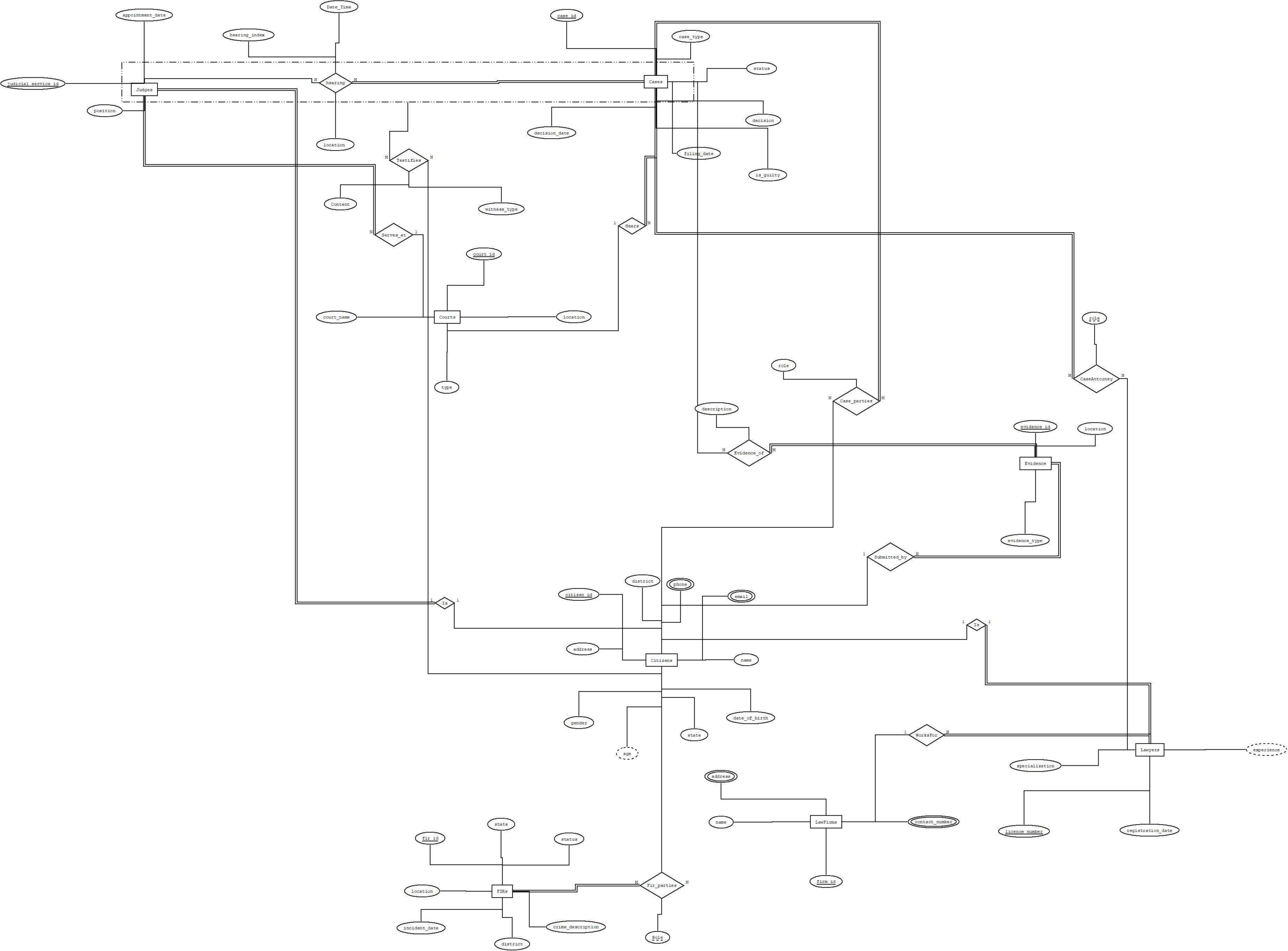
