

Analysis Of Public Transport and Demand Management of Growing Population in Melbourne



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Background

- Demand
- Growth
- Find a correlation
- What can be done
- Suburban Rail Loop evaluation



Methodology

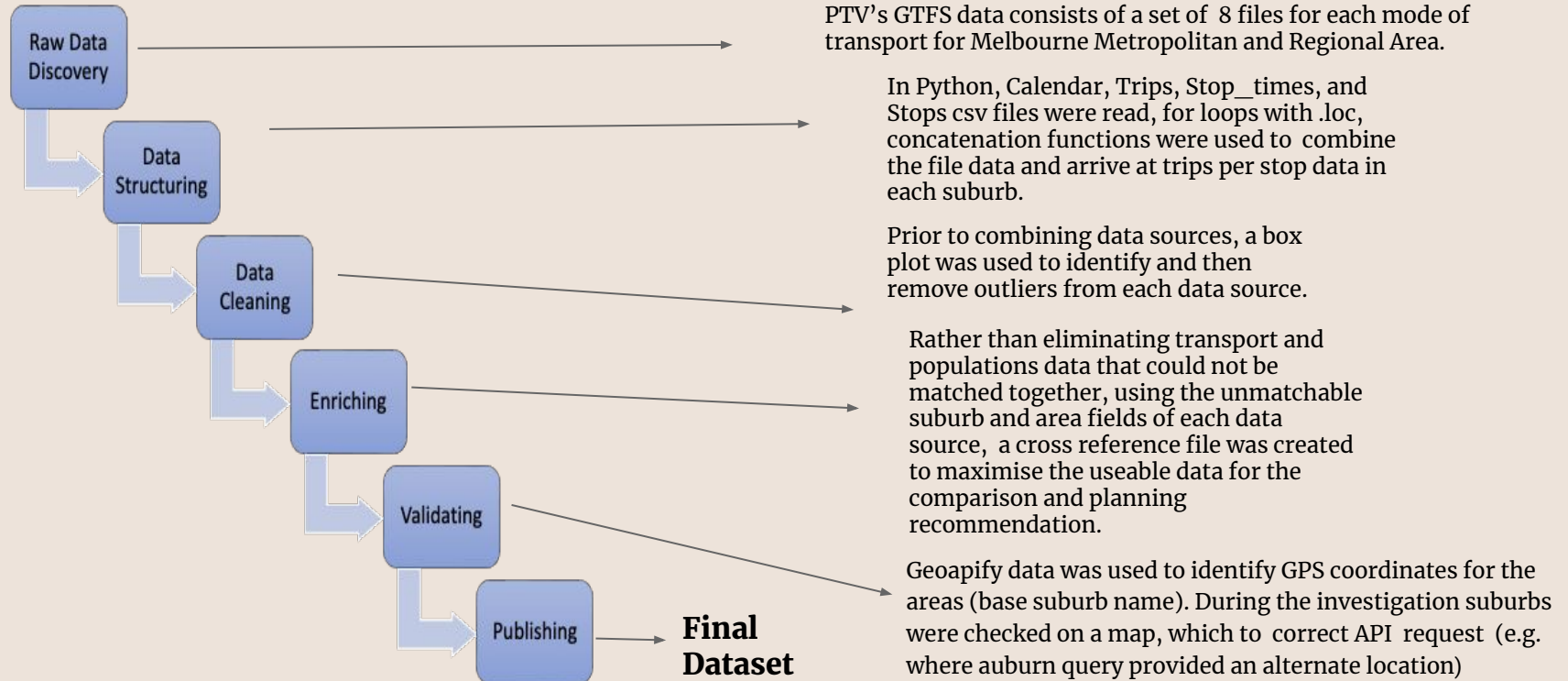
- Analyse PTV Data
- Analyse Victoria's Growth Data
- Find Correlation (if any)
- Analyse the results of trip/stop per suburb
- Compare these areas of growth to the SRL (Suburban Rail Loop)



