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## Chapter 1

# Deprecated List

Member [DiProcess::DiProcess](#) ()

Member [Model::Application::Start](#) ()



## Chapter 2

# Hierarchical Index

### 2.1 Class Hierarchy

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## Chapter 3

# Class Index

### 3.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

<a href="#">ACProxy</a>	Creates a connection with AC and acts as an interface with it. This class has a socket object to represent the connection and a PTPProtocol object for making requests in a common language	15
<a href="#">Common::ActiveObject</a>	Abstract class, encapsulates OS thread (pthreads) POSIX compatible	19
<a href="#">Common::AddInstrRequest</a>	Represents message sent when analyzer requests to add instrumentation	20
<a href="#">Common::Address</a>	Encapsulates a socket address of the AF_INET family	22
<a href="#">Analyzer</a>	Analyzes events from a given set and determines if there are problems within them. The class also has the capabilities to add or remove instrumentation from the code	23
<a href="#">Model::Application</a>	Represents tuned application in the analyzer. Holds identificative information of the application, the tasks that form it (and which one is the master), the host where they are running, the places from where we are getting events and handlers to both: tasks and hosts. Provides methods to:	24
<a href="#">Common::Attribute</a>	Contains the necessary information of an attribute to be inserted in a program	33
<a href="#">Common::AttributeValue</a>	Contains the vale of an attribute	34
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<a href="#">auto_vector&lt; T &gt;</a>	Class with the methods to create, handle and destroy an array of <i>auto_ptr</i> elements	37
<a href="#">Common::BasicLogFilter</a>	Filters <a href="#">LogEntry</a> objects to be inserted in a log	40
<a href="#">Common::BasicLogFormatter</a>	Formats <a href="#">LogEntry</a> objects to be inserted in a log	41
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<a href="#">BatchData</a>	Statistics of a single batch	43
<a href="#">Common::Breakpoint</a>	Denotes place in a function (on the entry or at the end)	48
<a href="#">Common::ByteStream</a>	Stores stream of bytes	49

<a href="#">CommandLine</a>	Encapsulates methods to interact with the user of analyzer. Basically reads the arguments of the analyzer and parses them to get the configuration file and the objective application with its parameters. Once read, encapsulates the information and provides accessors to it. There are two formats <a href="#">Analyzer</a> can be called: . . . . .	51
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<a href="#">Common::ConfigMap</a>	Contains and manages a collection of <a href="#">Config</a> objects . . . . .	60
<a href="#">Common::ConfigReader</a>	Abstract class, generates <a href="#">Config</a> objects from reading sources . . . . .	62
<a href="#">Controller</a>	Provides the logic and controls the execution flow of the application . . . . .	63
<a href="#">Common::CountingSerializer</a>	Stores the size of serialized data . . . . .	65
<a href="#">curState</a>	Struct that stores the iteration, batch and number of tuples . . . . .	66
<a href="#">Common::DateTime</a>	Holds a timestamp . . . . .	66
<a href="#">Common::DeSerializer</a>	Abstract class, recovers serialized data from a stream . . . . .	67
<a href="#">DiEx</a>	Implements the Dyninst's Exceptions . . . . .	68
<a href="#">DiFunction</a>	Dyninst's function class. It represents a function in the application . . . . .	69
<a href="#">DiImage</a>	Reads the program's image and gets an associated image object (the executable associated with a thread). It can also find a variable in the image and return it . . . . .	71
<a href="#">DiIntType</a>	Dyninst Int type class . . . . .	72
<a href="#">DiIntVariable</a>	Dyninst's int variable class . . . . .	73
<a href="#">DiPoint</a>	Dyninst's point class. An object of this class represents a location in an application's code at which <a href="#">DynInst</a> can insert instrumentation . . . . .	74
<a href="#">DiProcess</a>	Operates on code in execution. This class can be used to manipulate the process . . . . .	75
<a href="#">DiSnippetHandle</a>	Dyninst's snippet handler class . . . . .	81
<a href="#">DiType</a>	Dyninst's Type class. It represents a variable or area of memory in a thread's address space . . . . .	82
<a href="#">DiVariable</a>	Deals with Dyninst's Variable class. This can create, read and delete a variable of a given type or size in memory . . . . .	83
<a href="#">DTLibrary</a>	Dynamic Tuning Library that offers DT API. Encapsulates information about the application model and the event collector. Provides methods to create application models . . . . .	85
<a href="#">DTLibraryFactory</a>	Handles the creation and destruction of DT Libraries . . . . .	86
<a href="#">DynInst</a>	Assigns an instance of the class BPatch from Dyninst . . . . .	87
<a href="#">ECPAcceptor</a>	Event Acceptor class that collects incoming ECP events and prepares their correspondent handler . . . . .	88

<a href="#">ECPHandler</a>	Encapsulates data structures and methods to handle incoming event collector inputs . . . . .	89
<a href="#">Common::ECPMessage</a>	Abstract class, EventCollectorProtocol, represents message interchanged between DMLib and analyzer . . . . .	91
<a href="#">Common::ECPMsgHeader</a>	Represents header of an <a href="#">ECPMessage</a> object . . . . .	92
<a href="#">ECPProtocol</a>	Encapsulates methods to read and handle incoming network messages . . . . .	93
<a href="#">Model::Event</a>	Encapsulates information about the events that the target application generates. For each event holds identification information (id, name), the place where it is produced, its attributes (for example the parameters of a function) and a reference to a handler. As this is a model class the methods provided are for accessing and setting the members of the data structure . . . . .	95
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<a href="#">Common::EventHandler</a>	Abstract class, processes the requests sent to the reactor . . . . .	105
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<a href="#">Model::EventRecord</a>	Particular instance of the event abstraction. Holds information about the kind of event, the task that produced, the message sent and the values it contained. On the one hand it provides methods to get/set the information above, on the other hand, it provides methods to parse messages and get the information that they contain . . . . .	113
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<a href="#">Common::Exception</a>	Abstract class, stores information of errors on determined situations . . . . .	117
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<a href="#">PointList</a>	Class that stores a vector of BPatch_points and handles it. Can also get the address and function names of a given point . . . . .	161
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<a href="#">PTPAcceptor</a>	Manages socket connection and handles data input through them . . . . .	165
<a href="#">PTPHandler</a>	Manages the requests from the <a href="#">PTPAcceptor</a> . . . . .	166
<a href="#">Common::PTPMessage</a>	Performance tuning protocol, represents a message interchanged between analyzer and tuner/tracer . . . . .	167
<a href="#">Common::PTPMsgHeader</a>	Represents header of a <a href="#">PTPMessage</a> object . . . . .	168
<a href="#">Common::PTPProtocol</a>	Communicates analyzer and tuner . . . . .	169
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<a href="#">Common::RegisterMsg</a>	Represents message that is sent when DMLib is registered with analyzer to send event messages . . . . .	172
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<a href="#">Common::RemoveFunctionCallRequest</a>	Encapsulates a tuning request to remove all calls to a given function from the given caller function	175
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<a href="#">Tuner</a>	Contains the tools necessary to handle the requests from the <a href="#">Analyzer</a> . Performs the different tuning jobs and handles breakpoints by delaying the tuning until the target point is reached . .	<a href="#">235</a>
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## Chapter 4

# Class Documentation

### 4.1 ACPProxy Class Reference

Creates a connection with AC and acts as an interface with it. This class has a socket object to represent the connection and a PTPProtocol object for making requests in a common language.

```
#include <ACPProxy.h>
```

#### Public Member Functions

- [ACPProxy](#) (std::string const &host, int const port)  
*Constructor, creates a connection with the given host:port.*
- void [StartApplication](#) (char const \*appPath, int argc, char const \*\*argv, char const \*analyzerHost)  
*Starts the execution of the application in the AC host.*
- void [AddInstr](#) (int tid, int eventId, std::string const &fName, InstrPlace place, int nAttrs, [Attribute](#) \*attrs)  
*Requests for adding an instruction in the target application.*
- void [AddInstr](#) (int tid, int eventId, std::string const &fName, InstrPlace place, int nAttrs, [Attribute](#) \*attrs, int nPapi, std::string \*PapiMetrics)  
*Requests for adding an instruction in the target application.*
- void [RemoveInstr](#) (int tid, int eventId, InstrPlace place)  
*Requests for removing an instruction from the target application.*
- void [LoadLibrary](#) (int tid, std::string const &libPath)  
*Requests for loading a library in the target application.*
- void [SetVariableValue](#) (int tid, std::string const &varName, [AttributeValue](#) const &varValue, [Breakpoint](#) \*brkpt)  
*Requests for changing the value of a variable in the target application.*
- void [ReplaceFunction](#) (int tid, std::string const &oldFunc, std::string const &newFunc, [Breakpoint](#) \*brkpt)  
*Requests for changing all the instances of a function from the target application.*
- void [InsertFunctionCall](#) (int tid, std::string const &funcName, int nAttrs, [Attribute](#) \*attrs, std::string const &destFunc, InstrPlace destPlace, [Breakpoint](#) \*brkpt)  
*Requests for the insertion of a function call in a point of the target application.*
- void [OneTimeFuncCall](#) (int tid, std::string const &funcName, int nAttrs, [Attribute](#) \*attrs, [Breakpoint](#) \*brkpt)  
*Requests for the call of a function in this point of the target application execution.*
- void [RemoveFuncCall](#) (int tid, std::string const &funcName, std::string const &callerFunc, [Breakpoint](#) \*brkpt)  
*Requests for removing all the calls to a function in the target application.*
- void [FuncParamChange](#) (int tid, std::string const &funcName, int paramIdx, int newValue, int \*requiredOldValue, [Breakpoint](#) \*brkpt)  
*Requests for the changing of the value of a certain parameter in one function of the target application.*

### 4.1.1 Detailed Description

Creates a connection with AC and acts as an interface with it. This class has a socket object to represent the connection and a PTPProtocol object for making requests in a common language.

Its methods encapsulate the requests in the adequate kind of request object and use the protocol to serialize and write them in the socket.

#### Version

1.0b

#### Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

#### Since

1.0b

### 4.1.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 4.1.2.1 ACProxy::ACProxy ( std::string const & *host*, int const *port* ) [inline]

Constructor, creates a connection with the given host:port.

##### Parameters

<i>host</i>	host were the target AC is running
<i>port</i>	port for the AC process in the host

### 4.1.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 4.1.3.1 void ACProxy::AddInstr ( int *tid*, int *eventId*, std::string const & *fName*, InstrPlace *place*, int *nAttrs*, Attribute \* *attrs* )

Requests for adding an instruction in the target application.

##### Parameters

<i>tid</i>	identifier of the thread in which we will add the instruction
<i>eventId</i>	identifier of the event
<i>fName</i>	name of the function in which we will add the instruction
<i>place</i>	place in the function where we will add the instruction values are: instrUnknown, ipFuncEntry & ipFuncExit
<i>nAttrs</i>	number of Attributes
<i>attrs</i>	Attributes array

#### 4.1.3.2 void ACProxy::AddInstr ( int *tid*, int *eventId*, std::string const & *fName*, InstrPlace *place*, int *nAttrs*, Attribute \* *attrs*, int *nPapi*, std::string \* *PapiMetrics* )

Requests for adding an instruction in the target application.

##### Parameters

<i>tid</i>	identifier of the thread in which we will add the instruction
<i>eventId</i>	identifier of the event
<i>fName</i>	name of the function in which we will add the instruction
<i>place</i>	place in the function where we will add the instruction values are: instrUnknown, ipFuncEntry & ipFuncExit
<i>nAttrs</i>	number of Attributes
<i>attrs</i>	Attributes array
<i>nPapi</i>	number of Papi Metrics
<i>PapiMetrics</i>	array of Papi Metrics

4.1.3.3 void ACProxy::FuncParamChange ( int *tid*, std::string const & *funcName*, int *paramIdx*, int *newValue*, int \* *requiredOldValue*, Breakpoint \* *brkpt* )

Requests for the changing of the value of a certain parameter in one function of the target application.

Parameters

<i>tid</i>	identifier of the thread in which the function is placed
<i>funcName</i>	name of the function
<i>paramIdx</i>	position of the parameter in the parameter list
<i>newValue</i>	new value for the argument
<i>requiredOldValue</i>	old value required to change for the new one
<i>brkpt</i>	—

4.1.3.4 void ACProxy::InsertFunctionCall ( int *tid*, std::string const & *funcName*, int *nAttrs*, Attribute \* *attrs*, std::string const & *destFunc*, InstrPlace *destPlace*, Breakpoint \* *brkpt* )

Requests for the insertion of a function call in a point of the target application.

Parameters

<i>tid</i>	identifier of the thread in which the call will be placed
<i>funcName</i>	name of the function
<i>nAttrs</i>	number of attributes
<i>attrs</i>	attributes vector
<i>destFunc</i>	name of the destination function
<i>destPlace</i>	point where the call will be placed
<i>brkpt</i>	—

4.1.3.5 void ACProxy::LoadLibrary ( int *tid*, std::string const & *libPath* )

Requests for loading a library in the target application.

Parameters

<i>tid</i>	identifier of the thread in which we will load the library library path
------------	---

4.1.3.6 void ACProxy::OneTimeFuncCall ( int *tid*, std::string const & *funcName*, int *nAttrs*, Attribute \* *attrs*, Breakpoint \* *brkpt* )

Requests for the call of a function in this point of the target application execution.

## Parameters

<i>tid</i>	identifier of the thread in which the call will be placed
<i>funcName</i>	name of the function
<i>nAttrs</i>	number of attributes
<i>attrs</i>	attributes vector
<i>brkpt</i>	—

4.1.3.7 void ACProxy::RemoveFuncCall ( int *tid*, std::string const & *funcName*, std::string const & *callerFunc*, Breakpoint \* *brkpt* )

Requests for removing all the calls to a function in the target application.

## Parameters

<i>tid</i>	identifier of the thread in which the call will be removed
<i>funcName</i>	name of the function to be removed
<i>callerFunc</i>	function which makes the call
<i>brkpt</i>	—

4.1.3.8 void ACProxy::RemoveInstr ( int *tid*, int *eventId*, InstrPlace *place* )

Requests for removing an instruction from the target application.

## Parameters

<i>tid</i>	identifier of the thread in which we will remove the instruction
<i>eventId</i>	identifier of the associated event
<i>place</i>	place in the function where the instruction will be removed

4.1.3.9 void ACProxy::ReplaceFunction ( int *tid*, std::string const & *oldFunc*, std::string const & *newFunc*, Breakpoint \* *brkpt* )

Requests for changing all the instances of a function from the target application.

## Parameters

<i>tid</i>	identifier of the thread in which the function is placed
<i>oldFunc</i>	name of the function to be changed
<i>newFunc</i>	name of the new function
<i>brkpt</i>	—

4.1.3.10 void ACProxy::SetVariableValue ( int *tid*, std::string const & *varName*, AttributeValue const & *varValue*, Breakpoint \* *brkpt* )

Requests for changing the value of a variable in the target application.

## Parameters

<i>tid</i>	identifier of the thread in which the variable is placed
<i>varName</i>	name of the variable to change
<i>varValue</i>	new value for the variable

<i>brkpt</i>	—
--------------	---

4.1.3.11 void ACProxy::StartApplication ( char const \* *appPath*, int *argc*, char const \*\* *argv*, char const \* *analyzerHost* )

Starts the execution of the application in the AC host.

#### Parameters

<i>appPath</i>	path to the application executable
<i>argc</i>	number of arguments to the application main
<i>argv</i>	argument vector to the application main
<i>analyzerHost</i>	node where the analyzer is executed

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

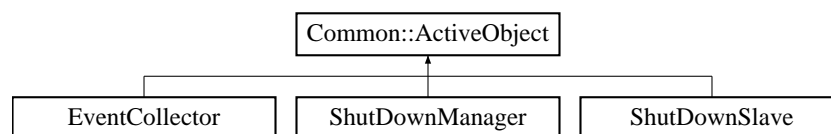
- Analyzer/ACProxy.h
- Analyzer/ACProxy.cpp

## 4.2 Common::ActiveObject Class Reference

Abstract class, encapsulates OS thread (pthreads) POSIX compatible.

```
#include <ActiveObject.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Common::ActiveObject:



### Public Member Functions

- [ActiveObject](#) ()  
*Constructor.*
- virtual [~ActiveObject](#) ()  
*Destructor.*
- void [Kill](#) ()  
*Stops the thread execution.*

### Protected Member Functions

- virtual void **InitThread** ()=0
- virtual void **Run** ()=0
- virtual void **FlushThread** ()=0
- void [Resume](#) ()  
*Continues with the execution of the thread.*

### Protected Attributes

- int **\_isDying**

### 4.2.1 Detailed Description

Abstract class, encapsulates OS thread (pthreads) POSIX compatible.

Last thing in the constructor of a class derived from [ActiveObject](#) must be a call to `_thread.Resume()`;

Inside the loop the Run method must keep checking `_isDying`:

```
if (_isDying)
    return;
```

#### Version

1.0b

#### Since

1.0b

#### Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

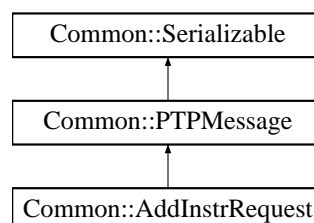
- Common/ActiveObject.h
- Common/ActiveObject.cpp

## 4.3 Common::AddInstrRequest Class Reference

Represents message sent when analyzer requests to add instrumentation.

```
#include <PTPMsg.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Common::AddInstrRequest:



### Public Member Functions

- [AddInstrRequest](#) (int pid=0, int eventId=0, std::string const &funcName=std::string(), InstrPlace place=ip-FuncEntry, int nAttrs=0, [Attribute](#) \*attrs=0, int nPapi=0, std::string \*PapiMetrics=0)  
*Constructor.*
- [~AddInstrRequest](#) ()  
*Destructor.*
- PTPMsgType [GetType](#) () const  
*Returns type of message (PTPAddInstr).*
- int [GetPid](#) () const  
*Returns the process id.*

- InstrPlace [GetInstrPlace](#) () const  
*Returns the place where the instruction should be added.*
- std::string const & [GetFunctionName](#) () const  
*Returns function name.*
- int [GetEventId](#) () const  
*Returns the event id.*
- [Attribute](#) \* [GetAttributes](#) () const  
*Returns array of attributes.*
- int [GetAttrsCount](#) () const  
*Returns number of attributes the function has.*
- std::string \* [GetMetrics](#) () const  
*Returns array of Metrics.*
- int [GetMetricsCount](#) () const  
*Returns number of metrics the function has.*
- void [Serialize](#) ([Serializer](#) &out) const  
*Sends the message.*
- void [DeSerialize](#) ([DeSerializer](#) &in)  
*Receives the message.*

#### 4.3.1 Detailed Description

Represents message sent when analyzer requests to add instrumentation.

##### Version

1.0b

##### Since

1.0b

##### Author

Ania Sikora, 2003

#### 4.3.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

**4.3.2.1** `Common::AddInstrRequest::AddInstrRequest ( int pid = 0, int eventId = 0, std::string const & funcName = std::string(), InstrPlace place = ipFuncEntry, int nAttrs = 0, Attribute * attrs = 0, int nPapi = 0, std::string * PapiMetrics = 0 ) [inline]`

Constructor.

##### Parameters

<i>pid</i>	Id of the process where the instrumentation will be added, default 0.
<i>eventId</i>	<a href="#">Event</a> id, default 0.
<i>funcName</i>	Name of the function to modify, default "".
<i>place</i>	Place where the instrumentation will be added, default ipFuncEntry.

<i>nAttrs</i>	Number of attributes the function has, default 0.
<i>attrs</i>	<a href="#">Attribute</a> array, default 0.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- Common/PTPMsg.h
- Common/PTPMsg.cpp

## 4.4 Common::Address Class Reference

Encapsulates a socket address of the AF\_INET family.

```
#include <Address.h>
```

### Public Member Functions

- [Address](#) (std::string const &host, int port)  
*Constructor.*
- [Address](#) (int port)  
*Constructor.*
- [Address](#) ()  
*Constructor.*
- [operator struct sockaddr \\*](#) ()  
*Returns a pointer to the sockaddr intern structure.*
- [operator struct sockaddr\\_in \\*](#) ()  
*Returns a pointer to the sockaddr\_in intern structure.*
- socklen\_t [GetSize](#) () const  
*Returns size of current address. Number of bytes the address uses in memory.*
- std::string [GetHostName](#) () const  
*Returns name of host.*

### 4.4.1 Detailed Description

Encapsulates a socket address of the AF\_INET family.

This class contains methods to initialize the address of a socket.

#### Version

1.0b

#### Since

1.0b

#### Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

### 4.4.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 4.4.2.1 Common::Address::Address ( std::string const & host, int port )

Constructor.



