自动控制理论 B

Matlab 仿真实验报告

实验名称:相平面分析

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班 级:自动化二班

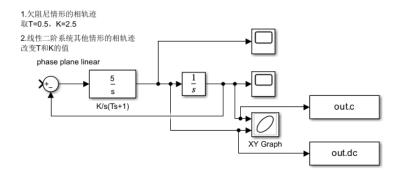
撰写日期: 2023.6.10

一、 线性系统的相平面图

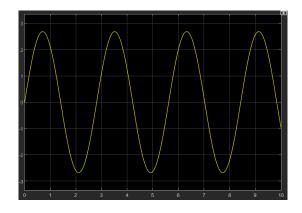
此部分内容需要自己设置参数、搭建仿真图、时间响应曲线、相平面图。对于奇点为节点和鞍点的情形,要画出特殊等倾线对应的相轨迹。

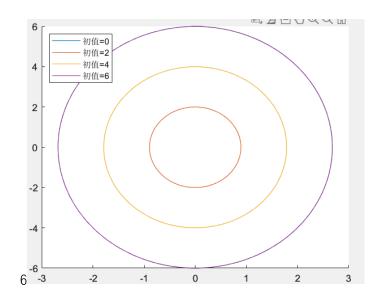
1. 中心点

仿真图:



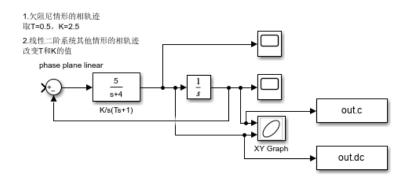
时间响应曲线:



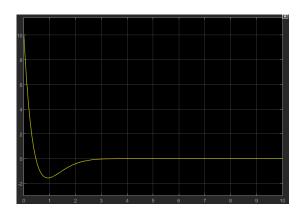


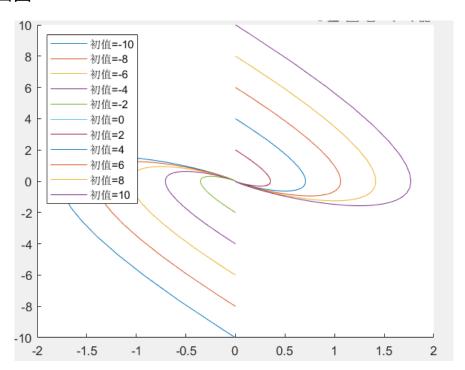
2. 稳定焦点

仿真图:



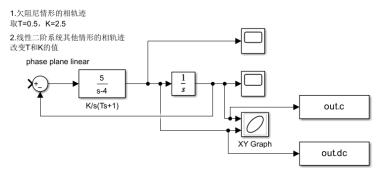
时间响应曲线:



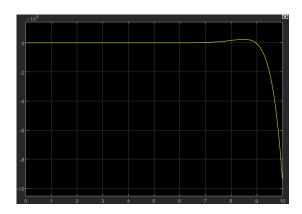


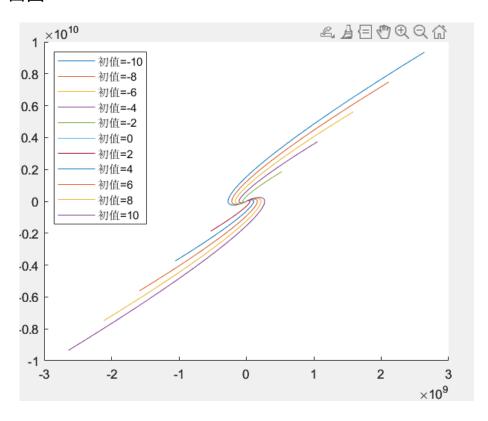
3. 不稳定焦点

仿真图:



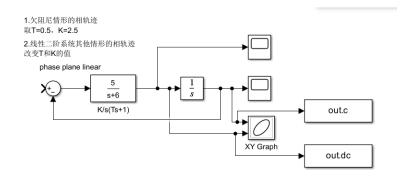
时间响应曲线:



