

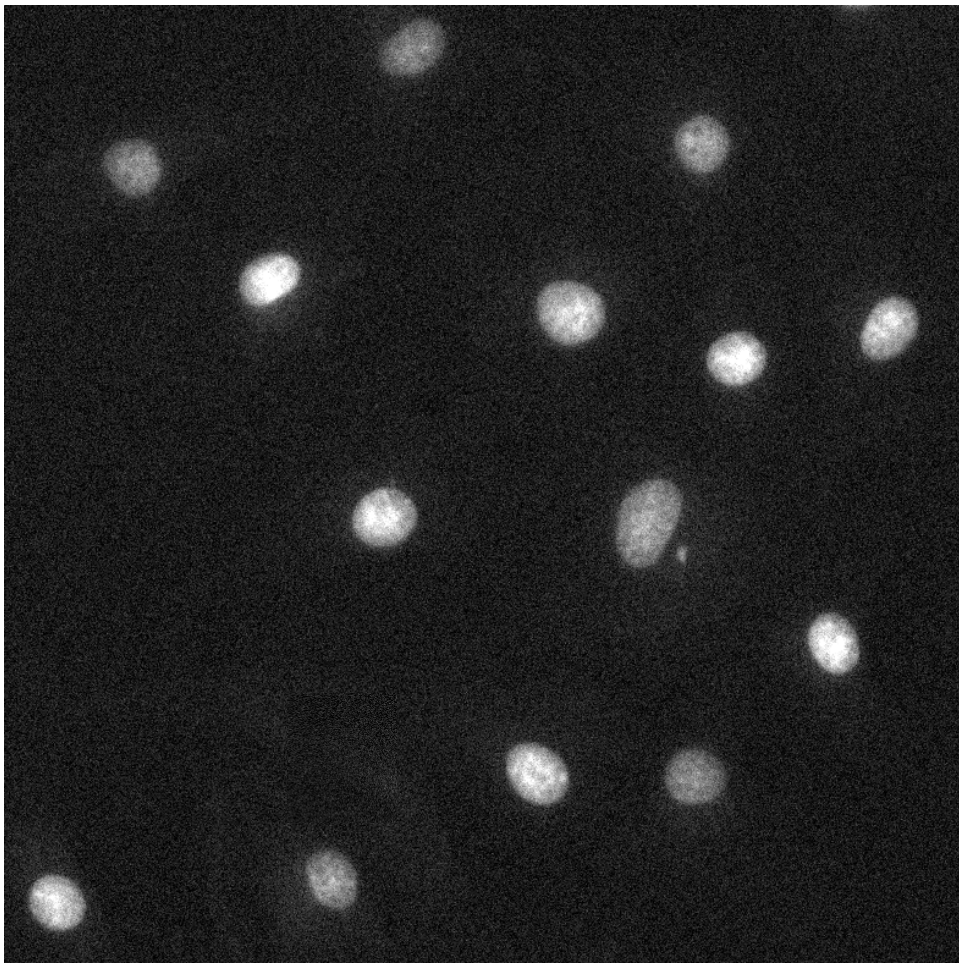


Image Processing

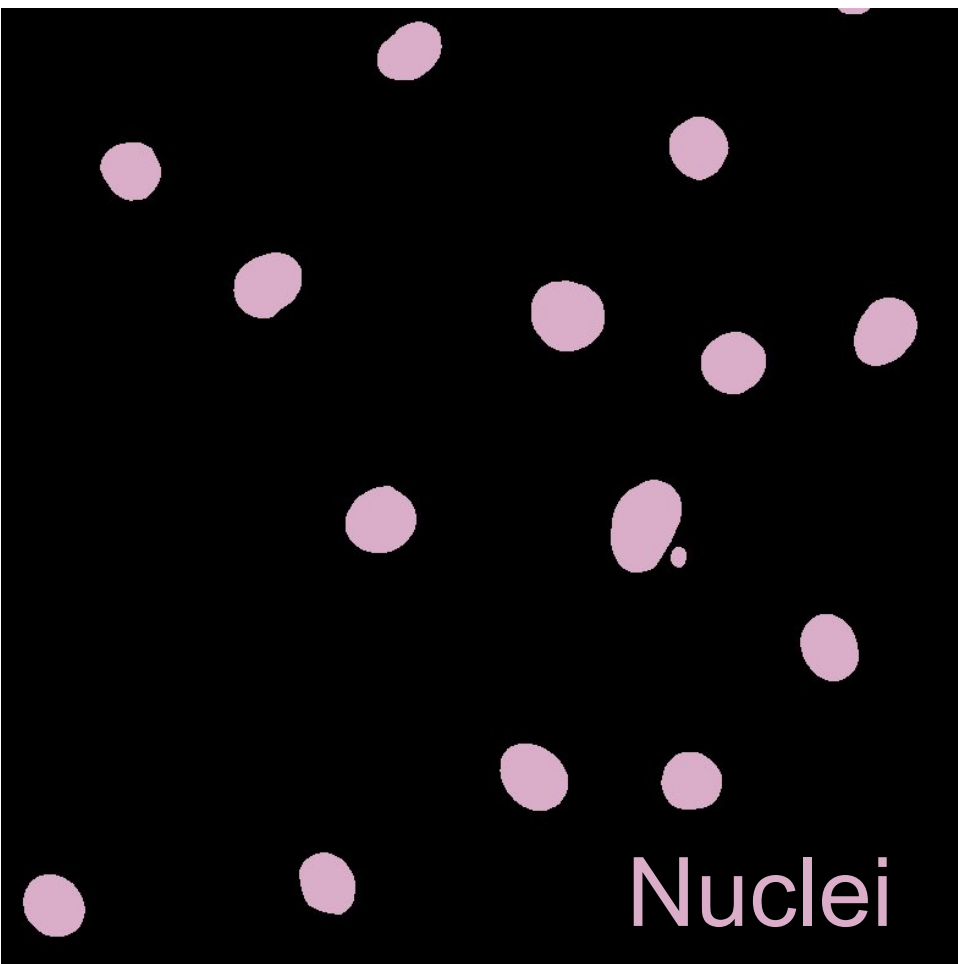
Segmentation

- Segmentation is the **division** of an image into **discrete regions**.

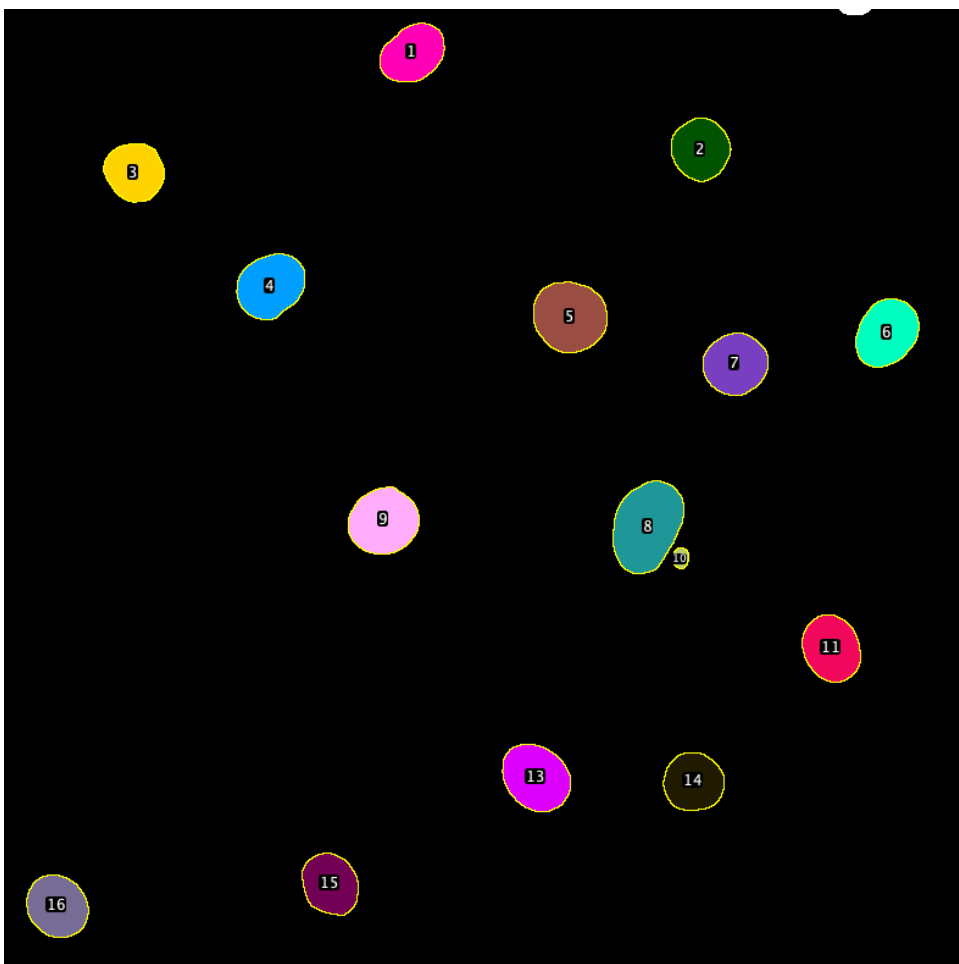
Input



Semantic



Instance



Background

Background

Nucleus 1

Nucleus 2

Nucleus 3

...

How do we get segments?

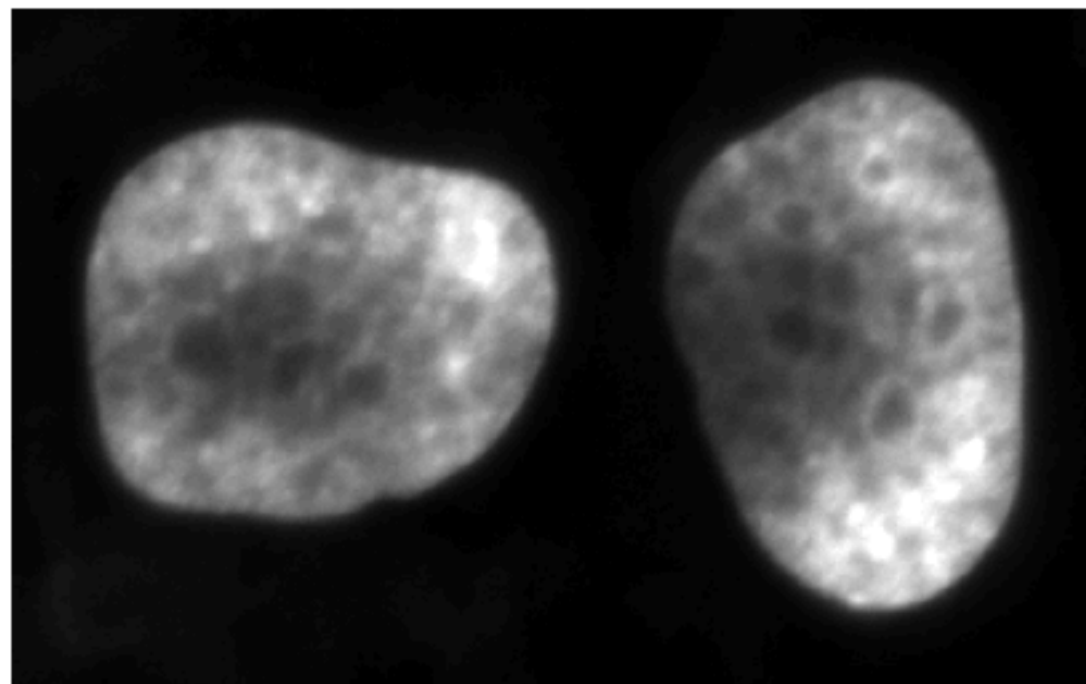


- Thresholding-based
- Interactive tools based on classic machine learning
- Deep-learning based (Stardist, Cellpose)

