

Network Access in Android

Network Status, Network Connectivity

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Network in Android

- Access to Local Network or Internet
 - Networking is based on TCP/IP protocol
 - Do data transfer via
 - Direct low level transfer layer protocols (TCP or UDP)
 - Or using application level protocols (http, https, rtp, ftp, ...)
- Network Operations
 - Getting Network status info
 - Is device connected to network?
 - Which network type (WiFi, Mobile data)?
 - Connecting to the network
 - Transferring the data (Download/Upload)

Network Access Permissions

- Add following permissions to the App Manifest
 - Internet access
 - Checking the network status

```
<uses-permission android:name="android.permission.INTERNET" />  
<uses-permission android:name="android.permission.ACCESS_NETWORK_STATE" />
```

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>  
<manifest xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"  
    package="org.myorganization.myapplication" >  
    ...  
    <uses-permission android:name="android.permission.INTERNET"></uses-permission>  
    <uses-permission android:name="android.permission.ACCESS_NETWORK_STATE"></uses-permission>  
    ...  
    <application>  
        ...  
    </application>  
</manifest>
```

Checking Network Connection Status

- Use the system service `ConnectivityManager`

```
ConnectivityManager check = (ConnectivityManager)  
    this.context.getSystemService(Context.CONNECTIVITY_SERVICE);
```

- Get network status info
 - For all available networks

```
NetworkInfo[] info = check.getAllNetworkInfo();  
  
for (int i = 0; i < info.length; i++){  
    if (info[i].getState() == NetworkInfo.State.CONNECTED){  
        ***  
    }  
}
```

- For Active network:

```
ConnectivityManager connectivityManager =  
    (ConnectivityManager) getSystemService(Context.CONNECTIVITY_SERVICE);  
NetworkInfo networkInfo = connectivityManager.getActiveNetworkInfo();
```

Checking Network Type

- Wi-Fi
- Mobile Data

```
NetworkInfo networkInfo =this.getActiveNetworkInfo();  
if (networkInfo.getType() == ConnectivityManager.TYPE_WIFI )  
    * * *  
if (networkInfo.getType() == ConnectivityManager.TYPE_MOBILE)  
    * * *
```

Connecting to a Host/URL

- Connection to a HTTP server

```
String link = "http://www.google.com";  
URL url = new URL(link);
```

```
HttpURLConnection conn = (HttpURLConnection) url.openConnection();  
conn.connect();
```

- Secure Connection to a HTTP server over SSL/TLS

```
HttpsURLConnection conn = (HttpsURLConnection) url.openConnection();  
conn.connect();
```

Transfer (Read) Data from the Connection

- First get the input stream from the connection
- Then create an input stream reader & a buffered reader
- Finally read data until no more data is available

```
InputStream is = conn.getInputStream();
BufferedReader reader = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(is, "UTF-8"));
String webPage = "", data="";

while ((data = reader.readLine()) != null){
    webPage += data + "\n";
}
```

Other Useful methods from the Connection

Sr.No	Method & description
1	disconnect() This method releases this connection so that its resources may be either reused or closed
2	getRequestMethod() This method returns the request method which will be used to make the request to the remote HTTP server
3	getResponseCode() This method returns response code returned by the remote HTTP server
4	setRequestMethod(String method) This method Sets the request command which will be sent to the remote HTTP server
5	usingProxy() This method returns whether this connection uses a proxy server or not

Access To the Network from Android Virtual Device (AVD)

- How to connect from an AVD to the development machine or Internet:
 - Each AVD instance is not directly connected to the Developer machine (Host) OS
 - It is behind a **Virtual Router** which can map/forward some IP/Port addresses
 - The Virtual Router manages IP the pre-allocated address range 10.0.2.xx IP address range

AVD Network Address Space

Pre Allocated Addresses

Network Address	Description
10.0.2.1	Router/gateway address
10.0.2.2	Special alias to your host loopback interface (i.e., 127.0.0.1 on your development machine)
10.0.2.3	First DNS server
10.0.2.4 / 10.0.2.5 / 10.0.2.6	Optional second, third and fourth DNS server (if any)
10.0.2.15	The emulated device network/ethernet interface
127.0.0.1	The emulated device loopback interface

Sending a voice call or SMS to another emulator instance

- Dialing another AVD
 - Launch the dialer app on the originating emulator instance.
 - As the number to dial, enter the **console port number** of the instance you'd like to call. You can determine the console port number of the target instance by checking its window title
 - Press "Dial". A new inbound call appears in the target emulator instance.
- Sending an SMS to an AVD
 - It is same as dialing: just use the **AVD console port number** as the receiver phone number.