

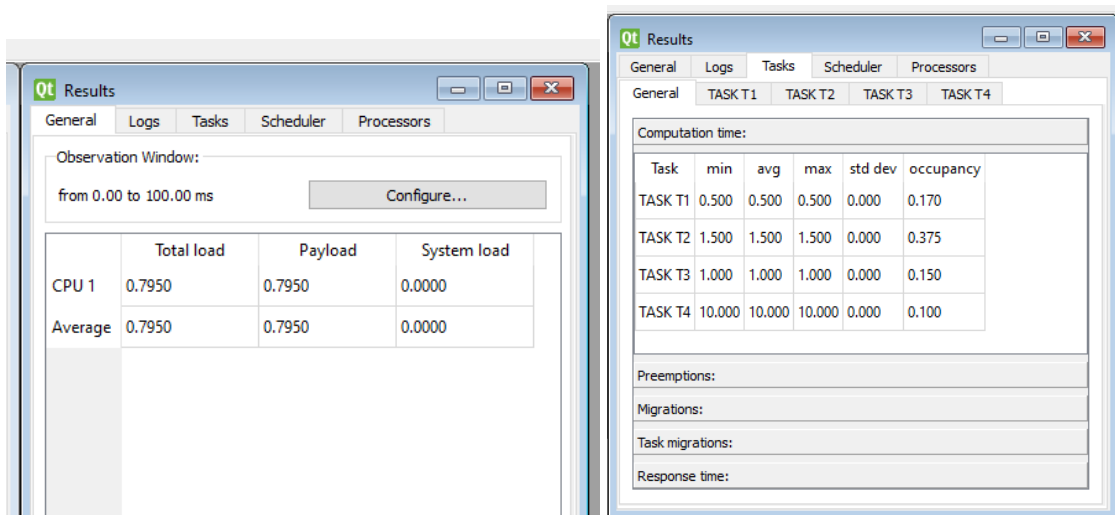
ASSIGNMENT 4

SIMULATION PART

T1(3, 0.5), T2(4, 1.5, 3), T3(7, 1.0, 5) A sporadic job arrives at t=50 having the execution time of 10 and a relative deadline of 30.
Compare EDF with RM

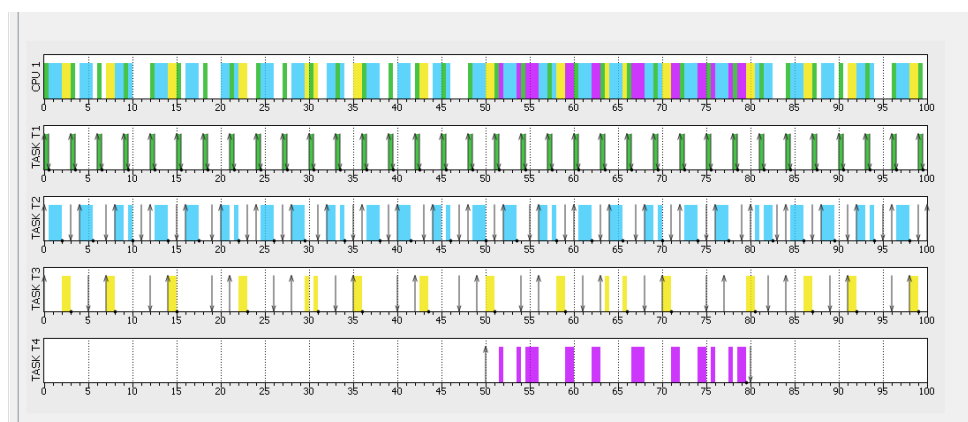
EDF:

- What is the minimum/maximum/average response time of all tasks?



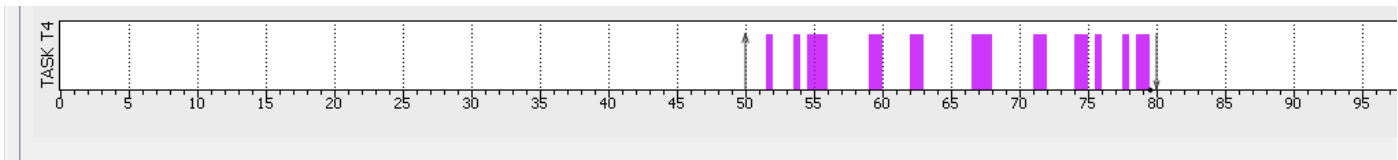
- Is any task missing the deadline? Which task? Where?