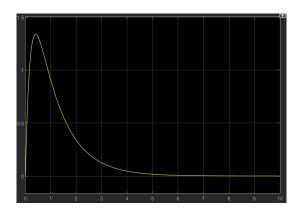


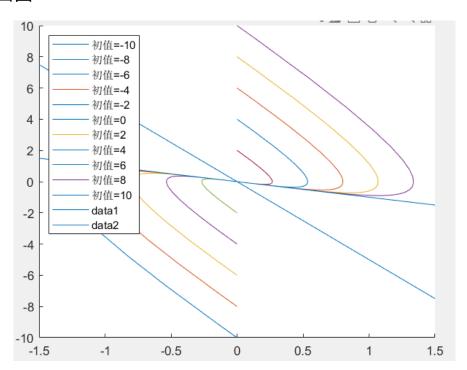
4. 稳定节点

仿真图:



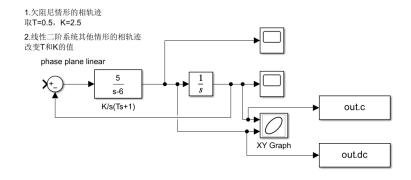
时间响应曲线:



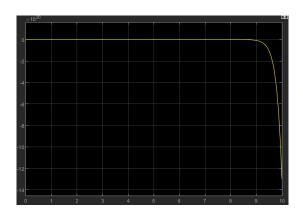


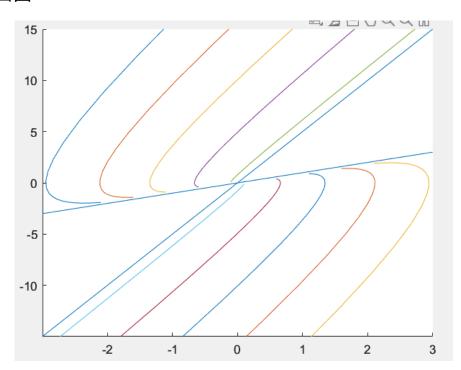
5. 不稳定节点

仿真图:



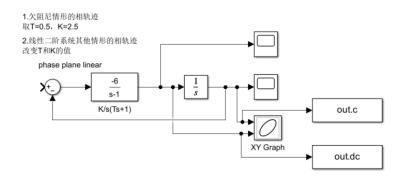
时间响应曲线:



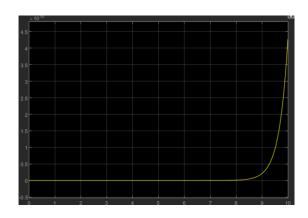


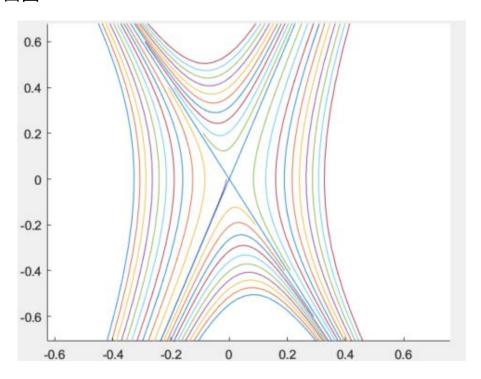
6. 鞍点

仿真图:



时间响应曲线:



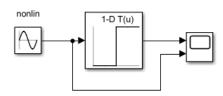


二、 非线性环节的 Lookup tables 表示方法

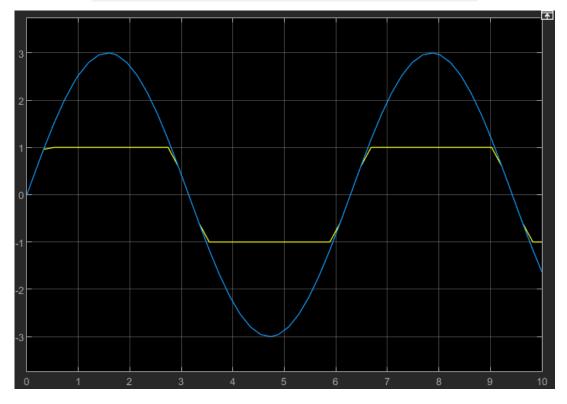
此部分内容需要截图 Lookup table 的参数设置界面、画出输入为正弦信号时的输出响应(在同一个图里画出输入输出曲线)。