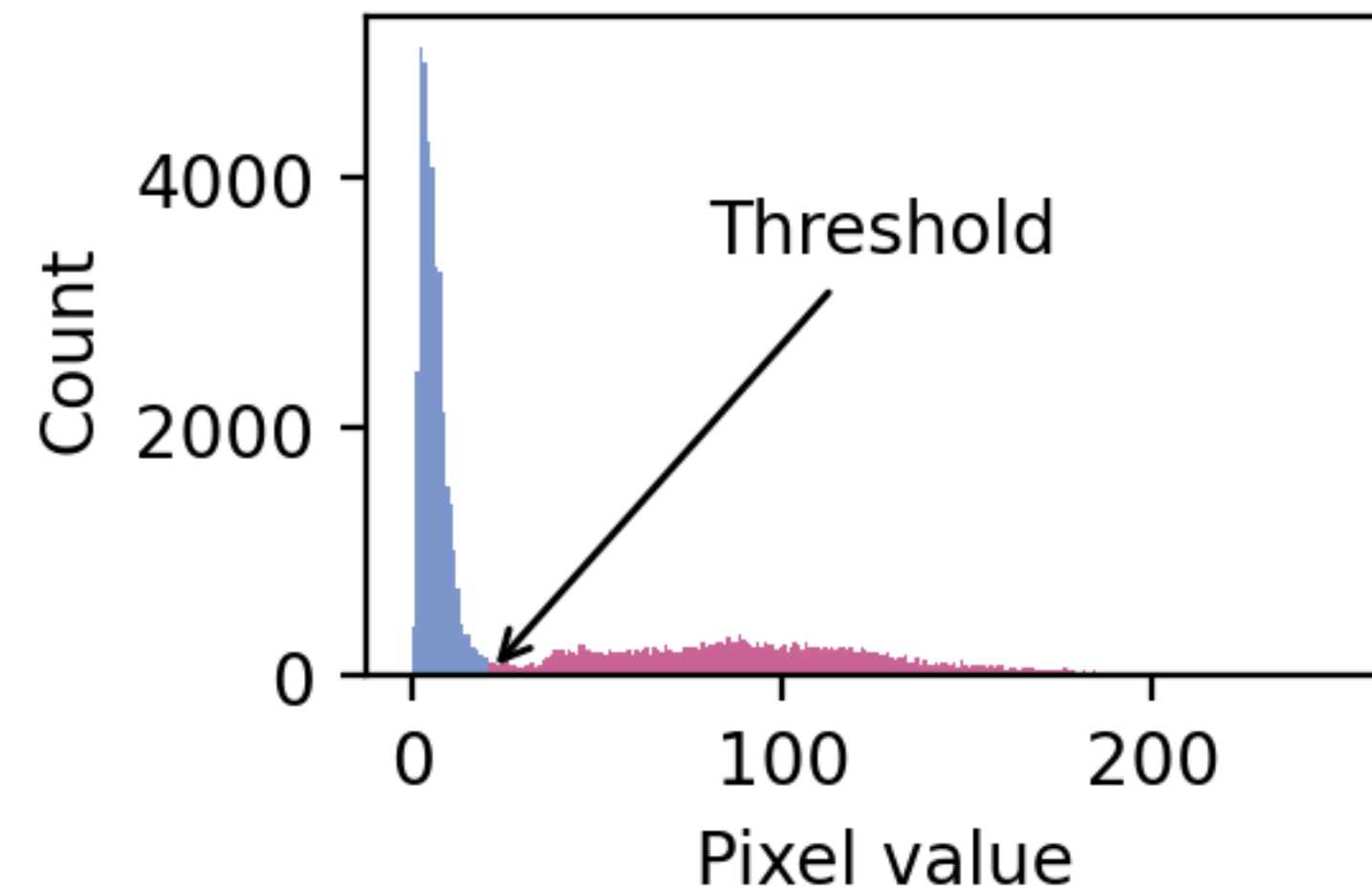
The easiest way to segment an image is often by applying a *global threshold*.

This identifies pixels that are above or below a fixed threshold value, giving a *binary image as the output*.

