```
# Assignment 2
# Exercise 1
# Q1 correlation is 0.09337049
X = datind2009[,9]
Y = datind2009[,10]
X = as.vector(X)
Y = as.vector(Y)
index1 = is.na(Y)
Y[index1] = 0
corr1 = sum((X-mean(X))*(Y-mean(Y)))
corr2 = (sum((X-mean(X))^2)*sum((Y-mean(Y))^2))^(1/2)
corr = corr1/corr2
# Q2 Beta is 218.0255
X = as.matrix(X)
Y = as.matrix(Y)
beta = solve(t(X)%*%X)%*%t(X)%*%Y
# Q3 Standard deviation is 4.874906e-06
e = Y-218.0255*X
Varbeta = solve(t(X)%*%X)%*%t(X)%*%(e%*%t(e))%*%X%*%solve(t(X)%*%X)
Varbeta = as.numeric(Varbeta)
stbeta = Varbeta^(1/2)
# Bootstrap 49 Replications
YX = cbind(Y,X)
YX = as.data.frame(YX)
N = 49
nind = length(X)
nvar = 2
outs = mat.or.vec(N,nvar)
set.seed(123)
```

```
for (i in 1:N)
{
samp = sample(1:nind,nind,rep=TRUE)
dat_samp = YX[samp,]
reg = Im(V1~V2,data = dat_samp)
outs[i,] = reg$coefficients
}
sdest = apply(outs, 2, sd)
# Bootstrap 499 Replications
N1 = 499
nind1 = length(X)
nvar1 = 2
outs1 = mat.or.vec(N1,nvar1)
set.seed(123)
for (i in 1:N1)
samp = sample(1:nind1,nind1,rep=TRUE)
dat_samp = YX[samp,]
reg1 = Im(V1~V2,data = dat_samp)
outs1[i,] = reg1$coefficients
}
sdest1 = apply(outs1, 2, sd)
est = cbind(summary(reg)$coefficients[,2],sdest,sdest1)
# Bootstrap with 499 replications has beta 3.576229, closer to estimates from lm which is 4.70695
# Exercise 2
# Q1
```

```
ind0518 =
bind rows(datind2005,datind2006,datind2007,datind2008,datind2009,datind2010,datind2011,datind20
12, datind2013, datind2014, datind2015, datind2016, datind2017, datind2018)
index2 = is.na(ind0518)
ind0518 = ind0518[,c(4,9,10)]
ind0518 = drop_na(ind0518)
ind0518 = ind0518[ind0518$wage != 0,]
ind0518 = ind0518[ind0518$age >= 18,]
ind0518$ag = cut(ind0518$age, c(17,25,30,35,40,45,50,55,60,200))
age1 = ind0518 %>% filter(ag == "(17,25]") %>% group by(year) %>% summarize(mean wage =
mean(wage))
age2 = ind0518 %>% filter(ag == "(25,30]") %>% group_by(year) %>% summarize(mean_wage =
mean(wage))
age3 = ind0518 %>% filter(ag == "(30,35]") %>% group_by(year) %>% summarize(mean_wage =
mean(wage))
age4 = ind0518 %>% filter(ag == "(35,40]") %>% group by(year) %>% summarize(mean wage =
mean(wage))
age5 = ind0518 %>% filter(ag == "(40,45]") %>% group by(year) %>% summarize(mean wage =
mean(wage))
age6 = ind0518 %>% filter(ag == "(45,50]") %>% group_by(year) %>% summarize(mean_wage =
mean(wage))
age7 = ind0518 %>% filter(ag == "(50,55]") %>% group by(year) %>% summarize(mean wage =
mean(wage))
age8 = ind0518 %>% filter(ag == "(55,60]") %>% group by(year) %>% summarize(mean wage =
mean(wage))
age9 = ind0518 %>% filter(ag == "(60,200]") %>% group_by(year) %>% summarize(mean_wage =
mean(wage))
ggplot(age1, aes(x=year, y=mean_wage))+geom_line()+ylab("Average income")
ggplot(age2, aes(x=year, y=mean_wage))+geom_line()+ylab("Average income")
ggplot(age3, aes(x=year, y=mean_wage))+geom_line()+ylab("Average income")
ggplot(NULL,aes(x=year,y=mean wage))+geom line(data=age1,col="red")+geom line(data=age2,col="b
lue")+geom line(data=age3,col="green")
ggplot(age4, aes(x=year, y=mean_wage))+geom_line()+ylab("Average income")
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```
ggplot(age5, aes(x=year, y=mean_wage))+geom_line()+ylab("Average income")
ggplot(age6, aes(x=year, y=mean_wage))+geom_line()+ylab("Average income")
ggplot(age7, aes(x=year, y=mean_wage))+geom_line()+ylab("Average income")
ggplot(age8, aes(x=year, y=mean_wage))+geom_line()+ylab("Average income")
ggplot(age9, aes(x=year, y=mean_wage))+geom_line()+ylab("Average income")
ggplot(NULL,aes(x=year,y=mean_wage))+geom_line(data=age1,col="red")+geom_line(data=age2,col="b
lue")+geom_line(data=age3,col="green")+geom_line(data=age4,col="yellow")+geom_line(data=age5,col
="brown")+geom line(data=age6,col="black")+geom line(data=age7,col="darkorange")+geom line(dat
a=age8,col="purple")+geom_line(data=age9,col="darkgray")
# Q2 After control for time fixed effect, age and wage are more positively correlated. The coefficient is
297.9, it is also statistically significant.