Data Sources

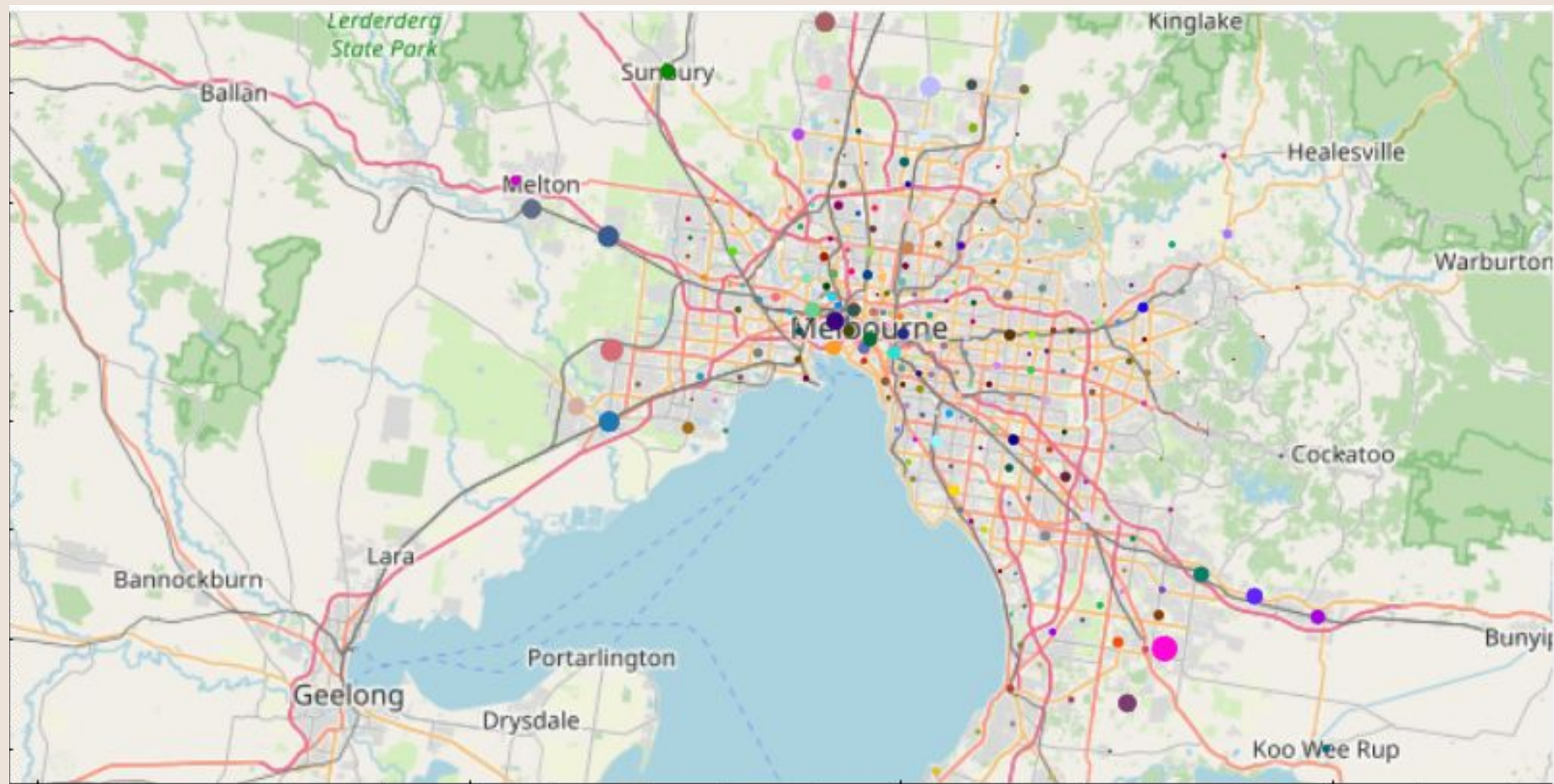
1. [Population Growth Data from VIC Planning Data](#)
2. Public Transport Victoria (PTV) GTFS DATA
3. [GeoApify](#)

