```
tree<int, null_type, less<int>, rb_tree_tag,
                                               tree_order_statistics_node_update>;
                                           using map_t =
                                          10
 1 Basic
                                        1
                                          11
                                             tree<int, int, less<int>, rb_tree_tag,
   1
   1.2 Default . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
                                        1 12
                                              tree_order_statistics_node_update>;
   13
                                           using heap_t =
   1.4 Binary Search . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
                                             __gnu_pbds::priority_queue<<mark>int</mark>>;
                                          15
                                           using ht_t =
 2 Data Structure
                                          16
                                             gp_hash_table<int, int>;
   2
   17
                                           int main() {
   //set----
                                          18
                                             set_t st;
 3 Graph
                                             st.insert(5); st.insert(6);
                                          20
   21
                                             st.insert(3); st.insert(1);
                                        3
                                          22
   // the smallest is (0), biggest is (n-1), kth small
                                          23
   is (k-1)
   int num = *st.find_by_order(0);
                                          24
   cout << num << '\n'; // print 1</pre>
                                          25
 4 Flow & Matching
                                          26
   27
                                             num = *st.find_by_order(st.size() - 1);
   28
                                             cout << num << '\n'; // print 6
   29
   6
                                             // find the index
                                             int index = st.order_of_key(6);
  String
                                          31
   cout << index << '\n'; // print 3</pre>
                                          33
  DP
                                             // check if there exists x
                                          34
   35
                                             int x = 5;
   int check = st.erase(x);
                                          36
                                          37
                                             if (check == 0) printf("st not contain 5\n");
   else if (check == 1) printf("st contain 5\n");
                                          38
                                        7
                                          39
 8 Geometry
                                             //tree policy like set
   40
   41
                                             st.insert(5); st.insert(5);
                                          42
                                             cout << st.size() << '\n'; // print 4</pre>
                                          43
                                             //map------
                                          44
    Basic
                                          45
                                             map_t mp;
                                          46
                                             mp[1] = 2;
                                          47
                                             cout << mp[1] << '\n';
 1.1 Run
                                             auto tmp = *mp.find_by_order(0); // pair
cout << tmp.first << " " << tmp.second << '\n';</pre>
                                          48
                                          49
                                          50
1 #use -> sh run.sh {name}
                                             //heap------
                                          51
2 g++ -02 -std=c++14 -Wall -Wextra -Wshadow -o $1 $1.cpp
                                          52
                                             heap_t h1, h2;
3 | ./$1 < t.in > t.out
                                             h1.push(1); h1.push(3);
                                          53
                                          54
                                             h2.push(2); h2.push(4);
                                          55
                                             h1. ioin(h2):
 1.2 Default
                                          56
                                             cout << h1.size() << h2.size() << h1.top() << '\n';</pre>
                                          57
                                          58
1 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
                                          59
                                             //hash-table------
 using namespace std;
                                             ht_t ht;
                                          60
3 using LL = long long;
                                             ht[85] = 5;
4 #define IOS ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0); cin.tie(0);
                                             ht[89975] = 234;
                                          62
5 #define pb push_back
                                          63
                                             for (auto i : ht) {
6 #define eb emplace_back
                                               cout << i.first << " " << i.second << '\n';</pre>
                                          64
7 const int INF = 1e9;
                                             }
                                          65
8 const int MOD = 1e9 + 7;
                                          66 }
9 const double EPS = 1e-6;
10 const int MAXN = 0;
 int main() {
14 }
```

Black Magic

11

12 13 Contents

```
1 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
2 #include <ext/pb_ds/assoc_container.hpp>
3 #include <ext/pb_ds/tree_policy.hpp>
4 #include <ext/pb_ds/priority_queue.hpp>
5 using namespace std;
6 using namespace __gnu_pbds;
```

```
1 lower_bound(a, a + n, k);
                            //最左邊 ≥ k 的位置
                            //最左邊 > k 的位置
2 upper_bound(a, a + n, k);
3 upper_bound(a, a + n, k) - 1; //最右邊 ≤ k 的位置
4 lower_bound(a, a + n, k) - 1; //最右邊 < k 的位置
5 [lower_bound, upper_bound)
                            //等於 k 的範圍
6 equal_range(a, a + n, k);
```