ind0518$year = as.factor(ind0518$year)
Imtifix = Im(wage \sim age + year-1, data = ind0518)
# Exercise 3
#Q1
E3Q1 = datind2007[datind2007$empstat != "Inactive",]
E3Q1 = E3Q1[E3Q1$empstat != "Retired",]
E3Q1$empstat = ifelse(E3Q1$empstat == "Employed",1,0)
# Q2 & Q3
x1 = E3Q1$age
y1 = E3Q1$empstat
set.seed(123)
beta = runif(2)
flike = function(beta,x,y)
{
xbeta = beta[1] + x*beta[2]
pr
          = pnorm(xbeta)
 pr[pr>0.999999] = 0.999999
 pr[pr<0.000001] = 0.000001
```

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like
                                  = y*log(pr) + (1-y)*log(1-pr)
   return(-sum(like))
}
flike(beta,x1,y1) # log likelihood is 11277.02
N2 = 100
out1 = mat.or.vec(N2,2)
for (i0 in 1:N2)
{
   begin = runif(2,-10,10)
                       = optim(begin,fn=flike,method="BFGS",control=list(trace=6,maxit=1000),x=x1,y=y1)
   out1[i0,] = res$par
}
start = runif(2)
res =
optim(start,fn=flike,method="BFGS",control=list(trace=6,REPORT=1,maxit=1000),x=x1,y=y1,hessian=TR
UE)
res$par # beta is estimated to be 0.6676402
# Exercise 4
# Q1
ind0515 =
bind\_rows (datind 2005, datind 2006, datind 2007, datind 2008, datind 2009, datind 2010, datind 2011, datin
12,datind2013,datind2014,datind2015)
ind0515 = ind0515[ind0515$empstat != "Inactive",]
ind0515 = ind0515[ind0515$empstat != "Retired",]
ind0515$empstat = ifelse(ind0515$empstat == "Employed",1,0)
# Q2
# Probit Model
x2 = ind0515$age
y2 = ind0515$empstat
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```
z2 = ind0515$year - 1
beta2 = runif(3)
flike2 = function(beta,x,z,y)
xbeta = beta[1] + beta[2]*x + beta[3]*z
pr
          = pnorm(xbeta)
 pr[pr>0.999999] = 0.999999
pr[pr<0.000001] = 0.000001
 like
          = y*log(pr) + (1-y)*log(1-pr)
return(-sum(like))
}
flike2(beta2,x2,z2,y2) # 183608.3
N3 = 100
out2 = mat.or.vec(N3,3)
for (i0 in 1:N3)
begin = runif(3,-10,10)
        = optim(begin,fn=flike2,method="BFGS",control=list(trace=6,maxit=1000),x=x2,z=z2,y=y2)
out2[i0,] = res1$par
}
start = runif(3)
res1 =
optim(start,fn=flike2,method="BFGS",control=list(trace=6,REPORT=1,maxit=1000),x=x2,z=z2,y=y2,hessia
res1$par # beta = 0.2991228
# Logit Model
x2 = ind0515$age
y2 = ind0515$empstat
beta3 = runif(3)
```

```
flike3 = function(beta,x,z,y)
xbeta = beta[1] + beta[2]*x + beta[3]*z
          = exp(beta)/(1+exp(beta))
pr
 pr[pr>0.999999] = 0.999999
 pr[pr<0.000001] = 0.000001
like
          = y*log(pr) + (1-y)*log(1-pr)
return(-sum(like))
}
flike3(beta3,x2,z2,y2) # log likelihood is 65758.75
N3 = 100
out2 = mat.or.vec(N3,3)
for (i0 in 1:N3)
begin = runif(2,-10,10)
res2 = optim(begin,fn=flike3,method="BFGS",control=list(trace=6,maxit=1000),x=x2,z=z2,y=y2)
out1[i0,] = res$par
}
start = runif(3)
res2 =
optim(start,fn=flike3,method="BFGS",control=list(trace=6,REPORT=1,maxit=1000),x=x2,z=z2,y=y2,hessia
n=TRUE)
res2$par
# linear model
EX4LM = Im(y2^{x2}+z2)
# Exercise 5
```