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(*Title:Compton Scattering Calculation Author:
  Hirokaxzu Maruyama]
  Date: January 2025 Description:
   This code compares Compton scattering calculations
    using:
     1. Conventional 4x4 gamma matrices
      2. Extended 256x256 gamma matrices in
      Minkowski spacetime
      3. Extended 256x256 gamma matrices in curved
      spacetime*)
(*Key Variables:m=mass
   gu[\mu] = gamma matrices (upper index)
    gd[\mu] = gamma matrices (lower index)
     sl[q] = Dirac slash notation for momentum q*)
(*Step 1:Calculate scattering amplitude using
  conventional method*)
(∗Step 2:Convert to Mandelstam variables∗)
(*Step 3:Calculate differential cross section*)
(*Results
 Interpretation:
  -The conventional calculation yields Klein-
   Nishina formula-The 256x256 calculation in
    Minkowski space reproduces the conventional result-
   The curved space calculation shows deviations
    due to metric effects*)
Print[Style["Example of Compton scattering calculation",
   Blue]];
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Print[
  ************
    "1;
Print[
  Style [
   "1.Compton scattering calculation using 4 \gamma
     matrices (4*4) (conventional calculation)",
   Blue11:
( * y matrix (4×4) * )
\mathbf{m} = .;
gu[0] = \{\{1, 0, 0, 0\}, \{0, 1, 0, 0\}, \{0, 0, -1, 0\},
   \{0, 0, 0, -1\}\};
gu[1] = \{\{0, 0, 0, 1\}, \{0, 0, 1, 0\}, \{0, -1, 0, 0\},
   \{-1, 0, 0, 0\}\};
gu[2] = \{\{0, 0, 0, -I\}, \{0, 0, I, 0\}, \{0, I, 0, 0\},
   \{-1, 0, 0, 0\}\};
gu[3] = \{\{0, 0, 1, 0\}, \{0, 0, 0, -1\}, \{-1, 0, 0, 0\},
   \{0, 1, 0, 0\}\};
e4 = IdentityMatrix[4];
gd[0] = 1 * gu[0];
gd[1] = -gu[1];
gd[2] = -gu[2];
gd[3] = -gu[3];
sl[q] = gu[0] * q0 + gu[1] * (-q1) + gu[2] * (-q2) +
   gu[3] * (-q3) + m * e4;
sl[p] = gu[0] * p0 + gu[1] * (-p1) + gu[2] * (-p2) +
   gu[3] * (-p3) + m * e4;
s1[k] = gu[0] * k0 + gu[1] * (-k1) + gu[2] * (-k2) +
   gu[3] * (-k3);
sl[j] = gu[0] * j0 + gu[1] * (-j1) + gu[2] * (-j2) +
   gu[3] * (-j3);
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```
ms = m * e4;
s1 = 0; y1 = 0;
s2 = 0; y2 = 0;
s3 = 0; y3 = 0;
54 = 0; y4 = 0;
For [x = 0, x \le 3, x++,
  For [y = 0, y \le 3, y++,
    (*f(s,u)*)
    s1 = Tr[(sl[q]).gu[x].(sl[p] + sl[k]).gu[y].
        (sl[p]).gd[y].(sl[p] + sl[k]).gd[x]];
    (*g(s,u)*)
    s2 = Tr[(sl[q]).gu[y].(sl[p] - sl[j]).gu[x].
        (sl[p]).gd[x].(sl[p] - sl[j]).gd[y]];
    (*f(u,s)*)
    s3 = Tr[(sl[q]).gu[x].(sl[p] + sl[k]).gu[y].
        (sl[p]).gd[x].(sl[p] - sl[j]).gd[y]];
    (*g(S,U)*)
    s4 = Tr[(s1[q]).gu[y].(s1[p] - s1[j]).gu[x].
        (sl[p]).gd[y].(sl[p] + sl[k]).gd[x]];
   y1 = Simplify[y1 + s1, TimeConstraint → 5000];
   y2 = Simplify[y2 + s2, TimeConstraint → 5000];
   y3 = Simplify[y3 + s3, TimeConstraint → 5000];
   y4 = Simplify[y4 + s4, TimeConstraint → 5000];
  ]];
y = .;
T1 =
  Simplify[
   y1 //. \{p1 \to 0, p2 \to 0, k0 \to p3, k1 \to 0, k2 \to 0,
      k3 \rightarrow -p3, q0 \rightarrow p0, q1 \rightarrow p3 * Sqrt[1 - z^2], q2 \rightarrow 0,
      q3 \rightarrow p3 * z, j0 \rightarrow p3, j1 \rightarrow -p3 * Sqrt[1 - z^2],
      j2 \to 0, j3 \to -p3 * z, p0 \to (s + m^2) / (2 Sqrt[s]),
