



# **S3C64xx series Video Driver User Manual**

## **(Windows Embedded CE 6.0 & Windows Mobile 6.x)**

**S3C64xx series**

**Feb. 11, 2009**

**(Preliminary) REV 0.5**

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S3C64xx series Video Driver User Manual For  
For Windows Embedded CE 6.0 & Windows Mobile  
6.1

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Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.  
San #24 Nongseo-Dong, Giheung-Gu  
Yongin-City Gyeonggi-Do, Korea  
446-711

Home Page: <http://www.samsungsemi.com/>

E-Mail: [mobilesol.cs@samsung.com](mailto:mobilesol.cs@samsung.com)

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Preliminary product information describe products that are in development, for which full characterization data and associated errata are not yet available. Specifications and information herein are subject to change without notice.

## Revision History

Revision No	Description of Change	Refer to	Author(s)	Date
0.1	Preliminary draft	-	GabJoo Lim	2008-04-04
0.2	Revised for Rotator API	-	GabJoo Lim	2008-04-24
0.3	Revised for TV Out API	-	GabJoo Lim	2008-05-03
0.4	Revised for 64xx series common contents		Jiwon Kim	2008-07-04
0.5	Revised for modified directory layout		Jiwon Kim	2009-02-11

NOTE: REVISED PARTS ARE WRITTEN IN BLUE.

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## 1 Introduction

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Standard APIs(GDI, GAPI, Direct Draw and Direct Show) supported by Windows CE or Windows Mobile OS has some abstraction to eliminate HW dependency. And this abstraction restricts some feature of HW IP. So we introduce the Video Driver supporting the Custom API can control multimedia HW IP directly.

Video Driver supports APIs control 5 multimedia HW IP(Display Controller, Post Processor, Rotator, TV Scaler and TV Encoder). User Application can access and control HW using the APIs and pass the Physical Address as argument of API. But this means application can use Physical Address as an argument and does not means application can access to Physical memory directly. If application want to access to Physical Memory, The Physical Memory Region should be mapped to Virtual Memory region by some system calls like VirtualAlloc() and VirtualCopy().

Display Driver(GDI, Direct Draw) in the BSP is also using Video Driver to control HW IP in the same way of User Application. Application must reserve some HW resource before calling API, because Display Driver or some other application can call APIs of Video Driver at any time.

## 2 Directory Layout

Directory layout of source code related with Video Driver is shown in Figure 2-1. The all examples including directory name, file name, function name, and variables show in case of S3C6400. In case of S3C6410, "6400" will be replaced to "6410". [All prefix on directory name is removed, Figure 2-2 shows that.](#)

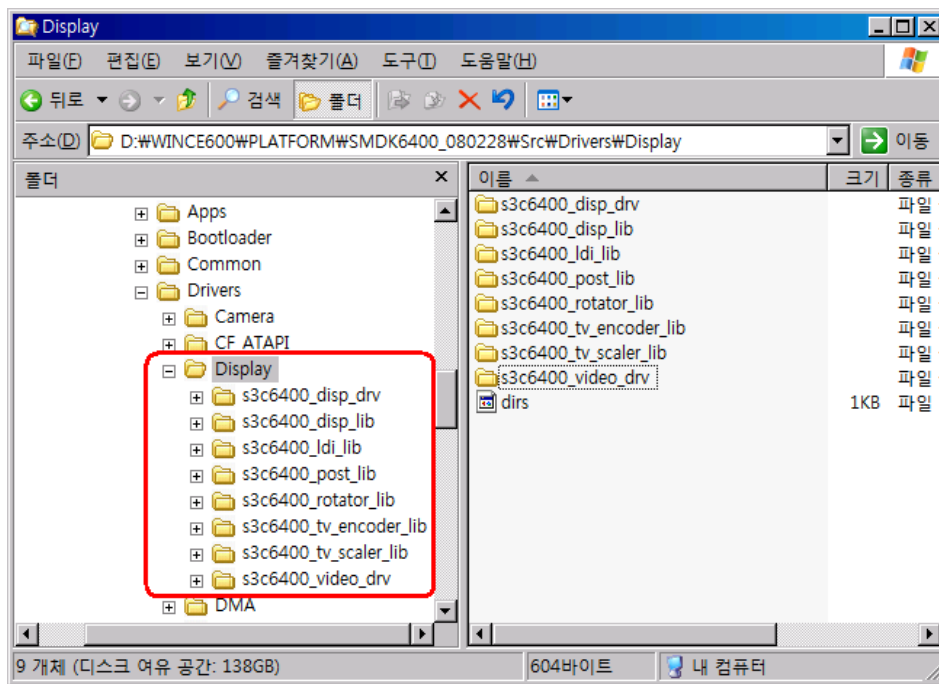


Figure 2-1 Video Driver Directory Layout(Old)

Directory Name	New Directory Name	Description
S3c6400_disp_drv	DISPLAY_DRV	Display Driver (GDI, Direct Draw support)
S3c6400_disp_lib	DISPCON_LIB	Display Controller Function Library
S3c6400_ldi_lib	LDI_LIB	LCD module Function Library
S3c6400_post_lib	POST_PROCESSOR_LIB	Post Processor Function Library
S3c6400_rotator_lib	IMAGE_ROTATOR_LIB	Image Rotator Function Library
S3c6400_tv_encoder_lib	TV_ENCODER_LIB	TV Encoder Function Library
S3c6400_tv_scaler_lib	TV_SCALER_LIB	TV Scaler Function Library
S3c6400_video_drv	VIDEO_DRV	Video Driver

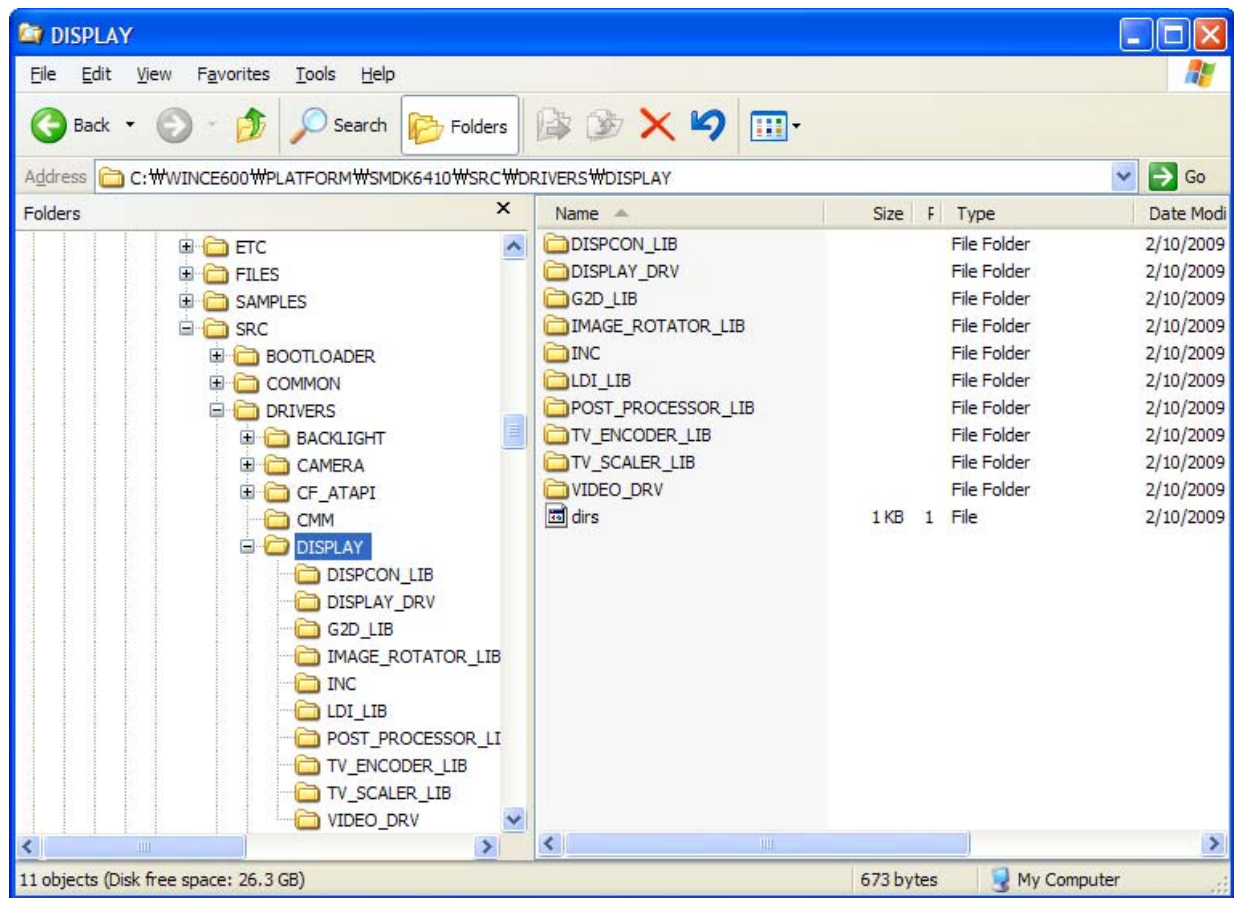


Figure 2-2 Video Driver Directory Layout(New)



### 3 Driver Loading & Driver Open

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To using Video Driver API, The Video Driver should be loaded and each application must get the handle of Video Driver by opening driver. This sequence is same as other stream drivers.

Video Driver is built-in driver and OS load the driver automatically in the OS booting process.

Application can open the driver and get the handle with CreateFile() System Call. Device name of Video Driver is "VDE0:"

```
m_hVideoDrv = CreateFile( L"VDE0:", GENERIC_READ|GENERIC_WRITE,  
                        FILE_SHARE_READ|FILE_SHARE_WRITE, NULL, OPEN_EXISTING, 0, 0 );
```

## 4 Video Driver API

---

Application can call API of Video Driver with DeviceIoControl() System Call.

```
BOOL DeviceIoControl(  
    HANDLE hDevice,  
    DWORD dwIoControlCode,  
    LPVOID lpInBuffer,  
    DWORD nInBufferSize,  
    LPVOID lpOutBuffer,  
    DWORD nOutBufferSize,  
    LPDWORD lpBytesReturned,  
    LPOVERLAPPED lpOverlapped  
);
```

Video Driver API is classified as Resource Request/Release API, Function API and Power Management API.

Resource Request/Release API is used to reserve some HW IP before application use function API.

Function API is used to control some feature of HW IP. And Power Management API is used to control Clock or Block Power of HW IP and Video Engine.

All IOCTL codes, Data structures and Enumeration Values are defined in "<<BSP  
ROOT>>\Src\Inc\SVEDriverAPI.h" file.

## 4.1 Resource Request/Release API

Resource Request/Release API need only dwIoControlCode as argument. The reserve states of resource are stored in Video Driver and handle is not passed to application. Video Driver approves access right of application based on open context of application pass to driver.

IOCTL Code	Description
<i>IOCTL_SVE_RSC_REQUEST_FIMD_INTERFACE</i>	Request the resource of Display Controller Output Interface.
<i>IOCTL_SVE_RSC_RELEASE_FIMD_INTERFACE</i>	Release the resource of Display Controller Output Interface.
<i>IOCTL_SVE_RSC_REQUEST_FIMD_WIN0</i>	Request the resource of Display Controller Window0.
<i>IOCTL_SVE_RSC_RELEASE_FIMD_WIN0</i>	Release the resource of Display Controller Window0.
<i>IOCTL_SVE_RSC_REQUEST_FIMD_WIN1</i>	Request the resource of Display Controller Window1.
<i>IOCTL_SVE_RSC_RELEASE_FIMD_WIN1</i>	Release the resource of Display Controller Window1.
<i>IOCTL_SVE_RSC_REQUEST_FIMD_WIN2</i>	Request the resource of Display Controller Window2.
<i>IOCTL_SVE_RSC_RELEASE_FIMD_WIN2</i>	Release the resource of Display Controller Window2.
<i>IOCTL_SVE_RSC_REQUEST_FIMD_WIN3</i>	Request the resource of Display Controller Window3.
<i>IOCTL_SVE_RSC_RELEASE_FIMD_WIN3</i>	Release the resource of Display Controller Window3.
<i>IOCTL_SVE_RSC_REQUEST_FIMD_WIN4</i>	Request the resource of Display Controller Window4.
<i>IOCTL_SVE_RSC_RELEASE_FIMD_WIN4</i>	Release the resource of Display Controller Window4.
<i>IOCTL_SVE_RSC_REQUEST_POST</i>	Request the resource of Post processor.
<i>IOCTL_SVE_RSC_RELEASE_POST</i>	Release the resource of Post processor.
<i>IOCTL_SVE_RSC_REQUEST_ROTATOR</i>	Request the resource of Rotator.
<i>IOCTL_SVE_RSC_RELEASE_ROTATOR</i>	Release the resource of Rotator.
<i>IOCTL_SVE_RSC_REQUEST_TVSCALER_TVENCODER<sup>(1)</sup></i>	Request the resource of TV Scaler & TV

	Encoder.
<i>IOCTL_SVE_RSC_RELEASE_TVSCALER_TVENCODER<sup>(1)</sup></i>	Release the resource of TV Scaler & TV Encoder.

(1) The resource management API of TV Scaler and TV Encoder is same because TV Encoder can't work without TV Scaler. TV Encoder always needs output of TV Scaler as the input path.

## 4.2 Function API

Function API is used to control the feature of each HW IP.

Function API supports control each HW IP (Display Controller, Post Processor, Rotator, TV Scaler and TV Encoder). Also supports Local Path API control FIFO mode between Post Processor and Display Controller.

Application must reserve the resource of HW IP by Resource Request API before calling Function API. To use Local Path API, application should reserve resource of Post Processor and Display Controller.

