (a_1, a_2, t)
     the NMFV squark mixing matrices, with indices
                      extended sfermion index (enumerates mass eigenstates),
      a_1 = 1 \dots 6
                      extended sfermion index (enumerates gauge eigenstates),
      a_2 = 1 \dots 6
       t = 1 ... 4
                      sfermion type: \nu, e, u, d.
\overline{\text{OUT}} double precision MCha(c)
     the chargino masses, with index
      c = 1...2
                     chargino index.
OUT double complex UCha(c_1,c_2), VCha(c_1,c_2)
     the chargino mixing matrices, with indices
      c_1 = 1 \dots 2
                      chargino index (enumerates mass eigenstates),
      c_2 = 1 \dots 2
                      chargino index (enumerates gauge eigenstates).
OUT double precision MNeu(n)
     the neutralino masses, with index
      n = 1 \dots 4
                     neutralino index.
[OUT] double complex ZNeu(n_1, n_2)
     the neutralino mixing matrix, with indices
      n_1 = 1 \dots 4
                      neutralino index (enumerates mass eigenstates),
      n_2 = 1 \dots 4
                      neutralino index (enumerates gauge eigenstates).
```

the MFV squark masses, with indices

sfermion index,

s = 1...2

- OUT double complex Deltab  $\mbox{the correction to the bottom Yukawa coupling, $\Delta_b$.}$
- OUT double precision MG1 the gluino mass.
- out double precision MHtree(h) the tree-level Higgs masses, in the order  $m_h$ ,  $m_H$ ,  $m_A$ ,  $m_{H^\pm}$ .
- out double precision SAtree the tree-level Higgs mixing parameter  $\sin \alpha$ .

#### **FHGetTLPara**

#### **Description**

FHGetTLPara returns the sfermion parameters used in the one-loop computation of the neutral Higgs masses to be consistent with the two-loop parts.

Do not use this function unless you know precisely what you are doing.

#### **Synopsis – Fortran version**

```
integer error
double precision MSb(2), MbSL2
double complex USb(2,2), Deltab
subroutine FHGetTLPara(error, MSb, USb, MbSL2, Deltab)
```

## Synopsis – Mathematica version

FHGetTLPara[]

#### **Arguments**

OUT error

zero if successful, otherwise the line number in GetTLPara.F from which the error message was emitted.

OUT MSb

the sbottom masses.

OUT USb

the sbottom mixing matrix.

OUT MbSL2

the doublet squark soft-breaking mass squared for the sbottom including corrections.

OUT Deltab

the correction to the bottom Yukawa coupling,  $\Delta_b$ .

#### **FHGetFV**

#### Description

FHGetFV returns the FV SUSY breaking parameters computed from the deltas set by FHSetNMFV and FHSetLFV. In the MFV case, the matrices are returned in the same way only that they are diagonal.

#### **Synopsis – Fortran version**

```
integer error
double complex MSS2(3,3,5), Kf(3,3,2:4)
subroutine FHGetFV(error, MSS2, Kf)
```

#### Synopsis – Mathematica version

FHGetFV[]

## **Arguments**

OUT integer error

zero if successful, otherwise the line number in GetFV.F from which the error message was emitted.

OUT double complex  $MSS2(g_1,g_2,n)$ 

the  $3 \times 3$  sfermion mass parameter matrices, where the last index n runs over 1 = slepton doublet, 2 = slepton singlet, 3 = squark doublet, 4 = up-type squark singlet, 5 = down-type squark singlet.

OUT double complex  $Kf(g_1,g_2,t)$ 

the 3 × 3 trilinear coupling matrices multiplied by the corresponding fermion mass, i.e.  $K_f = m_f A_f$ , where the last index t runs over 2 = slepton, 3 = up-type squark, 4 = down-type squark.

#### **FHGetSelf**

#### Description

FHGetSelf returns the renormalized Higgs self-energies at a given  $k^2$ . The flags and parameters must have been set before with FHSetFlags and FHSetPara.

#### Synopsis – Fortran version

```
integer error
double complex k2
integer key, dkey, ren
double complex sig(13), dsig(13)
integer h0h0, HHHH, A0A0, HmHp
integer h0HH, h0A0, HHA0
integer GOGO, h0GO, HHGO, A0GO
integer GmGp, HmGp
parameter (h0h0 = 1, HHHH = 2, A0A0 = 3, HmHp = 4)
parameter (h0HH = 5, h0A0 = 6, HHA0 = 7)
parameter (GOGO = 8, h0GO = 9, HHGO = 10, A0GO = 11)
parameter (GmGp = 12, HmGp = 13)
#define Key(se) 2**(se-1)
subroutine FHGetSelf(error, k2, key, sig, dkey, dsig, ren)
```

## Synopsis – Mathematica version