Data Analysis Process

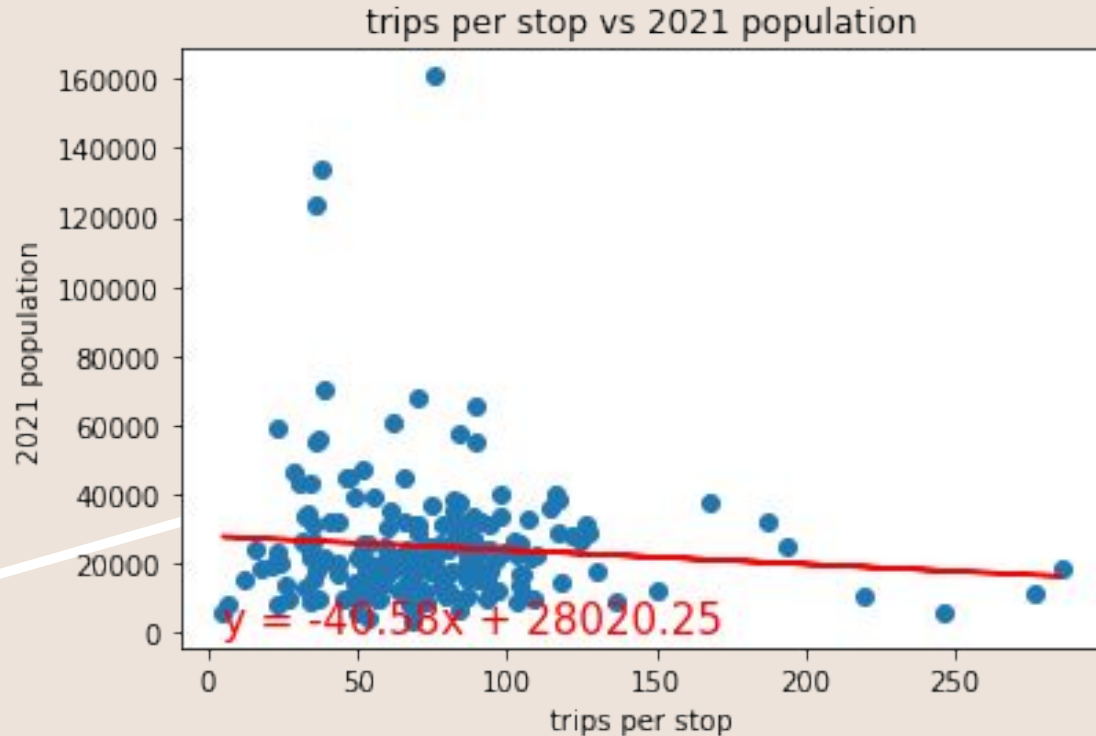


Map of growth in greater Melbourne

size of dots relates to the total growth by 2036

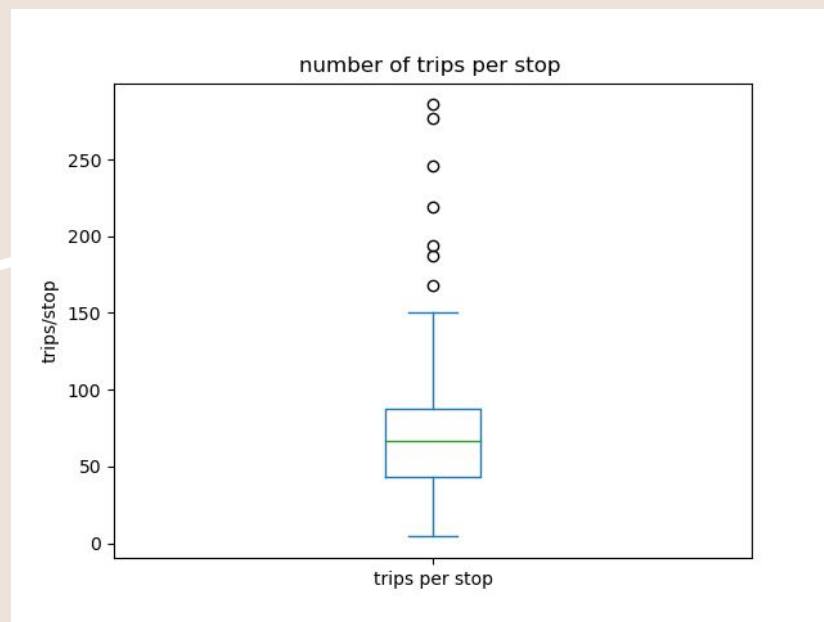
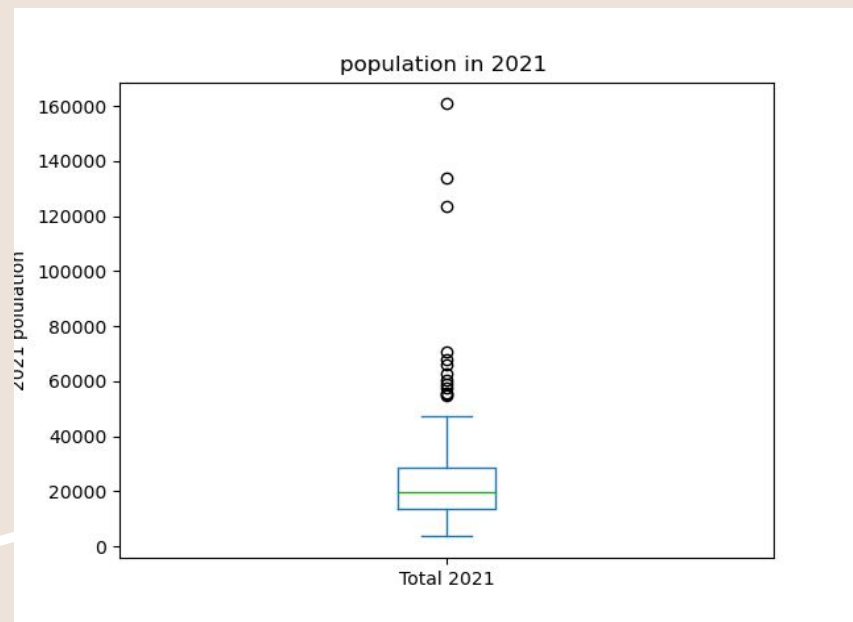


What is the current correlation between public transport availability and population?



