

## Problem B1

### Dynamic Order Statistic Queries (Easy Version)

Time limit: 1 second

Memory limit: 2048 megabytes

#### Problem Description

Given an empty array, a fixed positive integer  $k$  and  $q$  queries to be performed on the array. Each query belongs to one of the following two types:

1.  $1\ x_i$  —Append  $x_i$  to the end of the array.
2.  $2$  —Find the  $k$ -th order statistic of the numbers from the array and remove **one copy** of it. If there are fewer than  $k$  elements in the array, nothing is done to the array.

Can you answer all these queries?

#### Input Format

The first line of the input contains two integers  $q$  and  $k$ . The  $i$ -th of the following  $q$  lines contains the  $i$ -th query in the format as in the problem description.

#### Output Format

For each query of type 2, output the  $k$ -th order statistic in one line. If there are fewer than  $k$  elements in the array, output  $-1$ .

#### Technical Specification

- $1 \leq q \leq 1000$
- $1 \leq x_i \leq 10^9$  for  $i = 1, 2, \dots, q$  of query type 1
- It is guaranteed that there is at least one query of type 2 in the input.

### Sample Input 1

```
15 2
2
1 5
2
1 7
2
1 3
1 1
2
1 9
1 12
2
2
2
2
2
```

### Sample Output 1

```
-1
-1
7
3
5
9
12
-1
-1
```

### Sample Input 2

```
7 1
1 1000000000
1 1000000000
2
2
2
1 1000000000
2
```

### Sample Output 2

```
1000000000
1000000000
-1
1000000000
```

### Hint

Two heaps are required in this problem. One is a max heap holding the  $k$  smallest values, and the other one is a min heap holding other values.