창의적 소프트웨어 설계



6 주차 실습 - Overloading and Friend

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Overview

목표

- Operator Overloading
- Friend Class and Function

Operator Overloading

- ◆ Argument 에 의해 분리
 - int operator+ (int n, int m){ ... }
 - int operator+ (double n, double m){ .. }

- ◆ const 에 의해 분리
 - int operator+ (int n, int m){ ... }
 - const int operator+ const (int n, int m){ .. }

Friend Class and Function

- one-way!
- why do we need a "friend"?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string>
class Complex;
class Tester
public:
  double testfunc(Complex& c);
};
```

```
struct Complex
public:
  Complex() : real(0.0), imag(0.0) {}
  Complex(double v) : real(v), imag(0.0) {}
  Complex(double r, double i) : real(r), imag(i) {}
  Complex(const Complex& c) : real(c.real), imag(c.imag) {}
  Complex& operator = (const Complex& c){
     real = c.real, imag = c.imag;
     return *this;
  Complex operator+ () const { return *this; }
  Complex operator- () const { return Complex(-real, -imag); }
```

```
double& operator[] (int i) {
  printf("no const\n");
  return i == 0? real: imag;
const double& operator[] (int i) const {
  printf("const\n");
  return i == 0? real: imag;
void show(std::string sz_prefiex){
  printf("[%s] real: %lf, imag: %lf\n", sz_prefiex.c_str(), real, imag);
```

```
private:
    double real, imag;

friend Complex operator+ (const Complex& Ihs, const Complex& rhs);
    friend bool operator< (const Complex& Ihs, const Complex& rhs);

friend double Tester::testfunc(Complex &c);
};</pre>
```

```
double Tester::testfunc(Complex& c){
  printf("[Tester] %lf, %lf", c.real, c.imag);
  return c.real;
Complex operator+ (const Complex& lhs, const Complex& rhs) {
  return Complex(lhs.real + rhs.real, lhs.imag + rhs.imag);
bool operator< (const Complex& Ihs, const Complex& rhs){</pre>
  return lhs.real < rhs.real && lhs.imag < rhs.imag;
```

```
int Test(){
  Complex a(11.0, 2.0), b(2.0, 5.0), c;
  const Complex cc(33.0, 11.0);
  Tester t;
  // overloading test
  a[n];
  cc[1];
  c = a + b;
  c.show("c = a + b");
  (a+b).show("(a+b)");
  // friend test
  t.testfunc(a);
  return 0;
```

```
int main(){
  Test();

return 0;
}
```

참고자료

1. friend class, http://genesis8.tistory.com/98



Appendix #1. Static Member Function

```
#include <iostream>
class StrTest{
private:
  int iTest;
  static int m version;
public:
  int pubTest;
  static int getVersion(){
     m version = 10;
     return m version;
  StrTest(){
     std::cout << "constructor" << std::endl;
  ~StrTest(){
     std::cout << "destructor" << std::endl:
};
```

```
int StrTest::m_version;
int main(){
    StrTest* st = new StrTest();
int result = StrTest::getVersion();

std::cout << "Result Version : " << result << std::endl;

delete st;
    return 0;
}</pre>
```