

# Homework 3

MSSC 6010- Computational Probability

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**Question 1.** (3.6.39) From book. Let the random variable  $X$  be the sum of the numbers on two fair dice. Find an upper bound on  $\mathbb{P}(|X - 7| \geq 4)$  using Chebyshev's Inequality as well as the exact probability for  $\mathbb{P}(|X - 7| \geq 4)$ .

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X = c(2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12)
X = rbind(X,c(1/36,2/36,3/36,4/36,5/36,6/36,5/36,4/36,3/36,2/36,1/36))
table(X)
```

```
X
0.02777777777777778 0.05555555555555556 0.08333333333333333 0.11111111111111111
      2              2              2              2
0.13888888888888889 0.16666666666666667      2              3
      2              1              1              1
      4              5              6              7
      1              1              1              1
      8              9             10             11
      1              1              1              1
     12
      1
```

**Question 2.** (3.6.48) From book. Consider the random variable  $X$ , which takes the values 1, 2, 3, and 4 with probabilities 0.2, 0.3, 0.1, and 0.4, respectively. Calculate  $E[X]$ ,  $\frac{1}{E[X]}$ ,  $E\left[\frac{1}{X}\right]$ ,  $E[X^2]$ , and  $E[X]^2$ , and check empirically that  $E[X]^2 \neq E[X^2]$  and  $\frac{1}{E[X]} \neq E\left[\frac{1}{X}\right]$

**Question 3.** (3.6.50) From book. Find the values of  $k$  such that the following functions are probability density functions.

- (a)  $f(x) = \frac{kx^4}{5}, 0 < x < 1$

**Question 4.** (3.6.52) From book. Consider an experiment where two dice are rolled. Let the random variable  $X$  equal the sum of the two dice and the random variable  $Y$  be the difference of the two dice.

- (a) Find the mean of  $X$
- (b) Find the variance of  $X$
- (c) Find the skewness of  $X$
- (d) Find the mean of  $Y$
- (e) Find the variance of  $Y$
- (f) Find the skewness of  $Y$

**Question 5.** (3.6.58) From book. Consider the probability density function

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{36}xe^{-\frac{x}{6}}, x > 0$$

Derive the moment generating function, and calculate the mean and the variance.

**Question 6.** (3.6.60) From book. Prove that if  $a$  and  $b$  are real-valued constants, then

- (1)  $M_{X+a}(t) = E[e^{(X+a)t}] = e^{at}M_X(t)$ .
- (2)  $M_{bX}(t) = E[e^{bXt}] = M_X(bt)$ .
- (3)  $M_{\frac{X+a}{b}}(t) = E[e^{(\frac{X+a}{b})t}] = e^{\frac{a}{b}t}M_X(\frac{t}{b})$ .