```
FHGetSelf[k2, key, dkey, ren]
```

## Arguments

OUT integer error zero if successful, otherwise the line number in GetSelf.F from which the error message was emitted.

IN k2 the  $k^2$  at which the self-energies are evaluated.

- IN key
  - a flag determining which of the self-energies are actually evaluated, e.g. to evaluate the  $h^0$  self-energy, add Key(h0h0) to key.
- out sig(h0h0), sig(HHHH), sig(A0A0), sig(HmHp) the  $h^0$ ,  $H^0$ ,  $A^0$ , and  $H^+$  self-energies at  $k^2 = k2$ .
- OUT sig(hOHH), sig(hOAO), sig(HHAO) the  $h^0$ - $H^0$ ,  $h^0$ - $A^0$ , and  $H^0$ - $A^0$  mixing self-energies at  $k^2$  = k2.
- OUT sig(GOGO), sig(hOGO), sig(HHGO), sig(AOGO) the neutral Goldstone self-energies at  $k^2 = k2$ .
- OUT sig(GmGp), sig(HmGp) the charged Goldstone self-energies at  $k^2 = k2$ .
  - IN dkey
    - a flag determining which of the derivatives of the self-energies are actually evaluated, e.g. to evaluate the derivative of the  $h^0$  self-energy, add Key(h0h0) to dkey.
- out dsig(i) the derivatives of the self-energies with respect to  $k^2$  at  $k^2 = k^2$ , where the index i runs as for the sig(i).
- whether the unrenormalized (0) or renormalized (1) self-energies are output.

#### **FHAddSelf**

#### Description

FHAddSelf allows the user to register shifts in the Higgs self-energies, to be used in the computation of the Higgs masses and mixings in FHHiggsCorr. The flags and parameters must have been set before with FHSetFlags and FHSetPara.

#### Synopsis – Fortran version

```
integer error, rotate
double complex sig(13)
integer h0h0, HHHH, A0A0, HmHp
integer h0HH, h0A0, HHA0
integer G0G0, h0G0, HHG0, A0G0
integer GmGp, HmGp
parameter (h0h0 = 1, HHHH = 2, A0A0 = 3, HmHp = 4)
parameter (h0HH = 5, h0A0 = 6, HHA0 = 7)
parameter (G0G0 = 8, h0G0 = 9, HHG0 = 10, A0G0 = 11)
parameter (GmGp = 12, HmGp = 13)
```

## Synopsis – Mathematica version

```
FHAddSelf[{sig[h0h0], ...}, rotate]
```

- OUT integer error zero if successful, otherwise the line number in AddSelf .F from which the error message was emitted.
  - IN sig(h0h0), sig(HHHH), sig(A0A0), sig(HmHp) the  $h^0$ ,  $H^0$ ,  $A^0$ , and  $H^+$  self-energy shifts.
  - $_{\rm IN}$  sig(h0HH), sig(h0A0), sig(HHA0) the  $h^0$ - $H^0$ ,  $h^0$ - $A^0$ , and  $H^0$ - $A^0$  mixing self-energy shifts.

- sig(GOGO), sig(hOGO), sig(HHGO), sig(AOGO) the neutral Goldstone self-energy shifts.
- sig(GmGp), sig(HmGp)
   the charged Goldstone self-energy shifts.

#### IN rotate

a flag determining whether to rotate the CP-even self-energies with the (tree-level) angle  $\alpha$ , i.e. if rotate  $\neq$  0, the h0h0, HHHH, and h0HH elements of the input array sig are respectively assumed to contain the  $\Phi_1$ - $\Phi_1$ ,  $\Phi_2$ - $\Phi_2$ , and  $\Phi_1$ - $\Phi_2$  shifts.

# **FHHiggsCorr**

#### Description

FHHiggsCorr computes the values of the MSSM Higgs masses according to the given parameters and flags. These must have been set before with FHSetFlags and FHSetPara.

### Synopsis – Fortran version

```
integer error
double precision MHiggs(4)
double complex SAeff, UHiggs(3,3), ZHiggs(3,3)
subroutine FHHiggsCorr(error, MHiggs, SAeff, UHiggs, ZHiggs)
```

#### Synopsis – Mathematica version

FHHiggsCorr[]

### **Arguments**

OUT integer error

zero if successful, otherwise the line number in HiggsCorr.F from which the error message was emitted.

OUT double precision MHiggs(i)

the Higgs masses, where  $\texttt{MHiggs}(1) = m_1 \ (= m_h \ \text{in the rMSSM}),$   $\texttt{MHiggs}(2) = m_2 \ (= m_H \ \text{in the rMSSM}),$   $\texttt{MHiggs}(3) = m_3 \ (= m_A \ \text{in the rMSSM}),$ 

 $MHiggs(4) = m_{H^{\pm}},$ 

OUT double complex SAeff

the sine of the effective Higgs mixing angle,  $\alpha_{\text{eff}}$ . With the knowledge of the full mixing matrix UHiggs, this is of course a somewhat redundant output.

OUT double complex UHiggs

the matrix needed to rotate the Higgs mass matrix to its diagonal form.

OUT double complex ZHiggs

the matrix of Z-factors needed to combine amplitudes involving on-shell Higgs bosons.

#### **FHUncertainties**

#### Description

FHUncertainties computes estimates for the Higgs masses and mixings. Currently three effects are taken into account:

- 1. the variation of the renormalization scale from  $m_t/2$  to  $2m_t$ ,
- 2. the use of  $m_t^{\text{pole}}$  instead of  $m_t^{\text{run}}$  in the two-loop corrections (only if the tl\_running\_mt flag is set, of course), and
- 3. the exclusion of higher-order resummation effects in  $m_b$ .

# **Synopsis – Fortran version**

```
integer error
double precision DeltaMHiggs(4)
double complex DeltaSAeff, DeltaUHiggs(3,3), DeltaZHiggs(3,3)
subroutine FHUncertainties(error,
   DeltaMHiggs, DeltaSAeff, DeltaUHiggs, DeltaZHiggs)
```

## Synopsis – Mathematica version

FHUncertainties[]

# Arguments

OUT integer error

zero if successful, otherwise the line number in .F from which the error message was emitted.

OUT double precision DeltaMHiggs(i)