      p3 \rightarrow (s - m^2) / (2 Sqrt[s]), z \rightarrow 1 + t / (2 p3^2),
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t \to 2 m^2 - s - u ]; (*f(s,u)*)
T2 =
   Simplify[
     y2 //. \{p1 \to 0, p2 \to 0, k0 \to p3, k1 \to 0, k2 \to 0,
        k3 \rightarrow -p3, q0 \rightarrow p0, q1 \rightarrow p3 * Sqrt[1 - z^2], q2 \rightarrow 0,
        q3 \rightarrow p3 * z, j0 \rightarrow p3, j1 \rightarrow -p3 * Sqrt[1 - z^2],
        12 \rightarrow 0, 13 \rightarrow -p3 * z, p0 \rightarrow (s + m^2) / (2 Sqrt[s]),
        p3 \rightarrow (s - m^2) / (2 Sqrt[s]), z \rightarrow 1 + t / (2 p3^2),
        t \to 2 \, m^2 - s - u \} \ ]; (*g(s,u)*)
T3 =
   Simplify[
     y3 //. \{p1 \to 0, p2 \to 0, k0 \to p3, k1 \to 0, k2 \to 0,
        k3 \rightarrow -p3, q0 \rightarrow p0, q1 \rightarrow p3 * Sqrt[1 - z^2], q2 \rightarrow 0,
        q3 \rightarrow p3 * z, j0 \rightarrow p3, j1 \rightarrow -p3 * Sqrt[1 - z^2],
        12 \rightarrow 0, 13 \rightarrow -p3 * z, p0 \rightarrow (s + m^2) / (2 Sqrt[s]),
        p3 \rightarrow (s - m^2) / (2 Sqrt[s]), z \rightarrow 1 + t / (2 p3^2),
        t \rightarrow 2 m^2 - s - u ]; (*f(u,s)*)
T4 =
   Simplify[
     y4 //. \{p1 \rightarrow 0, p2 \rightarrow 0, k0 \rightarrow p3, k1 \rightarrow 0, k2 \rightarrow 0,
        k3 \rightarrow -p3, q0 \rightarrow p0, q1 \rightarrow p3 * Sqrt[1 - z^2], q2 \rightarrow 0,
        q3 \rightarrow p3 * z, j0 \rightarrow p3, j1 \rightarrow -p3 * Sqrt[1 - z^2],
        j2 \to 0, j3 \to -p3 * z, p0 \to (s + m^2) / (2 Sqrt[s]),
        p3 \rightarrow (s - m^2) / (2 Sqrt[s]), z \rightarrow 1 + t / (2 p3^2),
        t \to 2 \, m^2 - s - u \} \ ; \ (*g(u,s)*)
Print["f(s,u);", T1];
Print["g(s,u);", T2];
Print["f(u,s);", T3];
Print["g(u,s); ", T4];
T5 = (m^2 / (s - m^2)^2) *
     (1*(T1*(1/(s-m^2)^2) +
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(T3 + T4) * (1 / ((s - m^2) * (u - m^2))) +
         T2 * (1 / (u - m^2)^2));
T6 = Pi * T5 * dt;
T7 = FullSimplify[
    ExpandAll[T6 /. s \rightarrow 2 * m * w0 + m^2 /. u \rightarrow -2 * m * w + m^2 /.
       dt \rightarrow (1/Pi) * w^2];
T8 =
  T7 /. Solve [(w0 - w) / (w0 * w) = 1 / m * (1 - Cos[theta]),
      m] // Simplify;
y1 = FullSimplify[
    T8 /. w \rightarrow w0 * u / (u + w0 (1 - Cos[theta])) /. w0 \rightarrow \gamma * u /.
     u \rightarrow m];
y2 = y1 / . theta \rightarrow kakudo / . \gamma \rightarrow 0.173 / . kakudo \rightarrow 0;
T9 = T8 / y2;
Print[
   "Scattering cross section of laboratory system
      (conventional calculation); ", T9];
y3 = y1 / y2;
\gamma = 0.173;
Print["\( \gamma = 0.173\); ", y3];
(*Scattering cross section for laboratory system
 (for \gamma = 0.173) *)
Print["\( = 0.173" \);
Plot[y3, {theta, 0, Pi}, PlotStyle → Blue,
 AspectRatio → 0.75, Frame → True,
 PlotRange → {Degree * \{0, 180\}, \{0, 1\}\},
 FrameLabel →
   \{"\Theta", d\Phi / Labeled[d\Omega, Subsuperscript["\gamma", 0, 2], Left]\},
 FrameTicks →
   {{Table[{t, PaddedForm[t, {4, 2}]}, {t, 0, 1, 0.25}],
     None}, {Degree * Table[t, {t, 0, 180, 30}], None}},
 GridLines \rightarrow {Degree * Table[t, {t, 0, 180, 30}],
    Table[t, {t, 0, 1, 0.25}]}]
```

