第 2 节

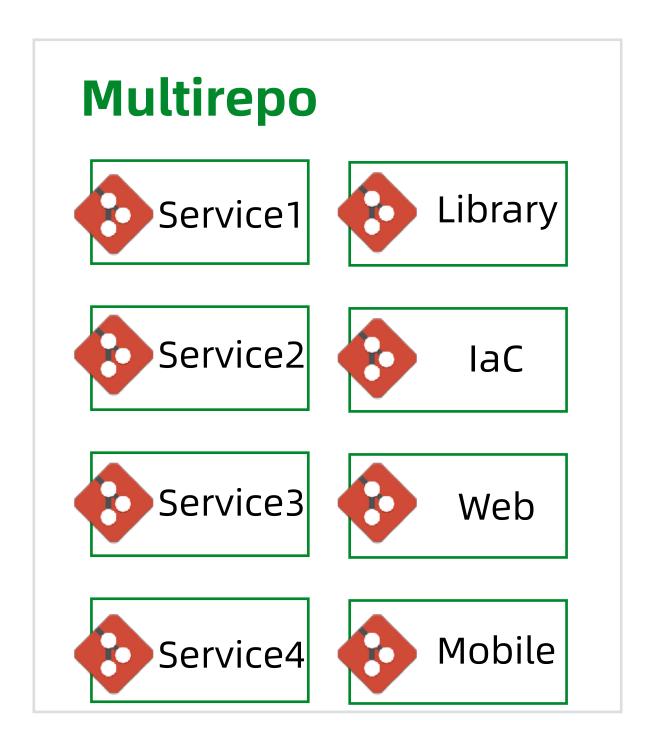
基于单体仓库的CI方案

本课内容

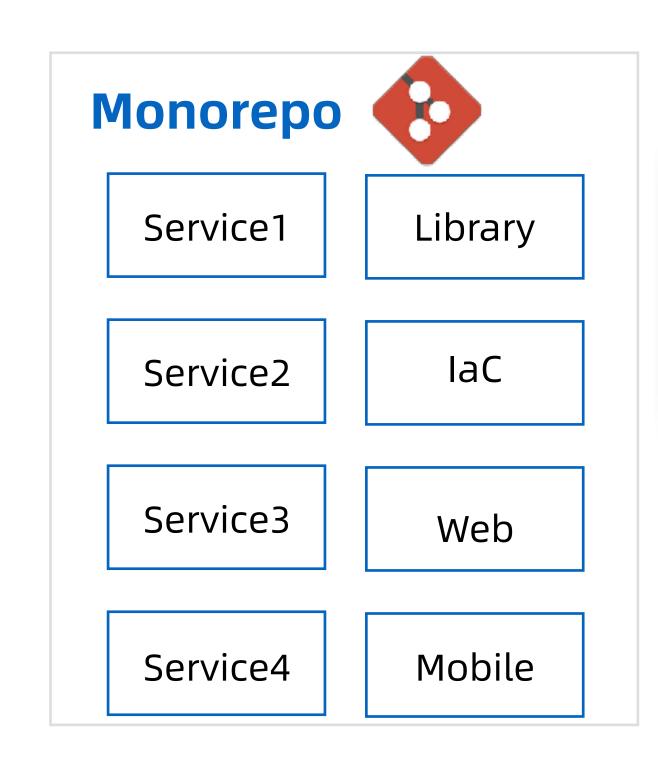
- · 单体仓库(monorepo) vs 多仓库(multirepo)
- · 一种基于单体仓库和CircleCI的CI方案



单体仓库(monorepo) vs 多仓库(multirepo)



