Style It! The Eclipse 4 Styling Tutorial

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Who is Kai?

- Software Architect/Engineer at Siemens
 Corporate Technology
- Eclipse RCP expert and OSGi enthusiast
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Who is Boris?

- Eclipse Platform UI Project Lead
- Committer on e4, Orion and platform
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Who is Bogdan?

- Committer on e4, SWT and platform
- Working on CSS engine and styling
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UI Styling

- In Eclipse 3.x, UI styling can be done using
 - The Presentation API
 - Custom Widgets
- These mechanisms are very limited
- It is not possible to implement a specific UI design, created by a designer
- e4 provides a CSS based UI styling that addresses many of the above issues

A Brief History of CSS in e4

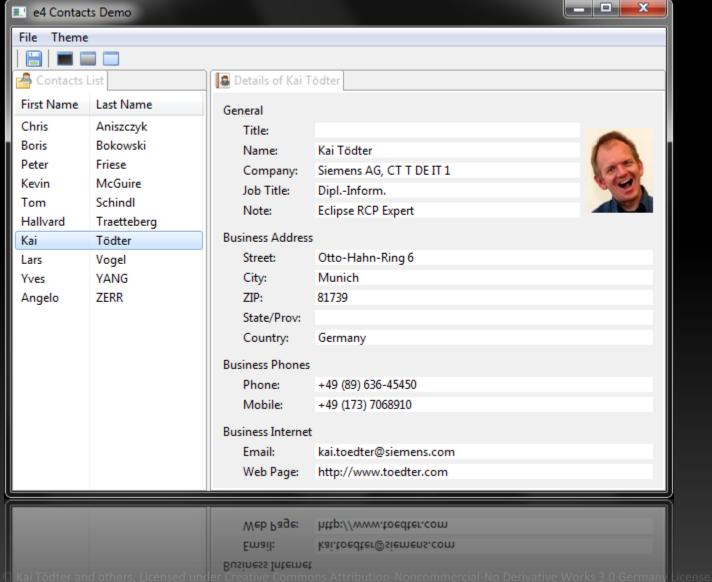
- The goal provide an easier way to customize the look and feel of an e4 app
- Make use of an established format to describe the styling
- Made a debut in the 0.9 e4 release
- Eclipse 4.0 SDK used CSS to style workbench

The Plan

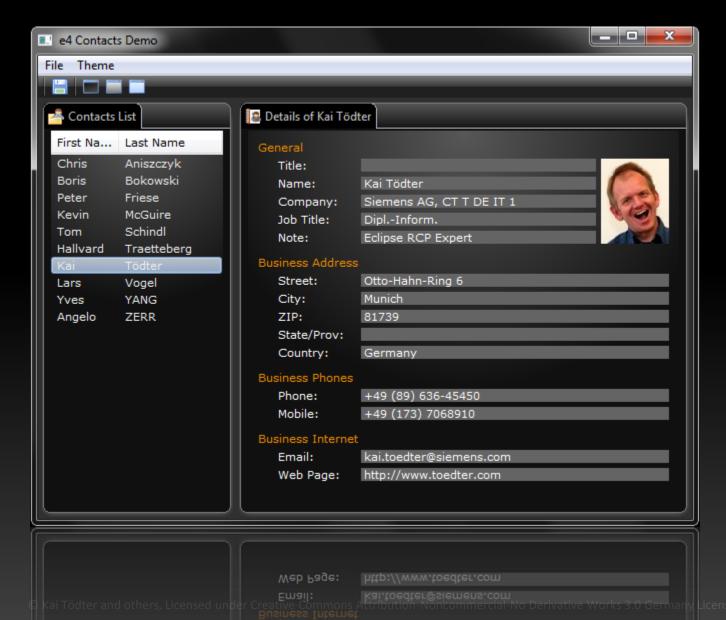
- Styling an e4 RCP app
- CSS Overview
- CSS Engine internals
- Styling the e4 workbench
- Styling a 3.x RCP app
- Wrap Up