### 4.2.1 Display Controller API (FIMD)

IOCTL Code	Description
<i>IOCTL_SVE_FIMD_SET_INTERFACE_PARAM</i>	Configuring Parameters of Output Interface (LCD module, TV out)
<i>IOCTL_SVE_FIMD_SET_OUTPUT_RGBIF</i>	Change Display Output to RGB I/F (LCD)
<i>IOCTL_SVE_FIMD_SET_OUTPUT_TV</i>	Change Display Output to TV Encoder (TV Out)
<i>IOCTL_SVE_FIMD_SET_OUTPUT_ENABLE</i>	Display Output Enable
<i>IOCTL_SVE_FIMD_SET_OUTPUT_DISABLE</i>	Display Output Disable
<i>IOCTL_SVE_FIMD_SET_WINDOW_MODE</i>	Configuring Window Parameter (Mode, Format, Size, Position)
<i>IOCTL_SVE_FIMD_SET_WINDOW_POSITION</i>	Change Window Position
<i>IOCTL_SVE_FIMD_SET_WINDOW_FRAMEBUFFER</i>	Configuring Window Frame Buffer Address
<i>IOCTL_SVE_FIMD_SET_WINDOW_COLORMAP<sup>(1)</sup></i>	Configuring Window Color Map
<i>IOCTL_SVE_FIMD_SET_WINDOW_ENABLE</i>	Window Enable
<i>IOCTL_SVE_FIMD_SET_WINDOW_DISABLE</i>	Window Disable
<i>IOCTL_SVE_FIMD_SET_WINDOW_BLEND_DISABLE<sup>(1)</sup></i>	Disable Window Blending (Always show upper window first)
<i>IOCTL_SVE_FIMD_SET_WINDOW_BLEND_COLORKEY<sup>(2)</sup></i>	Configuring Color Key
<i>IOCTL_SVE_FIMD_SET_WINDOW_BLEND_ALPHA<sup>(2)</sup></i>	Configuring Alpha Blending
<i>IOCTL_SVE_FIMD_WAIT_FRAME_INTERRUPT<sup>(2)</sup></i>	Waiting for Frame Interrupt
<i>IOCTL_SVE_FIMD_GET_OUTPUT_STATUS</i>	Request the status of Display Output
<i>IOCTL_SVE_FIMD_GET_WINDOW_STATUS<sup>(1)</sup></i>	Request the status of each Window

(1) Function is not implemented at current version

(2) API can be used without request HW resource at current version

#### 4.2.1.1 IOCTL\_SVE\_FIMD\_SET\_INTERFACE\_PARAM

API Description	
Configuring Parameters and initializing Output Interface (LCD module, TV out)	
Arguments	Type
dwIoControlCode	IOCTL_SVE_FIMD_SET_INTERFACE_PARAM
lpInBuffer	SVEARG_FIMD_OUTPUT_IF *
nInBuffer	sizeof(SVEARG_FIMD_OUTPUT_IF)
lpOutBuffer	None
nOutBufferSize	None
Note	
<p>This API is used by Display Driver when initializing Display Controller. The parameters of RGB I/F is filled by library of external LCD Module.</p> <p>In most cases, TVout screen size is same with LCD size (but dwTVOutScreenWidths can not be greater than 720 pixel)</p>	
Data Structure of SVEARG_FIMD_OUTPUT_IF	
<pre>typedef struct {     tDevInfo tRGBDevInfo;           // RGB I/F Device Information     DWORD dwTVOutScreenWidth;       // TV Out Device Screen Width     DWORD dwTVOutScreenHeight;      // TV Out Device Screen Height } SVEARG_FIMD_OUTPUT_IF;</pre>	

#### 4.2.1.2 IOCTL\_SVE\_FIMD\_SET\_OUTPUT\_RGBIF

API Description	
Change Display Output to RGB I/F (LCD)	
Arguments	Type
dwIoControlCode	IOCTL_SVE_FIMD_SET_OUTPUT_RGBIF
lpInBuffer	None
nInBuffer	None
lpOutBuffer	None
nOutBufferSize	None
Note	
This API is used by Display Driver.	



#### 4.2.1.3 IOCTL\_SVE\_FIMD\_SET\_OUTPUT\_TV

API Description	
Change Display Output to TV Encoder (TV Out)	
Arguments	Type
dwIoControlCode	IOCTL_SVE_FIMD_SET_OUTPUT_TV
lpInBuffer	None
nInBuffer	None
lpOutBuffer	None
nOutBufferSize	None
Note	
This API is used by Display Driver.	

#### 4.2.1.4 IOCTL\_SVE\_FIMD\_SET\_OUTPUT\_ENABLE

API Description	
Display Controller Output Enable	
Arguments	Type
dwIoControlCode	IOCTL_SVE_FIMD_SET_OUTPUT_ENABLE
lpInBuffer	None
nInBuffer	None
lpOutBuffer	None
nOutBufferSize	None
Note	
This API is used by Display Driver.	

#### 4.2.1.5 IOCTL\_SVE\_FIMD\_SET\_OUTPUT\_DISABLE

API Description	
Display Controller Output Disable	
Arguments	Type
dwIoControlCode	IOCTL_SVE_FIMD_SET_OUTPUT_DISABLE
lpInBuffer	None
nInBuffer	None
lpOutBuffer	None
nOutBufferSize	None
Note	
This API is used by Display Driver.	

## 4.2.1.6 IOCTL\_SVE\_FIMD\_SET\_WINDOW\_MODE

API Description		
Configuring Window Parameter (Mode, Format, Size, Position)		
Arguments	Type	
dwIoControlCode	IOCTL_SVE_FIMD_SET_WINDOW_MODE	
lpInBuffer	SVEARG_FIMD_WIN_MODE *	
nInBuffer	sizeof(SVEARG_FIMD_WIN_MODE)	
lpOutBuffer	None	
nOutBufferSize	None	
Note		
Only Window0 can support local path with Post Processor at current version		
Data Structure of SVEARG_FIMD_WIN_MODE		
typedef struct { DWORD dwWinMode; // FIMD Window Mode DWORD dwBPP;      // BitPerPixel DWORD dwWidth;    // Window Horizontal Pixel DWORD dwHeight;   // Window Vertical Pixel DWORD dwOffsetX;  // Window Horizontal Offset DWORD dwOffsetY;  // Window Vertical Offset } SVEARG_FIMD_WIN_MODE;		
Member	Description	Possible value or unit
dwWinMode	Window Number and Operation Mode (DMA or Local Path)	<i>DISP_WINDOW_MODE</i>
dwBPP	Frame Buffer Image Format	<i>DISP_BPP_MODE</i>
dwWidth	Window Horizontal Size	Pixel
dwHeight	Window Vertical Size	Pixel
dwOffsetX	Window Horizontal Position	Pixel
dwOffsetY	Window Vertical Position	Pixel

#### 4.2.1.7 IOCTL\_SVE\_FIMD\_SET\_WINDOW\_POSITION

API Description		
Change Window Position		
Arguments	Type	
dwIoControlCode	IOCTL_SVE_FIMD_SET_WINDOW_POSITION	
lpInBuffer	SVEARG_FIMD_WIN_POS *	
nInBuffer	sizeof(SVEARG_FIMD_WIN_POS)	
lpOutBuffer	None	
nOutBufferSize	None	
Note		
This API operates asynchronously when display output is enabled, because position of window can be changed only in blank area.		
Data Structure of SVEARG_FIMD_WIN_POS		
typedef struct { DWORD dwWinNum;   // FIMD Window Number DWORD dwOffsetX;   // Window Horizontal Offset DWORD dwOffsetY;   // Window Vertical Offset } SVEARG_FIMD_WIN_POS;		
Member	Description	Possible value or unit
dwWinNum	Window Number	<i>DISP_WINDOW</i>
dwOffsetX	Window Horizontal Position	Pixel
dwOffsetY	Window Vertical Position	Pixel

## 4.2.1.8 IOCTL\_SVE\_FIMD\_SET\_WINDOW\_FRAMEBUFFER

API Description		
Change Window Position		
Arguments	Type	
dwIoControlCode	IOCTL_SVE_FIMD_SET_WINDOW_FRAMEBUFFER	
lpInBuffer	SVEARG_FIMD_WIN_FRAMEBUFFER *	
nInBuffer	sizeof(SVEARG_FIMD_WIN_FRAMEBUFFER)	
lpOutBuffer	None	
nOutBufferSize	None	
Note		
This API operates asynchronously when display output is enabled, because frame buffer address can be changed only in blank area.		
Data Structure of SVEARG_FIMD_WIN_FRAMEBUFFER		
typedef struct { DWORD dwWinNum;            // FIMD Window Number DWORD dwFrameBuffer;      // Frame Buffer Address BOOL bWaitForVSync;       // Blocked Operation } SVEARG_FIMD_WIN_FRAMEBUFFER;		
Member	Description	Possible value or unit
dwWinNum	Window Number	<i>DISP_WINDOW</i>
dwFrameBuffer	Frame buffer address	Physical Address
bWaitForVSync	If bWaitForVSync is set as TRUE, Function will be blocked until new address applied to HW	<i>TRUE</i> or <i>FALSE</i>

#### 4.2.1.9 IOCTL\_SVE\_FIMD\_SET\_WINDOW\_ENABLE

API Description	
Window Enable	
Arguments	Type
dwIoControlCode	IOCTL_SVE_FIMD_SET_WINDOW_ENABLE
lpInBuffer	DWORD *
nInBuffer	sizeof(DWORD)
lpOutBuffer	None
nOutBufferSize	None
Note	
lpInBuffer is the pointer of variable contains window number to enable. Refer to enumeration <i>DISP_WINDOW</i>	

#### 4.2.1.10 IOCTL\_SVE\_FIMD\_SET\_WINDOW\_DISABLE

API Description	
Window Disable	
Arguments	Type
dwIoControlCode	IOCTL_SVE_FIMD_SET_WINDOW_DISABLE
lpInBuffer	DWORD *
nInBuffer	sizeof(DWORD)
lpOutBuffer	None
nOutBufferSize	None
Note	
lpInBuffer is the pointer of variable contains window number to disable. Refer to enumeration <i>DISP_WINDOW</i>	



## 4.2.1.11 IOCTL\_SVE\_FIMD\_SET\_WINDOW\_BLEND\_COLORKEY

API Description		
Configuring Color Key		
Arguments	Type	
dwIoControlCode	IOCTL_SVE_FIMD_SET_WINDOW_BLEND_COLORKEY	
lpInBuffer	SVEARG_FIMD_WIN_COLORKEY *	
nInBuffer	sizeof(SVEARG_FIMD_WIN_COLORKEY)	
lpOutBuffer	None	
nOutBufferSize	None	
Data Structure of SVEARG_FIMD_WIN_COLORKEY		
<pre>typedef struct {     DWORD dwWinNum;           // FIMD Window Number     DWORD dwDirection;        // Keying Direction     DWORD dwColorKey;         // Color Key Value     DWORD dwCompareKey;       // Compare Key Value     BOOL bOnOff;              // Color Key Enable/Disable } SVEARG_FIMD_WIN_COLORKEY;</pre>		
Member	Description	Possible value or unit
dwWinNum	Window Number	<i>DISP_WINDOW</i>
dwDirection	Color Key Direction Select which window will be shown above	<i>DISP_COLOR_KEY_DIRECTION</i>
dwColorKey	Color key value for the transparent pixel effect	24 bit RGB value
dwCompareKey	Color key mask value	24 bit RGB value
bOnOff	Color key enable or disable	<i>TRUE</i> or <i>FALSE</i>

## 4.2.1.12 IOCTL\_SVE\_FIMD\_SET\_WINDOW\_BLEND\_ALPHA

API Description		
Configuring Alpha Blending		
Arguments	Type	
dwIoControlCode	IOCTL_SVE_FIMD_SET_WINDOW_BLEND_ALPHA	
lpInBuffer	SVEARG_FIMD_WIN_ALPHA *	
nInBuffer	sizeof(SVEARG_FIMD_WIN_ALPHA)	
lpOutBuffer	None	
nOutBufferSize	None	
Data Structure of SVEARG_FIMD_WIN_ALPHA		
typedef struct { DWORD dwWinNum;   // FIMD Window Number DWORD dwMethod;   // Blending Method (per Pixel or per Plane) DWORD dwAlpha0;    // Alpha Value 0 DWORD dwAlpha1;    // Alpha Value 1 } SVEARG_FIMD_WIN_ALPHA;		
Member	Description	Possible value or unit
dwWinNum	Window Number	DISP_WINDOW
dwMethod	Blending Method Per Pixel or Per Plane	DISP_ALPHA_BLEND_METHOD
dwAlpha0	Alpha value 0	4 bit alpha value (0x0~0xF) 0x0 will show lower window 0xF will show upper window
dwAlpha1	Alpha value 1	4 bit alpha value (0x0~0xF) 0x0 will show lower window 0xF will show upper window

#### 4.2.1.13 IOCTL\_SVE\_FIMD\_WAIT\_FRAME\_INTERRUPT

API Description	
Waiting for Frame Interrupt.	
Arguments	Type
dwIoControlCode	IOCTL_SVE_FIMD_WAIT_FRAME_INTERRUPT
lpInBuffer	None
nInBuffer	None
lpOutBuffer	None
nOutBufferSize	None
Note	
<p>This API can be used when application want to wait for current display frame. Actually frame interrupt is occurred at front porch of display output.</p> <p>This API use WaitForSingleObject() internally to waiting for HW interrupt. So you can release CPU scheduled time until HW operation finished.</p>	

## 4.2.1.14 IOCTL\_SVE\_FIMD\_GET\_OUTPUT\_STATUS

API Description		
Request the status of Display Output		
Arguments	Type	
dwIoControlCode	IOCTL_SVE_FIMD_GET_OUTPUT_STATUS	
lpInBuffer	None	
nInBuffer	None	
lpOutBuffer	SVEARG_FIMD_OUTPUT_STAT *	
nOutBufferSize	sizeof(SVEARG_FIMD_OUTPUT_STAT)	
Note		
When display output is disabled, the return values except bENVID can be incorrect		
Data Structure of SVEARG_FIMD_WIN_FRAMEBUFFER		
<pre>typedef struct {     DWORD dwLineCnt;           // Line Counter     DWORD dwVerticalStatus;    // Vertical Status     DWORD dwHorizontalStatus;  // Horizontal Status     BOOL bENVID;               // ENVID Field of VIDCON0 } SVEARG_FIMD_OUTPUT_STAT;</pre>		
Member	Description	Possible value or unit
dwLineCnt	Current line of display output signal	Line number
dwVerticalStatus	Vertical status of display output signal	<i>DISP_VERTICAL_STATUS</i>
dwHorizontalStatus	Horizontal status of display output signal	<i>DISP_HORIZONTAL_STATUS</i>
bENVID	Display output is enabled or not	<i>TRUE</i> or <i>FALSE</i>

#### 4.2.2 Post Processor API (Post Processor)

IOCTL Code	Description
<i>IOCTL_SVE_POST_SET_PROCESSING_PARAM</i>	Configuring Parameters of Post processor (Operating mode, source & destination image size, offset)
<i>IOCTL_SVE_POST_SET_SOURCE_BUFFER</i>	Configuring Source Image Address
<i>IOCTL_SVE_POST_SET_NEXT_SOURCE_BUFFER</i> <sup>(1)</sup>	Change Next Source Image Address (for Free run mode only)
<i>IOCTL_SVE_POST_SET_DESTINATION_BUFFER</i>	Configuring Destination Image Address
<i>IOCTL_SVE_POST_SET_NEXT_DESTINATION_BUFFER</i> <sup>(1)</sup>	Change Next Destination Image Address (for Free run mode only)
<i>IOCTL_SVE_POST_SET_PROCESSING_START</i>	Post Processing Start
<i>IOCTL_SVE_POST_SET_PROCESSING_STOP</i>	Post Processing Stop
<i>IOCTL_SVE_POST_WAIT_PROCESSING_DONE</i> <sup>(2)</sup>	Waiting for Post Processing to be finished. (for Per Frame mode only)
<i>IOCTL_SVE_POST_GET_PROCESSING_STATUS</i>	Request the status of Post Processor

(1) API can be used when Post processor is operating in free run mode.