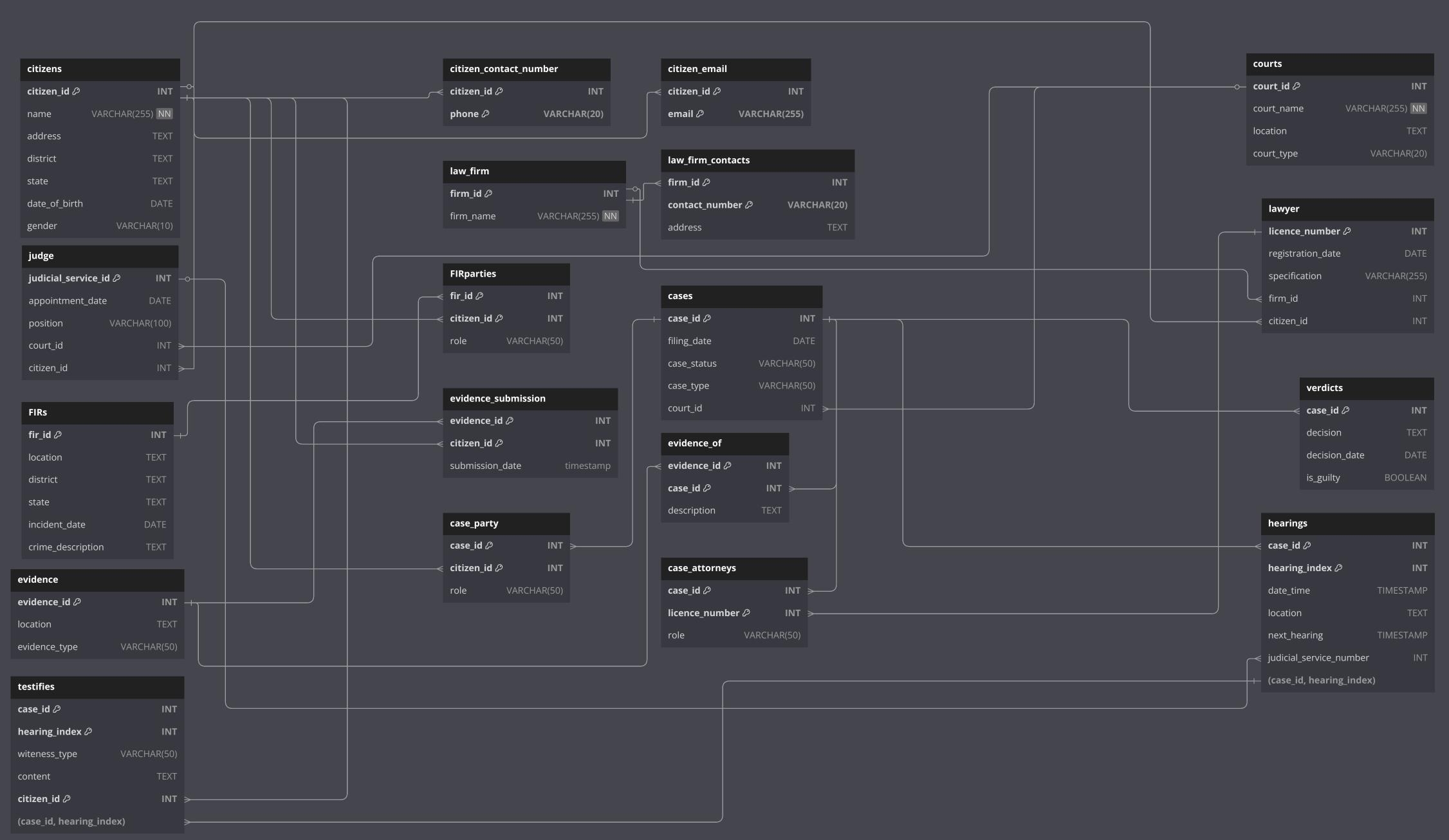
Group 2