no

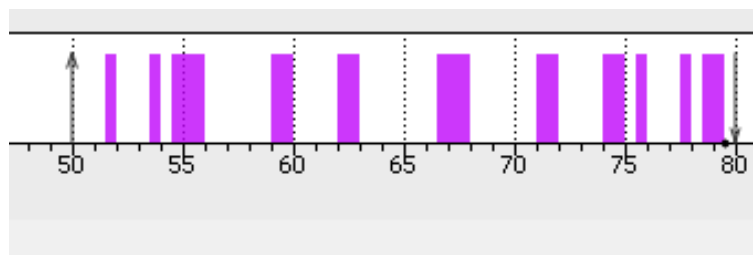


- Is the sporadic job meeting its deadline?

yes



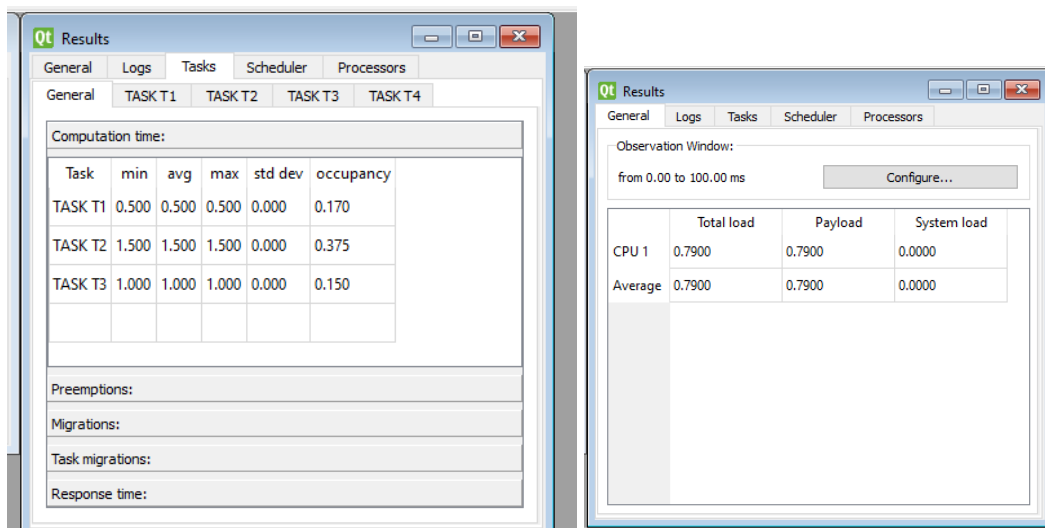
- What is the response time for the sporadic job?



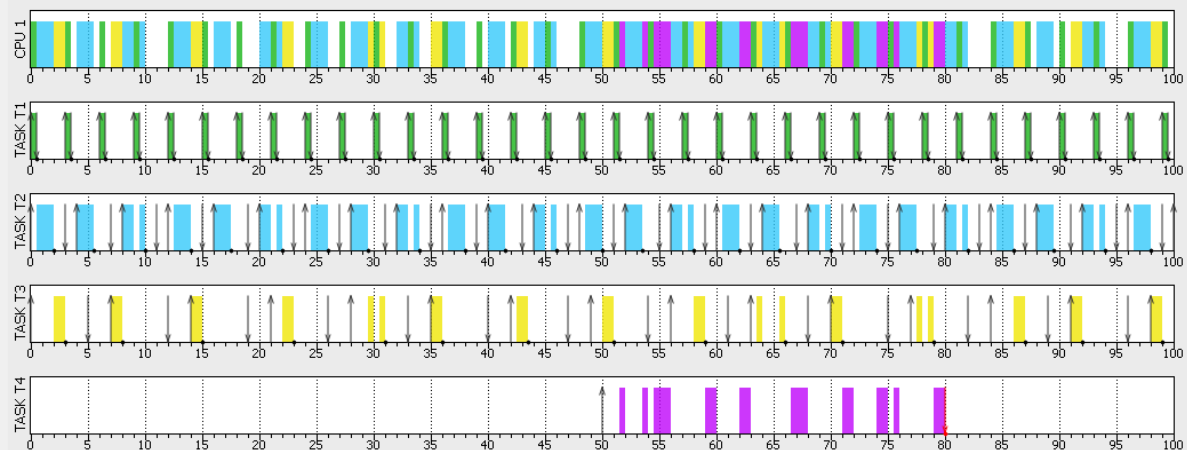
$$79-51=28 \text{ msec}$$

RM

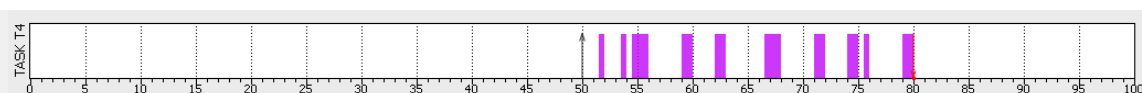
- What is the minimum/maximum/average response time of all tasks?



