

科目：國文、英文（只節錄英文部分）

第一部分：選擇題

21. After climbing the mountain, Ronald eventually _____ his fear of heights.
(A) explained (B) depended (C) overcame (D) elected
22. The _____ of this meeting is to decide who the next class leader will be.
(A) goal (B) label (C) production (D) method
23. He doesn't like to listen to _____ about others because most of them aren't true.
(A) barriers (B) activities (C) attempts (D) rumors
24. The company has a standard _____ for dealing with all cases.
(A) interaction (B) procedure (C) achievement (D) harmony
25. Because it is too _____ to take the flight, we just take the train.
(A) expensive (B) convenient (C) cheap (D) express
26. We may _____ many obstacles in the process of learning.
(A) delight (B) converse (C) encounter (D) dazzle
27. Washington, D.C. is the _____ of the United States.
(A) captain (B) gown (C) groom (D) capital
28. I was quite _____ with Mary's description of her poor childhood.
(A) interested (B) excited (C) impressed (D) ignored
29. The best athletes come from _____ the world to join the Olympic Games.
(A) above all (B) all over (C) all right (D) after all
30. The severe typhoon led to serious floods, _____ the village on the hillside.
(A) to destroy (B) and destroy (C) destroyed (D) destroying

31. By the end of this month, the bridge _____.
(A) will have been built (B) would be built
(C) might be built (D) will build
32. _____ data, learning diligently will achieve higher success.
(A) By means (B) According to (C) In addition (D) Rather than
33. I was used to _____ alone, so travelling with friends has been a big adjustment for me to make.
(A) travelling (B) travel (C) to travel (D) travelled
34. The hamburger smells _____ good _____. I can't wait to have a bite.
(A) such, that (B) such, what (C) so, what (D) so, that
35. Waitress: Are you ready to order?
Mr. Liu: Not quite yet.
Waitress: Oh, _____, sir.
(A) I forgot to bring the credit card (B) please come again
(C) take your time (D) the seat is taken
36. Olive: What's the biggest source of pollution? You might be surprised at the answer.
Penny: Plastic bags?
Olive: No, disposable diapers.
Penny: But how come they became a source of pollution?
Olive: _____.
(A) About forty years ago.
(B) They don't break down easily.
(C) Cotton diapers are good for the environment.
(D) People are using fewer disposable diapers.
37. Charles: Hi, Roger. _____.
Roger: Good, thanks for asking. My ankle doesn't hurt anymore.
Charles: That's nice! I think we can play basketball together again soon.
(A) How's your recovery coming along?
(B) What are you searching for?

(C) Who is your best friend?

(D) Why are you mad at me?

38. A: I am looking for a new apartment.

B: My building has some vacancies. Are you interested in them?

A: _____

(A) No. Are you crazy?

(B) Yes. Can you give me more details?

(C) Should I trust you?

(D) Can I repair the house?

39. A: I feel excited about the discount of the department store next week.

B: It sounds great. _____

A: I can't wait to go.

(A) I don't have the budget for shopping.

(B) You should save for the raining day.

(C) I'm afraid we don't have time for shopping.

(D) Maybe we can go shopping together.

40. A: Why are you studying English?

B: The qualification of entering the company is to pass the English Proficiency Examination, so I need to master English as hard as I can.

A: _____

B: Thank you for the suggestion. I'll try it from today on.

(A) Native speakers talk too fast to understand.

(B) Speaking in my native language.

(C) Listening to English broadcast every day helps a lot.

(D) You should cherish your native language more.

第二部分：填空題

1. I'm looking forward to Chinese New Year, and _____ is my younger brother.

(我期待春節到來，我弟弟也是。)

2. I'm not sure if you can rely _____ him to get the job done.
(我不確定你是否能依靠他來完成這份工作。)
3. He never tries to take advantage _____ his colleagues ; instead, he is very generous.
(他從不會試圖占同事的便宜；相反地，他非常慷慨。)
4. Energy from the sun is called _____ energy. People use it to produce heat in different ways.
(來自太陽的能源被叫做太陽能。人們用不同方式來使用它生產熱能。)
5. If I _____ wings, I would fly up to the sky, looking down from the clouds on everything.
(如果我有翅膀，我將能飛至高空從雲端俯瞰所有事物。)
6. It is suggested that everyone should take exercise at _____ three times a week.
(根據建議，每個人應該一個禮拜至少運動三次。)
7. Barry can speak many languages, such _____ English, Spanish and Japanese.
Barry 能說多種語言，例如英文、西班牙文、和日文。)
8. _____ he will attend the meeting next week or not, the meeting will not be canceled.
(無論他是否將在下週參加會議，會議都不會被取消。)
9. To say is one thing and to do is _____.
(說是一回事，做是另一回事。)
10. Either you _____ your brother has to be responsible for this.
(你或你的弟弟，其中一個要為此負責。)



試題答案

第一部分：選擇題

題號	21.	22.	23.	24.	25.	26.	27.	28.	29.	30.
答案	C	A	D	B	A	C	D	C	B	D
題號	31.	32.	33.	34.	35.	36.	37.	38.	39.	40.
答案	A	B	A	D	C	B	A	B	D	C