- 1. 职责归属清晰
- 2. 易于扩展
- 3. 限制clone范围





- 1. 易于开发者测试
- 2. 易于标准化代码
- 3. 易于开展Code Reivew
- 4. 易于共享公共组件
- 5. 易于重构

Petclinic微服务单体仓库

github.com/spring2go/spring-petclinic		
archbobo support argocd		✓ Latest commit dd81348 21 hours
.circleci	dummy change, just for testing circle ci	yeste
cloud-gateway	support argocd	21 hours
customers-service	support argocd	21 hours
doc/images	add aliyun k8s deploy arch image	2 months
i k8s	support argocd	21 hours
vets-service	support argocd	21 hours
visits-service	support argocd	21 hours
web-app	support argocd	21 hours
gitignore	initial commit	2 months
LICENSE	initial commit	2 months
README.md	add aliyun k8s deploy arch image	2 months
pom.xml	support circleci	2 days
project-dirs	support circleci	2 days

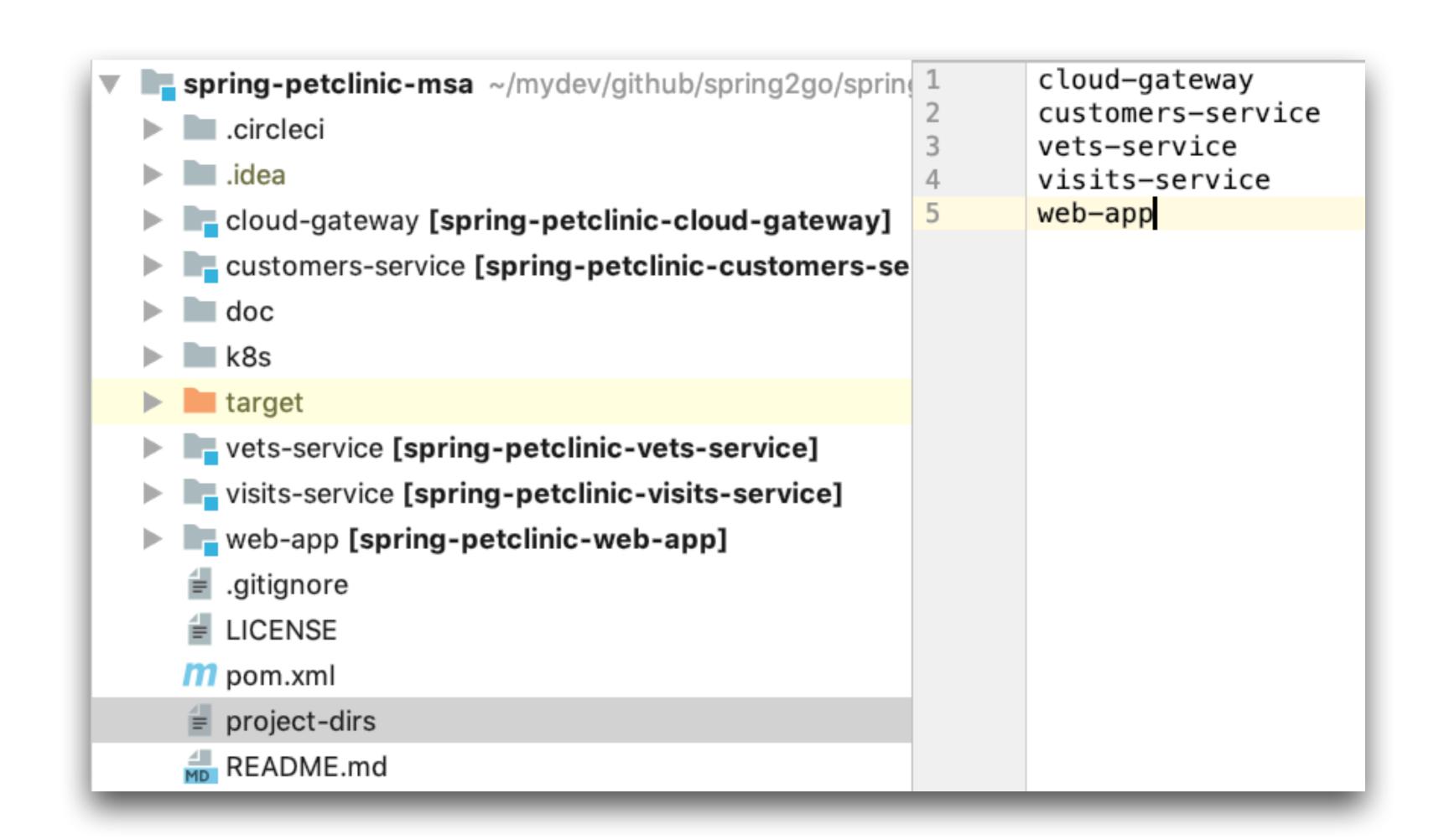
CircleCI config.yml

```
3 jobs:
      build:
        docker:
         - image: circleci/openjdk:8u242-jdk
 6
        steps:
 8
         checkout
 9
          - run:
              name: Determine which directories have changed
10
11
              command:
                git diff --no-commit-id --name-only -r `git log -n 2 --oneline --pretty=format:"%h" | tail -n1` | cut -d/ -f1
12
                | sort -u > projects
                printf "Modified directories:\n"
13
                cat projects
14
                while read project; do
15
                 if grep -Fxq $project project-dirs; then
16
17
                   printf "\nTriggerring build for project: "$project
                    curl -s -u ${CIRCLE_TOKEN}: -d build_parameters[CIRCLE_JOB]=${project} https://circleci.com/api/v1.1/
18
                    project/github/$CIRCLE_PROJECT_USERNAME/$CIRCLE_PROJECT_REPONAME/tree/$CIRCLE_BRANCH
19
                 fi
20
                done < projects
21
      cloud-gateway:
22
        docker:
23
         - image: circleci/openjdk:8u242-jdk
        working_directory: ~/spring-petclinic-msa/cloud-gateway
24
25
        steps:
          - build-service:
      service-name: "cloud-gateway"
28
      customers-service:
29
        docker:
         - image: circleci/openjdk:8u242-jdk
30
        working_directory: ~/spring-petclinic-msa/customers-service
31
```

