

ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (DTS)

TEST REPORT

For

Bluetooth Low Energy and 802.15.4 wireless radio module

MODEL NUMBER: HM-MT2401, HM-MT2401B

REPORT NUMBER: E04A24020079R00103

ISSUE DATE: May 9, 2024

Prepared for

Shenzhen HOPE Microelectronics Co., Ltd

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Prepared by

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**Room 101-105, 203-210, Building 1, No.2, Keji 8 Road, Songshan Lake Park,
Dongguan city, Guangdong, People's Republic of China, 523808**

**This report is based on a single evaluation of the submitted sample(s) of the above mentioned
Product, it does not imply an assessment of the production of the products.
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Global Testing Technology Co., Ltd.**

Revision History

Rev.	Issue Date	Revisions	Revised By
V0	May 9, 2024	Initial Issue	

Summary of Test Results

Test Item	Clause	Limit/Requirement	Result
RF output power	Clause 5.4.2.2.1.2	Clause 4.3.2.2	Pass
Power Spectral Density	Clause 5.4.3.2.1	Clause 4.3.2.3	Pass
Duty Cycle, Tx-sequence, Tx-gap	Clause 5.4.2.2.1.3	Clause 4.3.2.4	N/A
Medium Utilization (MU) factor	Clause 5.4.2.2.1.4	Clause 4.3.2.5	N/A
Adaptivity (non-FHSS)	Clause 5.4.6.2.1	Clause 4.3.2.6	Pass
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	Clause 5.4.7.2.1	Clause 4.3.2.7	Pass
Transmitter unwanted emissions in the out-of-band domain	Clause 5.4.8.2.1	Clause 4.3.2.8	Pass
Transmitter unwanted emissions in the spurious domain	Clause 5.4.9.2.1	Clause 4.3.2.9	Pass
Receiver spurious emissions	Clause 5.4.10.2.1	Clause 4.3.2.10	Pass
Receiver Blocking	Clause 5.4.11.2.1	Clause 4.3.2.11	Pass
Radiated Spurious Emission	Clause 5.4.9.2.2	Clause 4.3.2.9	Pass

Note:

1. N/A: In this whole report not applicable.

*This test report is only published to and used by the applicant, and it is not for evidence purpose in China.

*The measurement result for the sample received is <Pass> according to <ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (DTS)> when <Accuracy Method> decision rule is applied.

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1. ATTESTATION OF TEST RESULTS

Applicant Information

Company Name: Shenzhen HOPE Microelectronics Co., Ltd
Address: 30th floor of 8th Building, C Zone Vanke Cloud City, Xili Sub-district, Nanshan, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

Manufacturer Information

Company Name: Shenzhen HOPE Microelectronics Co., Ltd
Address: 30th floor of 8th Building, C Zone Vanke Cloud City, Xili Sub-district, Nanshan, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

EUT Information

Product Description: Bluetooth Low Energy and 802.15.4 wireless radio module
Model: HM-MT2401
Series Model: HM-MT2401B
Brand: HOPERF
Sample Received Date: Mar. 01, 2024
Sample Status: Normal
Sample ID: A24020079 001
Date of Tested: Mar. 01, 2024 to May 9, 2024

APPLICABLE STANDARDS	
STANDARD	TEST RESULTS
ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (DTS)	Pass

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Laboratory Manager



2. TEST METHODOLOGY

All tests were performed in accordance with the standard ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (DTS)

3. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATION

Accreditation Certificate	<p>A2LA (Certificate No.: 6947.01) Guangdong Global Testing Technology Co., Ltd. has been assessed and proved to be in compliance with A2LA.</p> <p>FCC (FCC Designation No.: CN1343) Guangdong Global Testing Technology Co., Ltd. has been recognized to perform compliance testing on equipment subject to Supplier's Declaration of Conformity (SDoC) and Certification rules</p> <p>ISED (Company No.: 30714) Guangdong Global Testing Technology Co., Ltd. has been registered and fully described in a report filed with ISED. The Company Number is 30714 and the test lab Conformity Assessment Body Identifier (CABID) is CN0148.</p>
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Note: All tests measurement facilities use to collect the measurement data are located at Room 101-105, 203-210, Building 1, No.2, Keji 8 Road, Songshan Lake Park, Dongguan city, Guangdong, People's Republic of China, 523808

4. CALIBRATION AND UNCERTAINTY

4.1. MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment utilized to perform the tests documented in this report has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and is traceable to recognized national standards.

4.2. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the apparatus:

Test Item	k	Uncertainty
RF output power	1.96	± 1.2 dB
Power Spectral Density	1.96	± 1.9 dB
Duty Cycle	1.96	$\pm 0.57\%$
Tx-sequence	1.96	$\pm 0.57\%$
Tx-gap	1.96	$\pm 0.57\%$
Medium Utilisation (MU) factor	1.96	$\pm 0.57\%$
Dwell time	1.96	± 9.2 PPM
Minimum Frequency Occupation	1.96	± 9.2 PPM
Hopping Sequence	1.96	± 9.2 PPM
Hopping Frequency Separation	1.96	± 9.2 PPM
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	1.96	± 9.2 PPM
Conducted spurious emissions	1.96	30 MHz-1 GHz: ± 1.5 dB 1 GHz-12.75 GHz: ± 1.8 dB
Note: This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=1.96.		

Test Item	Measurement Frequency Range	k	U(dB)
Radiated emissions	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	2	3.79
Radiated emissions	1 GHz ~ 12.75 GHz	2	5.62
Note: This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.			

5. EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

5.1. DESCRIPTION OF EUT

EUT Name	Bluetooth Low Energy and 802.15.4 wireless radio module	
Model	HM-MT2401	
Series Model	HM-MT2401B	
Model Difference	HM-MT2401/19.5dBm, HM-MT2401B/10dBm	
Hardware Version	V1.0	
Software Version	V1.0	
Ratings	Input: DC 1.71V-3.8V	
Power Supply	DC	3.3 V

Frequency Band:	2400 MHz to 2483.5 MHz
Frequency Range:	2405 MHz to 2480 MHz
Mode:	802.15.4
Geo-location Capability:	Not Support
Type of Modulation:	O-QPSK
Number of Channels:	16
Channel Separation:	5 MHz
Maximum EIRP:	11.82 dBm
Antenna Type:	PCB Antenna
Antenna Gain:	1 dBi
Normal Test Voltage:	3.3 Vdc
Extreme Test Temperature:	General: -40 °C to +85 °C
EUT Test software:	SecureCRT

Note: The Antenna Gain was provided by customer, and this information may affect the validity of the results, customer should be responsible for this.

5.2. RECEIVER CATEGORY

EUT belong to	Receiver category	Relevant receiver clauses
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1	Adaptive equipment with a maximum RF output power greater than 10 dBm e.i.r.p.
<input type="checkbox"/>	2	Non-adaptive equipment with a Medium Utilization (MU) factor greater than 1 % and less than or equal to 10 % or adaptive equipment with a maximum RF output power of 10 dBm e.i.r.p.
<input type="checkbox"/>	3	Non-adaptive equipment with a maximum Medium Utilization (MU) factor of 1 % or adaptive equipment with a maximum RF output power of 0 dBm e.i.r.p.

5.3. CHANNEL LIST

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
11	2405	22	2460
12	2410	23	2465
13	2415	24	2470
14	2420	25	2475
15	2425	26	2480
16	2430	/	/
17	2435	/	/
18	2440	/	/
19	2445	/	/
20	2450	/	/
21	2455	/	/

5.4. MAXIMUM EIRP

Test Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Channel Number	Max EIRP (dBm)
O-QPSK	2405 ~ 2480	11-26[16]	11.82

5.5. TEST CHANNEL CONFIGURATION

Test Mode	Test Channel	Frequency
O-QPSK	CH 11(Low Channel), CH 18(MID Channel), CH 26(High Channel)	2405 MHz, 2440 MHz, 2480 MHz

5.6. THE WORSE CASE POWER SETTING PARAMETER

The Worse Case Power Setting Parameter under 2400 ~ 2483.5MHz Band				
Test Software Version		SecureCRT		
Modulation Type	Transmit Antenna Number	Test Software setting value		
		CH11	CH 18	CH 26
O-QPSK	1	120	120	120

5.7. DESCRIPTION OF AVAILABLE ANTENNAS

Antenna	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Type	MAX Antenna Gain (dBi)
1	2405-2480	PCB	1 dBi

Test Mode	Transmit and Receive Mode	Description
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O-QPSK	1TX, 1RX	Antenna 1 can be used as transmitting/receiving antenna.
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5.8. ENVIROMENTAL CONDITIONS FOR TESTING

Environment Parameter	Selected Values During Tests		
Test Condition	Ambient		
	Temperature (°C)	Voltage	Relative Humidity (%)
NVNT	+15 to +35	3.3 V	20 to 75
NVLT	-10	3.3 V	20 to 75
NVHT	55	3.3 V	20 to 75
Remark: 1) NV: Normal Voltage; NT: Normal Temperature			

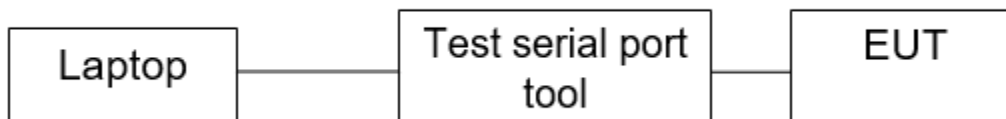
5.9. SUPPORT UNITS FOR SYSTEM TEST

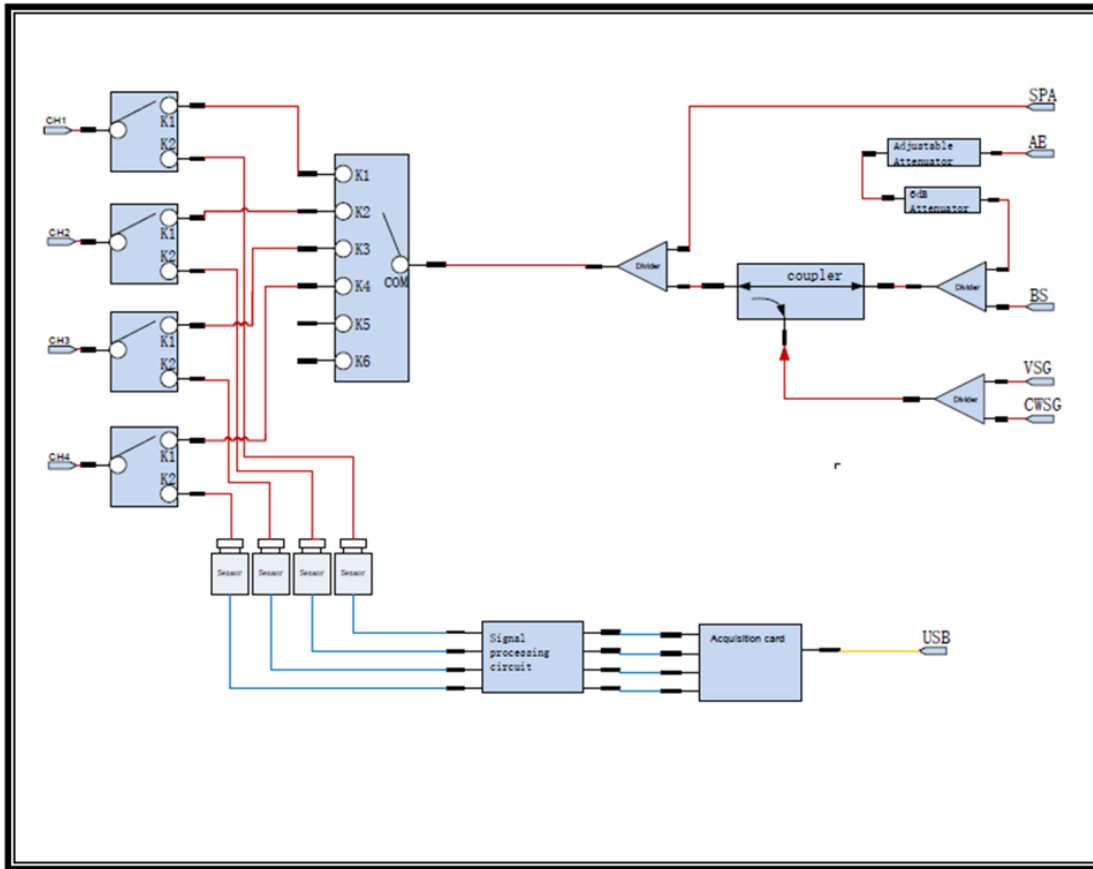
The EUT has been tested as an independent unit

