

VisualOn ADPCM Decoder Reference Manual

VisualOn, Inc.

2959 S. Winchester Boulevard, Suite 201A Campbell, CA 95008, USA http://www.visualon.com



Revision History

Date		Version	Changes	Author
May 21	2009	1.0.0	Initial Version	Jacky Lin



Table of Contents

	6			
	6			
	6			
	6			
·I	6			
ructure	6			
UCTURE VO_CODECBUFFER	6			
UCTURE VO_AUDIO_OUTPUTINFO	6			
UCTURE VO_CODEC_INIT_USERDATA	7			
JM VO_AUDIO_CODINGTYPE	7			
utput type	8			
t:	8			
out	9			
D	9			
	10			
mple Application	10			
and Platform	10			
	10			
	10			
APIs	10			
PI	10			
functions	11			
ple Code	13			
	13			
	13			
3 Decoding process				
	14			
	t:			



1 Overview

This documentation details the Application Programming Interfaces (APIs) of Adaptive Differential Pulse Code Modulation(adpcm) decoder. It allows you to decompress standard some type adpcm compliant bit-streams to pcm format data and get its information. The decoder support IMA adpcm, MS adcpm, ITU G726 data, We support Windows, Linux, WinMoble, Android os and have optimized version on armv4 platform. A license file is used to activate the support of different combination of decoders in the release.

The following figure 1 summarizes the valid sequences of execution of the functions for the audio decoder instance.

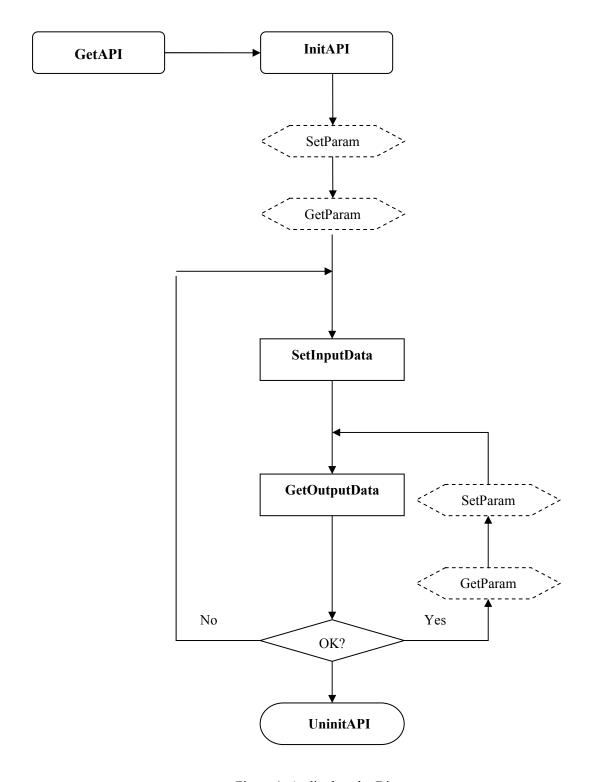


Figure 1. Audio decoder Diagram.



2 Files In SDK

2.1 Header files

- 1) Common header files used by other SDK:voIndex.h voType.h, voAudio.h
- 2) Specified header file used by adpcm decoder: voADPCM.h

2.2 Sample file

Sample application: ADPCM D SAMPLE.c

2.3 Lib files

Lib files for core decoder: voADPCMDec.*

It may include other files for convenient debugging.

3 Decoder control API

3.1 Common structure

3.1.1 STRUCTURE VO_CODECBUFFER

It is used for input or output data buffer setting, the declaration is following:

3.1.2 STRUCTURE VO_AUDIO_OUTPUTINFO

It is used for get audio data information, include channel, samplerate, and buffer used, and a reserve value included. the declaration is following



```
typedef struct
    VO AUDIO FORMAT
                             Format;
                                              /*!< Sample rate */
    VO U32
                             InputUsed;
                                              /*!< Channel count */
    VO U32
                             Resever;
                                              /*!< Resevered */
} VO AUDIO OUTPUTINFO;
The structure VO AUDIO FORMAT is for audio information, include channel, samplerate,
and sample bits. the declaration is following
typedef struct
    VO S32 SampleRate; /*!< Sample rate */
    VO S32 Channels;
                        /*!< Channel count */
    VO S32 SampleBits; /*!< Bits per sample */
} VO AUDIO FORMAT;
```

3.1.3 STRUCTURE VO_CODEC_INIT_USERDATA

It is used for init decoder to set some parameter, like memory operator. the declaration is following:

```
typedef struct{
```

```
VO_INIT_MEM_FIAG memflag; /*!<memory flag */
VO_PTR memData; /*!<a pointer to VO_MEM_OPERATOR
or a preallocated buffer */
VO_U32 reserved1; /*!<reserved */
VO_U32 reserved2; /*!<reserved */
}VO_CODEC INIT USERDATA;
```