1.4 Binary Search

2 Data Structure

2.1 Disjoint Set

```
1 // 0-base
2 const int MAXN = 1000;
3 int boss[MAXN];
4 void init(int n) {
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
6
       boss[i] = -1;
7
    }
8 }
9 int find(int x) {
10
    if (boss[x] < 0) {
11
       return x;
12
    return boss[x] = find(boss[x]);
13
14 }
15 bool uni(int a, int b) {
    a = find(a);
16
17
    b = find(b);
18
    if (a == b) {
      return false;
19
20
    if (boss[a] > boss[b]) {
21
22
       swap(a, b);
23
24
     boss[a] += boss[b];
25
     boss[b] = a;
26
     return true;
27 }
```

2.2 BIT RARSQ

```
1 // 1-base
2 #define lowbit(k) (k & -k)
3
4 int n;
5 vector<int> B1, B2;
7 void add(vector<int> &tr, int id, int val) {
    for (; id <= n; id += lowbit(id)) {</pre>
9
      tr[id] += val;
    }
10
11 }
12 void range_add(int 1, int r, int val) {
13
    add(B1, l, val);
    add(B1, r + 1, -val);
14
    add(B2, 1, val * (1 - 1));
15
16
    add(B2, r + 1, -val * r);
17 }
18 int sum(vector<int> &tr, int id) {
19
    int ret = 0;
    for (; id >= 1; id -= lowbit(id)) {
20
21
      ret += tr[id];
22
    }
23
    return ret;
24 }
25 int prefix_sum(int id) {
26 return sum(B1, id) * id - sum(B2, id);
27 }
28 int range_sum(int 1, int r) {
29
    return prefix_sum(r) - prefix_sum(l - 1);
30 }
```

2.3 zkw RMQ

```
1 // 0-base
2 const int INF = 1e9;
3 const int MAXN = ;
4 int n;
```

```
6 int a[MAXN], tr[MAXN << 1];</pre>
  // !!! remember to call this function
  void build() {
9
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
10
11
      tr[i + n] = a[i];
12
13
    for (int i = n - 1; i > 0; i--) {
      tr[i] = max(tr[i << 1], tr[i << 1 | 1]);
14
15
16 }
  void update(int id, int val) {
17
    for (tr[id += n] = val; id > 1; id >>= 1) {
      tr[id >> 1] = max(tr[id], tr[id ^ 1]);
19
20
21 }
22 int query(int 1, int r) { // [1, r)
23
    int ret = -INF;
    for (1 += n, r += n; 1 < r; 1 >>= 1, r >>= 1) {
24
25
      if (1 & 1) {
26
        ret = max(ret, tr[1++]);
27
      }
      if (r & 1) {
28
29
         ret = max(ret, tr[--r]);
30
    }
31
32
    return ret;
33 3
```

3 Graph

3.1 Dijkstra

```
1 // 0-base
2 const LL INF = 1e18;
  const int MAXN = ;
 4 struct Edge {
    int to;
    LL cost;
    Edge(int v, LL c) : to(v), cost(c) {}
7
     bool operator < (const Edge &other) const {</pre>
9
      return cost > other.cost;
10
11 };
12
13 int n;
14 LL dis[MAXN];
15
  vector < Edge > G[MAXN];
16
17
  void init() {
18
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
19
       G[i].clear();
20
       dis[i] = INF;
    }
21
22 }
23 void Dijkstra(int st, int ed = -1) {
24
    priority_queue < Edge > pq;
25
     pq.emplace(st, 0);
26
     dis[st] = 0;
27
     while (!pq.empty()) {
28
       auto now = pq.top();
29
       pq.pop();
30
       if (now.to == ed) {
31
         return;
32
       if (now.cost > dis[now.to]) {
33
34
         continue:
35
       for (auto &e : G[now.to]) {
36
37
         if (dis[e.to] > now.cost + e.cost) {
38
           dis[e.to] = now.cost + e.cost;
39
           pq.emplace(e.to, dis[e.to]);
40
       }
```

```
42 }
```

