

Symbolic Execution

Problem 2. Symbolic Execution. Consider the code shown here.

```
0.  foo(int x, int y){  
1.    if( x > y){  
2.        x = x + y;  
3.        y = x - y;  
4.        x = x - y;  
5.    }  
6.    if(x > y){  
7.        assert(false);  
8.    }  
9. }
```

Complete the following:

- i. For these four function calls, what are the values of **x** and **y** when the concrete execution has exited the if-block at line 5 and is about to execute line 6?
 - a. `foo(10,20)`
 - b. `foo(42,42)`
 - c. `foo(20, 10)`
 - d. `foo(16,15)`
- ii. Describe in words what this program does.
- iii. Let **X** and **Y** be symbolic values representing **x** and **y**. Draw the symbolic execution tree that results from symbolically executing `foo(X,Y)`.
- iv. According to your symbolic execution tree, is it possible for there to be an assertion violation? If yes, provide concrete values of **x** and **y** that would cause the error. (Assume that we think of **x** and **y** as infinite precision integers. I.e. there is no integer overflow.)