R value of -0.09

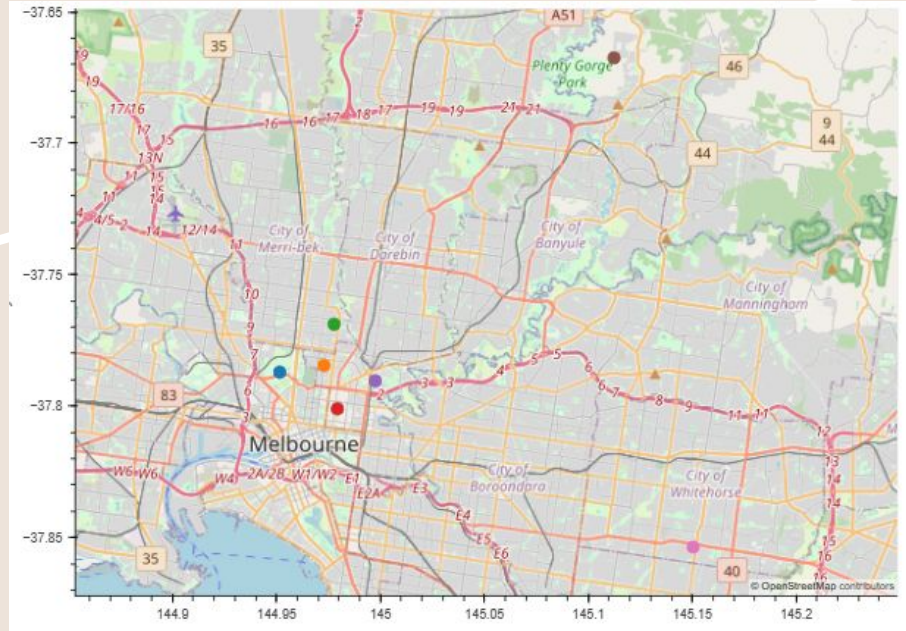
Box plot of outliers



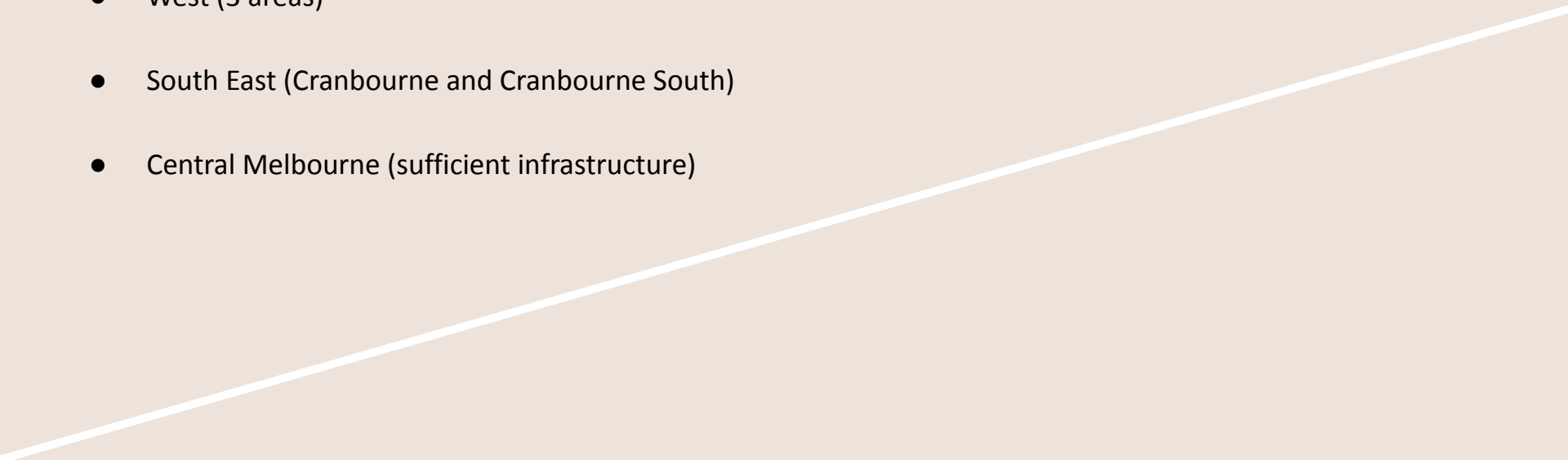
High population, low transport areas