3.2 SPFA(negative cycle)

```
1 // 0-base
2 const LL INF = 1e18;
3 const int MAXN = ;
 4 struct Edge {
    int to;
6
    LL cost;
7
    Edge(int v, LL c) : to(v), cost(c) {}
8 };
10 int n;
11 LL dis[MAXN];
12 vector < Edge > G[MAXN];
13
14 void init() {
15
     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
       G[i].clear();
16
17
       dis[i] = INF;
     }
18
19 }
20 bool SPFA(int st) {
21
     vector<int> cnt(n, 0);
     vector<bool> inq(n, false);
22
     queue<int> q;
23
24
     q.push(st);
25
26
     dis[st] = 0;
     inq[st] = true;
27
     while (!q.empty()) {
28
29
       int now = q.front();
       q.pop();
30
       inq[now] = false;
31
       for (auto &e : G[now]) {
32
33
         if (dis[e.to] > dis[now] + e.cost) {
34
            dis[e.to] = dis[now] + e.cost;
            \quad \textbf{if} \ (!inq[e.to]) \ \{\\
35
36
              cnt[e.to]++;
              if (cnt[e.to] > n) {
37
38
                // negative cycle
39
                return false;
40
41
              inq[e.to] = true;
42
              q.push(e.to);
43
44
         }
45
46
     }
47
     return true;
48 }
```

3.3 Floyd Warshall

```
1 // 0-base
2 // G[i][i] < 0 \rightarrow negative cycle
3 const LL INF = 1e18;
4 const int MAXN = ;
6 int n;
7 LL G[MAXN][MAXN];
9 void init() {
10
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
       for (int j = 0; j < n; j++) {
11
         G[i][j] = INF;
12
13
14
       G[i][i] = 0;
15
16 }
17 void floyd() {
```

```
18
     for (int k = 0; k < n; k++) {
       for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
19
20
         for (int j = 0; j < n; j++) {
           if (G[i][k] != INF && G[k][j] != INF) {
21
22
             G[i][j] = min(G[i][j], G[i][k] + G[k][j]);
23
24
         }
25
       }
26
    }
27
```

3.4 Topological Sort

```
1 // 0-base
 2 // if ret.size < n -> cycle
  int n;
 3
  vector<vector<int>> G;
  vector<int> topoSort() {
7
    vector<int> indeg(n), ret;
     for (auto &li : G) {
8
9
       for (int x : li) {
10
         ++indeg[x];
       }
11
    }
12
13
     // use priority queue for lexic. largest ans
     queue<int> q;
14
     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
15
16
       if (!indeg[i]) {
         q.push(i);
17
18
     }
19
20
     while (!q.empty()) {
21
       int u = q.front();
22
       q.pop();
23
       ret.pb(u);
       for (int v : G[u]) {
24
25
         if (--indeg[v] == 0) {
26
           q.push(v);
27
28
    }
29
30
     return ret;
31 }
```