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.
Test serial port tool	N/A	USB TO TTL
PC	Lenovo	T430

5.10. SETUP DIAGRAM

Radiated emissions:





(INFORMATION AS REQUIRED BY EN 300 328 V2.2.2, CLAUSE 5.4.1)

a)	Modulation Type		
	<input type="checkbox"/> FHSS <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> non-FHSS		
b)	FHSS Equipment Description		
	The Number of Hopping Frequencies	The Maximum	/
		The Minimum	/
	The (average) dwell time	/	
c)	Adaptive / Non-adaptive Equipment		
	<input type="checkbox"/> Non-adaptive Equipment <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Adaptive Equipment Without the Possibility to Switch to A Non-adaptive Mode <input type="checkbox"/> Adaptive Equipment Which can also operate in A Non-adaptive Mode		
d)	Adaptive Equipment Description		
	The maximum Channel Occupancy Time implemented by the equipment		/
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The equipment has implemented an LBT mechanism <input type="checkbox"/> The equipment has implemented a DAA mechanism <input type="checkbox"/> The equipment can operate in more than one adaptive mode		
e)	The different transmit operating modes		
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Operating mode 1 (single antenna)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Equipment with only one antenna <input type="checkbox"/> Equipment with two diversity antennas but only one antenna active at any moment in time	

		<input type="checkbox"/> Smart Antenna Systems with two or more antennas, but operating in a (legacy) mode where only one antenna is used (e.g. IEEE 802.11™ legacy mode in smart antenna systems)
	<input type="checkbox"/> Operating mode 2: Smart Antenna Systems - Multiple Antennas without beam forming	<input type="checkbox"/> Single spatial stream/Standard throughput/(e.g. IEEE 802.11™ legacy mode) <input type="checkbox"/> High Throughput (> 1 spatial stream) using Nominal Channel Bandwidth 1 <input type="checkbox"/> High Throughput (> 1 spatial stream) using Nominal Channel Bandwidth 2
	<input type="checkbox"/> Operating mode 3: Smart Antenna Systems - Multiple Antennas with beam forming	<input type="checkbox"/> Single spatial stream/Standard throughput (e.g. IEEE 802.11™ legacy mode) <input type="checkbox"/> High Throughput (> 1 spatial stream) using Nominal Channel Bandwidth 1 <input type="checkbox"/> High Throughput (> 1 spatial stream) using Nominal Channel Bandwidth 2
f)	In case of Smart Antenna Systems	
	The number of Receive chains	1
	The number of Transmit chains	1
	In case of beam forming, the maximum (additional) beam forming gain:	/
g)	Operating Frequency Range(s) of the equipment	
	Operating Frequency Range	2405 MHz to 2480 MHz
h)	Nominal Channel Bandwidth(s)	
	Occupied Channel Bandwidth	2.23 MHz

i)	Type of Equipment				
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stand-Alone				
	<input type="checkbox"/> Plug-in radio Equipment				
	<input type="checkbox"/> Combined Equipment				
j)	The extreme operating conditions that apply to the equipment				
	Operating temperature range		-40 °C to +85 °C		
k)	The intended combination(s) of the radio equipment power settings and one or more antenna assemblies and their corresponding e.i.r.p levels				
	Antenna Type	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PCB Antenna	Antenna Gain	1 dBi	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Dedicated Antennas (equipment with antenna connector)	<input type="checkbox"/> Single power level with corresponding antenna(s)	Gain	ANT1
			<input type="checkbox"/> Multiple power settings and corresponding antenna(s)	Power Level 1	
				Power Level 2	
				Power Level 3	
l)	The nominal voltages of the stand-alone radio equipment or the nominal voltages of the combined (host) equipment or test jig in case of plug-in devices:				
	Details provided are for the	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Testing of stand-alone equipment			
		<input type="checkbox"/> Combined equipment			
		<input type="checkbox"/> Test jig			
	Supply Voltage	<input type="checkbox"/> AC mains	State AC voltage		
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DC	State DC voltage	<input type="checkbox"/> Internal Power Supply	

				<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> External Power Supply or AC/DC adapter	DC 3.3 V
				<input type="checkbox"/> Battery	
				<input type="checkbox"/> Other	
m)	The equipment type				
	<input type="checkbox"/> Bluetooth®				
	<input type="checkbox"/> IEEE 802.11™ [i.3]				
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> IEEE 802.15.4				
n)	Geo-location capability supported by the equipment		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> The geographical location determined by the equipment as defined in clause 4.3.1.13.2 or clause 4.3.2.12.2 is not accessible to the user.		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No					

6. MEASURING EQUIPMENT AND SOFTWARE USED

Test Equipment of Conducted RF					
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.	Due Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSV40	102257	2023/09/18	2024/09/17
Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY51285127	2023/09/18	2024/09/17
EXG Analog Signal Generator	KEYSIGHT	N5173B	MY61253075	2023/09/18	2024/09/17
Vector Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SMM100A	101899	2023/09/18	2024/09/17
RF Control box	MWRF-test	MW100-RFCB	MW220926GTG	2023/09/18	2024/09/17
Wideband Radio Communication Tester	Rohde & Schwarz	CMW270	102792	2023/09/18	2024/09/17
Wideband Radio Communication Tester	Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	103235	2023/09/18	2024/09/17
temperature humidity chamber	Espec	SH-241	SH-241-2014	2023/09/18	2024/09/17
RF Test Software	MWRF-test	MTS8310E (Ver. V2/0)	N/A	N/A	N/A

Test Equipment of Radiated emissions below 1GHz					
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.	Due Date
3m Semi-anechoic Chamber	ETS	9m*6m*6m	Q2146	2022/08/30	2025/08/29
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI3	101409	2023/09/18	2024/09/17
Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY51283932	2023/09/18	2024/09/17
Pre-Amplifier	HzEMC	HPA-9K0130	HYPA21001	2023/09/18	2024/09/17
Biconilog Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB 9168	01315	2022/10/10	2025/10/09
Biconilog Antenna	ETS	3142E	00243646	2022/03/23	2025/03/22
Loop Antenna	ETS	6502	243668	2022/03/30	2025/03/29
Test Software	Farad	EZ-EMC (Ver.FA-03A2 RE)	N/A	N/A	N/A

Test Equipment of Radiated emissions above 1GHz					
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.	Due Date
3m Semi-anechoic Chamber	ETS	9m*6m*6m	Q2149	2022/08/30	2025/08/29
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSV40	101413	2023/09/18	2024/09/17
Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY51283932	2023/09/18	2024/09/17
Pre-Amplifier	A-INFO	HPA-1G1850	HYPA21003	2023/09/18	2024/09/17
Horn antenna	A-INFO	3117	246069	2022/03/11	2025/03/10
Pre-Amplifier	ZKJC	HPA-184057	HYPA21004	2023/09/18	2024/09/17

Horn antenna	ZKJC	3116C	246265	2022/03/29	2025/03/28
Test Software	Farad	EZ-EMC (Ver.FA-03A2 RE+)	N/A	N/A	N/A

7. RADIATED TEST RESULTS

LIMITS

Transmitter spurious emissions:

The transmitter unwanted emissions in the spurious domain shall not exceed the values given in table 12.

In case of equipment with antenna connectors, these limits apply to emissions at the antenna port (conducted). For emissions radiated by the cabinet or emissions radiated by integral antenna equipment (without antenna connectors), these limits are e.r.p. for emissions up to 1 GHz and as e.i.r.p. for emissions above 1 GHz.

Table 12: Transmitter limits for spurious emissions

Frequency range	Maximum power	Bandwidth
30 MHz to 47 MHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz
47 MHz to 74 MHz	-54 dBm	100 kHz
74 MHz to 87,5 MHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz
87,5 MHz to 118 MHz	-54 dBm	100 kHz
118 MHz to 174 MHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz
174 MHz to 230 MHz	-54 dBm	100 kHz
230 MHz to 470 MHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz
470 MHz to 694 MHz	-54 dBm	100 kHz
694 MHz to 1 GHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz
1 GHz to 12,75 GHz	-30 dBm	1 MHz

Receiver spurious emissions:

The spurious emissions of the receiver shall not exceed the values given in table 13.

In case of non-FHSS equipment with antenna connectors, these limits apply to emissions at the antenna port (conducted). For emissions radiated by the cabinet or for emissions radiated by integral antenna equipment (without antenna connectors), these limits are e.r.p. for emissions up to 1 GHz and e.i.r.p. for emissions above 1 GHz.

Table 13: Spurious emission limits for receivers

Frequency range	Maximum power	Bandwidth
30 MHz to 1 GHz	-57 dBm	100 kHz
1 GHz to 12,75 GHz	-47 dBm	1 MHz

TEST PROCEDURE

Transmitter spurious emissions:

Refer to ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07) clause 5.4.9

Spectrum analyser settings for pre-scan:

RBW	100 kHz (< 1 GHz) / 1 MHz (> 1 GHz)
VBW	300 kHz (< 1 GHz) / 3 MHz (> 1 GHz)
Detector Mode	Peak

Filter type	3 dB (Gaussian)
Trace Mode	Max hold
Sweep Points	$\geq 19\,400$ (< 1 GHz); $\geq 23\,500$ (> 1 GHz); for spectrum analysers not supporting this high number of sweep points, the frequency band may be segmented.
Sweep Time	For non continuous transmissions (duty cycle less than 100 %), the sweep time shall be sufficiently long, such that for each 100 kHz frequency step, the measurement time is greater than two transmissions of the UUT, on any channel. For FHSS equipment operating in a normal operating (hopping not disabled) mode, the sweep time shall be further increased to capture multiple transmissions on any of the hopping frequencies. The above sweep time setting may result in long measuring times in case of FHSS equipment. To avoid such long measuring times, an FFT analyser may be used.