The enum VO_INIT_MEM_FlAG is discript init parameter type, Now there are only two type, the audio data just use the first type VO_IMF_USERMEMOPERATOR. the declaration is following:

```
typedef enum{
```

```
VO_IMF_USERMEMOPERATOR =0, /*!< memData is the pointer of memoperator function*/

VO_IMF_PREALLOCATEDBUFFER =1, /*!< memData is preallocated memory*/

VO_IMF_MAX = VO_MAX_ENUM_VALUE

VO_INIT_MEM_FIAG;
```

3.1.4 ENUM VO_AUDIO_CODINGTYPE

It is audio type declaration what we have support, when init some decoder, you should set it into the decoder for mutli instance debug, the declaration is following:



```
*Enumeration used to define the possible audio codings.
typedef enum VO AUDIO CODINGTYPE {
    VO AUDIO CodingUnused = 0, /**< Placeholder value when coding is N/A
    VO AUDIO CodingPCM,
                                 /**< Any variant of PCM coding */
    VO AUDIO CodingADPCM,
                                 /**< Any variant of ADPCM encoded data */
    VO AUDIO CodingAMRNB,
                                 /**< Any variant of AMR encoded data */
    VO AUDIO CodingAMRWB,
                                 /**< Any variant of AMR encoded data */
    VO AUDIO CodingAMRWBP,
                                 /**< Any variant of AMR encoded data */
                                  /**< Any variant of QCELP 13kbps encoded data */
    VO AUDIO CodingQCELP13,
    VO AUDIO CodingEVRC,
                                  /**< Any variant of EVRC encoded data */
   VO AUDIO CodingAAC,
                                  /**< Any variant of AAC encoded data, 0xA106 -
ISO/MPEG-4 AAC, 0xFF - AAC */
   VO AUDIO CodingAC3,
                                  /**< Any variant of AC3 encoded data */
    VO AUDIO CodingFLAC,
                                   /**< Any variant of FLAC encoded data */
    VO AUDIO CodingMP1,
                                  /**< Any variant of MP1 encoded data */
    VO AUDIO CodingMP3,
                                  /**< Any variant of MP3 encoded data */
    VO AUDIO CodingOGG,
                                   /**< Any variant of OGG encoded data */
    VO AUDIO CodingWMA,
                                   /**< Any variant of WMA encoded data */
    VO AUDIO CodingRA,
                                   /**< Any variant of RA encoded data */
    VO AUDIO CodingMIDI,
                                   /**< Any variant of MIDI encoded data */
                                   /**< Any variant of dra encoded data */
    VO AUDIO CodingDRA,
    VO AUDIO Coding MAX
                               = VO MAX ENUM VALUE
} VO AUDIO CODINGTYPE;
```

3.2 Input and Output type

3.2.1 Input:

The decoder support three type of data of adpcm, it is MS adpcm, IMA adpcm, ITU G.726. If you got the audio configure data or header data, It could use the parameter ID VO_PID_ADPCM_FMTCHUNK or VO_PID_COMMON_HEADDATA to set the decoder. The decoder will parser it and make sure which type it is.

Table 2: enum VOADPCMTYPE

Frame Type	value	Description
WAVE_FORMAT_MS_ADPCM	0x0002	Microsoft ADPCM



WAVE_FORMAT_IMA_ADPCM	0x0011	Intel Corporation adpcm
WAVE_FORMAT_ITU_G726	0x0045	ITU G726 data

3.2.2 Output

You could get the pcm data and pcm length, the pcm data is always interleaved. And get the adpcm data channel information, samplerate, and buffer used.

3.3 Parameter ID

VO PID COMMON HEADDATA

Setting the head data AudioSpecificConfig in track to the decoder, The parameter is the struture of VO_CODECBUFFER, It should be set before the decoding when decoding the raw data.

VO PID COMMON FLUSH

Reset the decoder when seeking or restart, the parameter is interger, if nozero, reset, else do nothing.

VO PID AUDIO FORMAT

Setting or getting audio format, the parameter is the struture of VO AUDIO FORMAT.

VO PID AUDIO SAMPLEREATE

Setting or getting audio samplerate, the parameter is an interger

VO PID AUDIO CHANNELS

Setting or getting audio channels, the parameter is an interger.

VO PID ADPCM FMTCHUNK

Setting the head data to the decoder, the same as VO PID COMMON HEADDATA.

VO PID ADPCM GETBLOCKSIZE

Getting the block size, make sure you could send the data n*blocksize.



3.4 Return code

There are some return code, The description is follow.