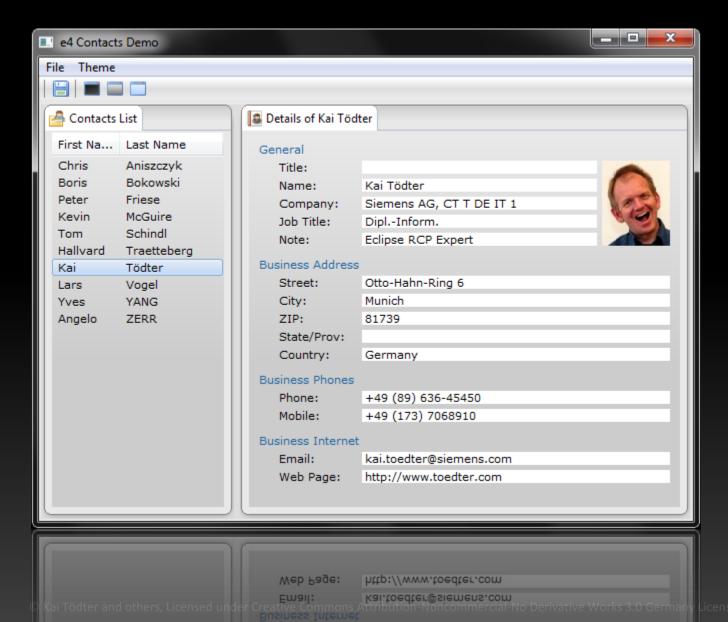
Contacts Demo without CSS Styling



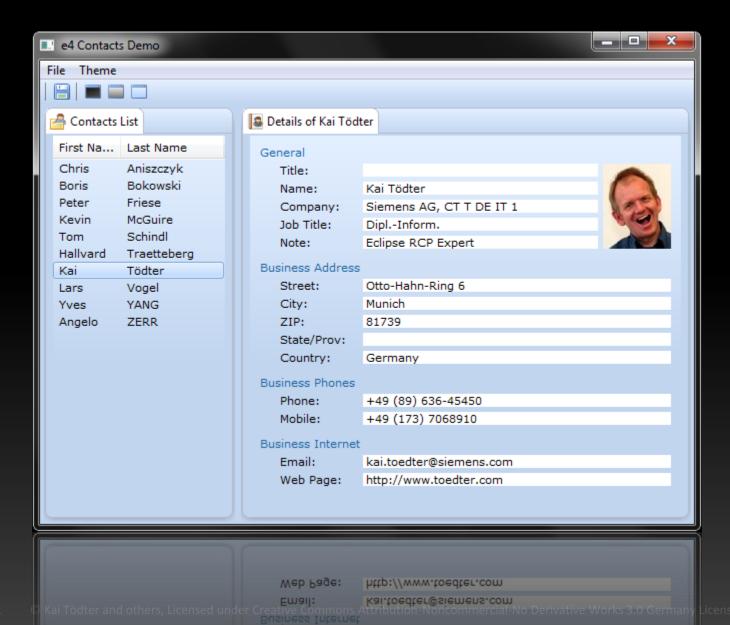
Dark CSS Styling with radial Gradients



Gray CSS Styling with linear Gradients



Blue CSS Styling with linear Gradients



How does the CSS look like?

```
Label {
 font: Verdana 8px;
 color: rgb(240, 240, 240);
Table {
 background-color: gradient radial #575757 #101010 100%;
 color: rgb(240, 240, 240);
 font: Verdana 8px;
.MTrimBar {
 background-color: #777777 #373737 #202020 50% 50%;
 color: white;
 font: Verdana 8px;
```

Some Things you cannot style (yet)

- Menu bar background
- Table headers

Partly implemented:

Gradients

My Wish:

Having similar capabilities compared with WebKit's gradients

How to enable CSS Styling (1)

Create a contribution to the extension point org.eclipse.e4.ui.css.swt.theme

```
<extension
    point="org.eclipse.e4.ui.css.swt.theme">
   <theme
      basestylesheeturi="css/blue.css"
      id="org.eclipse.e4.tutorial.contacts.themes.blue"
      label="Blue Theme">
   </theme>
</extension>
```

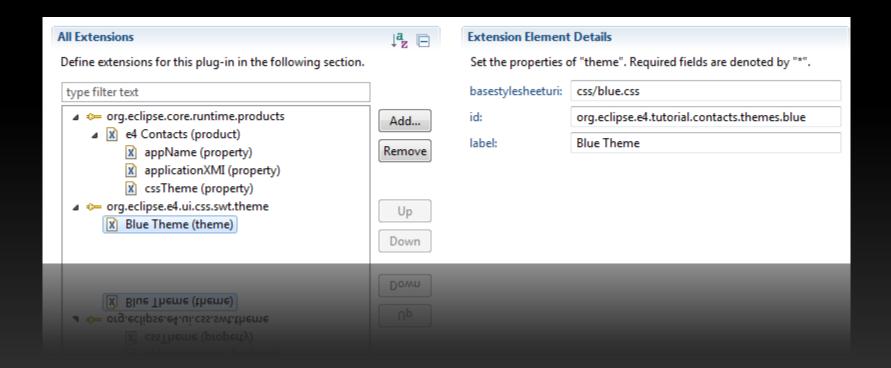
How to enable CSS Styling (2)

Create a contribution to the extension point org.eclipse.core.runtime.products

```
<extension
 id="product"
 point="org.eclipse.core.runtime.products">
 cproduct
  application="org.eclipse.e4.ui.workbench.swt.application"
  name="e4 Contacs">
  cproperty
   name="applicationCSS"
   value="org.eclipse.e4.tutorial.contacts.themes.blue">
  </product>
</extension>
```

How to enable CSS Styling (3)

Extension point org.eclipse.ui.css.swt.theme



How to use custom attributes?

Java:

```
Label label = new Label(parent, SWT.NONE);
label.setData("org.eclipse.e4.ui.css.id", "SeparatorLabel");
```

- Workbench Model: Give the element an id
- CSS:

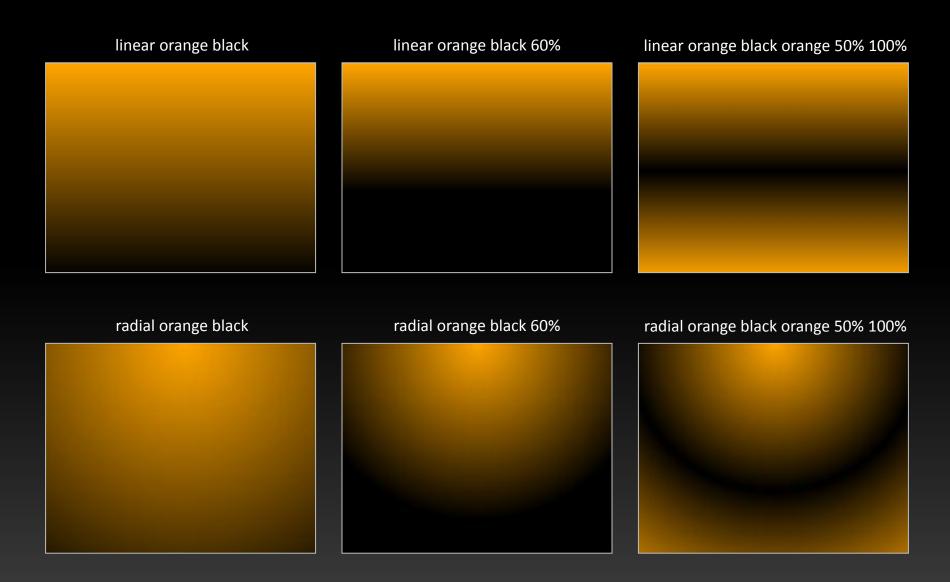
```
#SeparatorLabel {
  color: #f08d00;
}
```

e4 CSS Editors

- CSS has a well known syntax
- But which UI elements can be styled?
- Which CSS attributes does a specific element support?

- At Eclipse Summit Europe 2010 Sven Efftinge and Sebastian Zarnekow showed a prototype of an Xtext-based editor, with content assist for both elements and attributes
- Let's see, what Eclipse 4.1 will bring

Gradient Examples



Dynamic Theme Switching

- It is possible to change the CSS based theme at runtime
- Good for accessibility
- Good for user preferences



Theme Switching

- DI of IThemeEngine
- IThemeEngine provides API for applying styles and theme management

```
@Execute
public void execute( IThemeEngine engine ) {
    engine.setTheme(
        "org.eclipse.e4.demo.contacts.themes.darkgradient");
}
```



CSS Overview

- CSS Syntax
- Element, Class and ID Selectors
- CSS Properties
- Cascade

CSS Syntax

- CSS stylesheets usually contain many rules
- rules are made up of selectors and declarations
- declarations are made up of a property and a value



Element, Class and ID selectors

- Element type selectors in HTML matches HTML elements
 p {background-color: black;}
- Element selectors in the SWT styling world match the widget classnames Composite {background-color: red;}
- CSS allows you to specify your own selectors named id and class
- the id selector is used to specify the style for a single, unique element
 - #myId {background-color: gold;}
- the class selector is used to specify the style for a number of elements

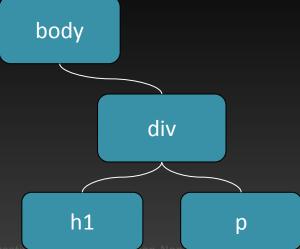
```
.myClass {background-color: blue;}
```

Selectors combined

- It is possible to combine selectors:
- Matches all p elements with a class attribute "warning": p.warning { STYLES }
- Matches all div elements with class attributes "foo" and "bar": div.foo.bar { STYLES }
- Matches any element with class attributes "more", "detail", "please" .more.detail.please { STYLES }

Group and Position Selectors

- A group selector allows you to apply the same rules to different selectors selector, selector, etc { STYLES }
- To select a descendant element, use whitespace between the selectors.
 selector selector selector etc { STYLES }



Group and Position Selectors (2)

 A child selector selects elements that are children of the previous selector selector > selector > etc { STYLES }

CSS Properties

- property values come in the following forms:
 - text
 - numbers
 - lengths
 - percentages
 - comma-delimited lists of values
 - space-delimited lists of values
 - functions

CSS Property Examples

- color: white;
- color: rgb(255, 255, 255);
- color: #ffffff;
- border: 4px double black;
- margin: 0;
- background-image: url("myPic.jpg");
- line-height: 150%;
- padding: 0.25em;

!important Declarations

- A declaration that has the "!important" keyword added takes precedence over a normal declaration
- This can be used to used to add weight to declarations (in order to aid in cascade resolution)

```
p { font-size: 10px !important; }
```

Cascade

- In CSS it is possible to have cases where an element matches to multiple styles
- In order to determine which style to use, a resolution process is used
- the CSS Cascade looks at importance, origin, specificity and the source order of the style in question and assigns a weight
- declaration with the highest weight takes precedence

Cascade (2)

- In terms of selectors, the order of importance (from least to most) is:
 - Universal selectors *
 - Element selectors
 - Class, Attribute and Pseudo Selectors
 - ID selectors
 - Above list repeated in order with !important added

CSS Engine API

Parsing parseStyleSheet(), parseStyleDeclaration(), parsePropertyValue()

Apply Styles applyStyleS(), applyStyleDeclaration(), applyCSSProperty()

Retrieve Info getViewCSS(), getDocumentCSS()

Utils reset(), setErrorHandler()

SWT CSS Engine

- Implements CSS Engine API
- Extensible widget styling provided through the use of ElementProviders and PropertyHandlers
- Makes use of a number of utility classes to facilitate translation between text and SWT colors, fonts, images, gradients
- SWT provides a reskin() method in Widget that will send out a Skin event to all controls to notify that some value of the style has been changed