Spectrum analyser settings for the emissions identified during the pre-scan:

Measurement Mode	Time Domain Power
Centre Frequency	Frequency of the emission identified during the pre-scan
RBW	100 kHz (< 1 GHz) / 1 MHz (> 1 GHz)
VBW	300 kHz (< 1 GHz) / 3 MHz (> 1 GHz)
Frequency Span	Zero Span
Sweep Mode	Single Sweep
Detector Mode	RMS
Trace Mode	Max hold
Trigger Mode	Video (burst signals) or Manual (continuous signals)
Sweep Points	Sweep time [μ s] / (1 μ s) with a maximum of 30 000
Sweep Time	> 120 % of the duration of the longest burst detected during the measurement of the RF Output Power

Receiver spurious emissions:

Please refer to ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07) Clause 5.4.10

Spectrum analyser settings for pre-scan:

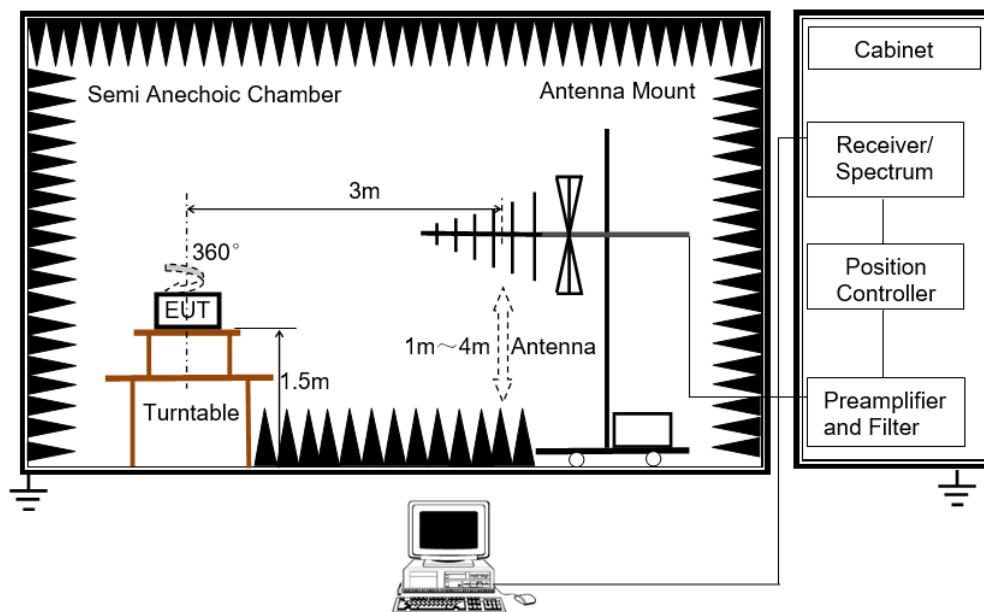
RBW	100 kHz (< 1 GHz) / 1 MHz (> 1 GHz)
VBW	300 kHz (< 1 GHz) / 3 MHz (> 1 GHz)
Detector Mode	Peak
Filter type	3 dB (Gaussian)
Trace Mode	Max hold

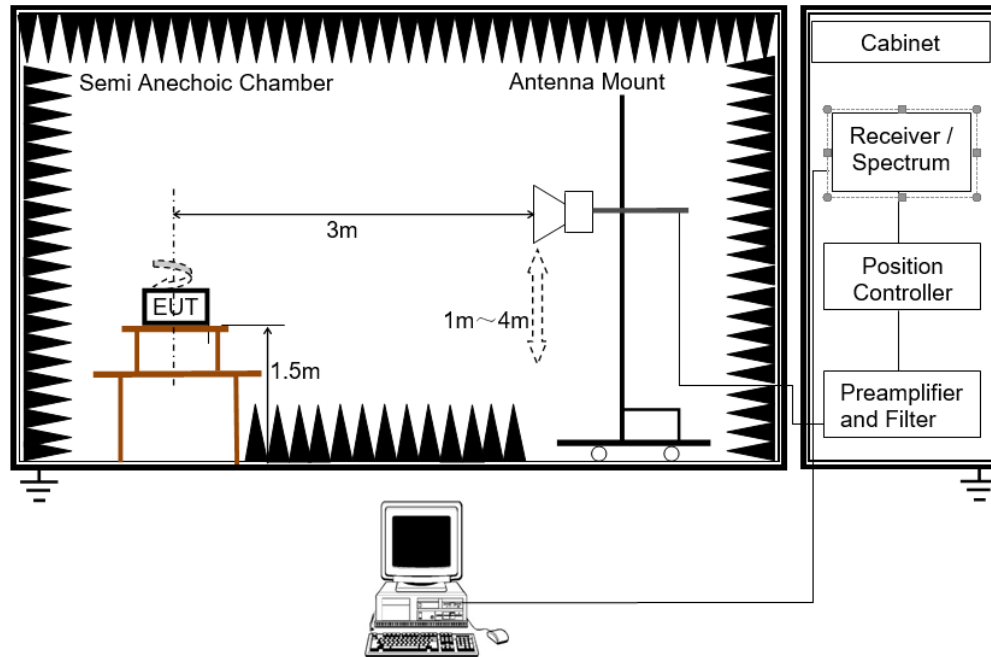
Sweep Points	$\geq 19\,400$ ($< 1\text{ GHz}$); $\geq 23\,500$ ($> 1\text{ GHz}$); for spectrum analysers not supporting this high number of sweep points, the frequency band may be segmented.
Sweep Time	Auto

Spectrum analyser settings for the emissions identified during the pre-scan:

Measurement Mode	Time Domain Power
Centre Frequency	Frequency of the emission identified during the pre-scan
RBW	100 kHz ($< 1\text{ GHz}$) / 1 MHz ($> 1\text{ GHz}$)
VBW	300 kHz ($< 1\text{ GHz}$) / 3 MHz ($> 1\text{ GHz}$)
Frequency Span	Zero Span
Sweep Mode	Single Sweep
Detector Mode	RMS
Trace Mode	Max hold
Trigger Mode	Video (burst signals) or Manual (continuous signals)
Sweep Points	$\geq 30\,000$
Sweep Time	30 ms

TEST SETUP



**TEST ENVIRONMENT**

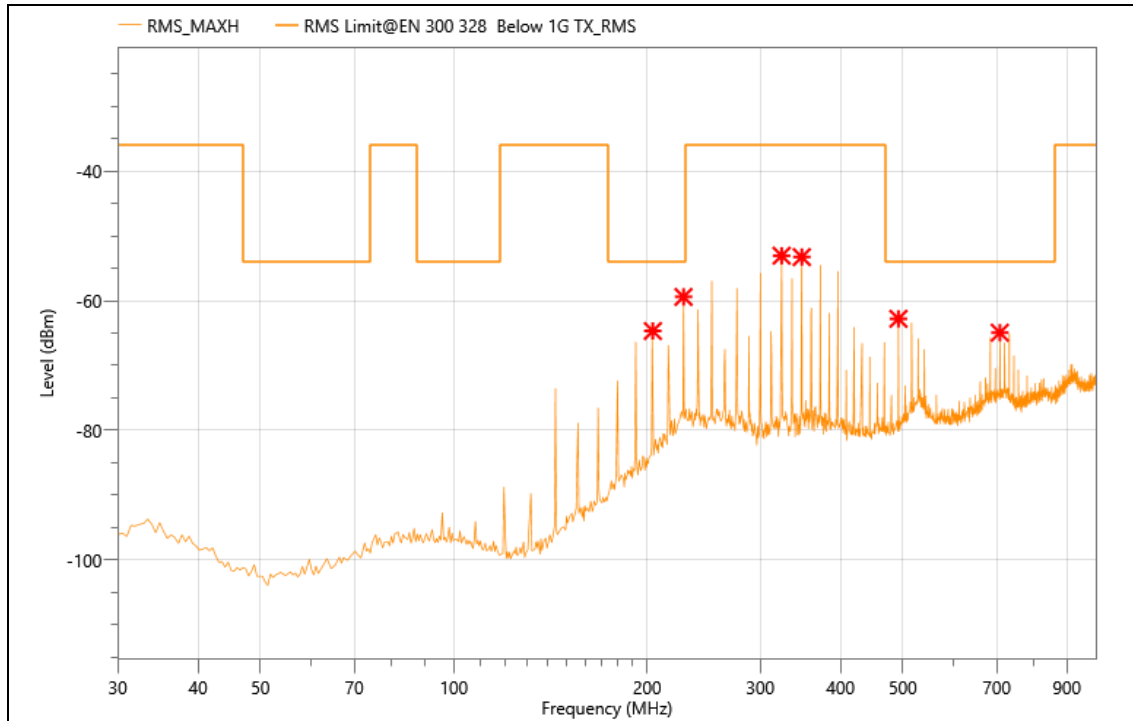
Temperature	24.3°C	Relative Humidity	54%
Atmosphere Pressure	101kPa		

TEST RESULTS

- 30MHz to 1GHz

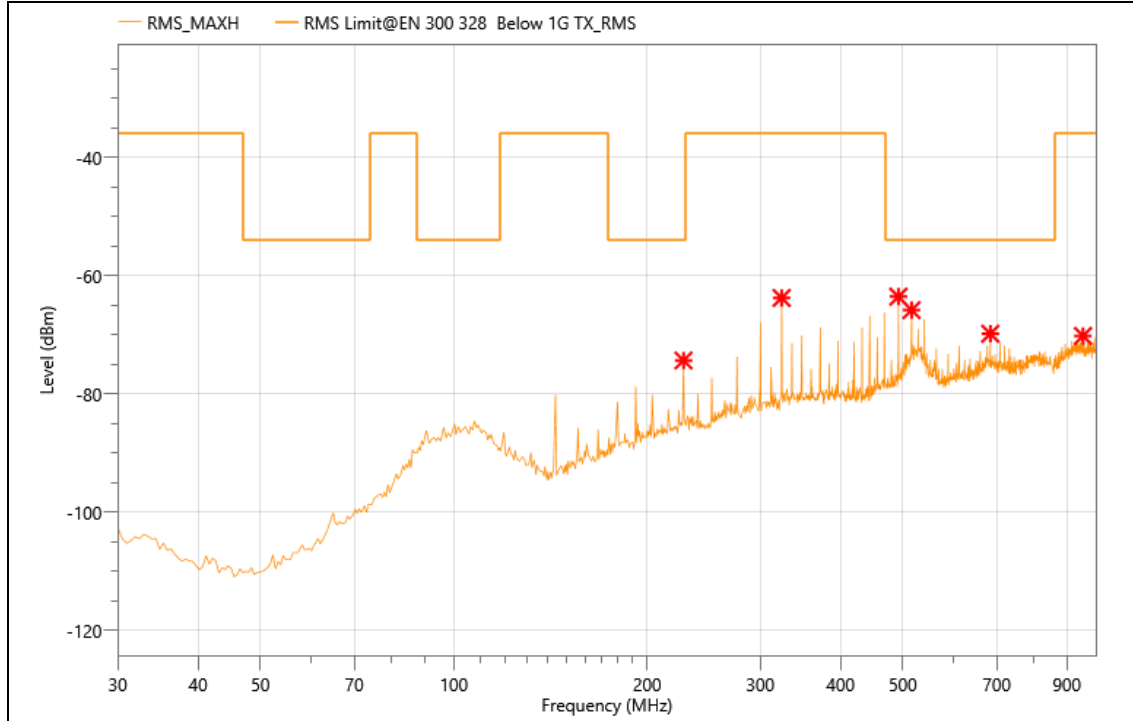
The worst result as bellow:

Mode:	802.15.4 2405MHz
Power:	DC 3.3V
TE:	Berny
Date	2024/3/12
T/A/P	24.3°C/54%/101Kpa

**Critical_Freqs**

No.	Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	Corr. (dB)	Meas. (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Det.	Pol.
1	204.115	-61.82	-2.84	-64.66	-54.00	10.66	RMS	H
2	227.880	-59.68	0.28	-59.40	-54.00	5.40	RMS	H
3	323.910	-51.98	-1.05	-53.03	-36.00	17.03	RMS	H
4	348.160	-53.53	0.28	-53.25	-36.00	17.25	RMS	H
5	492.205	-65.58	2.8	-62.78	-54.00	8.78	RMS	H
6	708.030	-72.59	7.67	-64.92	-54.00	10.92	RMS	H