Judicial Database Management System

Members

Name	IDs
Sanyam Shah	202301137
Om Chavda	202301177
Dev Trivedi	202301150
Abhishek Guna	202301148
Heet Bhuva	202301151







Minimal (Canonical) Functional Dependency Set

Introduction

In this document, we have listed the minimal functional dependency set for our database.

Theoretical Background

A functional dependency $X \to Y$ states that the values of attribute set X uniquely determine the values of attribute set Y.

In a canonical (minimal) set of functional dependencies:

- 1. Every determinant (left-hand side) is minimal
- 2. No functional dependency in the set can be derived from other FDs in the set
- 3. The right-hand side of each FD contains a single attribute or is irreducible

Schema Analysis

1. citizens

Minimal FD Set:

citizen_id \rightarrow name, address, date_of_birth, gender, district, state The citizen_id is the minimal determinant that uniquely identifies all other attributes in the relation.

2. citizen_contact_number

Minimal FD Set:

Composite key ($\operatorname{citizen_id}$, phone) forms the primary key

No non-trivial FDs beyond the key itself

This is a simple entity-attribute relation where the composite key is the only meaningful FD.

3. citizen_email

Minimal FD Set:

Composite key (citizen_id, email) forms the primary key No non-trivial FDs beyond the key itself

Similar to citizen_contact_number, this is an entity-attribute relation with no additional dependencies.

4. courts

Minimal FD Set:

```
court_id \rightarrow court_name, location, court_type
The court_id uniquely determines all court information.
```

5. judge

Minimal FD Set:

```
\verb|judicial_service_id| \rightarrow \verb|appointment_date|, position|, court_id|, \\ \verb|citizen_id|
```

The judicial_service_id uniquely identifies a judge's appointment and associated information.

6. law_firm

Minimal FD Set:

```
firm_id → firm_name
```

A simple relationship where the firm_id uniquely determines the firm's name.

7. law_firm_contacts

Minimal FD Set:

```
(firm_id, contact_number) → address
The key (firm_id, contact_number) uniquely determines the address for a law firm.
```

8. lawyer

Minimal FD Set:

```
licence_number \rightarrow registration_date, specification, firm_id, citizen_id
```

The licence_number uniquely identifies all attributes associated with a lawyer.

9. FIRs

Minimal FD Set:

```
fir_id \rightarrow location, incident_date, crime_description, district, state
```

The fir_id uniquely determines all information related to a specific FIR report.

10. FIRparties

Minimal FD Set:

```
(fir_id, citizen_id) → role
```

The above key uniquely determines the role of a citizen in a specific FIR.

11. cases

Minimal FD Set:

```
\texttt{case\_id} \rightarrow \texttt{filing\_date}, \ \texttt{case\_status}, \ \texttt{court\_id}
```

The case_id uniquely identifies all relevant case information.

12. verdicts

Minimal FD Set:

```
case_id → decision, decision_date, is_guilty
```

The case_id uniquely determines the verdict's information for a case.

13. evidence

Minimal FD Set:

```
evidence_id → location, evidence_type
```

The evidence_id uniquely determines all attributes of evidence.

14. evidence_submission

Minimal FD Set:

```
(evidence_id, citizen_id) → submission_date
```

The composite key uniquely determines when a piece of evidence was submitted by a specific citizen.

15. evidence_of

Minimal FD Set:

```
(evidence_id, case_id) → description
```

The composite key uniquely determines the description of how a piece of evidence is related to a specific case.

16. hearings

Minimal FD Set:

```
(case_id, hearing_index) \rightarrow date_time, location, next_hearing, judicial_service_number
```

The composite key uniquely identifies all information about a specific hearing for a case.

17. testifies

Minimal FD Set:

(case_id, hearing_index, citizen_id) \rightarrow witness_type, content The composite key uniquely determines the testimony details of a citizen in a specific hearing.

18. case_party

Minimal FD Set:

```
(case_id, citizen_id) → role
```

The composite key uniquely determines the role a citizen plays in a specific case.

19. case_attorneys

Minimal FD Set:

```
(case_id, licence_number) → role
```

The composite key uniquely determines the role an attorney plays in a specific case.

Boyce-Codd Normal Form (BCNF) Analysis of Database Schema

1. citizens

The primary key here is citizen_id.