```
the uncertainties of the Higgs masses, where DeltaMHiggs(1) = \Delta m_1 (= \Delta m_h in the rMSSM), DeltaMHiggs(2) = \Delta m_2 (= \Delta m_H in the rMSSM), DeltaMHiggs(3) = \Delta m_3 (= \Delta m_A in the rMSSM), DeltaMHiggs(4) = \Delta m_{H^\pm},
```

- OUT double complex DeltaSAeff
  the uncertainty of the sine of the effective Higgs mixing angle,
- OUT double complex DeltaUHiggs, DeltaZHiggs the (component-wise) uncertainties of the Higgs mixing matrices UHiggs and ZHiggs.

# **FHCouplings**

## Description

FHCouplings computes the Higgs couplings, decay widths, and branching ratios. It uses the Higgs masses and mixings computed during the last invocation of FHHiggsCorr. The flags and parameters must have been set before with FHSetFlags and FHSetPara or FHSetSLHA.

The arrays passed to FHCouplings should never be accessed directly, but only through the preprocessor macros defined in FHCouplings.h, which needs to be included once per file.

#### **Synopsis – Fortran version**

```
#include "FHCouplings.h"
integer error
double complex couplings(ncouplings), couplingsms(ncouplingsms)
double precision gammas(ngammas), gammasms(ngammasms)
integer fast
subroutine FHCouplings(error,
   couplings, couplingsms,
   gammas, gammasms, fast)
```

# Synopsis - Mathematica version

FHCouplings[fast:1]

## Arguments

out integer error
zero if successful, otherwise the line number in Couplings.F from which the error
message was emitted.

out double complex couplings (i) the MSSM Higgs couplings. This array is indexed with preprocessor macros (see below).

- [OUT] double complex couplingsms (i)
  - the couplings of a Standard Model Higgs with the same mass as the respective MSSM Higgs. This array is indexed with preprocessor macros (see below).
- OUT double precision gammas(i)
  - the Higgs decay widths and branching ratios. This array is indexed with preprocessor macros (see below).
- $\lceil ext{OUT} 
  ceil$  double precision gammasms(i)
  - the decay widths and branching ratios of a Standard Model Higgs with the same mass as the respective MSSM Higgs. This array is indexed with preprocessor macros (see below).
- OUT integer fast
  - a flag indicating whether the off-diagonal fermion decays shall be computed. Unless the decays  $h_i \to f_j f_k$  ( $j \neq k$ ) are explicitly needed, they may safely be ignored, as they hardly contribute to the total cross-section.

#### **Total Decay Widths**

The following quantities are implemented as preprocessor macros and map onto the gammas and gammasms arrays. The latter arrays should never be used directly. The macros are defined in FHCouplings.h.

- double precision GammaTot(h), h = 1...4The total width of the MSSM Higgs boson, where h enumerates  $h_1$  ( $h_0$  in the rMSSM),  $h_2$  ( $H_0$  in the rMSSM),  $h_3$  ( $A_0$  in the rMSSM), and  $H^{\pm}$ .
- double precision GammaSMTot(h), h = 1...3The total width of a Standard Model Higgs boson with the same mass as the respective MSSM Higgs boson, where h enumerates  $h_1$  ( $h_0$  in the rMSSM),  $h_2$  ( $H_0$  in the rMSSM), and  $h_3$  ( $A_0$  in the rMSSM).

## Couplings, Partial Decay Widths, and Branching Ratios

The following quantities are implemented as preprocessor macros and map onto the couplings, couplingsms, gammas, and gammasms arrays. The latter arrays should never be used directly. The macros are defined in FHCouplings.h.

- double complex Coupling(c)
   The coupling for the scalar or vector channel c.
- double complex LCoupling(c), RCoupling(c)

  The left- and right-handed couplings for the fermionic channel c, i.e. the coupling is

LCoupling(c) 
$$\frac{1-\gamma_5}{2}$$
 + RCoupling(c)  $\frac{1+\gamma_5}{2}$ .

Equating this to  $S + i\gamma_5 P$ , the scalar and pseudo-scalar coefficients are trivially obtained as

$$S = \frac{1}{2} \left( \text{RCoupling}(c) + \text{LCoupling}(c) \right),$$

$$P = \frac{1}{2i} \left( \text{RCoupling}(c) - \text{LCoupling}(c) \right).$$

The couplings are given in the conventions of the MSSM model file of FeynArts. For couplings where the order is essential, the following rules apply:

- A charged Higgs at position 1 is always the particle, i.e.  $H^-$ , this fixes all other particles by charge conservation.
- For the H0ChaCha coupling, the first Chargino is the particle,  $\chi^-$ , and the second one the antiparticle,  $\chi^+$ .
- double complex CouplingSM(c), LCouplingSM(c), RCouplingSM(c)
  The coupling for the corresponding SM channel.
- double precision Gamma(c), BR(c)
   The width and branching ratio for channel c.
- double precision GammaSM(c), BRSM(c)
   The width and branching ratio of the corresponding SM channel.

#### **Channels**

The following quantities are implemented as preprocessor macros and evaluate to an integer which indexes the appropriate arrays. The macros are defined in FHCouplings.h. For example, BR(H0FF(1,3,3,3)) extracts the  $h_0 \rightarrow t\bar{t}$  branching ratio.

• HOVV (h, vv)

Neutral Higgs to Vector + Vector, where