(A) Image



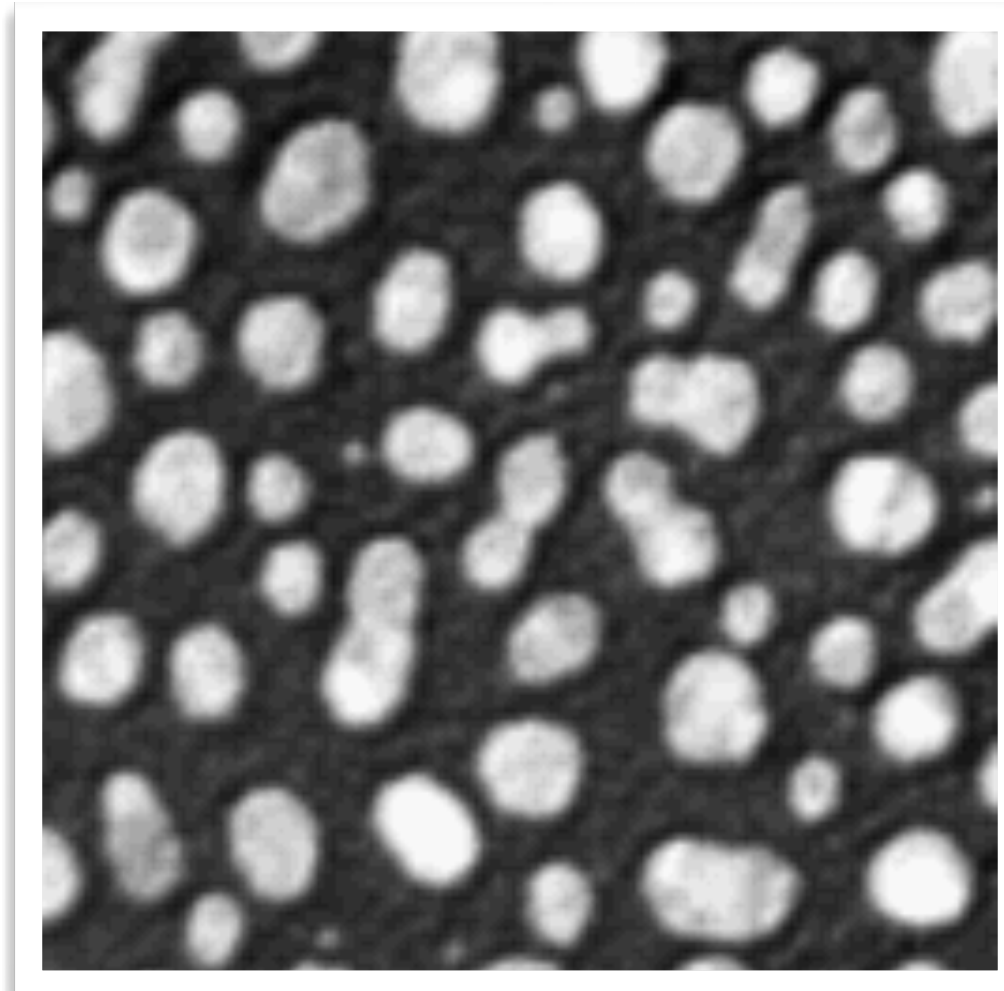
(B) Histogram



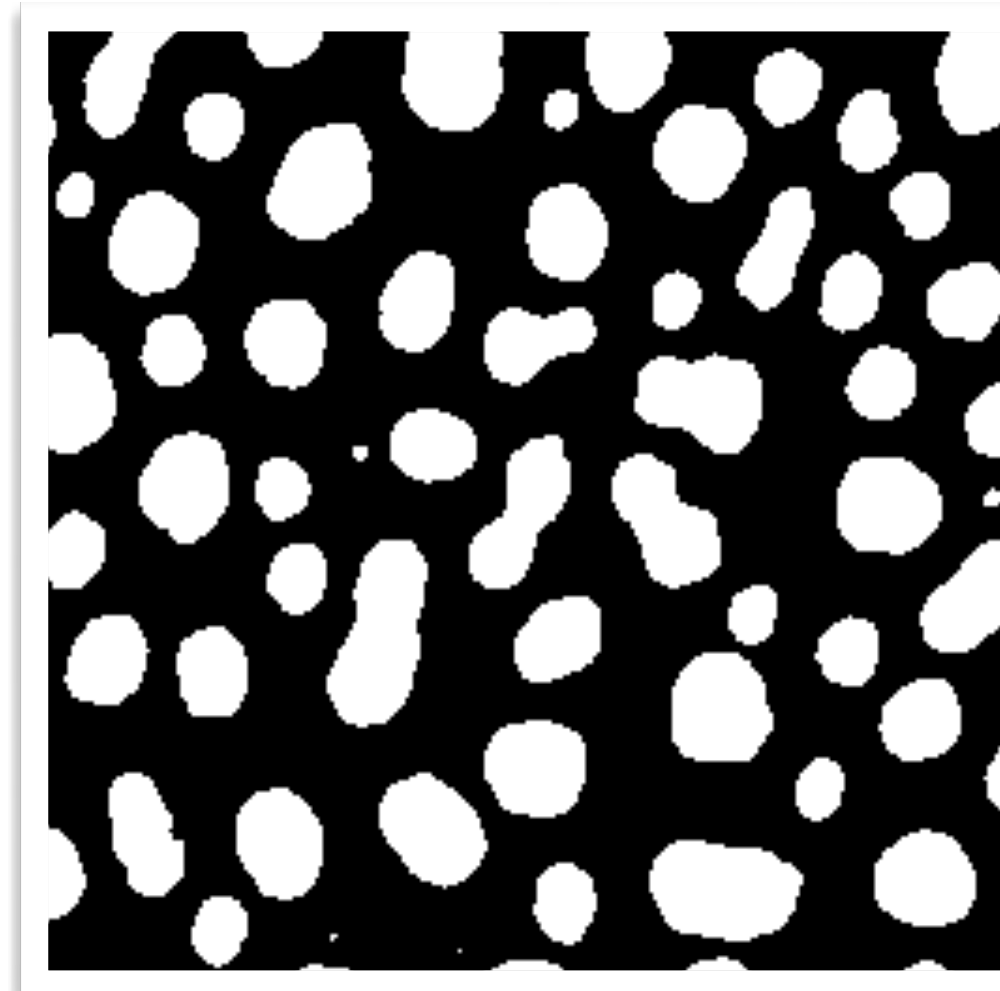
(C) Thresholded



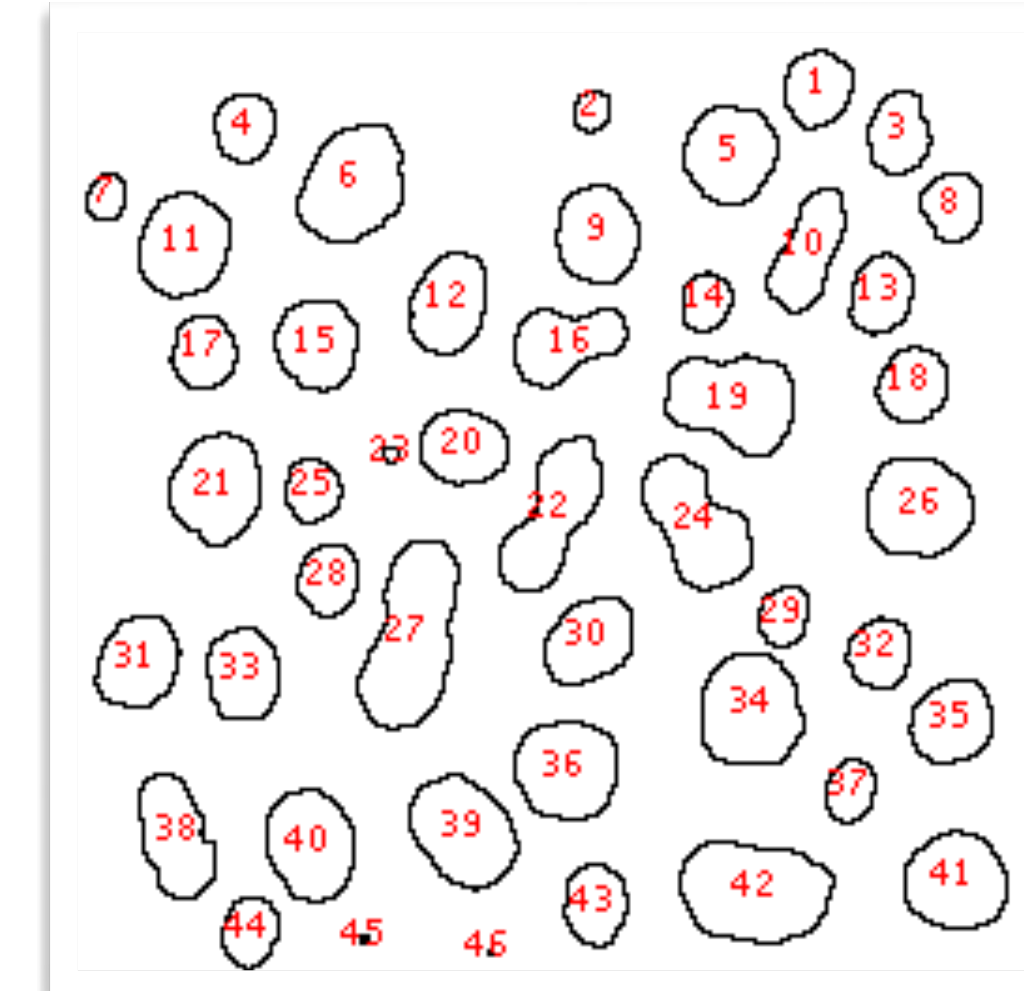
Thresholding



Original, 8 bit grayscale
Blobs: Fiji example



Thresholded



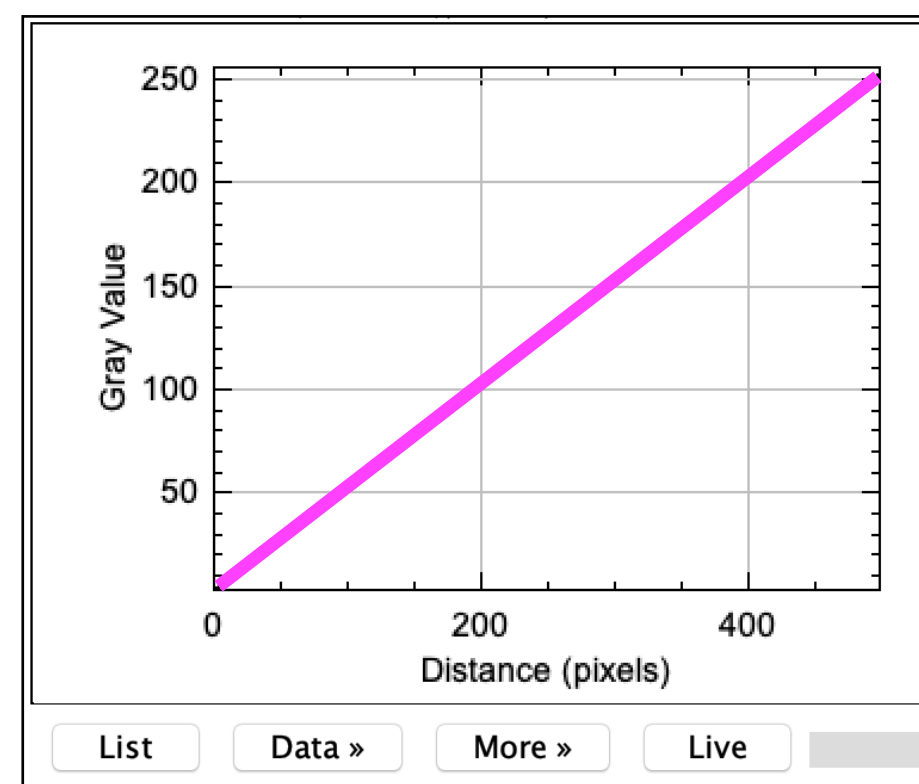
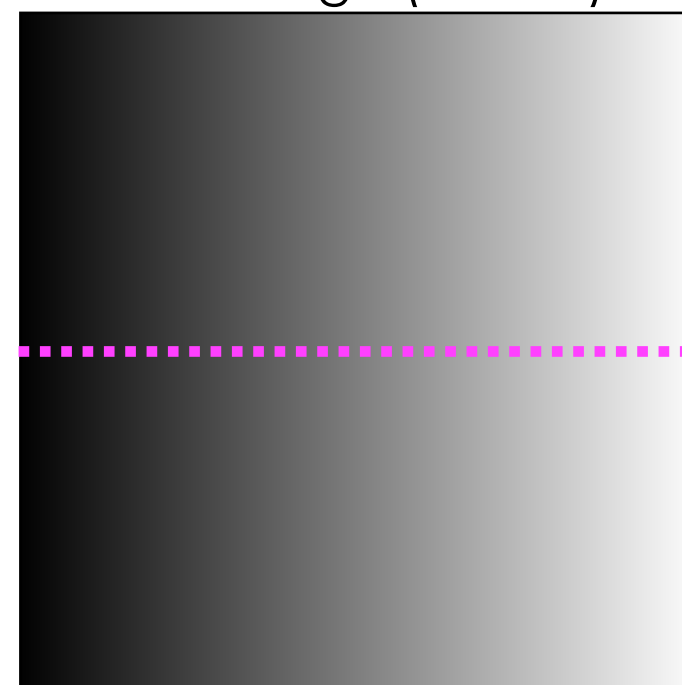
Instance Segmented

Instance Segmentation in FIJI: keeping white (*connected-*) objects.

Thresholding method

Select only a **range** of **digital values** in the image.

8 bit image (0 - 255)

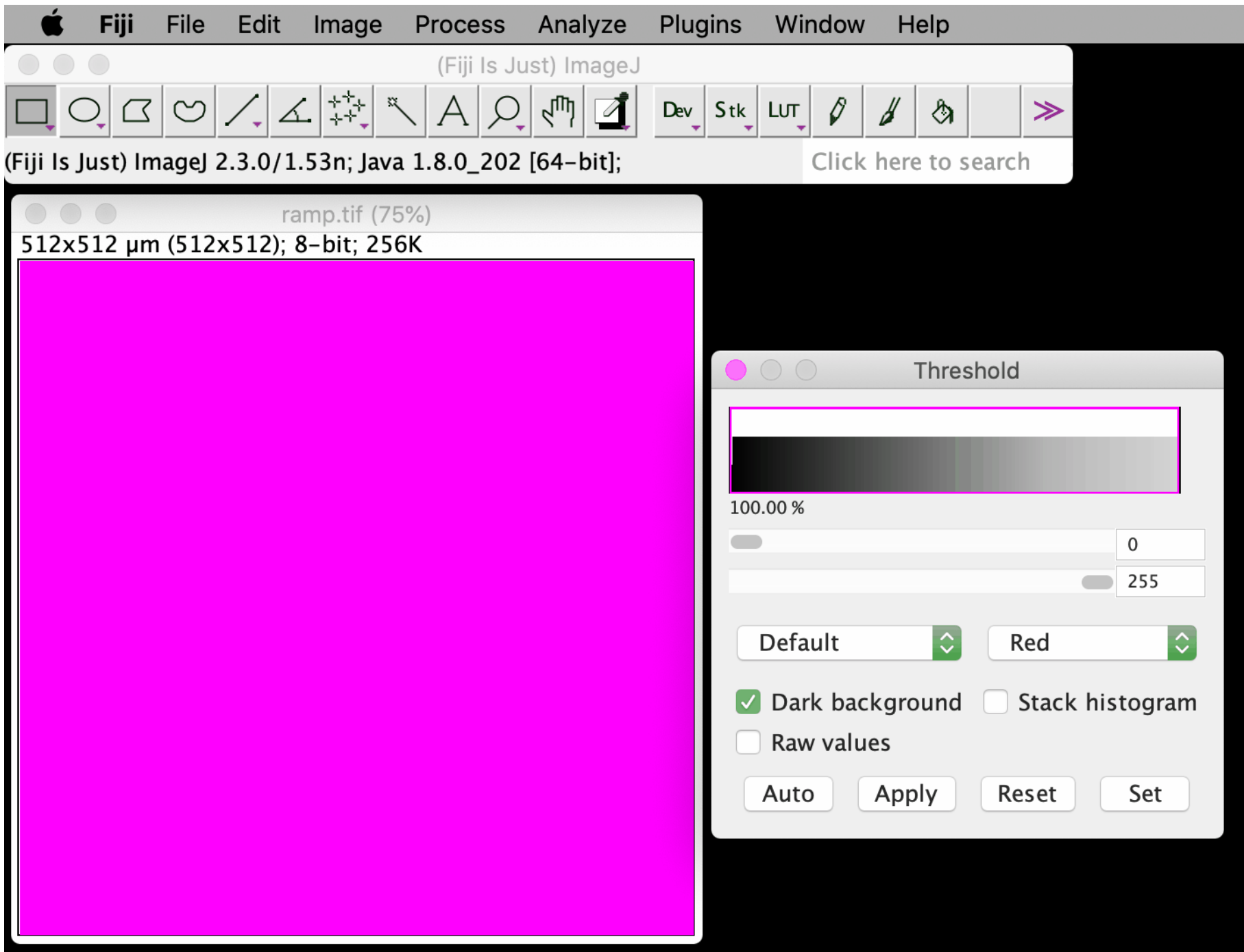
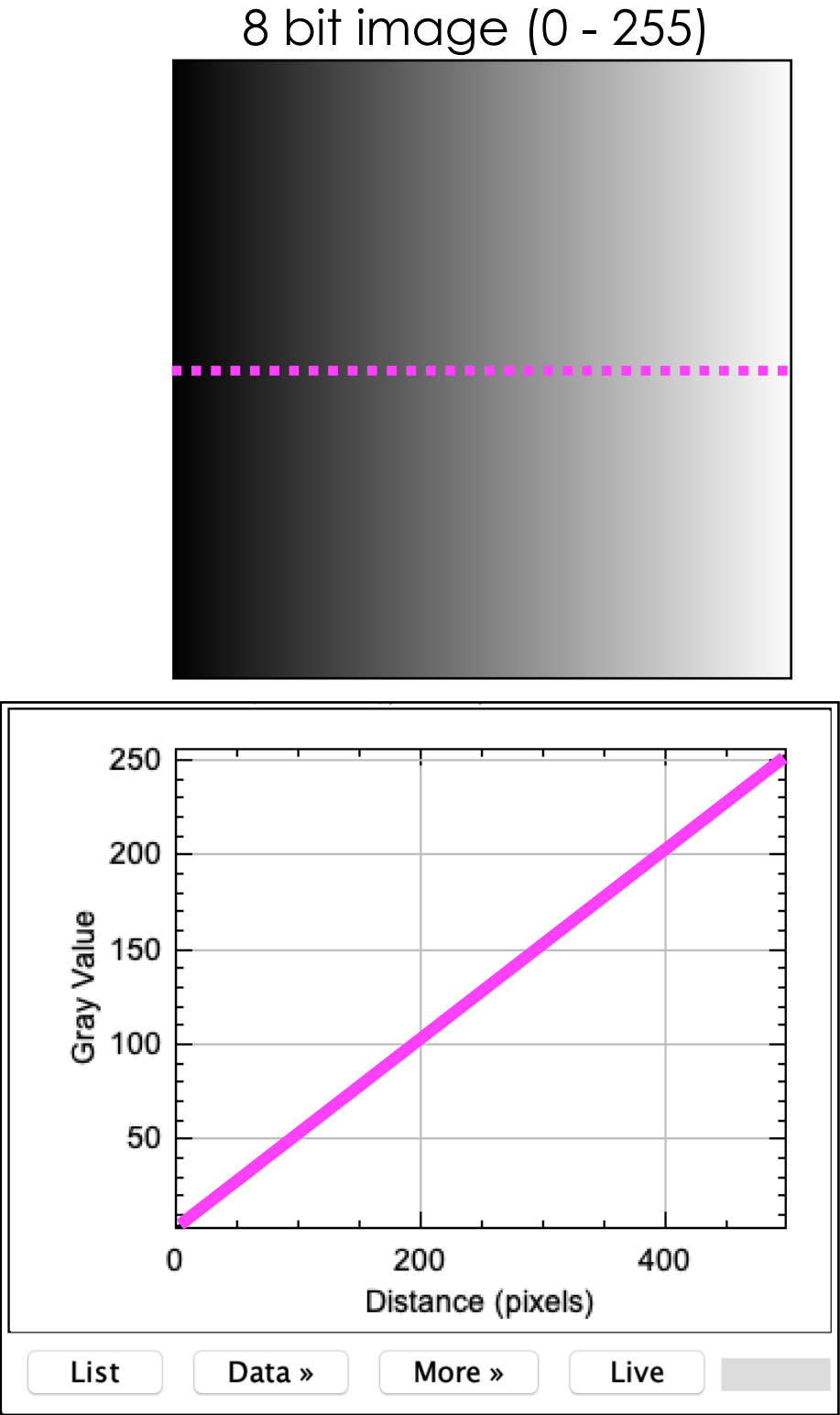