CSS Stylable Element

- CSSStylableElement interface defines methods to retrieve styling information about a particular element
- The CSS SWT engine has a hierarchy of element adapters that mirrors the SWT widget hierarchy (see WidgetElement)
- Element providers and the widgets that they support are registered through an extension point
- This allows for the extension of the CSS engine by adding custom property handlers and associating them with an element provider

Property Handlers

- ICSSPropertyHandler is used to apply a CSS property value to an element
- Property handlers perform the actual work of calling the methods on the widgets
- Property handlers are registered through an extension point
- Customized properties can be easily extended through this mechanism (ex. new CTabFolder properties)

Available Handlers

Controls

- background-color, background-image
- cursor
- font, font-style, font-weight, font-size, font-family
- color
- Button, Label
 - alignment

CTabFolder

- border-visibe, maximized, minimized, maximize-visible, minimize-visible, mru-visible
- simple, single, unselected-close-visible
- tab-renderer, tab-height

Available Handlers (2)

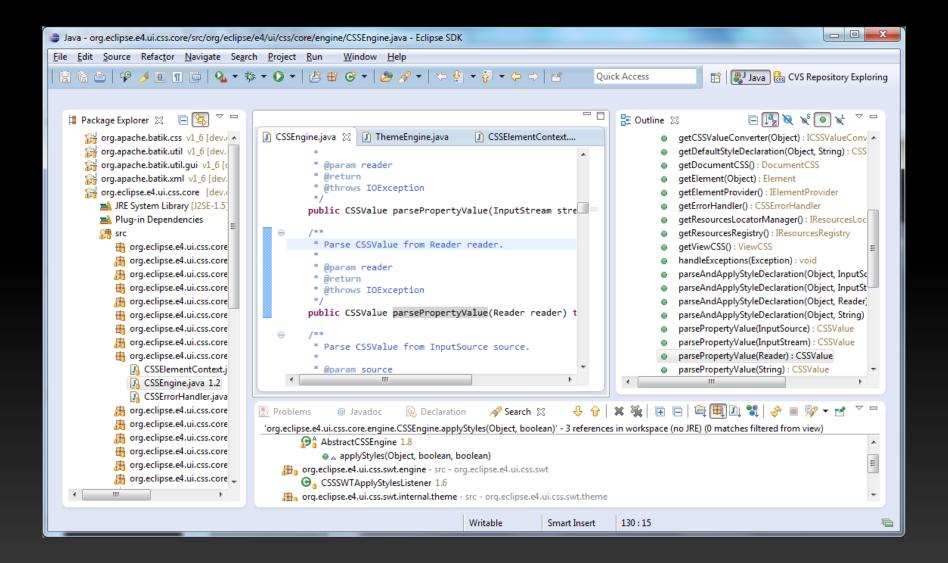
For a complete list, check out the e4 wiki:

http://wiki.eclipse.org/E4/CSS/SWT Mapping

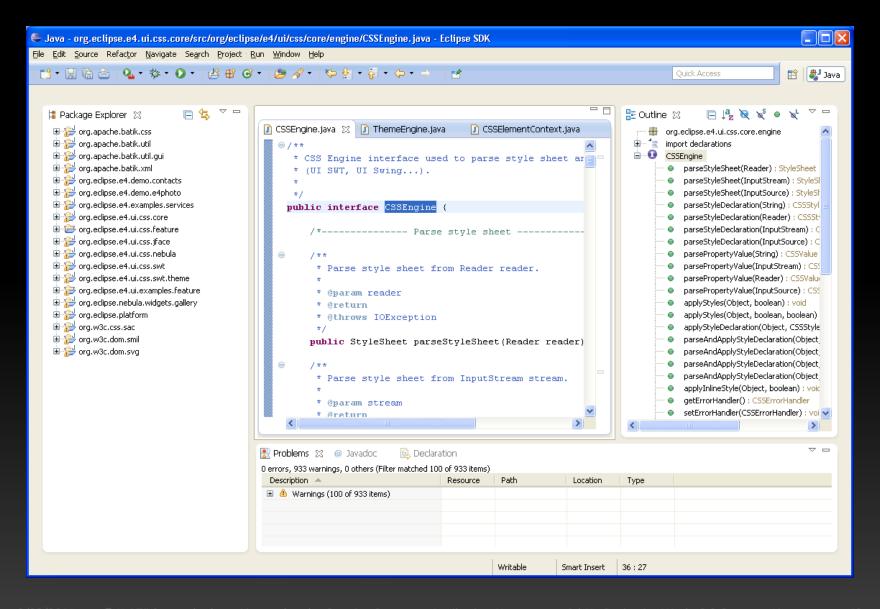
e4 Workbench

- The e4 workbench makes use of the CSS Engine to contribute a number of different looks
- IThemeEngine defines methods to register and manage themes as well as to get and applyStyles
- e4 provides an IThemeEngine implementation that creates an instance of the SWT CSS Engine
- e4 also provides an IStylingEngine which makes use of the IThemeEngine implementation to set classnames, set ids, and style widgets
- IStylingEngine can be obtained from a context, service registry or through DI (as shown in the contacts example)