```
h = 1...3 Higgs: h_1(h_0), h_2(H_0), h_3(A_0),
```

$$vv = 1...5$$
 vector-boson pair:  $\gamma \gamma$ ,  $\gamma Z$ ,  $ZZ$ ,  $WW$ ,  $gg$ .

• HOFF  $(h, t, g_1, g_2)$ 

Neutral Higgs to Fermion + Fermion, where

```
h = 1...3 Higgs: h_1(h_0), h_2(H_0), h_3(A_0),
```

t = 1...4 fermion type: v, e, u, d,

 $g_1 = 1...3$  generation of fermion 1.

 $g_2 = 1...3$  generation of fermion 2.

•  $HpFF(p,g_1,g_2)$ 

Charged Higgs to Fermion + Fermion, where

```
p = 1...2 decay products: leptons (\nu/e), quarks (u/d),
```

 $g_1 = 1...3$  up-type fermion 1 generation,

 $g_2 = 1...3$  down-type fermion 2 generation.

•  $HOChaCha(h, c_1, c_2)$ 

Neutral Higgs to Chargino + Chargino, where

$$h = 1...3$$
 Higgs:  $h_1(h_0)$ ,  $h_2(H_0)$ ,  $h_3(A_0)$ ,

 $c_1 = 1...2$  chargino 1,

 $c_2 = 1 \dots 2$  chargino 2.

•  $HONeuNeu(h, n_1, n_2)$ 

Neutral Higgs to Neutralino + Neutralino, where

```
h = 1...3 Higgs: h_1(h_0), h_2(H_0), h_3(A_0),
```

 $n_1 = 1 \dots 4$  neutralino 1,

 $n_2 = 1 \dots 4$  neutralino 2.

• HpNeuCha( $n_1, c_2$ )

Charged Higgs to Neutralino + Chargino, where

```
n_1 = 1 \dots 4 neutralino,
```

 $c_2 = 1...2$  chargino.

• HOHV (h, hv)

Neutral Higgs to Higgs + Vector, where

```
h = 1...3 decaying Higgs: h_1(h_0), h_2(H_0), h_3(A_0),
```

$$hv = 1...3$$
 produced pair:  $h_1$ – $Z$  ( $h_0$ – $Z$ ),  $h_2$ – $Z$  ( $H_0$ – $Z$ ),  $h_3$ – $Z$  ( $A_0$ – $Z$ ).

```
• HpHV (hv)
  Charged Higgs to Higgs + Vector, where
   hv = 1...3
                    produced pair: h_1–W (h_0–W), h_2–W (H_0–W), h_3–W (A_0–W).
• HOHH (h, h_1, h_2)
  Neutral Higgs to Higgs + Higgs, where
    h = 1...3
                    decaying Higgs: h_1 (h_0), h_2 (H_0), h_3 (A_0),
   h_1 = 1 \dots 4
                    produced Higgs 1: h_1 (h_0), h_2 (H_0), h_3 (A_0), H_{\pm},
   h_2 = 1 \dots 4
                    produced Higgs 1: h_1 (h_0), h_2 (H_0), h_3 (A_0), H_{\pm}.
• HOSfSf(h,s_1,s_2,t,g)
  Neutral Higgs to Sfermion + Sfermion, where
    h = 1...3
                    Higgs: h_1(h_0), h_2(H_0), h_3(A_0),
   s_1 = 1 \dots 2
                    sfermion 1,
   s_2 = 1 \dots 2
                    sfermion 2,
    t = 1 ... 4
                    sfermion type: \nu, e, u, d,
    g = 1...3
                    common sfermion generation.
• HpSfSf (s_1, s_2, p, g_1, g_2)
  Charged Higgs to Sfermion + Sfermion, where
   s_1 = 1 \dots 2
                    sfermion 1,
   s_2 = 1 \dots 2
                    sfermion 2,
    p = 1 ... 2
                    decay products: sleptons (\tilde{v}/\tilde{e}), squarks (\tilde{u}/d),
   g_1 = 1 \dots 3
                    up-type sfermion 1 generation,
   g_2 = 1 \dots 3
                    up-type sfermion 2 generation.
• tBF(i)
  Top quark to boson + fermion, where
   i = 1...2
                   W + bottom, charged Higgs + bottom
```

# Mathematica Usage

Mathematica and Fortran share the same names for the channels, but due to the structure of the Mathematica output, the results have to be accessed in a slightly different way.

To access the  $h_0 \to t\bar{t}$  decay, for example, one would in Mathematica use

```
couplings = FHCouplings[];
hOff = Gamma[HOFF] /. couplings;
hOtoptop = hOff[[1,3,3]]
```

#### while in Fortran the same is done with