3.5 Kosaraju SCC

```
1 // 0-base
2 int n;
  vector<vector<int>> G, G2; // G2 = G rev
4 vector < bool > vis;
  vector<int> s, color;
6
  int sccCnt;
  void dfs1(int u) {
    vis[u] = true;
9
    for (int v : G[u]) {
10
      if (!vis[v]) {
11
         dfs1(v);
12
      }
13
    }
    s.pb(u);
14
15 }
16 void dfs2(int u) {
17
    color[u] = sccCnt;
18
    for (int v : G2[u]) {
19
      if (!color[v]) {
20
         dfs2(v);
21
22
    }
23 }
24
  void Kosaraju() {
25
    sccCnt = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
```

```
H2J
                                                                FJCU
27
       if (!vis[i]) {
                                                                  26
                                                                         while (true) {
         dfs1(i);
                                                                           for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
                                                                  27
28
29
       }
                                                                  28
                                                                              in[i] = INF;
                                                                           3
30
    }
                                                                  29
     for (int i = n - 1; i \ge 0; i - -) {
31
                                                                  30
                                                                           // find in edge
32
       if (!color[s[i]]) {
                                                                  31
                                                                           for (auto &e : edges) {
33
         ++sccCnt:
                                                                  32
34
         dfs2(s[i]);
                                                                  33
                                                                              if (e.cost < in[e.to] && e.from != e.to) {</pre>
35
                                                                                pre[e.to] = e.from;
                                                                  34
                                                                  35
36
                                                                                in[e.to] = e.cost;
37 }
                                                                  36
                                                                             }
                                                                  37
                                                                           }
                                                                  38
                                                                           // check in edge
                                                                  39
  3.6 Tree Diameter
                                                                  40
                                                                           for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
                                                                              if (i == root) {
                                                                  41
                                                                  42
                                                                                continue;
1 // 0-base;
                                                                  43
                                                                              }
2 const int MAXN = ;
                                                                             if (in[i] == INF) {
                                                                  44
                                                                  45
                                                                                return -1;
4 struct Edge {
                                                                              }
                                                                  46
5
    int to;
                                                                  47
                                                                           }
6
    int cost;
                                                                  48
7
    Edge(int v, int c) : to(v), cost(c) {}
                                                                  49
                                                                           int nodenum = 0;
8 };
                                                                           memset(id, -1, sizeof(id));
memset(vis, -1, sizeof(vis));
                                                                  50
                                                                  51
10 | int n, d = 0;
                                                                           in[root] = 0;
                                                                  52
11 int d1[MAXN], d2[MAXN];
                                                                  53
12 vector < Edge > G[MAXN];
                                                                  54
                                                                            // find cycles
13 // dfs(0, -1);
                                                                  55
                                                                           for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
14 void dfs(int u, int from) {
                                                                              ret += in[i];
                                                                  56
     d1[u] = d2[u] = 0;
15
                                                                  57
                                                                              int v = i;
     for (auto e : G[u]) {
16
                                                                  58
                                                                              while (vis[v] != i && id[v] == -1 && v !=
       if (e.to == from) {
17
                                                                                  root) {
18
         continue;
                                                                  59
                                                                                vis[v] = i;
19
                                                                  60
                                                                                v = pre[v];
20
       dfs(e.to, u);
                                                                  61
                                                                              }
       int t = d1[e.to] + e.cost;
21
                                                                              if (id[v] == -1 && v != root) {
                                                                  62
22
       if (t > d1[u]) {
                                                                                for (int j = pre[v]; j != v; j = pre[j]) {
                                                                  63
         d2[u] = d1[u];
23
                                                                  64
                                                                                  id[j] = nodenum;
         d1[u] = t;
24
                                                                  65
       } else if (t > d2[u]) {
25
                                                                  66
                                                                                id[v] = nodenum++;
         d2[u] = t;
26
                                                                  67
                                                                             }
27
                                                                           }
                                                                  68
28
                                                                  69
29
     d = max(d, d1[u] + d2[u]);
                                                                  70
                                                                           // no cycle
30 }
                                                                  71
                                                                           if (nodenum == 0) {
                                                                  72
                                                                              break;
                                                                  73
  3.7 Directed MST
                                                                  74
                                                                  75
                                                                           for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
                                                                              if (id[i] == -1) {
                                                                  76
1 // 0-base
                                                                  77
                                                                               id[i] = nodenum++;
2 const LL INF = 1e18;
                                                                  78
3 const int MAXN = ;
                                                                           }
                                                                  79
                                                                  80
5 struct Edge {
                                                                  81
                                                                           // grouping the vertices
    int from;
6
                                                                  82
                                                                           for (auto &e : edges) {
    int to;
                                                                  83
                                                                              int to = e.to;
8
    LL cost;
                                                                              e.from = id[e.from];
                                                                  84
    Edge(\textbf{int}\ u,\ \textbf{int}\ v,\ LL\ c)\ :\ from(u),\ to(v),\ cost(c)
9
                                                                              e.to = id[e.to];
                                                                  85
                                                                  86
                                                                             if (e.from != e.to) {
```

