UG0944 User Guide Histogram





a MICROCHIP company

Microsemi Headquarters

One Enterprise, Aliso Viejo, CA 92656 USA Within the USA: +1 (800) 713-4113 Outside the USA: +1 (949) 380-6100 Sales: +1 (949) 380-6136 Fax: +1 (949) 215-4996

Email: sales.support@microsemi.com www.microsemi.com

©2021 Microsemi, a wholly owned subsidiary of Microchip Technology Inc. All rights reserved. Microsemi and the Microsemi logo are registered trademarks of Microsemi Corporation. All other trademarks and service marks are the property of their respective owners.

Microsemi makes no warranty, representation, or guarantee regarding the information contained herein or the suitability of its products and services for any particular purpose, nor does Microsemi assume any liability whatsoever arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit. The products sold hereunder and any other products sold by Microsemi have been subject to limited testing and should not be used in conjunction with mission-critical equipment or applications. Any performance specifications are believed to be reliable but are not verified, and Buyer must conduct and complete all performance and other testing of the products, alone and together with, or installed in, any end-products. Buyer shall not rely on any data and performance specifications or parameters provided by Microsemi. It is the Buyer's responsibility to independently determine suitability of any products and to test and verify the same. The information provided by Microsemi hereunder is provided "as is, where is" and with all faults, and the entire risk associated with such information is entirely with the Buyer. Microsemi does not grant, explicitly or implicitly, to any party any patent rights, licenses, or any other IP rights, whether with regard to such information itself or anything described by such information. Information provided in this document is proprietary to Microsemi, and Microsemi reserves the right to make any changes to the information in this document or to any products and services at any time without notice.

About Microsemi

Microsemi, a wholly owned subsidiary of Microchip Technology Inc. (Nasdaq: MCHP), offers a comprehensive portfolio of semiconductor and system solutions for aerospace & defense, communications, data center and industrial markets. Products include high-performance and radiation-hardened analog mixed-signal integrated circuits, FPGAs, SoCs and ASICs; power management products; timing and synchronization devices and precise time solutions, setting the world's standard for time; voice processing devices; RF solutions; discrete components; enterprise storage and communication solutions, security technologies and scalable anti-tamper products; Ethernet solutions; Power-over-Ethernet ICs and midspans; as well as custom design capabilities and services. Learn more at www.microsemi.com.



Contents

1	Revisi	ion History
	1.2	Revision 1.0
	1.2	TOURS OF THE TOURS
2	Introd	uction
	2.1	Key Features
	2.2	Supported Families
	2.3	Inputs and Outputs
	2.4	Configuration Parameters
	2.5	License
3	Histog	gram Plot
	_	There is a second of the secon
4	Resol	urce Utilization



Figures

Figure 1	Histogram IP Block Diagram	. 3
Figure 2	Histogram Plot	. 5



Tables

Table 1	Input and Output Ports
Table 2	Input and Output Ports for AXI4 Stream Video Interface
Table 3	Configuration Parameter
Table 4	Resource Utilization



1 Revision History

The revision history describes the changes that were implemented in the document. The changes are listed by revision, starting with the most current publication.

1.1 Revision 2.0

The following is a summary of the changes made in this revision.

- Updated Key Features, page 2.
- Updated input port SYS CLK I with PIXEL CLK I in Figure 1, page 3.
- Added Table 2, page 4 and Table 3, page 4.
- Removed Testbench information.

1.2 Revision **1.0**

The first publication of this document.



2 Introduction

Histogram is traditionally used to show a set of data graphically. In the video and image processing domain, the histogram is used to visualize the distribution of pixel intensities in an image or a video frame. For an image with an 8-bit wide pixel, 256 intensity values are possible ranging from 0 to 255. The histogram will show how many times a pixel of particular intensity occurs in the entire image. Histograms are useful to understand the exposure and light distribution of the image and possibly correct it in image processing. One way of correcting the histogram of an image is by using intensity curves. The curve is adjusted through an interactive graphical interface such that the histogram has the pixel intensities spread over the entire range. The Histogram IP provides data that can be used to plot the histogram and can also correct the pixel intensity distribution from user inputs. The histogram IP takes video frames as input and generates a plot of intensities of all the pixels in one frame. The histogram IP computes the histogram data and also corrects the intensity of DATA_Y_I input. The Cb_I and Cr_I are passed through the IP with one cycle delay. The IP can be used to plot luma intensity or R, G, B intensity by using three instances of the IP. In case of IP is being used for R, G, B, the inputs Cb and Cr can be left unused. The histogram IP starts taking pixels with start of video frame and continues till end of the frame. During each pixel the logic inside the IP keeps track of previous pixels with same intensity and increments by one. The histogram IP can be used to see affects of changes in brightness, contrast, and color balance in image.

Histogram memory: FPGA LSRAM is used to store the pixel intensities. With every incoming pixel, the corresponding RAM address content is incremented by one. This process is followed till the end of the frame. This way the RAM addresses become pixel intensities and content becomes a number of times it occurs in one frame. Histogram memory is 24 bits wide and 256 addresses deep. The histogram is computed for 1 out of every 4 frames. For the remaining 3 frames, the histogram data is held constant, and it can be read by the user. The HIST_RDY_O output is held high for 3 frames, during which the user can read the histogram data on the CURVE_RDATA_O output signal using HIST_ADDR_I as the address for pixel intensity.

