fMRat

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1.INTRO

fMRat is an extension to the popular SPM software (*Statistical Parametric Mapping*, The Wellcome Trust Centre for Neuroimaging http://www.fil.ion.ucl.ac.uk/spm/). fMRat is an automatic tool for preclinical scientists to enable full processing of fMRI rat time-series through a user-friendly interface.

fMRat makes use of several functions from the <u>SPM</u> package -spm_realign.m, spm_coreg.m, spm_smooth, spm_run_fmri_design.m, spm_spm among others-, as well as from the CBMGmosaic (Northwestern Cognitive Brain Mapping Group) -the ortho viewer code- and SPMMouse toolboxes (Wolfson Brain Imaging Centre, University of Cambridge http://www.spmmouse.org/) -the preset loading function-. However, SPMMouse is only available for SPM5, so it was slightly modified to be compatible with SPM5 and SPM8.

Since this tool follows the typical SPM pipeline, please refer to SPM books, website, documentation and papers for further technical details on fMRI processing.

2.PRE-REQUIREMENTS

- -Matlab
- -SPM in the Matlab path

3.INSTALLATION AND LAUNCH

- 1) Just add the fMRat folder to the Matlab path and use it. Execute "fMRat" in the Matlab command line to start the tool.
- 2) Testing images and provided atlases can be found here. (IMPORTANT: If you are using the provided atlases for Wistar and Sprague-Dawley strains, please place the folders "Atlas SD" and "Atlas Wistar" in the same folder where fMRat code -and fmri.m function- are)

4.BEFORE YOU START

DATA CONCERNS

• Functional and structural images must be in native <u>Bruker format or</u> Nifti.

- Regions of Interest (ROIs) to be quantified must be in Nifti format only. (you may convert raw <u>ROIs to Nifti</u> with SPM functions spm_vol.m, spm write vol.m).
- Do not use blank spaces in the folders names where your datasets are.
- You may create a specific preset for your images (adapted to your images resolution) with SPMMouse tool (Wolfson Brain Imaging Centre, University of Cambridge), slightly modified here to allow its use with spm8. You only need to ensure the folder "spmmouse_modified" is earlier than the SPM functions in the Matlab path, execute "spmmouse" in the Matlab command window and follow instructions. The output file MUST be named preset.mat and MUST be placed inside your atlas directory or inside the fMRat folder itself. This preset will contain some registration/visualization etc. parameters adapted to your dataset; but if you prefer to skip this step, fMRat will use the default provided by SPMMouse, which was built for C57 mice. This preset will affect the registration accuracy in the "Realign" step and the "Coregister to atlas" step.

WORKFLOW

- Use the default workflow whenever possible
- Some steps are compulsory, others are optional, and you can take isolated steps and continue the processing later on, but the steps must always be performed in the default order. Consistency won't be ensured otherwise.
- Compulsory steps: Realign, Design, Estimate, Display
- Optional steps: Coregistration to atlas, Smooth

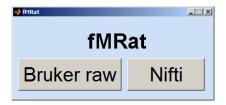
IMPORTANT: Whenever you continue a processing that was not finished don't forget to check the "Preserve previous processing steps" tickbox. Otherwise you will get an error or unconsistent results.

ERRORS

• When an error happens the execution will continue with other image aquisitions and subjects, since this tool was thought to work in batch mode. Errors are written to a .txt <u>log file</u> in the fMRat code folder, make sure you have writting permissions in that folder.

5.USING FMRAT

The initial GUI prompts for the image format, Bruker raw or Nifti; in the case of Nifti, it will also ask for acquisition details not available in the Nifti header, such as the correspondence between structural, functional, and masking images.



Bruker format option will perform an automatic analysis of all subjects/studies found under the selected folder. It will assume the same blocks design, the same acquisitions method for the functional images, the same acquisition method for the structural images, and the same atlas (same strain) for all the acquisitions and studies found.

And the options selected will apply to all of them, so if you wish to analyze some cases with some options and some other cases in a different way or you have data acquired in different ways, you should place those studies under different folders and perform the analyses separately.