```
Print[
  ************
    "1;
Print[
  Style [
   "2.Compton scattering calculation using \gamma
     matrix (256*256)", Blue]];
(*Find 16 combinations of \gamma matrices (256×256)
that satisfy the anticommutative relationship*)
demoteRank4to2[y ] :=
  Flatten[Map[Flatten, Transpose[y, {1, 3, 2, 4}], {2}],
   11;
pauli8times[g1_, g2_, g3_, g4_, g5_, g6_, g7_, g8_] :=
  demoteRank4to2[
   Outer[Times, demoteRank4to2[
     Outer [Times, demoteRank4to2 [Outer [Times, q1, q2]],
      demoteRank4to2[Outer[Times, g3, g4]]]],
    demoteRank4to2[
     Outer[Times, demoteRank4to2[Outer[Times, g5, g6]],
      demoteRank4to2[Outer[Times, g7, g8]]]]]];
g[1] = \{\{1, 0\}, \{0, -1\}\};
g[2] = \{\{0, -I\}, \{I, 0\}\};
g[3] = \{\{0, 1\}, \{1, 0\}\};
g[0] = \{\{1, 0\}, \{0, 1\}\};
e256 = IdentityMatrix[256];
\gamma uv[0] = pauli8times[g[0], g[0], g[0], g[0], g[0],
   g[0], g[0], g[3]];
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```
\uv[1] =
  I * pauli8times[g[0], g[0], g[0], g[0], g[3], g[2],
    g[2], g[2]];
\uv[2] =
  I * pauli8times [g[0], g[0], g[0], g[1], g[2], g[2],
    g[2], g[2]];
γuv[3] =
  I * pauli8times[g[0], g[0], g[3], g[2], g[2], g[2],
    g[2], g[2]];
\gamma uv[4] =
  I * pauli8times[g[0], g[0], g[0], g[0], g[0], g[0],
    g[0], g[1]];
\gamma uv[5] =
  I * pauli8times[g[0], g[0], g[0], g[0], g[0], g[0],
    g[3], g[2]];
\gamma uv[6] =
  I * pauli8times [g[1], g[2], g[2], g[2], g[2], g[2],
    g[2], g[2]];
\uv[7] =
  I * pauli8times[g[0], g[0], g[1], g[2], g[2], g[2],
    g[2], g[2]];
\gamma uv[8] =
  I * pauli8times[g[0], g[0], g[0], g[0], g[0], g[3],
    g[2], g[2]];
\gamma uv[9] =
  I * pauli8times[g[0], g[0], g[0], g[0], g[0], g[0],
    g[1], g[2]];
\gamma uv[10] =
  I * pauli8times[g[3], g[2], g[2], g[2], g[2], g[2],
    g[2], g[2]];
γuv[11] =
  I * pauli8times[g[0], g[0], g[0], g[0], g[1], g[2],
    g[2], g[2]];
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\uv[12] =
  I * pauli8times[g[0], g[0], g[0], g[0], g[0], g[1],
     g[2], g[2]];
\gamma uv[13] =
  I * pauli8times [g[0], g[1], g[2], g[2], g[2], g[2],
     g[2], g[2]];
\gamma uv[14] =
  I * pauli8times[g[0], g[3], g[2], g[2], g[2], g[2],
     g[2], g[2]];
\gamma uv[15] =
  I * pauli8times[g[0], g[0], g[0], g[3], g[2], g[2],
     g[2], g[2]];
num =
  115 792 089 237 316 195 423 570 985 008 687 907 853 269 984 665 :
   640 564 039 457 584 007 913 129 639 936;
( *Confirm determinant * )
(*16 \gamma matrices (256×256) Calculation to confirm
 that the anticommutative relationship is satisfied*)
yt = 0;
For \lceil kh = 0, kh \leq 15, kh++,
  For [ks1 = 0, ks1 \le 15, ks1++,
   yf = Det[\gamma uv[kh].\gamma uv[ks1] + \gamma uv[ks1].\gamma uv[kh]];
   yt = yf + yt;
   If [kh = ! = ks1 \&\& yf =: num * 16,
     Print["No.", km, ",x=", kh, ",y=", ks1]];
  ]];
If[kh == 16 && ks1 == 16 && yt / num == 16, Print[""],
  Print[
    "y matrix (256*256) 16 pieces Anti-commutation
      relation confirmation NG"]];
```