Low population, high transport areas

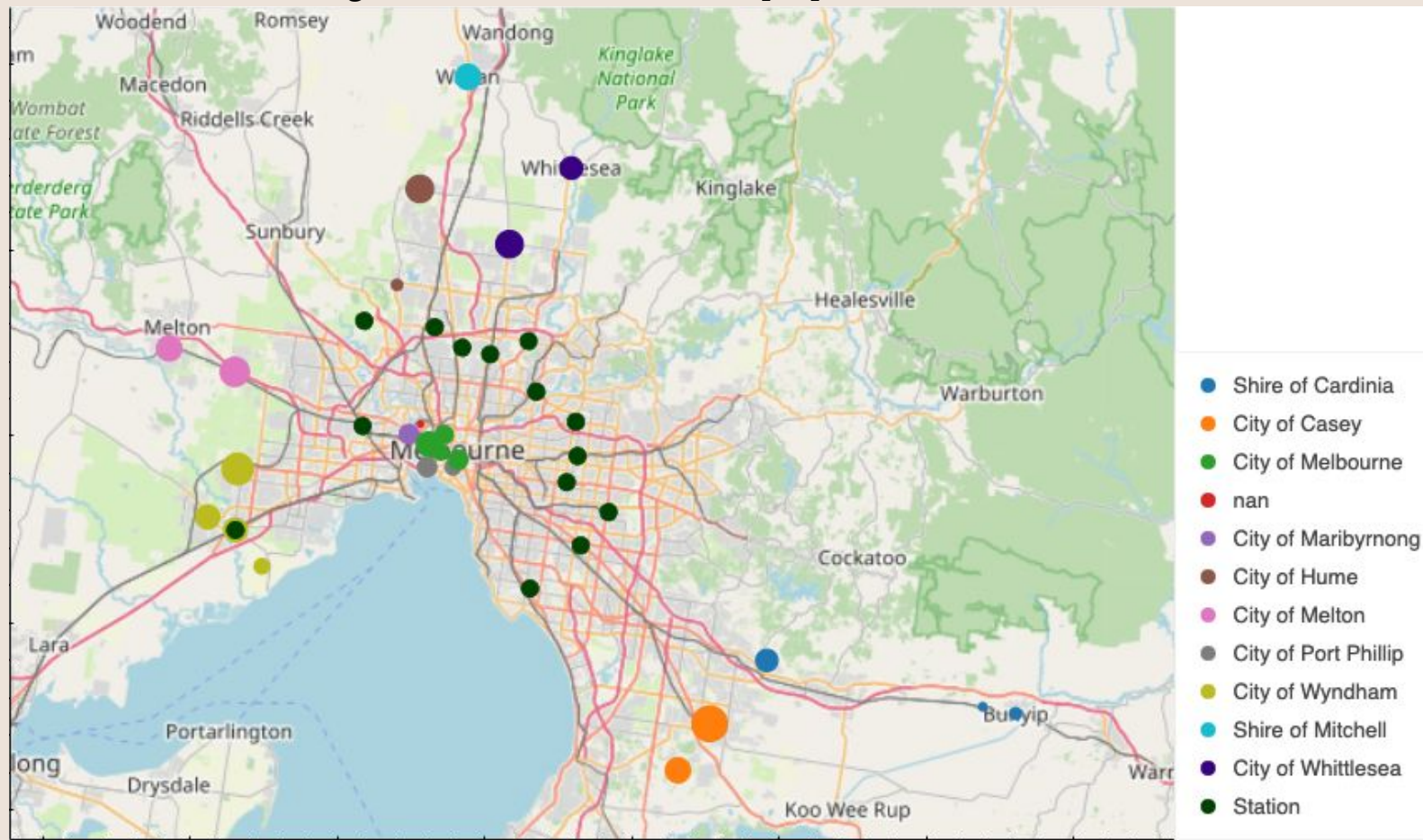


Q2) What are the top 5 areas/suburbs that will require the highest level of development?