<u>Nifti format option</u> will perform an automatic analysis of all subjects/studies found under the selected folder. It <u>will assume the same blocks design and the same atlas (same strain) for all of them, but the acquisition won't be an issue here since they are already in Nifti format. Therefore different datasets should be analyzed separately in different runs.</u>

BRUKER FORMAT

Suppose a data structure like this one:

```
E:\bruker_test
└─\subject1
                └─subject
└─AdjStatePerStudy
               └─\AdjResult
└─\Fieldmap
                L_1
                 \sqsubseteq_{\backslash 2}
               <u>∟</u>\3
                               ∟acqp
                                   -method
                               \hspace{-2mm} \sqsubseteq_{\hspace{-2mm} \backslash pdata}
                                                              \sqsubseteq2dseq
                                                                                            (AXIAL structural raw file)
                                                              \mathrel{\sqsubseteq_{reco}}
               └_\4
                               ∟acqp
                               ∟_method
                               \sqsubseteq \pdata
                                              \sqsubseteq \setminus 1
                                                               └─2dseq
                                                                                             (SAGITTAL structural raw file)
                                                              ∟<sub>reco</sub>
                ∟acqp
                               ∟_method
                               └─\pdata
                                               \sqsubseteq \setminus 1
                                                              \sqsubseteq2dseq
                                                                                             (AXIAL functional raw file)
                                                              \sqsubseteq_{reco}
                L_6
                               L_acqp
                                   -method
                               \hspace{-2mm} \sqsubseteq \hspace{-2mm} \backslash pdata
                                                              \sqsubseteq2dseq
                                                                                             (AXIAL functional raw file)
                                                              \sqsubseteq_{reco}
                └─\7 \8 ETC
                                                                                             (..."...)
∟subject2

∟subject

'sStat
                L-AdjStatePerStudy

—AdjStatePel

—\AdjResult

—\Fieldmap

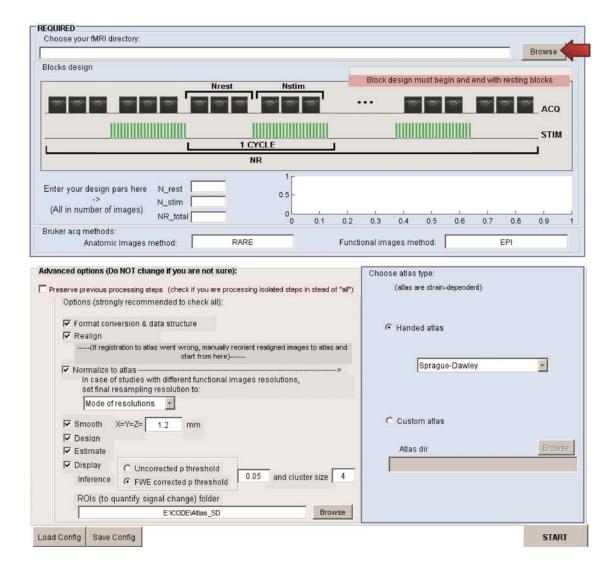
—\1
                L\2
                L_\3
                L_\4
                               Lacqp
Lmethod
                                   -\pdata
                                                              └─2dseq
                                                                                             (AXIAL structural raw file)
                                                              \mathrel{\sqsubseteq_{reco}}
                └\5
                               └─acqp
└─method
                                   -\pdata
                                              └\1
                                                              └─2dseq
                                                                                             (SAGITTAL structural raw file)
                                                              \mathrel{\sqsubseteq_{reco}}
                L_6
                               ∟acqp
                               L_method
                               \hspace{-2mm} \sqsubseteq_{\hspace{-2mm} \backslash pdata}
                                                              └─2dseq
                                                                                            (AXIAL functional raw file)
                                                              \mathrel{\sqsubseteq_{reco}}
```

Each folder "1", "2", "3", etc. is a different acquisition and the 2dseq files are the reconstructed data in raw Bruker format. The "acqp", "method" and "reco" files are text parameter files that will be read at runtime in order to associate the functional images and their corresponding structural images in a fully automated way. DO NOT CHANGE this folder structure nor rename the files/folders. Results (.tiff maps and .txt files) will be printed 4 levels higher than the images folder, i.e. inside "subject1" and "subject2" folders.

And suppose that both subjects were acquired under the same conditions (same block paradigm, same structural acquisition method, same functional acquisition method, and animals of the same strain).