```
(*Set weighing*)
Print[
  Style[
    "2.1.Calculation using 4 γ matrices (256*256)
      under Minkowski spacetime", Blue]];
gd[0] = 1;
gd[1] = 1;
gd[2] = 1;
gd[3] = 1;
gd[4] = 0;
gd[5] = 0;
gd[6] = 0;
gd[7] = 0;
gd[8] = 0;
gd[9] = 0;
gd[10] = 0;
gd[11] = 0;
gd[12] = 0;
gd[13] = 0;
gd[14] = 0;
gd[15] = 0;
m256 = 1 * m;
(∗γ matrix multiplied by metric∗)
For [km1 = 0, km1 \le 15, km1++,
  \gamma u[km1] = -gd[km1] * \gamma uv[km1];
 ];
```

540 = 0; y40 = 0;

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For [km2 = 0, km2 \le 15, km2 + +,
  \forall d[km2] = 1 * \forall u[km2];
 ];
\gamma d[0] = -1 * \gamma u[0];
metric =
   {{-gd[0], gd[10], gd[12], gd[14]},
     {gd[11], gd[1], gd[4], gd[6]},
     {gd[13], gd[5], gd[2], gd[8]},
     {gd[15], gd[7], gd[9], gd[3]}}/gd[0];
Print["Calculate the metric tensor as",
  MatrixForm[metric]];
Print["det (determinant of the metric tensor) = ",
  Det[metric]];
s1[q] = (\gamma u[0] * q0 + \gamma u[1] * -q1 + \gamma u[2] * -q2 +
     \gamma u[3] * -q3 + m256 * e256);
s1[p] = (\gamma u[0] * p0 + \gamma u[1] * -p1 + \gamma u[2] * -p2 +
     \gamma u[3] * -p3 + m256 * e256);
s1[k] = (\gamma u[0] * k0 + \gamma u[1] * -k1 + \gamma u[2] * -k2 + \gamma u[3] * -k3);
sl[j] = (\gamma u[0] * j0 + \gamma u[1] * -j1 + \gamma u[2] * -j2 + \gamma u[3] * -j3);
s10 = 0; y10 = 0;
s20 = 0; y20 = 0;
s30 = 0; y30 = 0;
```

```
For [x = 0, x \le 3, x++,
  For [y = 0, y \le 3, y++,
    (*f(s,u)*)
    s10 = Tr[(sl[q]).\gamma u[x].(sl[p] + sl[k]).\gamma u[y].
        (sl[p]).\gamma d[y].(sl[p] + sl[k]).\gamma d[x]];
    (*g(S,U)*)
    s20 = Tr[(sl[q]).\gamma u[y].(sl[p] - sl[j]).\gamma u[x].
        (sl[p]).\gamma d[x].(sl[p] - sl[j]).\gamma d[y]];
    (*f(u,s)*)
    s30 = Tr[(sl[q]).\gamma u[x].(sl[p] + sl[k]).\gamma u[y].
        (sl[p]).\gamma d[x].(sl[p]-sl[j]).\gamma d[y]];
    (*g(u,s)*)
    s40 = Tr[(sl[q]).\gamma u[y].(sl[p] - sl[j]).\gamma u[x].
        (sl[p]).\gamma d[y].(sl[p] + sl[k]).\gamma d[x]];
    y10 = Simplify[y10 + s10, TimeConstraint → 5000];
    y20 = Simplify[y20 + s20, TimeConstraint → 5000];
    y30 = Simplify [y30 + s30, TimeConstraint \rightarrow 5000];
    y40 = Simplify[y40 + s40, TimeConstraint → 5000];
  ]];
(*Conversion using Mandelstam variables*)
y = .;
T10 = Simplify [y10 / ((m256 / m)^8) //.
     \{p1 \to 0, p2 \to 0, k0 \to p3, k1 \to 0, k2 \to 0, k3 \to -p3,
       q0 \rightarrow p0, q1 \rightarrow p3 * Sqrt[1 - z^2], q2 \rightarrow 0, q3 \rightarrow p3 * z,
       j0 \rightarrow p3, j1 \rightarrow -p3 * Sqrt[1 - z^2], j2 \rightarrow 0,
       j3 \rightarrow -p3 * z, p0 \rightarrow (s + m^2) / (2 Sqrt[s]),
```