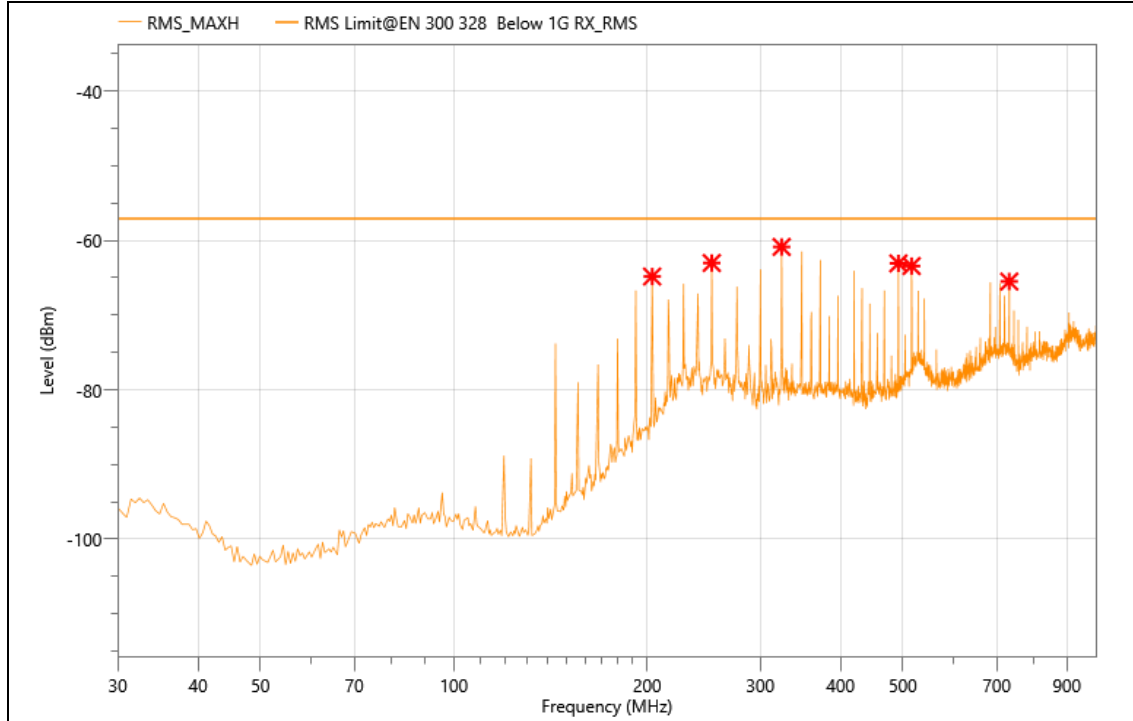
Mode:	802.15.4 2405MHz
Power:	DC 3.3V
TE:	Berny
Date	2024/3/12
T/A/P	24.3°C/54%/101Kpa



Critical_Freqs

No.	Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	Corr. (dB)	Meas. (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Det.	Pol.
1	227.880	-70.47	-3.85	-74.32	-54.00	20.32	RMS	V
2	323.910	-63.83	0.09	-63.74	-36.00	27.74	RMS	V
3	492.205	-66.55	3.03	-63.52	-54.00	9.52	RMS	V
4	515.970	-70.95	5.15	-65.80	-54.00	11.80	RMS	V
5	684.265	-77.12	7.32	-69.80	-54.00	15.80	RMS	V
6	953.925	-80.50	10.33	-70.17	-36.00	34.17	RMS	V

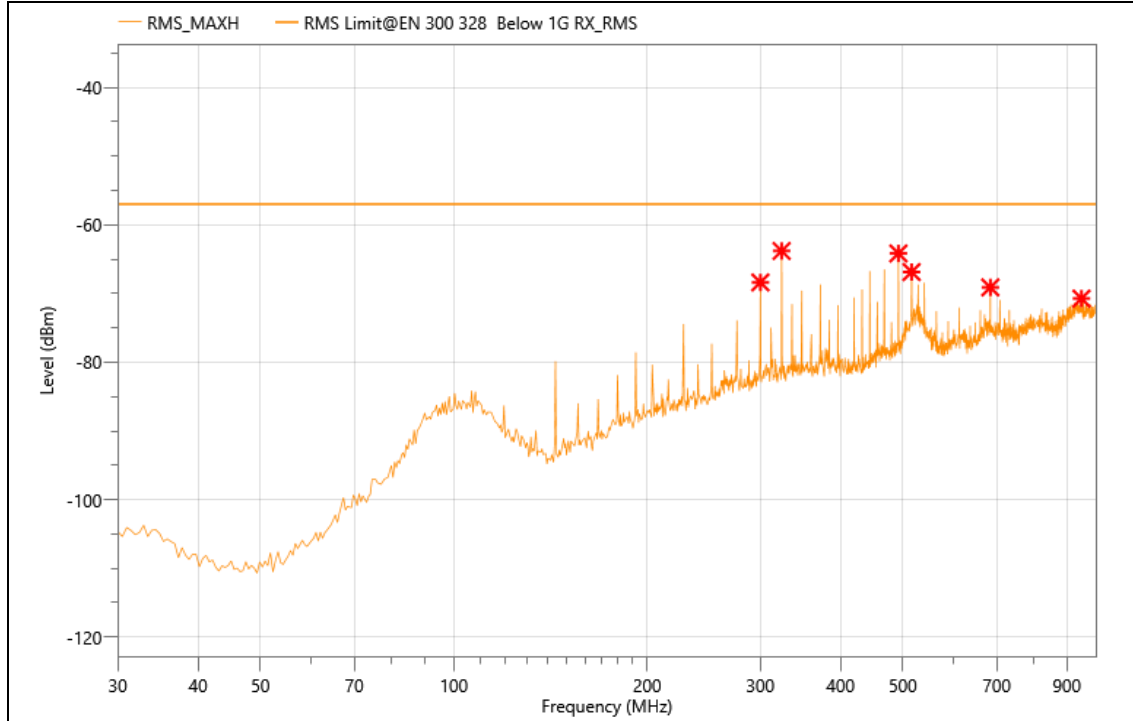
Mode:	802.15.4 2405MHz
Power:	DC 3.3V
TE:	Berny
Date	2024/3/12
T/A/P	24.3°C/54%/101Kpa



Critical_Freqs

No.	Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	Corr. (dB)	Meas. (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Det.	Pol.
1	203.630	-61.88	-2.94	-64.82	-57.00	7.82	RMS	H
2	252.130	-63.13	0.12	-63.01	-57.00	6.01	RMS	H
3	323.910	-59.81	-1.05	-60.86	-57.00	3.86	RMS	H
4	492.205	-65.86	2.8	-63.06	-57.00	6.06	RMS	H
5	515.970	-68.72	5.3	-63.42	-57.00	6.42	RMS	H
6	732.280	-72.97	7.48	-65.49	-57.00	8.49	RMS	H

Mode:	802.15.4 2405MHz
Power:	DC 3.3V
TE:	Berny
Date	2024/3/12
T/A/P	24.3°C/54%/101Kpa



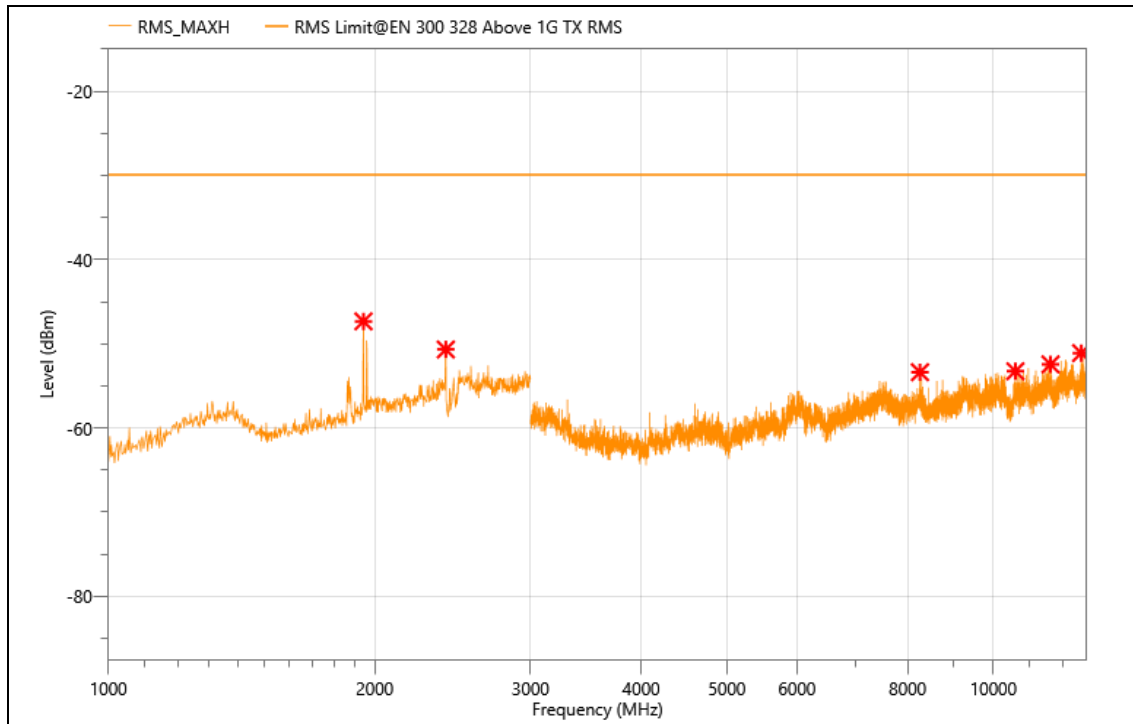
Critical_Freqs

No.	Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	Corr. (dB)	Meas. (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Det.	Pol.
1	300.145	-67.74	-0.64	-68.38	-57.00	11.38	RMS	V
2	323.910	-63.89	0.09	-63.80	-57.00	6.80	RMS	V
3	492.205	-67.19	3.03	-64.16	-57.00	7.16	RMS	V
4	515.970	-72.02	5.15	-66.87	-57.00	9.87	RMS	V
5	684.265	-76.42	7.32	-69.10	-57.00	12.10	RMS	V
6	948.590	-81.20	10.47	-70.73	-57.00	13.73	RMS	V

- Above 1GHz

The worst result as bellow:

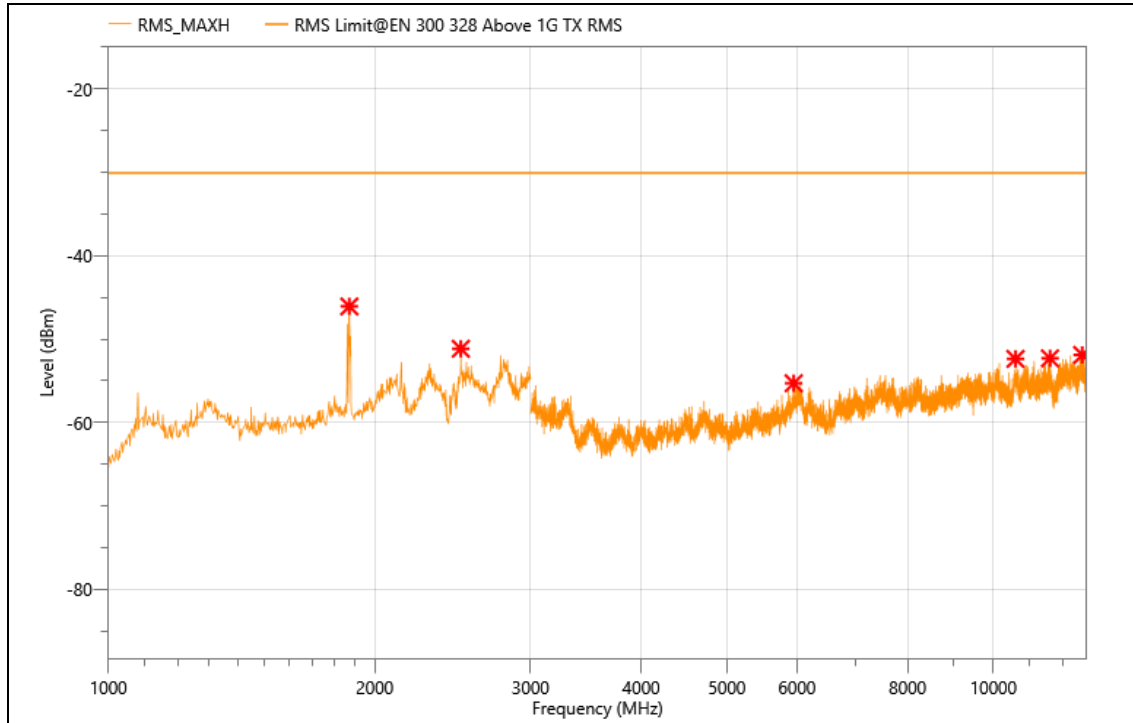
Mode:	802.15.4 2405MHz
Power:	DC 3.3V
TE:	Berny
Date	2024/3/12
T/A/P	24.3°C/54%/101Kpa