(2) API can be used when Post processor is operating in per frame mode.

## 4.2.2.1 IOCTL\_SVE\_POST\_SET\_PROCESSING\_PARAM

API Description	
Configuring Parameters of Post processor (Operating mode and image format, size, offset)	
Arguments	Type
dwIoControlCode	IOCTL_SVE_POST_SET_PROCESSING_PARAM
lpInBuffer	SVEARG_POST_PARAMETER *
nInBuffer	sizeof(SVEARG_POST_PARAMETER)
lpOutBuffer	None
nOutBufferSize	None
Note	
<p>Post Processing parameter can be configured only when HW is not running.</p> <p>To use post processor with display controller as local path, dwDstType must be configured as <i>POST_DST_FIFO_YUV444</i> or <i>POST_DST_FIFO_RGB888</i> and dwScanMode must be configured as <i>POST_PROGRESSIVE</i>.</p> <p>dwScanMode is applied to HW when Post processor is configured as FIFO mode (Local Path)</p> <p><b>If application changes the parameters of post processor, Application should reconfigure Image Buffer Address also.</b></p>	
Data Structure of SVEARG_POST_PARAMETER	
<pre>typedef struct {     DWORD dwOpMode;           // Operation Mode (Frame or Free Run)     DWORD dwScanMode;         // Scan Mode (Progressive or Interlaced)     DWORD dwSrcType;          // Src Image Type     DWORD dwSrcBaseWidth;     DWORD dwSrcBaseHeight;     DWORD dwSrcWidth;     DWORD dwSrcHeight;     DWORD dwSrcOffsetX;     DWORD dwSrcOffsetY;     DWORD dwDstType;          // Dst Image Type     DWORD dwDstBaseWidth;     DWORD dwDstBaseHeight;     DWORD dwDstWidth;     DWORD dwDstHeight;     DWORD dwDstOffsetX;</pre>	

DWORD dwDstOffsetY; } SVEARG_POST_PARAMETER;		
Member	Description	Possible value or unit
dwOpMode	Operating mode Per Frame Mode or Free run mode	<i>POST_OP_MODE</i>
dwScanMode	Output scan method Progressive or Interlaced mode	<i>POST_SCAN_MODE</i>
dwSrcType	Source Image Format	<i>POST_SRC_TYPE</i>
dwSrcBaseWidth	Source Image Width	Pixel
dwSrcBaseHeight	Source Image Height	Pixel
dwSrcWidth	Source Image Clipping Width	Pixel
dwSrcHeight	Source Image Clipping Height	Pixel
dwSrcOffsetX	Horizontal offset of Source Clipping area	Pixel
dwSrcOffsetY	Vertical offset of Source Clipping area	Pixel
dwDstType	Destination Image Format	<i>POST_DST_TYPE</i>
dwDstBaseWidth	Destination Image Width	Pixel
dwDstBaseHeight	Destination Image Height	Pixel
dwDstWidth	Destination Image Clipping Width	Pixel
dwDstHeight	Destination Image Clipping Height	Pixel
dwDstOffsetX	Horizontal offset of Destination Clipping area	Pixel
dwDstOffsetY	Vertical offset of Destination Clipping area	Pixel

## 4.2.2.2 IOCTL\_SVE\_POST\_SET\_SOURCE\_BUFFER

API Description		
Configuring Source Image Address		
Arguments	Type	
dwIoControlCode	IOCTL_SVE_POST_SET_SOURCE_BUFFER	
lpInBuffer	SVEARG_POST_BUFFER *	
nInBuffer	sizeof(SVEARG_POST_BUFFER)	
lpOutBuffer	None	
nOutBufferSize	None	
Note		
Source Image Address can be configured only when HW is not running.		
Data Structure of SVEARG_POST_BUFFER		
typedef struct { DWORD dwBufferRGby; DWORD dwBufferCb; DWORD dwBufferCr; BOOL bWaitForVSync;          // Blocked Operation } SVEARG_POST_BUFFER;		
Member	Description	Possible value or unit
dwBufferRGby	Address of Source Image or Address of Y Component of Non-interleaved YUV Source Image	Physical Address
dwBufferCb	Address of Cb(U) Component of Non-interleaved YUV Source Image	Physical Address
dwBufferCr	Address of Cr(V) Component of Non-interleaved YUV Source Image	Physical Address
bWaitForVSync	Don't care in this API	TRUE or FALSE



## 4.2.2.3 IOCTL\_SVE\_POST\_SET\_NEXT\_SOURCE\_BUFFER

API Description		
Change Next Source Image Address		
Arguments	Type	
dwIoControlCode	IOCTL_SVE_POST_SET_NEXT_SOURCE_BUFFER	
lpInBuffer	SVEARG_POST_BUFFER *	
nInBuffer	sizeof(SVEARG_POST_BUFFER)	
lpOutBuffer	None	
nOutBufferSize	None	
Note		
<p>Setting Next address can be used only when Post processor is running in free run mode. If user configure parameter as per frame mode, next address will be ignored</p> <p>This API operates asynchronously when post processor is running, because next address value is updated to address in HW when current operation is finished.</p>		
Data Structure of SVEARG_POST_BUFFER		
<pre>typedef struct {     DWORD dwBufferRGby;     DWORD dwBufferCb;     DWORD dwBufferCr;     BOOL bWaitForVSync;          // Blocked Operation } SVEARG_POST_BUFFER;</pre>		
Member	Description	Possible value or unit
dwBufferRGby	Address of Source Image or Address of Y Component of Non-interleaved YUV Source Image	Physical Address
dwBufferCb	Address of Cb(U) Component of Non-interleaved YUV Source Image	Physical Address
dwBufferCr	Address of Cr(V) Component of Non-interleaved YUV Source Image	Physical Address
bWaitForVSync	If bWaitForVSync is set as TRUE, Function will be blocked until new address applied to HW	TRUE or FALSE

## 4.2.2.4 IOCTL\_SVE\_POST\_SET\_DESTINATION\_BUFFER

API Description		
Configuring Destination Image Address		
Arguments	Type	
dwIoControlCode	IOCTL_SVE_POST_SET_DESTINATION_BUFFER	
lpInBuffer	SVEARG_POST_BUFFER *	
nInBuffer	sizeof(SVEARG_POST_BUFFER)	
lpOutBuffer	None	
nOutBufferSize	None	
Note		
Destination Image Address can be configured only when HW is not running. Destination Image address is ignored when post processor is running as Local path.		
Data Structure of SVEARG_POST_BUFFER		
typedef struct { DWORD dwBufferRGBY; DWORD dwBufferCb; DWORD dwBufferCr; BOOL bWaitForVSync;            // Blocked Operation } SVEARG_POST_BUFFER;		
Member	Description	Possible value or unit
dwBufferRGBY	Address of Source Image or Address of Y Component of Non-interleaved YUV Source Image	Physical Address
dwBufferCb	Address of Cb(U) Component of Non-interleaved YUV Source Image	Physical Address
dwBufferCr	Address of Cr(V) Component of Non-interleaved YUV Source Image	Physical Address
bWaitForVSync	Don't care in this API	TRUE or FALSE

## 4.2.2.5 IOCTL\_SVE\_POST\_SET\_NEXT\_DESTINATION\_BUFFER

API Description		
Change Next Destination Image Address		
Arguments	Type	
dwIoControlCode	IOCTL_SVE_POST_SET_NEXT_DESTINATION_BUFFER	
lpInBuffer	SVEARG_POST_BUFFER *	
nInBuffer	sizeof(SVEARG_POST_BUFFER)	
lpOutBuffer	None	
nOutBufferSize	None	
Note		
<p>Setting Next address can be used only when Post processor is running in free run mode. If user configure parameter as per frame mode, next address will be ignored</p> <p>This API operates asynchronously when post processor is running, because next address value is updated to address in HW when current operation is finished.</p> <p>Destination Image address is ignored when post processor is running as Local path.</p>		
Data Structure of SVEARG_POST_BUFFER		
<pre>typedef struct {     DWORD dwBufferRGBY;     DWORD dwBufferCb;     DWORD dwBufferCr;     BOOL bWaitForVSync;          // Blocked Operation } SVEARG_POST_BUFFER;</pre>		
Member	Description	Possible value or unit
dwBufferRGBY	Address of Source Image or Address of Y Component of Non-interleaved YUV Source Image	Physical Address
dwBufferCb	Address of Cb(U) Component of Non-interleaved YUV Source Image	Physical Address
dwBufferCr	Address of Cr(V) Component of Non-interleaved YUV Source Image	Physical Address
bWaitForVSync	If bWaitForVSync is set as TRUE, Function will be blocked until new address applied to HW	TRUE or FALSE

#### 4.2.2.6 IOCTL\_SVE\_POST\_SET\_PROCESSING\_START

API Description	
Post Processing Start	
Arguments	Type
dwIoControlCode	IOCTL_SVE_POST_SET_PROCESSING_START
lpInBuffer	None
nInBuffer	None
lpOutBuffer	None
nOutBufferSize	None
Note	
<p>Post processing can start after last operation is finished.</p> <p>User can wait for finishing last operation with <i>IOCTL_SVE_POST_WAIT_PROCESSING_DONE</i> API</p>	

#### 4.2.2.7 IOCTL\_SVE\_POST\_SET\_PROCESSING\_STOP

API Description	
Post Processing Stop	
Arguments	Type
dwIoControlCode	IOCTL_SVE_POST_SET_PROCESSING_STOP
lpInBuffer	None
nInBuffer	None
lpOutBuffer	None
nOutBufferSize	None
Note	
<p>This API can't stop Post processing immediately because Post Processor can not be terminated before DMA operation is completed.</p> <p>When Post Processor is configured as Per Frame mode, HW will stop operation automatically after finishing one frame.</p>	

#### 4.2.2.8 IOCTL\_SVE\_POST\_WAIT\_PROCESSING\_DONE

API Description	
Waiting for Post Processing to be finished. (for Per Frame Mode Only)	
Arguments	Type
dwIoControlCode	IOCTL_SVE_POST_WAIT_PROCESSING_DONE
lpInBuffer	None
nInBuffer	None
lpOutBuffer	None
nOutBufferSize	None
Note	
<p>This API can be used when application want to wait for finishing last post processing. This API should be used before reconfiguring Post Processing Parameter or Address.</p> <p><b>Do not use this API when Post processor is configured as Free run mode. In Free run mode, Post processor run continually.</b></p> <p>This API use WaitForSingleObject() internally to waiting for HW interrupt. So you can release CPU scheduled time until HW operation finished.</p>	

#### 4.2.2.9 IOCTL\_SVE\_POST\_GET\_PROCESSING\_STATUS

API Description	
Request the status of Post Processing	
Arguments	Type
dwIoControlCode	IOCTL_SVE_POST_GET_PROCESSING_STATUS
lpInBuffer	None
nInBuffer	None
lpOutBuffer	DWORD *
nOutBufferSize	sizeof(DWORD)
Note	
lpInBuffer is the pointer of variable contains status value. Refer to enumeration <i>POST_STATE</i> . (0: <i>POST_IDLE</i> , 1: <i>POST_BUSY</i> )	

### 4.2.3 Local Path API (FIMD + Post Processor)

IOCTL Code	Description
<i>IOCTL_SVE_LOCALPATH_SET_WIN0_START</i>	Start the local path between Post Processor and FIMD Window0 (Post Processor Start & Window0 enable)
<i>IOCTL_SVE_LOCALPATH_SET_WIN0_STOP</i>	Stop the local path between Post Processor and FIMD Window0 (Post Processor Stop & Window0 disable)
<i>IOCTL_SVE_LOCALPATH_SET_WIN1_START<sup>(1)</sup></i>	Start the local path between Camera Interface Preview Path and FIMD Window1 (Preview Path MSDMA Start & Window1 enable)
<i>IOCTL_SVE_LOCALPATH_SET_WIN1_STOP<sup>(1)</sup></i>	Stop the local path between Camera Interface Preview Path and FIMD Window1 (Preview Path MSDMA Stop & Window1 disable)
<i>IOCTL_SVE_LOCALPATH_SET_WIN2_START<sup>(1)</sup></i>	Start the local path between Camera Interface Codec Path and FIMD Window2 (Codec Path MSDMA Start & Window2 enable)
<i>IOCTL_SVE_LOCALPATH_SET_WIN2_STOP<sup>(1)</sup></i>	Stop the local path between Camera Interface Codec Path and FIMD Window2 (Codec Path MSDMA Stop & Window2 disable)