```
call FHCouplings(couplings, gammas, gammasms)
hOtoptop = Gamma(HOFF(1,3,3))
```

#### **FHSelectUZ**

### Description

FHSelectUZ chooses which Higgs mixing to use for internal and external Higgs bosons, i.e. in the couplings and the decay rates, and whether resummed masses should be used in the couplings.

### Synopsis - Fortran version

integer error, uzint, uzext, mfeff

subroutine FHSelectUZ(error, uzint, uzext, mfeff)

### Synopsis - Mathematica version

FHSelectUZ[uzint, uzext, mfeff]

### **Arguments**

OUT integer error

zero if successful, otherwise the line number in SelectUZ.F from which the error message was emitted.

IN integer uzint

whether to use no mixing (0), UHiggs (1), or ZHiggs (2) for internal Higgs bosons, i.e. in the couplings. Default: 1.

IN integer uzext

whether to use no mixing (0), UHiggs (1), or ZHiggs (2) for external Higgs bosons, i.e. in the decay rates. Default: 2.

IN integer mfeff

which effective bottom mass to use in the HOFF, HpFF, HOSfSf, HpSfSf couplings:

0:  $m_b(m_b)$ , 1:  $\frac{m_b(m_b)}{|1 + \Delta_b|}$  (default), 2:  $\frac{m_b(m_H)}{|1 + \Delta_b|}$ .

# **FHHiggsProd**

### Description

FHHiggsProd computes approximate Higgs production cross-sections.

For neutral-Higgs production it uses the SM data from Fabio Maltoni's Web page http://maltoni.home.cern.ch/maltoni/TeV4LHC, fitted to a function, and multiplies them with the appropriate MSSM/SM ratio of the couplings involved. Specifically,

$$\begin{array}{ll} & \text{bbh} \\ & \text{btagbh} \end{array} \} = \frac{\Gamma^{\text{MSSM}}(h \to \bar{b}b)}{\Gamma^{\text{SM}}(h \to \bar{b}b)} \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} & \text{bbhSM} \\ & \text{btagbhSM} \end{array} \right. \\ & \text{tth} = \frac{|c_L|^2 + |c_R|^2}{2} \\ & \text{tthSM} \end{array} \right. \\ & \text{where} \\ & \qquad c_{L,R} = \frac{C_{L,R}^{\text{MSSM}}(h,t,t)}{C_{L,R}^{\text{MSSM}}(h,t,t)} \,, \\ & \text{ggh} = \frac{|A^{\text{MSSM}}|^2}{|A_{\text{SM}}|^2} \\ & \text{gghSM} \end{array} \quad \text{where} \\ & \qquad A^{\text{MSSM}} = c_t^{\text{NLO}} c_t^{\text{NNLO}} A_t^{\text{MSSM,LO}} + \\ & \qquad c_{b,r}^{\text{NLO}} \, \text{Re} \, A_b^{\text{MSSM,LO}} + c_{b,i}^{\text{NLO}} \, \text{Im} \, A_b^{\text{MSSM,LO}} + \\ & \qquad c_{b,r}^{\text{NLO}} \, \text{Re} \, A_b^{\text{MSSM,LO}} + c_{b,i}^{\text{NLO}} \, \text{Im} \, A_b^{\text{MSSM,LO}} + \\ & \qquad c_{b,r}^{\text{NLO}} \, \text{Re} \, A_b^{\text{MSSM,LO}} + c_{b,i}^{\text{NLO}} \, \text{Im} \, A_b^{\text{MSSM,LO}} + \\ & \qquad c_{b,r}^{\text{NLO}} \, \text{Re} \, A_b^{\text{SM,LO}} + c_{b,i}^{\text{NLO}} \, \text{Im} \, A_b^{\text{MSSM,LO}} + \\ & \qquad c_{b,r}^{\text{SM,LO}} \, \text{Re} \, A_b^{\text{SM,LO}} + c_{b,i}^{\text{NLO}} \, \text{Im} \, A_b^{\text{MSSM,LO}} + \\ & \qquad c_{b,r}^{\text{SM,LO}} \, \text{Re} \, A_b^{\text{MSSM,LO}} + c_{b,i}^{\text{NLO}} \, \text{Im} \, A_b^{\text{MSSM,LO}} + \\ & \qquad c_{b,r}^{\text{SM,LO}} \, \text{Re} \, A_b^{\text{SM,LO}} + c_{b,i}^{\text{NLO}} \, \text{Im} \, A_b^{\text{MSSM,LO}} + \\ & \qquad c_{b,r}^{\text{SM,LO}} \, \text{Re} \, A_b^{\text{SM,LO}} + c_{b,i}^{\text{NLO}} \, \text{Im} \, A_b^{\text{MSSM,LO}} + \\ & \qquad c_{b,r}^{\text{SM,LO}} \, \text{Re} \, A_b^{\text{SM,LO}} + c_{b,i}^{\text{NLO}} \, \text{Im} \, A_b^{\text{MSSM,LO}} + \\ & \qquad c_{b,r}^{\text{SM,LO}} \, \text{Re} \, A_b^{\text{SM,LO}} + c_{b,i}^{\text{NLO}} \, \text{Im} \, A_b^{\text{MSSM,LO}} + \\ & \qquad c_{b,r}^{\text{NLO}} \, \text{Re} \, A_b^{\text{SM,LO}} + c_{b,i}^{\text{NLO}} \, \text{Im} \, A_b^{\text{MSSM,LO}} + \\ & \qquad c_{b,r}^{\text{NLO}} \, \text{Re} \, A_b^{\text{MSSM,LO}} + c_{b,i}^{\text{NLO}} \, \text{Im} \, A_b^{\text{MSSM,LO}} + \\ & \qquad c_{b,r}^{\text{MSSM,LO}} \, \text{Re} \, A_b^{\text{MSSM,LO}} + c_{b,i}^{\text{NLO}} \, \text{Im} \, A_b^{\text{MSSM,LO}} + \\ & \qquad c_{b,r}^{\text{MSSM,LO}} \, \text{Re} \, A_b^{\text{MSSM,LO}} + c_{b,i}^{\text{MSSM,LO}} \, \text{Im} \, A_b^{\text{MSSM,LO}} + \\ & \qquad c_{b,r}^{\text{MSSM,LO}} \, \text{Re} \, A_b^{\text{MSSM,LO}} + c_{b,i}^{\text{MSSM,LO}} + c_{b,i}^{\text{MSSM,LO}} \, \text{Im} \, A_b^{\text{MSSM,LO}} + \\ & \qquad c_{b,r}^{\text{MSSM,LO}} \, \text{Re} \, A_b^{\text{MSSM,LO}} + c_{b,i}^{\text{MSSM,LO}} \, \text{Im} \, A_b^{\text{MSSM,LO}} + c_{b,i}^{\text{MSSM,LO}} +$$

All production cross-sections are  $4\pi$  cross-sections, with btagbhTeV and btagbhLHC being

the only exceptions. Here  $p_T(\text{jet}) > 15 \text{ GeV}$  and  $|\eta(\text{jet})| < 2.5 \text{ has been used}$ . (The PDF for these two processes are CTEQ6M.)

For charged-Higgs production, a fit to Tilman Plehn's data, available at the Web site http://www.ph.ed.ac.uk/~tplehn/charged\_higgs, is used to approximate the cross-section.

FHHiggsProd uses the Higgs masses and couplings computed during the last invocation of FHHiggsCorr and FHCouplings. The flags and parameters must have been set before with FHSetFlags and FHSetPara/FHSetSLHA.

#### Synopsis – Fortran version