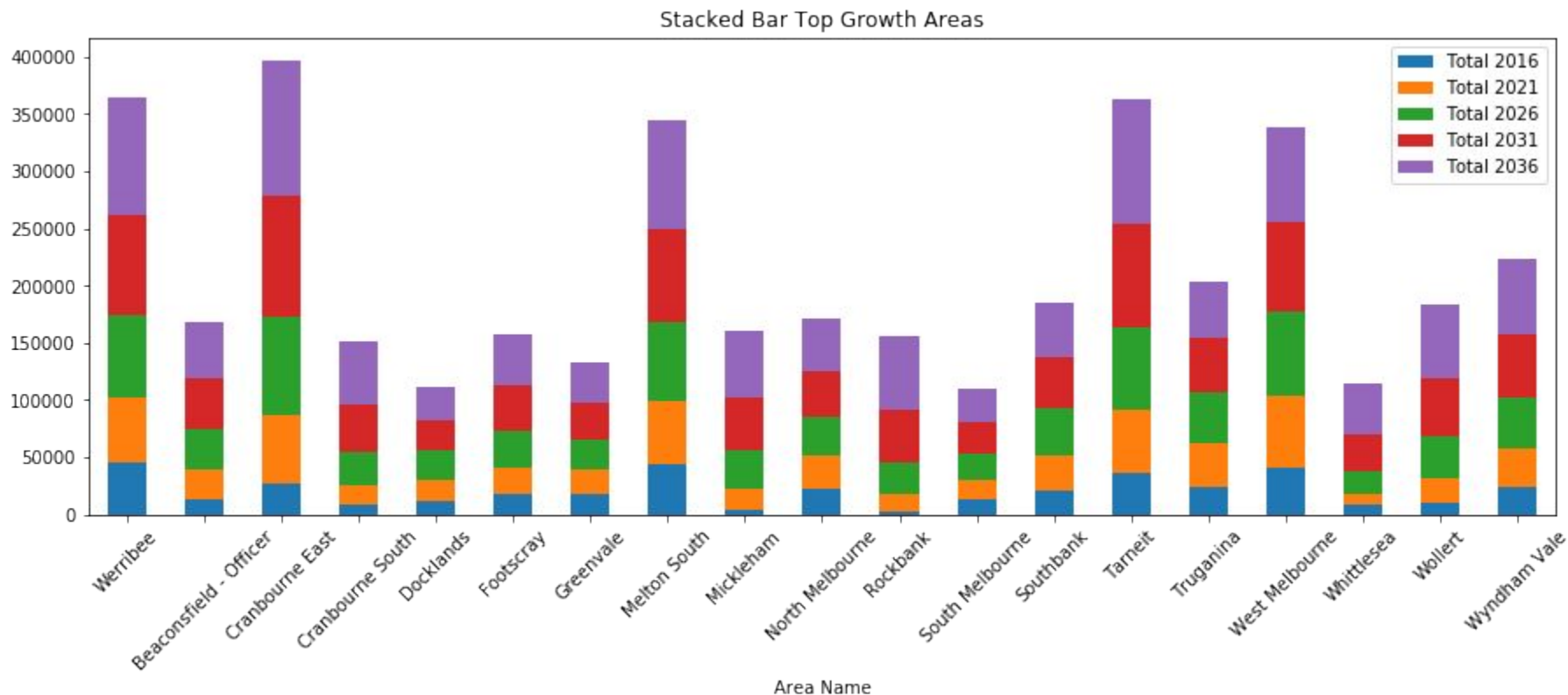
- North West
 - West (3 areas)
 - South East (Cranbourne and Cranbourne South)
 - Central Melbourne (sufficient infrastructure)