(1) Function is not implemented at current version



#### 4.2.3.1 IOCTL\_SVE\_LOCALPATH\_SET\_WIN0\_START

API Description	
Starting Local Path between Post Processor and FIMD Window0 (Post Processor Start & Window0 enable)	
Arguments	Type
dwIoControlCode	IOCTL_SVE_LOCALPATH_SET_WIN0_START
lpInBuffer	None
nInBuffer	None
lpOutBuffer	None
nOutBufferSize	None
Note	
<p>Before using this API, Post Processor and Display Window0 should be configured properly for Local Path.</p> <p>Post Processing parameter should be configured dwDstType as <i>POST_DST_FIFO_YUV444</i> or <i>POST_DST_FIFO_RGB888</i> for Local Path</p> <p>Display Window0 mode should be configured dwWinMode as <i>DISP_WIN0_POST_RGB</i> or <i>DISP_WIN0_POST_YUV</i> for Local Path</p> <p>Do not stop local path with <i>IOCTL_SVE_FIMD_SET_WINDOW_DISABLE</i> or <i>IOCTL_SVE_POST_SET_PROCESSING_STOP</i>, Unless Display Controller will be unpredictable state.</p>	

#### 4.2.3.2 IOCTL\_SVE\_LOCALPATH\_SET\_WIN0\_STOP

API Description	
Stopping Local Path between Post Processor and FIMD Window0 (Post Processor Stop & Window0 disable)	
Arguments	Type
dwIoControlCode	IOCTL_SVE_LOCALPATH_SET_WIN0_STOP
lpInBuffer	None
nInBuffer	None
lpOutBuffer	None
nOutBufferSize	None
Note	
<p>This API should be used when Local Path is enabled.</p> <p>Do not stop local path with <i>IOCTL_SVE_FIMD_SET_WINDOW_DISABLE</i> or <i>IOCTL_SVE_POST_SET_PROCESSING_STOP</i>, Unless Display Controller will be unpredictable state.</p>	

#### 4.2.4 Rotator API (Image Rotator)

IOCTL Code	Description
<i>IOCTL_SVE_ROTATOR_SET_OPERATION_PARAM</i>	Configuring Image Format, Rotation Angle and Source Image Size Parameter for Rotator Operation
<i>IOCTL_SVE_ROTATOR_SET_SOURCE_BUFFER</i>	Configuring Buffer Address of Source Image
<i>IOCTL_SVE_ROTATOR_SET_DESTINATION_BUFFER</i>	Configuring Buffer Address of Destination Image
<i>IOCTL_SVE_ROTATOR_SET_OPERATION_START</i>	Starting Rotator Operation
<i>IOCTL_SVE_ROTATOR_SET_OPERATION_STOP<sup>(1)</sup></i>	Stopping Rotator Operation.
<i>IOCTL_SVE_ROTATOR_WAIT_OPERATION_DONE</i>	Waiting for Rotator Operation to be finished
<i>IOCTL_SVE_ROTATOR_GET_STATUS<sup>(2)</sup></i>	Request the status of Rotator Operation

(1) Actually *IOCTL\_SVE\_ROTATOR\_SET\_OPERATION\_STOP* API is same with *IOCTL\_SVE\_ROTATOR\_WAIT\_OPERATION\_DONE* API. Because Rotator can not be terminated before DMA operation is completed.

(2) Function is not implemented at current version

## 4.2.4.1 IOCTL\_SVE\_ROTATOR\_SET\_OPERATION\_PARAM

API Description		
Configuring Image Format, Rotation Angle and Source Image Size Parameter for Rotator Operation.		
Arguments	Type	
dwIoControlCode	IOCTL_SVE_ROTATOR_SET_OPERATION_PARAM	
lpInBuffer	SVEARG_ROTATOR_PARAMETER *	
nInBuffer	sizeof(SVEARG_ROTATOR_PARAMETER)	
lpOutBuffer	None	
nOutBufferSize	None	
Note		
The Configuration of Image Rotator can not be changed while HW is running.		
Data Structure of SVEARG_ROTATOR_PARAMETER		
typedef struct { DWORD dwImgFormat;        // Source Image Format DWORD dwOpType;          // Rotator Operation Type DWORD dwSrcWidth; DWORD dwSrcHeight; } SVEARG_ROTATOR_PARAMETER;		
Member	Description	Possible value or unit
dwImgFormat	Source Image Format  Supporting YUV420, YUV422(Interleaved), RGB565 and RGB888	<i>ROTATOR_IMAGE_FORMAT</i>
dwOpType	Rotating Angle or Flipping Direction	<i>ROTATOR_OPERATION_TYPE</i>
dwSrcWidth	Source Image Width	Pixel
dwSrcHeight	Source Image Height	Pixel

## 4.2.4.2 IOCTL\_SVE\_ROTATOR\_SET\_SOURCE\_BUFFER

API Description		
Configuring Buffer Address of Source Image		
Arguments	Type	
dwIoControlCode	IOCTL_SVE_ROTATOR_SET_SOURCE_BUFFER	
lpInBuffer	SVEARG_ROTATOR_BUFFER *	
nInBuffer	sizeof(SVEARG_ROTATOR_BUFFER)	
lpOutBuffer	None	
nOutBufferSize	None	
Note		
The Configuration of Image Rotator can not be changed while HW is running.		
Data Structure of SVEARG_ROTATOR_BUFFER		
typedef struct { DWORD dwBufferRGby; DWORD dwBufferCb; DWORD dwBufferCr; } SVEARG_ROTATOR_BUFFER;		
Member	Description	Possible value or unit
dwBufferRGby	Address of Source Image or Address of Y Component of Non-interleaved YUV Source Image(YUV420)	Physical Address
dwBufferCb	Address of Cb(U) Component of Non-interleaved YUV Source Image(YUV420)	Physical Address
dwBufferCr	Address of Cr(V) Component of Non-interleaved YUV Source Image(YUV420)	Physical Address

## 4.2.4.3 IOCTL\_SVE\_ROTATOR\_SET\_DESTINATION\_BUFFER

API Description		
Configuring Buffer Address of Destination Image		
Arguments	Type	
dwIoControlCode	IOCTL_SVE_ROTATOR_SET_DESTINATION_BUFFER	
lpInBuffer	SVEARG_ ROTATOR_BUFFER *	
nInBuffer	sizeof(SVEARG_ ROTATOR_BUFFER)	
lpOutBuffer	None	
nOutBufferSize	None	
Note		
The Configuration of Image Rotator can not be changed while HW is running.		
Data Structure of SVEARG_ROTATOR_BUFFER		
typedef struct { DWORD dwBufferRGBY; DWORD dwBufferCb; DWORD dwBufferCr; } SVEARG_ROTATOR_BUFFER;		
Member	Description	Possible value or unit
dwBufferRGBY	Address of Source Image or Address of Y Component of Non-interleaved YUV Source Image(YUV420)	Physical Address
dwBufferCb	Address of Cb(U) Component of Non-interleaved YUV Source Image(YUV420)	Physical Address
dwBufferCr	Address of Cr(V) Component of Non-interleaved YUV Source Image(YUV420)	Physical Address

#### 4.2.4.4 IOCTL\_SVE\_ROTATOR\_SET\_OPERATION\_START

API Description	
Starting Rotator Operation	
Arguments	Type
dwIoControlCode	IOCTL_SVE_ROTATOR_SET_OPERATION_START
lpInBuffer	None
nInBuffer	None
lpOutBuffer	None
nOutBufferSize	None
Note	
<p>Rotator Operation can start after last operating is finished.</p> <p>User can wait for finishing last operation with <i>IOCTL_SVE_ROTATOR_WAIT_OPERATION_DONE</i> API</p>	

#### 4.2.4.5 IOCTL\_SVE\_ROTATOR\_SET\_OPERATION\_STOP

API Description	
Stopping Rotator Operation	
Arguments	Type
dwIoControlCode	IOCTL_SVE_ROTATOR_SET_OPERATION_STOP
lpInBuffer	None
nInBuffer	None
lpOutBuffer	None
nOutBufferSize	None
Note	
Actually This API can not stop rotator operation while HW is running. Instead, waiting for finishing HW Operation. This API is exactly same with <i>IOCTL_SVE_ROTATOR_WAIT_OPERATION_DONE API</i>	



#### 4.2.4.6 IOCTL\_SVE\_ROTATOR\_WAIT\_OPERATION\_DONE

API Description	
Waiting for Rotator Operation to be finished.	
Arguments	Type
dwIoControlCode	IOCTL_SVE_ROTATOR_WAIT_OPERATION_DONE
lpInBuffer	None
nInBuffer	None
lpOutBuffer	None
nOutBufferSize	None
Note	
<p>This API can be used when application want to wait for finishing last rotator operation. This API should be used before reconfiguring Rotator Parameter or Address.</p> <p>This API use WaitForSingleObject() internally to waiting for HW interrupt. So you can release CPU scheduled time until HW operation finished.</p>	

#### 4.2.5 TV Scaler API (TV Scaler)

The function of TV Scaler is almost same with Post Processor. But only TV Scaler can be the input path of TV Encoder.

IOCTL Code	Description
<i>IOCTL_SVE_TVSC_SET_PROCESSING_PARAM</i>	Configuring Parameters of TV Scaler (Operating mode, source &, destination image size, offset)
<i>IOCTL_SVE_TVSC_SET_SOURCE_BUFFER</i>	Configuring Source Image Address
<i>IOCTL_SVE_TVSC_SET_NEXT_SOURCE_BUFFER<sup>(1)</sup></i>	Change Next Source Image Address (for Free run mode only)
<i>IOCTL_SVE_TVSC_SET_DESTINATION_BUFFER</i>	Configuring Destination Image Address
<i>IOCTL_SVE_TVSC_SET_NEXT_DESTINATION_BUFFER<sup>(1)</sup></i>	Change Next Destination Image Address (for Free run mode only)
<i>IOCTL_SVE_TVSC_SET_PROCESSING_START</i>	TV Scaler Start
<i>IOCTL_SVE_TVSC_SET_PROCESSING_STOP</i>	TV Scaler Stop
<i>IOCTL_SVE_TVSC_WAIT_PROCESSING_DONE<sup>(2)</sup></i>	Waiting for TV Scaler to be finished. (for Per Frame mode only)
<i>IOCTL_SVE_TVSC_GET_PROCESSING_STATUS</i>	Request the status of TV Scaler

(1) API can be used when TV Scaler is operating in free run mode.

(2) API can be used when TV Scaler is operating in per frame mode.

## 4.2.5.1 IOCTL\_SVE\_TVSC\_SET\_PROCESSING\_PARAM

API Description	
Configuring Parameters of TV Scaler (Operating mode and image format, size, offset)	
Arguments	Type
dwIoControlCode	IOCTL_SVE_TVSC_SET_PROCESSING_PARAM
lpInBuffer	SVEARG_TVSC_PARAMETER *
nInBuffer	sizeof(SVEARG_TVSC_PARAMETER)
lpOutBuffer	None
nOutBufferSize	None
Note	
<p>TV Scaler parameter can be configured only when HW is not running.</p> <p>To use TV Scaler as input path of TV Encoder, dwDstType must be configured as <i>TVSC_DST_FIFO_YUV444</i> and dwScanMode must be configured as <i>TVSC_INTERLACE</i>.</p> <p>To use FIMD as input path of TV Scaler, dwSrcType must be configured as <i>TVSC_SRC_FIFO</i>.</p> <p>dwScanMode is applied to HW when TV Scaler is configured as FIFO mode( TV Out)</p> <p><b>If application changes the parameters of TV Scaler, Application should reconfigure Image Buffer Address also.</b></p>	
Data Structure of SVEARG_TVSC_PARAMETER	
<pre>typedef struct {     DWORD dwOpMode;           // Operation Mode (Frame or Free Run)     DWORD dwScanMode;         // Scan Mode (Progressive or Interlaced)     DWORD dwSrcType;          // Src Image Type     DWORD dwSrcBaseWidth;     DWORD dwSrcBaseHeight;     DWORD dwSrcWidth;     DWORD dwSrcHeight;     DWORD dwSrcOffsetX;     DWORD dwSrcOffsetY;     DWORD dwDstType;          // Dst Image Type     DWORD dwDstBaseWidth;     DWORD dwDstBaseHeight;     DWORD dwDstWidth;     DWORD dwDstHeight; }</pre>	

DWORD dwDstOffsetX; DWORD dwDstOffsetY; } SVEARG_TVSC_PARAMETER;		
Member	Description	Possible value or unit
dwOpMode	Operating mode Per Frame Mode or Free run mode	<i>TVSC_OP_MODE</i>
dwScanMode	Output scan method Progressive or Interlaced mode	<i>TVSC_SCAN_MODE</i>
dwSrcType	Source Image Format	<i>TVSC_SRC_TYPE</i>
dwSrcBaseWidth	Source Image Width	Pixel
dwSrcBaseHeight	Source Image Height	Pixel
dwSrcWidth	Source Image Clipping Width	Pixel
dwSrcHeight	Source Image Clipping Height	Pixel
dwSrcOffsetX	Horizontal offset of Source Clipping area	Pixel
dwSrcOffsetY	Vertical offset of Source Clipping area	Pixel
dwDstType	Destination Image Format	<i>TVSC_DST_TYPE</i>
dwDstBaseWidth	Destination Image Width	Pixel
dwDstBaseHeight	Destination Image Height	Pixel
dwDstWidth	Destination Image Clipping Width	Pixel
dwDstHeight	Destination Image Clipping Height	Pixel
dwDstOffsetX	Horizontal offset of Destination Clipping area	Pixel
dwDstOffsetY	Vertical offset of Destination Clipping area	Pixel

## 4.2.5.2 IOCTL\_SVE\_TVSC\_SET\_SOURCE\_BUFFER

API Description		
Configuring Source Image Address		
Arguments	Type	
dwIoControlCode	IOCTL_SVE_TVSC_SET_SOURCE_BUFFER	
lpInBuffer	SVEARG_TVSC_BUFFER *	
nInBuffer	sizeof(SVEARG_TVSC_BUFFER)	
lpOutBuffer	None	
nOutBufferSize	None	
Note		
Source Image Address can be configured only when HW is not running.		
Data Structure of SVEARG_TVSC_BUFFER		
typedef struct { DWORD dwBufferRGby; DWORD dwBufferCb; DWORD dwBufferCr; BOOL bWaitForVSync;          // Blocked Operation } SVEARG_TVSC_BUFFER;		
Member	Description	Possible value or unit
dwBufferRGby	Address of Source Image or Address of Y Component of Non-interleaved YUV Source Image	Physical Address
dwBufferCb	Address of Cb(U) Component of Non-interleaved YUV Source Image	Physical Address
dwBufferCr	Address of Cr(V) Component of Non-interleaved YUV Source Image	Physical Address
bWaitForVSync	Don't care in this API	TRUE or FALSE