Thresholding method

Select only a **range** of **digital values** in the image.

in **Fiji**: **Image > Adjust > Threshold...**

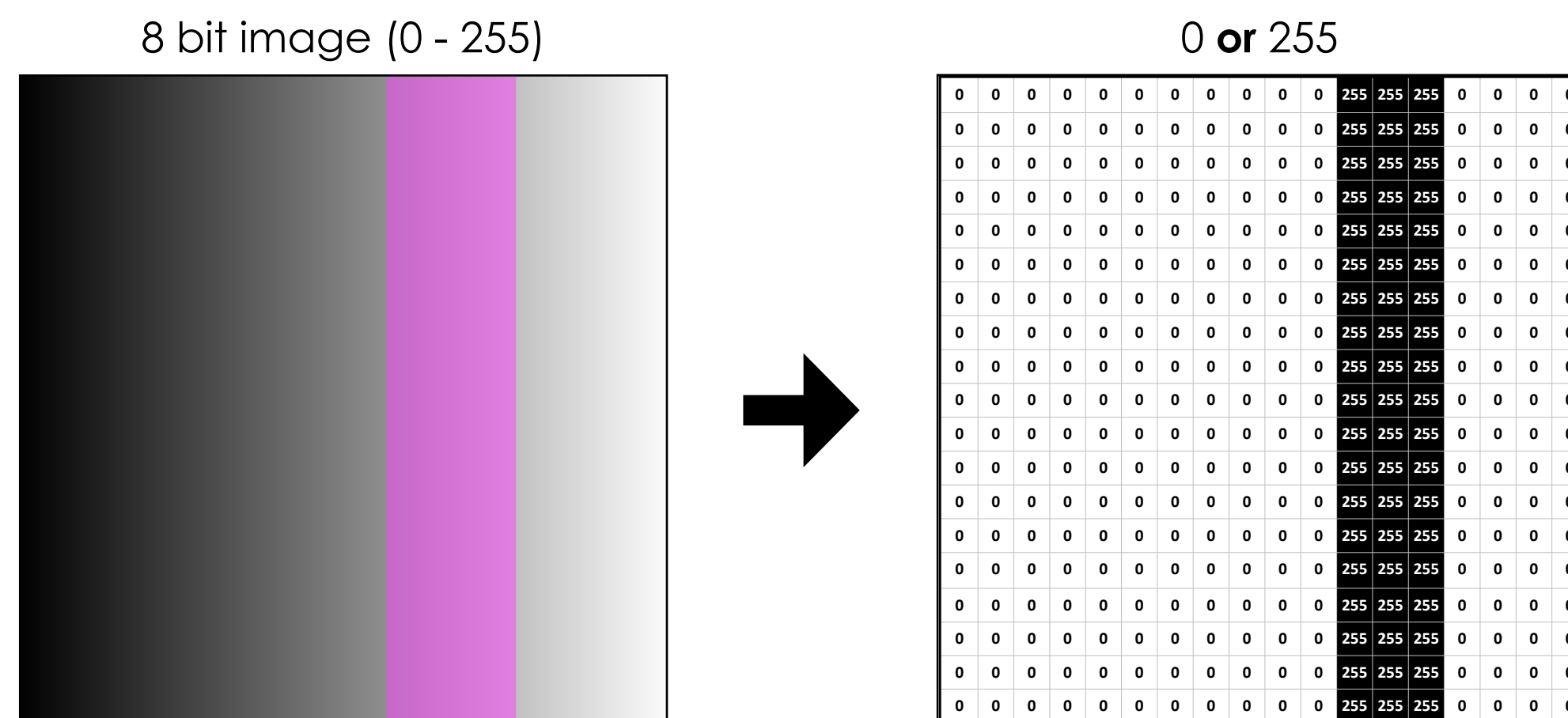
(cmd) + shift + t



The result of the thresholding process is a **Binary Mask**.

Thresholding method

Generate a **binary mask**.



Binary because the image has only **two** pixel values, **one** for the **selected pixels** and **one** for the “**discarded**” pixels.

In Fiji the two pixel values are **0** and **255**.

Segmentation with thresholding—exercises



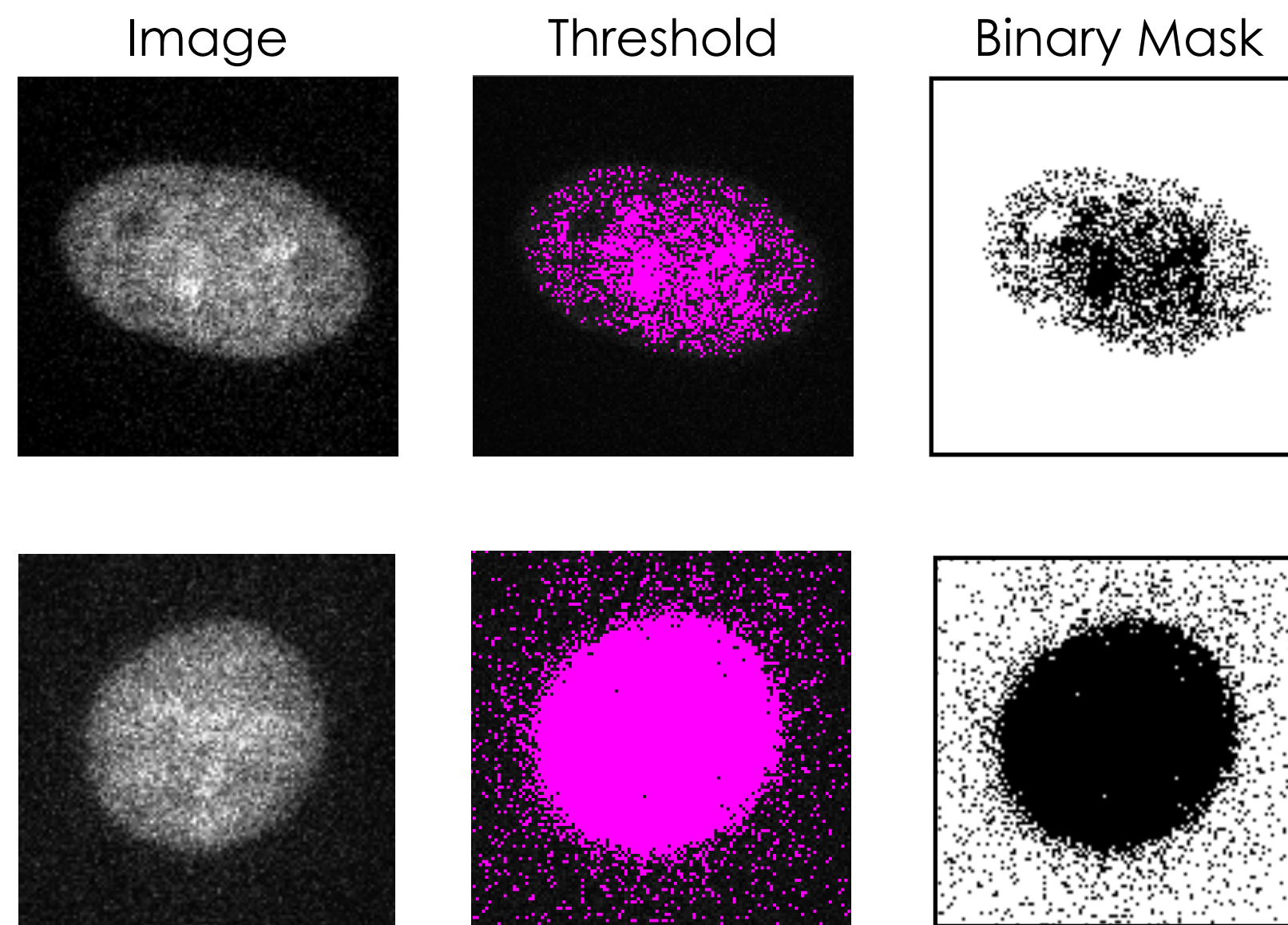
4.1 DAPI segmentation with thresholding

skip “Analyze Particles”

Thresholding method

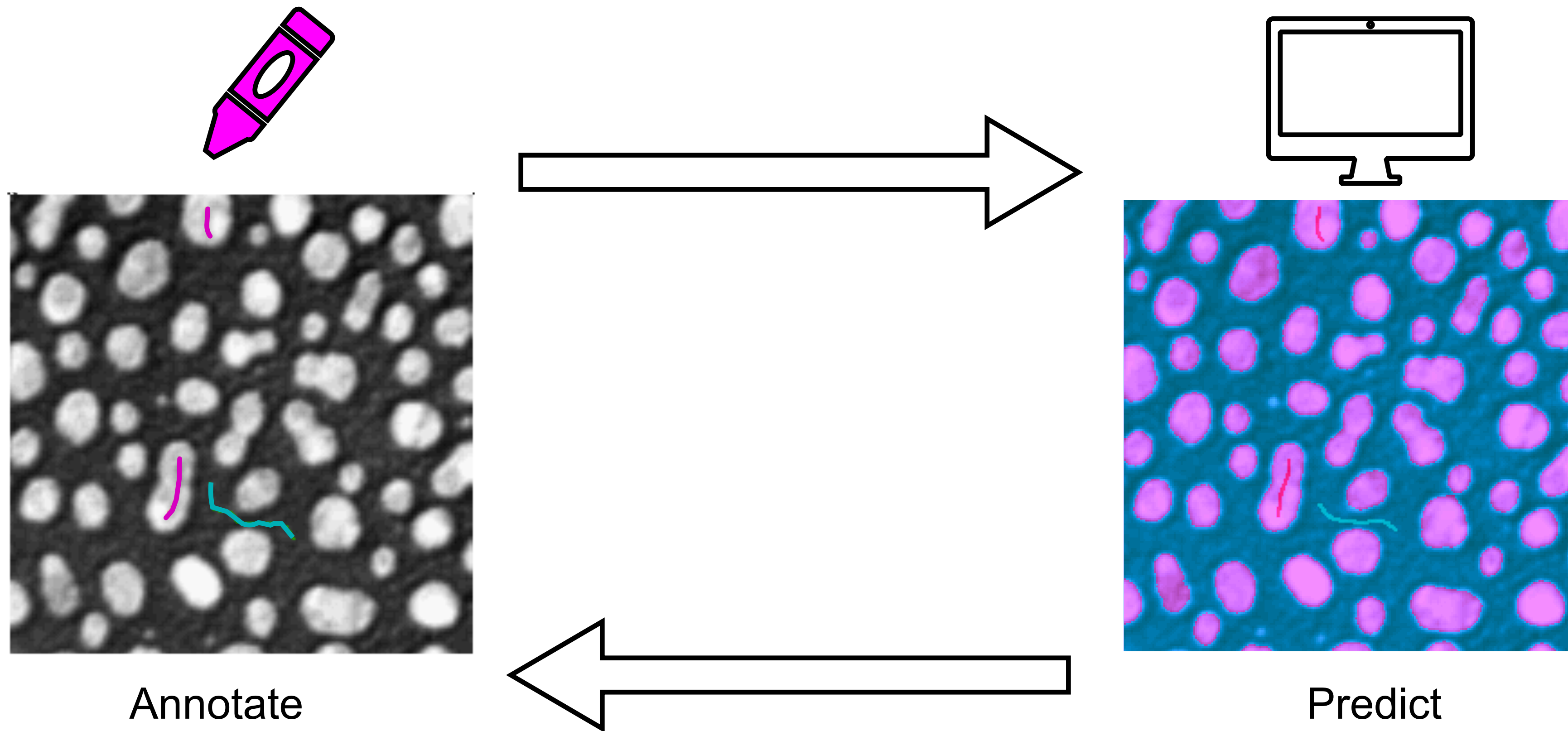
What can go wrong?

Usually, if you apply **thresholding** to the “**ORIGINAL**” image (the one you get out of the microscope), you won't be able to precisely **select all/only the pixels** you are interested in.



- **Fluorescence label** (e.g. DAPI)
- **Background** (uneven illumination, out-of-focus light, aberration, ...)
- **Noise** (detector read noise, Poisson noise, ...)