Steps to run the tool for the automatic analysis of both subjects are the following:

1. Choose your dataset upper folder (E:\bruker test in our example):



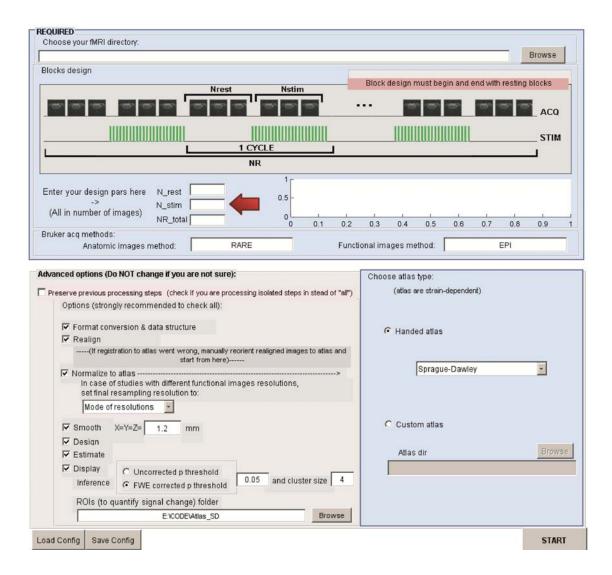
2. Specify your blocks design in "scans" units:

"N_rest" = number of images acquired at rest blocks

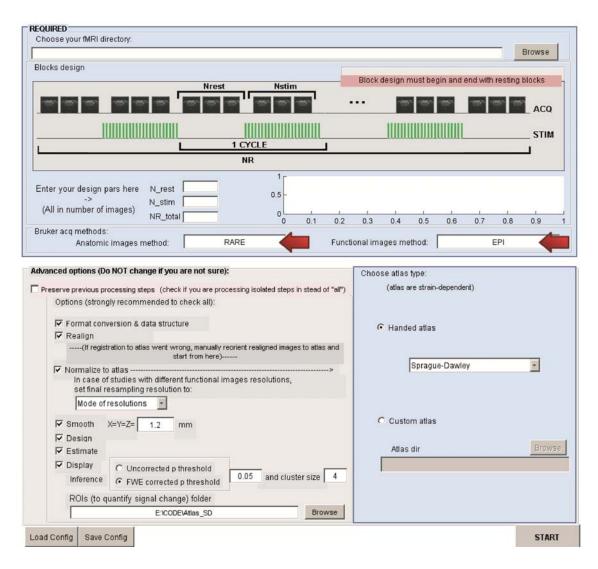
"N_stim" = number of images acquired at stimulation blocks

"NR_total" = total number of volumes acquired per fMRI series

(A schematic paradigm will be drawn in the plot on the right)



3. Specify the names of the acquisition methods for the structural and functional images. Acquisitions performed with this methods will be automatically detected and related to each other:



4. Specify your atlas dir ("Custom atlas" button, it must be in Nifti format) or select one of the provided atlas ("Handed atlas"):

cks design								
	_	Nrest Nst	im	Block	design must beg	in and end v	with resting	blocks
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11					111111111111111111111111111111111111111	1111111		
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		NR						_
		1						
ter your design p		0.5						
All in number of i	mages) N_stim		,				1	-
ker acg methods:	NR_total	0	0.1	0.2 0.3	0.4 0.5	0.6 0.	7 0.8	0.9
	images method:	RARE	F	unctional in	ages method:		EPI	
reserve previous pr	NOT change if you are no	are processing isolated ste	ps in stead of "a	COVERAGE TO SERVICE STATE OF THE SERVICE STATE OF T	ose atlas type: (atlas are strain-	dependent)		
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Options (strong Format com Realign In case of set final n Mode of Smooth Design Estimate	recessing steps (check if you gly recommended to check recession & data structure ration to atlas went wrong, in start from a start from the sampling resolution to resolutions X=Y=Z= 1.2 mm	are processing isolated ster (all): ianually reorient realigned im in here) tional images resolutions	ages to atlas an	d	etlas are strain- Handed atlas Sprague	4		Brows
Options (strong Format com Realign(If regist In case of set final re Mode of Smooth Design Estimate Display Inference	recessing steps (check if you ply recommended to check receiversion & data structure retion to atlas went wrong, metalt from the start from the sampling resolution to resolutions X=Y=Z= 1.2 mm	are processing isolated steed all): anually reorient realigned image image image. Itional images resolutions anold 0.05 and cl	ages to atlas an	d	etlas are strain- Handed atlas Sprague	4		Brows

At this point, we recommend the user to save the parameters selected before running with the use of the bottom left button "Save Config". This allows them to be loaded later with the "Load Config" button.