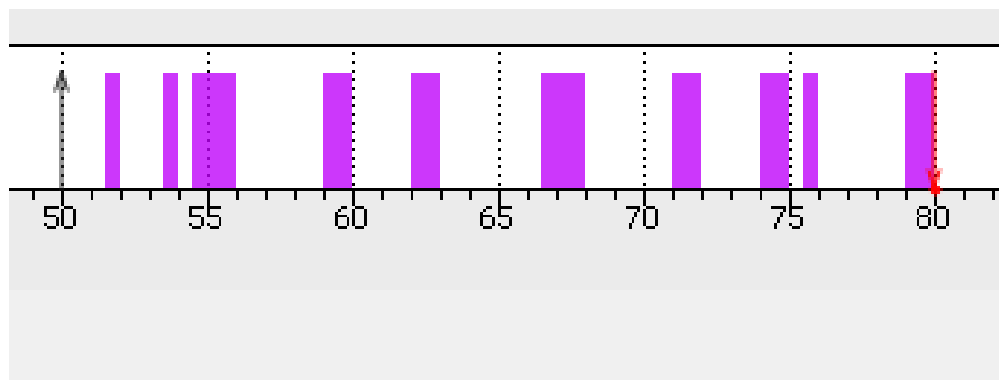
- Is any task missing the deadline? Which task? Where?
- T3 at 80 msec



- Is the sporadic job meeting its deadline?
- YES



- What is the response time for the sporadic job?



$$80-51=29 \text{ msec}$$

- Which scheduler is better in this example; EDF or RM?

EDF

PROGRAMMING PART

Here create a task "matrixtask" containing the functionality given in Assignment 2.

(Copy the C-code from matrixtask in Assignment 2)

-Add a software timer in main() to trigger a software interrupt every 5 seconds.
(Documentation found [Here](#).)

-Define a Timer callback function outside main() with the following

```
functionality:TimerHandle_t t__1;

    t__1=xTimerCreate("Timer1", pdMS_TO_TICKS(5000), pdTRUE, ( void * ) 0,
vTimerCallback );
    xTimerStart(t__1,0);
```

```
/* A variable to hold a count of the number of times the timer expires. */
long lExpireCounters = 0;
void vTimerCallback(TimerHandle_t pxTimer)
{
    printf("Timer callback!\n");
    xTaskCreate((pdTASK_CODE)aperiodic_task, (signed char *)"Aperiodic",
configMINIMAL_STACK_SIZE, NULL, 2, &aperiodic_handle);
    long lArrayIndex;
    const long xMaxExpiryCountBeforeStopping = 10;
    /* Optionally do something if the pxTimer parameter is NULL. */
    configASSERT(pxTimer);
    /* Increment the number of times that pxTimer has expired. */
    lExpireCounters += 1;
    /* If the timer has expired 10 times then stop it from running. */
    if (lExpireCounters == xMaxExpiryCountBeforeStopping) {
        /* Do not use a block time if calling a timer API function from a
        timer callback function, as doing so could cause a deadlock! */
        xTimerStop(pxTimer, 0);
    }
}
```

-Create an aperiodic task using the following functionality:

```
static int ap_period = 0;
/* A variable to hold a count of the number of times the timer expires. */
long lExpireCounters = 0;
xTaskHandle aperiodic_handle;
static void aperiodic_task() {
    ap_running = TRUE;
    printf("Aperiodic task started!\n");
    fflush(stdout);
    long i;
    for (i = 0; i < 1000000000; i++)
        ; //Dummy workload
    printf("Aperiodic task done ,%d!\n", ap_period*portTICK_PERIOD_MS);
    fflush(stdout);
    vTaskDelete(aperiodic_handle);
    ap_running = FALSE;
}
```

- Is the system fast enough to handle all aperiodic tasks? Why?

NO because both tasks take long time with same priority

- If not, solve this problem without alter the functionality of any task

Raise aperiodic task to 3

```
xTaskCreate((pdTASK_CODE) aperiodic_task, (signed char*) "Aperiodic",
            configMINIMAL_STACK_SIZE, NULL, 3, &aperiodic_handle);
```

- What is the response time of the aperiodic task?

17219 ms = 17.219 sec roughly at worst case and most cases between 2 seconds and 7 seconds

	response
1	2066
2	7204
3	2333
4	1224
5	1220
6	1229
	44268
MEAN	MEDIAN
8506.285714	2066

```
void vApplicationTickHook(void) {

    if (matrix_running == TRUE) {
        matrix_period++;
    }

    if (ap_running == TRUE) {
        ap_period++;    }
}
```

- Provide a screenshot of the running system