87

88

89

90

91

92

93

96 };

} 95

}

return ret;

n = nodenum;

root = id[root];

}

e.cost -= in[to]; //!!!

```
10 };
11
12 struct DMST {
13
     int n;
14
     int vis[MAXN], pre[MAXN], id[MAXN];
15
     LL in[MAXN]:
16
     vector < Edge > edges;
     void init(int _n) {
17
18
       n = _n;
19
       edges.clear();
20
21
     void add_edge(int from, int to, LL cost) {
22
       edges.eb(from, to, cost);
23
24
     LL run(int root) {
       LL ret = 0;
25
```

4 Flow & Matching

4.1 Bipartite Matching

```
1 // 0-base
2 const int MAXN = ;
3 int n;
4 vector<int> G[MAXN];
5 int vy[MAXN], my[MAXN];
7 bool match(int u) {
    for (int v : G[u]) {
9
       if (vy[v]) {
         continue;
10
11
       vy[v] = true;
12
       if (my[v] == -1 || match(my[v])) {
13
14
         my[v] = u;
15
         return true;
16
17
    }
18
    return false;
19 }
20 int sol() {
21
    int cnt = 0;
    memset(my, -1, sizeof(my));
22
23
     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
       memset(vy, 0, sizeof(vy));
24
25
       if (match(i)) {
26
         cnt++;
27
28
    }
29
     return cnt;
30 }
```

4.2 KM

```
1 const int INF = 1e9;
2 const int MAXN = ;
3 struct KM { //1-base
     int n, G[MAXN][MAXN];
     int lx[MAXN], ly[MAXN], my[MAXN];
6
     bool vx[MAXN], vy[MAXN];
7
     void init(int _n) {
       n = n:
9
       for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
10
         for (int j = 1; j <= n; j++) {</pre>
11
           G[i][j] = 0;
12
       }
13
14
     }
15
     bool match(int i) {
16
       vx[i] = true;
       for (int j = 1; j <= n; j++) {</pre>
17
         if (lx[i] + ly[j] == G[i][j] && !vy[j]) {
18
19
           vy[j] = true;
20
           if (!my[j] || match(my[j])) {
21
              my[j] = i;
22
              return true;
23
           }
24
         }
25
26
       return false;
27
28
     void update() {
       int delta = INF;
29
       for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {</pre>
30
31
         if (vx[i]) {
           for (int j = 1; j <= n; j++) {
32
              if (!vy[j]) {
33
                delta = min(delta, lx[i] + ly[j] -
34
                    G[i][j]);
35
           }
36
```

```
37
         }
38
39
       for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {</pre>
40
         if (vx[i]) {
41
           lx[i] -= delta;
42
43
         if (vy[i]) {
44
           ly[i] += delta;
45
46
47
     }
     int run() {
48
49
       for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
         lx[i] = ly[i] = my[i] = 0;
50
51
          for (int j = 1; j <= n; j++) {</pre>
            lx[i] = max(lx[i], G[i][j]);
52
53
54
55
       for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
56
          while (true) {
            for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {</pre>
57
58
              vx[i] = vy[i] = 0;
            }
59
60
            if (match(i)) {
61
              break;
62
            } else {
63
              update();
            }
64
65
         }
66
67
       int ans = 0:
68
       for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {</pre>
69
         ans += lx[i] + ly[i];
70
71
       return ans;
72
73 };
```