## 4.2.5.3 IOCTL\_SVE\_TVSC\_SET\_NEXT\_SOURCE\_BUFFER

API Description		
Change Next Source Image Address		
Arguments	Type	
dwIoControlCode	IOCTL_SVE_TVSC_SET_NEXT_SOURCE_BUFFER	
lpInBuffer	SVEARG_TVSC_BUFFER *	
nInBuffer	sizeof(SVEARG_TVSC_BUFFER)	
lpOutBuffer	None	
nOutBufferSize	None	
Note		
<p>Setting Next address can be used only when TV Scaler is running in free run mode. If user configure parameter as per frame mode, next address will be ignored</p> <p>This API operates asynchronously when TV Scaler is running, because next address value is updated to address in HW when current operation is finished.</p>		
Data Structure of SVEARG_TVSC_BUFFER		
typedef struct { DWORD dwBufferRGBY; DWORD dwBufferCb; DWORD dwBufferCr; BOOL bWaitForVSync;            // Blocked Operation } SVEARG_TVSC_BUFFER;		
Member	Description	Possible value or unit
dwBufferRGBY	Address of Source Image or Address of Y Component of Non-interleaved YUV Source Image	Physical Address
dwBufferCb	Address of Cb(U) Component of Non-interleaved YUV Source Image	Physical Address
dwBufferCr	Address of Cr(V) Component of Non-interleaved YUV Source Image	Physical Address
bWaitForVSync	If bWaitForVSync is set as TRUE, Function will be blocked until new address applied to HW	TRUE or FALSE

## 4.2.5.4 IOCTL\_SVE\_TVSC\_SET\_DESTINATION\_BUFFER

API Description		
Configuring Destination Image Address		
Arguments	Type	
dwIoControlCode	IOCTL_SVE_TVSC_SET_DESTINATION_BUFFER	
lpInBuffer	SVEARG_TVSC_BUFFER *	
nInBuffer	sizeof(SVEARG_TVSC_BUFFER)	
lpOutBuffer	None	
nOutBufferSize	None	
Note		
Destination Image Address can be configured only when HW is not running. Destination Image address is ignored when TV Scaler is running as input of TV Encoder.		
Data Structure of SVEARG_TVSC_BUFFER		
typedef struct { DWORD dwBufferRGBY; DWORD dwBufferCb; DWORD dwBufferCr; BOOL bWaitForVSync;          // Blocked Operation } SVEARG_TVSC_BUFFER;		
Member	Description	Possible value or unit
dwBufferRGBY	Address of Source Image or Address of Y Component of Non-interleaved YUV Source Image	Physical Address
dwBufferCb	Address of Cb(U) Component of Non-interleaved YUV Source Image	Physical Address
dwBufferCr	Address of Cr(V) Component of Non-interleaved YUV Source Image	Physical Address
bWaitForVSync	Don't care in this API	TRUE or FALSE

## 4.2.5.5 IOCTL\_SVE\_TVSC\_SET\_NEXT\_DESTINATION\_BUFFER

API Description		
Change Next Destination Image Address		
Arguments	Type	
dwIoControlCode	IOCTL_SVE_TVSC_SET_NEXT_DESTINATION_BUFFER	
lpInBuffer	SVEARG_TVSC_BUFFER *	
nInBuffer	sizeof(SVEARG_TVSC_BUFFER)	
lpOutBuffer	None	
nOutBufferSize	None	
Note		
<p>Setting Next address can be used only when TV Scaler is running in free run mode. If user configure parameter as per frame mode, next address will be ignored</p> <p>This API operates asynchronously when TV Scaler is running, because next address value is updated to address in HW when current operation is finished.</p> <p>Destination Image address is ignored when TV Scaler is running as input of TV Encoder.</p>		
Data Structure of SVEARG_TVSC_BUFFER		
typedef struct { DWORD dwBufferRGBY; DWORD dwBufferCb; DWORD dwBufferCr; BOOL bWaitForVSync;            // Blocked Operation } SVEARG_TVSC_BUFFER;		
Member	Description	Possible value or unit
dwBufferRGBY	Address of Source Image or Address of Y Component of Non-interleaved YUV Source Image	Physical Address
dwBufferCb	Address of Cb(U) Component of Non-interleaved YUV Source Image	Physical Address
dwBufferCr	Address of Cr(V) Component of Non-interleaved YUV Source Image	Physical Address
bWaitForVSync	If bWaitForVSync is set as TRUE, Function will be blocked until new address applied to HW	TRUE or FALSE



#### 4.2.5.6 IOCTL\_SVE\_TVSC\_SET\_PROCESSING\_START

API Description	
TV Scaler Start	
Arguments	Type
dwIoControlCode	IOCTL_SVE_TVSC_SET_PROCESSING_START
lpInBuffer	None
nInBuffer	None
lpOutBuffer	None
nOutBufferSize	None
Note	
<p>TV Scaler can start after last operation is finished.</p> <p>Application can wait for last operation to be finished with <i>IOCTL_SVE_TVSC_WAIT_PROCESSING_DONE</i> API.</p> <p>Use <i>IOCTL_SVE_TVENC_SET_ENCODER_ON</i> API to start TV Scaler when TV scaler is input of TV Encoder. Unless TV Scaler will be unpredictable state.</p> <p><i>IOCTL_SVE_TVENC_SET_ENCODER_ON</i> API enables TV Scaler and TV Encoder in proper sequence.</p>	

## 4.2.5.7 IOCTL\_SVE\_TVSC\_SET\_PROCESSING\_STOP

API Description	
TV Scaler Processing Stop	
Arguments	Type
dwIoControlCode	IOCTL_SVE_TVSC_SET_PROCESSING_STOP
lpInBuffer	None
nInBuffer	None
lpOutBuffer	None
nOutBufferSize	None
Note	
<p>This API can't stop TV Scaler immediately because TV Scaler can not be terminated before DMA operation is completed.</p> <p>When TV Scaler is configured as Per Frame mode, HW will stop operation automatically after finishing one frame.</p> <p>Use <i>IOCTL_SVE_TVENC_SET_ENCODER_OFF</i> API to stop TV Scaler when TV scaler is input of TV Encoder. Unless TV Scaler will be unpredictable state.</p> <p><i>IOCTL_SVE_TVENC_SET_ENCODER_OFF</i> API disables TV Scaler and TV Encoder in proper sequence.</p>	

#### 4.2.5.8 IOCTL\_SVE\_TVSC\_WAIT\_PROCESSING\_DONE

API Description	
Waiting for TV Scaler operation to be finished. (for Per Frame Mode Only)	
Arguments	Type
dwIoControlCode	IOCTL_SVE_TVSC_WAIT_PROCESSING_DONE
lpInBuffer	None
nInBuffer	None
lpOutBuffer	None
nOutBufferSize	None
Note	
<p>This API can be used when application want to wait for finishing last TV Scaler processing. This API should be used before reconfiguring TV Scaler Parameter or Address.</p> <p><b>Do not use this API when TV Scaler is configured as Free run mode. In Free run mode, TV Scaler run continually.</b></p> <p>This API use WaitForSingleObject() internally to waiting for HW interrupt. So you can release CPU scheduled time until HW operation finished.</p>	

#### 4.2.5.9 IOCTL\_SVE\_TVSC\_GET\_PROCESSING\_STATUS

API Description	
Request the status of TV Scaler Processing	
Arguments	Type
dwIoControlCode	IOCTL_SVE_TVSC_GET_PROCESSING_STATUS
lpInBuffer	None
nInBuffer	None
lpOutBuffer	DWORD *
nOutBufferSize	sizeof(DWORD)
Note	
lpInBuffer is the pointer of variable contains status value. Refer to enumeration <i>TVSC_STATE</i> . (0: <i>TVSC_IDLE</i> , 1: <i>TVSC_BUSY</i> )	

#### 4.2.6 TV Encoder API (TV Encoder)

TV Encoder always needs output of TV Scaler as the input path. So TV Encoder can't work without TV Scaler.

IOCTL Code	Description
<i>IOCTL_SVE_TVENC_SET_INTERFACE_PARAM</i>	Configuring Parameters of TV Encoder (Output Type, Output System Standard, source image size from TV Scaler)
<i>IOCTL_SVE_TVENC_SET_ENCODER_ON</i>	Enable TV Out (Start TV Scaler and Enable TV Encoder)
<i>IOCTL_SVE_TVENC_SET_ENCODER_OFF</i>	Disable TV Out (Stop TV Scaler and Disable TV Encoder)
<i>IOCTL_SVE_TVENC_GET_INTERFACE_STATUS<sup>(1)</sup></i>	Request the status of TV Encoder

(1) Function is not implemented at current version

## 4.2.6.1 IOCTL\_SVE\_TVENC\_SET\_INTERFACE\_PARAM

API Description		
Configuring Parameters of TV Encoder (Output Type, Output System Standard, source image size from TV Scaler)		
Arguments	Type	
dwIoControlCode	IOCTL_SVE_TVENC_SET_INTERFACE_PARAM	
lpInBuffer	SVEARG_TVENC_PARAMETER *	
nInBuffer	sizeof(SVEARG_TVENC_PARAMETER)	
lpOutBuffer	None	
nOutBufferSize	None	
Note		
TV Encoder parameter can be configured only when HW is not running.		
Data Structure of SVEARG_TVENC_PARAMETER		
typedef struct { DWORD dwOutputType;        // Output Interface Type DWORD dwOutputStandard;    // Output System DWORD dwMVisionPattern;    // Macrovision Pattern DWORD dwSrcWidth; DWORD dwSrcHeight; } SVEARG_TVENC_PARAMETER;		
Member	Description	Possible value or unit
dwOutputType	TV Out Interface Type Composite or S-Video	<i>TVENC_OUTPUT_TYPE</i>
dwOutputStandard	Standard system of Output Signal NTSC M/J and PAL system	<i>TVENC_OUTPUT_STANDARD</i>
dwMVisionPattern	Can not work at this version. Use <i>TVENC_MACROVISION_OFF</i> only	<i>TVENC_MACROVISION_PATTERN</i>
dwSrcWidth	Source Image Width from TV Scaler	Pixel
dwSrcHeight	Source Image Height from TV Scaler	Pixel

#### 4.2.6.2 IOCTL\_SVE\_TVENC\_SET\_ENCODER\_ON

API Description	
Enable TV Out (Start TV Scaler and Enable TV Encoder)	
Arguments	Type
dwIoControlCode	IOCTL_SVE_TVENC_SET_ENCODER_ON
lpInBuffer	None
nInBuffer	None
lpOutBuffer	None
nOutBufferSize	None
Note	
<p>Before enable TV Out, TV Scaler should be configured properly for TV Encoder.</p> <p>Do not use <i>IOCTL_SVE_TVSC_SET_PROCESSING_START</i> API when TV scaler is input of TV Encoder. Unless TV Scaler will be unpredictable state.</p> <p><i>IOCTL_SVE_TVENC_SET_ENCODER_ON</i> API enables TV Scaler and TV Encoder in proper sequence.</p>	

#### 4.2.6.3 IOCTL\_SVE\_TVENC\_SET\_ENCODER\_OFF

API Description	
Disable TV Out (Stop TV Scaler and Disable TV Encoder)	
Arguments	Type
dwIoControlCode	IOCTL_SVE_TVENC_SET_ENCODER_OFF
lpInBuffer	None
nInBuffer	None
lpOutBuffer	None
nOutBufferSize	None
Note	
<p>Do not use <i>IOCTL_SVE_TVSC_SET_PROCESSING_STOP</i> API when TV scaler is input of TV Encoder. Unless TV Scaler will be unpredictable state.</p> <p><i>IOCTL_SVE_TVENC_SET_ENCODER_OFF</i> API disables TV Scaler and TV Encoder in proper sequence.</p>	



### 4.3 Power Management API

Power Management APIs control clock and block power of each HW IP.

Power Management of Video Driver is controlled by Display Driver. So, Do not use Power Management API in user application. It can cause unpredictable state.

## 4.4 API Usage Sample

### 4.4.1 Display Video Screen to Window0

At default, Display Driver of OS uses Window1 as Primary Surface.

Normally, when playing video movie, the overlay is used as video screen, that is window 0. And see the case, in that time, the YUV420 video frame is out to Window0 and Window0 is overlaid on Window 1

1<sup>st</sup> Step : Driver Open

```
// Open Video Driver
HANDLE hVideoDrv = INVALID_HANDLE_VALUE;
hVideoDrv = CreateFile( L"VDE0:", GENERIC_READ|GENERIC_WRITE,
                      FILE_SHARE_READ|FILE_SHARE_WRITE, NULL, OPEN_EXISTING, 0, 0);
if (hVideoDrv == INVALID_HANDLE_VALUE)
{
    RETAILMSG(1,(L"[VDE:ERR] VDE0 Open Device Failed\n"));
    return;
}
```

2<sup>nd</sup> Step : Request Resource

```
// Request FIMD Window0 Resource
DeviceIoControl(hVideoDrv, IOCTL_SVE_RSC_REQUEST_FIMD_WIN0, NULL, 0, NULL, 0,
                &dwBytes, NULL);

// Request Post Processor Resource
DeviceIoControl(hVideoDrv, IOCTL_SVE_RSC_REQUEST_POST, NULL, 0, NULL, 0,
                &dwBytes, NULL);
```

3<sup>rd</sup> Step : Configure Display Controller Window0 mode

```
SVEARG_FIMD_WIN_MODE tParamMode;

tParamMode.dwWinMode = DISP_WIN0_DMA;
tParamMode.dwBPP = DISP_16BPP_565;
tParamMode.dwWidth = DST_WIDTH;
tParamMode.dwHeight = DST_HEIGHT;
tParamMode.dwOffsetX = 0;
tParamMode.dwOffsetY = 0;

DeviceIoControl(hVideoDrv, IOCTL_SVE_FIMD_SET_WINDOW_MODE, &tParamMode,
                sizeof(SVEARG_FIMD_WIN_MODE), NULL, 0, &dwBytes, NULL);
```

Now, Window 0 is set with RGB565 color format and DST\_WIDTH x DST\_HEIGHT size, using DMA