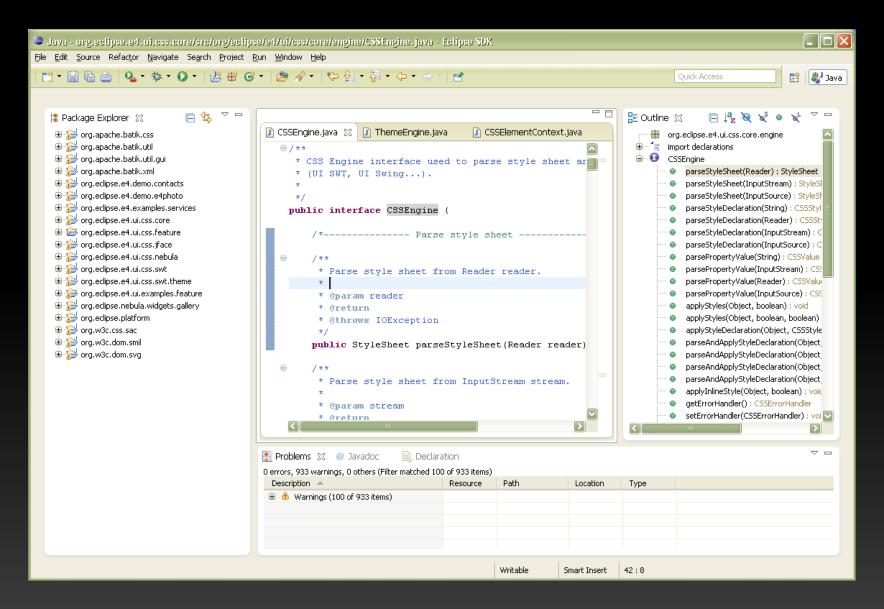
4.x SDK on Windows 7



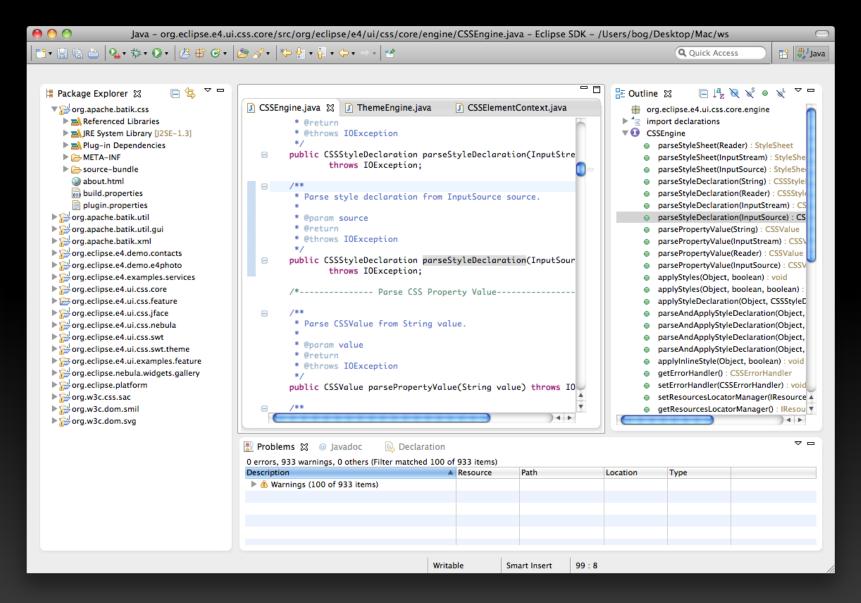
4.x SDK on XP (Blue)



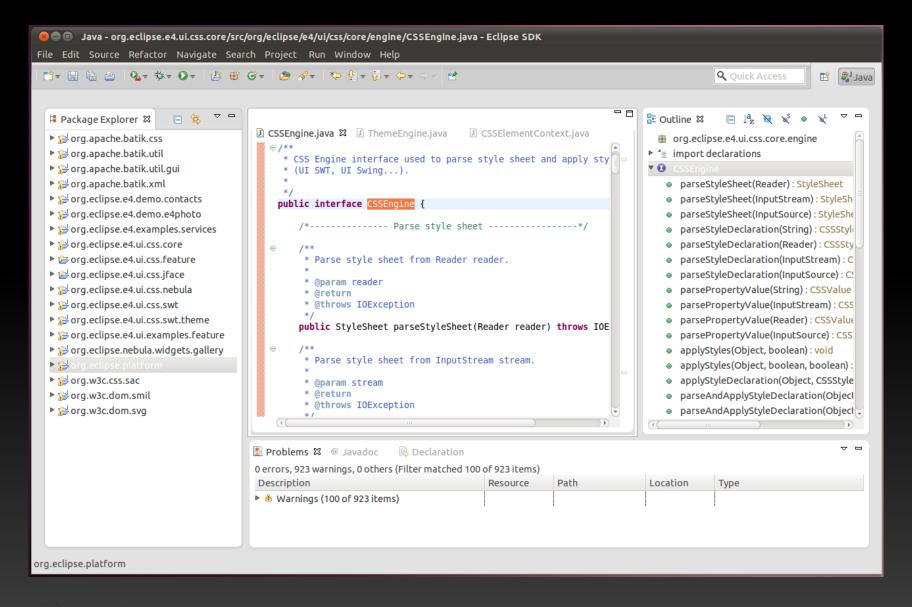
4.x SDK on XP (Olive)