Table 4: return code

Return Code ID	Description
VO_ERR_NONE	Process data successful
VO_ERR_FAILED	Process data failed
VO_ERR_OUTOF_MEMORY	The memory is not enough
VO_ERR_NOT_IMPLEMENT	No support some feature
VO_ERR_INVALID_ARG	Error input parameter
VO_ERR_INPUT_BUFFER_SMALL	Input buffer small, you should input new data
VO_ERR_OUTPUT_BUFFER_SMALL	Output buffer small, you should remalloc big
	buffer
VO_ERR_WRONG_STATUS	The decoder status is wrong
VO_ERR_WRONG_PARAM_ID	The parameter is wrong
VO_ERR_LICENSE_ERROR	License error, you should get the new license.

4 How To Build A Sample Application

4.1 Support OS and Platform

- 1) OS: WindowsXP, WM5.0, PPC2003, Linux, Android
- 2) X86, ARMv4

4.2 Windows

4.3 Linux

5 Understanding The APIs

5.1 Only one API

VO_S32 VO_API voGetADPCMDecAPI (VO_AUDIO_CODECAPI* pDecHandle);



To simplify the interface, we only provide one API for this SDK. Decoder will fill handle VO_AUDIO_CODECAPI* pDecHandle. Actually, structure VO_AUDIO_CODECAPI (refer to voAudio.h) will provide six functions for detail decoding process.

5.2 Six working functions

1) VO_U32 Init (VO_HANDLE * phDec,

VO AUDIO CODINGTYPE vType,

VO_CODEC_INIT_USERDATA * pUserData);

Init the audio decoder module and return decoder handle.

phCodec [OUT] Return the audio codec handle

vType [IN] The codec type if the module support multi codec.

pUserData [IN] The init param. It is memory operator or alloced memory

if return VO ERR NONE Succeeded, else failed.

Note:

- a) For every decoder instance, you have to call it first.
- b) Through configure VO_CODEC_INIT_USERDATA, Internal memory used by decoder can be allocated by application.
- 2) VO_U32 SetInputData (VO_HANDLE hDec,

Set compressed audio data as input.

hCodec [IN]] The Codec Handle which was created by Init function.

pInput [IN] The input buffer param.

if return VO_ERR_NONE Succeeded,else failed.

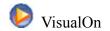
Note:

For now, this SDK supports frames input and stream input mode. You can set frames data together.

3) VO U32 GetOutputData (VO HANDLE hDec,

VO CODECBUFFER *pOutBuffer,

VO AUDIO OUTPUTINFO * pOutInfo);



Get the uncompressed pcm audio data and audio information. The structure VO AUDIO OUTPUTINFO is from voAudio.h

hCodec [IN]] The Codec Handle which was created by Init function.

pOutBuffer [OUT] The output audio data

pOutInfo [OUT] The decoder module filled audio format and used the input size.pOutInfo->InputUsed is total used the input size.

If return VO_ERR_NONE Succeed. Else if VO_ERR_INPUT_BUFFER_SMALL The input was finished or the input data was not enought. Else failed.

Note:

This function will output one frame pcm data. You can continue to call it until decoding all the frames data set by SetInputData().

4) VO U32 SetParam (VO HANDLE hDec,

VO_S32 uParamID,

VO PTR pData);

Set the parameter for special target.

hCodec [IN]] The Codec Handle which was created by Init function.

uParamID [IN] The param ID.

pData [IN] The param value depend on the ID

if return VO ERR NONE Succeeded, else failed.

Note:

Application can configure decoder behavior through it.(We can customize it for

You, if you have any special requirement)

5) VO_U32 GetParam (VO_HANDLE hDec,

VO_S32 uParamID,

VO_PTR pData);

Get the parameter for special target.

hCodec [IN]] The Codec Handle which was created by Init function.

uParamID [IN] The param ID.

pData [IN] The param value depend on the ID



if return VO ERR NONE Succeeded, else failed.

Note:

Application can get internal information of decoder through it. (We can customize it for You, if you have any special requirement)

6) VO_U32 Uninit (VO_HANDLE hDec);

Un-initialize the decoder.

hCodec [IN]] The Codec Handle which was created by Init function.

if return VO ERR NONE Succeeded, else failed.

6 Understanding Sample Code

6.1 Memory

1) Input memory:

Memory used by compressed audio data is allocated by application. It can cooperate with parser.

2) Decoder Internal memory:

There are two methods to provide the internal memory used by decoder.

a) Default method.

Decoder call system function malloc() to malloc memory.

b) Application provide memory operation functions

Application can set VO_MEM_OPERATOR(defined in voMEM.h) to decoder when initialization.

6.2 Input mode

We support two input mode: Frame and Stream. The default is Frame mode.

a) Frame mode

When calling SetInputData(), the input data should be one or more completed frame data. It is normal for the audio raw data.

b) Stream mode



When calling SetInputData(), the input data could be any audio data.

6.3 Decoding process

For details, please check the comments in sample code.

7 Support

If you have any problem about this SDK, please feel free to contact info@visualon.com.