



## **Project Report**

**Student Name: Harshit Kumar Jaiswal** 

**Branch: MCA-General** 

Semester: 1st

**Subject: Python Programming Lab** 

**UID: 24MCA20148** 

**Section: 24MCA-3A** 

Date of Performance: 05/11/2024

**Subject Code: 24CAH-606** 

### **Aim of the Project:**

1. Cricket Playing XI Dashboard using python.

### **Hardware and Software Requirements:**

#### > Software:

- **Download:** I have downloaded the latest version (3.12.5) of Python from the official website: <u>python.org</u>.
- **Installation:** During installation, I have checked the option to "Add Python to PATH" on Windows to make running Python from the command line easier.
- **Jupyter Notebook:** An interactive environment that allows us to write code, display outputs, and include markdown notes in a notebook format. Ideal for data science and experimentation. Install Jupyter Notebook.
- **Anaconda**: A distribution that includes Python and many scientific libraries, along with a package manager (conda) and the Jupyter Notebook. It's especially useful for data science. Downloaded Anaconda version (2.6.2).
- **Power BI:** Microsoft Power BI is an interactive data visualization software product developed by Microsoft with a primary focus on business intelligence. It is part of the Microsoft Power Platform. Power BI is a collection of software services, apps, and connectors that work together to turn various sources of data into static and interactive data visualizations. Data may be input by reading directly from a database, webpage, PDF, or structured files such as spreadsheets, CSV, XML, JSON, XLSX, and SharePoint







#### > Hardware:

• I have used my personal laptop here are the following specification:

• **Processor:** Intel Core i5 8<sup>th</sup> Generation.

• **RAM:** 8GB DDR4.

• **Storage:** 1TB and 128GB SSD.

• Operating System: Windows 11 Pro.

• **GPU:** Nvidia GeForce GTX 1050(4GB).

### **Program Logic:**

1. **Dataset Description**: The research utilizes a comprehensive dataset from the ESPN Cric-info website, focusing on the T20 World Cup. This dataset includes a wide range of variables such as match details, player statistics, scores, and more, providing a rich source of information for in-depth analysis of games, strategies, and player performances.

- 2. **Web Scraping Technique**: To extract the data, web scraping techniques were implemented. Bright Data's services were employed to navigate the ESPN Cric-info website and systematically gather the required data. Web scraping was carried out with respect to the website's terms of service, ensuring ethical data collection practices.
- 3. **Data Transformation and Cleaning with Python**: Once the raw data was collected, Python's data transformation capabilities were harnessed to clean and structure the dataset. This involved removing irrelevant information, handling missing values, normalizing data formats, and correcting inconsistencies, ensuring the dataset was of high quality and ready for detailed analysis.
- 4. **Data Manipulation with Pandas**: Pandas, a powerful Python data analysis toolkit, was used to manipulate the data effectively. With Pandas, the data was organized, sorted, and grouped to facilitate comprehensive analysis. Computational operations were performed with ease, allowing for the aggregation and summarization necessary to derive meaningful patterns and insights from the dataset.
- 5. **Data Visualization with Power BI:** The final step involved translating the processed data into visual form using Power BI. This tool allowed the creation of interactive dashboards that provide at-a-glance insights through charts, graphs, and tables. Power BI's dynamic visualizations enabled stakeholders to interpret complex data intuitively and make informed decisions supported by the data analysis.