Standalone: Ilastik



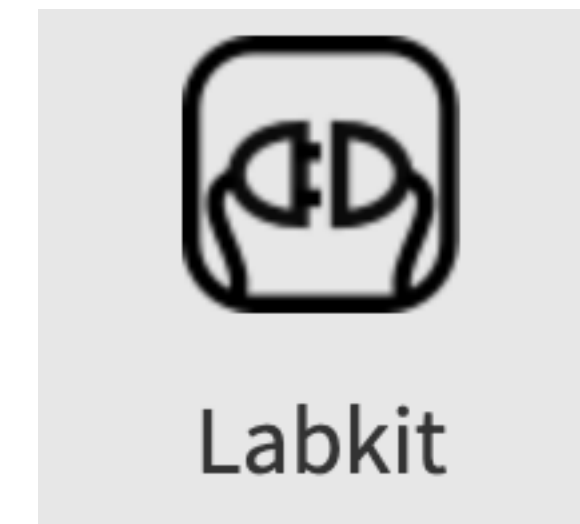
<https://www.ilastik.org/>

For histopathology



<https://qupath.github.io/>

As a Fiji plugin: Labkit



<https://imagej.net/plugins/labkit/>

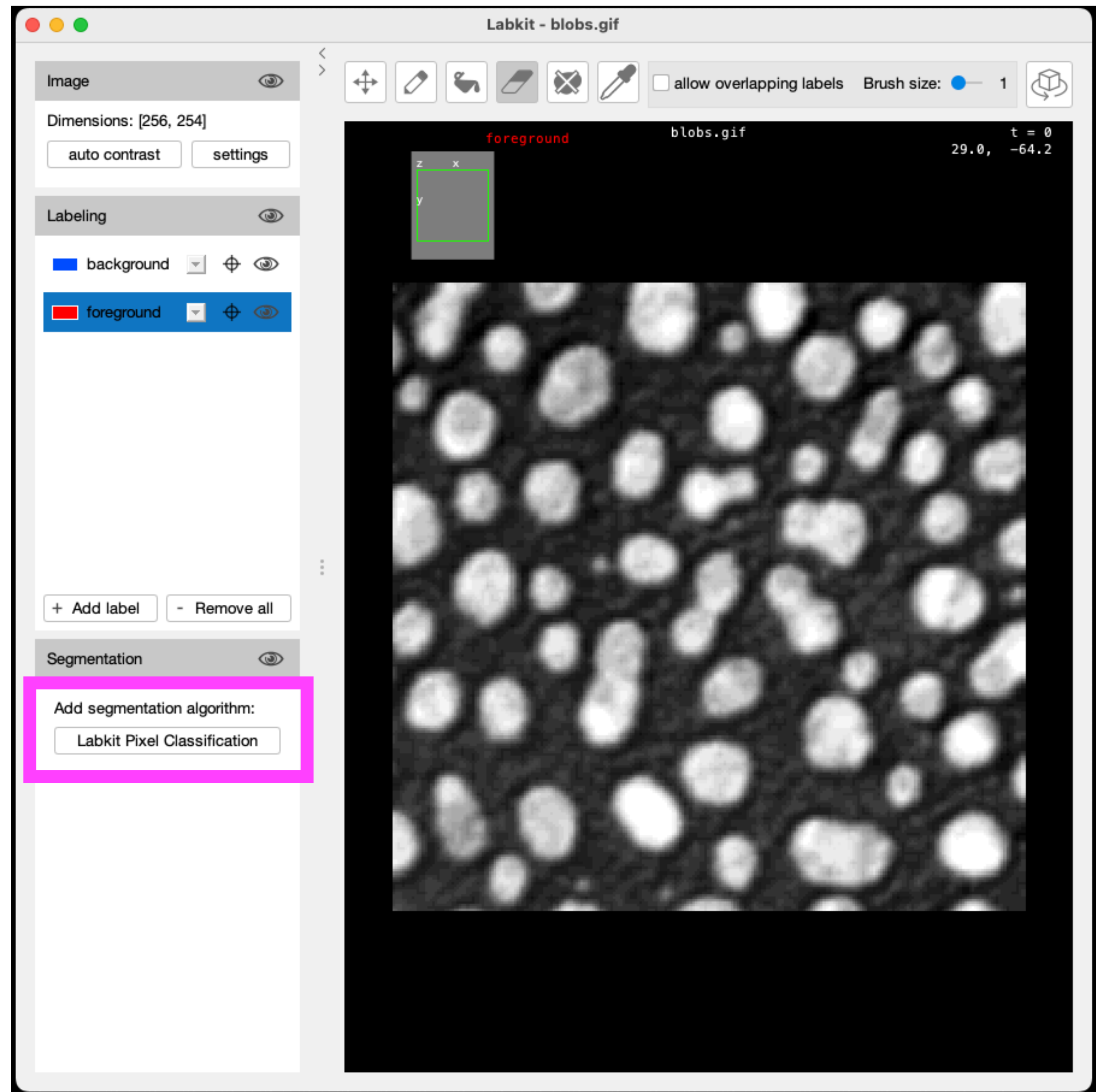
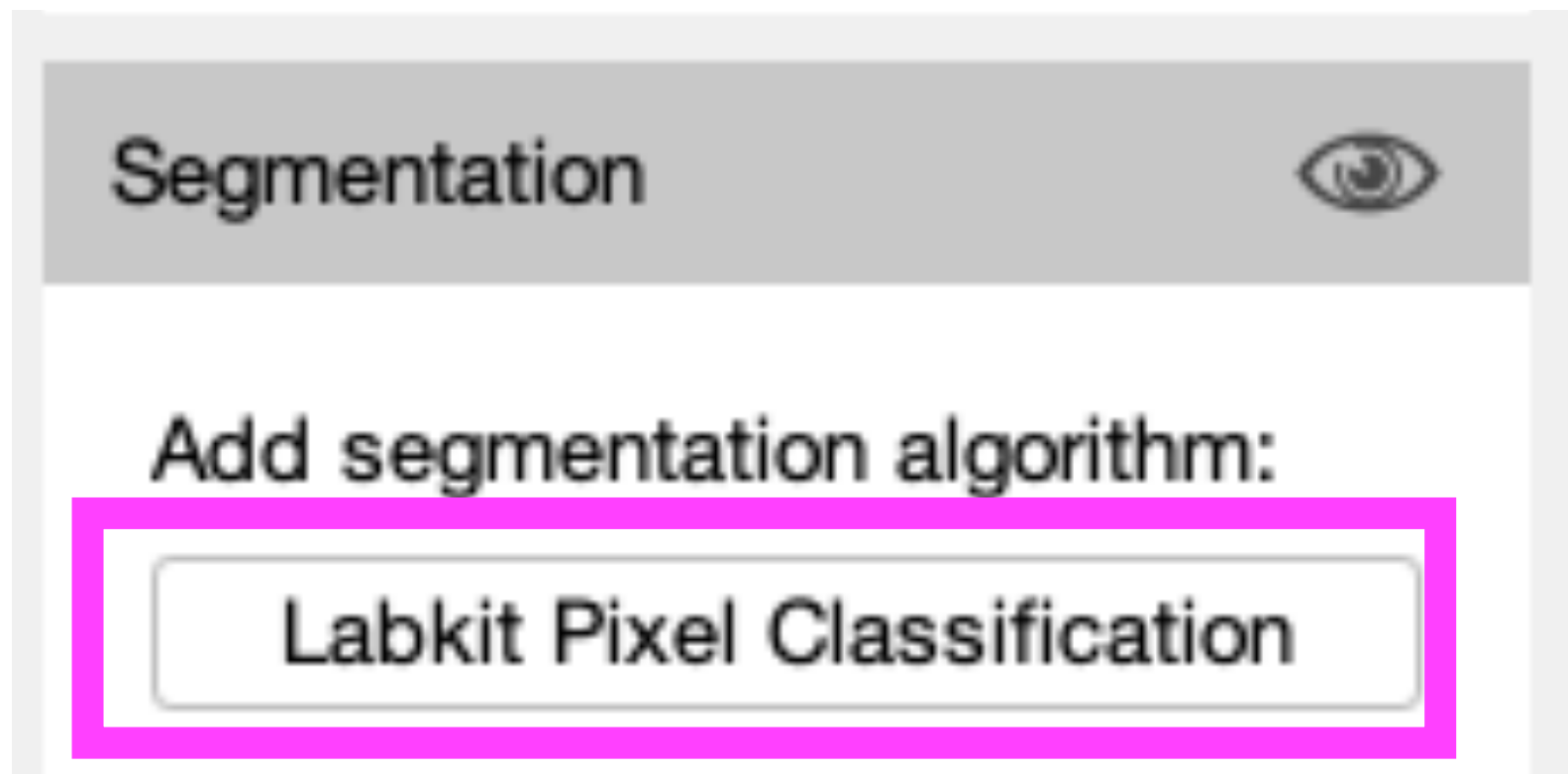
Labkit Segmentation

in **Fiji**:

Plugins

> **Labkit**

> Open Current Image With Labkit



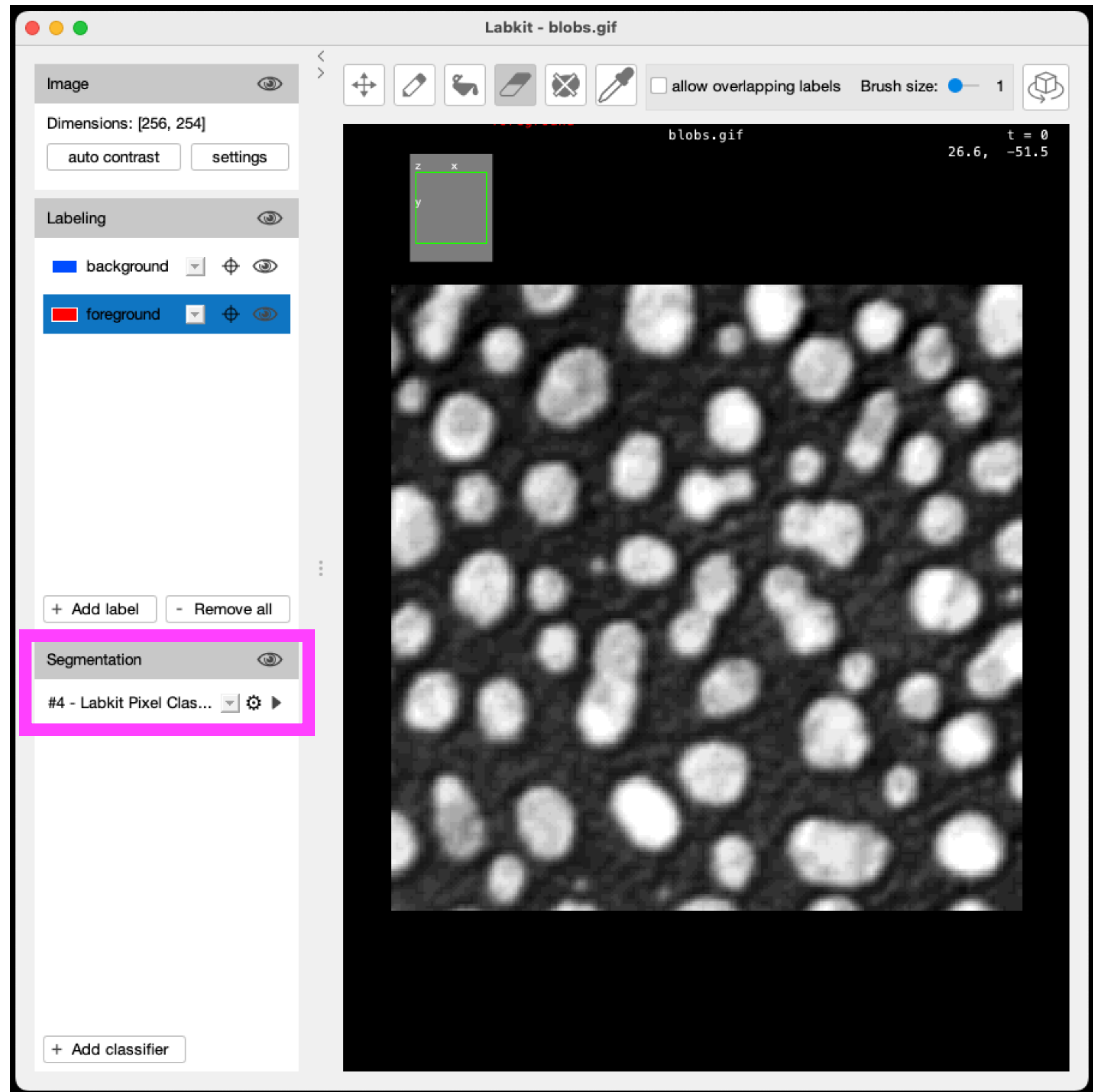
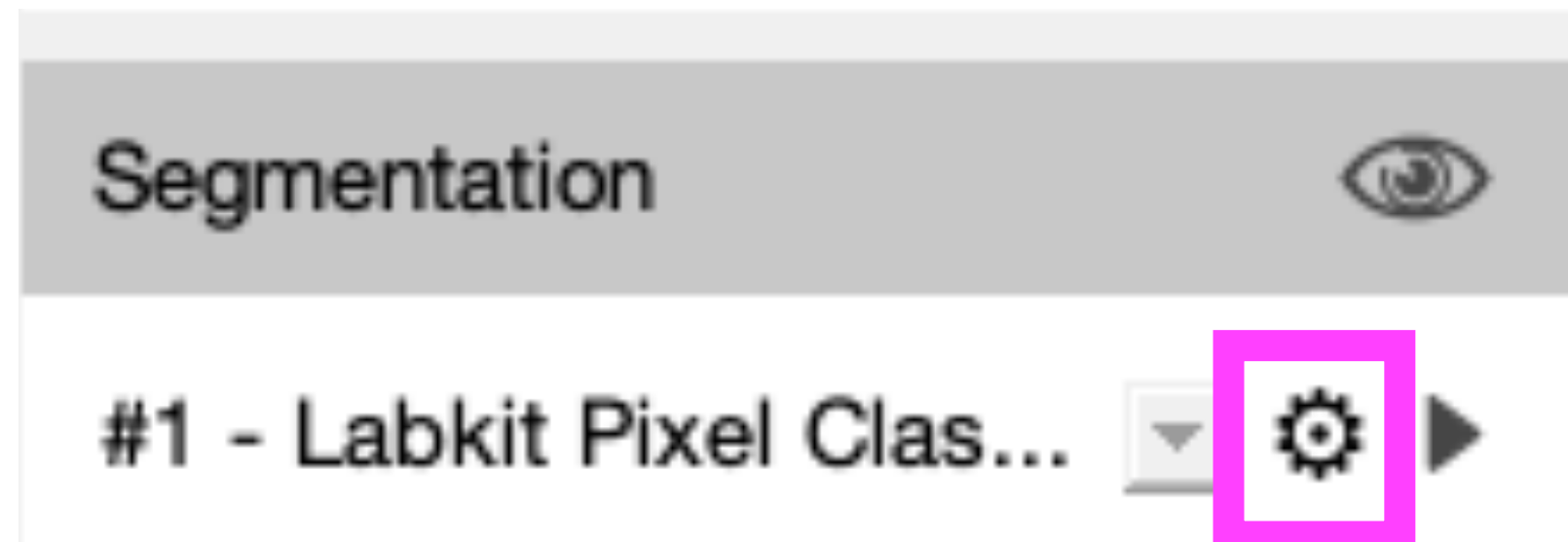
Labkit Segmentation