```
#include "FHCouplings.h"
integer error
double precision sqrts, prodxs(nprodxs)
subroutine FHHiggsProd(error, sqrts, prodxs)
```

## Synopsis - Mathematica version

FHHiggsProd[sqrts]

- OUT integer error
  - zero if successful, otherwise the line number in HiggsProd.F from which the error message was emitted.
  - $\overline{\mbox{\scriptsize IN}}$  double precision sqrts
    - the collider energy at which the cross-sections are to be computed. Note that not all cross-sections are currently implemented for energies other than 2 TeV (Tevatron) and 14 TeV (LHC).
- out double precision prodxs(i)
  the Higgs production cross-sections. This array is indexed with preprocessor macros (see below).

#### **Cross-Sections**

All cross-sections are fully inclusive and given in fb. They are available for the three neutral Higgs bosons:  $h_1$  ( $h_0$ ),  $h_2$  ( $H_0$ ),  $h_3$  ( $A_0$ ) correspond to h = 1...3 in the following macros which index the prodxs array.

- bbh(h), bbhSM(h)

  The MSSM and SM bottom-fusion cross-sections,  $bb \rightarrow h + X$ .
- btagbh(h), btagbhSM(h) The MSSM and SM bottom-fusion cross-sections with one tagged b,  $b_{\text{tagged}}b \rightarrow h + X$ .
- ggh(h), gghSM(h)The MSSM and SM gluon-fusion cross-sections,  $gg \rightarrow h + X$ , using the c-factor (amplitude) method.
- ggh2(h), ggh2SM(h)The MSSM and SM gluon-fusion cross-sections,  $gg \rightarrow h + X$ , using the k-factor (squared-amplitude) method.
- qqh(h), qqhSM(h)The MSSM and SM vector-boson-fusion cross-sections,  $qq \rightarrow qqh + X$ .
- tth(h), tthSM(h)The MSSM and SM associated top-pair production cross-sections,  $qq, gg \rightarrow tth + X$ .
- Wh(h), WhSM(h)The MSSM and SM associated W production cross-sections,  $qq \to Wh + X$ .
- Zh(h), ZhSM(h)The MSSM and SM associated Z production cross-sections,  $qq \to Zh + X$ .
- StSth(h)
  The MSSM production cross-section  $pp \to \tilde{t}_1 \tilde{t}_1 h$  (only h=1).
- ullet tHm The MSSM production cross-section  $gb o tH^-.$

# Mathematica Usage

Mathematica and Fortran share the same names for the cross-sections, but due to the structure of the Mathematica output, the results have to be accessed in a slightly different way.

To access the qqhLHC mode, for example, one would use

```
{qqh0, qqHH, qqA0} = qqh /. FHHiggsProd[sqrts]
```

in Mathematica, while in Fortran the same is done with

```
call FHHiggsProd(error, prodxs, sqrts)
qqh0 = qqh(1)
qqHH = qqh(2)
qqA0 = qqh(3)
```

#### **FHConstraints**

#### Description

FHConstraints evaluates electroweak precision observables, currently  $(g_{\mu}-2)$  and  $\Delta\rho$ , which are used as further constraints on the MSSM parameter space. Furthermore, the electric dipole moments (EDMs) of the electron (i.e. thorium), the neutron, and mercury are evaluated to constrain the complex parameter space.

#### Synopsis – Fortran version