4.3 Dinic

```
1 #define eb emplace_back
2 const LL INF = 1e18;
  const int MAXN = ;
  struct Edge {
    int to;
    LL cap;
7
    int rev;
    Edge(int v, LL c, int r) : to(v), cap(c), rev(r) {}
9|};
10 struct Dinic {
11
    int n;
    int level[MAXN], now[MAXN];
12
13
     vector<Edge> G[MAXN];
     void init(int _n) {
14
15
      n = _n;
      for (int i = 0; i \le n; i++) {
16
17
         G[i].clear();
      }
18
19
20
     void add_edge(int u, int v, LL c) {
      G[u].eb(v, c, G[v].size());
21
22
       // directed graph
23
      G[v].eb(u, 0, G[u].size() - 1);
       // undirected graph
24
25
       // G[v].eb(u, c, G[u].size() - 1);
26
27
     bool bfs(int st, int ed) {
28
      fill(level, level + n + 1, -1);
       queue<int> q;
29
30
       q.push(st);
      level[st] = 0;
31
       while (!q.empty()) {
32
33
         int u = q.front();
34
         q.pop();
35
         for (const auto &e : G[u]) {
           if (e.cap > 0 && level[e.to] == -1) {
36
```

```
37
              level[e.to] = level[u] + 1;
                                                                    34
                                                                              cnt[i] = 0;
              q.push(e.to);
                                                                    35
38
39
                                                                    36
         }
40
                                                                    37
41
                                                                    38
42
       return level[ed] != -1;
                                                                    39
43
                                                                    40
44
     LL dfs(int u, int ed, LL limit) {
                                                                    41
45
       if (u == ed) {
                                                                    42
46
         return limit;
                                                                    43
                                                                           q.push(st);
47
                                                                    44
       LL ret = 0;
48
                                                                    45
49
       for (int &i = now[u]; i < G[u].size(); i++) {</pre>
                                                                    46
          auto &e = G[u][i];
                                                                    47
                                                                             q.pop();
50
51
          if (e.cap > 0 && level[e.to] == level[u] + 1) {
                                                                    48
            LL f = dfs(e.to, ed, min(limit, e.cap));
52
                                                                    49
            ret += f;
53
                                                                    50
54
            limit -= f;
                                                                    51
            e.cap -= f;
                                                                    52
55
56
            G[e.to][e.rev].cap += f;
                                                                    53
            if (!limit) {
57
                                                                    54
              return ret;
                                                                    55
58
            }
59
                                                                    56
         }
                                                                    57
60
                                                                    58
61
       if (!ret) {
62
                                                                    59
63
         level[u] = -1;
                                                                    60
64
                                                                    61
                                                                    62
65
       return ret:
66
                                                                    63
     LL flow(int st, int ed) {
67
                                                                    64
       LL ret = 0;
                                                                    65
                                                                                    }
       while (bfs(st, ed)) {
69
                                                                    66
                                                                                  }
70
         fill(now, now + n + 1, 0);
                                                                    67
                                                                                }
                                                                             }
71
          ret += dfs(st, ed, INF);
                                                                    68
72
                                                                    69
73
       return ret;
                                                                    70
74
                                                                    71
75 };
                                                                    72
                                                                    73
                                                                    74
                                                                    75
   4.4 MCMF
                                                                    76
                                                                    77
1 // 0-base
                                                                    78
2 const LL INF = 1e18;
                                                                    79
3 const int MAXN = ;
                                                                    80
```

```
4 struct Edge {
    int u. v:
    LL cost;
7
    LL cap;
    Edge(int _u, int _v, LL _c, LL _cap) : u(_u),
         v(_v), cost(_c), cap(_cap) {}
9 };
10 struct MCMF {
                     // inq times
    int n, pre[MAXN], cnt[MAXN];
11
12
     LL ans_flow, ans_cost, dis[MAXN];
13
     bool inq[MAXN];
     vector<int> G[MAXN];
14
15
     vector < Edge > edges;
     void init(int _n) {
16
       n = _n;
17
18
       edges.clear();
19
       for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
20
         G[i].clear();
21
22
     void add_edge(int u, int v, LL c, LL cap) {
23
24
       // directed
       G[u].pb(edges.size());
25
26
       edges.eb(u, v, c, cap);
27
       G[v].pb(edges.size());
       edges.eb(v, u, -c, 0);
28
29
30
     bool SPFA(int st, int ed) {
31
       for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
         pre[i] = -1;
32
```

dis[i] = INF;