## Parameters

<i>host</i>	Host where the socket will be located.
<i>port</i>	Port used.

## Exceptions

<a href="#">SysException</a>	
------------------------------	--

4.4.2.2 Address::Address ( int *port* )

Constructor.

Uses the INADDR\_ANY address.

## Parameters

<i>port</i>	Port used.
-------------	------------

## 4.4.2.3 Address::Address ( )

Constructor.

Initializes an empty address, setting the memory of the object to 0.

## 4.4.3 Member Function Documentation

## 4.4.3.1 string Address::GetHostName ( ) const

Returns name of host.

## Exceptions

<a href="#">SysException</a>	
------------------------------	--

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- Common/Address.h
- Common/Address.cpp

## 4.5 Analyzer Class Reference

Analyzes events from a given set and determines if there are problems within them. The class also has the capabilities to add or remove instrumentation from the code.

```
#include <Analyzer.h>
```

## Public Member Functions

- [Analyzer](#) (EventList &list)  
*Constructor.*
- void [AnalyzeEvent](#) ()  
*Analyzes an event and, if it finds a problem, makes tuning actions.*
- void [Instrument](#) ()  
*Requests to add instrumentation in the application so as to get information from it.*

- void [RemoveInstr](#) ()  
*Requests to remove instrumentation.*
- void [Tune](#) ()  
*Requests to modify the application in order to improve its behavior.*

#### 4.5.1 Detailed Description

Analyzes events from a given set and determines if there are problems within them. The class also has the capabilities to add or remove instrumentation from the code.

##### Version

1.0b

##### Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

##### Since

1.0b

#### 4.5.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

##### 4.5.2.1 `Analyzer::Analyzer ( EventList & list ) [inline]`

Constructor.

##### Parameters

<i>list</i>	of events to be analyzed
-------------	--------------------------

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

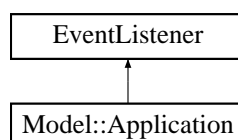
- Analyzer/Analyzer.h
- Analyzer/Analyzer.cpp

### 4.6 Model::Application Class Reference

Represents tuned application in the analyzer. Holds identificative information of the application, the tasks that form it (and which one is the master), the host where they are running, the places from where we are getting events and handlers to both: tasks and hosts. Provides methods to:

```
#include <AppModel.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Model::Application:



## Public Member Functions

- [Application](#) (char const \*appPath, int argc, char const \*\*argv)  
*Constructor.*
- string [GetName](#) () const  
*Name getter.*
- int [NumActiveTasks](#) () const  
*Number of tasks getter.*
- [Tasks](#) & [GetTasks](#) ()  
*Tasks getter.*
- [Hosts](#) & [GetHosts](#) ()  
*Hosts getter.*
- [Task](#) \* [GetMasterTask](#) ()  
*Master task getter.*
- Status [GetStatus](#) () const
- void [Start](#) ()  
*Starts the application.*
- int [AddEvent](#) ([Event](#) const &e)  
*Adds a definition of a new event to be traced in all running tasks of the application.*
- int [RemoveEvent](#) (int eventId, InstrPlace place)  
*Removes previously added event from all running tasks.*
- int [LoadLibrary](#) (string const &libPath)  
*Loads a shared library to all running tasks. This enables the [Analyzer](#) to load any additional code required for the tuning.*
- int [SetVariableValue](#) (string const &varName, [AttributeValue](#) const &varValue, [Breakpoint](#) \*brkpt)  
*Modifies a value of a specified variable in a given set of tasks.*
- int [ReplaceFunction](#) (string const &oldFunc, string const &newFunc, [Breakpoint](#) \*brkpt)  
*Replaces all calls to a function with calls to another one in a given set of tasks.*
- int [InsertFunctionCall](#) (string const &funcName, int nAttrs, [Attribute](#) \*attrs, string const &destFunc, InstrPlace destPlace, [Breakpoint](#) \*brkpt)  
*Inserts a new function invocation code at a given location in a given set of tasks.*
- int [OneTimeFuncCall](#) (string const &funcName, int nAttrs, [Attribute](#) \*attrs, [Breakpoint](#) \*brkpt)  
*Inserts a new function invocation code in a given set of tasks and calls it once.*
- int [RemoveFuncCall](#) (string const &funcName, string const &callerFunc, [Breakpoint](#) \*brkpt)  
*Removes all calls to a given function from the given caller function in a given set of tasks. For example this method can be used to remove all flush() function calls from a debug() function.*
- int [FuncParamChange](#) (string const &funcName, int paramIdx, int newValue, int \*requiredOldValue, [Breakpoint](#) \*brkpt)  
*Sets the value of an input parameter of a given function in a given set of tasks. This parameter value is modified before the function body is invoked. There exists the possibility to change the parameter value under condition, namely if the parameter has a value equal to requiredOldValue, only then its value is changed to new one. If the requiredOldValue is zero, then the value of the parameter is changed unconditionally.*
- void [SetTaskHandler](#) ([TaskHandler](#) &h)  
*Installs a callback function that is called when a new task is started or an existing one is terminated.*
- void [SetHostHandler](#) ([HostHandler](#) &h)  
*Installs a callback function that is called when a new host is added to the virtual machine or an existing one is removed.*
- int [ProcessEvent](#) (bool block=true)  
*Processes application events (ECP).*
- void [OnEvent](#) ([ECPMMessage](#) \*msg)  
*This method is called in the context of [Event](#) Collector thread.*
- void [OnFatalError](#) ()  
*This method is called when fatal [EventCollector](#) error occurs. [Application](#) changes its status to stAborted.*

## Protected Member Functions

- void [ProcessEvent](#) ([ECPMessage](#) \*msg)  
*Takes the proper actions depending on the kind of message received.*
- void [DispatchEvent](#) ([EventMsg](#) const &msg)  
*Finds the sender-task corresponding object and dispatches its event (see task).*
- [Host](#) & [AddHost](#) (string const &name)  
*Creates & adds a new host to the host list of the application.*
- void [AddTask](#) (int pid, int mpiRank, string const &name, [Host](#) &h)  
*Adds a task to the application list.*
- void [RemoveTask](#) (int tid)  
*Removes a task when an unregistered message is received (see processEvent).*

### 4.6.1 Detailed Description

Represents tuned application in the analyzer. Holds identificative information of the application, the tasks that form it (and which one is the master), the host where they are running, the places from where we are getting events and handlers to both: tasks and hosts. Provides methods to:

- Retrieve application information
- Monitoring: add/remove events to trace.
- Tuning: loading libraries, changing variables & parameter values, adding/removing function calls and calling them explicitly.

Basically the monitoring a tuning methods call to the corresponding methods in `AppTask` for all the tasks that conform the application.

### 4.6.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 4.6.2.1 `Application::Application ( char const * appPath, int argc, char const ** argv )`

Constructor.

Parameters

<i>appPath</i>	Path to the executable of the application.
<i>argc</i>	Number of arguments of the application.
<i>argv</i>	Arguments of the application.

### 4.6.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 4.6.3.1 `int Application::AddEvent ( Event const & e )`

Adds a definition of a new event to be traced in all running tasks of the application.

Parameters

<i>e</i>	<a href="#">Event</a> to be traced.
----------	-------------------------------------

Returns

Number of tasks where the event tracing was added.

#### 4.6.3.2 Host & Application::AddHost ( string const & *name* ) [protected]

Creates & adds a new host to the host list of the application.

## Parameters

<i>name</i>	Name of the host
-------------	------------------

## Returns

Reference to the created host

**4.6.3.3** void Application::AddTask ( int *pid*, int *mpiRank*, string const & *name*, Host & *h* ) [protected]

Adds a task to the application list.

## Parameters

<i>pid</i>	Process identifier of the task.
<i>mpiRank</i>	MPI identifier of the task
<i>name</i>	Process name
<i>host</i>	<a href="#">Host</a> where the task is running

**4.6.3.4** void Application::DispatchEvent ( EventMsg const & *msg* ) [protected]

Finds the sender-task corresponding object and dispatches its event (see task).

## Parameters

<i>msg</i>	Message that contains an event request from an AC.
------------	--

**4.6.3.5** int Application::FuncParamChange ( string const & *funcName*, int *paramIdx*, int *newValue*, int \* *requiredOldValue*, Breakpoint \* *brkpt* )

Sets the value of an input parameter of a given function in a given set of tasks. This parameter value is modified before the function body is invoked. There exists the possibility to change the parameter value under condition, namely if the parameter has a value equal to requiredOldValue, only then its value is changed to new one. If the requiredOldValue is zero, then the value of the parameter is changed unconditionally.

## Parameters

<i>funcName</i>	Name of the function
<i>paramIdx</i>	Id of the parameter to change
<i>newValue</i>	New value for the parameter
<i>requiredOldValue</i>	Required old value of the parameter to change it
<i>brkpt</i>	—

## Returns

Number of tasks where the parameter was changed.

**4.6.3.6** Hosts& Model::Application::GetHosts ( ) [inline]

Hosts getter.

## Returns

A collection of [Host](#) objects that form the virtual machines

**4.6.3.7 Task\* Model::Application::GetMasterTask ( ) [inline]**

Master task getter.

**Returns**

A reference to the master task of the application

**4.6.3.8 string Model::Application::GetName ( ) const [inline]**

Name getter.

**Returns**

Name of the running program

**4.6.3.9 Status Model::Application::GetStatus ( ) const [inline]****Returns**

The application status information

**4.6.3.10 Tasks& Model::Application::GetTasks ( ) [inline]**

[Tasks](#) getter.

**Returns**

A collection of [Task](#) objects

**4.6.3.11 int Application::InsertFunctionCall ( string const & funcName, int nAttrs, Attribute \* attrs, string const & destFunc, InstrPlace destPlace, Breakpoint \* brkpt )**

Inserts a new function invocation code at a given location in a given set of tasks.

**Parameters**

<i>funcName</i>	Name of the function to call.
<i>nAttrs</i>	Number of parameters of the function.
<i>attrs</i>	Values for each parameter.
<i>destFunc</i>	Function where the calls will be placed.
<i>destPlace</i>	Point of the function where the calls will be placed.
<i>brkpt</i>	—

**Returns**

Number of tasks where the function calls were added.

**4.6.3.12 int Application::LoadLibrary ( string const & libPath )**

Loads a shared library to all running tasks. This enables the [Analyzer](#) to load any additional code required for the tuning.

## Parameters

<i>libPath</i>	Path to the library.
----------------	----------------------

## Returns

Number of tasks where the library is loaded.

**4.6.3.13** `int Model::Application::NumActiveTasks ( ) const [inline]`

Number of tasks getter.

## Returns

Number of tasks actually running

**4.6.3.14** `int Application::OneTimeFuncCall ( string const & funcName, int nAttrs, Attribute * attrs, Breakpoint * brkpt )`

Inserts a new function invocation code in a given set of tasks and calls it once.

## Parameters

<i>funcName</i>	Name of the function to call
<i>nAttrs</i>	Number of arguments of the function
<i>attrs</i>	Values for each argument of the function
<i>brkpt</i>	—

## Returns

Number of tasks where the function was called.

**4.6.3.15** `void Application::OnEvent ( ECPMessage * msg ) [virtual]`

This method is called in the context of [Event](#) Collector thread.

## Parameters

<i>msg</i>	Pointer to a message object that must be deleted by a receiver.
------------	---

Implements [EventListener](#).

**4.6.3.16** `void Application::ProcessEvent ( ECPMessage * msg ) [protected]`

Takes the proper actions depending on the kind of message received.

- Register: adds the host where the new task was created and creates a task object to represent it.
- Unregister: removes the task from the list of task.
- [Event](#): calls DispatchEvent to handle it.



## Parameters

<i>msg</i>	Message that contains a request from an AC.
------------	---

4.6.3.17 `int Application::ProcessEvents ( bool block = true )`

Processes application events (ECP).

## Parameters

<i>Block</i>	indicates if the function blocks and waits for next event.
--------------	--

## Returns

Number of processed events

4.6.3.18 `int Application::RemoveEvent ( int eventId, InstrPlace place )`

Removes previously added event from all running tasks.

## Parameters

<i>eventId</i>	Id of the event
<i>place</i>	Location of the function where the event is recorded

## Returns

number of tasks where the event was removed.

4.6.3.19 `int Application::RemoveFuncCall ( string const & funcName, string const & callerFunc, Breakpoint * brkpt )`

Removes all calls to a given function from the given caller function in a given set of tasks. For example this method can be used to remove all flush() function calls from a debug() function.

## Parameters

<i>funcName</i>	Name of the function
<i>callerFunc</i>	Function that calls the function that will be removed
<i>brkpt</i>	—

## Returns

Number of tasks where the function call is removed.

4.6.3.20 `void Application::RemoveTask ( int tid ) [protected]`

Removes a task when an unregistered message is received (see processEvent).

## Parameters

<i>tid</i>	process (thread) identifier of the task.
------------	--

4.6.3.21 `int Application::ReplaceFunction ( string const & oldFunc, string const & newFunc, Breakpoint * brkpt )`

Replaces all calls to a function with calls to another one in a given set of tasks.

## Parameters

<i>oldFunc</i>	Name of the function to replace.
<i>newFunc</i>	Name of the new function.
<i>brkpt</i>	—

## Returns

Number of tasks where the function calls were changed.

## 4.6.3.22 void Application::SetHostHandler ( HostHandler &amp; h )

Installs a callback function that is called when a new host is added to the virtual machine or an existing one is removed.

## Parameters

<i>h</i>	Handler for the new hosts.
----------	----------------------------

## 4.6.3.23 void Application::SetTaskHandler ( TaskHandler &amp; h )

Installs a callback function that is called when a new task is started or an existing one is terminated.

## Parameters

<i>h</i>	Handler for the new tasks.
----------	----------------------------

## 4.6.3.24 int Application::SetVariableValue ( string const &amp; varName, AttributeValue const &amp; varValue, Breakpoint \* brkpt )

Modifies a value of a specified variable in a given set of tasks.  
application process.

## Parameters

<i>varName</i>	Name of the variable.
<i>varValue</i>	New value for the variable.
<i>brkpt</i>	—

## Returns

Number of tasks where the values were changed.

## 4.6.3.25 void Application::Start ( )

Starts the application.

**Deprecated**

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

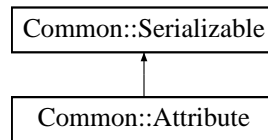
- Analyzer/AppModel.h
- Analyzer/AppModel.cpp

## 4.7 Common::Attribute Class Reference

Contains the necessary information of an attribute to be inserted in a program.

```
#include <Utils.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Common::Attribute:



### Public Member Functions

- [Attribute](#) ([Attribute](#) const &a)  
*Copy constructor.*
- [Attribute](#) ()  
*Constructor.*
- void [Serialize](#) ([Serializer](#) &out) const  
*Sends the data serialized.*
- void [DeSerialize](#) ([DeSerializer](#) &in)  
*Gets the data deserialized.*
- string [GetSourceString](#) () const  
*Returns the string of the source.*
- string [GetTypeString](#) () const  
*Returns the type of the attribute.*
- void [Dump](#) () const  
*Logs the information of the attribute on the System Log.*

### Static Public Member Functions

- static string [GetTypeString](#) (AttrValueType type)  
*Given a value of the enumerator AttrValueType returns the type in a string.*

### Public Attributes

- AttrSource **source**
- AttrValueType **type**
- string **id**

#### 4.7.1 Detailed Description

Contains the necessary information of an attribute to be inserted in a program.

Version

1.0b

**Since**

1.0b

**Author**

Ania Sikora, 2002

**4.7.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation****4.7.2.1 Common::Attribute::Attribute ( ) [inline]**

Constructor.

Creates a default [Attribute](#) object of the integer type.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

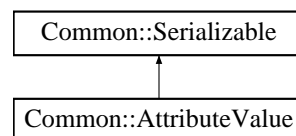
- Common/Utils.h
- Common/Utils.cpp

**4.8 Common::AttributeValue Class Reference**

Contains the value of an attribute.

```
#include <Utils.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Common::AttributeValue:

**Public Member Functions**

- [AttributeValue](#) ()  
*Constructor.*
- [AttributeValue](#) ([AttributeValue](#) const &av)  
*Copy constructor.*
- void [operator=](#) ([AttributeValue](#) const &av)  
*Assignment operator, copies content of the given object.*
- AttrValueType [GetType](#) () const  
*Returns type of the attribute.*
- void [SetType](#) (AttrValueType attrType)  
*Sets the type of the attribute.*
- void [SetStrValue](#) (std::string attrStrValue)  
*Sets the string value of the attribute.*
- int [GetIntValue](#) () const  
*Gets the integer value.*
- std::string [GetStringValue](#) () const  
*Gets the string value.*
- short [GetShortValue](#) () const

- Gets the short value.*
- float [GetFloatValue](#) () const
- Gets the float value.*
- double [GetDoubleValue](#) () const
- Gets the double value.*
- char [GetCharValue](#) () const
- Gets the char value.*
- void \* [GetValueBuffer](#) ()
- Gets the pointer to the buffer.*
- int [GetSize](#) () const
- Gets the size of the value in memory.*
- string [ToString](#) () const
- Returns the value in a string.*
- void [Serialize](#) ([Serializer](#) &out) const
- Sends the data serialized.*
- void [DeSerialize](#) ([DeSerializer](#) &in)
- Gets the data deserialized.*

## Public Attributes

- union {
  - int **intValue**
  - short **shortValue**
  - float **floatValue**
  - double **doubleValue**
  - char **charValue**
- };

### 4.8.1 Detailed Description

Contains the vale of an attribute.

#### Version

1.0b

#### Since

1.0b

#### Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

### 4.8.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 4.8.2.1 char AttributeValue::GetCharValue ( ) const `[inline]`

Gets the char value.

## Exceptions

<a href="#">Exception</a>	
---------------------------	--

**4.8.2.2** `double AttributeValue::GetDoubleValue ( ) const` `[inline]`

Gets the double value.

## Exceptions

<a href="#">Exception</a>	
---------------------------	--

**4.8.2.3** `float AttributeValue::GetFloatValue ( ) const` `[inline]`

Gets the float value.

## Exceptions

<a href="#">Exception</a>	
---------------------------	--

**4.8.2.4** `int AttributeValue::GetIntValue ( ) const` `[inline]`

Gets the integer value.

## Exceptions

<a href="#">Exception</a>	
---------------------------	--

**4.8.2.5** `short AttributeValue::GetShortValue ( ) const` `[inline]`

Gets the short value.

## Exceptions

<a href="#">Exception</a>	
---------------------------	--

**4.8.2.6** `std::string AttributeValue::GetStringValue ( ) const` `[inline]`

Gets the string value.

## Exceptions

<a href="#">Exception</a>	
---------------------------	--

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- Common/Utils.h
- Common/Utils.cpp

## 4.9 `auto_iterator< T >` Class Template Reference

Class that implements the *auto\_ptr*s operators.