4<sup>th</sup> Step : Configure Overlay Blending

```
SVEARG_FIMD_WIN_COLORKEY tParamCKey;

// Color Key Disable
tParamCKey.dwWinNum = DISP_WIN1;
tParamCKey.bOnOff = FALSE;
tParamCKey.dwDirection = DISP_FG_MATCH_BG_DISPLAY;
tParamCKey.dwColorKey = 0;
tParamCKey.dwCompareKey = 0;

DeviceIoControl(hVideoDrv, IOCTL_SVE_FIMD_SET_WINDOW_BLEND_COLORKEY,
                &tParamCKey, sizeof(SVEARG_FIMD_WIN_COLORKEY), NULL, 0,
                &dwBytes, NULL);

SVEARG_FIMD_WIN_ALPHA tParamAlpha;

// Alpha Set to 0x0 (Show Window0)
tParamAlpha.dwWinNum = DISP_WIN1;
tParamAlpha.dwMethod = DISP_ALPHA_PER_PLANE;
tParamAlpha.dwAlpha0 = 0x0;
tParamAlpha.dwAlpha1 = 0x0;

DeviceIoControl(hVideoDrv, IOCTL_SVE_FIMD_SET_WINDOW_BLEND_ALPHA,
                &tParamAlpha, sizeof(SVEARG_FIMD_WIN_ALPHA), NULL, 0,
                &dwBytes, NULL);
```

5<sup>th</sup> Step : Configure Window0 Frame Buffer and Enable Window0

```
SVEARG_FIMD_WIN_FRAMEBUFFER tParamFB;

// Set Window0 Framebuffer
tParamFB.dwWinNum = DISP_WIN0;
tParamFB.dwFrameBuffer = 0x57400000;
tParamFB.bWaitForVSync = FALSE;
DeviceIoControl(hVideoDrv, IOCTL_SVE_FIMD_SET_WINDOW_FRAMEBUFFER, &tParamFB,
                sizeof(SVEARG_FIMD_WIN_FRAMEBUFFER), NULL, 0, &dwBytes,
                NULL);

DWORD dwWinNum;

// Window0 Enable
dwWinNum = DISP_WIN0;
DeviceIoControl(hVideoDrv, IOCTL_SVE_FIMD_SET_WINDOW_ENABLE, &dwWinNum,
                sizeof(DWORD), NULL, 0, &dwBytes, NULL);
```

The framebuffer of Window0 is set as 0x57400000 physical address, now you can write video image RGB565 format to 0x57400000 Physical address, then that will be displayed in Window0 and it's shown over Window1

6<sup>th</sup> Step : Configure Post Processor Parameter

```

SVEARG_POST_PARAMETER tParamPost;

tParamPost.dwOpMode = POST_PER_FRAME_MODE;
tParamPost.dwScanMode = POST_PROGRESSIVE;
tParamPost.dwSrcType = POST_SRC_YUV420;
tParamPost.dwSrcBaseWidth = VIDEO_WIDTH;
tParamPost.dwSrcBaseHeight = VIDEO_HEIGHT;
tParamPost.dwSrcWidth = VIDEO_WIDTH;
tParamPost.dwSrcHeight = VIDEO_HEIGHT;
tParamPost.dwSrcOffsetX = 0;
tParamPost.dwSrcOffsetY = 0;
tParamPost.dwDstType = POST_DST_RGB16;
tParamPost.dwDstBaseWidth = DST_WIDTH;
tParamPost.dwDstBaseHeight = DST_HEIGHT;
tParamPost.dwDstWidth = DST_WIDTH;
tParamPost.dwDstHeight = DST_HEIGHT;
tParamPost.dwDstOffsetX = 0;
tParamPost.dwDstOffsetY = 0;

DeviceloControl(hVideoDrv, IOCTL_SVE_POST_SET_PROCESSING_PARAM, &tParamPost,
                sizeof(SVEARG_POST_PARAMETER), NULL, 0, &dwBytes, NULL);

```

Now, Set the Post Processor to use Per Frame Mode, YUV420 to RGB565 Color Conversion, Scaling from VIDEO\_WIDTH x VIDEO\_HEIGHT size to DST\_WIDTH x DST\_HEIGHT size.

7<sup>th</sup> Step : Configure Source & Destination Image Address

```

SVEARG_POST_BUFFER tParamBuffer;

// Source Address
tParamBuffer.dwBufferRGBY = VIDEO_YUV420_BUFFER;
tParamBuffer.dwBufferCb = tParamBuffer.dwBufferRGBY + VIDEO_WIDTH *
                           VIDEO_HEIGHT;
tParamBuffer.dwBufferCr = tParamBuffer.dwBufferCb + (VIDEO_WIDTH*VIDEO_HEIGHT)/4;
tParamBuffer.bWaitForVSync = FALSE;

DeviceloControl(hVideoDrv, IOCTL_SVE_POST_SET_SOURCE_BUFFER, &tParamBuffer,
                sizeof(SVEARG_POST_BUFFER), NULL, 0, &dwBytes, NULL);

// Destination Address
tParamBuffer.dwBufferRGBY = 0x57400000;
tParamBuffer.dwBufferCb = 0;
tParamBuffer.dwBufferCr = 0;
tParamBuffer.bWaitForVSync = FALSE;

DeviceloControl(hVideoDrv, IOCTL_SVE_POST_SET_DESTINATION_BUFFER, &tParamBuffer,
                sizeof(SVEARG_POST_BUFFER), NULL, 0, &dwBytes, NULL);

```

Set the Source Image Address to VIDEO\_YUV420\_BUFFER address, and Destination Image Address to the Frame Buffer Address, 0x57400000 that is the framebuffer of Display Window 0

8<sup>th</sup> Step : Post Processing Start

```
// Post Processing Start
DeviceloControl(hVideoDrv, IOCTL_SVE_POST_SET_PROCESSING_START, NULL, 0, NULL, 0,
                &dwBytes, NULL);
```

Now the Post Processor will process 1 video frame, and the result will be stored in the framebuffer of window 0

9<sup>th</sup> Step : Process Next frame

```
// Wait for Post Processing Finished
DeviceloControl(hVideoDrv, IOCTL_SVE_POST_WAIT_PROCESSING_DONE, NULL, 0, NULL,
                0, &dwBytes, NULL);

// Source Address
tParamBuffer.dwBufferRGBY = NEXT_VIDEO_YUV420_BUFFER;
tParamBuffer.dwBufferCb = tParamBuffer.dwBufferRGBY + VIDEO_WIDTH *
                          VIDEO_HEIGHT;
tParamBuffer.dwBufferCr = tParamBuffer.dwBufferCb + (VIDEO_WIDTH*VIDEO_HEIGHT)/4;
tParamBuffer.bWaitForVSync = FALSE;

DeviceloControl(hVideoDrv, IOCTL_SVE_POST_SET_SOURCE_BUFFER, &tParamBuffer,
                sizeof(SVEARG_POST_BUFFER), NULL, 0, &dwBytes, NULL);

// Post Processing Start
DeviceloControl(hVideoDrv, IOCTL_SVE_POST_SET_PROCESSING_START, NULL, 0, NULL, 0,
                &dwBytes, NULL);
```

To wait for completion about processing of previous frame, we use

IOCTL\_SVE\_POST\_WAIT\_PROCESSING\_DONE API

After set the new address for new video, restart the Post Processor, this step will repeat to the end frame

10<sup>th</sup> Step : Driver Close

```
// Window0 Disable
dwWinNum = DISP_WIN0;
DeviceloControl(hVideoDrv, IOCTL_SVE_FIMD_SET_WINDOW_DISABLE, &dwWinNum,
                sizeof(DWORD), NULL, 0, &dwBytes, NULL);

// Release FIMD Win0 H/W Resource to Video Engine Driver
DeviceloControl(hVideoDrv, IOCTL_SVE_RSC_RELEASE_FIMD_WIN0, NULL, 0, NULL, 0,
                &dwBytes, NULL);

// Release Post Processor H/W Resource to Video Engine Driver
DeviceloControl(hVideoDrv, IOCTL_SVE_RSC_RELEASE_POST, NULL, 0, NULL, 0, &dwBytes,
                NULL);

CloseHandle(hVideoDrv);
```

Disable Window 0, return the Resource, close the Driver handler

#### 4.4.2 Display Video Screen with Local Path

This show the example how to use LocalPath when using YUV420 Source video frame, output to the framebuffer of Window 0

##### 1<sup>st</sup> Step : Driver Open

```
// Open Video Driver
HANDLE hVideoDrv = INVALID_HANDLE_VALUE;
hVideoDrv = CreateFile( L"VDE0:", GENERIC_READ|GENERIC_WRITE,
                      FILE_SHARE_READ|FILE_SHARE_WRITE, NULL, OPEN_EXISTING, 0, 0);
if (hVideoDrv == INVALID_HANDLE_VALUE)
{
    RETAILMSG(1,(L"[VDE:ERR] VDE0 Open Device Failed\n"));
    return;
}
```

##### 2<sup>nd</sup> Step : Request Resource

```
// Request FIMD Window0 Resource
DeviceIoControl(hVideoDrv, IOCTL_SVE_RSC_REQUEST_FIMD_WINO, NULL, 0, NULL, 0,
               &dwBytes, NULL);

// Request Post Processor Resource
DeviceIoControl(hVideoDrv, IOCTL_SVE_RSC_REQUEST_POST, NULL, 0, NULL, 0,
               &dwBytes, NULL);
```

##### 3<sup>rd</sup> Step : Configure Display Controller Window0 mode as Local Path

```
SVEARG_FIMD_WIN_MODE tParamMode;

tParamMode.dwWinMode = DISP_WINO_POST_RGB;
tParamMode.dwBPP = DISP_24BPP_888;
tParamMode.dwWidth = DST_WIDTH;
tParamMode.dwHeight = DST_HEIGHT;
tParamMode.dwOffsetX = 0;
tParamMode.dwOffsetY = 0;

DeviceIoControl(hVideoDrv, IOCTL_SVE_FIMD_SET_WINDOW_MODE, &tParamMode,
               sizeof(SVEARG_FIMD_WIN_MODE), NULL, 0, &dwBytes, NULL);
```

Set the destination size of Window 0 as DST\_WIDTH x DST\_HEIGHT to use Post Processor as LocalPath mode. the dwBPP value must be DISP\_24BPP\_888 when you use DISP\_WINO\_POST\_RGB mode that mean using LocalPath FIFO.

4<sup>th</sup> Step : Configure Overlay Blending

```
SVEARG_FIMD_WIN_COLORKEY tParamCKey;

// Color Key Disable
tParamCKey.dwWinNum = DISP_WIN1;
tParamCKey.bOnOff = FALSE;
tParamCKey.dwDirection = DISP_FG_MATCH_BG_DISPLAY;
tParamCKey.dwColorKey = 0;
tParamCKey.dwCompareKey = 0;

DeviceIoControl(hVideoDrv, IOCTL_SVE_FIMD_SET_WINDOW_BLEND_COLORKEY,
                &tParamCKey, sizeof(SVEARG_FIMD_WIN_COLORKEY), NULL, 0,
                &dwBytes, NULL);

SVEARG_FIMD_WIN_ALPHA tParamAlpha;

// Alpha Set to 0x0 (Show Window0)
tParamAlpha.dwWinNum = DISP_WIN1;
tParamAlpha.dwMethod = DISP_ALPHA_PER_PLANE;
tParamAlpha.dwAlpha0 = 0x0;
tParamAlpha.dwAlpha1 = 0x0;

DeviceIoControl(hVideoDrv, IOCTL_SVE_FIMD_SET_WINDOW_BLEND_ALPHA,
                &tParamAlpha, sizeof(SVEARG_FIMD_WIN_ALPHA), NULL, 0,
                &dwBytes, NULL);
```

5<sup>th</sup> Step : Configure Window0 Frame Buffer and Enable Window0

In the case that using Local Path, the Frame buffer of Windows does not need to be set.  
Because the Display Controller does not use DMA to get data. And Post will put the result to  
Display Controller's Stride FIFO directly.

6<sup>th</sup> Step : Configure Post Processor Parameter

```

SVEARG_POST_PARAMETER tParamPost;

tParamPost.dwOpMode = POST_FREE_RUN_MODE;
tParamPost.dwScanMode = POST_PROGRESSIVE;
tParamPost.dwSrcType = POST_SRC_YUV420;
tParamPost.dwSrcBaseWidth = VIDEO_WIDTH;
tParamPost.dwSrcBaseHeight = VIDEO_HEIGHT;
tParamPost.dwSrcWidth = VIDEO_WIDTH;
tParamPost.dwSrcHeight = VIDEO_HEIGHT;
tParamPost.dwSrcOffsetX = 0;
tParamPost.dwSrcOffsetY = 0;
tParamPost.dwDstType = POST_DST_FIFO_RGB888;
tParamPost.dwDstBaseWidth = DST_WIDTH;
tParamPost.dwDstBaseHeight = DST_HEIGHT;
tParamPost.dwDstWidth = DST_WIDTH;
tParamPost.dwDstHeight = DST_HEIGHT;
tParamPost.dwDstOffsetX = 0;
tParamPost.dwDstOffsetY = 0;

DeviceloControl(hVideoDrv, IOCTL_SVE_POST_SET_PROCESSING_PARAM, &tParamPost,
                sizeof(SVEARG_POST_PARAMETER), NULL, 0, &dwBytes, NULL);

```

To set Local Path of Post Processor, Set Free Run mode, and the destination type as POST\_DST\_FIFO\_RGB888.

7<sup>th</sup> Step : Configure Source & Destination Image Address

```

SVEARG_POST_BUFFER tParamBuffer;

tParamBuffer.dwBufferRGBY = VIDEO_YUV420_BUFFER;
tParamBuffer.dwBufferCb = tParamBuffer.dwBufferRGBY + VIDEO_WIDTH *
                           VIDEO_HEIGHT;
tParamBuffer.dwBufferCr = tParamBuffer.dwBufferCb + (VIDEO_WIDTH*VIDEO_HEIGHT)/4;
tParamBuffer.bWaitForVSync = FALSE;

// Source Address
DeviceloControl(hVideoDrv, IOCTL_SVE_POST_SET_SOURCE_BUFFER, &tParamBuffer,
                sizeof(SVEARG_POST_BUFFER), NULL, 0, &dwBytes, NULL);

// Next Source Address
DeviceloControl(hVideoDrv, IOCTL_SVE_POST_SET_NEXT_SOURCE_BUFFER,
                &tParamBuffer, sizeof(SVEARG_POST_BUFFER), NULL, 0, &dwBytes,
                NULL);

```

Due to Free run mode, the frame processing will continue to end frame automatically. The interrupt will occur between frames, and the Post Processor will update the current source address as the next address. So when you use Local Path, you must set the next address before start Local Path. Using Local Path, you don't need to set the destination address.



