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----DATA ANALYSIS WITH QUERIES SOLUTIONS:-----
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--1. Who is the senior most employee based on job title?

SELECT \* FROM employee ORDER BY levels DESC LIMIT 1

--2. What are top 3 values of total invoice?

SELECT total FROM invoice ORDER BY total DESC LIMIT 3

--3. Who is the best customer? The customer who has spent the most money will be

--declared the best customer. Write a query that returns the person who has spent the  $\,$ 

--most money.

SELECT customer.customer\_id, customer.first\_name, customer.last\_name, SUM (invoice.total) as total

FROM customer

JOIN invoice ON customer.customer\_id = invoice.customer\_id

GROUP BY customer.customer id

ORDER BY total DESC

LIMIT 1

--4. Which countries have the most Invoices?

SELECT COUNT(\*) as c, billing\_country
FROM invoice
GROUP BY billing\_country
ORDER BY c DESC

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{--5}}$  . Which city has the best customers? We would like to throw a promotional Music

 $\mbox{--}\mbox{Festival}$  in the city we made the most money. Write a query that returns one city that

--has the highest sum of invoice totals. Return both the city name & sum of all invoice  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) +\left( 1\right) +\left($ 

--totals.

SELECT SUM(total) as invoice\_total, billing\_city FROM invoice
GROUP BY billing\_city
ORDER BY invoice\_total DESC

--6. Write query to return the email, first name, last name, & Genre of all Rock Music

--listeners. Return your list ordered alphabetically by email starting with  $\ensuremath{\mathtt{A}}$ 

SELECT DISTINCT email, first name, last name

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FROM customer
JOIN invoice ON customer.customer id = invoice.customer id
JOIN invoice line ON invoice.invoice id = invoice line.invoice id
WHERE track id IN(
     SELECT track id FROM track
     JOIN genre ON track.genre id = genre.genre id
     WHERE genre.name LIKE 'Rock'
ORDER BY email;
--7. Let's invite the artists who have written the most rock music in our
dataset. Write a
--query that returns the Artist name and total track count of the top 10
rock band.
SELECT artist.artist id, artist.name, COUNT (artist.artist id) AS
number of songs
FROM track
JOIN album ON album.album id = track.album id
JOIN artist ON artist.artist id = album.artist id
JOIN genre ON genre.genre id = track.genre id
WHERE genre.name LIKE 'Rock'
GROUP BY artist.artist id
ORDER BY number of songs DESC
LIMIT 10;
--8. Return all the track names that have a song length longer than the
average song length.
-- Return the Name and Milliseconds for each track. Order by the song
length with the
--longest songs listed first.
SELECT name, milliseconds
FROM track
WHERE milliseconds > (
     SELECT AVG(milliseconds) AS avg track length
     FROM track )
ORDER BY milliseconds DESC;
--9. Find how much amount spent by each customer on artists? Write a
query to return
--customer name, artist name and total spent.
WITH best selling artist AS (
      SELECT artist.artist id AS artist id, artist.name AS artist name,
SUM(invoice line.unit price*invoice line.quantity) AS total sales
     FROM invoice line
     JOIN track ON track.track id = invoice line.track id
     JOIN album ON album.album id = track.album id
     JOIN artist ON artist.artist id = album.artist id
     GROUP BY 1
     ORDER BY 3 DESC
     LIMIT 1
)
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SELECT c.customer_id, c.first name, c.last name, bsa.artist name,
SUM(il.unit price*il.quantity) AS amount_spent
FROM invoice i
JOIN customer c ON c.customer id = i.customer id
JOIN invoice line il ON il.invoice id = i.invoice id
JOIN track t ON t.track id = il.track id
JOIN album alb ON alb.album id = t.album id
JOIN best selling artist bsa ON bsa.artist id = alb.artist id
GROUP BY 1,2,3,4
ORDER BY 5 DESC;
--10. We want to find out the most popular music Genre for each country.
We determine the
--most popular genre as the genre with the highest amount of purchases.
Write a query
--that returns each country along with the top Genre. For countries where
the maximum
--number of purchases is shared return all Genres
                                              (USE CTE)
WITH popular genre AS
    SELECT COUNT(invoice line.quantity) AS purchases, customer.country,
genre.name, genre.genre id,
     ROW NUMBER() OVER(PARTITION BY customer.country ORDER BY
COUNT (invoice line.quantity) DESC) AS RowNo
    FROM invoice line
     JOIN invoice ON invoice.invoice id = invoice line.invoice id
     JOIN customer ON customer.customer id = invoice.customer id
     JOIN track ON track.track id = invoice line.track id
     JOIN genre ON genre.genre id = track.genre id
     GROUP BY 2,3,4
     ORDER BY 2 ASC, 1 DESC
SELECT * FROM popular genre WHERE RowNo <= 1
                                                (USE RECURSIVE)
WITH RECURSIVE
     sales per country AS(
           SELECT COUNT(*) AS purchases per genre, customer.country,
genre.name, genre.genre id
           FROM invoice line
           JOIN invoice ON invoice.invoice id = invoice line.invoice id
           JOIN customer ON customer.customer id = invoice.customer id
           JOIN track ON track.track id = invoice line.track id
           JOIN genre ON genre.genre id = track.genre id
           GROUP BY 2,3,4
           ORDER BY 2
     ),
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max genre per country AS (SELECT MAX(purchases per genre) AS
max genre number, country
           FROM sales per_country
           GROUP BY 2
           ORDER BY 2)
SELECT sales per country.*
FROM sales per country
JOIN max genre per country ON sales per country.country =
max genre per country.country
WHERE sales per country.purchases per genre =
max_genre_per_country.max_genre_number;
--11. Write a query that determines the customer that has spent the most
on music for each
--country. Write a query that returns the country along with the top
customer and how
--much they spent. For countries where the top amount spent is shared,
provide all
--customers who spent this amount.
                                               (USE CTE)
WITH Customter with country AS (
           SELECT
customer.customer id, first name, last name, billing country, SUM(total) AS
total spending,
          ROW NUMBER() OVER (PARTITION BY billing country ORDER BY
SUM(total) DESC) AS RowNo
           FROM invoice
           JOIN customer ON customer.customer id = invoice.customer id
           GROUP BY 1,2,3,4
           ORDER BY 4 ASC, 5 DESC)
SELECT * FROM Customter with country WHERE RowNo <= 1
                                                OR
                                     (USE RECURSIVE)
WITH RECURSIVE
     customter with country AS (
           SELECT
customer.customer id, first name, last name, billing country, SUM(total) AS
total spending
           FROM invoice
           JOIN customer ON customer.customer id = invoice.customer id
           GROUP BY 1,2,3,4
           ORDER BY 2,3 DESC),
     country max spending AS(
           SELECT billing country, MAX (total spending) AS max spending
           FROM customter with country
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## GROUP BY billing country)

SELECT cc.billing\_country, cc.total\_spending, cc.first\_name,
cc.last\_name, cc.customer\_id
FROM customter\_with\_country cc
JOIN country\_max\_spending ms
ON cc.billing\_country = ms.billing\_country
WHERE cc.total\_spending = ms.max\_spending
ORDER BY 1;