Critical_Freqs

No.	Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	Corr. (dB)	Meas. (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Det.	Pol.
1	1942.000	-50.74	3.41	-47.33	-30.00	17.33	RMS	H
2	2406.000	-55.24	4.57	-50.67	-30.00	20.67	RMS	H
3	8261.100	-58.22	4.85	-53.37	-30.00	23.37	RMS	H
4	10589.400	-61.45	8.2	-53.25	-30.00	23.25	RMS	H
5	11603.400	-60.94	8.5	-52.44	-30.00	22.44	RMS	H
6	12567.675	-60.74	9.64	-51.10	-30.00	21.10	RMS	H

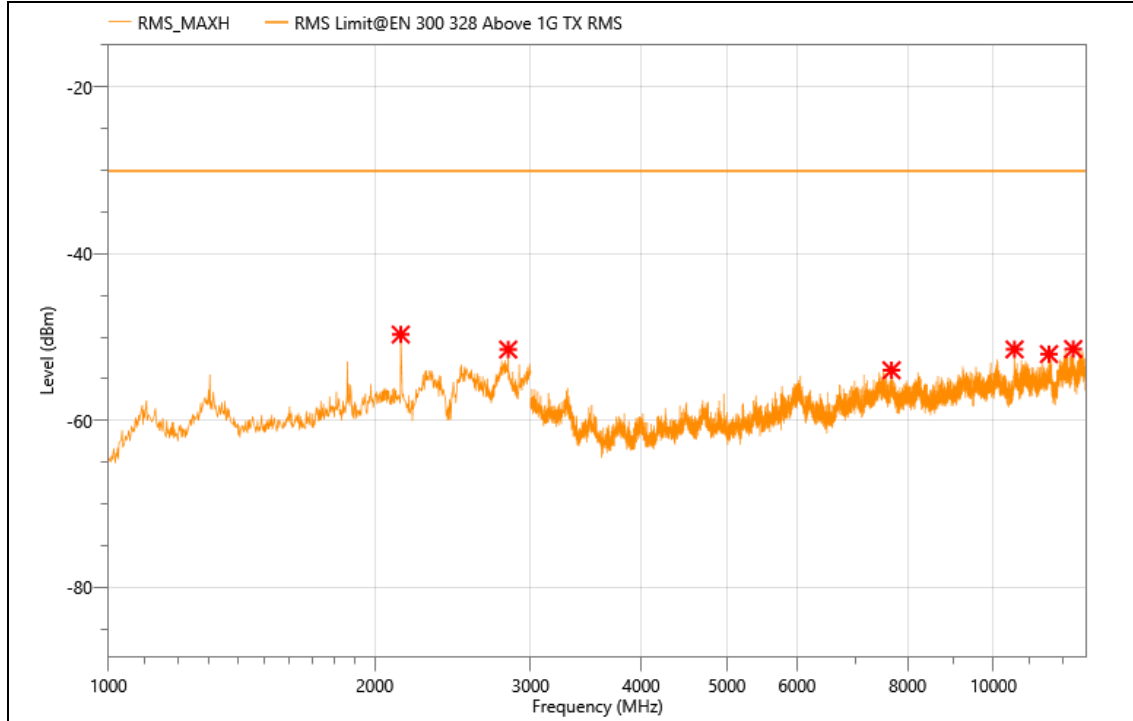
Mode:	802.15.4 2405MHz
Power:	DC 3.3V
TE:	Berny
Date	2024/3/12
T/A/P	24.3°C/54%/101Kpa



Critical_Freqs

No.	Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	Corr. (dB)	Meas. (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Det.	Pol.
1	1872.000	-48.38	2.31	-46.07	-30.00	16.07	RMS	V
2	2502.000	-56.41	5.26	-51.15	-30.00	21.15	RMS	V
3	5948.400	-58.50	3.22	-55.28	-30.00	25.28	RMS	V
4	10593.300	-60.98	8.62	-52.36	-30.00	22.36	RMS	V
5	11588.775	-61.30	9.01	-52.29	-30.00	22.29	RMS	V
6	12602.775	-62.63	10.75	-51.88	-30.00	21.88	RMS	V

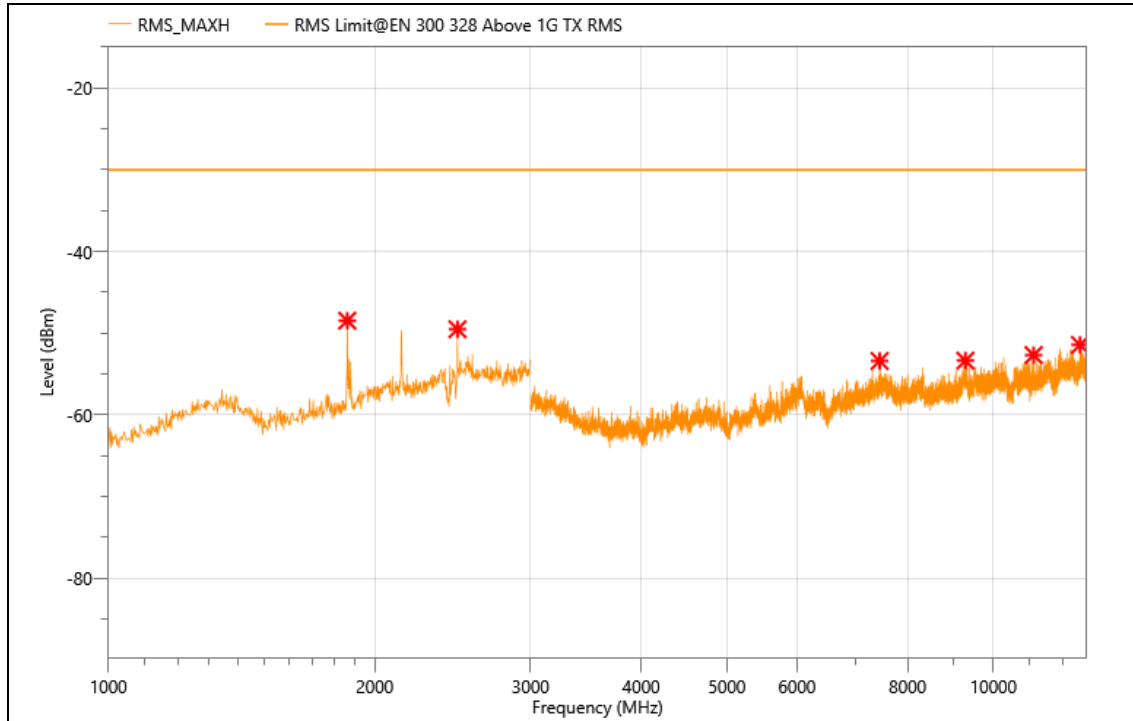
Mode:	802.15.4 2480MHz
Power:	DC 3.3V
TE:	Berny
Date	2024/3/12
T/A/P	24.3°C/54%/101Kpa



Critical_Freqs

No.	Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	Corr. (dB)	Meas. (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Det.	Pol.
1	2140.000	-53.80	4.12	-49.68	-30.00	19.68	RMS	V
2	2830.000	-56.89	5.41	-51.48	-30.00	21.48	RMS	V
3	7673.175	-58.71	4.75	-53.96	-30.00	23.96	RMS	V
4	10566.975	-59.92	8.46	-51.46	-30.00	21.46	RMS	V
5	11557.575	-61.25	9.22	-52.03	-30.00	22.03	RMS	V
6	12310.275	-61.30	9.88	-51.42	-30.00	21.42	RMS	V

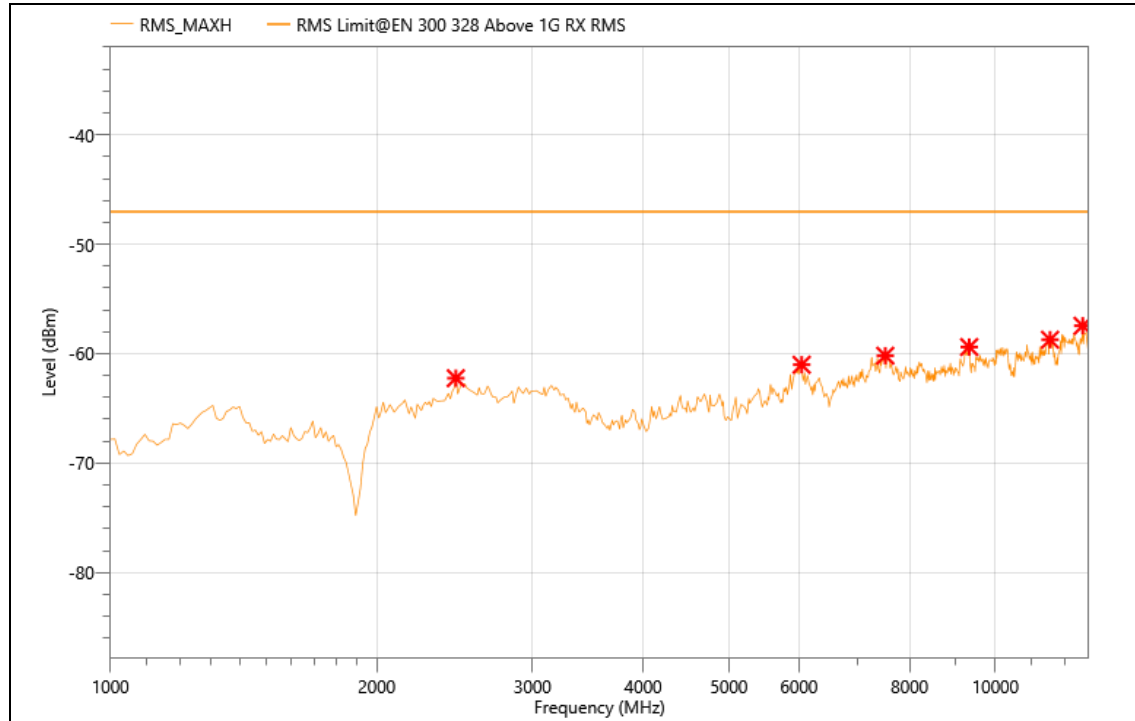
Mode:	802.15.4 2480MHz
Power:	DC 3.3V
TE:	Berny
Date	2024/3/12
T/A/P	24.3°C/54%/101Kpa



Critical_Freqs

No.	Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	Corr. (dB)	Meas. (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Det.	Pol.
1	1862.000	-50.69	2.22	-48.47	-30.00	18.47	RMS	H
2	2480.000	-54.72	5.21	-49.51	-30.00	19.51	RMS	H
3	7439.175	-58.62	5.23	-53.39	-30.00	23.39	RMS	H
4	9297.525	-59.10	5.75	-53.35	-30.00	23.35	RMS	H
5	11105.175	-61.02	8.35	-52.67	-30.00	22.67	RMS	H
6	12530.625	-61.12	9.69	-51.43	-30.00	21.43	RMS	H