8<sup>th</sup> Step : Local Path Start

```
// Local Path Start
DeviceloControl(hVideoDrv, IOCTL_SVE_LOCALPATH_SET_WIN0_START, NULL, 0, NULL, 0,
                &dwBytes, NULL);
```

Now start Local Path. This will enable Window 0.

9<sup>th</sup> Step : Process Next frame

```
// Next Source Address
tParamBuffer.dwBufferRGBY = NEXT_VIDEO_YUV420_BUFFER;
tParamBuffer.dwBufferCb = tParamBuffer.dwBufferRGBY + VIDEO_WIDTH *
                          VIDEO_HEIGHT;
tParamBuffer.dwBufferCr = tParamBuffer.dwBufferCb + (VIDEO_WIDTH*VIDEO_HEIGHT)/4;
tParamBuffer.bWaitForVSync = TRUE;

DeviceloControl(hVideoDrv, IOCTL_SVE_POST_SET_NEXT_SOURCE_BUFFER,
                &tParamBuffer, sizeof(SVEARG_POST_BUFFER), NULL, 0, &dwBytes,
                NULL);
```

When you use Local Path, Post Processor always run, So you should set the next frame address till running. This is get by using IOCTL\_SVE\_POST\_SET\_NEXT\_SOURCE\_BUFFER\_API. This IOCTL will wait for frame done, and when the current frame processing is done, will update the current address to next address.

10<sup>th</sup> Step : Driver Close

```
// Local Path Stop
DeviceloControl(hVideoDrv, IOCTL_SVE_LOCALPATH_SET_WIN0_STOP, NULL, 0, NULL, 0,
                &dwBytes, NULL);

// Release FIMD Win0 H/W Resource to Video Engine Driver
DeviceloControl(hVideoDrv, IOCTL_SVE_RSC_RELEASE_FIMD_WIN0, NULL, 0, NULL, 0,
                &dwBytes, NULL);

// Release Post Processor H/W Resource to Video Engine Driver
DeviceloControl(hVideoDrv, IOCTL_SVE_RSC_RELEASE_POST, NULL, 0, NULL, 0, &dwBytes,
                NULL);

CloseHandle(hVideoDrv);
```

Stop the LocalPath process, return Resource, close the driver's handle.

### 4.4.3 Display Video Screen with Local Path and display to TV Out

Display YUV420 video frame on window0 of LCD using Local Path. And Display YUV420 video frame to TV using TV Scaler and TV Encoder.

1<sup>st</sup> Step : Driver Open

```
// Open Video Driver
HANDLE hVideoDrv = INVALID_HANDLE_VALUE;
hVideoDrv = CreateFile( L"VDE0:", GENERIC_READ|GENERIC_WRITE,
                      FILE_SHARE_READ|FILE_SHARE_WRITE, NULL, OPEN_EXISTING, 0, 0);
if (hVideoDrv == INVALID_HANDLE_VALUE)
{
    RETAILMSG(1,(L"[VDE:ERR] VDE0 Open Device Failed\n"));
    return;
}
```

2<sup>nd</sup> Step : Request Resource

```
// Request FIMD Window0 Resource
DeviceIoControl(hVideoDrv, IOCTL_SVE_RSC_REQUEST_FIMD_WIN0, NULL, 0, NULL, 0,
               &dwBytes, NULL);

// Request Post Processor Resource
DeviceIoControl(hVideoDrv, IOCTL_SVE_RSC_REQUEST_POST, NULL, 0, NULL, 0,
               &dwBytes, NULL);

// Request TV Scaler and TV Encoder Resource
DeviceIoControl(hVideoDrv, IOCTL_SVE_RSC_REQUEST_TVSCALER_TVENCODER, NULL, 0,
               NULL, 0, &dwBytes, NULL);
```

3<sup>rd</sup> Step : Configure Display Controller Window0 mode as Local Path

```
SVEARG_FIMD_WIN_MODE tParamMode;

tParamMode.dwWinMode = DISP_WIN0_POST_RGB;
tParamMode.dwBPP = DISP_24BPP_888;
tParamMode.dwWidth = DST_WIDTH;
tParamMode.dwHeight = DST_HEIGHT;
tParamMode.dwOffsetX = 0;
tParamMode.dwOffsetY = 0;

DeviceIoControl(hVideoDrv, IOCTL_SVE_FIMD_SET_WINDOW_MODE, &tParamMode,
               sizeof(SVEARG_FIMD_WIN_MODE), NULL, 0, &dwBytes, NULL);
```

When FIMD window0 is used as local path(DISP\_WIN0\_POST\_RGB), dwBPP should be configured to DISP\_24BPP\_888.

4<sup>th</sup> Step : Configure Overlay Blending

```
SVEARG_FIMD_WIN_COLORKEY tParamCKey;

// Color Key Disable
tParamCKey.dwWinNum = DISP_WIN1;
tParamCKey.bOnOff = FALSE;
tParamCKey.dwDirection = DISP_FG_MATCH_BG_DISPLAY;
tParamCKey.dwColorKey = 0;
tParamCKey.dwCompareKey = 0;

DeviceIoControl(hVideoDrv, IOCTL_SVE_FIMD_SET_WINDOW_BLEND_COLORKEY,
                &tParamCKey, sizeof(SVEARG_FIMD_WIN_COLORKEY), NULL, 0,
                &dwBytes, NULL);

SVEARG_FIMD_WIN_ALPHA tParamAlpha;

// Alpha Set to 0x0 (Show Window0)
tParamAlpha.dwWinNum = DISP_WIN1;
tParamAlpha.dwMethod = DISP_ALPHA_PER_PLANE;
tParamAlpha.dwAlpha0 = 0x0;
tParamAlpha.dwAlpha1 = 0x0;

DeviceIoControl(hVideoDrv, IOCTL_SVE_FIMD_SET_WINDOW_BLEND_ALPHA,
                &tParamAlpha, sizeof(SVEARG_FIMD_WIN_ALPHA), NULL, 0,
                &dwBytes, NULL);
```

5<sup>th</sup> Step : Configure Window0 Frame Buffer and Enable Window0

In case of Local Path, There is no need to configure frame buffer address of FIMD window because DMA of FIMD Window is not used.

(continued in next pages)

6<sup>th</sup> Step : Configure Post Processor Parameter

```

SVEARG_POST_PARAMETER tParamPost;

tParamPost.dwOpMode = POST_FREE_RUN_MODE;
tParamPost.dwScanMode = POST_PROGRESSIVE;
tParamPost.dwSrcType = POST_SRC_YUV420;
tParamPost.dwSrcBaseWidth = VIDEO_WIDTH;
tParamPost.dwSrcBaseHeight = VIDEO_HEIGHT;
tParamPost.dwSrcWidth = VIDEO_WIDTH;
tParamPost.dwSrcHeight = VIDEO_HEIGHT;
tParamPost.dwSrcOffsetX = 0;
tParamPost.dwSrcOffsetY = 0;
tParamPost.dwDstType = POST_DST_FIFO_RGB888;
tParamPost.dwDstBaseWidth = DST_WIDTH;
tParamPost.dwDstBaseHeight = DST_HEIGHT;
tParamPost.dwDstWidth = DST_WIDTH;
tParamPost.dwDstHeight = DST_HEIGHT;
tParamPost.dwDstOffsetX = 0;
tParamPost.dwDstOffsetY = 0;

DeviceIoControl(hVideoDrv, IOCTL_SVE_POST_SET_PROCESSING_PARAM, &tParamPost,
                sizeof(SVEARG_POST_PARAMETER), NULL, 0, &dwBytes, NULL);

```

To configure Local Path, Post Processor is configured to Free Run mode and destination is configured to POST\_DST\_FIFO\_RGB888.

7<sup>th</sup> Step : Configure Source & Destination Image Address

```

SVEARG_POST_BUFFER tParamBuffer;

tParamBuffer.dwBufferRGby = VIDEO_YUV420_BUFFER;
tParamBuffer.dwBufferCb = tParamBuffer.dwBufferRGby + VIDEO_WIDTH *
                           VIDEO_HEIGHT;
tParamBuffer.dwBufferCr = tParamBuffer.dwBufferCb + (VIDEO_WIDTH*VIDEO_HEIGHT)/4;
tParamBuffer.bWaitForVSync = FALSE;

// Source Address
DeviceIoControl(hVideoDrv, IOCTL_SVE_POST_SET_SOURCE_BUFFER, &tParamBuffer,
                sizeof(SVEARG_POST_BUFFER), NULL, 0, &dwBytes, NULL);

// Next Source Address
DeviceIoControl(hVideoDrv, IOCTL_SVE_POST_SET_NEXT_SOURCE_BUFFER,
                &tParamBuffer, sizeof(SVEARG_POST_BUFFER), NULL, 0, &dwBytes,
                NULL);

```

In Free run mode, Post Processor restart next frame after finishing a frame. When a frame is finished, next address is update to current address register automatically. So, Next address should be configured before starting Local Path.

8<sup>th</sup> Step : Local Path Start

```
// Local Path Start  
DeviceIoControl(hVideoDrv, IOCTL_SVE_LOCALPATH_SET_WIN0_START, NULL, 0, NULL, 0,  
                &dwBytes, NULL);
```

When local path is enable, Post Processor will process the video frame and pass it to display window through local path.

(continued in next page)

9<sup>th</sup> Step : Configure TV Scaler Parameter

```

SVEARG_TVSC_PARAMETER tParamTVSC;

tParamTVSC.dwOpMode = TVSC_FREE_RUN_MODE;
tParamTVSC.dwScanMode = TVSC_INTERLACE;
tParamTVSC.dwSrcType = POST_SRC_YUV420;
tParamTVSC.dwSrcBaseWidth = VIDEO_WIDTH;
tParamTVSC.dwSrcBaseHeight = VIDEO_HEIGHT;
tParamTVSC.dwSrcWidth = VIDEO_WIDTH;
tParamTVSC.dwSrcHeight = VIDEO_HEIGHT;
tParamTVSC.dwSrcOffsetX = 0;
tParamTVSC.dwSrcOffsetY = 0;
tParamTVSC.dwDstType = TVSC_DST_FIFO_YUV444;
tParamTVSC.dwDstBaseWidth = 720*2;
tParamTVSC.dwDstBaseHeight = 480;
tParamTVSC.dwDstWidth = 720*2;
tParamTVSC.dwDstHeight = 480;
tParamTVSC.dwDstOffsetX = 0;
tParamTVSC.dwDstOffsetY = 0;

DeviceloControl(hVideoDrv, IOCTL_SVE_TVSC_SET_PROCESSING_PARAM, &tParamTVSC,
                sizeof(SVEARG_TVSC_PARAMETER), NULL, 0, &dwBytes, NULL);

```

To using TV Encoder, TV Scaler is configured to Free Run mode and interlaced mode, and destination is configured to TVSC\_DST\_FIFO\_YUV444.

**dwDstBaseWidth and dwDstWidth should be configured double of image width, because TV Scaler is running in Interlaced mode.**

10<sup>th</sup> Step : Configure Source & Destination Image Address

```

SVEARG_TVSC_BUFFER tParamBuffer;

tParamBuffer.dwBufferRGBY = VIDEO_YUV420_BUFFER;
tParamBuffer.dwBufferCb = tParamBuffer.dwBufferRGBY + VIDEO_WIDTH *
                           VIDEO_HEIGHT;
tParamBuffer.dwBufferCr = tParamBuffer.dwBufferCb + (VIDEO_WIDTH*VIDEO_HEIGHT)/4;
tParamBuffer.bWaitForVSync = FALSE;

// Source Address
DeviceloControl(hVideoDrv, IOCTL_SVE_TVSC_SET_SOURCE_BUFFER, &tParamBuffer,
                sizeof(SVEARG_TVSC_BUFFER), NULL, 0, &dwBytes, NULL);

// Next Source Address
DeviceloControl(hVideoDrv, IOCTL_SVE_TVSC_SET_NEXT_SOURCE_BUFFER,
                &tParamBuffer, sizeof(SVEARG_TVSC_BUFFER), NULL, 0, &dwBytes,
                NULL);

```

In Free run mode, TV Scaler restart next frame after finishing a frame. When a frame is finished, next address is update to current address register automatically. So, Next address should be configured before starting TV Scaler.

11<sup>th</sup> Step : Configure TV Encoder

```
SVEARG_TVENC_PARAMETER tParamTVEnc;

tParamTVEnc.dwOutputType = TVENC_COMPOSITE;
tParamTVEnc.dwOutputStandard = TVENC_NTSC_M;
tParamTVEnc.dwMVisionPattern = TVENC_MACROVISION_OFF;
tParamTVEnc.dwSrcWidth = 720;
tParamTVEnc.dwSrcHeight = 480;

// TV Encoder Initialize
DeviceIoControl(hVideoDrv, IOCTL_SVE_TVENC_SET_INTERFACE_PARAM, & tParamTVEnc,
                sizeof(SVEARG_TVENC_PARAMETER), NULL, 0, &dwBytes, NULL);
```

Input size of TV Encoder is same with output size of TV Scaler.

12<sup>th</sup> Step : Enable TV Out

```
// TV Out Enable
DeviceIoControl(hVideoDrv, IOCTL_SVE_TVENC_SET_ENCODER_ON, NULL, NULL, 0, NULL,
                0, &dwBytes, NULL);
```

To enable TV out, Do not use IOCTL\_SVE\_TVSC\_SET\_PROCESSING\_START to starting TV Scaler. IOCTL\_SVE\_TVENC\_SET\_ENCODER\_ON starts TV Scaler and enables TV Encoder in properly sequence.