第二部分：填充題

題號	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
答案	so	on	of	solar	had
題號	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.
答案	least	as	Whether	another	or



試題解析

題次	解析內容
21	【中譯】羅納德在爬過那座山之後，終於克服了他的懼高症。 【解析】(A)解釋 (B)取決於 (C)克服 (D)選舉
22	【中譯】這場會議的目的就是要決定誰將是下一任班長。 【解析】(A)目的 (B)標籤 (C)製造 (D)方法
23	【中譯】他不喜歡聽和別人有關的謠言，因為大多數都不是真的。 【解析】(A)障礙 (物) (B)活動 (C)嘗試 (D)謠言
24	【中譯】那家公司處理所有的情況都有標準程序。 【解析】(A)互動 (B)程序 (C)成就 (D)和諧
25	【中譯】因為搭飛機太貴了，我們就搭火車吧。 【解析】(A)昂貴的 (B)便利的 (C)便宜的 (D)特快的
26	【中譯】我們在學習的過程中可能會遇到許多阻礙。 【解析】(A)使高興 (B)交談 (C)遇到 (D)使感到刺眼
27	【中譯】華盛頓特區是美國的首都。 【解析】(A)隊長 (B)女用禮服 (C)新郎 (D)首都
28	【中譯】我對瑪麗對於自身貧困童年的描述感到印象非常深刻。 【解析】(A)使.....感興趣 (B)使激動 (C)使.....印象深刻 (D)忽視 【補充】be impressed with... 對.....感到印象深刻

- 29 【中譯】最棒的運動員們從世界各地前來參加奧運。
【解析】(A)最重要的是 (B)到處 (C)還可以 (D)畢竟
- 30 【中譯】強烈颱風導致了嚴重的水災，摧毀了那個山坡上的村落。
【解析】本句原應為 The severe typhoon led to serious floods, which destroyed...，為簡化句子可省略關係代名詞 which，並將動詞 destroyed 變成現在分詞即成本句，因此應選 destroying。
- 31 【中譯】到了這個月底，那座橋將已經建好了。
【解析】本句句首有表未來的時間副詞 By the end of this month (到了這個月底)，得知空格時態應採未來完成式，且根據語意，橋應為「被建造」，因此本題應選 will have been built。
- 32 【中譯】根據數據顯示，努力學習會達成比較高的成功。
【解析】(A)錯誤用法 (應為 by means of，表示「藉由」)
(B)根據
(C)錯誤用法 (應為 in addition to，表示「除了.....之外」)
(D)而不是
- 33 【中譯】我以前習慣一個人旅行，因此和朋友一起旅行對我而言已經是一種很大的調整。
【解析】本題考 be used to + V-ing (習慣於.....) 的固定用法，因此應選 travelling。
- 34 【中譯】那個漢堡聞起來很棒，因此我等不及要咬一口。
【解析】英文中表達「如此.....以致於.....」的用法如下：
a. so + adj / adv + that 子句
b. such + N + that 子句
本題第一個空格後的 good (很棒的) 為形容詞，因此應選 so, that。
- 35 【中譯】女服務生：你準備好要點餐了嗎？
劉先生：還沒有。
女服務生：喔，_____，先生。
【解析】(A)我忘了帶信用卡 (B)請再來一次 (C)慢慢來 (D)這個位子有人坐了
- 36 【中譯】奧利佛：最大的汙染來源是什麼？答案可能會讓你感到很驚訝。
佩妮：是塑膠袋嗎？
奧利佛：不，是拋棄式尿布。
佩妮：但為什麼它們會變成汙染的來源呢？
奧利佛：_____
【解析】(A)大約四十年前。
(B)它們不容易分解。

- (C)棉製的尿布對環境有益。
(D)人們將越來越少使用拋棄式尿布。

37 【中譯】查爾斯：嗨，羅傑。_____

羅傑：很好啊，感謝關心。我的腳踝已經不痛了。

查爾斯：太棒了！我想我們很快又可以一起打籃球了。

【解析】(A)你復原的狀況如何？

(B)你在找什麼？

(C)誰是你最好的朋友？

(D)你為什麼對我發脾氣？

38 【中譯】A：我正在找新的公寓。

B：我住的大樓有一些空房。你有興趣嗎？

A：_____

【解析】(A)不。你瘋了嗎？

(B)有啊。你可以提供更多細節嗎？

(C)我應該信任你嗎？

(D)我可以整修這棟房子嗎？

39 【中譯】A：我對於那家百貨公司下星期的折扣感到很興奮。

B：聽起來很棒。_____

A：我等不及要去了。

【解析】(A)我沒有預算可以去逛街。

(B)你應該要未雨綢繆。

(C)我怕我們沒有時間去逛街。

(D)也許我們可以一起去逛街。

40 【中譯】A：你為什麼在讀英文？

B：進入那家公司的資格就是要通過英文能力測驗，所以我必須儘量努力精通英文。

A：_____

B：感謝你的建議。從今天起我會試試看。

【解析】(A)母語者的說話速度太快而無法了解。

(B)用我的母語說話。

(C)每天聽英文廣播節目會很有幫助。

(D)你應該更珍惜你的母語。