1. 饱和特性

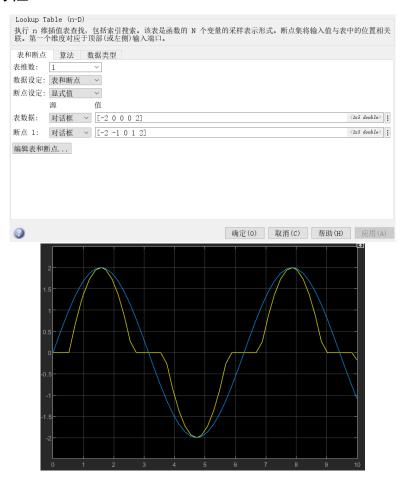
3.非线性环节的Lookup table表示方法



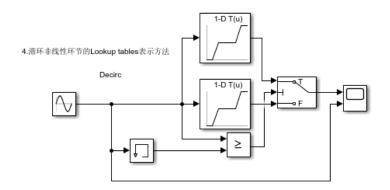
| -Lookup T 执行 n 维 | | | 搜索。该表是 | 函数的 N | 个变量的采样表示 | 示形式。断点 | 集将输入值与 | 表中的位置相关 |
|---------------------|-------|----------|---------|-------|----------|--------|---------|--------------|
| 联。第一 | 个维度对应 | 于顶部(或左 | 侧)输入端口。 | | | | | |
| 表和断点 | 算法 | 数据类型 | | | | | | |
| 表维数: | 1 | ~ | | | | | | |
| 数据设定: | 表和断点 | ~ | | | | | | |
| 断点设定: | 显式值 | ~ | | | | | | |
| | 源 | 值 | | | | | | |
| 表数据: | 对话框 | ∨ [-1 -1 | 0 1 1] | | | | | (1x5 double) |
| 断点 1: | 对话框 | × [-2 -1 | 0 1 2] | | | | | (1x5 double) |
| 编辑表和图 | f.点 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| _ | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | 确定(0 | 取消(| C) 帮助(H |) 应用(A) |

