## STA 314, Review problems 3 (Lecture 4)

Multiple choice questions can have any number of correct answers (including zero).

1. Consider a linear model with 3 predictors, A, B, C. The following table gives the RSS for each combination of predictors in a linear model.

							A,B,C
7	3	4	5	2	3	1.5	1

- (a) Which model with 2 predictors is selected by best subset selection?
- (b) Which model with 2 predictors is selected by forward stepwise selection?
- (c) Which model with one predictor is selected by backward stepwise selection?
- (d) Assume that additionally  $\hat{\sigma}^2 = 0.6$ . Which model will be selected by best subset selection with  $C_p$ ?
- (e) Assume that additionally  $\hat{\sigma}^2 = 0.1$  and n = 20. Which model will be selected by best subset selection with BIC?
- 2. Consider a linear model with 3 predictors, A, B, C. The following table gives the RSS for each combination of predictors in a linear model.

none	A	В	С	A,B	A,C	в,С	A,B,C
7	6	4	Z	X	1.5	3	1

What are possible values for X, Z (you should provide intervals)?

3.	Comparing model selection based on AIC and BIC with $n=1000$
	$\hfill\Box$ AIC will sometimes select models with fewer predictors.
	$\hfill\Box$ BIC will sometimes select models with fewer predictors.
	$\hfill\Box$ AIC and BIC will always select the same model.
4.	Comparing model selection based on AIC and BIC
	☐ There are cases when AIC will select models with fewer predictors.
	$\Box$ Even if $\log n > 5$ there are cases when AIC will select models with fewer predictors.
	$\hfill\Box$ BIC always select models with fewer predictors.
	$\hfill\Box$ AIC and BIC will never select the same model.
5.	Assume you have 5 predictors. Will best subset selection and forward stepwise selection always result in the same model with one predictor? Justify your answer.
	aways result in the same model with one predictor. Vastily your amswer.
6.	Assume you have 5 predictors. Will best subset selection and backward stepwise selec-
	tion always result in the same model with one predictor? Justify your answer.
7.	Prove: if $n>8$ then BIC will never select a model with fewer predictors than AIC (no
	matter if we use best subset, forward stepwise or backward stepwise to select candidate models).
8.	Prove: for the formulas given in lectures AIC and $C_p$ will always select the same
	model (no matter if we use best subset, forward stepwise or backward stepwise to select candidate models).