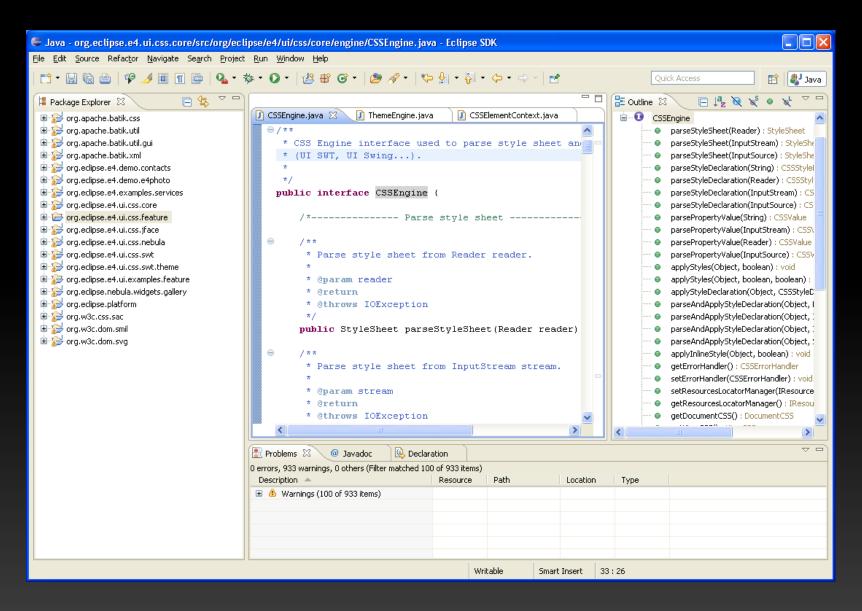
4.x SDK on MAC



4.x SDK on Linux



4.x SDK on XP with "Retro" styling



Lab: Let's take a look!

- Start up your e4 SDK build and create a new workspace
- File>Import>Existing Projects into Workspace>Select archive file:
- Browse to where you saved the "e4styling.zip" archive, select it>Open
- Click Finish in the wizard to complete the import

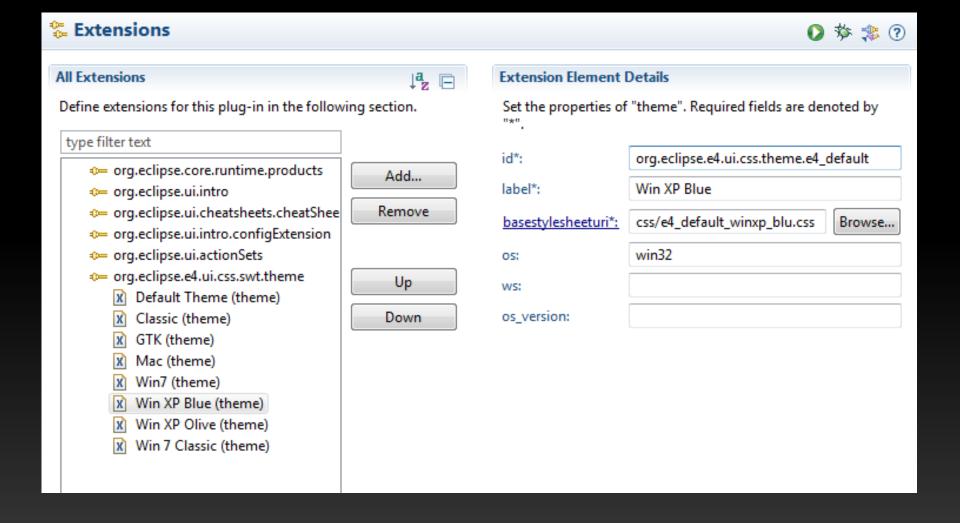
Lab: e4 Contacts Demo Styling

- Double click the file contacts.product in the project org.eclipse.e4.demo.contacts
- Click on "Launch an Eclipse Application" =Y the contacts demo starts
- Switch the theme to "Blue Gradient Theme"
- Edit the css file css/dark-gradient.css
- Switch the theme back to "Black Gradient Theme"

Lab: Workbench Styling

- Open up the org.eclipse.platform project and open the plugin.xml
- Go to the extensions tab and expand org.eclipse.e4.ui.css.swt.theme
- These are the themes that come with e4

Extension Point "Theme"



e4 Stylesheets

- In the org.eclipse.platform project, the 'css' folder contains the various stylesheets used by the workbench
- Let's take a closer look at one of them:
- e4_default_win.css

```
MTrimmedWindow {
  background-color: #E1E6F6;
  margin-top: 2px;
  margin-bottom: 2px;
  margin-left: 2px;
  margin-right: 2px;
.MTrimmedWindow.topLevel {
  margin-top: 24px;
  margin-bottom: 2px;
  margin-left: 12px;
  margin-right: 12px;
```

```
.MPartStack {
      tab-renderer:
     url('platform:/.....CTabRendering');
     unselected-tabs-color:
       #FFFFFF #FFFFFF #FFFFFF 100% 100%;
     outer-keyline-color: #FFFFFF;
     inner-keyline-color: #FFFFFF;
     Font-size: 9;
     font-family: 'Segoe UI';
     simple: true;
```

```
.MPartStack.active {
    unselected-tabs-color: #F3F9FF #D0DFEE
#CEDDED #CEDDED #D2E1F0 #D2E1F0
#FFFFFF 20% 45% 60% 70% 100% 100%;
    outer-keyline-color: #B6BCCC;
    inner-keyline-color: #FFFFFF;
    tab-outline: #B6BCCC;
}
```

```
.MTrimBar {
  background-color: #E1E6F6;
.MTrimBar#org-eclipse-ui-main-toolbar {
  background-image: url(./win7.PNG);
#PerspectiveSwitcher {
      background-color: #F5F7FC #E1E6F6 100%;
      perspective-keyline-color: #AAB0BF #AAB0BF;
```