 $p3 \rightarrow (s - m^2) / (2 Sqrt[s]), z \rightarrow 1 + t / (2 p3^2),$

 $\{p1 \to 0, p2 \to 0, k0 \to p3, k1 \to 0, k2 \to 0, k3 \to -p3,$

 $t \rightarrow 2 \text{ m}^2 - s - u$, TimeConstraint $\rightarrow 5000$];

 $T20 = Simplify[y20 / ((m256 / m)^8) //.$

```
q0 \rightarrow p0, q1 \rightarrow p3 * Sqrt[1 - z^2], q2 \rightarrow 0, q3 \rightarrow p3 * z,
       j0 \rightarrow p3, j1 \rightarrow -p3 * Sqrt[1 - z^2], j2 \rightarrow 0,
       j3 \rightarrow -p3 * z, p0 \rightarrow (s + m^2) / (2 Sqrt[s]),
       p3 \rightarrow (s - m^2) / (2 Sqrt[s]), z \rightarrow 1 + t / (2 p3^2),
       t \rightarrow 2 \text{ m}^2 - s - u, TimeConstraint \rightarrow 5000];
T30 = Simplify[y30 / ((m256 / m)^8) //.
      \{p1 \to 0, p2 \to 0, k0 \to p3, k1 \to 0, k2 \to 0, k3 \to -p3,
       q0 \to p0, q1 \to p3 * Sqrt[1 - z^2], q2 \to 0, q3 \to p3 * z,
       j0 \rightarrow p3, j1 \rightarrow -p3 * Sqrt[1 - z^2], j2 \rightarrow 0,
       j3 \rightarrow -p3 * z, p0 \rightarrow (s + m^2) / (2 Sqrt[s]),
       p3 \rightarrow (s - m^2) / (2 Sqrt[s]), z \rightarrow 1 + t / (2 p3^2),
       t \rightarrow 2 \text{ m}^2 - s - u, TimeConstraint \rightarrow 5000;
T40 = Simplify [y40 / ((m256 / m)^8) //.
      \{p1 \to 0, p2 \to 0, k0 \to p3, k1 \to 0, k2 \to 0, k3 \to -p3,
       q0 \to p0, q1 \to p3 * Sqrt[1 - z^2], q2 \to 0, q3 \to p3 * z,
       j0 \rightarrow p3, j1 \rightarrow -p3 * Sqrt[1 - z^2], j2 \rightarrow 0,
       j3 \rightarrow -p3 * z, p0 \rightarrow (s + m^2) / (2 Sqrt[s]),
       p3 \rightarrow (s - m^2) / (2 Sqrt[s]), z \rightarrow 1 + t / (2 p3^2),
       t \rightarrow 2 \text{ m}^2 - s - u, TimeConstraint \rightarrow 5000];
Print["f(s,u); ", T10];
Print["g(s,u); ", T20];
Print["f(u,s);", T30];
Print["g(u,s);", T40];
T50 = (m^2/(s-m^2)^2) *
     (1*(T10*(1/(s-m^2)^2) +
           (T30 + T40) * (1 / ((s - m^2) * (u - m^2))) +
           T20*(1/(u-m^2)^2));
T60 = Pi * T50 * dt;
T70 = FullSimplify[
    ExpandAll [
      T60 /. S \rightarrow 2 * m * w0 + m^2 /. u \rightarrow -2 * m * w + m^2 /.
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```
dt \rightarrow (1/Pi) * w^2];
T80 =
  T70 /. Solve[(w0 - w) / (w0 * w) = 1 / m * (1 - Cos[theta]),
     m] // Simplify;
y10 = FullSimplify[
   T80 /. W \rightarrow W0 * u / (u + W0 (1 - Cos[theta])) /. W0 \rightarrow \gamma * u /.
y20 = y10 /. theta \rightarrow kakudo /. \gamma \rightarrow 0.173 /. kakudo \rightarrow 0;
T90 = T80 / y20;
Print[
  "Scattering cross section of laboratory system
     (consistent with conventional calculation
    results); ", T90];
y30 = y10 / y20;
\gamma = 0.173;
Print["Same as above (when \gamma=0.173); ", y30];
Print[
  ************
    "];
Print[
  Style [
   "2.2.Trial calculation example using 16 \gamma
     matrices (256*256) in curved space-time",
   Blue]];
gd[0] = 999 / 1000;
gd[1] = 1;
gd[2] = 1;
gd[3] = 1;
gd[4] = 1/1000;
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```
gd[5] = 1/1000;
gd[6] = 1/1000;
gd[7] = 1/1000;
gd[8] = 1/1000;
gd[9] = 1/1000;
gd[10] = 1/1000;
gd[11] = 1/1000;
gd[12] = 1/1000;
gd[13] = 1/1000;
gd[14] = 1/1000;
gd[15] = 1/1000;
m256 = 1 * m;
(★γ matrix multiplied by metric★)
For [km1 = 0, km1 \le 15, km1++,
  \gamma u[km1] = -gd[km1] * \gamma uv[km1];
 ];
For [km2 = 0, km2 \le 15, km2 + +,
  \gamma d[km2] = 1 * \gamma u[km2];
 1;
\gamma d[0] = -1 * \gamma u[0];
metric =
  {{-gd[0], gd[10], gd[12], gd[14]},
     {gd[11], gd[1], gd[4], gd[6]},
     {gd[13], gd[5], gd[2], gd[8]},
     {gd[15], gd[7], gd[9], gd[3]}}/gd[0];