1. Press "START" button and enjoy \odot

NIFTI FORMAT

Suppose a data structure like this one:

```
E:\nifti_test

\_\subject1

\_\functional1

\_\Image_d_5_0001.nii

\_\Image_d_5_0002.nii

\_\Image_d_5_0003.nii

\_\Image_d_5_0115.nii

\_\structural

\_\2dseq.nii

\_\Image_d18_25_0001.niii

\_\Image_d18_25_0002.nii

\_\Image_d18_25_0003.nii

\_\Image_d18_25_0003.nii

\_\Image_d18_25_0115.nii

\_\Image_d18_25_0115.nii

\_\Image_d18_25_0115.nii

\_\Image_d18_25_0115.nii

\_\Structural

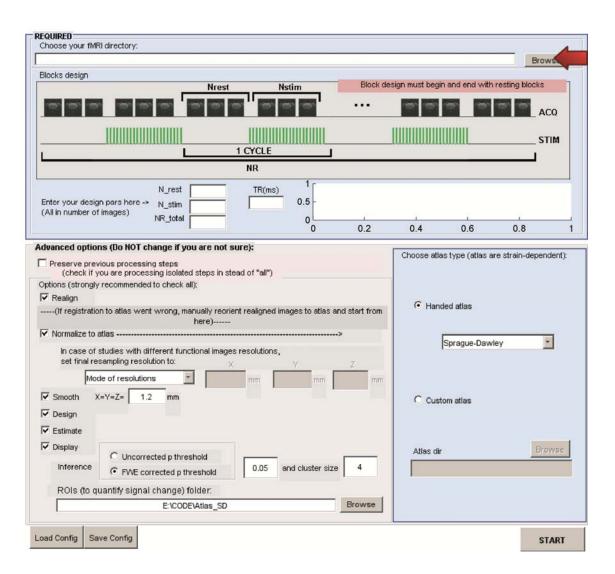
\_\2dseq.nii
```

Each folder "functional1" is a different acquisition (you might have "functional2", "functional3", etc) and the 2dseq.nii files are the structural images but this time they are already in Nifti format. This is useful for users with a different scanner manufacturer other than Bruker.

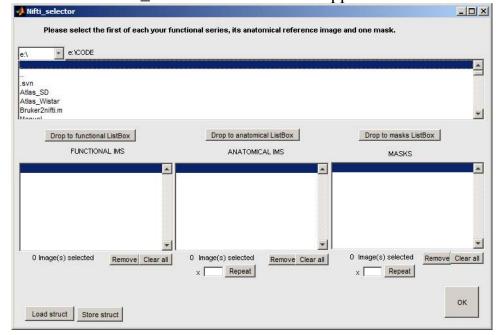
Suppose that both subjects were acquired under the same conditions (same block paradigm, and animals of the same strain). Results (.tiff maps and .txt files) will be printed 2 levels higher than the images folder, i.e. inside "subject1" and "subject2" folders.

Steps to run the tool for the automatic analysis of both subjects are the following:

1. Choose your dataset upper folder (E:\nifti_test in our example):



Now a new "Nifti_selector" window will appear:



As the tool does not have any info here from the manufacturer regarding the acquisition methods and their order of acquisition, it is the user's duty to establish the relation between each functional image, its corresponding structural/anatomical image and the mask to be used. In this case, each functional acquisition can be masked with a different mask if needed.

If you need to replicate the same masking file for several functional images, please use the "**Repeat**" button below each ListBox.

At this point, we recommend the user to save the structure created before running with the use of the bottom left button "Save Config". This allows the same structure to be loaded later with the "Load Config" button.

Once you finished, press "OK" button in the right bottom corner.