```
#include <auto_vector.h>
```

## Public Member Functions

- `auto_iterator` (`auto_ptr< T > *pp`)
- `bool operator!=` (`auto_iterator< T > const &it`) `const`
- `auto_iterator` `const & operator++` (`int`)
- `auto_iterator operator++` (`()`)
- `T * operator*` (`()`)
- `T const * operator*` (`() const`)
- `T * operator->` (`()`)

### 4.9.1 Detailed Description

`template<class T>class auto_iterator< T >`

Class that implements the *auto\_ptr*s operators.

Version

1.0b

Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

Since

1.0b

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- `Common/auto_vector.h`

## 4.10 `auto_vector< T >` Class Template Reference

Class with the methods to create, handle and destroy an array of *auto\_ptr* elements.

`#include <auto_vector.h>`

## Public Types

- `typedef auto_iterator< T > iterator`

## Public Member Functions

- `auto_vector` (`size_t capacity=0`)  
*Constructor.*
- `~auto_vector` (`()`)  
*Destructor.*
- `T const * operator[]` (`size_t i`) `const`
- `T * operator[]` (`size_t i`)
- `void assign` (`size_t i`, `auto_ptr< T > &p`)  
*Assigns p to the ith position in the auto\_vector array \_arr.*
- `void remove_direct` (`size_t i`, `T *p`)

- Deletes position  $i$  in the array.*

    - void `Dump` ()

*Prints the contents in the `auto_vector` array `_arr`.*

  - void `clear` ()
- Deletes all contents in the `auto_vector` array `_arr`.*
- void `push_back` (auto\_ptr< T > &p)
- Pushes an element  $p$  at the end of the `auto_vector` array `_arr`.*
- auto\_ptr< T > `pop_back` ()
- Pops the last element of the `auto_vector` array `_arr`.*
- auto\_ptr< T > `acquire` (size\_t  $i$ )
- Gets the contents from vector `_arr` in the given position.*
- `iterator begin` () const
- Returns a pointer to the first position in the array `_arr`.*
- `iterator end` () const
- Returns a pointer to the last position in the array `_arr`.*
- int `size` () const
- Returns the size of `_arr`.*

#### 4.10.1 Detailed Description

```
template<class T>class auto_vector< T >
```

Class with the methods to create, handle and destroy an array of `auto_ptr` elements.

Version

1.0b

Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

Since

1.0b

#### 4.10.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.10.2.1 `template<class T> auto_vector< T >::auto_vector ( size_t capacity = 0 )` `[inline]`, `[explicit]`

Constructor.

Parameters

<i>capacity</i>	Vector capacity. By default this is 0
-----------------	---------------------------------------

#### 4.10.3 Member Function Documentation

4.10.3.1 `template<class T> auto_ptr<T> auto_vector< T >::acquire ( size_t  $i$  )` `[inline]`

Gets the contents from vector `_arr` in the given position.



## Parameters

<i>i</i>	Position of the element we want to get from <code>_arr</code>
----------	---

## Returns

Contents of the *ith* element in `_arr`

4.10.3.2 `template<class T> void auto_vector< T >::assign ( size_t i, auto_ptr< T > &p ) [inline]`

Assigns *p* to the *ith* position in the `auto_vector` array `_arr`.

## Parameters

<i>i</i>	Position where to make the assignment
<i>p</i>	Data that will be assigned

4.10.3.3 `template<class T> iterator auto_vector< T >::begin ( ) const [inline]`

Returns a pointer to the first position in the array `_arr`.

## Returns

First position in `_arr`

4.10.3.4 `template<class T> iterator auto_vector< T >::end ( ) const [inline]`

Returns a pointer to the last position in the array `_arr`.

## Returns

Ending position in `_arr`

4.10.3.5 `template<class T> auto_ptr<T> auto_vector< T >::pop_back ( ) [inline]`

Pops the last element of the `auto_vector` array `_arr`.

## Returns

Last element in `_arr`

4.10.3.6 `template<class T> void auto_vector< T >::push_back ( auto_ptr< T > &p ) [inline]`

Pushes an element *p* at the end of the `auto_vector` array `_arr`.

## Parameters

<i>p</i>	
----------	--

4.10.3.7 `template<class T> void auto_vector< T >::remove_direct ( size_t i, T* p ) [inline]`

Deletes position *i* in the array.

## Parameters

<i>i</i>	
<i>p</i>	

4.10.3.8 `template<class T> int auto_vector< T >::size ( ) const` `[inline]`

Returns the size of `_arr`.

## Returns

Number of elements in `_arr`

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

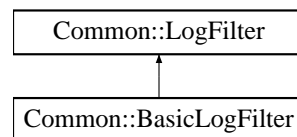
- `Common/auto_vector.h`

## 4.11 Common::BasicLogFilter Class Reference

Filters [LogEntry](#) objects to be inserted in a log.

```
#include <Syslog.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for `Common::BasicLogFilter`:



### Public Member Functions

- [BasicLogFilter](#) ()  
*Constructor.*
- [BasicLogFilter](#) (int mask)  
*Constructor.*
- bool [Accept](#) ([LogEntry](#) const &entry) const  
*Returns true if the log is accepted, false otherwise.*

#### 4.11.1 Detailed Description

Filters [LogEntry](#) objects to be inserted in a log.

## Version

1.0b

## Since

1.0b

## Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

## 4.11.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### 4.11.2.1 Common::BasicLogFilter::BasicLogFilter ( int *mask* ) [inline]

Constructor.

Parameters

<i>mask</i>	Severity mask.
-------------	----------------

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

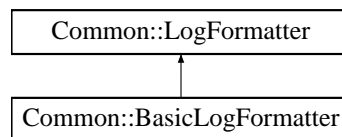
- Common/Syslog.h
- Common/Syslog.cpp

## 4.12 Common::BasicLogFormatter Class Reference

Formats [LogEntry](#) objects to be inserted in a log.

```
#include <Syslog.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Common::BasicLogFormatter:



### Public Member Functions

- [BasicLogFormatter](#) ()  
*Constructor.*
- [BasicLogFormatter](#) (Config &cfg)  
*Constructor.*
- std::string [GetLogHeader](#) () const  
*Returns a string containing the log header.*
- std::string [GetLogFooter](#) () const  
*Returns a string containing the log footer.*
- std::string [Format](#) (LogEntry const &entry) const  
*Returns a string containing the [LogEntry](#) object formatted.*
- void [ShowTimestamp](#) (bool value)  
*Enables the timestamp view.*
- void [ShowSeverity](#) (bool value)  
*Enables the severity view.*
- void [ShowChannel](#) (bool value)  
*Enables the channel view.*

### 4.12.1 Detailed Description

Formats [LogEntry](#) objects to be inserted in a log.

**Version**

1.0b

**Since**

1.0b

**Author**

Ania Sikora, 2002

**4.12.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation****4.12.2.1 BasicLogFormatter::BasicLogFormatter ( Config & cfg )**

Constructor.

**Parameters**

<i>cfg</i>	A <a href="#">Config</a> object containing initial settings of the log formatter.
------------	---

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

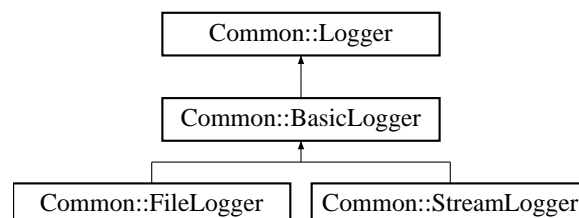
- Common/Syslog.h
- Common/Syslog.cpp

**4.13 Common::BasicLogger Class Reference**

Stores information of events in a system.

```
#include <Syslog.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Common::BasicLogger:

**Public Member Functions**

- [BasicLogger](#) ()  
*Constructor.*
- void [SetFilter](#) (LogFilterPtr &filter)  
*Sets the [LogFilter](#) to be used by the logger.*
- [LogFilter](#) const \* [GetFilter](#) () const  
*Returns the [LogFilter](#) the logger uses.*
- void [SetFormatter](#) (LogFormatterPtr &formatter)  
*Sets the [LogFormatter](#) to be used by the logger.*
- [LogFormatter](#) const \* [GetFormatter](#) () const  
*Returns the [LogFormatter](#) the logger uses.*
- bool [Accept](#) (LogEntry const &entry) const  
*Inserts an entry to the log.*

## Protected Attributes

- `LogFilterPtr _filter`
- `LogFormatterPtr _formatter`

### 4.13.1 Detailed Description

Stores information of events in a system.

#### Version

1.0b

#### Since

1.0b

#### Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

### 4.13.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 4.13.2.1 `bool BasicLogger::Accept ( LogEntry const & entry ) const`

Inserts an entry to the log.

#### Returns

True if the insert was successful, false otherwise.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- `Common/Syslog.h`
- `Common/Syslog.cpp`

## 4.14 BatchData Class Reference

Statistics of a single batch.

```
#include <FactoringStats_nw.h>
```

### Public Member Functions

- [BatchData](#) (int batchIdx)  
*Constructor.*
- [~BatchData](#) ()  
*Destructor.*
- void [OnNewBatch](#) (int numChunks)  
*Sets the number of chunks to numChunks*
- [WorkerData](#) & [GetWorkerData](#) (int workerTid)  
*Getter of the data in worker given by workerTid. If it does not exist, creates a new one and returns it.*
- [WorkerData](#) & [NewWorkerData](#) (int workerTid)

- Creates a new worker data in workerTid and returns it. If it already exists, returns it.
- bool [IsComplete](#) () const  
Checks if the current [BatchData](#) is complete.
- bool [IsActualize](#) () const  
Getter of the `_flagActualize` private var.
- void [SetActualize](#) ()  
Sets `_flagActualize` to 1.
- bool [AreWorkersComplete](#) () const  
Checks if all the workers in [BatchData](#) are complete.
- [WorkerData](#) \*\* [AllocWorkersArray](#) ()  
Allocates a dynamic array of [WorkerData](#) and returns it.
- double [DeviationComputingTime](#) ()  
Not implemented.
- double [MeanComputingTime](#) ()  
Not implemented.
- int [GetNumChunks](#) () const  
Getter of `_numChunks`.
- double [GetMeanStats](#) ()  
Calculates and returns the mean task processing time.
- double [GetStdStats](#) ()  
Calculates and returns the standard deviation of the tasks.
- void [SizeTaskReceived](#) (int sizeTasks)  
Adds sizeTasks to `_TotalTaskReceived`.
- int [GetSizeTaskReceived](#) () const  
`_TotalTaskReceived` getter
- [ModelParam](#) [GetModelParam](#) ()  
Returns the [ModelParam](#) object with `TotalDataVolume`, `TotalDataSendW` and `TotalCompTime` updated.

#### 4.14.1 Detailed Description

Statistics of a single batch.

#### 4.14.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

##### 4.14.2.1 [BatchData::BatchData](#) ( int *batchIdx* )

Constructor.

Parameters

<i>batchIdx</i>	
-----------------	--

#### 4.14.3 Member Function Documentation

##### 4.14.3.1 [WorkerData](#) \*\* [BatchData::AllocWorkersArray](#) ( )

Allocates a dynamic array of [WorkerData](#) and returns it.

Returns

[WorkerData](#) array

#### 4.14.3.2 bool BatchData::AreWorkersComplete ( ) const

Checks if all the workers in [BatchData](#) are complete.

Returns

boolean

#### 4.14.3.3 double BatchData::DeviationComputingTime ( )

Not implemented.

Returns

#### 4.14.3.4 double BatchData::GetMeanStats ( )

Calculates and returns the mean task processing time.

Returns

mean time in **seconds?**

#### 4.14.3.5 ModelParam BatchData::GetModelParam ( )

Returns the [ModelParam](#) object with TotalDataVolume, TotalDataSendW and TotalCompTime updated.

Returns

[ModelParam](#) object

#### 4.14.3.6 int BatchData::GetNumChunks ( ) const [inline]

Getter of \_numChunks.

Returns

\_numChunks

#### 4.14.3.7 int BatchData::GetSizeTaskReceived ( ) const [inline]

\_TotalTaskReceived getter

Returns

\_TotalTaskReceived

#### 4.14.3.8 double BatchData::GetStdStats ( )

Calculates and returns the standard deviation of the tasks.

Returns

standard deviation

#### 4.14.3.9 WorkerData & BatchData::GetWorkerData ( int *workerTid* )

Getter of the data in worker given by workerTid. If it does not exist, creates a new one and returns it.



## Parameters

<i>workerTid</i>	Worker ID
------------------	-----------

## Returns

[WorkerData](#) object

#### 4.14.3.10 `bool BatchData::IsActualize ( ) const [inline]`

Getter of the `_flagActualize` private var.

## Returns

returns `_flagActualize`

#### 4.14.3.11 `bool BatchData::IsComplete ( ) const [inline]`

Checks if the current [BatchData](#) is complete.

## Returns

boolean

#### 4.14.3.12 `double BatchData::MeanComputingTime ( )`

Not implemented.

## Returns

#### 4.14.3.13 `WorkerData & BatchData::NewWorkerData ( int workerTid )`

Creates a new worker data in `workerTid` and returns it. If it already exists, returns it.

## Parameters

<i>workerTid</i>	Worker ID
------------------	-----------

## Returns

[WorkerData](#) Object

#### 4.14.3.14 `void BatchData::OnNewBatch ( int numChunks ) [inline]`

Sets the number of chunks to *numChunks*

## Parameters

<i>numChunks</i>	Number of chunks
------------------	------------------

#### 4.14.3.15 void BatchData::SizeTaskReceived ( int *sizeTasks* ) [inline]

Adds *sizeTasks* to `_TotalTaskReceived`.

##### Parameters

<i>sizeTasks</i>	
------------------	--

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

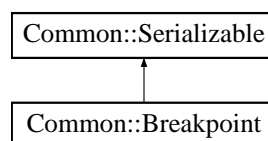
- Analyzer/FactoringStats\_nw.h
- Analyzer/FactoringStats\_nw.cpp

## 4.15 Common::Breakpoint Class Reference

Denotes place in a function (on the entry or at the end).

```
#include <Utils.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Common::Breakpoint:



### Public Member Functions

- [Breakpoint](#) ()  
*Constructor.*
- [Breakpoint](#) ([Breakpoint](#) const &b)  
*Copy Constructor.*
- void [Serialize](#) ([Serializer](#) &out) const  
*Serializes the breakpoint through the given [Serializer](#).*
- void [DeSerialize](#) ([DeSerializer](#) &in)  
*Deserializes the breakpoint from the given [DeSerializer](#).*

### Public Attributes

- std::string **funcName**
- InstrPlace **place**

#### 4.15.1 Detailed Description

Denotes place in a function (on the entry or at the end).

##### Version

1.0

Since

1.0

Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

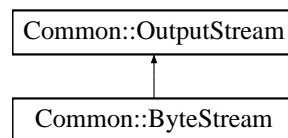
- Common/Utils.h

## 4.16 Common::ByteStream Class Reference

Stores stream of bytes.

```
#include <ByteStream.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Common::ByteStream:



### Public Member Functions

- [ByteStream](#) (char \*buf, size\_t bufSize)  
*Constructor.*
- [ByteStream](#) (size\_t bufSize)  
*Constructor. Creates an intern buffer.*
- void [Write](#) (char const \*buf, size\_t bufSize)  
*Adds the content of the buffer to the stream.*
- char const \* [GetData](#) () const  
*Returns pointer to the intern buffer.*
- size\_t [GetDataSize](#) () const  
*Returns size of the stream.*
- void [Reset](#) ()  
*Clears the stream.*

### 4.16.1 Detailed Description

Stores stream of bytes.

Version

1.0b

Since

1.0b

Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

## 4.16.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### 4.16.2.1 `Common::ByteStream::ByteStream ( char * buf, size_t bufSize ) [inline]`

Constructor.

Parameters

<i>buf</i>	Intern buffer to be used.
<i>bufSize</i>	Size of the intern buffer.

### 4.16.2.2 `Common::ByteStream::ByteStream ( size_t bufSize ) [inline]`

Constructor. Creates an intern buffer.

Parameters

<i>bufSize</i>	Size of the intern buffer.
----------------	----------------------------

## 4.16.3 Member Function Documentation

### 4.16.3.1 `char const* Common::ByteStream::GetData ( ) const [inline]`

Returns pointer to the intern buffer.

When used the returned pointer should always use the [GetDataSize\(\)](#) method to iterate over the buffer.

Returns

Read-only pointer to the intern buffer.

### 4.16.3.2 `size_t Common::ByteStream::GetDataSize ( ) const [inline]`

Returns size of the stream.

Returns

Buffer size.

### 4.16.3.3 `void ByteStream::Write ( char const * buf, size_t bufSize ) [virtual]`

Adds the content of the buffer to the stream.

Parameters

<i>buf</i>	Buffer to read.
<i>bufSize</i>	Size of the given buffer.

Implements [Common::OutputStream](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- Common/ByteStream.h
- Common/ByteStream.cpp

## 4.17 CommandLine Class Reference

Encapsulates methods to interact with the user of analyzer. Basically reads the arguments of the analyzer and parses them to get the configuration file and the objective application with its parameters. Once read, encapsulates the information and provides accessors to it. There are two formats [Analyzer](#) can be called:

```
#include <cmdline.h>
```

### Public Member Functions

- [CommandLine](#) (int argc, char \*\*argv)  
*Constructor.*
- bool [IsOk](#) () const  
*Returns the value of \_isOk.*
- int [GetArgc](#) () const  
*Getter for the \_argc variable.*
- char \*\* [GetArgv](#) () const  
*Getter for the \_argv variable.*
- int [GetAppArgc](#) () const  
*Getter for the \_appArgc variable.*
- char \* [GetAppPath](#) () const  
*Getter for the \_appPath variable.*
- char \*\* [GetAppArgv](#) () const  
*Getter for the \_appArgv variable.*
- bool [HasConfig](#) () const  
*Checks if there's a path for the configuration file, if not returns 0.*
- char \* [GetConfigFileName](#) () const  
*Getter for the \_configFile variable.*
- void [DisplayHelp](#) () const  
*Prints help message on the terminal. Tells the user how to introduce the necessary arguments.*
- [CommandLine](#) (int argc, char \*\*argv)  
*Constructor, parses the arguments provided to analyzer.*
- bool [IsOk](#) () const  
*Status of the arguments getter.*
- int [GetArgc](#) () const  
*Number of arguments getter.*
- char \*\* [GetArgv](#) () const  
*Arguments getter.*
- bool [HasConfig](#) () const  
*Determines if the user has chosen his own configuration file.*
- char \* [GetConfigFile](#) () const  
*Configuration file getter.*
- char const \* [GetAppPath](#) () const  
*Application path getter.*
- int [GetAppArgc](#) () const  
*Application number of arguments getter.*
- char const \*\* [GetAppArgv](#) () const  
*Application arguments getter.*
- void [DisplayHelp](#) () const  
*Explains the user which arguments can be provided to analyzer.*

### 4.17.1 Detailed Description

Encapsulates methods to interact with the user of analyzer. Basically reads the arguments of the analyzer and parses them to get the configuration file and the objective application with its parameters. Once read, encapsulates the information and provides accessors to it. There are two formats [Analyzer](#) can be called:

Checks for the necessary data in the arguments passed to main and parses them.

- [Analyzer](#) <AppPath> [<AppArgs>]
- [Analyzer](#) -config file.ini <App> [<AppArgs>]

Notes

Version

1.0

Since

1.0

Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

### 4.17.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.17.2.1 `CommandLine::CommandLine ( int argc, char ** argv )` `[inline]`

Constructor, parses the arguments provided to analyzer.

Parameters

<i>argc</i>	number of arguments for analyzer
<i>argv</i>	arguments for analyzer

### 4.17.3 Member Function Documentation

4.17.3.1 `int CommandLine::GetAppArgc ( ) const` `[inline]`

Getter for the `_appArgc` variable.

Returns

Size of the arguments vector for the app.

4.17.3.2 `int CommandLine::GetAppArgc ( ) const` `[inline]`

Application number of arguments getter.

Returns

The number of arguments of the target application.

**4.17.3.3** `char** CommandLine::GetAppArgv ( ) const [inline]`

Getter for the `_appArgv` variable.

**Returns**

Vector that contains the app's arguments.

**4.17.3.4** `char const** CommandLine::GetAppArgv ( ) const [inline]`

Application arguments getter.

**Returns**

The arguments of the target application.

**4.17.3.5** `char* CommandLine::GetAppPath ( ) const [inline]`

Getter for the `_appPath` variable.

**Returns**

Path to the executable of the app.

**4.17.3.6** `char const* CommandLine::GetAppPath ( ) const [inline]`

Application path getter.

**Returns**

The path of the target application.

**4.17.3.7** `int CommandLine::GetArgc ( ) const [inline]`

Getter for the `_argc` variable.

**Returns**

Size of the vector of arguments.

**4.17.3.8** `int CommandLine::GetArgc ( ) const [inline]`

Number of arguments getter.

**Returns**

The number of arguments provided to analyzer.

**4.17.3.9** `char** CommandLine::GetArgv ( ) const [inline]`

Getter for the `_argv` variable.

**Returns**

Vector of arguments.

#### 4.17.3.10 `char** CommandLine::GetArgv ( ) const [inline]`

Arguments getter.

##### Returns

The arguments provided to analyzer.

#### 4.17.3.11 `char* CommandLine::GetConfigFile ( ) const [inline]`

Configuration file getter.

##### Returns

The configuration file of [Analyzer](#).

#### 4.17.3.12 `char* CommandLine::GetConfigFileName ( ) const [inline]`

Getter for the `_configFile` variable.

##### Returns

Path for the configuration file.

#### 4.17.3.13 `bool CommandLine::HasConfig ( ) const [inline]`

Determines if the user has chosen his own configuration file.

##### Returns

If the user provided a specific configuration file.

#### 4.17.3.14 `bool CommandLine::HasConfig ( ) const [inline]`

Checks if there's a path for the configuration file, if not returns 0.

##### Returns

Path for the configuration file.

#### 4.17.3.15 `bool CommandLine::IsOk ( ) const [inline]`

Returns the value of `_isOk`.

##### Returns

Boolean variable that is true if the configuration has been parsed correctly.



4.17.3.16 `bool CommandLine::isOk ( ) const [inline]`

Status of the arguments getter.