```

```
Print["Calculate the metric tensor as ",
  MatrixForm[metric]];
Print["det (determinant of the metric tensor) = ",
  Det[metric]];
s100 = 0; y100 = 0;
s200 = 0; y200 = 0;
s300 = 0; y300 = 0;
$400 = 0; y400 = 0;
s1[q] = (\gamma u[0] * q0 + \gamma u[1] * -q1 + \gamma u[2] * -q2 +
     \gamma u[3] * -q3 + m256 * e256);
s1[p] = (\gamma u[0] * p0 + \gamma u[1] * -p1 + \gamma u[2] * -p2 +
     \gamma u[3] * -p3 + m256 * e256);
s1[k] = (\gamma u[0] * k0 + \gamma u[1] * -k1 + \gamma u[2] * -k2 + \gamma u[3] * -k3);
sl[j] = (\gamma u[0] * j0 + \gamma u[1] * -j1 + \gamma u[2] * -j2 + \gamma u[3] * -j3);
For [x = 0, x \le 15, x++,
  For [y = 0, y \le 15, y++,
    (*f(s,u)*)
    s100 = Tr[(sl[q]).\gamma u[x].(sl[p] + sl[k]).\gamma u[y].
        (sl[p]).\gamma d[y].(sl[p] + sl[k]).\gamma d[x]];
    (*g(s,u)*)
    s200 = Tr[(sl[q]).\gamma u[y].(sl[p] - sl[j]).\gamma u[x].
        (sl[p]).\gamma d[x].(sl[p] - sl[j]).\gamma d[y]];
    (*f(u,s)*)
    s300 = Tr[(sl[q]).\gamma u[x].(sl[p] + sl[k]).\gamma u[y].
        (sl[p]).\gamma d[x].(sl[p] - sl[j]).\gamma d[y]];
    (*g(u,s)*)
    s400 = Tr[(sl[q]).\gamma u[y].(sl[p] - sl[j]).\gamma u[x].
        (sl[p]).\gamma d[y].(sl[p] + sl[k]).\gamma d[x]];
    y100 = Simplify[y100 + s100, TimeConstraint → 5000];
```

```
y300 = Simplify [y300 + s300, TimeConstraint \rightarrow 5000];
    y400 = Simplify[y400 + s400, TimeConstraint \rightarrow 5000];
   ]];
(*Conversion using Mandelstam variables*)
y = .;
T100 = Simplify [y100 / ((m256 / m)^8) //.
      \{p1 \to 0, p2 \to 0, k0 \to p3, k1 \to 0, k2 \to 0, k3 \to -p3,
        q0 \to p0, q1 \to p3 * Sqrt[1 - z^2], q2 \to 0, q3 \to p3 * z,
        j0 \rightarrow p3, j1 \rightarrow -p3 * Sqrt[1 - z^2], j2 \rightarrow 0,
        j3 \rightarrow -p3 * z, p0 \rightarrow (s + m^2) / (2 Sqrt[s]),
        p3 \rightarrow (s - m^2) / (2 Sqrt[s]), z \rightarrow 1 + t / (2 p3^2),
        t \rightarrow 2 \text{ m}^2 - s - u, TimeConstraint \rightarrow 5000];
T200 = Simplify[y200 / ((m256 / m)^8) //.
      \{p1 \to 0, p2 \to 0, k0 \to p3, k1 \to 0, k2 \to 0, k3 \to -p3,
        q0 \rightarrow p0, q1 \rightarrow p3 * Sqrt[1 - z^2], q2 \rightarrow 0, q3 \rightarrow p3 * z,
        j0 \rightarrow p3, j1 \rightarrow -p3 * Sqrt[1 - z^2], j2 \rightarrow 0,
        j3 \rightarrow -p3 * z, p0 \rightarrow (s + m^2) / (2 Sqrt[s]),
        p3 \rightarrow (s - m^2) / (2 Sqrt[s]), z \rightarrow 1 + t / (2 p3^2),
        t \rightarrow 2 \text{ m}^2 - s - u, TimeConstraint \rightarrow 5000];
T300 = Simplify[y300/((m256/m)^8)//.
      \{p1 \to 0, p2 \to 0, k0 \to p3, k1 \to 0, k2 \to 0, k3 \to -p3,
        q0 \rightarrow p0, q1 \rightarrow p3 * Sqrt[1 - z^2], q2 \rightarrow 0, q3 \rightarrow p3 * z,
        j0 \rightarrow p3, j1 \rightarrow -p3 * Sqrt[1 - z^2], j2 \rightarrow 0,
        j3 \rightarrow -p3 * z, p0 \rightarrow (s + m^2) / (2 Sqrt[s]),
        p3 \rightarrow (s - m^2) / (2 Sqrt[s]), z \rightarrow 1 + t / (2 p3^2),
        t \rightarrow 2 \text{ m}^2 - s - u, TimeConstraint \rightarrow 5000];
T400 = Simplify[y400/((m256/m)^8)//.
      \{p1 \to 0, p2 \to 0, k0 \to p3, k1 \to 0, k2 \to 0, k3 \to -p3,
        q0 \rightarrow p0, q1 \rightarrow p3 * Sqrt[1 - z^2], q2 \rightarrow 0, q3 \rightarrow p3 * z,
        j0 \rightarrow p3, j1 \rightarrow -p3 * Sqrt[1 - z^2], j2 \rightarrow 0,
        j3 \rightarrow -p3 * z, p0 \rightarrow (s + m^2) / (2 Sqrt[s]),
        p3 \rightarrow (s - m^2) / (2 Sqrt[s]), z \rightarrow 1 + t / (2 p3^2),
```