33

```
inq[i] = false;
       queue<int> q;
      bool negcycle = false;
      dis[st] = 0;
       cnt[st] = 1;
       inq[st] = true;
       while (!q.empty() && !negcycle) {
         int u = q.front();
         inq[u] = false;
         for (int i : G[u]) {
           int v = edges[i].v;
           LL cost = edges[i].cost;
           LL cap = edges[i].cap;
           if (dis[v] > dis[u] + cost && cap > 0) {
             dis[v] = dis[u] + cost;
             pre[v] = i;
             if (!inq[v]) {
               q.push(v);
               cnt[v]++:
               inq[v] = true;
               if (cnt[v] == n + 2) {
                 negcycle = true;
                 break;
       return dis[ed] != INF;
    LL sendFlow(int v, LL curFlow) {
       if (pre[v] == -1) {
         return curFlow;
       int i = pre[v];
      int u = edges[i].u;
      LL cost = edges[i].cost;
81
      LL f = sendFlow(u, min(curFlow, edges[i].cap));
82
       ans_cost += f * cost;
83
       edges[i].cap -= f;
       edges[i ^ 1].cap += f;
85
86
       return f;
87
    pair<LL, LL> run(int st, int ed) {
88
       ans_flow = ans_cost = 0;
89
       while (SPFA(st, ed)) {
90
91
         ans_flow += sendFlow(ed, INF);
92
93
       return make_pair(ans_flow, ans_cost);
94
    }
95 };
```

5 String

5.1 Manacher

```
1 int p[2 * MAXN];
2 int Manacher(const string &s) {
3    string st = "@#";
4    for (char c : s) {
5       st += c;
6       st += '#';
7    }
```

```
st += '$';
     int id = 0, mx = 0, ans = 0;
     for (int i = 1; i < st.length() - 1; i++) {</pre>
       p[i] = (mx > i ? min(p[2 * id - i], mx - i) : 1);
11
12
       for (; st[i - p[i]] == st[i + p[i]]; p[i]++);
       if (mx < i + p[i]) {</pre>
13
         mx = i + p[i];
14
         id = i;
15
16
17
       ans = max(ans, p[i] - 1);
18
19
     return ans;
20 }
```

6 DP

6.1 LIS

6.2 LCS

```
1 int LCS(string s1, string s2) {
    int n1 = s1.size(), n2 = s2.size();
2
3
    vector<vector<int>> dp(n1 + 1, vector<int>(n2 + 1,
         0));
    for (int i = 1; i <= n1; i++) {</pre>
5
      for (int j = 1; j <= n2; j++) {
         if (s1[i - 1] == s2[j - 1]) {
6
7
           dp[i][j] = dp[i - 1][j - 1] + 1;
         } else {
           dp[i][j] = max(dp[i - 1][j], dp[i][j - 1]);
10
11
12
    }
    return dp[n1][n2];
13
```

7 Math

7.1 Extended GCD

```
1  // ax + by = c
2  int extgcd(int a, int b, int c, int &x, int &y) {
3   if (b == 0) {
4      x = c / a;
5      y = 0;
6      return a;
7   }
8   int d = extgcd(b, a % b, c, y, x);
9   y -= (a / b) * x;
10  return d;
11 }
```

