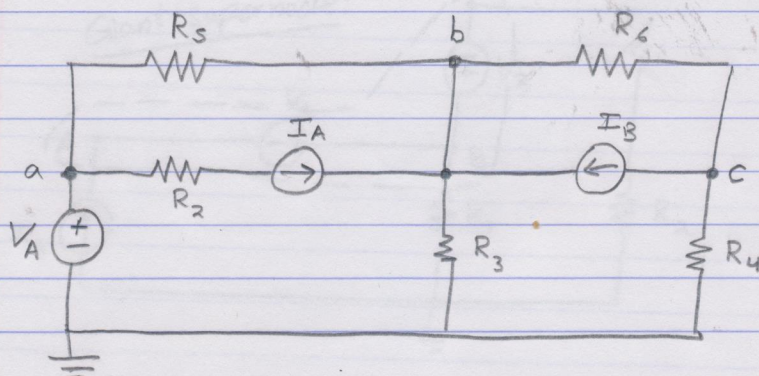


Solve for  $V_A, V_B, V_C$

Q1:  
Do both

Warm-Up  
(Spring 2004)



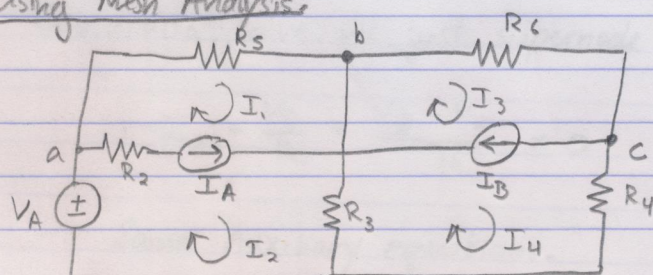
Using Nodal Analysis

$$\text{Nodal at } b: -I_A + \frac{V_b - V_A}{R_5} + \frac{V_b - V_C}{R_6} - I_B + \frac{V_b}{R_3} = 0$$

$$\text{Nodal at } c: \frac{V_C}{R_4} + I_B + \frac{V_C - V_B}{R_6} = 0$$

Two equations, two unknowns ( $V_B + V_C$ )

Using Mesh Analysis:



$$\text{Supermesh } 1+2: -V_A + I_1 R_5 + (I_2 - I_1) R_3 = 0$$

$$\text{Auxiliary: } I_A = I_2 - I_1$$

$$\text{Supermesh } 3+4: (I_4 - I_3) R_3 + I_3 R_6 + R_4 I_4 = 0$$

$$\text{Auxiliary: } I_B = I_3 - I_4$$

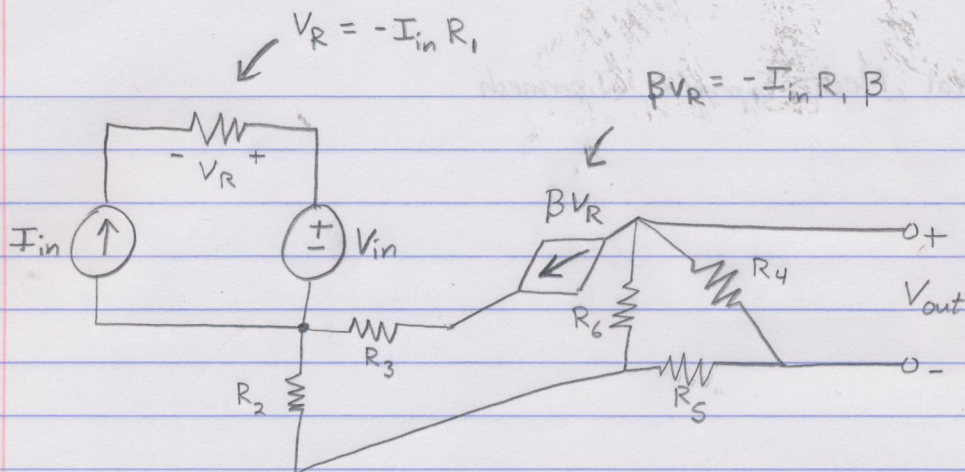
Four equations, four unknowns ( $I_1, I_2, I_3, I_4$ ).

Don't forget auxiliary equations!

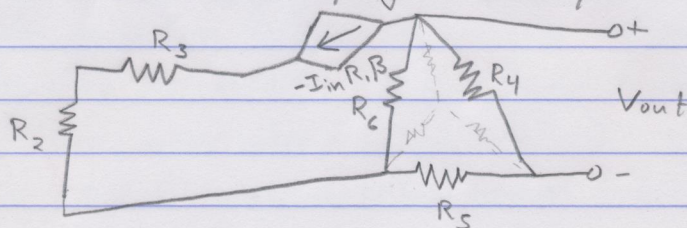


Q2:

Any way

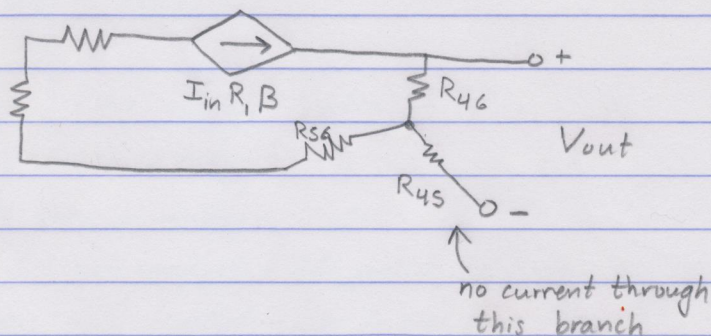


The left loop does not contribute any current to the rest of the circuit. We can safely ignore it in any KCL.



Wye-Delta

$\Rightarrow$



So  $V_{out}$  is voltage across  $R_{46}$   
current through  $R_{46}$

$$\Rightarrow V_{out} = I_{in} R_1 \beta R_{46}$$

$$= \frac{I_{in} R_1 \beta R_4 R_6}{R_4 + R_5 + R_6} [V]$$