Functional dependencies are:

```
citizen_id → name, address, date_of_birth, gender,district, state
```

The only determinant here is **citizen_id**, which is the primary key, so our BCNF is justified.

2. citizen_contact_number

The primary key here is (citizen_id, phone)

Functional dependency:

Here (citizen_id, phone) combined uniquely determines each record.

Since the only non-trivial functional dependency has the primary key as its determinant, it satisfies all BCNF requirements.

3. citizen email

The primary key is (citizen_id, email)

Functional Dependencies:

(citizen id, email) uniquely determines each record.

Again, since the only non-trivial dependency uses the composite primary key as its determinant, thus it meets BCNF criteria.

4. courts

The primary key is court_id

The functional dependencies are:

```
court_id → court_name, location, court_type
```

The determinant **court_id** is the primary key, hence BCNF is justified.

5. judge

The primary key is **judicial_service_id**.

FDs are:

```
\verb|judicial_service_id| \rightarrow appointment_date, position, court_id, \\ citizen_id|
```

The only determinant is **judicial_service_id**, which is the primary key, thus satisfying BCNF.

6. law_firm

The primary key here is firm_id

FDs:

```
firm_id → firm_name
```

The determinant **firm_id** is the primary key, ensuring BCNF compliance.

7. law_firm_contacts

The primary key here is (firm_id, contact_number)

FDs are:

```
(firm_id, contact_number) → address
```

Since the composite key is the only determinant in any non-trivial dependency, it satisfies BCNF.

8. lawyer

The primary key in this is licence_number

FDs are:

```
licence_number \rightarrow registration_date, specification, firm_id, citizen_id
```

The determinant **licence_number** is the primary key, ensuring BCNF.

9. FIRs

The primary key is fir_id

FDs are:

```
\label{fir_id} \begin{tabular}{ll} fir\_id \rightarrow location, incident\_date, crime\_description, district, \\ state \end{tabular}
```

The determinant **fir_id** is the primary key, thus satisfying BCNF.

10. FIRparties

The primary key taken here is (fir_id, citizen_id)

FDs are:

```
(fir_id, citizen_id) → role
```

The composite key is the only determinant in any non-trivial dependency, meeting BCNF requirements.

11. cases

Primary key is case_id

FDs are:

```
case_id → filing_date, case_status, court_id
```

The determinant case_id is the primary key, ensuring BCNF.

12. verdicts

The primary key here is case_id

FDs are:

```
case_id → decision, decision_date, is_guilty
```

The determinant case_id is the primary key, thus satisfying BCNF.

13. evidence

Primary Key is evidence_id

FDs are:

```
evidence_id → location, evidence_type
```

The determinant evidence_id is the primary key, ensuring BCNF.

14. evidence submission

Primary key here is (evidence id, citizen id)

FD is:

```
(evidence_id, citizen_id) → submission_date
```

The composite key is the only determinant in any non-trivial dependency, satisfying BCNF.

15. evidence_of

The primary key is (evidence_id, case_id)

FDs are:

```
(evidence_id, case_id) → description
```

The composite key is the only determinant in any non-trivial dependency, meeting BCNF requirements.

16. hearings

Primary key: (case_id, hearing_index)

FDs are:

```
(case_id, hearing_index) \rightarrow date_time, location, next_hearing, judicial_service_number
```

The composite key is the only determinant in any non-trivial dependency, ensuring BCNF compliance.

17. testifies

Primary key is Composite key (case_id, hearing_index, citizen_id)

```
(case_id, hearing_index, citizen_id) → witness_type, content
```

The composite key is the only determinant in any non-trivial dependency, satisfying BCNF.

18. case_party

Primary Key is (case_id, citizen_id)

FDs are:

```
(case_id, citizen_id) → role
```

The composite key is the only determinant in any non-trivial dependency, meeting BCNF requirements.

19. case_attorneys

Primary key is (case_id, licence_number)

FDs are:

```
(case_id, licence_number) → role
```

The composite key is the only determinant in any non-trivial dependency, ensuring BCNF compliance.