- 

Top Growth Areas in Melbourne

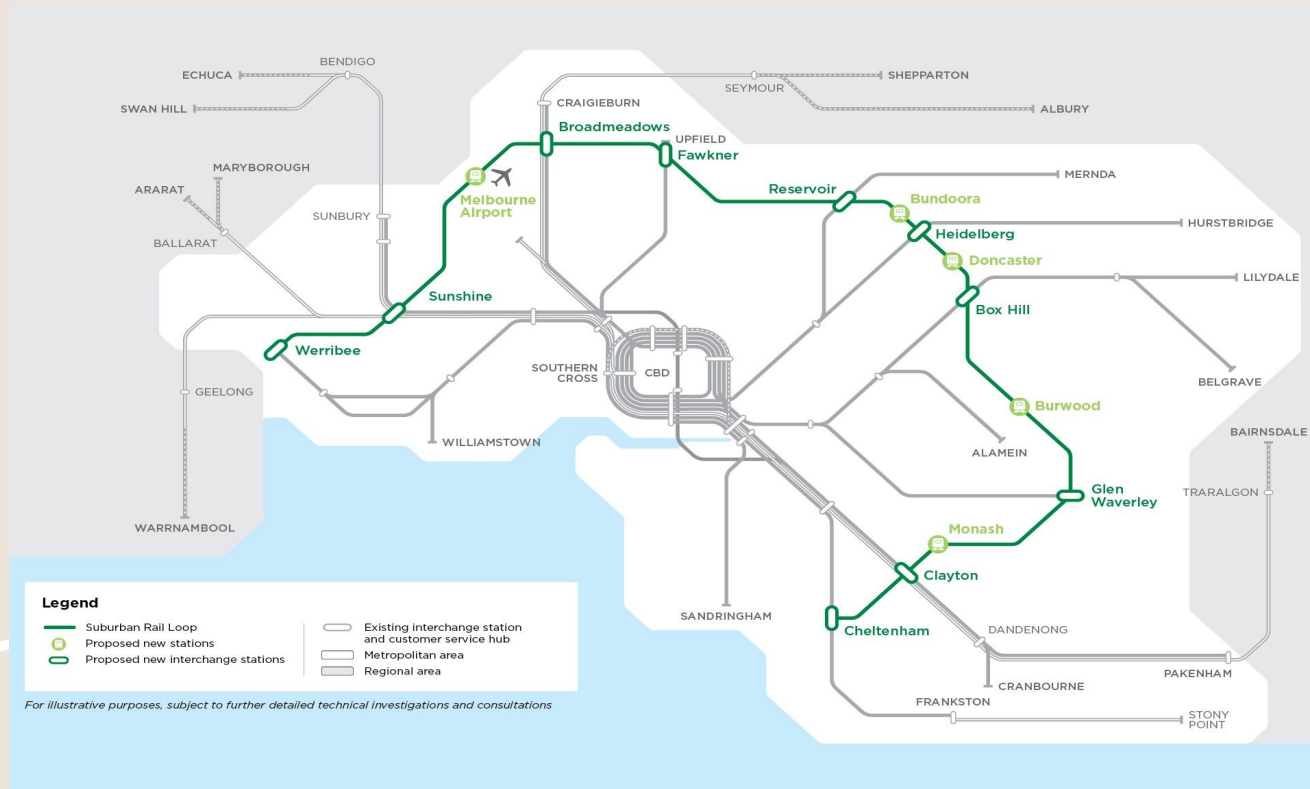
(green dots are Dan Andrews' proposed stations)