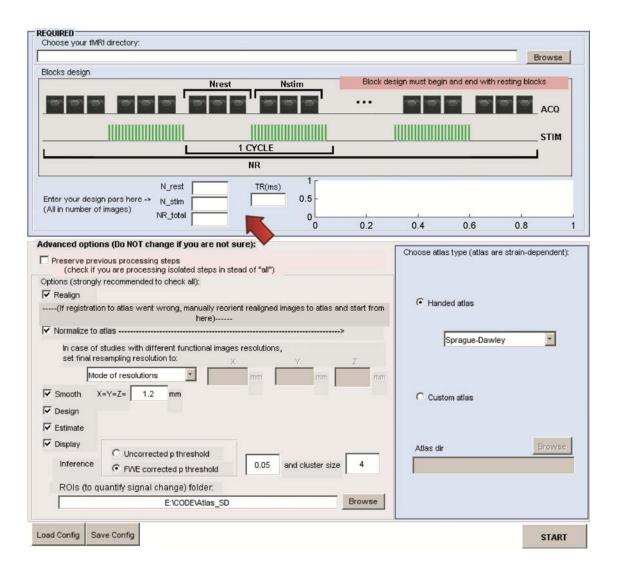
2. Specify your blocks design in "scans" units:

"N_rest" = number of images acquired at rest blocks

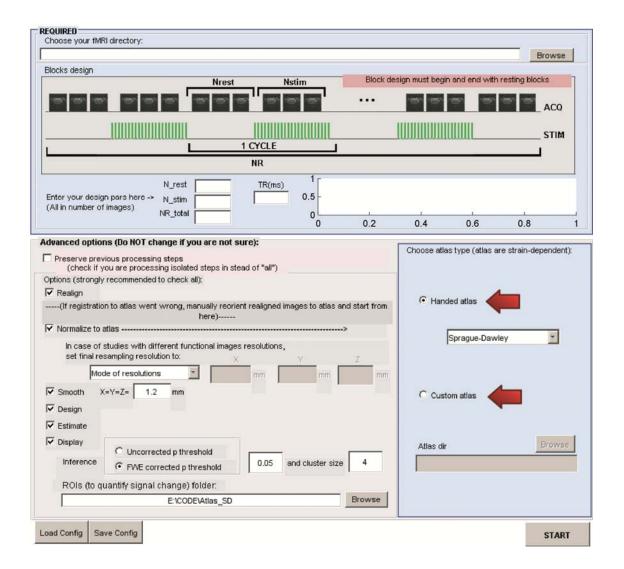
"N_stim" = number of images acquired at stimulation blocks
"NR total" = total number of volumes acquired per fMRI series

(A schematic paradigm will be drawn in the plot on the right)

"TR" = Time to acquire each volume (Repetition time of the MRI acquisition in case of EPI, time per volume for other conventional sequences)



3. Specify your atlas dir ("**Custom atlas**" button, it must be in Nifti format) or select one of the provided atlas ("**Handed atlas**"):



ADVANCED OPTIONS

The different steps included in the default pipeline can also be executed independently, but always in the same order as they appear in the GUI. Please read WORKFLOW concerns in the BEFORE YOU START section.

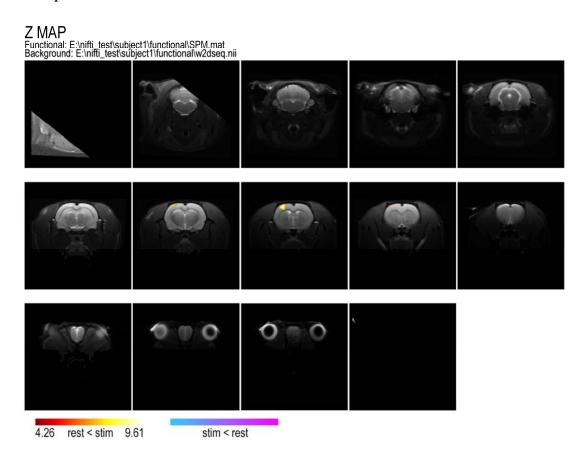
- Coregistration step: the user can select the final resolution for the warped images. The default is the mode of all resolutions found for each analysis (for the subjects and acquisitions included in the "**Nifti_selector**" window), but it can be customized in the 3 axes.
- The smoothing kernel size (FWHM) can also be selected. An isotropic filter will be applied.
- Inference details are also editable. The user can select without "multiple comparisons" correction or with family-wise error

correction (FWE), the statistical p threshold and the clustering threshold.

• ROIs folder: This is optional and can be left empty. If the user wants the percentage signal change to be quantified in some specific regions of interest (ROIs), the binary masks for those ROIs should be placed in the same folder and they should be named "ROI***.nii". The folder name name must be specified in this edit box.