### Code:

### **Data Pre-processing:**

```
#import necessary libraries
import pandas as pd
import json
with open('t20_json_files/t20_wc_match_results.json') as f:
  data = ison.load(f)
df_match = pd.DataFrame(data[0]['matchSummary'])
df_match.head()
df_match.shape
df_match.rename({'scorecard': 'match_id'}, axis = 1, inplace = True)
df_match.head()
match_ids_dict = {}
for index, row in df_match.iterrows():
  key1 = row['team1'] + 'Vs' + row['team2']
  key2 = row['team2'] + 'Vs' + row['team1']
  match_ids_dict[key1] = row['match_id']
  match_ids_dict[key2] = row['match_id']
df_match.to_csv('t20_csv_files/dim_match_summary.csv', index = False)
with open('t20_json_files/t20_wc_batting_summary.json') as f:
  data = json.load(f)
  all_records = []
  for rec in data:
    all_records.extend(rec['battingSummary'])
```





```
df_batting = pd.DataFrame(all_records)
df_batting.head(11)
df_batting['out/not_out'] = df_batting.dismissal.apply(lambda x: "out" if len(x)>0 else "not_out")
df_batting.head(11)
df_batting['match_id'] = df_batting['match'].map(match_ids_dict)
df_batting.head()
df_batting.drop(columns=["dismissal"], inplace=True)
df_batting.head(10)
df batting['batsmanName'] = df batting['batsmanName'].apply(lambda x: x.replace('â€', "))
df_batting['batsmanName'] = df_batting['batsmanName'].apply(lambda x: x.replace('\xa0', "))
df_batting.head()
df_batting.shape
df_batting.to_csv('t20_csv_files/fact_bating_summary.csv', index = False)
with open('t20_json_files/t20_wc_bowling_summary.json') as f:
  data = json.load(f)
  all_records = []
  for rec in data:
    all_records.extend(rec['bowlingSummary'])
all_records[:2]
df_bowling = pd.DataFrame(all_records)
print(df_bowling.shape)
df_bowling.head()
df_bowling['match_id'] = df_bowling['match'].map(match_ids_dict)
```







```
df_bowling.head()

df_bowling.to_csv('t20_csv_files/fact_bowling_summary.csv', index = False)

with open('t20_json_files/t20_wc_player_info.json') as f:
    data = json.load(f)

df_players = pd.DataFrame(data)

print(df_players.shape)

df_players.head(10)

df_players['name'] = df_players['name'].apply(lambda x: x.replace('â€', "))

df_players['name'] = df_players['name'].apply(lambda x: x.replace('†', "))

df_players['name'] = df_players['name'].apply(lambda x: x.replace('\xa0', "))

df_players.head(10)

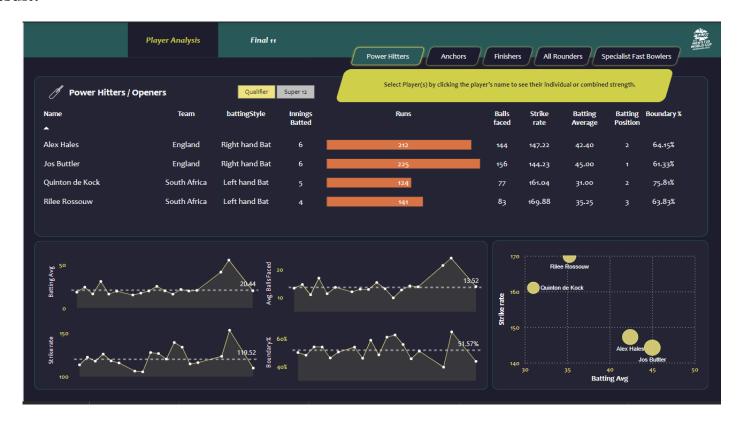
df_players[df_players['team'] == 'India']

df_players.to_csv('t20_csv_files/dim_players_no_images.csv', index = False)
```