#### Returns

if the arguments provided to analyzer are correct or not.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- AC/cmdline.h
- Analyzer/cmdline.h

## 4.18 Common::Config Class Reference

Manages a configuration of the system.

```
#include <Config.h>
```

### Classes

- class [KeyIterator](#)  
*Iterates over the keys of a [Config](#) object.*

### Public Member Functions

- [Config](#) ()  
*Constructor.*
- `std::string const & GetStringValue (std::string const &section, std::string const &key) const`  
*Returns string value of the entry specified by the parameters.*
- `int GetIntValue (std::string const &section, std::string const &key) const`  
*Returns integer value of the entry specified by the parameters.*
- `int GetIntValue (std::string const &section, std::string const &key, int defaultValue) const`  
*Returns integer value of the entry specified by the parameters.*
- `bool GetBoolValue (std::string const &section, std::string const &key) const`  
*Returns boolean value of the entry specified by the parameters.*
- `bool GetBoolValue (std::string const &section, std::string const &key, bool defaultValue) const`  
*Returns boolean value of the entry specified by the parameters.*
- `bool Contains (std::string const &section, std::string const &key) const`  
*Finds an entry on the configuration.*
- `KeyIterator GetKeys (std::string const &section) const`  
*Returns an iterator of the keys inside the requested section.*
- `void AddEntry (std::string const &section, std::string const &key, std::string const &value)`  
*Adds a new entry to the configuration.*

### Friends

- class **KeyIterator**
- class **ConfigReader**

### 4.18.1 Detailed Description

Manages a configuration of the system.

The configuration is based on section and keys, and the format is the following:

```
[section]
key = value
key = value
...

[newsection]
key = value
...
```

#### Version

1.0b

#### Since

1.0b

#### Author

Ania Sikora, 2000

### 4.18.2 Member Function Documentation

**4.18.2.1** `void Common::Config::AddEntry ( std::string const & section, std::string const & key, std::string const & value )`  
`[inline]`

Adds a new entry to the configuration.

#### Parameters

<i>section</i>	Section of the new entry.
<i>key</i>	Key of the new entry.
<i>value</i>	Value of the new entry.

**4.18.2.2** `bool Common::Config::Contains ( std::string const & section, std::string const & key ) const` `[inline]`

Finds an entry on the configuration.

#### Parameters

<i>section</i>	Section to find the entry.
<i>key</i>	Key to find the entry.

#### Returns

True if the entry was found, false otherwise.

**4.18.2.3** `bool Common::Config::GetBoolValue ( std::string const & section, std::string const & key ) const`

Returns boolean value of the entry specified by the parameters.

## Parameters

<i>section</i>	Section to find the value.
<i>key</i>	Key to find the value.

## Returns

Boolean containing the requested value.

## Exceptions

<a href="#"><i>ConfigException</i></a>	
--	--

**4.18.2.4** `bool Common::Config::GetBoolValue ( std::string const & section, std::string const & key, bool defaultValue ) const`  
[inline]

Returns boolean value of the entry specified by the parameters.

If the configuration doesn't contain the specified entry, returns the default value.

## Parameters

<i>section</i>	Section to find the value.
<i>key</i>	Key to find the value.
<i>defaultValue</i>	Value returned if the requested entry is not inside the configuration.

## Returns

Boolean containing the requested value.

**4.18.2.5** `int Common::Config::GetIntValue ( std::string const & section, std::string const & key ) const`

Returns integer value of the entry specified by the parameters.

## Parameters

<i>section</i>	Section to find the value.
<i>key</i>	Key to find the value.

## Exceptions

<a href="#"><i>ConfigException</i></a>	
--	--

**4.18.2.6** `int Common::Config::GetIntValue ( std::string const & section, std::string const & key, int defaultValue ) const`  
[inline]

Returns integer value of the entry specified by the parameters.

If the configuration doesn't contain the specified entry, returns the default value.

## Parameters

<i>section</i>	Section to find the value.
<i>key</i>	Key to find the value.

<i>defaultValue</i>	Value returned if the requested entry is not inside the configuration.
---------------------	--

**Returns**

Integer containing the requested value.

**4.18.2.7 KeyIterator Common::Config::GetKeys ( std::string const & section ) const [inline]**

Returns an iterator of the keys inside the requested section.

**Parameters**

<i>section</i>	Section requested.
----------------	--------------------

**Returns**

Iterator to the keys inside the section.

**4.18.2.8 std::string const& Common::Config::GetStringValue ( std::string const & section, std::string const & key ) const [inline]**

Returns string value of the entry specified by the parameters.

**Parameters**

<i>section</i>	Section to find the value.
<i>key</i>	Key to find the value.

**Exceptions**

<a href="#">ConfigException</a>	
---------------------------------	--

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

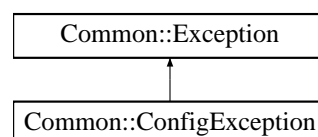
- Common/Config.h

**4.19 Common::ConfigException Class Reference**

[Config](#), [ConfigReader](#) and [ConfigMap](#) exceptions.

```
#include <ConfigException.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Common::ConfigException:

**Public Member Functions**

- [ConfigException](#) (std::string const &msg, std::string const &objName=std::string())  
  *Constructor.*
- void [Display](#) (std::ostream &os) const

*Displays exception message on the given output stream.*

- void [Display](#) () const

*Displays exception message on the standard error output.*

- std::string [GetReason](#) () const

*Returns a string containing the error message.*

## Additional Inherited Members

### 4.19.1 Detailed Description

[Config](#), [ConfigReader](#) and [ConfigMap](#) exceptions.

#### Version

1.0b

#### Since

1.0b

#### Author

Noel De Martin, 2011

### 4.19.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.19.2.1 `Common::ConfigException::ConfigException ( std::string const & msg, std::string const & objName = std::string () ) [inline]`

Constructor.

#### Parameters

<i>msg</i>	<a href="#">Exception</a> message.
<i>objName</i>	Name of the object causing the exception, "" by default.

### 4.19.3 Member Function Documentation

4.19.3.1 `void Common::ConfigException::Display ( std::ostream & os ) const [virtual]`

Displays exception message on the given output stream.

#### Parameters

<i>os</i>	Output stream to display the message.
-----------	---------------------------------------

Reimplemented from [Common::Exception](#).

4.19.3.2 `string ConfigException::GetReason ( ) const`

Returns a string containing the error message.

**Returns**

String with the error.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- Common/ConfigException.h
- Common/ConfigException.cpp

## 4.20 Common::ConfigHelper Class Reference

Static class that contains methods to manage [Config](#) objects.

```
#include <Config.h>
```

**Static Public Member Functions**

- static [Config](#) [ReadFromFile](#) (std::string const &fileName)  
*Returns a [Config](#) object loaded from the given file.*

### 4.20.1 Detailed Description

Static class that contains methods to manage [Config](#) objects.

**Version**

1.0b

**Since**

1.0b

**Author**

Noel De Martin, 2011

### 4.20.2 Member Function Documentation

**4.20.2.1** static [Config](#) Common::ConfigHelper::ReadFromFile ( std::string const & *fileName* ) [inline],[static]

Returns a [Config](#) object loaded from the given file.

**Exceptions**

<a href="#">ConfigException</a>	
---------------------------------	--

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Common/Config.h

## 4.21 Common::ConfigMap Class Reference

Contains and manages a collection of [Config](#) objects.

```
#include <ConfigMap.h>
```

## Classes

- class [Iterator](#)  
*Iterates over a [ConfigMap](#) object.*

## Public Member Functions

- [ConfigMap](#) ()  
*Constructor.*
- bool [Add](#) (std::string const &section, std::string const &key, std::string const &value)  
*Adds a new value to the map.*
- std::string const & [GetValue](#) (std::string const &section, std::string const &key) const  
*Returns a requested value on the map.*
- bool [Contains](#) (std::string const &section, std::string const &key) const  
*Looks for the entry specified by the parameters of the function.*
- int [GetSize](#) () const  
*Returns size of the map.*

## Friends

- class [Iterator](#)

### 4.21.1 Detailed Description

Contains and manages a collection of [Config](#) objects.

#### Version

1.0b

#### Since

1.0b

#### Author

Ania Sikora, 2000

### 4.21.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 4.21.2.1 bool ConfigMap::Add ( std::string const & *section*, std::string const & *key*, std::string const & *value* )

Adds a new value to the map.

If the entry already exists on the map returns false.

#### Parameters

<i>section</i>	Section of the new entry.
<i>key</i>	Key of the new entry.

<i>value</i>	Value of the new entry.
--------------	-------------------------

**Returns**

True if the insertion was successful, false otherwise.

#### 4.21.2.2 `bool ConfigMap::Contains ( std::string const & section, std::string const & key ) const`

Looks for the entry specified by the parameters of the function.

**Parameters**

<i>section</i>	Section to find the entry.
<i>key</i>	Key to find the entry.

**Returns**

True if the entry was found, false otherwise.

#### 4.21.2.3 `string const & ConfigMap::GetValue ( std::string const & section, std::string const & key ) const`

Returns a requested value on the map.

**Parameters**

<i>section</i>	Section to find the value.
<i>key</i>	Key to find the value.

**Exceptions**

<a href="#"><i>ConfigException</i></a>	
--	--

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

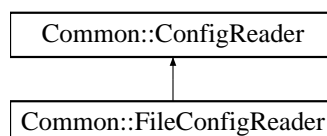
- Common/ConfigMap.h
- Common/ConfigMap.cpp

## 4.22 Common::ConfigReader Class Reference

Abstract class, generates [Config](#) objects from reading sources.

```
#include <ConfigReader.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Common::ConfigReader:

**Public Member Functions**

- [ConfigReader](#) ()  
*Constructor.*
- virtual [Config Read](#) ()=0



## Protected Member Functions

- void [AnalyzeLine](#) ([Config](#) &config, std::string const &line)

*Loads the information of the line into the [Config](#) object.*

### 4.22.1 Detailed Description

Abstract class, generates [Config](#) objects from reading sources.

#### Version

1.0b

#### Since

1.0b

#### Author

Ania Sikora, 2000

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- Common/ConfigReader.h
- Common/ConfigReader.cpp

## 4.23 Controller Class Reference

Provides the logic and controls the execution flow of the application.

```
#include <Ctrl.h>
```

## Public Member Functions

- [Controller](#) ([CommandLine](#) &cmdLine)

*Constructor.*

- [~Controller](#) ()

*Destructor.*

- void [Run](#) ()

*Initializes all the necessary fields and starts the main loop of the AC.*

- void [Interrupt](#) ()

*Sets the `_fInterrupted` variable to 1.*

- [Controller](#) ([CommandLine](#) &cmdLine, std::string const &cfgFile)

*Constructor, sets the command line for the user, determines the configuration for the application and prepares the system log.*

- void [Run](#) ([ShutDownManager](#) \*sdm)

*Manages the execution flow of the application. The execution flow of analyzer is:*

### 4.23.1 Detailed Description

Provides the logic and controls the execution flow of the application.

Contains the main functionality of the AC, including its main loop which runs until all tuning operations have been finished.

#### Version

1.0

#### Since

1.0

#### Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

### 4.23.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 4.23.2.1 Controller::Controller ( **CommandLine** & *cmdLine* )

Constructor.

#### Parameters

<i>cmdLine</i>	Class that provides commandline communications with the user.
----------------	---

### 4.23.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 4.23.3.1 void Controller::Run ( **ShutDownManager** \* *sdm* )

Manages the execution flow of the application. The execution flow of analyzer is:

- create DTAPI, initialize collector, etc.
- create application model
- initialize all tunlets
- start application
- handle events
- destroy tunlets
- destroy app model

#### 4.23.3.2 void Controller::Run ( )

Initializes all the necessary fields and starts the main loop of the AC.

Creates a [TaskManager](#) objects and a Reactor and [PTPAccepter](#) which will provide event handling and tuning capabilities.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

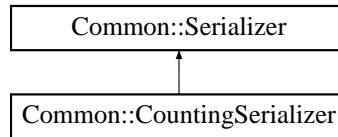
- AC/Ctrl.h
- Analyzer/Ctrl.h
- AC/Ctrl.cpp
- Analyzer/Ctrl.cpp

## 4.24 Common::CountingSerializer Class Reference

Stores the size of serialized data.

```
#include <NetSer.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Common::CountingSerializer:



### Public Member Functions

- [CountingSerializer](#) ()  
*Constructor.*
- `int_t` [GetSize](#) () const  
*Returns size of the serialized data.*
- void [PutLong](#) (long\_t l)  
*Adds the size of a serialized long.*
- void [PutDouble](#) (double\_t d)  
*Adds the size of a serialized double.*
- void [PutBool](#) (bool\_t b)  
*Adds the size of a serialized boolean.*
- void [PutShort](#) (short\_t s)  
*Adds the size of a serialized short.*
- void [PutByte](#) (byte\_t b)  
*Adds the size of a serialized byte.*
- void [PutChar](#) (char\_t c)  
*Adds the size of a serialized char.*
- void [PutString](#) (std::string const &str)  
*Adds the size of a serialized string.*
- void [PutInt](#) (int\_t i)  
*Adds the size of a serialized integer.*
- void [PutBuffer](#) (char const \*buffer, int bufferSize)  
*Adds the size of a serialized buffer.*

### 4.24.1 Detailed Description

Stores the size of serialized data.

Version

1.0b

Since

1.0b

**Author**

Ania Sikora, 2002

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Common/NetSer.h

## 4.25 curState Class Reference

Struct that stores the iteration, batch and number of tuples.

**Public Attributes**

- int **iter**
- int **batch**
- int **numTuples**

### 4.25.1 Detailed Description

Struct that stores the iteration, batch and number of tuples.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- Analyzer/FactoringTunlet\_nw-XFire.cpp
- Analyzer/FactoringTunlet\_nw.cpp

## 4.26 Common::DateTime Class Reference

Holds a timestamp.

```
#include <DateTime.h>
```

**Public Member Functions**

- [DateTime](#) ()  
*Constructor, sets the current date and time.*
- int [GetYear](#) () const  
*Returns year represented by this date.*
- int [GetMonth](#) () const  
*Returns month represented by this date.*
- int [GetDay](#) () const  
*Returns day represented by this date.*
- int [GetHour](#) () const  
*Returns hour represented by this date.*
- int [GetMinute](#) () const  
*Returns minute represented by this date.*
- int [GetSecond](#) () const  
*Returns second represented by this date.*
- std::string [GetStringValue](#) () const  
*Returns a string with the date.*

### 4.26.1 Detailed Description

Holds a timestamp.

Version

1.0

Since

1.0

Author

Ania Sikora, 2001

### 4.26.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 4.26.2.1 string DateTime::GetStringValue ( ) const

Returns a string with the date.

The format of the returned string is "dd.mm.yyyy hh:MM:ss".

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

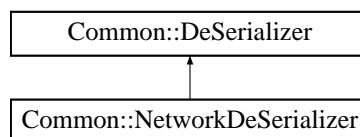
- Common/DateTime.h
- Common/DateTime.cpp

## 4.27 Common::DeSerializer Class Reference

Abstract class, recovers serialized data from a stream.

```
#include <Serial.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Common::DeSerializer:



### Public Member Functions

- virtual byte\_t [GetByte](#) ()=0  
*Reads byte value from the stream.*
- virtual char\_t [GetChar](#) ()=0  
*Reads char value from the stream.*
- virtual bool\_t [GetBool](#) ()=0  
*Reads bool value from the stream.*
- virtual short\_t [GetShort](#) ()=0  
*Reads short value from the stream.*
- virtual int\_t [GetInt](#) ()=0

- Reads int value from the stream.*
- virtual long\_t [GetLong](#) ()=0
  - Reads long value from the stream.*
- virtual double\_t [GetDouble](#) ()=0
  - Reads double value from the stream.*
- virtual std::string [GetString](#) ()=0
  - Reads string value from the stream.*
- virtual void [GetBuffer](#) (char \*buffer, int bufferSize)=0
  - Reads data directly from the stream.*

#### 4.27.1 Detailed Description

Abstract class, recovers serialized data from a stream.

##### Version

1.0b

##### Since

1.0b

##### Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Common/Serial.h

## 4.28 DiEx Class Reference

Implements the Dyninst's Exceptions.

```
#include <di.h>
```

### Public Member Functions

- **\_objName** (objName)
- string const & [GetMessage](#) () const
  - Exception message getter.*
- string const & [GetObjectName](#) () const
  - Object Name getter.*

### Public Attributes

- [\\_\\_pad0\\_\\_](#): \_msg (msg)
  - Constructor.*

### 4.28.1 Detailed Description

Implements the Dyninst's Exceptions.

#### Version

1.0b

#### Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

#### Since

1.0b

### 4.28.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 4.28.2.1 `string const& DiEx::GetMessage ( ) const` `[inline]`

Exception message getter.

#### Returns

`_msg`

#### 4.28.2.2 `string const& DiEx::GetObjectName ( ) const` `[inline]`

Object Name getter.

#### Returns

`_objName`

### 4.28.3 Member Data Documentation

#### 4.28.3.1 `DiEx::_pad0__`

Constructor.

#### Parameters

<i>msg</i>	Exception message to display
<i>objName</i>	Object Name

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Common/di.h

## 4.29 DiFunction Class Reference

Dyninst's function class. It represents a function in the application.

```
#include <di.h>
```

## Public Member Functions

- **DiFunction** (BPatch\_image &bplImage, string const &funcName)
- void **GetLineNumber** (unsigned int &start, unsigned int &end, char \*fileName, unsigned int &max)  
*Gets the current line number and the file name.*
- unsigned long **GetAddress** ()  
*Reads the address of \_bpVar.*
- char const \* **GetParams** ()  
*Gets the parameters of \_bpFunc.*
- PointVector \* **FindPoint** (BPatch\_procedureLocation loc=BPatch\_subroutine)  
*Finds the procedure point for the given location.*
- void **GetName** (char \*fileName, int len)  
*Getter of the file name.*
- **operator BPatch\_function & ()**

## Static Public Member Functions

- static void **Dump** (FuncVector &fv)  
*Prints all functions from the FuncVector fv*

### 4.29.1 Detailed Description

Dyninst's function class. It represents a function in the application.

#### Version

1.0b

#### Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

#### Since

1.0b

### 4.29.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 4.29.2.1 void DiFunction::Dump ( DiFunction::FuncVector & fv ) [static]

Prints all functions from the FuncVector fv

##### Parameters

fv	FuncVector
----	------------

#### 4.29.2.2 DiFunction::PointVector \* DiFunction::FindPoint ( BPatch\_procedureLocation loc = BPatch\_subroutine )

Finds the procedure point for the given location.



## Parameters

<i>loc</i>	Location of the point to look for
------------	-----------------------------------

## Returns

Point Vector of the specified location

## 4.29.2.3 unsigned long DiFunction::GetAddress ( )

Reads the address of `_bpVar`.

## Returns

Address of `_bpVar`

## 4.29.2.4 void DiFunction::GetLineNumber ( unsigned int &amp; start, unsigned int &amp; end, char \* fileName, unsigned int &amp; max )

Gets the current line number and the file name.

## Parameters

<i>start</i>	Address
<i>end</i>	Line
<i>fileName</i>	String where the file name will be saved
<i>max</i>	Length

## 4.29.2.5 void DiFunction::GetName ( char \* fileName, int len )

Getter of the file name.

## Parameters

<i>fileName</i>	Parameter where the file name will be stored
<i>len</i>	max length of the file name

## 4.29.2.6 char const \* DiFunction::GetParams ( )

Gets the parameters of `_bpFunc`.

## Returns

Parameters of the current function

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- Common/di.h
- Common/di.cpp

## 4.30 DImage Class Reference

Reads the program's image and gets an associated image object (the executable associated with a thread). It can also find a variable in the image and return it.

```
#include <di.h>
```

## Public Member Functions

- **DlImage** (BPatch\_process &bpProcess)
- BPatch\_variableExpr \* **FindVariable** (const char \*name)  
*Finds the variable from \_bplImage via name and returns it.*
- **operator BPatch\_image & ()**

### 4.30.1 Detailed Description

Reads the program's image and gets an associated image object (the executable associated with a thread). It can also find a variable in the image and return it.

#### Version

1.0b

#### Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

#### Since

1.0b

### 4.30.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 4.30.2.1 BPatch\_variableExpr \* DlImage::FindVariable ( const char \* *name* )

Finds the variable from \_bplImage via name and returns it.

#### Parameters

<i>name</i>	Name of the variable
-------------	----------------------

#### Returns

Global variable matching <name> in the image. NULL if not found.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

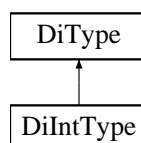
- Common/di.h
- Common/di.cpp

## 4.31 DlIntType Class Reference

Dyninst Int type class.

```
#include <di.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for DlIntType:



## Public Member Functions

- **DiIntType** (BPatch\_image &bpImage)

### 4.31.1 Detailed Description

Dyninst Int type class.

#### Version

1.0b

#### Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

#### Since

1.0b

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

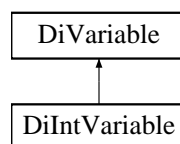
- Common/di.h

## 4.32 DiIntVariable Class Reference

Dyninst's int variable class.