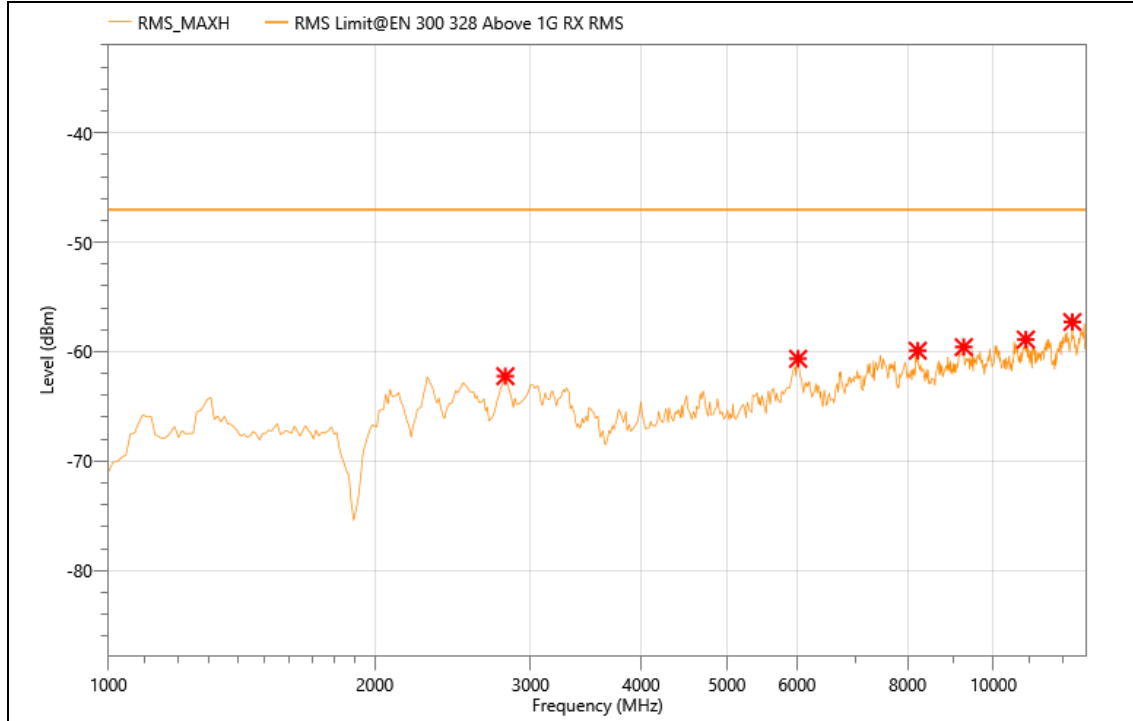
Mode:	802.15.4 2405MHz
Power:	DC 3.3V
TE:	Berny
Date	2024/3/12
T/A/P	24.3°C/54%/101Kpa



Critical_Freqs

No.	Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	Corr. (dB)	Meas. (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Det.	Pol.
1	2457.000	-57.98	-4.26	-62.24	-47.00	15.24	RMS	H
2	6040.750	-64.03	3.02	-61.01	-47.00	14.01	RMS	H
3	7509.500	-65.07	4.89	-60.18	-47.00	13.18	RMS	H
4	9342.500	-65.00	5.61	-59.39	-47.00	12.39	RMS	H
5	11528.000	-67.08	8.36	-58.72	-47.00	11.72	RMS	H
6	12550.250	-66.98	9.53	-57.45	-47.00	10.45	RMS	H

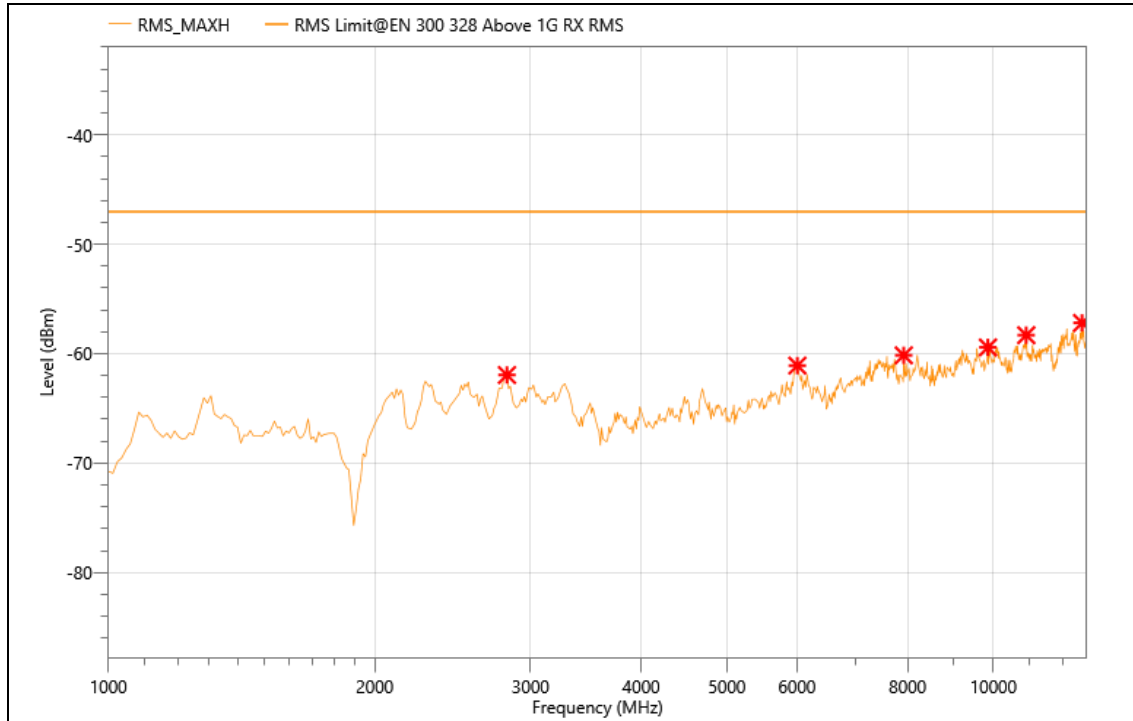
Mode:	802.15.4 2405MHz
Power:	DC 3.3V
TE:	Berny
Date	2024/3/12
T/A/P	24.3°C/54%/101Kpa



Critical_Freqs

No.	Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	Corr. (dB)	Meas. (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Det.	Pol.
1	2809.500	-59.16	-3.08	-62.24	-47.00	15.24	RMS	V
2	6017.250	-64.34	3.69	-60.65	-47.00	13.65	RMS	V
3	8214.500	-64.59	4.68	-59.91	-47.00	12.91	RMS	V
4	9260.250	-65.04	5.46	-59.58	-47.00	12.58	RMS	V
5	10881.750	-67.40	8.51	-58.89	-47.00	11.89	RMS	V
6	12280.000	-66.64	9.35	-57.29	-47.00	10.29	RMS	V

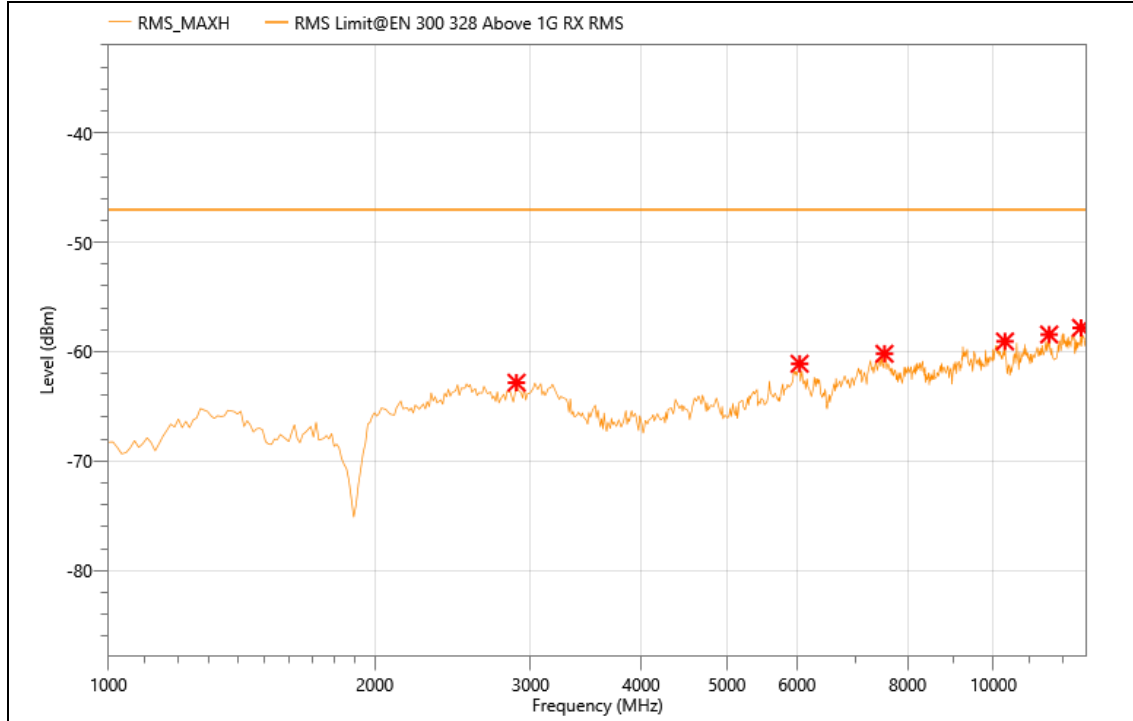
Mode:	802.15.4 2480MHz
Power:	DC 3.3V
TE:	Berny
Date	2024/3/12
T/A/P	24.3°C/54%/101Kpa



Critical_Freqs

No.	Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	Corr. (dB)	Meas. (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Det.	Pol.
1	2821.250	-58.61	-3.34	-61.95	-47.00	14.95	RMS	V
2	6005.500	-65.03	3.94	-61.09	-47.00	14.09	RMS	V
3	7920.750	-64.03	3.88	-60.15	-47.00	13.15	RMS	V
4	9859.500	-65.58	6.15	-59.43	-47.00	12.43	RMS	V
5	10893.500	-66.72	8.41	-58.31	-47.00	11.31	RMS	V
6	12597.250	-67.44	10.25	-57.19	-47.00	10.19	RMS	V

Mode:	802.15.4 2480MHz
Power:	DC 3.3V
TE:	Berny
Date	2024/3/12
T/A/P	24.3°C/54%/101Kpa



Critical_Freqs

No.	Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	Corr. (dB)	Meas. (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Det.	Pol.
1	2891.750	-58.42	-4.41	-62.83	-47.00	15.83	RMS	H
2	6040.750	-64.12	3.02	-61.10	-47.00	14.10	RMS	H
3	7533.000	-64.89	4.7	-60.19	-47.00	13.19	RMS	H
4	10306.000	-66.72	7.66	-59.06	-47.00	12.06	RMS	H
5	11563.250	-66.90	8.47	-58.43	-47.00	11.43	RMS	H
6	12562.000	-67.10	9.28	-57.82	-47.00	10.82	RMS	H

Note: 1. All the modes had been tested, but only the worst data was recorded in the report.

2. For the radiation test from 18 GHz to 26 GHz, a pre-scan was performed, and the result was 20 dB lower than the limit line, the test data was not shown in the report.

8. TEST PROCEDURES AND RESULTS

8.1. RF OUTPUT POWER

LIMITS

RF OUTPUT POWER	
Condition	Limit
<input type="checkbox"/> Non-adaptive Equipment	For Non-adaptive FHSS equipment, the manufacturer may have declared a reduced RF Output Power (see clause 5.4.1 m)) and associated Duty Cycle (see clause 5.4.1 e)) that will ensure that the equipment meets the requirement for the Medium Utilization (MU) factor further described in clause 4.3.1.6. This is verified by the conformance test referred to in clause 4.3.1.6.4. For non-adaptive FHSS equipment, where the manufacturer has declared an RF output power lower than 20 dBm e.i.r.p., the RF output power shall be equal to or less than that declared value.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Adaptive Equipment	FHSS equipment shall be equal to or less than 20 dBm.

TEST PROCEDURE

Refer to ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07) Clause 5.4.2

The power sensor was used for power measurement, and it use a fast power sensor with a minimum sensitivity of -40 dBm and capable of minimum 1 MS/s.

The test software was used to control the power detector and the sampling unit.

For adaptive equipment, the measurement duration shall be long enough to ensure a minimum number of bursts (at least 10) are captured.

Measurement	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Conducted measurement	<input type="checkbox"/> Radiated measurement

CALCULATIONS

Add the (stated) antenna assembly gain G in dBi of the individual antenna.