```
integer error
double precision gm2
double precision Deltarho, MWMSSM, MWSM, SW2MSSM, SW2SM
double precision edmeTh, edmn, edmHg
subroutine FHConstraints(error, gm2,
   Deltarho, MWMSSM, MWSM, SW2MSSM, SW2SM,
   edmeTh, edmn, edmHg)
```

## Synopsis - Mathematica version

FHConstraints[]

- OUT integer error zero if successful, otherwise the line number in Constraints.F from which the error message was emitted.
- OUT double precision gm2 the anomalous magnetic moment of the muon,  $(g_{\mu}-2)$ .
- out double precision Deltarho the electroweak precision observable  $\Delta 
  ho.$
- $_{\hbox{\scriptsize OUT}}$  double precision MWMSSM, MWSM, SW2MSSM, SW2SM the W mass and effective weak mixing angle in the MSSM and SM,

OUT double precision edmeTh, edmn, edmHg electric dipole moments of the electron (derived from Thorium), the neutron, and mercury.

# **FHFlavour**

#### Description

FHF1avour evaluates flavour observables, currently  $B \to X_s \gamma$ ,  $\Delta M_s$ , and soon  $B_s \to \mu^+ \mu^-$ , which are used as further constraints on the MSSM parameter space.

## **Synopsis – Fortran version**

```
integer error
double precision bsgMSSM, bsgSM
double precision deltaMsMSSM, deltaMsSM
double precision bsmumuMSSM, bsmumuSM
subroutine FHFlavour(error,
  bsgMSSM, bsgSM,
  deltaMsMSSM, deltaMsSM,
  bsmumuMSSM, bsmumuSM)
```

## Synopsis - Mathematica version

FHFlavour[]

- OUT integer error
  zero if successful, otherwise the line number in Constraints. F from which the error message was emitted.
- OUT double precision bsgammaMSSM, bsgammaSM the value of  $B \to X_s \gamma$  in the MSSM and SM.
- OUT double precision deltaMsMSSM, deltaMsSM the value of  $\Delta M_s$  in the MSSM and SM.
- out double precision bsmumuMSSM, bsmumuSM the value of  $B_{\rm s} \to \mu^+ \mu^-$  in the MSSM and SM.

# **FHOutput**

#### Description

FHOutput writes user-specified FeynHiggs inputs and outputs to a file.

### Synopsis – Fortran version

```
integer error, key
character*(*) filename
double precision sqrts
subroutine FHOutput(error, filename, key, sqrts)
```

#### Synopsis – Mathematica version

FHOutput[filename, key, sqrts]

### **Arguments**

OUT integer error

zero if successful, otherwise the line number in Output.F from which the error message was emitted.

IN character\*(\*) filename

the name of the file to which to write the output. "stdout" and "stderr" are recognized as special filenames.

IN integer key

a bit-wise encoding of which output to produce:

bit 0(1) = input parameters (FHRetrievePara),

bit 1 (2) = derived parameters (FHGetPara),

bit 2 (4) = Higgs masses and mixings (FHHiggsCorr),

bit 3 (8) = uncertainties (FHUncertainties),

bit 4(16) = decay widths and branching ratios (FHCouplings),

bit 5 (32) = the 'fast' flag of FHCouplings,

bit 6 (64) = electroweak constraints (FHConstraints),

bit 7 (128) = flavour observables (FHFlavour).

# **FHOutputSLHA**

#### Description

FHOutputSLHA adds user-specified FeynHiggs inputs and outputs to an SLHA data structure.

### Synopsis – Fortran version

```
#include "SLHA.h"
integer error, key
double complex slhadata(nslhadata)
subroutine FHOutputSLHA(error, slhadata, key)
```

### Synopsis – Mathematica version

FHOutputSLHA[slhafile, key]

- OUT integer error
  - zero if successful, otherwise the line number in OutputSLHA.F from which the error message was emitted.
  - $oxed{IN}$  double complex slhadata(i)
    - the SLHA data structure. The slhadata array should never be accessed directly, but only through the preprocessor macros defined in SLHADefs.h.
  - IN String slhafile the name of the file from which to read the SLHA data.
  - integer key
    a bit-wise encoding of which parts to fill:
    bit 0 (1) = input parameters (FHRetrievePara),
    bit 1 (2) = derived parameters (FHGetPara),
    - bit 2 (4) = Higgs masses and mixings (FHHiggsCorr),

```
bit 3 (8) = uncertainties (FHUncertainties),
```

bit 4 (16) = decay widths and branching ratios (FHCouplings),

bit 5 (32) = the 'fast' flag of FHCouplings,

bit 6 (64) = electroweak constraints (FHConstraints),

bit 7 (128) = flavour observables (FHFlavour).

## **FHRecordIndex**

### Description

FHRecordIndex converts a parameter name into the corresponding index in a FeynHiggs Record, or returns zero if no such name is known. The record has four fields for every index i: record(i,iVar), record(i,iLower), record(i,iUpper), and record(i,iStep). These respectively denote a quantity's current, lower, upper, and step-size value, i.e. define a possible loop over the quantity.

#### **Synopsis – Fortran version**

```
integer ind
character*(*) para
subroutine FHRecordIndex(ind, para)
```

### Synopsis – Mathematica version

ind = FHRecordIndex[para]

- out integer ind the index into the FeynHiggs Record, or zero if the record contains no parameter of the given name.
  - IN character\*(\*) para the parameter name.

# **FHClearRecord**

# Description

FHClearRecord sets the fields of a FeynHiggs Record to initial values. Possible pre-existing values are overwritten.

## **Synopsis – Fortran version**

```
#include "FHRecord.h"

RecordDecl(record)

subroutine FHClearRecord(record)
```

# **Synopsis – Mathematica version**

record = FHClearRecord[]

# **Arguments**

OUT double precision record(i, $\ell$ ) the initialized FeynHiggs Record.

### **FHReadRecord**

## Description

FHReadRecord reads a parameter file in FeynHiggs' native format into a FeynHiggs Record. Possible pre-existing values are overwritten.

#### **Synopsis – Fortran version**