build-service command

```
5/ commands:
      build-service:
        description: "Build a service and push image to dockerhub"
59
        parameters:
61
          service-name:
62
           type: string
63
        steps:
         # git pull
64
          - checkout:
65
              path: ~/spring-petclinic-msa
66
67
          - setup_remote_docker
68
69
70
          - run:
              name: Login to Dockerhub
71
              command: docker login -u $DOCKER_USER -p $DOCKER_PASS
72
73
          # Download and cache dependencies
74
          - restore_cache:
75
76
              keys:
                - << parameters.service-name >>-{{ checksum "pom.xml"}}
77
78
          - run: mvn dependency:go-offline
79
80
          - save_cache:
81
82
              paths:
                - ~/.m2
83
              key: << parameters.service-name >>-{{ checksum "pom.xml"}}
84
85
          # package into a jar and build image
86
          - run: mvn clean package -Ddocker.image.tag=Build-${CIRCLE_BUILD_NUM}-CI -Ddockerfile.maven.settings.auth=false
87
88
          # push docker image to docker hub
89
          - run: mvn dockerfile:push -Ddocker.image.tag=Build-${CIRCLE_BUILD_NUM}-CI
91
92
          # store raw content of src code
          - store_artifacts:
93
              path: target/classes
94
              destination: spring-petclinic-<< parameters.service-name >>
95
```

project-dirs文件



本课小结



- · 单体 vs 多仓库
 - 微服务可以采用单体仓库
 - 单体仓库优点:易于代码维护,标准化,组件共享,重构等,不足:代码复杂性和规模化问题
- ·基于单体仓库的CI
 - 先检测哪个微服务发生了变更,再单独构建变更的微服务
 - · 适用于其它CI系统如Jenkins