Lab 6 Submission Sheet

Keep answers as short as possible while still meeting specifications. Submit as a PDF.

Team Number:

Team Member Names:

## Measured Calibration Curve for Wind Tunnel Fan Speed vs. Air Velocity

Effort:

* ☐ Present
* ☐ Includes zero speed calibration measurements

Complete:

* ☐ Discusses what to do with zero speed measurements. That transform is reflected in final calibration curve.
* ☐ Calibration curve shows correct numbers.
* ☐ Calibration curve shows correct regression line and uncertainty bounds.

## Plots of Drag Forces on Cylindrical Objects

This section calls for eighteen total graphs:

* Nose 1 measured drag force vs. Reynolds number.
* Nose 1 measured coefficient of drag vs. Reynolds number.
* Nose 1 simulated drag force vs. Reynolds number.
* Nose 1 simulated coefficient of drag vs. Reynolds number.
* Nose 1 simulated velocity profile.
* Nose 1 simulated pressure contour plot.
* Nose 2 measured drag force vs. Reynolds number.
* Nose 2 measured coefficient of drag vs. Reynolds number.
* Nose 2 simulated drag force vs. Reynolds number.
* Nose 2 simulated coefficient of drag vs. Reynolds number.
* Nose 2 simulated velocity profile.
* Nose 2 simulated pressure contour plot.
* Nose 3 measured drag force vs. Reynolds number.
* Nose 3 measured coefficient of drag vs. Reynolds number.
* Nose 3 simulated drag force vs. Reynolds number.
* Nose 3 simulated coefficient of drag vs. Reynolds number.
* Nose 3 simulated velocity profile.
* Nose 3 simulated pressure contour plot.

Effort:

* ☐ Graphs are present for at least one nose cone
* ☐ Calibration information, the zero fan speed lift and drag, is reported.
* ☐ Reference area used for finding drag coefficients is reported.

Complete:

* ☐ All plots show correct values.
* ☐ Calibration information and reference area are correct.
* ☐ Discussion of differences between simulations and measurements lists plausible factors that could cause discrepancies.

## Plots of Drag Forces on Scale Robot Model

This section calls for four total graphs

* Measured drag force vs. Reynolds number
* Measured drag coefficient vs. Reynolds number
* Simulated drag force vs. Reynolds number
* Simulated drag coefficient vs. Reynolds number

Effort:

* ☐ All four graphs are present
* ☐ Calibration information, the zero fan speed lift and drag, is reported.
* ☐ Reference area used for finding drag coefficients is reported.

Complete:

* ☐ All plots show correct values.
* ☐ Calibration information and reference area are correct.
* ☐ Discussion of differences between simulations and measurements lists plausible factors that could cause discrepancies.
* ☐ Explanation of how similitude lets us use a scale model of the robot in the wind tunnel and a full-sized model of the robot in simulated water flow.

## Plots of Lift and Drag for Flat Plate and NACA Airfoils at Different Angles of Attack

This section calls for six total graphs.

* Flat plate lift force vs. Reynolds number
* Flat plate coefficient of lift vs. Reynolds number
* Flat plate pressure contour plot
* NACA airfoil lift force vs. Reynolds number
* NACA airfoil coefficient of lift vs. Reynolds number
* NACA airfoil pressure contour plot vs. Reynolds number

Effort:

* ☐ The flat plate graphs are present.
* ☐ Includes a reference area and reference length for the flat plate measurements with one sentence of justification.

Complete:

* ☐ All plots are present.
* ☐ All performance numbers are reported
  + Pressure on the bottom of the flat plate wing compare to the top of the flat plate wing at a 15 degree angle of attack
  + NACA 6412 wing’s Coefficient of Lift compared to the flat plate at an angle of attack of 15 degrees
  + Pressure differences between the top and bottom surfaces of the NACA 6412 wing compare to the pressure difference on the flat plate at 45 m/s and a 15 degree angle of attack
* ☐ Brief (4 sentence) discussion considering performance numbers and comparing NACA airfoil to flat plate wing.