```
#include <di.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for DiIntVariable:



## Public Member Functions

- **DiIntVariable** (BPatch\_process &bpProcess)

### 4.32.1 Detailed Description

Dyninst's int variable class.

#### Version

1.0b

#### Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

Since

1.0b

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Common/di.h

## 4.33 DiPoint Class Reference

Dyninst's point class. An object of this class represents a location in an application's code at which [DynInst](#) can insert instrumentation.

```
#include <di.h>
```

### Public Member Functions

- [DiPoint](#) (BPatch\_image &bplImage, string const &procName, BPatch\_procedureLocation loc=BPatch\_entry)  
*Finds the given location in the function with a given name.*
- void [GetCalledFuncName](#) (char \*buf, int size)  
*Getter of the current function name.*
- unsigned long [GetAddress](#) ()  
*Getter of the current address.*
- **operator PointVector & ()**
- PointVector & [getPoints](#) ()  
*\_bpPoints getter*

### 4.33.1 Detailed Description

Dyninst's point class. An object of this class represents a location in an application's code at which [DynInst](#) can insert instrumentation.

Version

1.0b

Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

Since

1.0b

### 4.33.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.33.2.1 `DiPoint::DiPoint ( BPatch_image & bplImage, string const & procName, BPatch_procedureLocation loc = BPatch_entry )`

Finds the given location in the function with a given name.

## Parameters

<i>bplImage</i>	BPatch Image of the program
<i>procName</i>	Process Name
<i>loc</i>	Location

## 4.33.3 Member Function Documentation

## 4.33.3.1 unsigned long DiPoint::GetAddress ( )

Getter of the current address.

## Returns

address

4.33.3.2 void DiPoint::GetCalledFuncName ( char \* *buf*, int *size* )

Getter of the current function name.

## Parameters

<i>buf</i>	Returned name
<i>size</i>	Max length of the buffer

## 4.33.3.3 PointVector&amp; DiPoint::getPoints ( ) [inline]

\_bpPoints getter

## Returns

\_bpPoints

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- Common/di.h
- Common/di.cpp

## 4.34 DiProcess Class Reference

Operates on code in execution. This class can be used to manipulate the process.

```
#include <di.h>
```

## Public Member Functions

- [DiProcess](#) ()
- [DiProcess](#) (char \*mutateeName, int pid)  
*Attaches the program to a running process.*
- [DiProcess](#) (char \*mutateeName, char \*argv[], char \*envp[]=0)  
*Creates the program with the given arguments.*
- [DiProcess](#) (char \*mutateeName)  
*Creates the program (mutatee)*

- [~DiProcess](#) ()  
*Destructor.*
- **operator BPatch\_process &** ()
- int [GetPid](#) ()  
*Getter of the Pid.*
- bool [IsStopped](#) ()  
*Asserts that \_bpProcess has been created and returns a boolean.*
- BPatchSnippetHandle \* [InsertSnippet](#) (BPatch\_snippet const &expr, BPatch\_point &point)  
*Inserts a given snippet into the given point.*
- BPatchSnippetHandle \* [InsertSnippet](#) (BPatch\_snippet const &expr, BPatch\_point &point, BPatch\_callWhen when, BPatch\_snippetOrder order)  
*Inserts the snippet into the point in a given order.*
- BPatchSnippetHandle \* [InsertSnippetBefore](#) (BPatch\_snippet const &expr, BPatch\_point &point)  
*Inserts a given snippet before the given point.*
- BPatchSnippetHandle \* [InsertSnippetAfter](#) (BPatch\_snippet const &expr, BPatch\_point &point)  
*Inserts a given snippet after the given point.*
- BPatchSnippetHandle \* [InsertSnippet](#) (BPatch\_snippet const &expr, PointVector &points)  
*Inserts the given snippet in the given points.*
- BPatchSnippetHandle \* [InsertSnippet](#) (BPatch\_snippet const &expr, PointVector &points, BPatch\_callWhen when, BPatch\_snippetOrder order)  
*Inserts the given snippet in the series of points with the given order and moment.*
- BPatchSnippetHandle \* [InsertSnippetBefore](#) (BPatch\_snippet const &expr, PointVector &points)  
*Inserts the snippet before the given points.*
- BPatchSnippetHandle \* [InsertSnippetAfter](#) (BPatch\_snippet const &expr, PointVector &points)  
*Inserts the snippet after the given points.*
- void [DeleteSnippet](#) (BPatchSnippetHandle \*handle)  
*Deletes the snippet in the given handle.*
- void [OneTimeCode](#) (BPatch\_snippet const &expr)  
*Executes the given snippet once.*
- void [ReplaceFunction](#) (BPatch\_function &oldFunc, BPatch\_function &newFunc)  
*Replaces a function call with a call to another function.*
- void [ContinueExecution](#) ()  
*Resumes the execution of mutatee process.*
- bool [StopExecution](#) ()  
*Stops the execution of the mutatee process.*
- void [WaitFor](#) ()  
*Waits for the termination of the process.*
- void [Test](#) ()  
*Tests the current mutatee process by waiting for a status change.*
- bool [Terminate](#) ()  
*Terminates the mutatee process.*
- bool [IsTerminated](#) ()  
*Returns true if the mutatee process is terminated.*
- void [WaitForStop](#) ()  
*Waits for the mutatee process to stop.*
- void [loadLibrary](#) (char \*libName)  
*Loads a shared library into the mutatee's address space. Returns true if successful.*
- void [GetLineNumber](#) (unsigned long addr, unsigned short &line, char \*fileName, int length)  
*Gets information about the given line number from the mutatee process.*
- BPatch\_variableExpr \* [Malloc](#) (BPatch\_type &type)  
*Allocates a new variable of the given type.*

### 4.34.1 Detailed Description

Operates on code in execution. This class can be used to manipulate the process.

Version

1.0b

Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

Since

1.0b

### 4.34.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.34.2.1 `DiProcess::DiProcess ( ) [inline]`

**Deprecated**

4.34.2.2 `DiProcess::DiProcess ( char * mutateeName, int pid )`

Attaches the program to a running process.

Parameters

<i>mutateeName</i>	Name of the mutatee
<i>pid</i>	PID to give to the process

4.34.2.3 `DiProcess::DiProcess ( char * mutateeName, char * argv[], char * envp[] = 0 )`

Creates the program with the given arguments.

Parameters

<i>mutateeName</i>	Name of the mutatee
<i>argv</i>	Arguments to give to the program. This cannot be null
<i>envp</i>	Environment list

4.34.2.4 `DiProcess::DiProcess ( char * mutateeName )`

Creates the program (mutatee)

Parameters

<i>mutateeName</i>	Name of the mutatee
--------------------	---------------------

### 4.34.3 Member Function Documentation

4.34.3.1 `void DiProcess::DeleteSnippet ( BPatchSnippetHandle * handle )`

Deletes the snippet in the given handle.

## Parameters

<i>handle</i>	
---------------	--

4.34.3.2 void DiProcess::GetLineNumber ( unsigned long *addr*, unsigned short & *line*, char \* *fileName*, int *length* )

Gets information about the given line number from the mutatee process.

## Parameters

<i>addr</i>	
<i>line</i>	
<i>fileName</i>	
<i>length</i>	

## 4.34.3.3 int DiProcess::GetPid ( ) [inline]

Getter of the Pid.

## Returns

Pid

4.34.3.4 BPatchSnippetHandle \* DiProcess::InsertSnippet ( BPatch\_snippet const & *expr*, BPatch\_point & *point* )

Inserts a given snippet into the given point.

## Parameters

<i>expr</i>	Snippet
<i>point</i>	Point where the Snippet will be inserted

## Returns

Handle

4.34.3.5 BPatchSnippetHandle \* DiProcess::InsertSnippet ( BPatch\_snippet const & *expr*, BPatch\_point & *point*, BPatch\_callWhen *when*, BPatch\_snippetOrder *order* )

Inserts the snippet into the point in a given order.

## Parameters

<i>expr</i>	Snippet
<i>point</i>	Point where the Snippet will be inserted
<i>when</i>	
<i>order</i>	

## Returns

Handle

4.34.3.6 BPatchSnippetHandle \* DiProcess::InsertSnippet ( BPatch\_snippet const & *expr*, PointVector & *points* )

Inserts the given snippet in the given points.



## Parameters

<i>expr</i>	Snippet
<i>points</i>	Vector of points

## Returns

Handle

4.34.3.7 **BPatchSnippetHandle \* DiProcess::InsertSnippet ( BPatch\_snippet const & *expr*, PointVector & *points*, BPatch\_callWhen *when*, BPatch\_snippetOrder *order* )**

Inserts the given snippet in the series of points with the given order and moment.

## Parameters

<i>expr</i>	Snippet
<i>points</i>	Vector of points
<i>when</i>	
<i>order</i>	

## Returns

Handle

4.34.3.8 **BPatchSnippetHandle \* DiProcess::InsertSnippetAfter ( BPatch\_snippet const & *expr*, BPatch\_point & *point* )**

Inserts a given snippet after the given point.

## Parameters

<i>expr</i>	Snippet
<i>point</i>	Point where the Snippet will be inserted

## Returns

Handle

4.34.3.9 **BPatchSnippetHandle \* DiProcess::InsertSnippetAfter ( BPatch\_snippet const & *expr*, PointVector & *points* )**

Inserts the snippet after the given points.

## Parameters

<i>expr</i>	Snippet
<i>points</i>	Vector of points

## Returns

Handle

4.34.3.10 **BPatchSnippetHandle \* DiProcess::InsertSnippetBefore ( BPatch\_snippet const & *expr*, BPatch\_point & *point* )**

Inserts a given snippet before the given point.

## Parameters

<i>expr</i>	Snippet
<i>point</i>	Point where the Snippet will be inserted

## Returns

Handle

4.34.3.11 **BPatchSnippetHandle \* DiProcess::InsertSnippetBefore ( BPatch\_snippet const & *expr*, PointVector & *points* )**

Inserts the snippet before the given points.

## Parameters

<i>expr</i>	Snippet
<i>points</i>	Vector of points

## Returns

Handle

4.34.3.12 **bool DiProcess::IsStopped ( ) [inline]**

Asserts that \_bpProcess has been created and returns a boolean.

## Returns

bool

4.34.3.13 **bool DiProcess::IsTerminated ( ) [inline]**

Returns true if the mutatee process is terminated.

## Returns

bool

4.34.3.14 **void DiProcess::loadLibrary ( char \* *libName* )**

Loads a shared library into the mutatee's address space. Returns true if successful.

## Parameters

<i>libName</i>	Library name
----------------	--------------

4.34.3.15 **BPatch\_variableExpr\* DiProcess::Malloc ( BPatch\_type & *type* ) [inline]**

Allocates a new variable of the given type.

## Parameters

<i>type</i>	
-------------	--

4.34.3.16 void DiProcess::OneTimeCode ( BPatch\_snippet const & *expr* )

Executes the given snippet once.

## Parameters

<i>expr</i>	Snippet
-------------	---------

4.34.3.17 void DiProcess::ReplaceFunction ( BPatch\_function & *oldFunc*, BPatch\_function & *newFunc* )

Replaces a function call with a call to another function.

## Parameters

<i>oldFunc</i>	
<i>newFunc</i>	

## 4.34.3.18 bool DiProcess::StopExecution ( ) [inline]

Stops the execution of the mutatee process.

## Returns

bool

## 4.34.3.19 bool DiProcess::Terminate ( ) [inline]

Terminates the mutatee process.

## Returns

bool

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- Common/di.h
- Common/di.cpp

## 4.35 DiSnippetHandle Class Reference

Dyninst's snippet handler class.

```
#include <di.h>
```

### Public Member Functions

- [DiSnippetHandle](#) (BPatch\_process &bpProcess, BPatch\_snippet &snippet, BPatch\_point &point, bool need-Delete=false)  
*Constructor.*
- [~DiSnippetHandle](#) ()  
*Destructor.*

### 4.35.1 Detailed Description

Dyninst's snippet handler class.

#### Version

1.0b

#### Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

#### Since

1.0b

### 4.35.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.35.2.1 `DiSnippetHandle::DiSnippetHandle ( BPatch_process & bpProcess, BPatch_snippet & snippet, BPatch_point & point, bool needDelete = false ) [inline]`

Constructor.

#### Parameters

<i>bpProcess</i>	BPatch process
<i>snippet</i>	Snipped of code
<i>point</i>	Point in the snippet
<i>needDelete</i>	Flag that states if the snipped has to be deleted. False by default

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

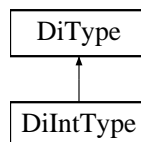
- Common/di.h

## 4.36 DiType Class Reference

Dyninst's Type class. It represents a variable or area of memory in a thread's address space.

```
#include <di.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for DiType:



### Public Member Functions

- `DiType` (BPatch\_image &bpImage, char const \*typeName)  
*Constructor.*
- `operator BPatch_type & ()`

### 4.36.1 Detailed Description

Dyninst's Type class. It represents a variable or area of memory in a thread's address space.

Version

1.0b

Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

Since

1.0b

### 4.36.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.36.2.1 `DiType::DiType ( BPatch_image & bplImage, char const * typeName )` `[inline]`

Constructor.

Parameters

<i>bplImage</i>	Image of the program
<i>typeName</i>	Name of the type

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

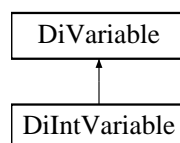
- Common/di.h

## 4.37 DiVariable Class Reference

Deals with Dyninst's Variable class. This can create, read and delete a variable of a given type or size in memory.

```
#include <di.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for DiVariable:



### Public Member Functions

- `DiVariable (BPatch_process &bpProcess, BPatch_type const &type)`  
*DiVariable constructor of a given type.*
- `DiVariable (BPatch_process &bpProcess, char const *typeName)`  
*DiVariable constructor of a given type name.*
- `DiVariable (BPatch_process &bpProcess, int size)`  
*DiVariable constructor of a given size.*
- `~DiVariable ()`  
*Destructor.*

- **operator BPatch\_variableExpr & ()**
- **operator BPatch\_variableExpr \* ()**
- void [GetValue](#) (void \*dst) const

*Reads the value of a variable in a thread's address space. <dst> is assumed to be the same size as the variable.*

- long int [GetAddress](#) () const

*Returns base address of this variable in the target's address space.*

#### 4.37.1 Detailed Description

Deals with Dyninst's Variable class. This can create, read and delete a variable of a given type or size in memory.

##### Version

1.0b

##### Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

##### Since

1.0b

#### 4.37.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.37.2.1 [DiVariable::DiVariable](#) ( BPatch\_process & *bpProcess*, BPatch\_type const & *type* ) `[inline]`

[DiVariable](#) constructor of a given type.

##### Parameters

<i>bpProcess</i>	Process
<i>type</i>	Type of the variable

4.37.2.2 [DiVariable::DiVariable](#) ( BPatch\_process & *bpProcess*, char const \* *typeName* ) `[inline]`

[DiVariable](#) constructor of a given type name.

##### Parameters

<i>bpProcess</i>	Process
<i>typeName</i>	Type name

4.37.2.3 [DiVariable::DiVariable](#) ( BPatch\_process & *bpProcess*, int *size* ) `[inline]`

[DiVariable](#) constructor of a given size.

##### Parameters

<i>bpProcess</i>	Process
<i>size</i>	Size in bytes

### 4.37.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 4.37.3.1 `long int DiVariable::GetAddress ( ) const [inline]`

Returns base address of this variable in the target's address space.

##### Returns

Base address of the variable

#### 4.37.3.2 `void DiVariable::GetValue ( void * dst ) const [inline]`

Reads the value of a variable in a thread's address space. <dst> is assumed to be the same size as the variable.

##### Parameters

<i>dst</i>	Reads value from here
------------	-----------------------

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Common/di.h

## 4.38 DTLibrary Class Reference

Dynamic Tuning Library that offers DT API. Encapsulates information about the application model and the event collector. Provides methods to create application models.

```
#include <DTAPI.h>
```

### Public Member Functions

- [Model::Application](#) & [CreateApplication](#) (char const \*appPath, int argc, char const \*\*argv)  
*Creates a new application model, a new event collector and associates them.*
- [Model::Application](#) & [GetApplication](#) ()  
*Application getter.*

### Friends

- class **DTLibraryFactory**

#### 4.38.1 Detailed Description

Dynamic Tuning Library that offers DT API. Encapsulates information about the application model and the event collector. Provides methods to create application models.

### 4.38.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 4.38.2.1 `Model::Application & DTLibrary::CreateApplication ( char const * appPath, int argc, char const ** argv )`

Creates a new application model, a new event collector and associates them.

## Parameters

<i>appPath</i>	path to the target application.
<i>argc</i>	number of arguments of the target application.
<i>argv</i>	list of arguments of the target application.

## Returns

Reference to the application model object.

4.38.2.2 **Model::Application & DTLibrary::GetApplication ( )**

Application getter.

## Returns

Reference to the application model.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- Analyzer/DTAPI.h
- Analyzer/DTAPI.cpp

## 4.39 DTLibraryFactory Class Reference

Handles the creation and destruction of DT Libraries.

```
#include <DTAPI.h>
```

### Static Public Member Functions

- static [DTLibrary](#) \* [CreateLibrary](#) ([Config](#) const &cfg)  
*Creates and initializes the DT Library. Implements the singleton design pattern, so if the library is already created it returns a reference to it.*
- static void [DestroyLibrary](#) ([DTLibrary](#) \*lib)  
*Destroys the library if there is only one last reference to the object.*

#### 4.39.1 Detailed Description

Handles the creation and destruction of DT Libraries.

#### 4.39.2 Member Function Documentation

##### 4.39.2.1 [DTLibrary](#) \* [DTLibraryFactory::CreateLibrary](#) ( [Config](#) const & *cfg* ) [static]

Creates and initializes the DT Library. Implements the singleton design pattern, so if the library is already created it returns a reference to it.

## Parameters



<i>cfg</i>	Reference to the configuration object.
------------	--

**Returns**

Reference to the library.

#### 4.39.2.2 void DTLibraryFactory::DestroyLibrary ( DTLibrary \* *lib* ) [static]

Destroys the library if there is only one last reference to the object.

**Parameters**

<i>lib</i>	Reference to the library.
------------	---------------------------

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- Analyzer/DTAPI.h
- Analyzer/DTAPI.cpp

## 4.40 DynInst Class Reference

Assigns an instance of the class BPatch from Dyninst.

```
#include <di.h>
```

**Static Public Member Functions**

- static BPatch & **Instance** ()
- static BPatch & **Instance** (BPatch in\_bp)

**Static Protected Member Functions**

- static void **OnError** (BPatchErrorLevel severity, int number, const char \*const \*params)

### 4.40.1 Detailed Description

Assigns an instance of the class BPatch from Dyninst.

**Version**

1.0b

**Author**

Ania Sikora, 2002

**Since**

1.0b

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

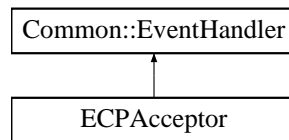
- Common/di.h
- Common/di.cpp

## 4.41 ECPAcceptor Class Reference

Event Acceptor class that collects incoming ECP events and prepares their correspondent handler.

```
#include <EventCollector.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for ECPAcceptor:



### Public Member Functions

- [ECPAcceptor](#) ([Reactor](#) &reactor, int port)  
*Constructor, starts listening to the socket and registers itself in the reactor.*
- [~ECPAcceptor](#) ()  
*Destructor, unregister the object from the reactor.*
- void [HandleInput](#) ()  
*When a new connection is accepted, prepares a handler for it. It is registered in the reactor and added to the service.*
- int [GetHandle](#) ()
- void [SetEventCollector](#) ([EventCollector](#) \*collector)  
*Setter for the event collector.*

### 4.41.1 Detailed Description

Event Acceptor class that collects incoming ECP events and prepares their correspondent handler.

### 4.41.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 4.41.2.1 ECPAcceptor::ECPAcceptor ( [Reactor](#) & reactor, int port )

Constructor, starts listening to the socket and registers itself in the reactor.

Parameters

<i>reactor</i>	<b>** Reactor of the application??? **</b>
<i>port</i>	Socket port.

### 4.41.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 4.41.3.1 int ECPAcceptor::GetHandle ( ) `[inline]`, `[virtual]`

Returns

Reference to the handler object

Implements [Common::EventHandler](#).

#### 4.41.3.2 void ECPAcceptor::SetEventCollector ( [EventCollector](#) \* collector )

Setter for the event collector.

## Parameters

<i>collector</i>	Event collector to be set.
------------------	----------------------------

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

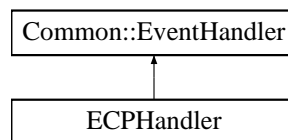
- Analyzer/EventCollector.h
- Analyzer/EventCollector.cpp

## 4.42 ECPHandler Class Reference

Encapsulates data structures and methods to handle incoming event collector inputs.