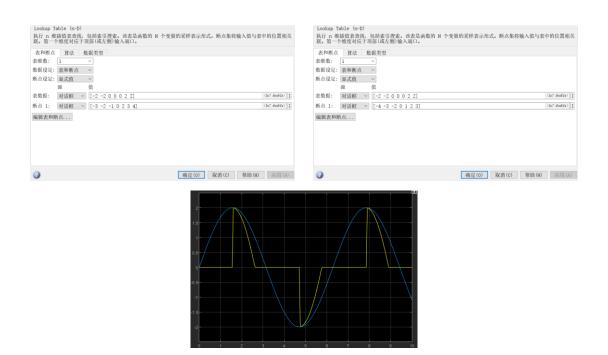


2. 死区特性

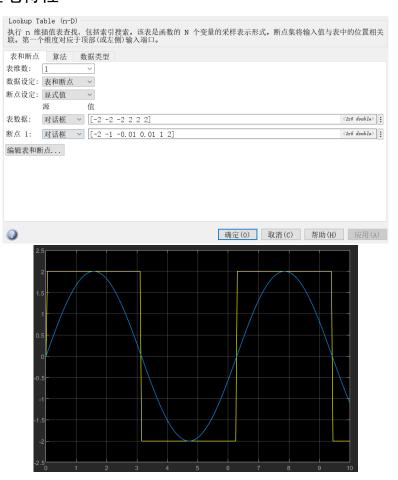


3. 滞环特性

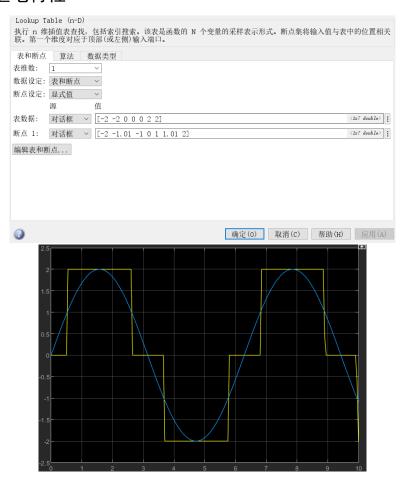




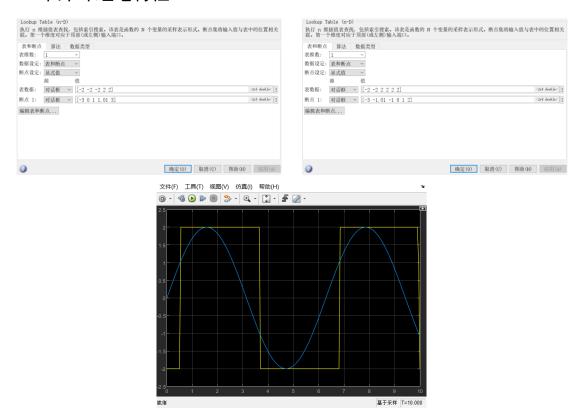
4. 理想继电特性



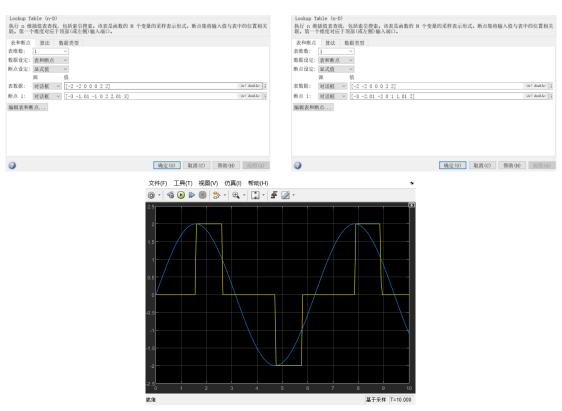
5. 死区继电特性



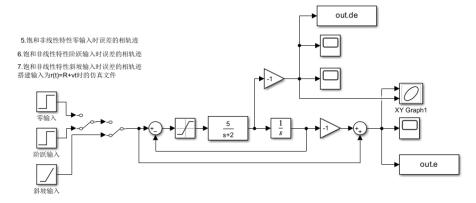
6. 单滞环继电特性



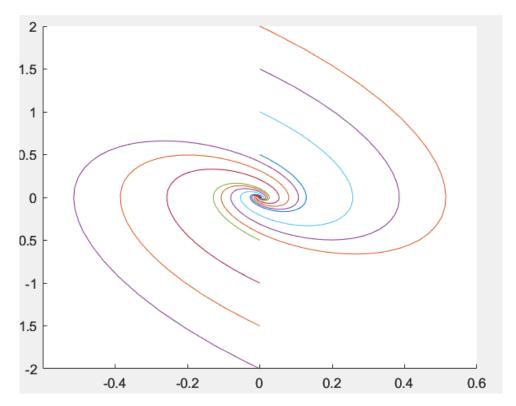
7. 一般继电特性



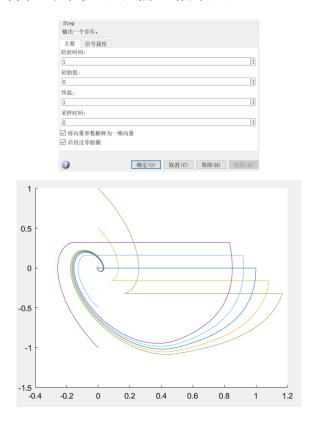
三、 带有饱和特性的系统零输入相平面



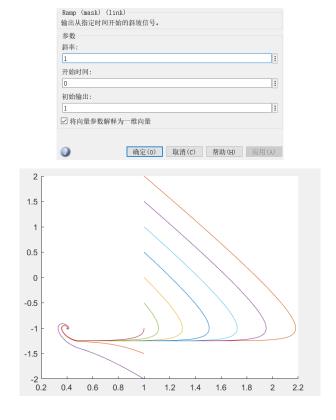




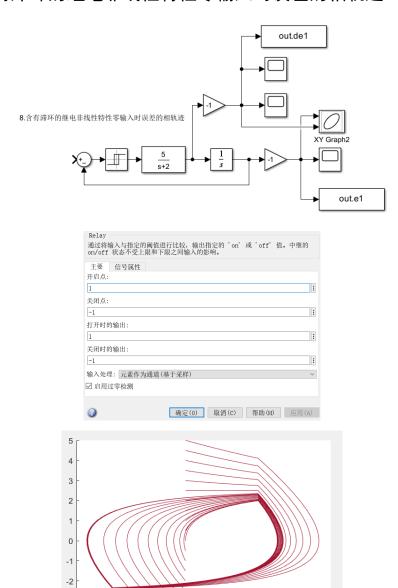
四、 带有饱和特性的单位阶跃输入相平面



五、 带有饱和特性的系统一次函数输入相平面



六、 含有滞环的继电非线性特性零输入时误差的相轨迹



-3

-5 -1.5

-0.5

0

0.5 1 1.5 2