Top Growth Areas By Year

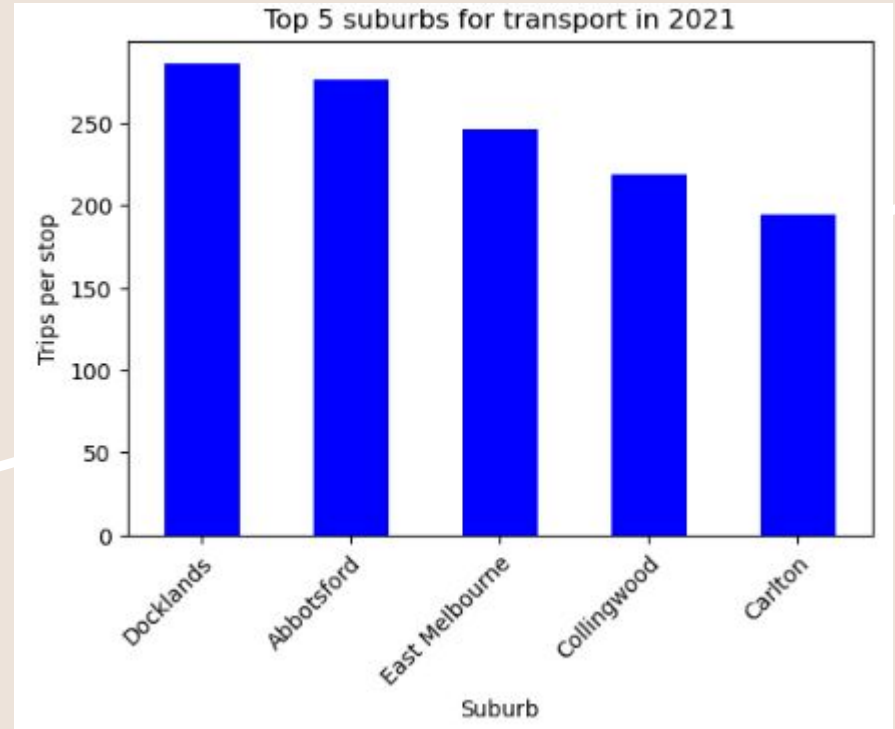


Q3) Will the new suburban rail loop impact that areas of high growth?



Q4) What are the top three suburbs in 2023 for public transport availability?

- Docklands
- Abbotsford
- East Melbourne



Relative stops per person

Lower value means smaller access to transport