```
#include <ECPHandler.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for ECPHandler:



### Public Member Functions

- [ECPHandler](#) (SocketPtr &socket, [EventCollector](#) \*collector)  
*Constructor.*
- void [Remove](#) ()  
*Not implemented (here for compatibility reasons)*
- void [HandleInput](#) ()  
*Reads an incoming message and handles it depending on its type. First reads a message from the socket, then creates the proper type of message and the calls the onEvent method of the listener of the events (if any).*
- int [GetHandle](#) ()  
*Handler getter.*
- void [SetService](#) ([Service](#) \*service)  
*Service setter.*

#### 4.42.1 Detailed Description

Encapsulates data structures and methods to handle incoming event collector inputs.

#### 4.42.2 Member Function Documentation

##### 4.42.2.1 int ECPHandler::GetHandle ( ) [inline], [virtual]

Handler getter.

##### Returns

Reference to the handler object

Implements [Common::EventHandler](#).

4.42.2.2 void ECPHandler::SetService ( **Service** \* *service* ) [inline]

[Service](#) setter.

## Parameters

<i>service</i>	Reference to the service.
----------------	---------------------------

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

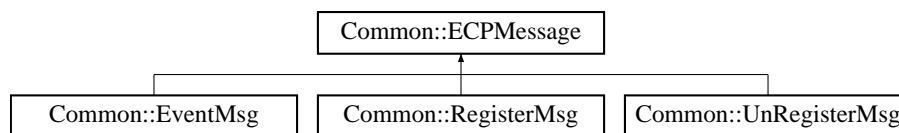
- Analyzer/ECPHandler.h
- Analyzer/ECPHandler.cpp

## 4.43 Common::ECPMessage Class Reference

Abstract class, EventCollectorProtocol, represents message interchanged between DMLib and analyzer.

```
#include <ECPMsg.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Common::ECPMessage:



### Public Member Functions

- virtual ECPMsgType [GetType](#) () const =0  
*To be implemented by subclasses.*
- virtual int [GetDataSize](#) () const  
*Returns size of the data once serialized.*
- virtual void [Serialize](#) (Serializer &out) const =0  
*To be implemented by subclasses.*
- virtual void [DeSerialize](#) (DeSerializer &in)=0  
*To be implemented by subclasses.*

### Protected Member Functions

- [ECPMessage](#) ()  
*Constructor.*

#### 4.43.1 Detailed Description

Abstract class, EventCollectorProtocol, represents message interchanged between DMLib and analyzer.

#### Version

1.0b

#### Since

1.0b

#### Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

## 4.43.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### 4.43.2.1 Common::ECPMessage::ECPMessage ( ) [inline], [protected]

Constructor.

Protected so that this base class cannot be explicitly instantiated.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

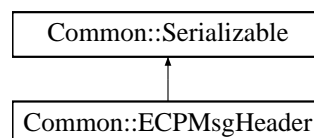
- Common/ECPMsg.h
- Common/ECPMsg.cpp

## 4.44 Common::ECPMsgHeader Class Reference

Represents header of an [ECPMessage](#) object.

```
#include <ECPMsgHeader.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Common::ECPMsgHeader:



### Public Member Functions

- [ECPMsgHeader](#) ()  
*Constructor.*
- void [Serialize](#) ([Serializer](#) &out) const  
*Sends the message header.*
- void [DeSerialize](#) ([DeSerializer](#) &in)  
*Receives the message header.*
- int [GetMagic](#) () const  
*Returns magic attribute.*
- int [GetVersion](#) () const  
*Returns version attribute.*
- ECPMsgType [GetType](#) () const  
*Returns type of the message.*
- int [GetDataSize](#) () const  
*Returns data size.*
- int [GetHeaderSize](#) () const  
*Returns header size.*
- void [SetMagic](#) (int magic)  
*Sets magic attribute.*
- void [SetVersion](#) (int version)  
*Sets version attribute.*
- void [SetMsgType](#) (ECPMsgType type)  
*Sets type attribute.*
- void [SetDataSize](#) (int size)  
*Sets the data size attribute.*
- void [SetHeaderSize](#) ()  
*Updates header size.*

### 4.44.1 Detailed Description

Represents header of an [ECPMessage](#) object.

#### Version

1.0b

#### Since

1.0b

#### Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- Common/ECPMsgHeader.h
- Common/ECPMsgHeader.cpp

## 4.45 ECPProtocol Class Reference

Encapsulates methods to read and handle incoming network messages.

```
#include <ECPProtocol.h>
```

### Static Public Member Functions

- static [ECPMsgHeader](#) [ReadMessageHeader](#) ([Socket](#) &sock)  
*Reads a message header from the socket, deserializes it and creates a message header object.*
- static [ECPMessage](#) \* [ReadMessageEx](#) ([Socket](#) &sock)  
*Reads a message from the socket, deserializes it and creates different kind of message objects depending on their type.*

### 4.45.1 Detailed Description

Encapsulates methods to read and handle incoming network messages.

### 4.45.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 4.45.2.1 [ECPMessage](#) \* [ECPProtocol::ReadMessageEx](#) ( [Socket](#) & *sock* ) [static]

Reads a message from the socket, deserializes it and creates different kind of message objects depending on their type.

#### Parameters

<i>sock</i>	Reference to the socket.
-------------	--------------------------

#### Returns

Reference to the message object created.

#### 4.45.2.2 **ECPMsgHeader** **ECPProtocol::ReadMessageHeader ( Socket & sock )** `[static]`

Reads a message header from the socket, deserializes it and creates a message header object.



## Parameters

<i>sock</i>	Reference to the socket.
-------------	--------------------------

## Returns

Reference to the message header object created

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- Analyzer/ECPPProtocol.h
- Analyzer/ECPPProtocol.cpp

## 4.46 Model::Event Class Reference

Encapsulates information about the events that the target application generates. For each event holds identification information (id, name), the place where it is produced, its attributes (for example the parameters of a function) and a reference to a handler. As this is a model class the methods provided are for accessing and setting the members of the data structure.

```
#include <AppEvent.h>
```

### Public Member Functions

- [Event](#) ([Event](#) const &e)  
*Copy constructor.*
- [Event](#) (int id, std::string const &funcName, InstrPlace place)  
*Constructor.*
- [~Event](#) ()  
*Destructor.*
- int [GetId](#) () const  
*Globally unique event id getter.*
- string [GetFunctionName](#) () const  
*Name getter.*
- InstrPlace [GetInstrPlace](#) () const  
*Instruction place getter.*
- int [GetNumAttributes](#) () const  
*Number of attributes getter.*
- [Attribute](#) \* [GetAttributes](#) () const  
*Attributes getter.*
- void [SetAttribute](#) (int nAttrs, [Attribute](#) \*attrs)  
*Attributes setter.*
- void [SetNEvents](#) (int nEvents)  
*Attributes setter.*
- void [SetEventHandler](#) ([EventHandler](#) &h)  
*Installs a callback function that is called each time a record of this event is delivered.*
- [EventHandler](#) \* [GetEventHandler](#) ()  
*Event handler getter.*
- int [GetNEvents](#) () const  
*Number of Papi metrics getter.*
- int [GetNumPapiMetrics](#) () const  
*Number of Papi metrics getter.*
- std::string \* [GetMetrics](#) () const
- void [SetMetric](#) (int nPapi, std::string \*PapiMetrics)

### 4.46.1 Detailed Description

Encapsulates information about the events that the target application generates. For each event holds identification information (id, name), the place where it is produced, its attributes (for example the parameters of a function) and a reference to a handler. As this is a model class the methods provided are for accessing and setting the members of the data structure.

### 4.46.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 4.46.2.1 Event::Event ( Event const & e )

Copy constructor.

Parameters

<i>e</i>	the event to copy
----------	-------------------

#### 4.46.2.2 Event::Event ( int id, std::string const & funcName, InstrPlace place )

Constructor.

Parameters

<i>id</i>	unique identification number for the event
<i>funcName</i>	name of the function which the event is associated to
<i>place</i>	place of the function

### 4.46.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 4.46.3.1 Attribute\* Model::Event::GetAttributes ( ) const [inline]

Attributes getter.

Returns

A collection of attributes to be recorded with this event

#### 4.46.3.2 EventHandler\* Model::Event::GetEventHandler ( ) [inline]

Event handler getter.

Returns

Event handler

#### 4.46.3.3 string Model::Event::GetFunctionName ( ) const [inline]

Name getter.

Returns

Name of the function this event is associated to

4.46.3.4 `int Model::Event::GetId ( ) const [inline]`

Globally unique event id getter.

Returns

Event id

4.46.3.5 `InstrPlace Model::Event::GetInstrPlace ( ) const [inline]`

Instruction place getter.

Returns

Either the function entry or exit

4.46.3.6 `int Model::Event::GetNEvents ( ) const [inline]`

Number of Papi metrics getter.

Returns

Number of Papi metrics

4.46.3.7 `int Model::Event::GetNumAttributes ( ) const [inline]`

Number of attributes getter.

Returns

Number of event attributes

4.46.3.8 `int Model::Event::GetNumPapiMetrics ( ) const [inline]`

Number of Papi metrics getter.

Returns

Number of Papi metrics

4.46.3.9 `void Event::SetAttribute ( int nAttrs, Attribute * attrs )`

Attributes setter.

Parameters

<i>nAttrs</i>	Number of attributes
<i>attrs</i>	Collection of attributes to be recorded with this event

4.46.3.10 `void Event::SetEventHandler ( EventHandler & h )`

Installs a callback function that is called each time a record of this event is delivered.

## Parameters

<i>h</i>	<a href="#">Event</a> handler
----------	-------------------------------

4.46.3.11 void Event::SetNEvents ( int *nEvents* )

Attributes setter.

## Parameters

<i>nAttrs</i>	Number of attributes
<i>attrs</i>	Collection of attributes to be recorded with this event

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- Analyzer/AppEvent.h
- Analyzer/AppEvent.cpp

## 4.47 Common::Event Class Reference

Encapsulates information to record an event.

```
#include <Event.h>
```

### Public Member Functions

- [Event](#) (long64\_t timestamp, int eventId, EventPlace &place, int tid, int paramCount, std::string const &machine)  
*Constructor.*
- [~Event](#) ()  
*Destructor.*
- long64\_t [GetTimestamp](#) () const  
*Returns timestamp.*
- int [GetPlace](#) ()  
*Returns place {EventEntry, EventExit}.*
- int [GetEventId](#) () const  
*Returns event id.*
- int [GetTid](#) ()  
*Returns tid attribute.*
- int [GetParamCount](#) ()  
*Returns count of the parameters.*
- std::string const & [GetMachine](#) ()  
*Returns name of the machine.*

### 4.47.1 Detailed Description

Encapsulates information to record an event.

This information will be sent to the [Analyzer](#), who will do the actual recording of the event attributes.

### Version

1.0b

Since

1.0b

Author

Ania Sikora, 2004

### 4.47.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.47.2.1 `Common::Event::Event ( long64_t timestamp, int eventId, EventPlace & place, int tid, int paramCount, std::string const & machine ) [inline]`

Constructor.

Parameters

<i>timestamp</i>	Time stamp when the event was initialized.
<i>eventId</i>	Id of the event.
<i>place</i>	Part on the program where it'll take place. {EventEntry, EventExit}
<i>tid</i>	<a href="#">Task</a> id.
<i>paramCount</i>	Number of parameters.
<i>machine</i>	String representing the machine where the event takes place.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

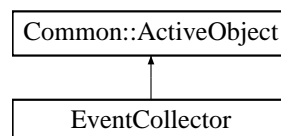
- Common/Event.h

## 4.48 EventCollector Class Reference

Processes the incoming event records from the DMLibs. It is based on an active object (thread) that collects incoming ECP events. It stores a moving window of events incoming from different processes using a pool of buffers. The maximum size of this event window can be configured by the tunlets.

```
#include <EventCollector.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for EventCollector:



### Public Types

- enum { **DefaultPort** }

### Public Member Functions

- [EventCollector](#) (int port=DefaultPort)  
*Constructor, starts an execution thread.*
- [~EventCollector](#) ()  
*Destructor, stops the execution thread.*
- void [SetListener](#) ([EventListener](#) \*listener)

Setter for the listener.

- `EventListener * GetListener ()`

Getter for the listener.

- `bool IsAborted () const`

Determines if the collector is aborted.

## Protected Member Functions

- `void InitThread ()`

Not implemented (here for compatibility reasons).

- `void Run ()`

Runner of the execution thread, handles events until it dies.

- `void FlushThread ()`

Not implemented (here for compatibility reasons).

- `void Fatal ()`

Called when an exception is caught in the execution thread.

## Protected Attributes

- `EventListener * _listener`
- `Reactor _reactor`
- `ECPAcceptor _acceptor`
- `bool _aborted`

### 4.48.1 Detailed Description

Processes the incoming event records from the DMLibs. It is based on an active object (thread) that collects incoming ECP events. It stores a moving window of events incoming from different processes using a pool of buffers. The maximum size of this event window can be configured by the tunlets.

### 4.48.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 4.48.2.1 `EventCollector::EventCollector ( int port = DefaultPort )`

Constructor, starts an execution thread.

Parameters

<i>port</i>	Acceptor port.
-------------	----------------

### 4.48.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 4.48.3.1 `EventListener* EventCollector::GetListener ( ) [inline]`

Getter for the listener.

Returns

Listener of the event collector.

4.48.3.2 `bool EventCollector::IsAborted ( ) const [inline]`

Determines if the collector is aborted.

## Returns

The status of the collector.

4.48.3.3 `void EventCollector::SetListener ( EventListener * listener )`

Setter for the listener.

## Parameters

<i>listener</i>	Listener to be set.
-----------------	---------------------

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- Analyzer/EventCollector.h
- Analyzer/EventCollector.cpp

## 4.49 DMLib::EventCollectorProxy Class Reference

Connects to the analyzer host and sends requests.

```
#include <ECPProxy.h>
```

### Public Member Functions

- [EventCollectorProxy](#) (std::string const &host, int port)  
*Constructor.*
- [~EventCollectorProxy](#) ()  
*Destructor.*
- void [RegisterLib](#) (int pid, int mpiRank, std::string host, std::string taskName, int ACport)  
*Sends a request to the [Analyzer](#) to register a new worker.*
- void [SendEvent](#) (EventMsg const &event)  
*Sends a message to the analyzer.*
- void [UnregisterLibrary](#) (int pid)  
*Sends a request to the [Analyzer](#) to unregister a worker.*

### 4.49.1 Detailed Description

Connects to the analyzer host and sends requests.

## Version

1.0b

## Since

1.0b

**Author**

Ania Sikora, 2002

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- DMLib/ECPPProxy.h
- DMLib/ECPPProxy.cpp

## 4.50 Common::EventDemultiplexer Class Reference

Part of the reactor design pattern, takes requests coming from the reactor and passes them to different handlers.

```
#include <Reactor.h>
```

### Public Member Functions

- [EventDemultiplexer](#) ()  
*Constructor.*
- void [AddHandle](#) (int handle)  
*Adds a new handle.*
- void [RemoveHandle](#) (int handle)  
*Removes selected handle.*
- int [Select](#) ([TimeValue](#) \*timeout=0)  
*Returns the number of socket handles ready or 0 if the time limit expired.*
- bool [IsHandleActivated](#) (int handle) const  
*Returns true if the given handle is activated, false otherwise.*
- int [GetMaxHandle](#) () const  
*Returns value of the max handle.*

### 4.50.1 Detailed Description

Part of the reactor design pattern, takes requests coming from the reactor and passes them to different handlers.

**Version**

1.0

**Since**

1.0

**Author**

Ania Sikora, 2002

### 4.50.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 4.50.2.1 int EventDemultiplexer::Select ( TimeValue \* timeout = 0 )

Returns the number of socket handles ready or 0 if the time limit expired.



## Parameters

<i>timeout</i>	If the parameter is a <a href="#">TimeValue</a> object, it will wait the object value for events. In the event that the value is 0 it will check without blocking. If the parameter is a 0 (not a <a href="#">TimeValue</a> object, default value) it will check and block in a forever loop.
----------------	---

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

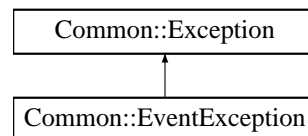
- Common/Reactor.h
- Common/Reactor.cpp

## 4.51 Common::EventException Class Reference

[Event](#), [EventMap](#) and [EventHandler](#) exceptions.

```
#include <EventException.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Common::EventException:



### Public Member Functions

- [EventException](#) (std::string const &msg, std::string const &objName=std::string())  
*Constructor.*
- void [Display](#) (std::ostream &os) const  
*Displays exception message on the given output stream.*
- void [Display](#) () const  
*Displays exception message on the standard error output.*
- std::string [GetReason](#) () const  
*Returns a string containing the error message.*

### Additional Inherited Members

#### 4.51.1 Detailed Description

[Event](#), [EventMap](#) and [EventHandler](#) exceptions.

#### Version

1.0b

#### Since

1.0b

#### Author

Noel De Martin, 2011

## 4.51.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.51.2.1 `Common::EventException::EventException ( std::string const & msg, std::string const & objName = std::string () ) [inline]`

Constructor.

## Parameters

<i>msg</i>	<a href="#">Exception</a> message.
<i>objName</i>	Name of the object causing the exception, "" by default.

## 4.51.3 Member Function Documentation

## 4.51.3.1 void Common::EventException::Display ( std::ostream &amp; os ) const [virtual]

Displays exception message on the given output stream.

## Parameters

<i>os</i>	Output stream to display the message.
-----------	---------------------------------------

Reimplemented from [Common::Exception](#).

## 4.51.3.2 string EventException::GetReason ( ) const

Returns a string containing the error message.

## Returns

String with the error.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

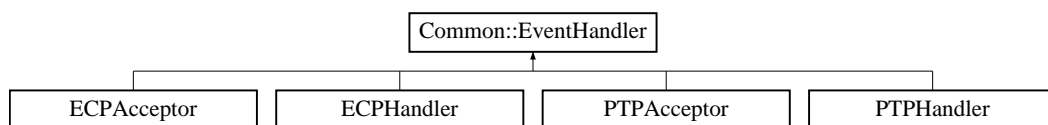
- Common/EventException.h
- Common/EventException.cpp

## 4.52 Common::EventHandler Class Reference

Abstract class, processes the requests sent to the reactor.

```
#include <EventHandler.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Common::EventHandler:



## Public Member Functions

- virtual void [HandleInput](#) ()=0  
*Reads the data from the socket and treats it.*
- virtual int [GetHandle](#) ()=0  
*Returns socket descriptor.*

## 4.52.1 Detailed Description

Abstract class, processes the requests sent to the reactor.

**Version**

1.0b

**Since**

1.0b

**Author**

Ania Sikora, 2002

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

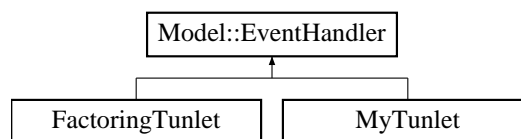
- Common/EventHandler.h

## 4.53 Model::EventHandler Class Reference

Abstract class that holds a method to manage event records.

```
#include <AppEvent.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Model::EventHandler:



### Public Member Functions

- virtual void [HandleEvent](#) ([EventRecord](#) const &r)=0  
*Handles an event record (virtual).*

#### 4.53.1 Detailed Description

Abstract class that holds a method to manage event records.

#### 4.53.2 Member Function Documentation

4.53.2.1 virtual void Model::EventHandler::HandleEvent ( [EventRecord](#) const & *r* ) [pure virtual]

Handles an event record (virtual).

##### Parameters

<i>r</i>	<a href="#">Event</a> record to be handled
----------	--

Implemented in [FactoringTunlet](#), and [MyTunlet](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

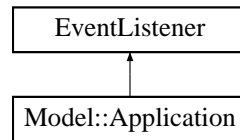
- Analyzer/AppEvent.h

## 4.54 EventListener Class Reference

Provides an interface for event listeners, which consist in methods to respond to events and errors.

```
#include <EventCollector.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for EventListener:



### Public Member Functions

- virtual void [OnEvent](#) ([ECPMessage](#) \*msg)=0  
*Function which is triggered when an event happens.*
- virtual void [OnFatalError](#) ()=0  
*Function which is triggered when a fatal error happens.*

#### 4.54.1 Detailed Description

Provides an interface for event listeners, which consist in methods to respond to events and errors.

#### 4.54.2 Member Function Documentation

4.54.2.1 virtual void EventListener::OnEvent ( [ECPMessage](#) \* *msg* ) [pure virtual]

Function which is triggered when an event happens.

Parameters

<i>msg</i>	Message that contains the event data.
------------	---------------------------------------

Implemented in [Model::Application](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Analyzer/EventCollector.h

## 4.55 Common::EventMap Class Reference

Contains and manages a collection of [Event](#) objects.