8 Geometry

8.1 Point

```
1 // notice point type!!!
2 using dvt = int;
  const double EPS = 1e-6;
  const double PI = acos(-1);
  struct Pt {
7
    dvt x:
    dvt y;
9 };
10 bool operator < (const Pt &a, const Pt &b) {
11
   return a.x == b.x ? a.y < b.y : a.x < b.x;</pre>
12 }
13 bool operator == (const Pt &a, const Pt &b) {
14
  return a.x == b.x && a.y == b.y;
15 }
16 Pt operator + (const Pt &a, const Pt &b) {
17
   return {a.x + b.x, a.y + b.y};
18 }
19 Pt operator - (const Pt &a, const Pt &b) {
20
   return {a.x - b.x, a.y - b.y};
21 }
  // multiply constant
22
23 Pt operator * (const Pt &a, const dvt c) {
24
   return {a.x * c, a.y * c};
25 }
26 Pt operator / (const Pt &a, const dvt c) {
    return {a.x / c, a.y / c};
27
28 }
29
  // |a| x |b| x cos(x)
  dvt iproduct(const Pt &a, const Pt &b) {
30
   return a.x * b.x + a.y * b.y;
31
32 }
33 // |a| \times |b| \times \sin(x)
34 dvt cross(const Pt &a, const Pt &b) {
35
    return a.x * b.y - a.y * b.x;
36 }
37 dvt dis_pp(const Pt &a, const Pt, &b) {
38
  dvt dx = a.x - b.x;
    dvt dy = a.y - b.y;
39
40
    return sqrt(dx * dx, dy * dy);
```

8.2 Line

```
1 struct Line {
   Pt st;
2
3
  Pt ed;
4 };
  // return point side
  // left, on line, right -> 1, 0, -1
6
  int side(Line 1, Pt a) {
    dvt cross_val = cross(a - 1.st, 1.ed - 1.st);
    if (cross_val > EPS) {
9
10
       return 1;
    } else if (cross_val < -EPS) {</pre>
11
12
      return -1;
13
    } else {
14
       return 0;
15
16 }
  // AB infinity, CD segment
18 bool has_intersection(Line AB, Line CD) {
19
    int c = side(AB, CD.st);
20
    int d = side(AB, CD.ed);
    if (c == 0 || d == 0) {
21
      return true;
22
23
    } else {
       // different side
24
25
       return c == -d;
26
```

```
27 }
28 // find intersection point, two line, not seg
29 pair<int, Pt> intersection(Line a, Line b) {
    Pt A = a.ed - a.st;
30
    Pt B = b.ed - b.st;
Pt C = b.st - a.st;
31
32
    dvt mom = cross(A, B);
33
     dvt son = cross(C, B);
    if (std::abs(mom) <= EPS) {</pre>
35
       if (std::abs(son) <= EPS) {</pre>
36
         return {1, {}}; // same line
37
       } else {
38
39
         return {2, {}}; // parallel
       }
40
41
    } else {
       return {0, a.st + A * (son / mom)};
42
43
44 }
45 // line to point distance
46 dvt dis_lp(Line l, Pt a) {
  return area3x2(1.st, 1.ed, a) / dis_pp(1.st, 1.ed);
47
48 }
```

8.3 Area

```
1 // triangle
2 dvt area3(Pt a, Pt b, Pt c) {
    return std::abs(cross(b - a, c - a) / 2);
3
4 }
5 dvt area3x2(Pt a, Pt b, Pt c) { // for integer
    return std::abs(cross(b - a, c - a));
7 }
8 // simple convex area(can in)
9 dvt area(vector<Pt> &a) {
10
    dvt ret = 0;
11
     for (int i = 0, sz = a.size(); i < sz; i++) {</pre>
      ret += cross(a[i], a[(i + 1) % sz]);
12
13
14
    return std::abs(ret) / 2;
15 }
16 // check point in/out a convex
17 int io_convex(vector<Pt> convex, Pt q) {
     // convex is Counterclockwise
18
     for (int i = 0, sz = convex.size(); i < sz; i++) {</pre>
19
20
       Pt cur = convex[i] - q;
21
       Pt nex = convex[(i + 1) % sz] - q;
       dvt cross_val = cross(cur, nex);
22
23
       if (std::abs(cross_val) <= EPS) {</pre>
         return 0; // on edge
24
25
26
       if (cross_val < 0) {</pre>
27
         return -1; // outside
28
    }
29
                    // inside
30
     return 1;
31 }
```