Lab: Make a Theme (1)

- Make a copy of e4_default_win7.css and call it e4_mytheme.css
- Open the plugin.xml, go to the extensions tab, select the org.eclipse.e4.ui.css.swt.theme extension point, right click>New>theme
- Change the id and label, and for the basestyleuri field, browse to the location of your stylesheet and select it (leave os, ws and os_version for now)

Lab: Make a Theme (2)

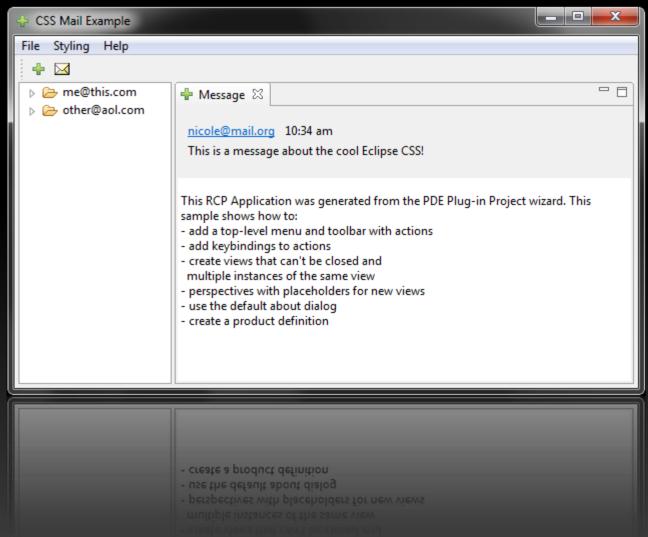
- Run as>Eclipse Application
- Once the inner workbench opens up, go to Window>Preferences>General>Appearance
- You will notice that your Theme shows up
- Select it and hit OK

What Classnames to use?

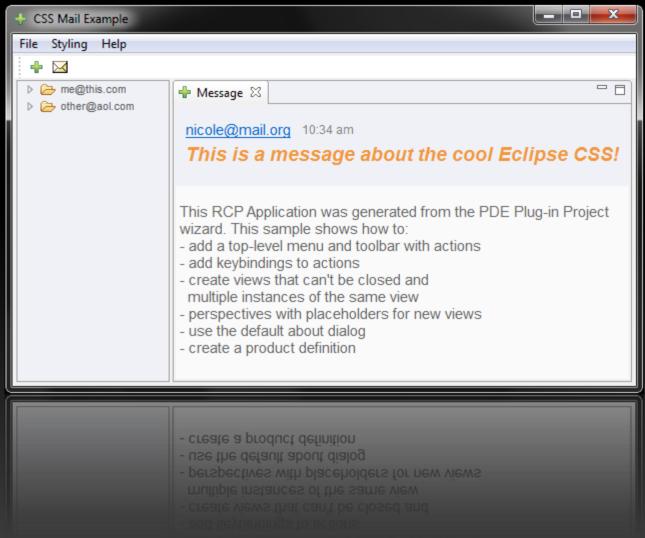
- All widgets used in the workbench currently get a class name and id when created by a workbench renderer
- Currently, there is no spy type of application to get these class names and ids (nice to have)
- As a hack, you can add a println to setCSSInfo() in SWTPartRenderer