```
#include "FHRecord.h"
#include "SLHA.h"

integer error
RecordDecl(record)
double complex slhadata(nslhadata)
character*(*) file

subroutine FHReadRecord(error, record, slhadata, file)
```

## Synopsis - Mathematica version

```
record = FHReadRecord[file]
```

- OUT integer error
  - 0 if successful (SLHA file, slhadata filled), 2 if successful (FH file, slhadata not filled), otherwise the line number in ReadRecord.F from which the error message was emitted.
- out double precision record( $i, \ell$ ) the FeynHiggs Record.
- OUT double complex slhadata(i) the SLHA data,
  - IN character\*(\*) file the parameter file name.

### **FHSLHARecord**

## Description

FHSLHARecord initializes a FeynHiggs record from SLHA data. Possible pre-existing values are overwritten.

# Synopsis – Fortran version

```
#include "FHRecord.h"
#include "SLHA.h"

integer error
RecordDecl(record)
double complex slhadata(nslhadata)

subroutine FHSLHARecord(error, record, slhadata)
```

# Synopsis - Mathematica version

```
record = FHSLHARecord[file]
```

- OUT integer error
  - zero if successful, otherwise the line number in SLHARecord.F from which the error message was emitted.
- OUT double precision record(i, $\ell$ ) the FeynHiggs Record.
  - [IN] double complex slhadata(i) the SLHA data structure.
  - IN String file the file containing the SLHA data.

# **FHLoopRecord**

#### Description

FHLoopRecord advances the loops implied by a FeynHiggs Record or else signals that all loops have been done. This subroutine is meant to be called in a loop where it updates the record according to its internally defined loops.

To signal the end of the loop, the Fortran version returns a negative error code (positive codes correspond to true errors) and the Mathematica version returns a negative value instead of the record.

Looping over a record would thus look like

```
call FHLoopRecord(error, record)
do while( error .eq. 0 )
...
   call FHLoopRecord(error, record)
enddo
if( error .gt. 0 ) stop

or in Mathematica

While[ Head[record = FHLoopRecord[record]] =!= FHRecord,
...
]
```

## Synopsis – Fortran version

```
#include "FHRecord.h"
integer error
RecordDecl(record)
subroutine FHLoopRecord(error, record)
```

# Synopsis – Mathematica version

```
record = FHLoopRecord[record]
```

# Arguments

OUT integer error

zero if successful, a negative number if all loops have been done, otherwise the line number in LoopRecord.F from which the error message was emitted.

double precision record(i, $\ell$ ) the (updated) FeynHiggs record.

### **FHSetRecord**

## Description

FHSetRecord sets the FeynHiggs parameters from a FeynHiggs Record. This subroutine works like a combination of FHSetPara, FHSetCKM, and FHSetNMFV except that the input parameters are taken from the FeynHiggs Record.

## **Synopsis – Fortran version**

```
#include "FHRecord.h"
integer error
RecordDecl(record)
subroutine FHSetRecord(error, record)
```

### Synopsis – Mathematica version

FHSetRecord[record]

- OUT integer error zero if successful, otherwise the line number in SetRecord.F from which the error message was emitted.
- double precision record(i, $\ell$ ) the FeynHiggs Record.

## **FHRetrieveRecord**

## Description

FHRetrieveRecord fills a FeynHiggs Record from the FeynHiggs parameters currently set.

# Synopsis – Fortran version

```
#include "FHRecord.h"
integer error, iX
RecordDecl(record)
subroutine FHRetrieveRecord(error, record, iX)
```

### Synopsis – Mathematica version

record = FHRetrieveRecord[record, iX]

- OUT integer error
  - zero if successful, otherwise the line number in RetrieveRecord.F from which the error message was emitted.
- double precision record(i, $\ell$ ) the FeynHiggs Record.
- integer iX the slot into which to fill the data: iVar, iLower, or iUpper.

### **FHLoadTable**

## Description

FHLoadTable loads a parameter table from a data file into internal storage. The first line of the file contains the column names, separated by whitespace, all following lines are then the corresponding data, similarly whitespace-separated.

### **Synopsis – Fortran version**

```
integer error, unit
character*(*) file
subroutine FHLoadTable(error, file, unit)
```

### Synopsis – Mathematica version

FHLoadTable[file]

- OUT integer error
  - zero if successful, otherwise the line number in LoadTable.F from which the error message was emitted.
  - IN character\*(\*) file
    the name of the data file.
  - integer unit the Fortran unit to read from, if the file is "-".

### **FHTableRecord**

#### Description

FHTableRecord associates a FeynHiggs Record with the internal table, i.e. the two given parameters (e.g. iTB and iMAO) are used as inputs for interpolating table data in the next FHLoopRecord cycle.

### **Synopsis – Fortran version**

```
#include "FHRecord.h"
integer error, i1, i2
RecordDecl(record)
subroutine FHTableRecord(error, record, i1, i2)
```

### Synopsis – Mathematica version

record = FHTableRecord[record, i1, i2]

- OUT integer error zero if successful, otherwise the line number in TableRecord.F from which the error message was emitted.
- double precision record( $i, \ell$ ) the FeynHiggs Record.
- integer i1, i2 the record entries used as inputs for interpolating the internal table, e.g. i1 = iTB and i2 = iMA0.