in **Fiji**:

Plugins

> **Labkit**

> Open Current Image With Labkit



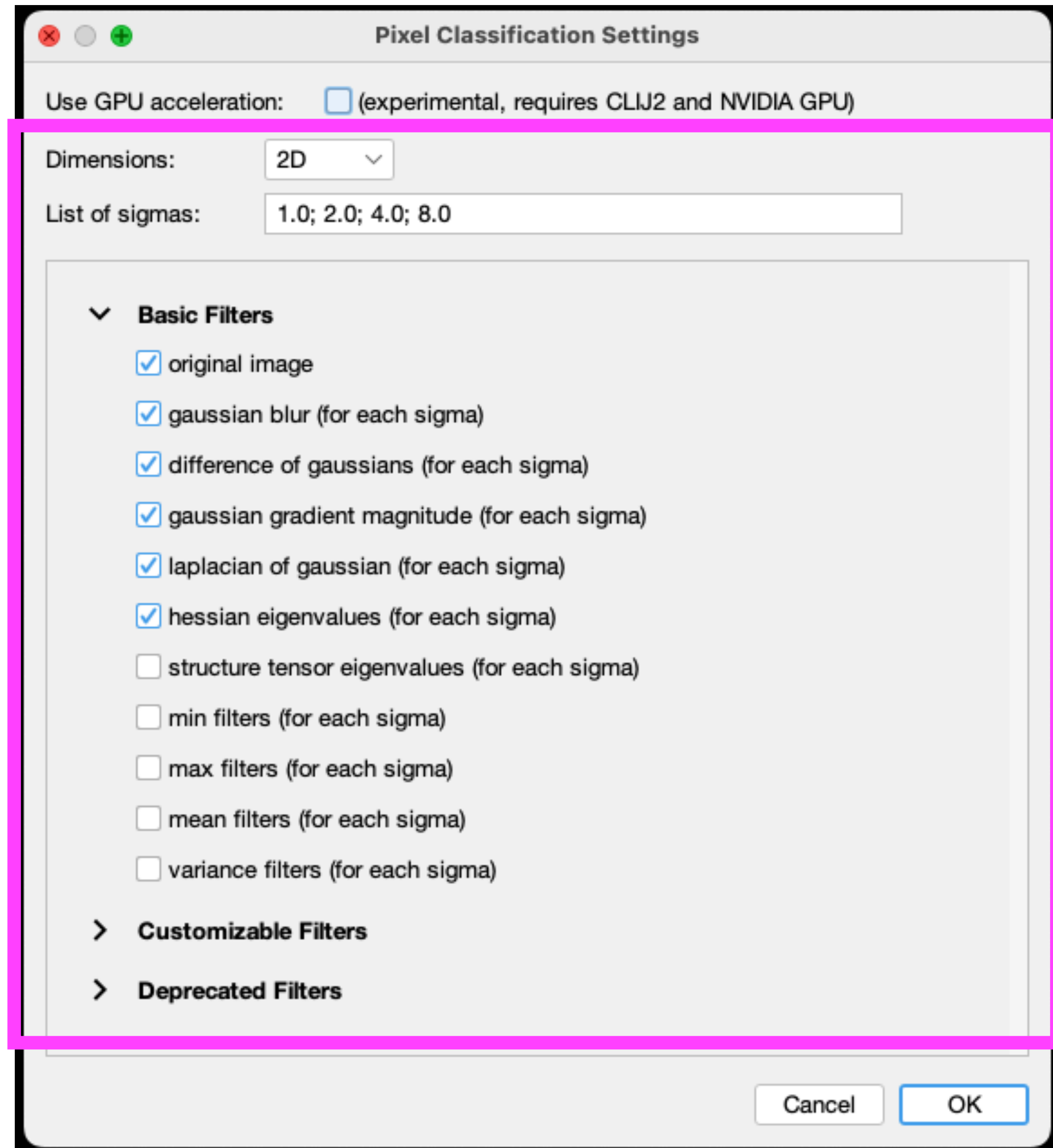
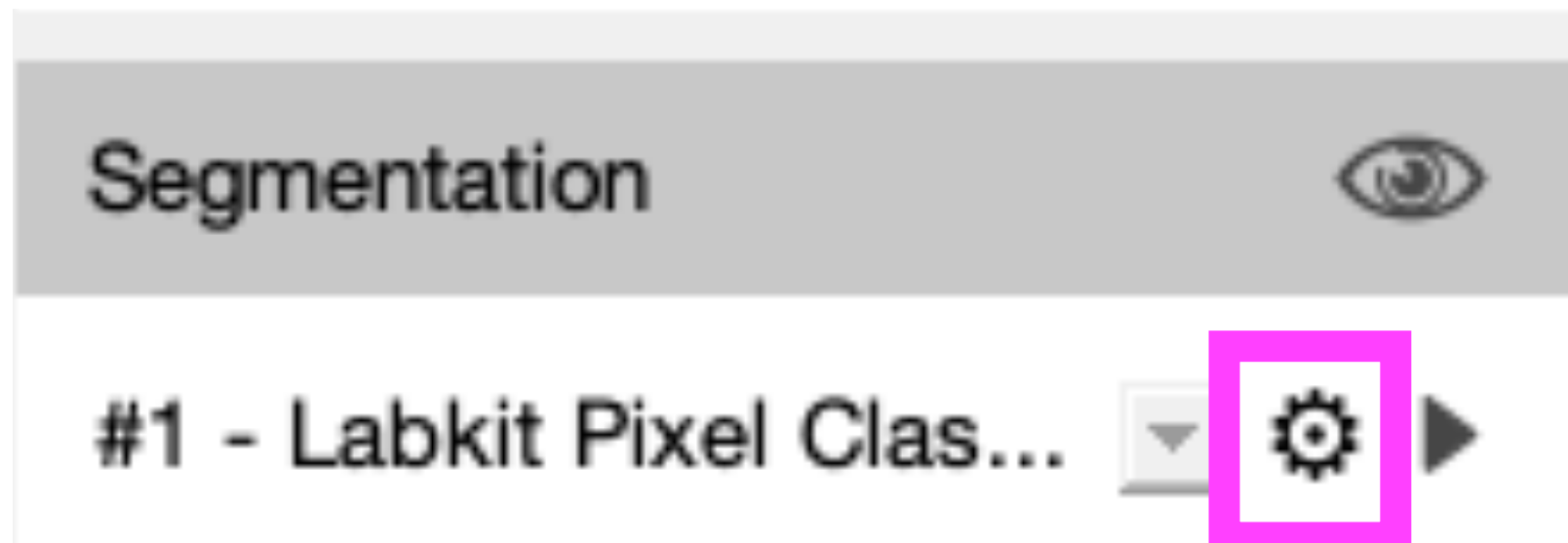
Labkit Segmentation

in **Fiji**:

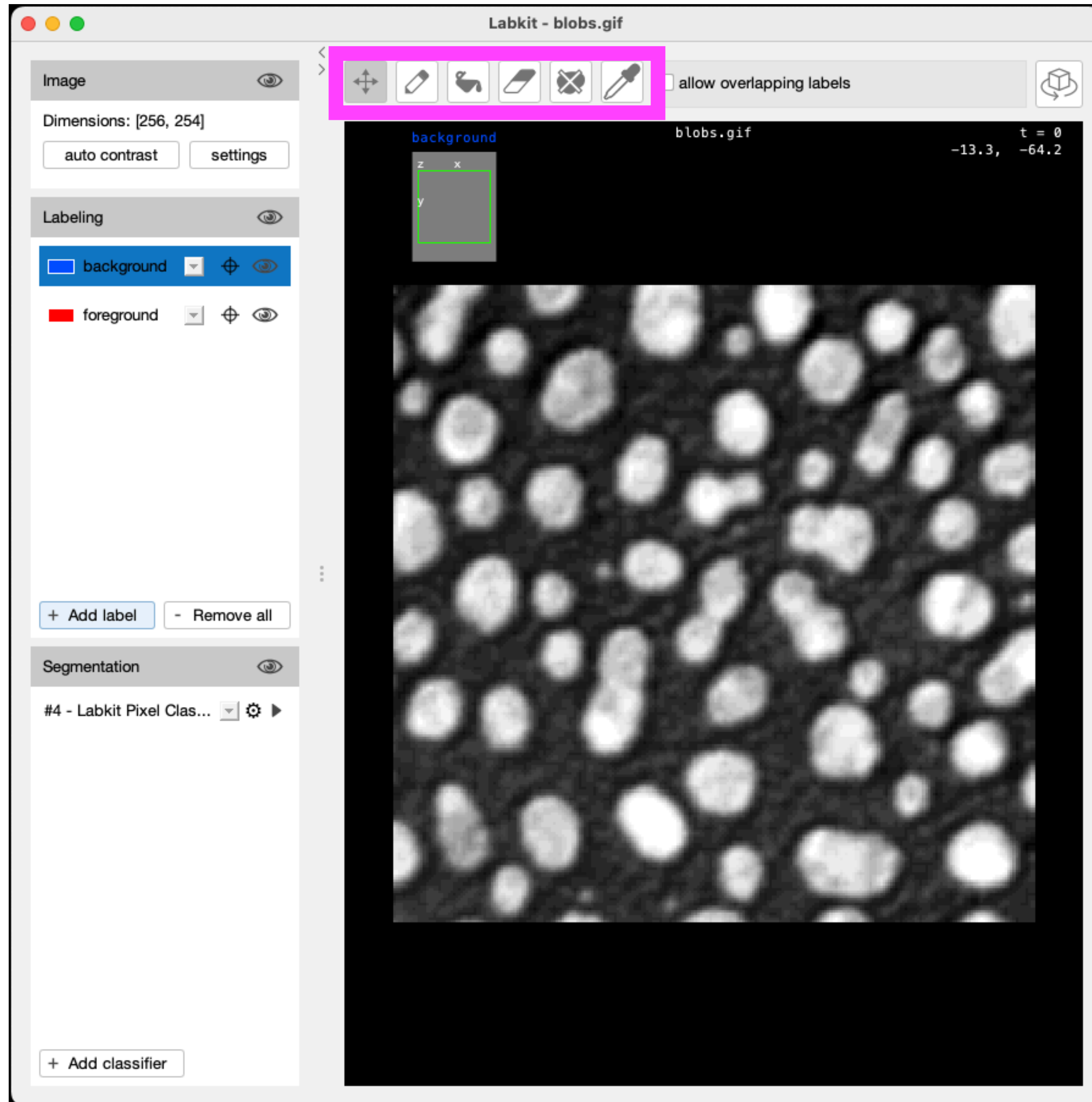
Plugins

> **Labkit**

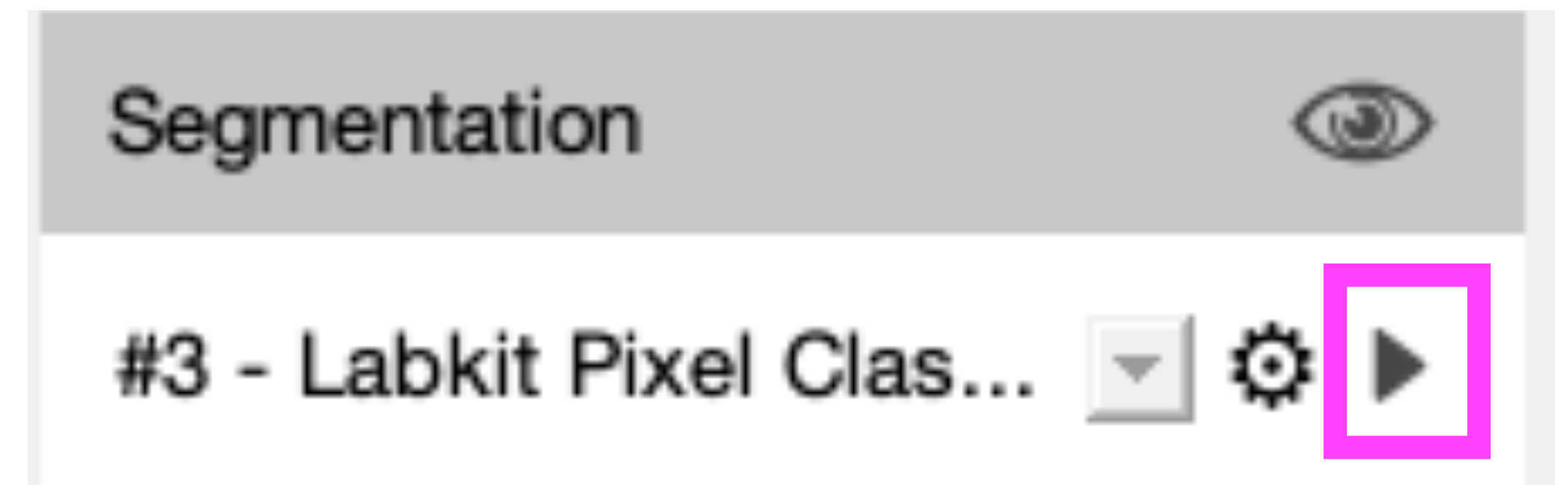
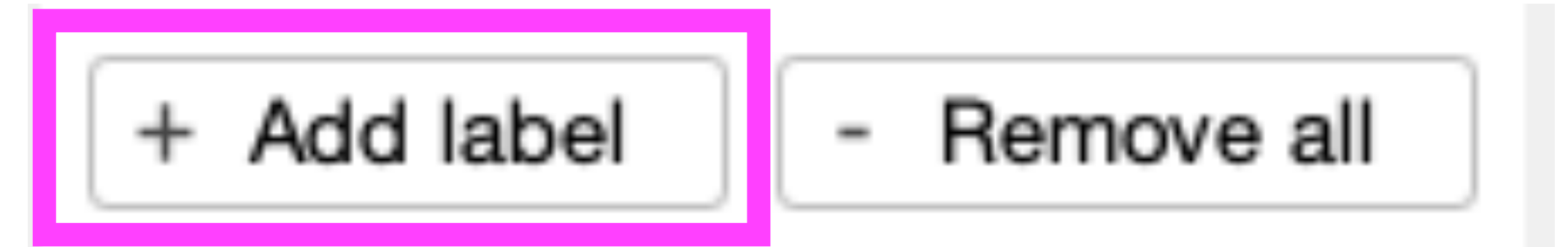
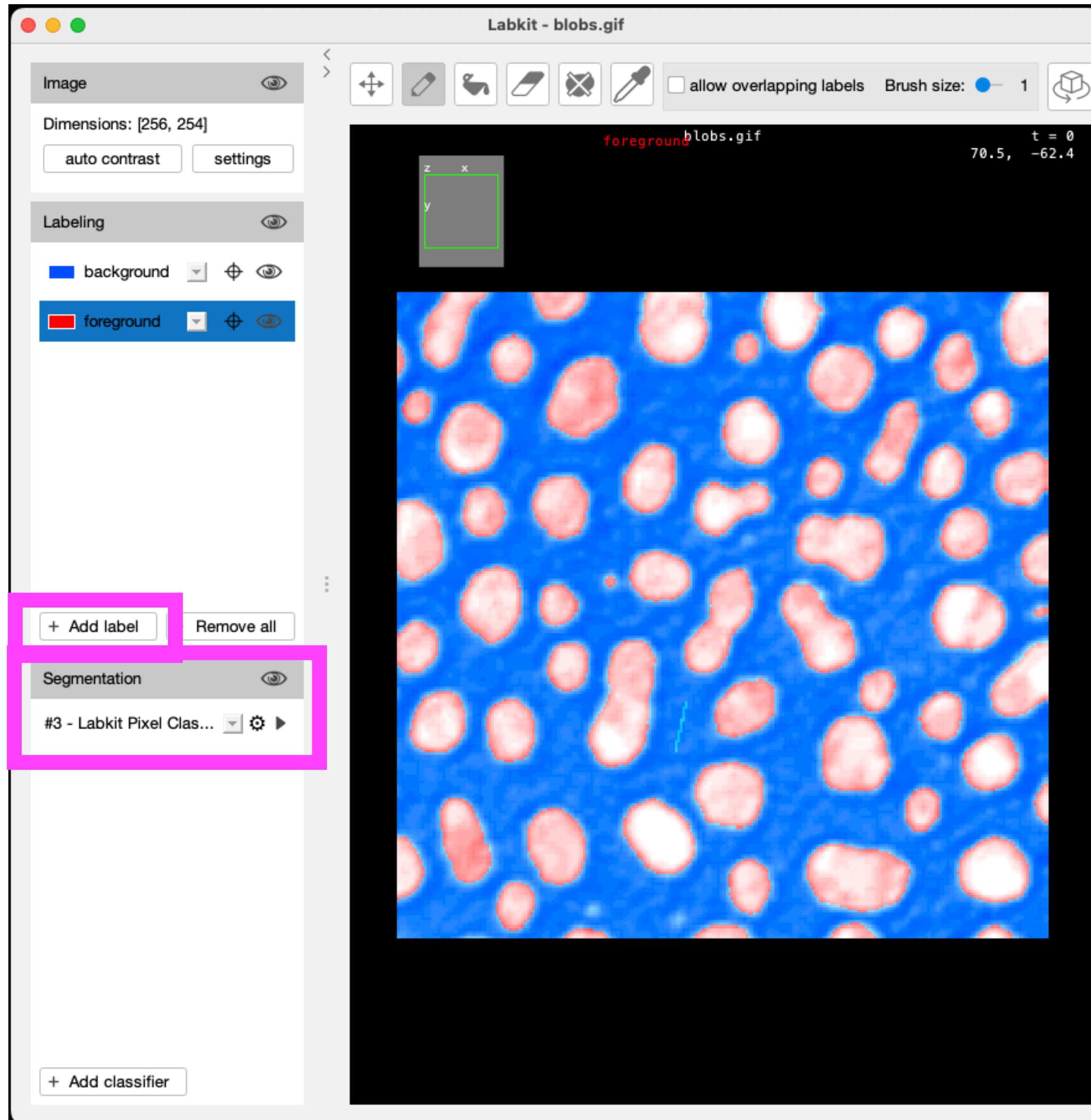
> Open Current Image With Labkit