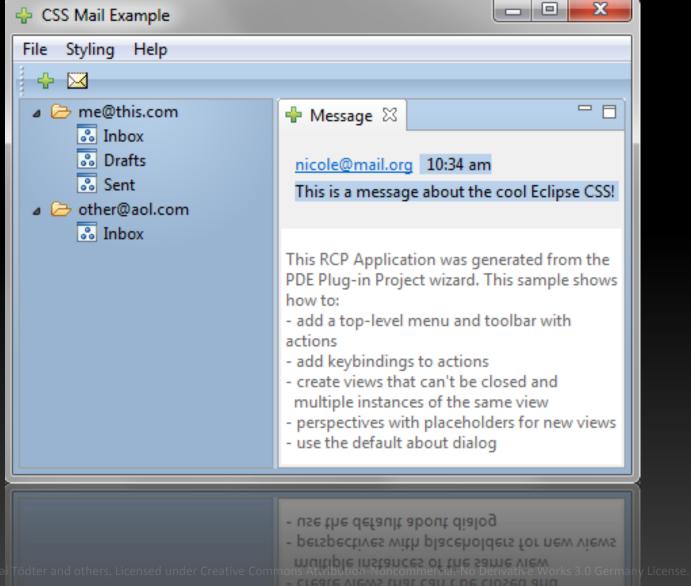
3.X RCP Mail



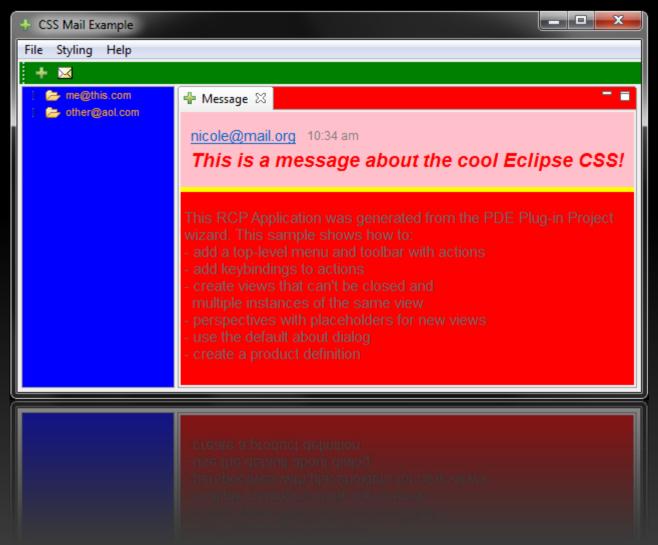
3.x RCP Mail with CSS Styling



3.x RCP Mail with blue CSS Styling



3.x RCP Mail CSS Color Demonstrator



Needed Bundles

- org.apache.batik.css
- org.apache.batik.util
- org.apache.batik.util.gui
- org.apache.batik.xml
- org.eclipse.e4.ui.css.core
- org.eclipse.e4.ui.css.jface
- org.eclipse.e4.ui.css.legacy
- org.eclipse.e4.ui.css.swt
- org.eclipse.e4.ui.css.swt.theme
- org.eclipse.e4.ui.examples.css.rcp
- org.eclipse.e4.ui.widgets
- org.w3c.css.sac
- org.w3c.dom.smil
- org.w3c.dom.svg



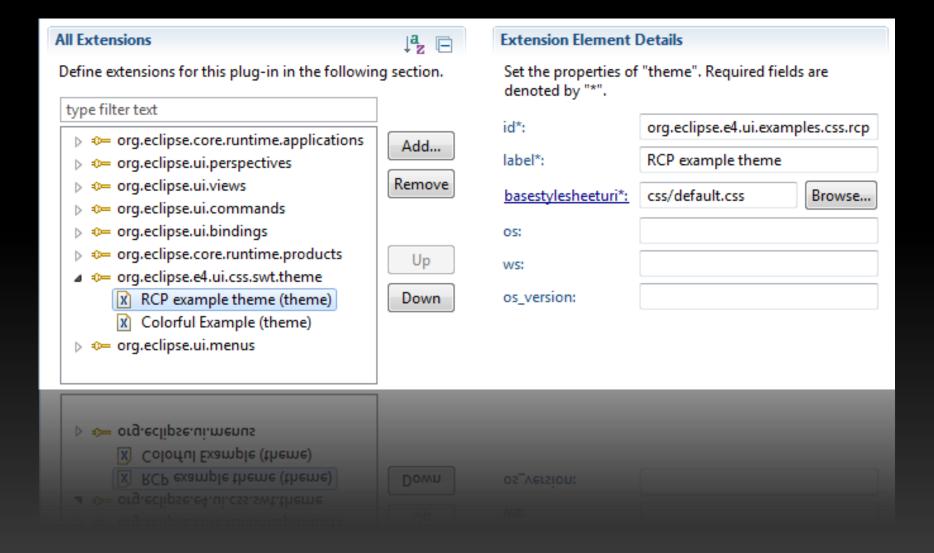
How to get the bundles

- Checkout :pserver:anonymous@dev.eclipse.org:/cvsroot/eclipse/ e4/releng
- Import Project Set /releng/org.eclipse.e4.ui.releng/e4.ui.css.psf
- Checkout e4/org.eclipse.e4.ui/bundles/org.eclipse.e4.ui.widgets
- Delete all projects that are not on the previous slide
- Cleanup org.eclipse.e4.ui.css.swt
 - Organize Imports
 - Delete dependencies to org.eclipse.e4.core.*
- Start the CSS RCP Mail demo

How to enable CSS Styling in 3.x

- Provide a CSS theme
- Provide an extension to org.exlipse.e4.ui.css.swt.theme
- Enable theming support in the initialize method of ApplicationWorkbenchAdvisor

Extension Point for Themes



ApplicationWorkbenchAdvisor

```
Bundle b = FrameworkUtil.getBundle(getClass());
BundleContext context = b.getBundleContext();
ServiceReference serviceRef = context
   .getServiceReference(IThemeManager.class.getName());
IThemeManager themeManager =
   (IThemeManager) context.getService(serviceRef);
final IThemeEngine engine =
   themeManager.getEngineForDisplay(Display.getCurrent());
engine.setTheme("org.eclipse.e4.ui.examples.css.rcp", true);
• • •
```

Lab: Play around with CSS Mail

- Install the Eclipse 3.7M6 SDK
- Import all projects from archive file "3xstyling.zip"
- Open plugin.xml of project org.eclipse.e4.ui.examples.css.rcp
- Start css mail application
- Play around with css theming



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 - See http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-nd/3.0/de/deed.en_US

Picture Index

Many thanks to the authors of the following pictures:

- Slide "UI Styling": http://www.sxc.hu/photo/1089931
- Slide "Dynamic Theme Switching": http://www.sxc.hu/photo/823108
- Slide "Discussion": http://www.sxc.hu/photo/922004