- In case of smart antenna systems operating in mode with beamforming (see clause 5.3.2.2.4), add the additional beamforming gain Y in dB.
- If more than one antenna assembly is intended for this power setting, the maximum overall antenna gain (G or G + Y) shall be used.
- The RF Output Power (Pout) shall be calculated using the formula below:

$$P_{out} = A + G + Y$$

TEST ENVIRONMENT

Temperature	23.6°C	Relative Humidity	52%
Atmosphere Pressure	101kPa		

TEST RESULTS

Please refer to section "Test Data" - Appendix B

8.2. POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

LIMITS

Power Spectral Density	
Condition	Limit
All types of non-FHSS equipment	10 dBm/MHz

TEST PROCEDURE

Refer to ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07) Clause 5.4.3

R&S EMC32 software is used to control the spectrum analyzer to use the following settings:

Start Frequency	2400MHz
Stop Frequency	2483.5MHz
Detector	RMS
Sweep Point	> 8 350; for spectrum analysers not supporting this number of sweep points, the frequency band may be segmented
RBW	10KHz
VBW	30KHz
Trace Mode	Max Hold
Sweep Time	For non-continuous transmissions: $2 \times \text{Channel Occupancy Time} \times \text{number of sweep points}$ For non-adaptive equipment use the maximum TX-sequence time in the formula above instead of the Channel Occupancy Time For continuous transmissions: 10 s; the sweep time may be increased further until a value where the sweep time has no further impact anymore on the RMS value of the signal

The test software acquires the trace data and calculate the Spectral Density in 1MHz.

TEST ENVIRONMENT

Temperature	23.6°C	Relative Humidity	52%
Atmosphere Pressure	101kPa		

TEST RESULTS

Please refer to section "Test Data" - Appendix B

8.3. DUTY CYCLE, TX-SEQUENCE, TX-GAP**TEST ENVIRONMENT**

Temperature	°C	Relative Humidity	%
Atmosphere Pressure	kPa		

TEST RESULTS

N/A.

8.4. MEDIUM UTILIZATION (MU) FACTOR

TEST ENVIRONMENT

Temperature	°C	Relative Humidity	%
Atmosphere Pressure	kPa		

TEST RESULTS

N/A.

8.5. ADAPTIVITY (NON-FHSS)

LIMITS

Requirement	Operational Mode		
	Adaptive non-FHSS using DAA	Adaptive non-FHSS using LBT	
		Frame Based Equipment	Load Based Equipment
Minimum Clear Channel Assessment (CCA) Time	/	18 us (see note 1)	18 us (see note 1)
Minimum Marked Unavailable Time	1s	/	/
Maximum Channel Occupancy (COT) Time	40 ms	1ms to 10 ms	13ms
Minimum Idle Period	5% of COT (see note 2)	5% of COT	/
Extended CCA check	/	/	18μs ~160μs
Detection Threshold Level	-70 dBm/MHz + 10 × log10 (100 mW / P _{out}) (see note 3)		
Short Control Signalling Transmissions	Shall have a maximum TxOn / (TxOn + TxOff) ratio of 10 % within any observation period of 50 ms (see note 4)		
Note 1: The CCA time used by the equipment shall be declared by the supplier.			
Note 2: The minimum idle period is 100μs.			
Note 3: For a 20 dBm e.i.r.p. transmitter the detection threshold level shall be equal to or less than -70 dBm/MHz at the input to the receiver assuming a 0 dBi (receive) antenna assembly.			
Note 4: Adaptive equipment may or may not have Short Control Signaling Transmissions.			

Unwanted Signal Parameters				
Equipment Type (LBT/ non-LBT)	Wanted Signal Mean Power from Companion Device	Unwanted Signal Frequency [MHz]	Unwanted Signal Power [dBm]	Type Interfering Signal
Adaptive non-FHSS using LBT	Sufficient to maintain the link (see note 2)	2395 or 2488.5 (see note 1)	-35 (see note 3)	Band limited noise signal with a 100 % duty cycle & CW
Adaptive non-FHSS using DAA	-30 dBm			
NOTE 1: The highest frequency shall be used for testing operating channels within the range 2400 MHz to 2 442 MHz, while the lowest frequency shall be used for testing operating channels within the range 2 442 MHz to 2 483,5 MHz. See clause 5.4.6.1.				
NOTE 2: A typical conducted value which can be used in most cases is -50 dBm/MHz.				
NOTE 3: The level specified is the level at the UUT receiver input assuming a 0 dBi antenna assembly gain. In case of conducted measurements, this level has to be corrected for the (in-band) antenna assembly gain (G). In case of radiated measurements, this level is equivalent to a power flux density in front of the UUT antenna.				

TEST PROCEDURE

Refer to ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07) Clause 5.4.6.2

Measurement	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Conducted measurement	<input type="checkbox"/> Radiated measurement

UUT operational Mode		
<input type="checkbox"/> Non-FHSS equipment using DAA	<input type="checkbox"/> Non-FHSS equipment using LBT Frame Based Equipment	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Non-FHSS equipment using LBT Load Based Equipment

The analyser shall be set as follows:

Centre Frequency	Equal to the centre frequency of the operating channel
Span	0Hz
Detector	RMS
Sweep Time	> maximum Channel Occupancy Time
RBW	\geq Occupied Channel Bandwidth (if the analyser does not support this setting, the highest available setting shall be used)
VBW	3 × RBW (if the analyser does not support this setting, the highest available setting shall be used)
Trigger Mode	Video
Trace Mode	Clear Write

TEST ENVIRONMENT

Temperature	23.6°C	Relative Humidity	52%
Atmosphere Pressure	101kPa		

TEST RESULTS

Please refer to section "Test Data" - Appendix B.

8.6. OCCUPIED CHANNEL BANDWIDTH

LIMITS

OCCUPIED CHANNEL BANDWIDTH		
Condition		Limit
All types of equipment		Each hopping frequency shall be within the 2400 to 2483.5 MHz band
Additional requirement	For non-adaptive non-FHSS equipment with e.i.r.p. greater than 10 dBm	Each hopping frequency shall be equal to or less than 20 MHz

TEST PROCEDURE

Refer to ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07) clause 5.4.7

Measurement	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Conducted measurement	<input type="checkbox"/> Radiated measurement

Connect the UUT to the spectrum analyser and use the following settings:

Center Frequency	The center frequency of the channel under test
Frequency Span	2 × Nominal Channel Bandwidth
Detector	RMS
RBW	~ 1 % of the span without going below 1 %
VBW	3 × RBW
Trace	Max hold
Sweep Time	1s

TEST ENVIRONMENT

Temperature	23.6°C	Relative Humidity	52%
Atmosphere Pressure	101kPa		

TEST RESULTS

Please refer to section "Test Data" - Appendix B.

8.7. TRANSMITTER UNWANTED EMISSIONS IN THE OUT-OF-BAND DOMAIN

LIMITS

Transmitter Unwanted Emissions in The Out-Of-Band Domain	
Condition	Limit
Under Normal Test Condition	The transmitter unwanted emissions in the out-of-band domain shall not exceed the values provided by the mask in figure 3.

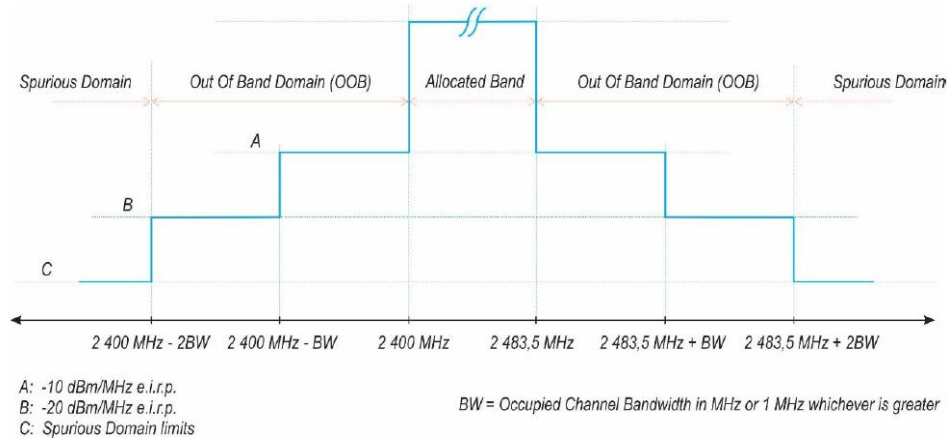


Figure 3: Transmit mask

TEST PROCEDURE

Refer to ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07) clause 5.4.8

Measurement	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Conducted measurement	<input type="checkbox"/> Radiated measurement

Connect the UUT to the spectrum analyser and use the following settings:

Span	Zero Span
Filter Mode	Channel Filter
Trace Mode	Max Hold
Trigger Mode	Video
Detector	RMS
Sweep Points	Sweep time [μs] / (1 μs) with a maximum of 30 000
RBW / VBW	1MHz / 3MHz
Measurement Mode	Time Domain Power
Sweep Time	> 120 % of the duration of the longest burst detected during the measurement of the RF Output Power

TEST ENVIRONMENT

Temperature	23.6°C	Relative Humidity	52%
Atmosphere Pressure	101kPa		

TEST RESULTS

Please refer to section "Test Data" - Appendix B

8.8. TRANSMITTER UNWANTED EMISSIONS IN THE SPURIOUS DOMAIN

LIMITS

The transmitter unwanted emissions in the spurious domain shall not exceed the values given in table 12.

In case of equipment with antenna connectors, these limits apply to emissions at the antenna port (conducted). For emissions radiated by the cabinet or emissions radiated by integral antenna equipment (without antenna connectors), these limits are e.r.p. for emissions up to 1 GHz and as e.i.r.p. for emissions above 1 GHz.

Table 12: Transmitter limits for spurious emissions

Frequency range	Maximum power	Bandwidth
30 MHz to 47 MHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz
47 MHz to 74 MHz	-54 dBm	100 kHz
74 MHz to 87,5 MHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz
87,5 MHz to 118 MHz	-54 dBm	100 kHz
118 MHz to 174 MHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz
174 MHz to 230 MHz	-54 dBm	100 kHz
230 MHz to 470 MHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz
470 MHz to 694 MHz	-54 dBm	100 kHz
694 MHz to 1 GHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz
1 GHz to 12,75 GHz	-30 dBm	1 MHz

TEST PROCEDURE

Refer to Refer to ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07) clause 5.4.9

Measurement	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Conducted measurement	<input type="checkbox"/> Radiated measurement

Spectrum analyser settings for pre-scan:

RBW	100 kHz (< 1 GHz) / 1 MHz (> 1 GHz)
VBW	300 kHz (< 1 GHz) / 3 MHz (> 1 GHz)
Detector Mode	Peak
Filter type	3 dB (Gaussian)
Trace Mode	Max hold
Sweep Points	≥ 19 400 (< 1 GHz); ≥ 23 500 (> 1 GHz); for spectrum analysers not supporting this high number of sweep points, the frequency band may be segmented.

Sweep Time	<p>For non continuous transmissions (duty cycle less than 100 %), the sweep time shall be sufficiently long, such that for each 100 kHz frequency step, the measurement time is greater than two transmissions of the UUT, on any channel.</p> <p>For FHSS equipment operating in a normal operating (hopping not disabled) mode, the sweep time shall be further increased to capture multiple transmissions on any of the hopping frequencies.</p> <p>The above sweep time setting may result in long measuring times in case of FHSS equipment. To avoid such long measuring times, an FFT analyser may be used.</p>
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Spectrum analyser settings for the emissions identified during the pre-scan:

Measurement Mode	Time Domain Power
Centre Frequency	Frequency of the emission identified during the pre-scan
RBW	100 kHz (< 1 GHz) / 1 MHz (> 1 GHz)
VBW	300 kHz (< 1 GHz) / 3 MHz (> 1 GHz)
Frequency Span	Zero Span
Sweep Mode	Single Sweep
Detector Mode	RMS
Trace Mode	Max hold
Trigger Mode	Video (burst signals) or Manual (continuous signals)
Sweep Points	Sweep time [μ s] / (1 μ s) with a maximum of 30 000
Sweep Time	> 120 % of the duration of the longest burst detected during the measurement of the RF Output Power

TEST ENVIRONMENT

Temperature	23.6°C	Relative Humidity	52%
Atmosphere Pressure	101kPa		

TEST RESULTS

Please refer to section "Test Data" - Appendix B

8.9. RECEIVER SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

LIMITS

The spurious emissions of the receiver shall not exceed the values given in table 13.
In case of non-FHSS equipment with antenna connectors, these limits apply to emissions at the antenna port (conducted). For emissions radiated by the cabinet or for emissions radiated by integral antenna equipment (without antenna connectors), these limits are e.r.p. for emissions up to 1 GHz and e.i.r.p. for emissions above 1 GHz.