 $y200 = Simplify[y200 + s200, TimeConstraint \rightarrow 5000];$

$t \rightarrow 2 \text{ m}^2 - s - u$, TimeConstraint $\rightarrow 5000$];

```
Print["f(s,u);", T100];
Print["g(s,u);", T200];
Print["f(u,s); ", T300];
Print["g(u,s);", T400];
T500 = (m^2/(s-m^2)^2) *
    (1*(T100*(1/(s-m^2)^2) +
         (T300 + T400) * (1 / ((s - m^2) * (u - m^2))) +
         T200 * (1 / (u - m^2)^2));
T600 = Pi * T500 * dt;
T700 = FullSimplify[
    ExpandAll[
     T600 /. s \rightarrow 2 * m * w0 + m^2 /. u \rightarrow -2 * m * w + m^2 /.
      dt \rightarrow (1/Pi) * w^2];
T800 =
  T700 /. Solve[(w0 - w) / (w0 * w) = 1 / m * (1 - Cos[theta]),
      m] // Simplify;
y100 = FullSimplify[
    T800 /. W \to W0 * u / (u + W0 (1 - Cos[theta])) /. W0 \to \gamma * u /.
     u \rightarrow m];
y200 = y100 /. theta \rightarrow kakudo /. \gamma \rightarrow 0.173 /. kakudo \rightarrow 0;
T900 = T800 / y200;
Print[
  "Scattering cross section in a laboratory system
     (trial calculation example using 16 \gamma
     matrices (256*256) for curved space); ", T900];
\gamma = 0.173;
y300 = y100 / y200;
Print["\gamma=0.173; ", y300];
```

```
Print[
  ************
    "1;
Print[
  Style [
   "3.When using four \( \gamma \) matrices under Minkowski
     spacetime (conventional calculation) and
     γ matrix (256*256)\ under curved spacetime.
Comparison of trial calculation examples using
     16 (trial calculation examples in this paper) ",
   Blue]];
Print["\=0.173"];
Plot[{y30, y300}, {theta, 0, Pi},
 PlotStyle \rightarrow {{Red, Dashed}, Blue}, AspectRatio \rightarrow 0.75,
 Frame → True,
 PlotRange → {Degree * \{0, 180\}, \{0, 1\}\},
 PlotLegends →
  Placed[LineLegend[Automatic,
    {"Conventional calculation",
     "Example of calculation for this paper"},
    LabelStyle \rightarrow 8,
    LegendFunction →
      (Framed[#, Background → Opacity[4/4, White]] &),
    LegendLayout \rightarrow "Column"], {{0.987, 0.955}, {1, 0.9}}],
 FrameLabel →
  \{"\Theta", d\Phi / Labeled[d\Omega, Subsuperscript["\gamma", 0, 2], Left]\},
 FrameTicks →
  {{Table[{t, PaddedForm[t, {4, 2}]}, {t, 0, 1, 0.25}],
    None}, {Degree * Table[t, {t, 0, 180, 30}], None}},
 GridLines \rightarrow {Degree * Table[t, {t, 0, 180, 30}],
   Table[t, {t, 0, 1, 0.25}]}]
```

Example of Compton scattering calculation

1.Compton scattering calculation using

4 γ matrices (4*4) (conventional calculation)

$$f(s,u)$$
; $8(m^4 - su + m^2(3s + u))$

$$g(s,u)$$
 ; $8(m^4 - su + m^2(s + 3u))$

$$f(u,s)$$
; $8 m^2 (2 m^2 + s + u)$

$$g(u,s)$$
; $8m^{2}(2m^{2}+s+u)$

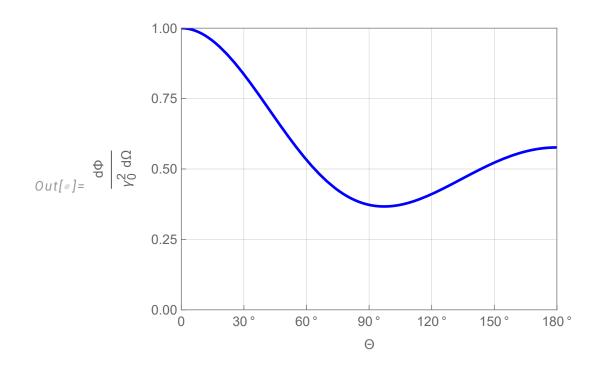
Scattering cross section of

laboratory system (conventional calculation);

$$\left\{\frac{\text{0.25 w } \left(2 \text{ w}^2 - \text{w w0} + 2 \text{ w0}^2 + \text{w w0 Cos} [2 \text{ theta}]\right)}{\text{w0}^3}\right\}$$

 $\gamma = 0.173$;

 $\gamma = 0.173$



2.Compton scattering calculation using γ matrix (256 * 256)

2.1.Calculation using 4 γ matrices (256*256) under Minkowski spacetime

Calculate the metric tensor as $\begin{vmatrix} -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{vmatrix}$

det (determinant of the metric tensor) = -1

$$f(s,u)$$
; 512 $(m^4 - s u + m^2 (3 s + u))$

$$g(s,u)$$
; 512 $(m^4 - s u + m^2 (s + 3 u))$

$$f(u,s)$$
; 512 $m^2 (2 m^2 + s + u)$

$$g(u,s)$$
; 512 $m^2(2m^2 + s + u)$

Scattering cross section of laboratory system (consistent with conventional calculation results);