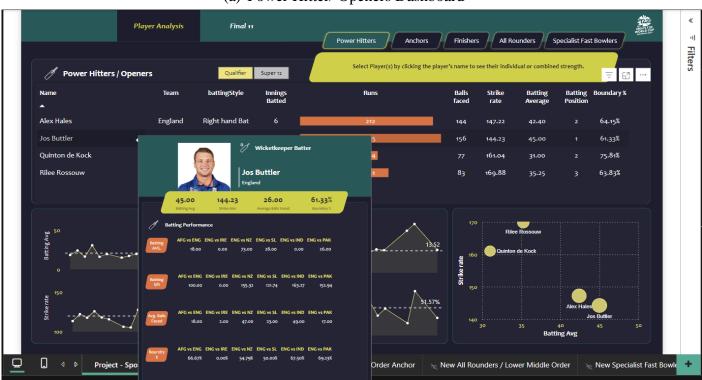




### **Result:**



#### (a) Power Hitter/ Openers Dashboard



(b) Individual Stats Dashboard









(c) Batting Performance Dashboard

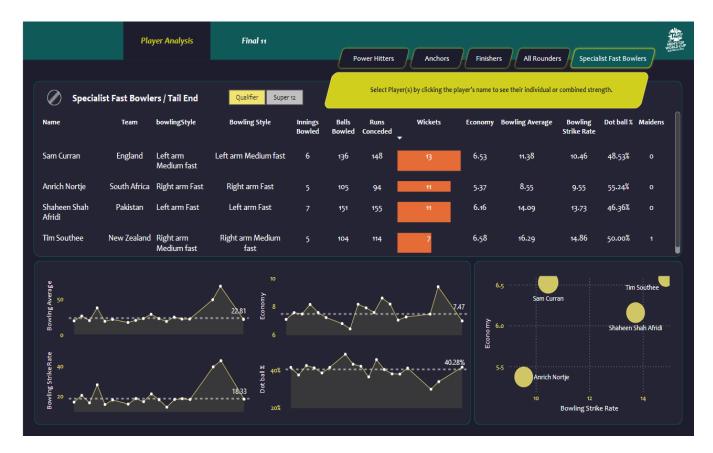


(d) Middle Order Batsmen Dashboard

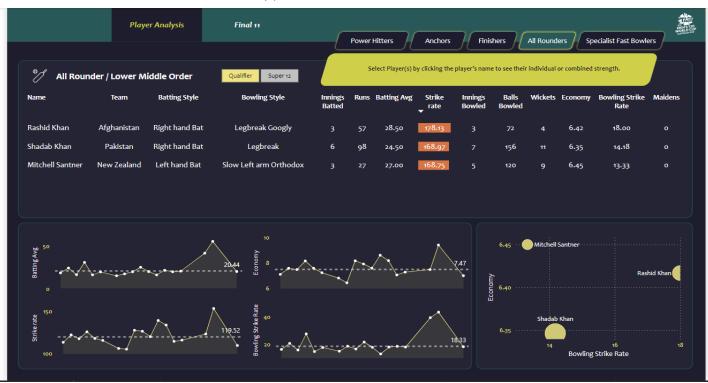








#### (e) Fast Bowlers Dashboard

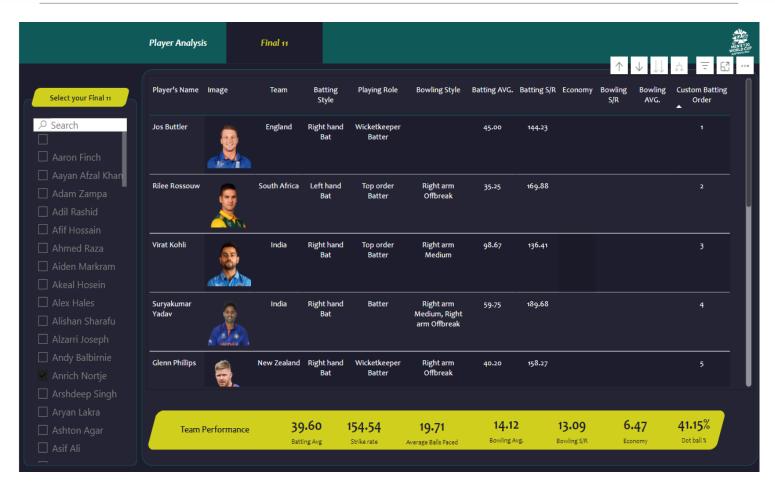


(f) Limited Brawler Insights









(g) Final XI Dashboard

### Learning outcomes (What I have learnt):

- **a)** Learned about data analysis and visualization libraries like pandas, NumPy, Matplotlib and Seaborn.
- b) Learned about web scrapping.
- c) Leaned about creating dataset using pandas library.
- d) Learned about converting the dataset to DataFrame using pd.DataFrame.
- e) Power BI dashboard creation.
- f) Data Modeling and visualization techniques.







# Evaluation Grid (To be created as per the SOP and Assessment guidelines by the faculty):

Sr. No.	Parameters	Marks Obtained	Maximum Marks
1.	Worksheet		08
2.	Viva		10
3.	Simulation		12
4.	Total Marks		30

**Teacher Signature** 