Table 13: Spurious emission limits for receivers

Frequency range	Maximum power	Bandwidth
30 MHz to 1 GHz	-57 dBm	100 kHz
1 GHz to 12,75 GHz	-47 dBm	1 MHz

TEST PROCEDURE

Please refer to ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07) Clause 5.4.10

Measurement	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Conducted measurement	<input type="checkbox"/> Radiated measurement

Please refer to ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07) Clause 5.4.10

Spectrum analyser settings for pre-scan:

RBW	100 kHz (< 1 GHz) / 1 MHz (> 1 GHz)
VBW	300 kHz (< 1 GHz) / 3 MHz (> 1 GHz)
Detector Mode	Peak
Filter type	3 dB (Gaussian)
Trace Mode	Max hold
Sweep Points	$\geq 19\,400$ (< 1 GHz); $\geq 23\,500$ (> 1 GHz); for spectrum analysers not supporting this high number of sweep points, the frequency band may be segmented.
Sweep Time	Auto

Spectrum analyser settings for the emissions identified during the pre-scan:

Measurement Mode	Time Domain Power
Centre Frequency	Frequency of the emission identified during the pre-scan
RBW	100 kHz (< 1 GHz) / 1 MHz (> 1 GHz)
VBW	300 kHz (< 1 GHz) / 3 MHz (> 1 GHz)
Frequency Span	Zero Span
Sweep Mode	Single Sweep

Detector Mode	RMS
Trace Mode	Max hold
Trigger Mode	Video (burst signals) or Manual (continuous signals)
Sweep Points	$\geq 30\,000$
Sweep Time	30 ms

TEST ENVIRONMENT

Temperature	23.6°C	Relative Humidity	52%
Atmosphere Pressure	101kPa		

TEST RESULTS

Please refer to section "Test Data" - Appendix B.

8.10. RECEIVER BLOCKING

LIMITS

Performance Criteria

For equipment that supports a PER or FER test to be performed, the minimum performance criterion shall be a PER or FER less than or equal to 10 %.

For equipment that does not support a PER or a FER test to be performed, the minimum performance criterion shall be no loss of the wireless transmission function needed for the intended use of the equipment.

While maintaining the minimum performance criteria as defined in clause 4.3.2.11.3, the blocking levels at specified frequency offsets shall be equal to or greater than the limits defined for the applicable receiver category provided in table 14, table 15 or table 16.

☒ Receiver Category 1

Table 14: Receiver Blocking parameters for Receiver Category 1 equipment

Wanted signal mean power from companion device (dBm) (see notes 1 and 4)	Blocking signal frequency (MHz)	Blocking signal power (dBm) (see note 4)	Type of blocking signal
$(-133 \text{ dBm} + 10 \times \log_{10}(\text{OCBW}))$ or -68 dBm whichever is less (see note 2)	2 380 2 504	-34	CW
$(-139 \text{ dBm} + 10 \times \log_{10}(\text{OCBW}))$ or -74 dBm whichever is less (see note 3)	2 300 2 330 2 360 2 524 2 584 2 674		

NOTE 1: OCBW is in Hz.

NOTE 2: In case of radiated measurements using a companion device and the level of the wanted signal from the companion device cannot be determined, a relative test may be performed using a wanted signal up to $P_{\min} + 26 \text{ dB}$ where P_{\min} is the minimum level of wanted signal required to meet the minimum performance criteria as defined in clause 4.3.1.12.3 in the absence of any blocking signal.

NOTE 3: In case of radiated measurements using a companion device and the level of the wanted signal from the companion device cannot be determined, a relative test may be performed using a wanted signal up to $P_{\min} + 20 \text{ dB}$ where P_{\min} is the minimum level of wanted signal required to meet the minimum performance criteria as defined in clause 4.3.1.12.3 in the absence of any blocking signal.

NOTE 4: The level specified is the level at the UUT receiver input assuming a 0 dBi antenna assembly gain. In case of conducted measurements, this level has to be corrected for the (in-band) antenna assembly gain (G). In case of radiated measurements, this level is equivalent to a power flux density (PFD) in front of the UUT antenna with the UUT being configured/positioned as recorded in clause 5.4.3.2.2.

☐ Receiver Category 2
Table 15: Receiver Blocking parameters receiver Category 2 equipment

Wanted signal mean power from companion device (dBm) (see notes 1 and 3)	Blocking signal frequency (MHz)	Blocking signal power (dBm) (see note 3)	Type of blocking signal
(-139 dBm + $10 \times \log_{10}(\text{OCBW}) + 10 \text{ dB}$) or (-74 dBm + 10 dB) whichever is less (see note 2)	2 380 2 504 2 300 2 584	-34	CW
<p>NOTE 1: OCBW is in Hz.</p> <p>NOTE 2: In case of radiated measurements using a companion device and the level of the wanted signal from the companion device cannot be determined, a relative test may be performed using a wanted signal up to $P_{\min} + 26 \text{ dB}$ where P_{\min} is the minimum level of wanted signal required to meet the minimum performance criteria as defined in clause 4.3.1.12.3 in the absence of any blocking signal.</p> <p>NOTE 3: The level specified is the level at the UUT receiver input assuming a 0 dBi antenna assembly gain. In case of conducted measurements, this level has to be corrected for the (in-band) antenna assembly gain (G). In case of radiated measurements, this level is equivalent to a power flux density (PFD) in front of the UUT antenna with the UUT being configured/positioned as recorded in clause 5.4.3.2.2.</p>			

☐ Receiver Category 3
Table 16: Receiver Blocking parameters receiver Category 3 equipment

Wanted signal mean power from companion device (dBm) (see notes 1 and 3)	Blocking signal frequency (MHz)	Blocking signal power (dBm) (see note 3)	Type of blocking signal
(-139 dBm + $10 \times \log_{10}(\text{OCBW}) + 20 \text{ dB}$) or (-74 dBm + 20 dB) whichever is less (see note 2)	2 380 2 504 2 300 2 584	-34	CW
<p>NOTE 1: OCBW is in Hz.</p> <p>NOTE 2: In case of radiated measurements using a companion device and the level of the wanted signal from the companion device cannot be determined, a relative test may be performed using a wanted signal up to $P_{\min} + 30 \text{ dB}$ where P_{\min} is the minimum level of wanted signal required to meet the minimum performance criteria as defined in clause 4.3.1.12.3 in the absence of any blocking signal.</p> <p>NOTE 3: The level specified is the level at the UUT receiver input assuming a 0 dBi antenna assembly gain. In case of conducted measurements, this level has to be corrected for the (in-band) antenna assembly gain (G). In case of radiated measurements, this level is equivalent to a power flux density (PFD) in front of the UUT antenna with the UUT being configured/positioned as recorded in clause 5.4.3.2.2.</p>			

TEST PROCEDURE

Please refer to ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07) Clause 5.4.11

Measurement	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Conducted measurement	<input type="checkbox"/> Radiated measurement

Step 1:

- For non-FHSS equipment, the UUT shall be set to the lowest operating channel on which the blocking test has to be performed (see clause 5.4.11.1).

Step 2:

- The blocking signal generator is set to the first frequency as defined in the appropriate table corresponding to the receiver category and type of equipment.

Step 3:

- With the blocking signal generator switched off, a communication link is established between the UUT and the associated companion device using the test setup shown in figure 6.
- Unless the option provided in note 2 of the applicable table referred to in clause 5.4.11.2.1 is used, the level of the wanted signal shall be set to the value provided in the table corresponding to the receiver category and type of equipment. The test procedure defined in clause 5.4.2, and more in particular clause 5.4.2.2.1.2, can be used to measure the (conducted) level of the wanted signal however no correction shall be made for antenna gain of the companion device (step 6 in clause 5.4.2.2.1.2 shall be ignored). This level may be measured directly at the output of the companion device and a correction is made for the coupling loss into the UUT. The actual level for the wanted signal shall be recorded in the test report.
- When the option provided in note 2 of the applicable table referred to in clause 5.4.11.2.1 is used, the attenuation of the variable attenuator shall be increased in 1 dB steps to a value at which the minimum performance criteria as specified in clause 4.3.1.12.3 or clause 4.3.2.11.3 is still met. The resulting level for the wanted signal at the input of the UUT is P_{min}. This signal level (P_{min}) is increased by the value provided in note 2 of the applicable table corresponding to the receiver category and type of equipment.

Step 4:

- The blocking signal at the UUT is set to the level provided in the table corresponding to the receiver category and type of equipment.
- If the performance criteria as specified in clause 4.3.1.12.3 or clause 4.3.2.11.3 are met then proceed to step 6.

Step 5:

- If the performance criteria as specified in clause 4.3.1.12.3 or clause 4.3.2.11.3 is not met, step 3 and step 4 shall be repeated after that the frequency of the blocking signal set in step 2 has been increased with a value equal to the Occupied Channel Bandwidth except:
 - For the blocking frequency 2 380 MHz, where this frequency offset shall be less than or equal to 10 MHz. If this frequency offset is more than 7 MHz, the level of the wanted signal shall be increased by 3 dB.
 - For the blocking frequency 2 503,5 MHz, where this frequency offset shall be less than or equal to 10 MHz. If this frequency offset is more than 7 MHz, the level of the wanted signal shall be decreased by 3 dB.
- If the performance criteria as specified in clause 4.3.1.12.3 or clause 4.3.2.11.3 is still not met, step 3 and step 4 shall be repeated after that the frequency of the blocking signal set in step 2 has been decreased with a value equal to the Occupied Channel Bandwidth except:
 - For the blocking frequency 2 380 MHz, where this frequency offset shall be less than or equal to 10 MHz. If this frequency offset is more than 7 MHz, the level of the wanted signal shall be decreased by 3 dB.
 - For the blocking frequency 2 503,5 MHz, where this frequency offset shall be less than or equal to 10 MHz. If this frequency offset is more than 7 MHz, the level of the wanted signal shall be increased by 3 dB.
- If the performance criteria as specified in clause 4.3.1.12.3 or clause 4.3.2.11.3 is still not met, the UUT fails to comply with the Receiver Blocking requirement and step 6 and step 7 are no longer required.

- It shall be recorded in the test report whether the shift of blocking frequencies as described in the present step was used.

Step 6:

- Repeat step 4 and step 5 for each remaining combination of frequency and level for the blocking signal as provided in the table corresponding to the receiver category and type of equipment.

Step 7:

- For non-FHSS equipment, repeat step 2 to step 6 with the UUT operating at the highest operating channel on which the blocking test has to be performed (see clause 5.4.11.1).

Step 8:

- It shall be assessed and recorded in the test report whether the UUT complies with the Receiver Blocking requirement.

TEST ENVIRONMENT

Temperature	23.6°C	Relative Humidity	52%
Atmosphere Pressure	101kPa		

TEST RESULTS

Please refer to section "Test Data" - Appendix B

9. TEST DATA

Please refer to section "Test Data" - Appendix B

APPENDIX: PHOTOGRAPHS OF TEST CONFIGURATION

Please refer to the report: E04A24020079R00102.

APPENDIX: PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE EUT

Please refer to the report: E04A24020079E00101.

END OF REPORT