```
#include <EventMap.h>
```

### Public Member Functions

- [EventMap](#) ()  
*Constructor.*
- void [Add](#) (std::string const &name, int id)  
*Adds a new event into the map.*
- int [GetId](#) (std::string const &name) const

*Returns id of the given event.*

- int [GetSize](#) () const

*Returns map size.*

### 4.55.1 Detailed Description

Contains and manages a collection of [Event](#) objects.

Version

1.0b

Since

1.0b

Author

Ania Sikora, 2001

### 4.55.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 4.55.2.1 void EventMap::Add ( std::string const & *name*, int *id* )

Adds a new event into the map.

Exceptions

<a href="#">EventException</a>
--------------------------------

#### 4.55.2.2 int EventMap::GetId ( std::string const & *name* ) const

Returns id of the given event.

Exceptions

<a href="#">EventException</a>
--------------------------------

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

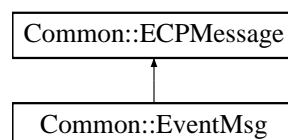
- Common/EventMap.h
- Common/EventMap.cpp

## 4.56 Common::EventMsg Class Reference

Encapsulates a message generated by DMLib to trace events.

```
#include <ECPMsg.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Common::EventMsg:



## Public Member Functions

- [EventMsg](#) ()  
*Constructor.*
- [~EventMsg](#) ()  
*Destructor.*
- void [Reset](#) (long\_t timestamp, int eventId, InstrPlace place, int paramCount)  
*Sets the message to the indicated state.*
- void [SetTid](#) (int tid)  
*Sets the task id.*
- ECPMsgType [GetType](#) () const  
*Returns the type of event.*
- void [SetParams](#) (char const \*buffer, int size)  
*Sets the buffer to be used and indicates its size.*
- void [SetBuffer](#) (char \*buffer)  
*Sets the parameters buffer.*
- int [GetParamBufSize](#) () const  
*Returns buffer size.*
- const char \* [GetParamBuffer](#) () const  
*Returns a pointer to the content of the buffer.*
- long\_t [GetTimestamp](#) () const  
*Returns timestamp.*
- int [GetPlace](#) () const  
*Returns place where the event is located {instrUnknown, ipFuncEntry, ipFuncExit}.*
- int [GetEventId](#) () const  
*Returns event ID.*
- int [GetParamCount](#) () const  
*Returns parameters count.*
- int [GetDataSize](#) () const  
*Returns size of the data serialized.*
- void [Serialize](#) ([Serializer](#) &out) const  
*Serializes the message with the given [Serializer](#).*
- void [DeSerialize](#) ([DeSerializer](#) &in)  
*Deserializes the message with the given [DeSerializer](#).*
- int [GetTid](#) () const  
*Returns the task id.*

## Additional Inherited Members

### 4.56.1 Detailed Description

Encapsulates a message generated by DMLib to trace events.

The message indicates what information should be gathered of certain event, this messages are created with an EventMsgWriter object.

#### Version

1.0b

#### Since

1.0b

**Author**

Ania Sikora, 2002

**4.56.2 Member Function Documentation****4.56.2.1 void EventMsg::Reset ( long\_t *timestamp*, int *eventId*, InstrPlace *place*, int *paramCount* )**

Sets the message to the indicated state.

**Parameters**

<i>timestamp</i>	Timestamp when the event occurs.
<i>eventId</i>	Id of the event.
<i>place</i>	Place where the event is located {instrUnknown, ipFuncEntry, ipFuncExit}.
<i>paramCount</i>	Number of parameters.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- Common/ECPMsg.h
- Common/ECPMsg.cpp

**4.57 EventMsgReader Class Reference**

Provides methods for getting data from event messages. The data structure that supports the class consist in the message to be processed, a buffer to hold the data and a deserializer object to reconstruct the information.

```
#include <EventMsgReader.h>
```

**Public Member Functions**

- [EventMsgReader](#) ([EventMsg](#) const &msg)  
*Constructor.*
- int [GetParamCount](#) () const  
*Getter of ParamCount.*
- AttrValueType [GetAttrType](#) ()  
*getter of AttrType.*
- int [GetIntValue](#) ()  
*Gets an integer from the stream.*
- float [GetFloatValue](#) ()  
*Gets a float from the stream.*
- double [GetDoubleValue](#) ()  
*Gets a double from the stream.*
- char [GetCharValue](#) ()  
*Gets a character from the stream.*
- short [GetShortValue](#) ()  
*Gets a short from the stream.*
- std::string [GetStringValue](#) ()  
*Get a string from the stream.*
- void [DumpValues](#) ()  
*Gets the value of each ECP event parameter. For each parameter checks the type and use the proper getter.*



### 4.57.1 Detailed Description

Provides methods for getting data from event messages. The data structure that supports the class consist in the message to be processed, a buffer to hold the data and a deserializer object to reconstruct the information.

### 4.57.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 4.57.2.1 EventMsgReader::EventMsgReader ( EventMsg const & *msg* ) [inline]

Constructor.

Parameters

<i>msg</i>	input message.
------------	----------------

### 4.57.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 4.57.3.1 AttrValueType EventMsgReader::GetAttrType ( ) [inline]

getter of AttrType.

Returns

Type of the attribute.

#### 4.57.3.2 char EventMsgReader::GetCharValue ( ) [inline]

Gets a character from the stream.

Returns

Character value.

#### 4.57.3.3 double EventMsgReader::GetDoubleValue ( ) [inline]

Gets a double from the stream.

Returns

Double value.

#### 4.57.3.4 float EventMsgReader::GetFloatValue ( ) [inline]

Gets a float from the stream.

Returns

Float value.

#### 4.57.3.5 int EventMsgReader::GetIntValue ( ) [inline]

Gets an integer from the stream.

Returns

Integer value.

#### 4.57.3.6 `int EventMsgReader::GetParamCount ( ) const [inline]`

Getter of ParamCount.

##### Returns

Number of parameters.

#### 4.57.3.7 `short EventMsgReader::GetShortValue ( ) [inline]`

Gets a short from the stream.

##### Returns

Short value.

#### 4.57.3.8 `std::string EventMsgReader::GetStringValue ( ) [inline]`

Get a string from the stream.

##### Returns

String value.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- Analyzer/EventMsgReader.h
- Analyzer/EventMsgReader.cpp

## 4.58 DMLib::EventMsgWriter Class Reference

Creates EventMsg objects.

```
#include <EventMsgWriter.h>
```

### Public Member Functions

- [EventMsgWriter \( \)](#)  
*Constructor.*
- [~EventMsgWriter \( \)](#)  
*Destructor.*
- void [OpenEvent](#) (long\_t timestamp, int eventId, InstrPlace place, int paramCount)  
*Open the event and sets its specifications.*
- void [AddIntParam](#) (int value)  
*Adds an integer parameter to the event.*
- void [AddFloatParam](#) (float value)  
*Adds a float parameter to the event.*
- void [AddDoubleParam](#) (double value)  
*Adds a double parameter to the event.*
- void [AddCharParam](#) (char c)  
*Adds a char parameter to the event.*
- void [AddStringParam](#) (std::string const &s)  
*Adds a string parameter to the event.*
- [EventMsg](#) const & [CloseEvent](#) ()  
*Closes the event and returns the object.*

### 4.58.1 Detailed Description

Creates EventMsg objects.

Loads the specifications of an EventMsg object and prepares it. Once it's been prepared it returns the object using the CloseEvent method.

#### Version

1.0b

#### Since

1.0b

#### Author

Ania Sikora, 2001

### 4.58.2 Member Function Documentation

4.58.2.1 void EventMsgWriter::OpenEvent ( long\_t *timestamp*, int *eventId*, InstrPlace *place*, int *paramCount* )

Open the event and sets its specifications.

#### Parameters

<i>timestamp</i>	Timestamp when the event occurs.
<i>eventId</i>	Id of the event.
<i>place</i>	Place where the event is located {instrUnknown, ipFuncEntry, ipFuncExit}.
<i>paramCount</i>	Number of parameters.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- DMLib/EventMsgWriter.h
- DMLib/EventMsgWriter.cpp

## 4.59 Model::EventRecord Class Reference

Particular instance of the event abstraction. Holds information about the kind of event, the task that produced, the message sent and the values it contained. On the one hand it provides methods to get/set the information above, on the other hand, it provides methods to parse messages and get the information that they contain.

```
#include <AppEvent.h>
```

### Public Member Functions

- int [GetEventId](#) () const  
*Id getter.*
- [Event](#) const & [GetEvent](#) () const  
*Associated event getter.*
- long\_t [GetTimestamp](#) () const  
*Time stamp getter.*
- [Task](#) & [GetTask](#) () const  
*Task getter.*
- [AttributeValue](#) \* [GetAttributeValues](#) () const

*Values getter.*

- [AttributeValue](#) const & [GetAttributeValue](#) (int index) const

*Gets the i-th attribute from the list of values.*

## Protected Member Functions

- [EventRecord](#) ([Event](#) const &e, [Task](#) &t, [EventMsg](#) const &msg)

*Constructor.*

- void [ParseAttrs](#) ([EventMsg](#) const &msg)

*Reads from the message and sets the value of the attributes depending on their type.*

## Friends

- class **Task**

### 4.59.1 Detailed Description

Particular instance of the event abstraction. Holds information about the kind of event, the task that produced, the message sent and the values it contained. On the one hand it provides methods to get/set the information above, on the other hand, it provides methods to parse messages and get the information that they contain.

### 4.59.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.59.2.1 [EventRecord::EventRecord](#) ( [Event](#) const &e, [Task](#) &t, [EventMsg](#) const &msg ) [protected]

Constructor.

Parameters

<i>e</i>	<a href="#">Event</a> object this record is associated to
<i>t</i>	<a href="#">Task</a> object which produces the event
<i>msg</i>	Message produced by the event

### 4.59.3 Member Function Documentation

4.59.3.1 [AttributeValue](#) const& [Model::EventRecord::GetAttributeValue](#) ( int *index* ) const [inline]

Gets the i-th attribute from the list of values.

Parameters

<i>index</i>	Position of the attribute from which we want the value
--------------	--

Returns

The recorded value for the i-th attribute

4.59.3.2 [AttributeValue\\*](#) [Model::EventRecord::GetAttributeValues](#) ( ) const [inline]

Values getter.

Returns

A collection of recorded attribute values

4.59.3.3 **Event** const& Model::EventRecord::GetEvent ( ) const [inline]

Associated event getter.

Returns

[Event](#) object this record is associated to

4.59.3.4 int Model::EventRecord::GetEventId ( ) const [inline]

Id getter.

Returns

Globally unique event id

4.59.3.5 **Task**& Model::EventRecord::GetTask ( ) const [inline]

[Task](#) getter.

Returns

The task that generated this event

4.59.3.6 long\_t Model::EventRecord::GetTimestamp ( ) const [inline]

Time stamp getter.

Returns

Time stamp that indicates when the event happened

4.59.3.7 void EventRecord::ParseAttrs ( Common::EventMsg const & msg ) [protected]

Reads from the message and sets the value of the attributes depending on their type.

Parameters

<i>msg</i>	Reference to the msg to be read.
------------	----------------------------------

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- Analyzer/AppEvent.h
- Analyzer/AppEvent.cpp

## 4.60 Model::Events Class Reference

Encapsulates information to create and manage events lists. Uses a data structure based on a vector to keep data and a map to retrieve it. Provides methods to add, remove and find elements in the list.

```
#include <AppEvent.h>
```

## Public Member Functions

- [Events](#) ()  
*Constructor.*
- void [Add](#) ([Event](#) const &e)  
*Maps and adds an event to the events list.*
- bool [Remove](#) (int eventId, InstrPlace place)  
*Removes an event from the events list.*
- [Event](#) \* [Find](#) (int eventId, InstrPlace place)  
*Searches for an event in the event list.*
- int [Size](#) () const  
*Size getter.*

### 4.60.1 Detailed Description

Encapsulates information to create and manage events lists. Uses a data structure based on a vector to keep data and a map to retrieve it. Provides methods to add, remove and find elements in the list.

### 4.60.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 4.60.2.1 void Events::Add ( [Event](#) const & e )

Maps and adds an event to the events list.

##### Parameters

<i>e</i>	The event to be added
----------	-----------------------

#### 4.60.2.2 [Event](#) \* Events::Find ( int *eventId*, InstrPlace *place* )

Searches for an event in the event list.

##### Parameters

<i>eventId</i>	Unique Id of the event.
<i>place</i>	Instruction where the event is placed

##### Returns

A reference to the found event or NULL if not found

#### 4.60.2.3 bool Events::Remove ( int *eventId*, InstrPlace *place* )

Removes an event from the events list.

##### Parameters

<i>eventId</i>	Unique Id of the event
<i>place</i>	Instruction where the event is placed

##### Returns

True if found & removed, false otherwise

## 4.60.2.4 int Events::Size ( ) const

Size getter.

## Returns

Number of events

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

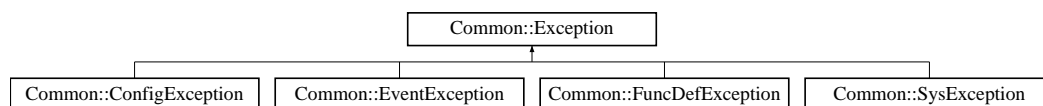
- Analyzer/AppEvent.h
- Analyzer/AppEvent.cpp

## 4.61 Common::Exception Class Reference

Abstract class, stores information of errors on determined situations.

```
#include <Exception.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Common::Exception:



### Public Member Functions

- [Exception](#) (std::string const &msg, std::string const &objName=std::string(), long err=0)  
*Constructor.*
- [Exception](#) ()  
*Constructor.*
- virtual [~Exception](#) ()  
*Destructor.*
- long [GetError](#) () const  
*Returns error code.*
- std::string const & [GetErrorMessage](#) () const  
*Returns error message.*
- std::string const & [GetObjectName](#) () const  
*Returns the name of the object.*
- virtual void [Display](#) () const  
*Displays exception message on the standard error output.*
- virtual void [Display](#) (std::ostream &os) const  
*Displays exception message on the given output stream.*

### Protected Attributes

- long **\_err**
- std::string **\_msg**
- std::string **\_objName**

### 4.61.1 Detailed Description

Abstract class, stores information of errors on determined situations.

#### Version

1.0b

#### Since

1.0b

#### Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

### 4.61.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

**4.61.2.1** `Common::Exception::Exception ( std::string const & msg, std::string const & objName = std::string (), long err = 0 ) [inline]`

Constructor.

#### Parameters

<i>msg</i>	<a href="#">Exception</a> message.
<i>objName</i>	Name of the object causing the exception, "" by default.

### 4.61.3 Member Function Documentation

**4.61.3.1** `virtual void Common::Exception::Display ( std::ostream & os ) const [virtual]`

Displays exception message on the given output stream.

#### Parameters

<i>os</i>	Output stream to display the message.
-----------	---------------------------------------

Reimplemented in [Common::SysException](#), [Common::EventException](#), [Common::ConfigException](#), and [Common::FuncDefException](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- Common/Exception.h
- Common/Exception.cpp

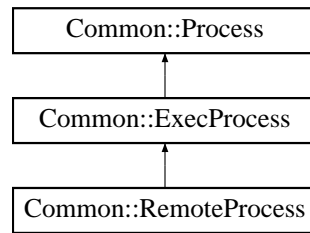
## 4.62 Common::ExecProcess Class Reference

Executes a program as a child of the current process.

```
#include <Process.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Common::ExecProcess:





## Public Types

- enum **Status** {  
**stOutReady**, **stOutEof**, **stErrReady**, **stErrEof**,  
**stTimeout** }

## Public Member Functions

- [ExecProcess](#) (std::string const &programPath, char \*const argv[])  
*Constructor.*
- void [Start](#) ()  
*Executes the program.*
- Status [WaitForEvent](#) (char \*buffer, int bufSize, int &bytesRead, [TimeValue](#) \*timeout=0)  
*Waits until an event is placed on any of the outputs of the process or the time limit is reached.*

## Protected Member Functions

- [ExecProcess](#) ()  
*Constructor.*
- int [Run](#) ()  
*Executes de process.*

## Additional Inherited Members

### 4.62.1 Detailed Description

Executes a program as a child of the current process.

#### Version

1.0b

#### Since

1.0b

#### Author

Ania Sikora, 2001

## 4.62.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### 4.62.2.1 Common::ExecProcess::ExecProcess ( std::string const & *programPath*, char \*const *argv*[] ) [inline]

Constructor.

Example usage:

```
char * argv [] = { "/usr/bin/vi", "param1", "param2", 0 };
ExecProcess p ("/usr/bin/vi", argv);
```

Notes:

- first element of argv must be program path
- last element of argv table must be 0

Parameters

<i>programPath</i>	Path of the program to execute.
<i>argv</i>	Arguments to pass to the execution of the program.

## 4.62.3 Member Function Documentation

### 4.62.3.1 void ExecProcess::Start ( ) [virtual]

Executes the program.

The standard outputs and inputs of the program will be redirected to internal pipes, to be handled on the [WaitForEvent\(\)](#) method.

Reimplemented from [Common::Process](#).

### 4.62.3.2 ExecProcess::Status ExecProcess::WaitForEvent ( char \* *buffer*, int *bufSize*, int & *bytesRead*, TimeValue \* *timeout* = 0 )

Waits until an event is placed on any of the outputs of the process or the time limit is reached.

If any event was sent by the process, it is placed on the buffer.

Returns

Information about how the function ended and what was placed on the buffer.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

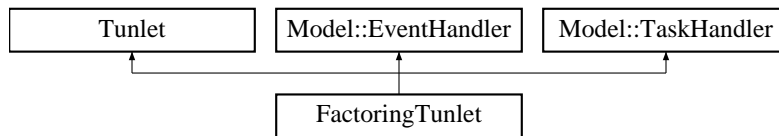
- Common/Process.h
- Common/Process.cpp

## 4.63 FactoringTunlet Class Reference

Factoring optimization tunlet for m/w apps.

```
#include <FactoringTunlet_nw.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for FactoringTunlet:



## Public Member Functions

- [FactoringTunlet](#) ()  
*Constructor.*
- [~FactoringTunlet](#) ()  
*Destructor.*
- void [Initialize](#) (Model::Application &app)
- void [BeforeAppStart](#) ()  
*Asserts that `_app != 0` and sets the task handler of the app to the current one.*
- void [Destroy](#) ()  
*Sets `_app = 0`.*
- void [HandleEvent](#) (Model::EventRecord const &r)  
*Handles all incoming events.*
- void [TaskStarted](#) (Model::Task &t)  
*Increments the number of workers by 1 and inserts an event to the worker.*
- void [TaskTerminated](#) (Model::Task &t)  
*Decrements the number of workers by 1.*
- void [CreateEvent](#) ()  
*Creates events by using the configuration specified in the file `tunlet.ini`.*
- void [CreateEvent](#) (Model::Task &t)  
*Creates events by using the configuration specified in the file `tunlet.ini` and a given task.*

### 4.63.1 Detailed Description

Factoring optimization tunlet for m/w apps.

### 4.63.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 4.63.2.1 void FactoringTunlet::CreateEvent ( Model::Task & t )

Creates events by using the configuration specified in the file `tunlet.ini` and a given task.

Parameters

<i>t</i>	<a href="#">Task</a>
----------	----------------------

#### 4.63.2.2 void FactoringTunlet::HandleEvent ( Model::EventRecord const & r ) [virtual]

Handles all incoming events.

Parameters

<i>r</i>	EventRecord where its ID can be found
----------	---------------------------------------

Implements [Model::EventHandler](#).

4.63.2.3 void FactoringTunlet::Initialize ( [Model::Application & app](#) ) [virtual]

Parameters

<i>app</i>	
------------	--

Implements [Tunlet](#).

4.63.2.4 void FactoringTunlet::TaskStarted ( [Model::Task & t](#) ) [virtual]

Increments the number of workers by 1 and inserts an event to the worker.

Parameters

<i>t</i>	<a href="#">Task</a>
----------	----------------------

Implements [Model::TaskHandler](#).

4.63.2.5 void FactoringTunlet::TaskTerminated ( [Model::Task & t](#) ) [virtual]

Decrements the number of workers by 1.

Parameters

<i>t</i>	<a href="#">Task</a>
----------	----------------------

Implements [Model::TaskHandler](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

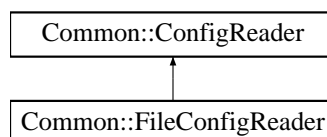
- Analyzer/FactoringTunlet\_nw.h
- Analyzer/FactoringTunlet\_nw-XFire.cpp
- Analyzer/FactoringTunlet\_nw.cpp

## 4.64 Common::FileConfigReader Class Reference

Parses the content of a file into a [Config](#) object.