$$\left\{\frac{\text{0.25 w } \left(2 \text{ w}^2 - \text{w w0} + 2 \text{ w0}^2 + \text{w w0 Cos} \left[2 \text{ theta}\right]\right)}{\text{w0}^3}\right\}$$

```
Same as above (when \gamma=0.173);
    { (0.125 (1.45043 Cos[theta] - 2.40586 (3 + Cos[2 theta]) +
                          0.173 \cos [3 \text{ theta}])) / (-1.173 + 0.173 \cos [\text{theta}])^3
 **********
2.2. Trial calculation example using
       16 \gamma matrices (256*256) in curved space-time
Calculate the metric tensor as
                                                                                                                                              333 667
det (determinant of the metric tensor) = -
                                                                                                                                              332 667
f(s,u); ((7980007911802121000000m<sup>6</sup>+
                   8\,023\,980\,511\,427\,065\,864\,560\,121\,\text{m}^4\,\text{s} +
                   998\,001\,s^2\,(7\,980\,007\,911\,802\,121\,s\,-\,7\,984\,111\,896\,338\,000\,000\,u)\,+
                   2 \, \text{m}^2 \, \text{s} \, (11\,924\,209\,592\,616\,455\,593\,060\,121\, \text{s} \, + \,
                              3 992 055 948 169 000 000 000 000 u) /
             (15 625 000 000 000 000 000 000 s)
g(s,u);
     (15952068136315560121 \, \text{m}^8 - 119700567320357143879758 \, \text{m}^6 \, \text{s} - 1197005673203579769 \, \text{s} - 1197005673203579799 \, \text{s} - 1197005673203579 \, \text{s} - 119700567320359 \, \text{s} - 1197005679 \, \text{s} - 119
                   7992091904249802121000000 s^3 u + 10000000 m^2 s^2
                       (7\,992\,091\,904\,249\,802\,121\,s\,+\,23\,968\,119\,752\,553\,268\,330\,u)\,\,+\,
                   m^4 s (8047920759019647647560121s +
                              7 948 103 807 850 113 000 000 u) /
             (\, {\tt 15\,625\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,\,s^2} \,) \,\,)
f(u,s);
     ( ( - 39 916 304 183 972 593 384 143  m^6 + 15 824 239 447 735 098 191 231 714
                      m^4 s - 103784361508242000000 s^2 u +
                   m^2 s (7992107975706243354615857s+
                              8 032 024 279 890 215 948 000 000 u) /
             (15 625 000 000 000 000 000 000 s)
```

```
g(u,s);
 ( (-39\,916\,304\,183\,972\,593\,384\,143\,m^6\,+\,15\,824\,239\,447\,735\,098\,191\,231\,714\,
         m^4 s - 103784361508242000000 s^2 u +
       m^2 s (7 992 107 975 706 243 354 615 857 s +
            8\,032\,024\,279\,890\,215\,948\,000\,000\,u) ) /
     Scattering cross section in a laboratory system
     (trial calculation example using 16 γ matrices
    (256*256) for curved space); \left\{\frac{1}{w0^3 \left(2 + \frac{w (-1 + Cos[theta])}{w - w0}\right)^2}\right\}
    5.69504 \times 10^{-26} \text{ w} \left[ 4 \left( 7.968.151.656.657.220.338.000.000 \text{ w}^2 + 1.0000 \right) \right]
             7 756 487 152 969 944 560 121 w w0 +
             7\ 992\ 091\ 904\ 249\ 802\ 121\ 000\ 000\ w0^2 \Big)\ +
         \frac{1}{w - w0} 4 w (7 960 171 536 816 830 507 000 000 w<sup>2</sup> +
               15 987 774 802 845 509 503 180 363 w w0 -
               7\,987\,926\,211\,246\,666\,096\,115\,857\,w0^2\big)\ (-1+Cos[theta])\ +
          \frac{1}{(W-W0)^2} W (7 936 231 177 295 661 014 000 000 W<sup>3</sup> +
               95 824 153 742 139 871 320 281 573 w<sup>2</sup> w0 -
               119632464499484019364158570 \text{ w } \text{w} 0^2 +
               32\,016\,040\,511\,572\,915\,977\,560\,121\,w0^3) (-1 + Cos[theta])^2 +
          \frac{1}{(w-w0)^3} w<sup>2</sup> (-7980119840389831000000w^3 +
               47 880 332 311 865 183 760 360 726 w<sup>2</sup> w0 -
               79\,640\,611\,701\,156\,519\,183\,926\,856\,w\,w0^2\,+
               31960164279816662462120242 w0^3) (-1 + Cos[theta])^3 +
         \frac{1}{\left(w-w\theta\right)^4} 3 w^3 w\theta (2658692000010712105186707 w^2 -
               5 301 391 935 797 679 443 077 238 w w0 +
               2658692000010712105186707w0^{2} (-1 + Cos[theta])<sup>4</sup>
```

$$\gamma = 0.173$$
;

$$\left\{ 1.90285 \times 10^{-24} \left(7.98326 \times 10^{24} + \frac{1.07403 \times 10^{25}}{\left(1.173 - 0.173 \, \text{Cos} \, [\text{theta}] \, \right)^2} - \frac{2.37098 \times 10^{23}}{\left(-1.173 + 0.173 \, \text{Cos} \, [\text{theta}] \, \right)^3} + \frac{1.84352 \times 10^{25}}{-1.173 + 0.173 \, \text{Cos} \, [\text{theta}]} \, \right) \right\}$$

3.When using four γ matrices under Minkowski spacetime (conventional calculation) and γ matrix (256*256) under curved spacetime. Comparison of trial calculation examples using 16 (trial calculation examples in this paper)

$\gamma = 0.173$