Curve memory: FPGA LSRAM is used to store correction factors for each intensity value. By default, it has linear numbers 0 to 255 initially. The curve memory has a RAM write interface from where these values can be reprogrammed at run time. Curve memory is 8 bits wide and 256 addresses deep.

2.1 Key Features

- · Histogram plotting of real-time video
- · Curve based correction of live video
- Supports AXI4 Stream Video Interface

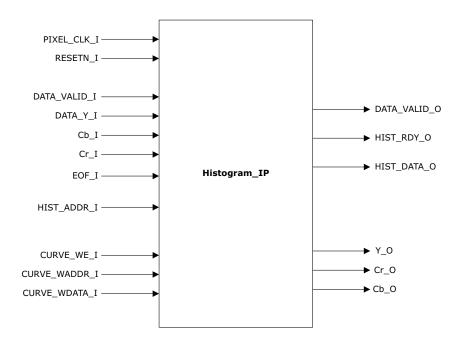
2.2 Supported Families

- PolarFire[®] SoC
- PolarFire[®]
- RTG4[™]
- IGLOO®2
- SmartFusion[®]2



2.3 Inputs and Outputs

Figure 1 • Histogram IP Block Diagram



The following table lists the input and output ports of the Histogram IP for Native interface Video.

Table 1 • Input and Output Ports

Port Name	Direction	Width	Description
PIXEL_CLK_I	Input	1 bit	System Clock. This must be the same as the pixel clock.
RESETN_I	Input	1 bit	Active low asynchronous reset signal to design
DATA_VALID_I	Input	1 bit	Input Data Valid Signal. This signal should be asserted when the data is valid.
DATA_Y_I	Input	8 bits	Input video data intensity
EOF_I	Input	1 bit	Input video frame end
HIST_ADDR_I	Input	8 bits	Histogram memory read address for reading histogram plot data
HIST_RDY_O	Output	1 bit	Ready indication when histogram memory can be read
HIST_DATA_O	Output	24 bits	Histogram memory data which is the number of pixels of intensity represented by the HIST_ADDR_I
CURVE_WE_I	Input	8 bits	Curve memory write enable
CURVE_WADDR_I	Input	8 bits	Curve memory write address
CURVE_WDATA_I	Input	8 bits	Curve memory write data
Cb_I	Input	8 bits	Chroma value for blue color
Cr_I	Input	8 bits	Chroma value for red color
Y_0	Output	8 bits	Output intensity after curve correction
Cb_O	Output	8 bits	Output for Cb_I with one clock cycle delay
Cr_O	Output	8 bits	Output for Cr_I with one clock cycle delay



The following table lists the input and output ports of the Histogram IP for AXI4 stream video interface.

Table 2 • Input and Output Ports for AXI4 Stream Video Interface

Port Name	Туре	Width	Description
RESETN_I	Input	1bit	Active low asynchronous reset signal to design.
PIXEL_CLK_I	Input	1bit	System clock
TREADY_O	Output	1bit	Output target ready
TDATA_I	Input	24 bits	Input Video Data
TVALID_I	Input	1bit	Input Video Valid
TUSER_I	Input	4 bits	Bit 0 = frame end Bit 1 = unused Bit 2 = unused Bit 3 = unused
TDATA_O	Output	24 bits	Output Video Data
TVALID_O	Output	1bit	Output Video Valid
TUSER_O	Output	4bits	Bit 0 = frame end Bit 1 = unused Bit 2 = unused Bit 3 = unused
TLAST_O	Output	1bit	Output Video End of Frame
TSTRB_O	Output	1 bit	Output Video Data strobe
TKEEP_O	Output	1 bit	Output Video Data Keep

2.4 Configuration Parameters

The following table lists the configuration parameters of the Histogram IP.

Table 3 • Configuration Parameter

Parameter Name	Description
Video Interface	Native Video Interface and AXI4 Stream Video Interface

2.5 License

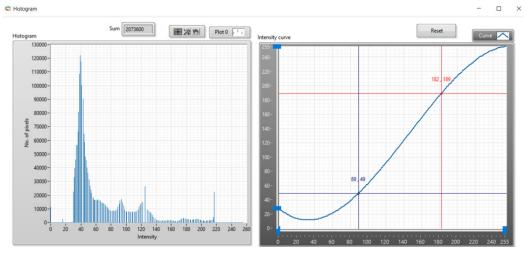
Histogram IP clear RTL is license locked and the encrypted RTL available for free. Complete RTL code is provided for the core, allowing the core to be instantiated with the SmartDesign tool. Simulation, synthesis, and layout can be performed within Libero® System-on-Chip (SoC). The RTL code for the core is encrypted.



3 Histogram Plot

Using video control GUI, the following plot was observed for a 1920X1080 input image.

Figure 2 • Histogram Plot





4 Resource Utilization

Table 4 • Resource Utilization

Resource	Usage
DFFs	29
4LUTs	88
LSRAM18K	2
MACC	0