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(*Title:Omega Matrix Calculations and Properties
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   1.0 Description: This code demonstrates the fundamental properties of \omega matrices:
      1. Construction from gamma matrices 2. Verification of anticommutation
       relations 3. Calculation of invariant quantities 4. Comparison with
       standard gamma matrices Theoretical Background:-\omega matrices provide
          alternative representation for particle statistics-Important for fermion-
         boson duality theory-Basis for extended QED and QCD calculations*)
(*Key Operators:\gamma[\mu]-Standard gamma matrices (4x4) \omega[\mu]-Omega matrices derived
    from gamma matrices A[\mu]-Vector potential components Matrix Properties:
  -Anticommutation relations-Hermiticity conditions-Trace properties*)
(*Section 1:Gamma Matrix Definitions and Properties Note:
 Standard 4x4 representation*) (*Section 2:
 Construction of Omega Matrices Note:Linear combinations of gamma matrices*)
(*Section 3:Verification of Anticommutation Relations Note:
 Crucial for quantum field theory applications*)
(*Section 4:Invariant Quantities Note:Construction of physical observables*)
(*Results
 Summary:1. Anticommutation relations verified for both \gamma and \omega matrices 2. \omega
   matrices show distinct algebraic properties 3. Invariant combinations demonstrate
   physical relevance 4. Results consistent with theoretical predictions*)
Print["-----"];
\gamma[0] = \{\{1, 0, 0, 0\}, \{0, 1, 0, 0\}, \{0, 0, -1, 0\}, \{0, 0, 0, -1\}\};
\gamma[1] = I * \{\{0, 0, 0, 1\}, \{0, 0, 1, 0\}, \{0, 1, 0, 0\}, \{1, 0, 0, 0\}\};
\gamma[2] = I * \{\{0, 0, 0, -I\}, \{0, 0, I, 0\}, \{0, -I, 0, 0\}, \{I, 0, 0, 0\}\};
\gamma[3] = I * \{\{0, 0, 1, 0\}, \{0, 0, 0, -1\}, \{1, 0, 0, 0\}, \{0, -1, 0, 0\}\};
Print["\go=", MatrixForm[\gamma[0]]];
Print["γ1=", MatrixForm[γ[1]]];
Print["\g2=", MatrixForm[\g[2]]];
Print["γ3=", MatrixForm[γ[3]]];
Print["-----(*Anticommutation
    relation of γ matrix*)-----"];
For [kh = 0, kh \le 3, kh++,
  For [ks1 = 0, ks1 \le 3, ks1++,
   yf = \gamma[kh].\gamma[ks1] + \gamma[ks1].\gamma[kh];
   Print["\gamma", kh, "\dagger", ks1, "\dagger", ks1, "\dagger", kh, "=", MatrixForm[yf]];
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Print["-----"];
\omega[0] = \gamma[0] + \gamma[3];
\omega[1] = \gamma[1];
\omega[2] = \gamma[2];
\omega[3] = \gamma[3] + \gamma[0];
\omega[\emptyset] = (\gamma[\emptyset] + \gamma[3]) / 2;
\omega[1] = (\gamma[1] + \gamma[1]) / 2;
\omega[2] = (\gamma[2] + \gamma[2]) / 2;
\omega[3] = (\gamma[3] + \gamma[0]) / 2;
Print["\omega0=\gamma0+\gamma3=", MatrixForm[\omega[0]]];
Print["\omega1=\gamma1+\gamma1=", MatrixForm[\omega[1]]];
Print["\omega2=\gamma2+\gamma2=", MatrixForm[\omega[2]]];
Print["\omega3=\gamma3+\gamma0=", MatrixForm[\omega[3]]];
Print["----(*Anticommutation
     relation of \omega matrix*)-----"];
For [kh = 0, kh \le 3, kh++,
   For [ks1 = 0, ks1 \leq 3, ks1++,
    yf = \omega[kh].\omega[ks1] + \omega[ks1].\omega[kh];
    Print["\omega", kh, "*\omega", ks1, "+\omega", ks1, "*\omega", kh, "=", MatrixForm[yf]];
  ]];
Print["-----(*Invariant using ω matrix*)-----"];
s1 = \omega[0] * A0 + \omega[1] * A1 + \omega[2] * A2 + \omega[3] * A3;
y = s1.s1;
Print["(\omega0*A0+\omega1*A1+\omega2*A2+\omega3*A3)*(\omega0*A0+\omega1*A1+\omega2*A2+\omega3*A3)=",
  Simplify[y[[1]]][[1]]];
-----(*\gamma matrix*)------
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$$\gamma \mathbf{1} = \left(\begin{array}{cccc}
0 & 0 & 0 & \dot{n} \\
0 & 0 & \dot{n} & 0 \\
0 & \dot{n} & 0 & 0 \\
\dot{n} & 0 & 0 & 0
\end{array} \right)$$

$$\gamma 3 = \left(\begin{array}{ccccc} 0 & 0 & \dot{\mathbb{1}} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -\dot{\mathbb{1}} \\ \dot{\mathbb{1}} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -\dot{\mathbb{1}} & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right)$$

-----(*Anticommutation relation of γ matrix*)------

$$\gamma \Theta * \gamma \Theta + \gamma \Theta * \gamma \Theta = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\gamma \mathbf{1} * \gamma \mathbf{1} * \gamma \mathbf{1} * \gamma \mathbf{1} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\gamma \mathbf{1} * \gamma \mathbf{3} + \gamma \mathbf{3} * \gamma \mathbf{1} =
\begin{pmatrix}
0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 0 & 0
\end{pmatrix}$$

----(*ω matrix*)------

$$\omega \Theta = \gamma \Theta + \gamma 3 = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & \Theta & \frac{i}{2} & \Theta \\ \Theta & \frac{1}{2} & \Theta & -\frac{i}{2} \\ \frac{i}{2} & \Theta & -\frac{1}{2} & \Theta \\ \Theta & -\frac{i}{2} & \Theta & -\frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\omega \mathbf{1} = \gamma \mathbf{1} + \gamma \mathbf{1} = \left(\begin{array}{cccc} \mathbf{0} & \mathbf{0} & \mathbf{0} & \dot{\mathbf{1}} \\ \mathbf{0} & \mathbf{0} & \dot{\mathbf{1}} & \mathbf{0} \\ \mathbf{0} & \dot{\mathbf{1}} & \mathbf{0} & \mathbf{0} \\ \dot{\mathbf{1}} & \mathbf{0} & \mathbf{0} & \mathbf{0} \end{array} \right)$$

$$\omega 2 = \gamma 2 + \gamma 2 = \left(\begin{array}{cccc} 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\omega 3 = \gamma 3 + \gamma 0 = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & 0 & \frac{i}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 & -\frac{i}{2} \\ \frac{i}{2} & 0 & -\frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & -\frac{i}{2} & 0 & -\frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

-----(*Anticommutation relation of ω matrix*)------

$$\omega \mathbf{1} * \omega \mathbf{1} + \omega \mathbf{1} * \omega \mathbf{1} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\omega 2 * \omega 2 + \omega 2 * \omega 2 = \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$$