OUTPUT FILES

1. Uncompressed .tiff files will be printed for each fMRI series with the resulting t-map and Z-score map overlaid onto the structural image. Example:



2. One "signal_pos.txt" file and one "signal_neg.txt" file will be printed inside each study folder. This files contain the parameters used for the whole pipeline as well as the percentage signal change calculated for the whole image, for the masked area (usually the brain without the background) and for the optional user ROIs if any. Mean value,

standard deviation, maximum value and the voxel localization for the maximum value are listed here. Example:

```
July 31, 2014 6:07:57.177 PM
DEFAULTS:
                                             W:\label{lem:window} W:\label{lem:window} W:\label{lem:window} In W:\label{lem:window} W:\l
                                            E\nifti test
im_name Image
anat_seq RARE
func_seq ePI FMRI
                                            15
Nrest
Nstim
                                            5
NR
preprocess 0
realign
coreg
design
estimate
display
mode_reg 2
custom atlas
atlas\_dir
custom_resol
rx
                                            0.3
ry
                                            0.3
rz
atlas
                                            E:\CODE\Atlas SD\atlas.nii
emask
rois_dir
                                          E:\CODE\Atlas_SD
smooth
kernel
                                            1.2
an_mode 1
fwe
                                             0.05
p
k
                                            4
inifti
preserve
                                                                                                                                                                                                                               All\_voxels:std.dev. \quad MAX\_all\_voxels
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            K
                                                                                                                                       All voxels:mean
 Acq
                                              Area(pixels)
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                                                                                                                                                                                   1.956
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     0.027
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  0.185
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               1.956
 functional 77
                                                                                         0.002
                                                                                                                                      0.048
                                                                                                                                                                                                                              34
                                                                                         11
                                            66
```

In this example, the mean %signal change of the whole image, including background, was 0.002%, with a standard deviation of 0.048%. The maximum %signal change was 1.956%, and was located at [34, 66, 11] coordinates (in voxels). The maximum for the brain mask is the same, as expected, whereas the mean %signal change of the masked brain is higher than for "All_voxels" since it does not include the background.

ATLASES PROVIDED AND ROIS QUANTIFICATION

Two in-vivo T2 atlases are provided here, for Sprague-Dawley and for Wistar strains respectively, to make the tool testing easier. ROIs for the primary somatosensorial cortex of the forelimbs and hindlimbs are also provided for both atlases. But the authors would recommend to use some custom atlas with better contrast and resolution, like the ex-vivo atlases previously reported (i.e. G. Allan Johnson, Evan Calabrese, Alexandra

Badea, George Paxinos, Charles Watson. *A multidimensional magnetic resonance histology atlas of the Wistar rat brain*. NeuroImage Volume 62, Issue 3, September 2012, Pages 1848–1856).

• TESTING IMAGES

Two datasets are provided <u>here</u>, one in raw Bruker format, and another one in Nifti format.

Bruker format: data scheme is the same as in USING FMRAT / BRUKER FORMAT section (what a nice coincidence;)). Details needed:

Subject1:

```
"N rest"
                                 15
"N stim"
                                 5
"NR total"
                                 115
                           =
"TR"
                                 3000
                           =
"Anatomic images method"
                                 RARE
"Functional images method"
                                 EPI fMRI
                           =
Species
                                 Wistar
```

Subject2:

```
"N rest"
                                 15
                            =
"N stim"
                                 5
"NR total"
                                 115
"TR"
                                 3000
                            =
"Anatomic images method"
                                 RARE
                            =
"Functional images method"
                                 EPI fMRI
Species
                                 Sprague-Dawley
```

Nifti format: data scheme is the same as in USING FMRAT / NIFTI FORMAT section (upss...another coincidence)
Subject1:

```
"N_rest" = 15
"N_stim" = 5
"NR_total" = 115
"TR" = 3000
Species = Wistar
```

Subject2:

```
"N_{rest}" = 15
```

```
"N_stim" = 5

"NR_total" = 115

"TR" = 3000
```

Species = Sprague-Dawley

Wistar and Sprague-Dawley subjects should be analyzed independently because they require different atlases, but you can try to analyze them all together as Wistar only to check the tool functionality.