(continued in next page)

13<sup>th</sup> Step : Next frame Processing for Local Path

```
// Next Source Address
tParamBuffer.dwBufferRGBY = NEXT_VIDEO_YUV420_BUFFER;
tParamBuffer.dwBufferCb = tParamBuffer.dwBufferRGBY + VIDEO_WIDTH *
                           VIDEO_HEIGHT;
tParamBuffer.dwBufferCr = tParamBuffer.dwBufferCb + (VIDEO_WIDTH*VIDEO_HEIGHT)/4;
tParamBuffer.bWaitForVSync = TRUE;

DeviceloControl(hVideoDrv, IOCTL_SVE_POST_SET_NEXT_SOURCE_BUFFER,
                &tParamBuffer, sizeof(SVEARG_POST_BUFFER), NULL, 0, &dwBytes,
                NULL);
```

14<sup>th</sup> Step : Next frame Processing for TV Out

```
// Next Source Address
tParamBuffer.dwBufferRGBY = NEXT_VIDEO_YUV420_BUFFER;
tParamBuffer.dwBufferCb = tParamBuffer.dwBufferRGBY + VIDEO_WIDTH *
                           VIDEO_HEIGHT;
tParamBuffer.dwBufferCr = tParamBuffer.dwBufferCb + (VIDEO_WIDTH*VIDEO_HEIGHT)/4;
tParamBuffer.bWaitForVSync = TRUE;

DeviceloControl(hVideoDrv, IOCTL_SVE_TVSC_SET_NEXT_SOURCE_BUFFER,
                &tParamBuffer, sizeof(SVEARG_TVSC_BUFFER), NULL, 0, &dwBytes,
                NULL);
```

(go to 13<sup>th</sup> Step until video playback is finished)



15<sup>th</sup> Step : Driver Close

```
// Local Path Stop
DeviceloControl(hVideoDrv, IOCTL_SVE_LOCALPATH_SET_WIN0_STOP, NULL, 0, NULL, 0,
                &dwBytes, NULL);

// TV Out Disable
DeviceloControl(hVideoDrv, IOCTL_SVE_TVENC_SET_ENCODER_OFF, NULL, NULL, 0, NULL,
                0, &dwBytes, NULL);

// Release FIMD Win0 H/W Resource to Video Engine Driver
DeviceloControl(hVideoDrv, IOCTL_SVE_RSC_RELEASE_FIMD_WIN0, NULL, 0, NULL, 0,
                &dwBytes, NULL);

// Release Post Processor H/W Resource to Video Engine Driver
DeviceloControl(hVideoDrv, IOCTL_SVE_RSC_RELEASE_POST, NULL, 0, NULL, 0, &dwBytes,
                NULL);

// Release TV Scaler and TV Encoder H/W Resource to Video Engine Driver
DeviceloControl(hVideoDrv, IOCTL_SVE_RSC_RELEASE_TVSCALER_TVENCODER, NULL, 0,
                NULL, 0, &dwBytes, NULL);

CloseHandle(hVideoDrv);
```

To disable TV out, Do not use IOCTL\_SVE\_TVSC\_SET\_PROCESSING\_STOP to stop TV Scaler. IOCTL\_SVE\_TVENC\_SET\_ENCODER\_OFF stops TV Scaler and disables TV Encoder in properly sequence.

After stop local path and TV out, release HW resources to Video Driver and close driver handle.

## 4.5 Appendix

### 4.5.1 Video Driver Argument Data Structure

```

typedef struct
{
    tDevInfo tRGBDevInfo;           // RGB I/F Device Information
    DWORD dwTVOutScreenWidth;      // TV Out Device Screen Width
    DWORD dwTVOutScreenHeight;     // TV Out Device Screen Height
} SVEARG_FIMD_OUTPUT_IF;

typedef struct
{
    DWORD dwLineCnt;               // Line Counter
    DWORD dwVerticalStatus;        // Vertical Status
    DWORD dwHorizontalStatus;      // Horizontal Status
    BOOL bENVID;                  // ENVID Field of VIDCON0
} SVEARG_FIMD_OUTPUT_STAT;

typedef struct
{
    DWORD dwWinMode;               // FIMD Window Mode
    DWORD dwBPP;                   // BitPerPixel
    DWORD dwWidth;                 // Window Horizontal Pixel
    DWORD dwHeight;                // Window Vertical Pixel
    DWORD dwOffsetX;               // Window Horizontal Offset
    DWORD dwOffsetY;               // Window Vertical Offset
} SVEARG_FIMD_WIN_MODE;

typedef struct
{
    DWORD dwWinNum;                // FIMD Window Number
    DWORD dwOffsetX;               // Window Horizontal Offset
    DWORD dwOffsetY;               // Window Vertical Offset
} SVEARG_FIMD_WIN_POS;

typedef struct
{
    DWORD dwWinNum;                // FIMD Window Number
    DWORD dwFrameBuffer;           // Frame Buffer Address
    BOOL bWaitForVSync;            // Blocked Operation
} SVEARG_FIMD_WIN_FRAMEBUFFER;

typedef struct
{
    DWORD dwWinNum;                // FIMD Window Number
    DWORD dwDirection;             // Keying Direction
    DWORD dwColorKey;              // Color Key Value
    DWORD dwCompareKey;            // Compare Key Value
    BOOL bOnOff;                   // Color Key Enable/Disable
} SVEARG_FIMD_WIN_COLORKEY;

```

```
typedef struct
{
    DWORD dwWinNum;           // FIMD Window Number
    DWORD dwMethod;           // Blending Method (per Pixel or per Plane)
    DWORD dwAlpha0;           // Alpha Value 0
    DWORD dwAlpha1;           // Alpha Value 1
} SVEARG_FIMD_WIN_ALPHA;

typedef struct
{
    DWORD dwOpMode;           // Operation Mode (Frame or Free Run)
    DWORD dwScanMode;         // Scan Mode (Progressive or Interlace)
    DWORD dwSrcType;           // Src Image Type
    DWORD dwSrcBaseWidth;
    DWORD dwSrcBaseHeight;
    DWORD dwSrcWidth;
    DWORD dwSrcHeight;
    DWORD dwSrcOffsetX;
    DWORD dwSrcOffsetY;
    DWORD dwDstType;           // Dst Image Type
    DWORD dwDstBaseWidth;
    DWORD dwDstBaseHeight;
    DWORD dwDstWidth;
    DWORD dwDstHeight;
    DWORD dwDstOffsetX;
    DWORD dwDstOffsetY;
} SVEARG_POST_PARAMETER;

typedef struct
{
    DWORD dwBufferRGBY;
    DWORD dwBufferCb;
    DWORD dwBufferCr;
    BOOL bWaitForVSync;        // Blocked Operation
} SVEARG_POST_BUFFER;

typedef struct
{
    DWORD dwImgFormat;         // Source Image Format
    DWORD dwOpType;            // Rotator Operation Type
    DWORD dwSrcWidth;
    DWORD dwSrcHeight;
} SVEARG_ROTATOR_PARAMETER;

typedef struct
{
    DWORD dwBufferRGBY;
    DWORD dwBufferCb;
    DWORD dwBufferCr;
} SVEARG_ROTATOR_BUFFER;
```

```
typedef struct
{
    DWORD dwOpMode;           // Operation Mode (Frame or Free Run)
    DWORD dwScanMode;         // Scan Mode (Progressive or Interlace)
    DWORD dwSrcType;          // Src Image Type
    DWORD dwSrcBaseWidth;
    DWORD dwSrcBaseHeight;
    DWORD dwSrcWidth;
    DWORD dwSrcHeight;
    DWORD dwSrcOffsetX;
    DWORD dwSrcOffsetY;
    DWORD dwDstType;          // Dst Image Type
    DWORD dwDstBaseWidth;
    DWORD dwDstBaseHeight;
    DWORD dwDstWidth;
    DWORD dwDstHeight;
    DWORD dwDstOffsetX;
    DWORD dwDstOffsetY;
} SVEARG_TVSC_PARAMETER;

typedef struct
{
    DWORD dwBufferRGBY;
    DWORD dwBufferCb;
    DWORD dwBufferCr;
    BOOL bWaitForVSync;       // Blocked Operation
} SVEARG_TVSC_BUFFER;

typedef struct
{
    DWORD dwOutputType;       // Output Interface Type
    DWORD dwOutputStandard;   // Output System
    DWORD dwMVisionPattern;   // Macrovision Pattern
    DWORD dwSrcWidth;
    DWORD dwSrcHeight;
} SVEARG_TVENC_PARAMETER;
```

### 4.5.2 Video Driver Pre-defined Parameter Enumeration

```
typedef enum
{
    DISP_WIN0_DMA,
    DISP_WIN0_POST_RGB,
    DISP_WIN0_POST_YUV,
    DISP_WIN1_DMA,
    DISP_WIN1_TVSCALER_RGB,
    DISP_WIN1_TVSCALER_YUV,
    DISP_WIN1_CIPREVIEW_RGB,
    DISP_WIN1_CIPREVIEW_YUV,
    DISP_WIN2_DMA,
    DISP_WIN2_TVSCALER_RGB,
    DISP_WIN2_TVSCALER_YUV,
    DISP_WIN2_CICODEC_RGB,
    DISP_WIN2_CICODEC_YUV,
    DISP_WIN3_DMA,
    DISP_WIN4_DMA
} DISP_WINDOW_MODE;

typedef enum
{
    DISP_WIN0,
    DISP_WIN1,
    DISP_WIN2,
    DISP_WIN3,
    DISP_WIN4
} DISP_WINDOW;

typedef enum
{
    DISP_1BPP = 0,
    DISP_2BPP,
    DISP_4BPP,
    DISP_8BPP_PAL,
    DISP_8BPP_NOPAL,
    DISP_16BPP_565,
    DISP_16BPP_A555,
    DISP_16BPP_I555,
    DISP_18BPP_666,
    DISP_18BPP_A665,
    DISP_19BPP_A666,
    DISP_24BPP_888,
    DISP_24BPP_A887,
    DISP_25BPP_A888
} DISP_BPP_MODE;

typedef enum
{
    DISP_FG_MATCH_BG_DISPLAY,
    DISP_BG_MATCH_FG_DISPLAY
} DISP_COLOR_KEY_DIRECTION;
```

```
typedef enum
{
    DISP_ALPHA_PER_PLANE,
    DISP_ALPHA_PER_PIXEL
} DISP_ALPHA_BLEND_METHOD;
```

```
typedef enum
{
    DISP_V_VSYNC = 0,
    DISP_V_BACKPORCH,
    DISP_V_ACTIVE,
    DISP_V_FRONTPORCH
} DISP_VERTICAL_STATUS;
```

```
typedef enum
{
    DISP_H_HSYNC = 0,
    DISP_H_BACKPORCH,
    DISP_H_ACTIVE,
    DISP_H_FRONTPORCH
} DISP_HORIZONTAL_STATUS;
```

```
typedef enum
{
    POST_PER_FRAME_MODE,
    POST_FREE_RUN_MODE
} POST_OP_MODE;
```

```
typedef enum
{
    POST_PROGRESSIVE,
    POST_INTERLACE
} POST_SCAN_MODE;
```

```
typedef enum
{
    POST_SRC_RGB16 = 0,
    POST_SRC_RGB24,
    POST_SRC_YUV420,
    POST_SRC_YUV422_YCBYCR,
    POST_SRC_YUV422_CBYCRY,
    POST_SRC_YUV422_YCRYCB,
    POST_SRC_YUV422_CRYCBY
} POST_SRC_TYPE;
```

```
typedef enum
{
    POST_DST_RGB16 = 0,
    POST_DST_RGB24,
    POST_DST_YUV420,
    POST_DST_YUV422_YCBYCR,
    POST_DST_YUV422_CBYCRY,
    POST_DST_YUV422_YCRYCB,
    POST_DST_YUV422_CRYCBY,
    POST_DST_FIFO_YUV444,
```

```
    POST_DST_FIFO_RGB888
} POST_DST_TYPE;

typedef enum
{
    POST_IDLE = 0,
    POST_BUSY
} POST_STATE;

typedef enum
{
    ROT_FORMAT_YUV420 = 0,
    ROT_FORMAT_YUV422,
    ROT_FORMAT_RGB565,
    ROT_FORMAT_RGB888
} ROTATOR_IMAGE_FORMAT;

typedef enum
{
    ROT_OP_ROTATE_90 = 0,
    ROT_OP_ROTATE_180,
    ROT_OP_ROTATE_270,
    ROT_OP_FLIP_VERTICAL,
    ROT_OP_FLIP_HORIZONTAL
} ROTATOR_OPERATION_TYPE;

typedef enum
{
    TVSC_PER_FRAME_MODE,
    TVSC_FREE_RUN_MODE
} TVSC_OP_MODE;

typedef enum
{
    TVSC_PROGRESSIVE,
    TVSC_INTERLACE
} TVSC_SCAN_MODE;

typedef enum
{
    TVSC_SRC_RGB16 = 0,
    TVSC_SRC_RGB24,
    TVSC_SRC_YUV420,
    TVSC_SRC_YUV422_YCBYCR,
    TVSC_SRC_YUV422_CBYCRY,
    TVSC_SRC_YUV422_YCRYCB,
    TVSC_SRC_YUV422_CRYCBY,
    TVSC_SRC_FIFO
} TVSC_SRC_TYPE;

typedef enum
{
    TVSC_DST_RGB16 = 0,
    TVSC_DST_RGB24,
    TVSC_DST_YUV420,
    TVSC_DST_YUV422_YCBYCR,
```

```
TVSC_DST_YUV422_CBYCRY,  
TVSC_DST_YUV422_YCRYCB,  
TVSC_DST_YUV422_CRYCBY,  
TVSC_DST_FIFO_YUV444,  
TVSC_DST_FIFO_RGB888  
} TVSC_DST_TYPE;  
  
typedef enum  
{  
    TVSC_IDLE = 0,  
    TVSC_BUSY  
} TVSC_STATE;  
  
typedef enum  
{  
    TVENC_COMPOSITE = 0,  
    TVENC_S_VIDEO  
} TVENC_OUTPUT_TYPE;  
  
typedef enum  
{  
    TVENC_NTSC_M = 0,  
    TVENC_NTSC_J,  
    TVENC_PAL_BDGI,  
    TVENC_PAL_M,  
    TVENC_PAL_NC  
} TVENC_OUTPUT_STANDARD;  
  
typedef enum  
{  
    TVENC_MACROVISION_AGC4L = 0,  
    TVENC_MACROVISION_AGC2L,  
    TVENC_MACROVISION_N01,  
    TVENC_MACROVISION_N02,  
    TVENC_MACROVISION_P01,  
    TVENC_MACROVISION_P02,  
    TVENC_MACROVISION_OFF  
} TVENC_MACROVISION_PATTERN;
```

(End of Document)