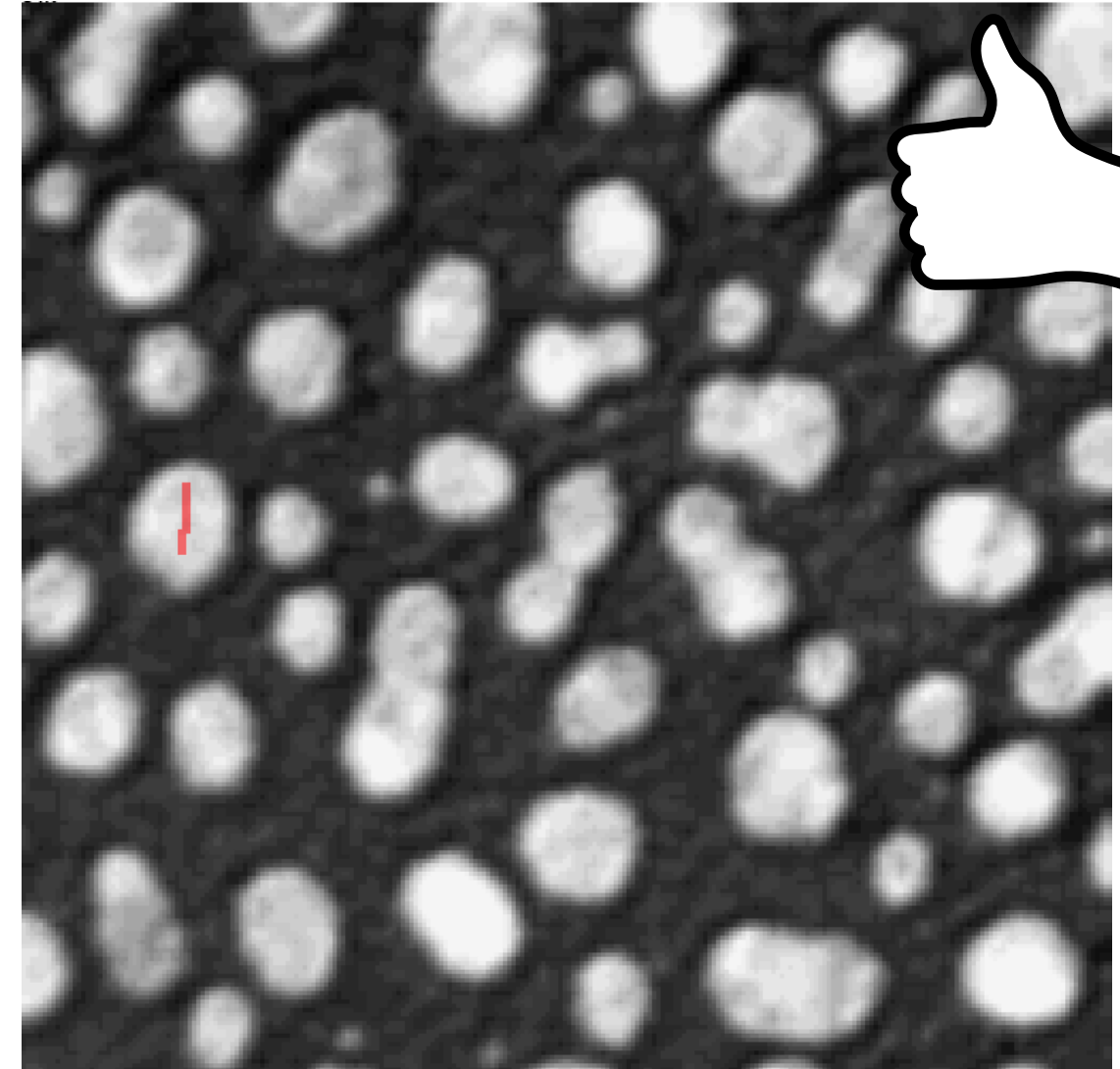
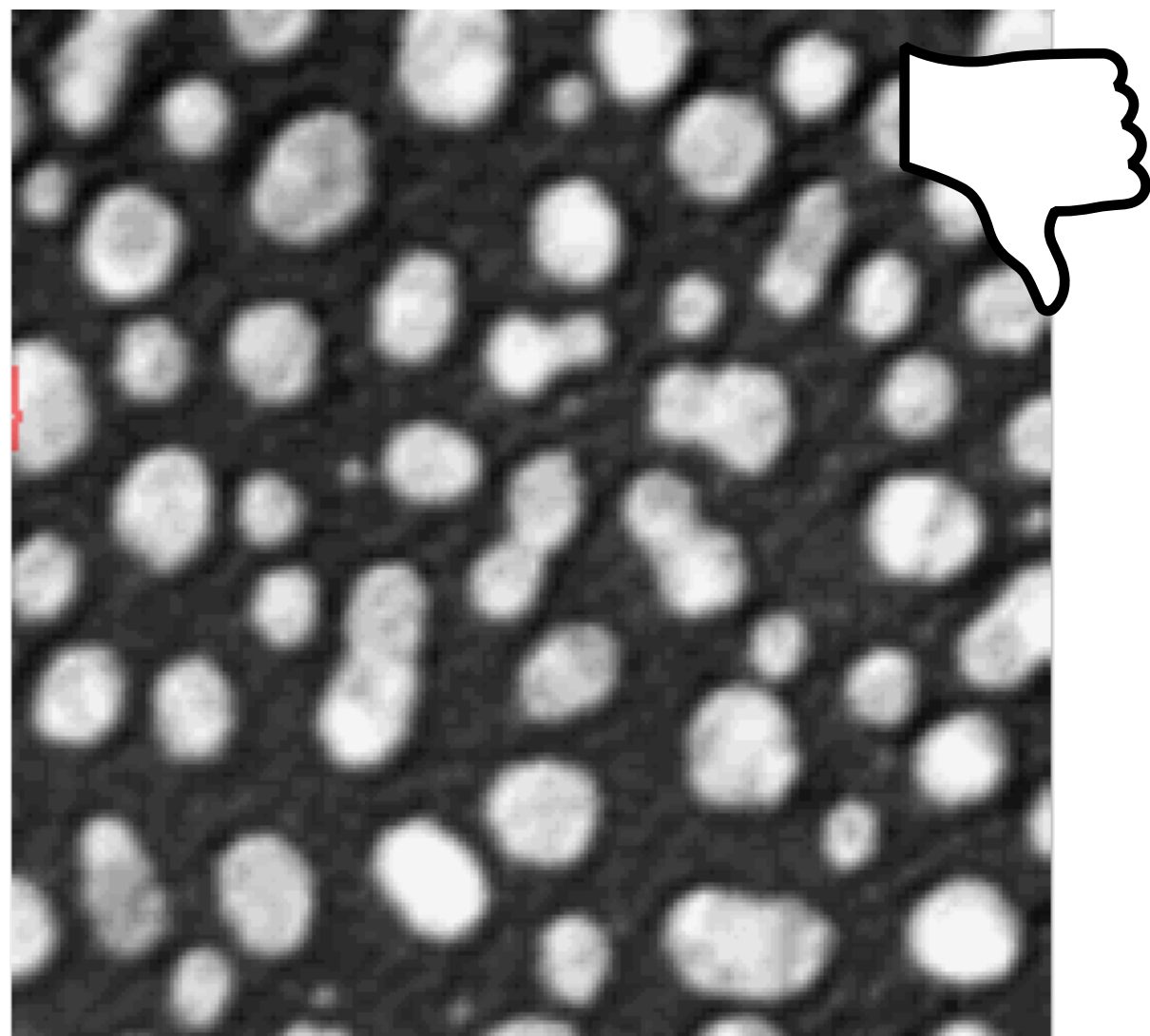
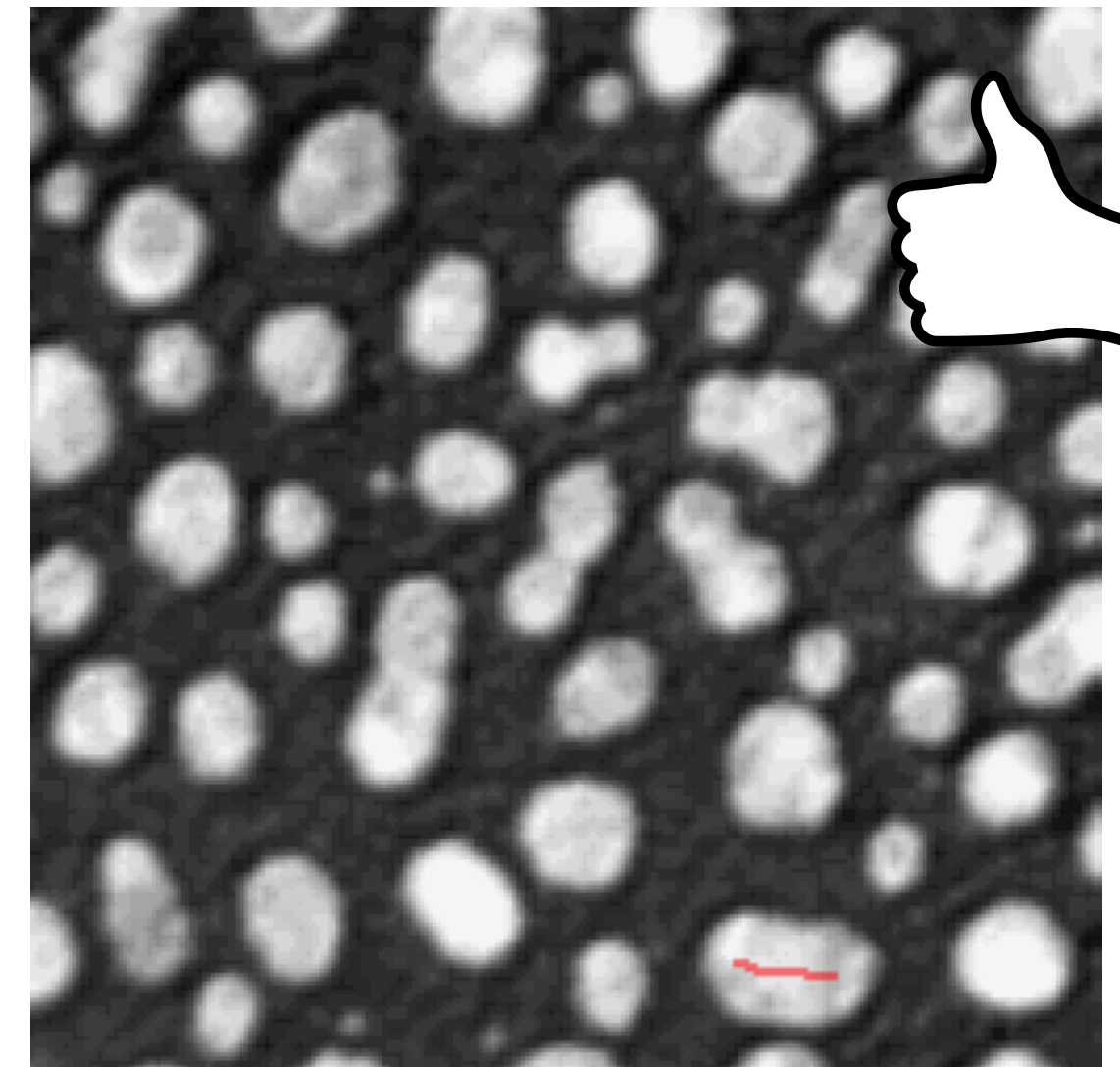
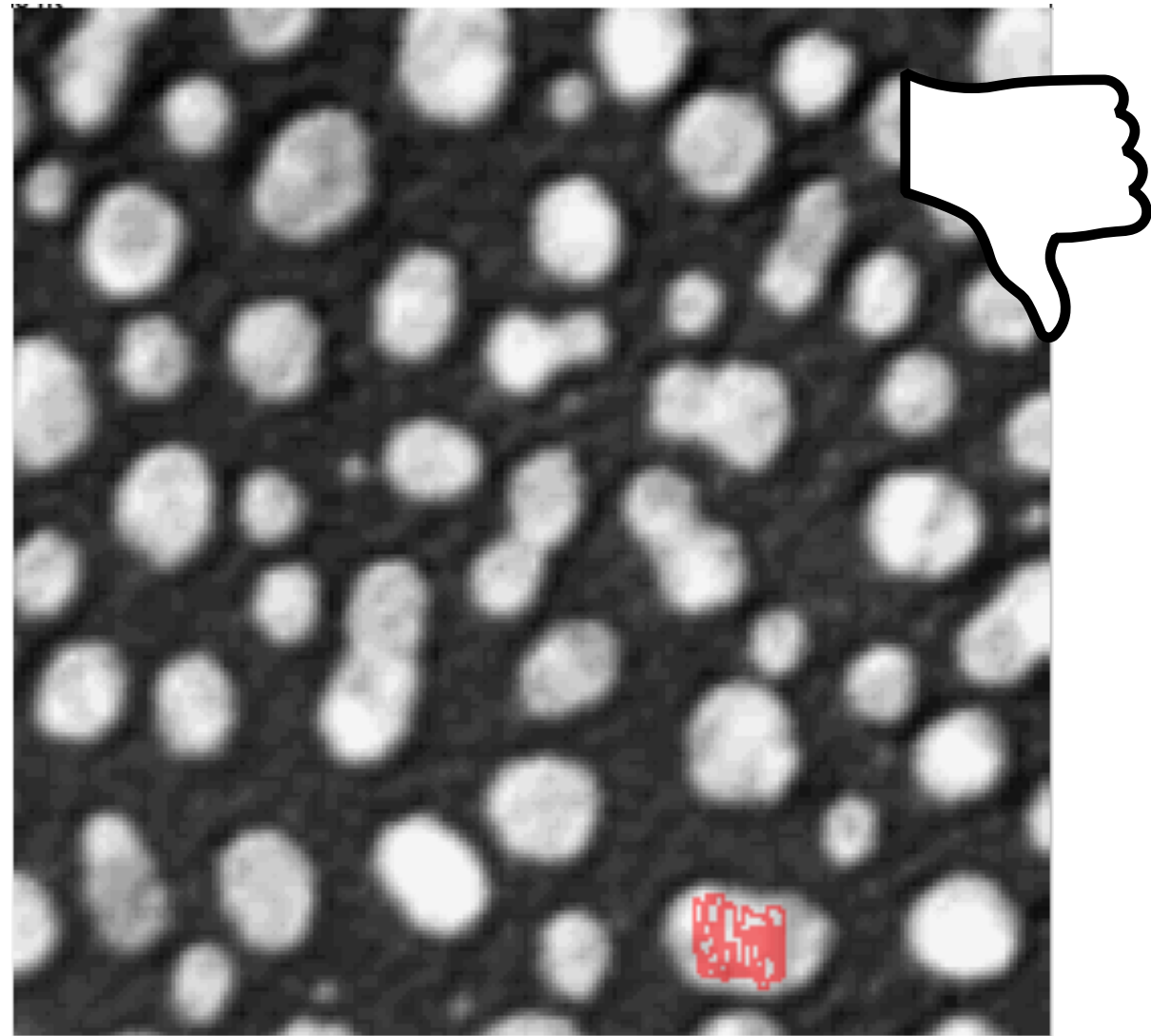


Labkit Segmentation



Labkit Segmentation







4.3 DAPI segmentation with Labkit

Breakpoint at 12: Create results