```
#include <ConfigReader.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Common::FileConfigReader:



### Public Member Functions

- [FileConfigReader](#) (std::string const &fileName)  
*Constructor.*
- [Config Read](#) ()

Parses the configuration of the file into a [Config](#) object.

## Additional Inherited Members

### 4.64.1 Detailed Description

Parses the content of a file into a [Config](#) object.

Extends [ConfigReader](#)

#### Version

1.0b

#### Since

1.0b

#### Author

Noel De Martin, 2011

### 4.64.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 4.64.2.1 Common::FileConfigReader::FileConfigReader ( std::string const & *fileName* ) [inline]

Constructor.

#### Parameters

<i>fileName</i>	Path of the file to read.
-----------------	---------------------------

#### Exceptions

<a href="#">ConfigException</a>	
---------------------------------	--

### 4.64.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 4.64.3.1 Config FileConfigReader::Read ( ) [virtual]

Parses the configuration of the file into a [Config](#) object.

#### Exceptions

<a href="#">ConfigException</a>	
---------------------------------	--

Implements [Common::ConfigReader](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

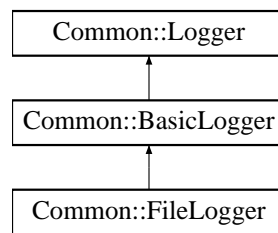
- Common/ConfigReader.h
- Common/ConfigReader.cpp

## 4.65 Common::FileLogger Class Reference

Stores information of interest into a file.

```
#include <Syslog.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Common::FileLogger:



## Public Member Functions

- [FileLogger](#) (std::string const &filepath, bool append=false)  
*Constructor.*
- [~FileLogger](#) ()  
*Destructor.*
- void [Log](#) ([LogEntry](#) const &entry)  
*Inserts a new entry to the log.*

## Additional Inherited Members

### 4.65.1 Detailed Description

Stores information of interest into a file.

#### Version

1.0b

#### Since

1.0b

#### Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

### 4.65.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 4.65.2.1 FileLogger::FileLogger ( std::string const & filepath, bool append = false )

Constructor.

#### Parameters

<i>filepath</i>	Path of the file where the log will be stored. append Flag that determines if the file will be overwritten or the logs will be appended, default false.
-----------------	---

#### Exceptions

<a href="#">SysException</a>
------------------------------

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- Common/Syslog.h
- Common/Syslog.cpp

## 4.66 Common::FuncDef Class Reference

Represents definition of the function to be traced.

```
#include <FuncDefs.h>
```

### Public Member Functions

- [FuncDef](#) (std::string const &name, std::string const &paramFormat, int paramCount, int funcId)  
*Constructor.*
- std::string const & [GetName](#) () const  
*Returns name of the function.*
- std::string const & [GetParamFormat](#) () const  
*Returns format of the parameters.*
- int [GetParamCount](#) () const  
*Returns number of parameters used by the function.*
- int [GetFuncId](#) () const  
*Returns Id of the function.*

### 4.66.1 Detailed Description

Represents definition of the function to be traced.

Version

1.0b

Since

1.0b

Author

Ania Sikora, 2003

### 4.66.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.66.2.1 **Common::FuncDef::FuncDef** ( std::string const & *name*, std::string const & *paramFormat*, int *paramCount*, int *funcId* ) `[inline]`

Constructor.

## Parameters

<i>name</i>	Name of the function
<i>paramFormat</i>	String denoting types of the parameters. S: String, I: Integer, P: Pointer.
<i>paramCount</i>	Number of parameters.
<i>funcId</i>	Function Id.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

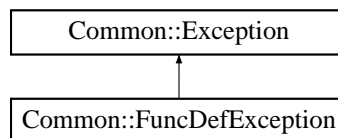
- Common/FuncDefs.h

## 4.67 Common::FuncDefException Class Reference

[FuncDef](#) exceptions.

```
#include <FuncDefException.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Common::FuncDefException:



### Public Member Functions

- [FuncDefException](#) (std::string const &msg, std::string const &objName=std::string())  
*Constructor.*
- void [Display](#) (std::ostream &os) const  
*Displays exception message on the given output stream.*
- void [Display](#) () const  
*Displays exception message on the standard error output.*
- std::string [GetReason](#) () const  
*Returns a string containing the error message.*

### Additional Inherited Members

#### 4.67.1 Detailed Description

[FuncDef](#) exceptions.

#### Version

1.0b

#### Since

1.0b

#### Author

Noel De Martin, 2011



## 4.67.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.67.2.1 Common::FuncDefException::FuncDefException ( std::string const & *msg*, std::string const & *objName* = std::string () ) [inline]

Constructor.

## Parameters

<i>msg</i>	<a href="#">Exception</a> message.
<i>objName</i>	Name of the object causing the exception, "" by default.

### 4.67.3 Member Function Documentation

4.67.3.1 `void FuncDefException::Display ( std::ostream & os ) const` `[virtual]`

Displays exception message on the given output stream.

## Parameters

<i>os</i>	Output stream to display the message.
-----------	---------------------------------------

Reimplemented from [Common::Exception](#).

4.67.3.2 `string FuncDefException::GetReason ( ) const`

Returns a string containing the error message.

## Returns

String with the error.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- Common/FuncDefException.h
- Common/FuncDefException.cpp

## 4.68 Common::FuncDefs Class Reference

Creates and stores objects of the [FuncDef](#) class.

```
#include <FuncDefs.h>
```

## Public Member Functions

- [FuncDefs](#) ()  
*Constructor.*
- void [Add](#) (std::string const &funcName, std::string const &paramFormat, int paramCount, int funcId)  
*Adds a [FuncDef](#) object.*
- [FuncDef](#) const & [Find](#) (std::string const &name)  
*Returns a [FuncDef](#) object with the given name.*
- int [GetSize](#) () const  
*Returns number of [FuncDef](#) objects stored.*

### 4.68.1 Detailed Description

Creates and stores objects of the [FuncDef](#) class.

## Version

1.0b

Since

1.0b

Author

Ania Sikora, 2003

## 4.68.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### 4.68.2.1 FuncDefs::FuncDefs ( )

Constructor.

Exceptions

<a href="#">FuncDefException</a>	
----------------------------------	--

## 4.68.3 Member Function Documentation

### 4.68.3.1 void FuncDefs::Add ( std::string const & *funcName*, std::string const & *paramFormat*, int *paramCount*, int *funcId* )

Adds a [FuncDef](#) object.

Uses the default constructor of [FuncDef](#) with the given parameters.

Exceptions

<a href="#">FuncDefException</a>	
----------------------------------	--

### 4.68.3.2 FuncDef const & FuncDefs::Find ( std::string const & *name* )

Returns a [FuncDef](#) object with the given name.

Exceptions

<a href="#">FuncDefException</a>	
----------------------------------	--

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

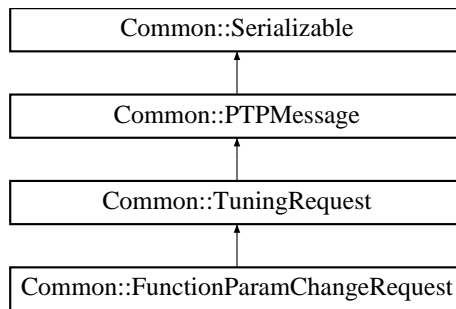
- Common/FuncDefs.h
- Common/FuncDefs.cpp

## 4.69 Common::FunctionParamChangeRequest Class Reference

Encapsulates a tuning request to set the value of an input parameter of a given function in a given application process.

```
#include <PTPMsg.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Common::FunctionParamChangeRequest:



## Public Member Functions

- [FunctionParamChangeRequest](#) (int pid=0, std::string const &funcName=std::string(), int paramIdx=0, int newValue=0, int \*requiredOldValue=0, [Breakpoint](#) \*brkpt=0)  
*Constructor.*
- PTPMsgType [GetType](#) () const  
*Returns type of message (PTPFuncParamChange).*
- std::string const & [GetFuncName](#) () const  
*Returns name of the function.*
- int [GetParamIdx](#) () const  
*Returns index of the parameter to change on the attributes array.*
- int [GetNewValue](#) () const  
*Returns the new value to replace on the function call.*
- int const \* [GetReqOldValue](#) () const  
*Returns the value the parameter should have for the tuning to be performed.*
- void [Serialize](#) ([Serializer](#) &out) const  
*Sends the message.*
- void [DeSerialize](#) ([DeSerializer](#) &in)  
*Receives the message.*

## Additional Inherited Members

### 4.69.1 Detailed Description

Encapsulates a tuning request to set the value of an input parameter of a given function in a given application process.

This parameter value is modified before the function body is invoked. It's also possible to change the parameter value under condition, namely if the parameter has a value equal to requiredOldValue, only then its value is changed to a new one. If the requiredOldValue is zero, then the value of the parameter is changed unconditionally.

#### Version

1.0b

#### Since

1.0b

#### Author

Ania Sikora, 2003

## 4.69.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.69.2.1 **Common::FunctionParamChangeRequest::FunctionParamChangeRequest** ( int *pid* = 0, std::string const & *funcName* = std::string(), int *paramIdx* = 0, int *newValue* = 0, int \* *requiredOldValue* = 0, Breakpoint \* *brkpt* = 0 )  
[inline]

Constructor.

## Parameters

<i>pid</i>	Id of the process where the parameter will be changed, default 0.
<i>funcName</i>	Name of the function call to modify, default "".
<i>paramIdx</i>	Parameter index inside the attributes array, default 0.
<i>newValue</i>	New Value to set, default 0.
<i>requiredOld-Value</i>	Current value the parameter should have to perform the tuning. If the value doesn't match this one, the tuning won't be performed. If this value is 0, the tuning will be performed without checking the old value, default 0.
<i>brkpt</i>	Used for synchronization purposes, the actual tuning will be executed when the execution reaches the breakpoint, default 0.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- Common/PTPMsg.h
- Common/PTPMsg.cpp

## 4.70 Common::HandlerMap Class Reference

Contains and manages a collection of [EventHandler](#) objects.

```
#include <Reactor.h>
```

### Public Member Functions

- [HandlerMap](#) ()  
*Constructor.*
- void [Add](#) (int handle, [EventHandler](#) \*handler)  
*Adds the handler to the map.*
- [EventHandler](#) \* [Get](#) (int handle)  
*Returns the [EventHandler](#) object stored with the given handle.*
- int [GetSize](#) () const  
*Returns map size.*

### 4.70.1 Detailed Description

Contains and manages a collection of [EventHandler](#) objects.

#### Version

1.0b

#### Since

1.0b

#### Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- Common/Reactor.h
- Common/Reactor.cpp

## 4.71 Model::Host Class Reference

Encapsulates host information. Basically consists in a string with the name of the host and a method to access it.

```
#include <Host.h>
```

### Public Member Functions

- string [GetName](#) () const

### Protected Member Functions

- [Host](#) (string const &name)  
*Constructor.*

### Friends

- class **Application**

#### 4.71.1 Detailed Description

Encapsulates host information. Basically consists in a string with the name of the host and a method to access it.

#### 4.71.2 Member Function Documentation

4.71.2.1 string Model::Host::GetName ( ) const `[inline]`

##### Returns

Name of the host

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Analyzer/Host.h

## 4.72 Model::HostHandler Class Reference

Provides mechanisms to handle the addition and removing of hosts.

```
#include <Host.h>
```

### Public Member Functions

- virtual void [HostAdded](#) ([Host](#) &h)=0  
*Called when a new host is added to the virtual machine.*
- virtual void [HostRemoved](#) ([Host](#) &h)=0  
*Called when a host is removed from the virtual machine.*

#### 4.72.1 Detailed Description

Provides mechanisms to handle the addition and removing of hosts.

## 4.72.2 Member Function Documentation

### 4.72.2.1 virtual void Model::HostHandler::HostAdded ( Host & h ) [pure virtual]

Called when a new host is added to the virtual machine.

Parameters

<i>h</i>	Added host.
----------	-------------

### 4.72.2.2 virtual void Model::HostHandler::HostRemoved ( Host & h ) [pure virtual]

Called when a host is removed from the virtual machine.

Parameters

<i>h</i>	Removed host.
----------	---------------

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

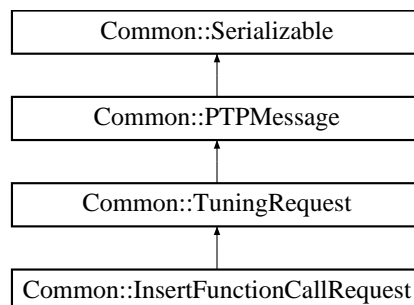
- Analyzer/Host.h

## 4.73 Common::InsertFunctionCallRequest Class Reference

Encapsulates a tuning request to insert a new function invocation code with a specified attributes at a given location in an application process.

```
#include <PTPMsg.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Common::InsertFunctionCallRequest:



## Public Member Functions

- [InsertFunctionCallRequest](#) (int pid=0, std::string const &funcName=std::string(), int nAttrs=0, [Attribute](#) \*attrs=0, std::string const &destFunc=std::string(), InstrPlace place=ipFuncEntry, [Breakpoint](#) \*brkpt=0)  
*Constructor.*
- [~InsertFunctionCallRequest](#) ()  
*Destructor.*
- PTPMsgType [GetType](#) () const  
*Returns type of message (PTPInsertFuncCall).*
- std::string const & [GetFuncName](#) () const  
*Returns name of the function to add.*
- int [GetAttrCount](#) () const  
*Returns number of attributes the function has.*



- `Attribute * GetAttributes () const`  
*Returns array of attributes.*
- `std::string const & GetDestFunc () const`  
*Returns name of the function where the call will be added.*
- `InstrPlace GetInstrPlace () const`  
*Returns the place where the call will be added.*
- `void Serialize (Serializer &out) const`  
*Sends the message.*
- `void DeSerialize (DeSerializer &in)`  
*Receives the message.*

## Additional Inherited Members

### 4.73.1 Detailed Description

Encapsulates a tuning request to insert a new function invocation code with a specified attributes at a given location in an application process.

#### Version

1.0b

#### Since

1.0b

#### Author

Ania Sikora, 2003

### 4.73.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

**4.73.2.1** `Common::InsertFunctionCallRequest::InsertFunctionCallRequest ( int pid = 0, std::string const & funcName = std::string(), int nAttrs = 0, Attribute * attrs = 0, std::string const & destFunc = std::string(), InstrPlace place = ipFuncEntry, Breakpoint * brkpt = 0 ) [inline]`

Constructor.

#### Parameters

<i>pid</i>	Id of the process where the call will be inserted, default 0.
<i>funcName</i>	Name of the function to call, default "".
<i>nAttrs</i>	Number of attributes the function has, default 0.
<i>attrs</i>	<a href="#">Attribute</a> array, default 0.
<i>destFunc</i>	Function where the call will be inserted, default "".
<i>place</i>	Place where the call will be added, default ipFuncEntry.
<i>brkpt</i>	Used for synchronization purposes, the actual tuning will be executed when the execution reaches the breakpoint, default 0.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- Common/PTPMsg.h
- Common/PTPMsg.cpp

## 4.74 InstrGroup Class Reference

Contains a group of snippets to be inserted in a function.

```
#include <InstrSet.h>
```

### Public Types

- typedef vector< [SnippetHandler](#) \* >  
::iterator **Iterator**

### Public Member Functions

- [InstrGroup](#) (int eventId, std::string const &funcName)  
*Constructor.*
- [~InstrGroup](#) ()  
*Destructor.*
- int [GetEventId](#) () const  
*Getter for the variable \_eventId.*
- int [GetSize](#) () const  
*Getter of the size of \_vector.*
- bool [IsEmpty](#) () const  
*Checks if \_vector is empty.*
- std::string const & [GetFuncName](#) () const  
*Getter of the name of the function.*
- void [AddHandler](#) (InstrPlace place, BPatchSnippetHandle \*handle)  
*Add the handler passed as a parameter to the \_vector.*
- void [RemoveHandler](#) (InstrPlace place)  
*Eliminates the handlers from the vector to be inserted in the place passed as a parameter.*
- Iterator [begin](#) ()  
*Getter for an iterator pointing to the first element in the [InstrGroup](#).*
- Iterator [end](#) ()  
*Getter for an iterator pointing to the last instruction (handler) on the group.*

### 4.74.1 Detailed Description

Contains a group of snippets to be inserted in a function.

Version

1.0

Since

1.0

Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

### 4.74.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 4.74.2.1 void InstrGroup::AddHandler ( InstrPlace *place*, BPatchSnippetHandle \* *handle* )

Add the handler passed as a parameter to the \_vector.

## Parameters

<i>place</i>	Object that represents the place in the program in which the snippet will be inserted.
<i>handle</i>	Object of the class BPatchSnippetHandle that handles a Dyninst snippet.

## 4.74.2.2 Iterator InstrGroup::begin ( ) [inline]

Getter for an iterator pointing to the first element in the [InstrGroup](#).

## Returns

Iterator for the variable `_vector` that points to its beginning.

## 4.74.2.3 Iterator InstrGroup::end ( ) [inline]

Getter for an iterator pointing to the last instruction (handler) on the group.

## Returns

Iterator for the variable `_vector` that points to its final element.

## 4.74.2.4 int InstrGroup::GetEventId ( ) const [inline]

Getter for the variable `_eventId`.

## Returns

Id of the event.

## 4.74.2.5 std::string const&amp; InstrGroup::GetFuncName ( ) const [inline]

Getter of the name of the function.

## Returns

String that contains the name of the function.

## 4.74.2.6 int InstrGroup::GetSize ( ) const [inline]

Getter of the size of `_vector`.

## Returns

Size of the vector `_vector`.

## 4.74.2.7 bool InstrGroup::IsEmpty ( ) const [inline]

Checks if `_vector` is empty.

## Returns

0 if not empty, 1 if empty.

#### 4.74.2.8 void InstrGroup::RemoveHandler ( InstrPlace *place* )

Eliminates the handlers from the vector to be inserted in the place passed as a parameter.

## Parameters

<i>place</i>	Object that represents the place in the program in which the snippet will be inserted.
--------------	--

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- AC/InstrSet.h
- AC/InstrSet.cpp

## 4.75 Common::ConfigMap::Iterator Class Reference

Iterates over a [ConfigMap](#) object.

```
#include <ConfigMap.h>
```

### Public Member Functions

- [Iterator](#) ([ConfigMap](#) const &map)  
*Constructor.*
- bool [AtEnd](#) () const  
*Indicates whether the iterator is pointing to the end of the map or not.*
- void [Next](#) ()  
*The pointer increases a position on the map.*
- std::string [GetSection](#) () const  
*Returns section of the current position.*
- std::string [GetKey](#) () const  
*Returns key of the current position.*
- std::string const & [GetValue](#) () const  
*Returns value of the current position.*

### 4.75.1 Detailed Description

Iterates over a [ConfigMap](#) object.

#### Version

1.0b

#### Since

1.0b

#### Author

Ania Sikora, 2000

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- Common/ConfigMap.h
- Common/ConfigMap.cpp

## 4.76 IterData Class Reference

Statistics for a single iteration.

```
#include <FactoringStats_nw.h>
```

### Public Member Functions

- [IterData](#) (int iterIdx)  
*Constructor.*
- [~IterData](#) ()  
*Destructor.*
- void [OnIterStart](#) (long\_t time, int numTuples, int sizeBytes, int nw)  
*Sets the flag of the iteration started to 1, the iteration starting time to time, the number of tasks as numTuples, the number of workers to nw and the size in Bytes to sizeBytes.*
- void [OnIterEnd](#) (long\_t time)  
*Sets the flag of the finishing iteration to 1 and makes sure that the final time stated in time is greater than the starting one. Finally, it computes the iteration's elapsed time.*
- void [OnNewBatch](#) ()  
*Increments the number of batches by 1.*
- [BatchData](#) & [GetBatchData](#) (int IdxBatch)  
*Gets the data in a batch by specifying the batch ID. If it's the last node from the iterator, adds a new [BatchData](#) object and returns it.*
- bool [IsComplete](#) () const  
*Checks if the current iteration has a start and an end and whether all batches are complete.*
- bool [AreBatchesComplete](#) () const  
*Checks if all batches are complete.*
- int [GetTupleSizeInBytes](#) () const  
*Getter of the tuple size in bytes.*
- [BatchData](#) \*\* [AllocBatchesArray](#) ()  
*Allocates a new batch data for each element in the array\_mapB.*
- int [GetNumWorkers](#) ()  
*Getter of the number of workers.*
- int [GetTotalTasks](#) () const  
*Getter of the number of tasks.*
- int [GetNumBatches](#) () const  
*Getter of the number of batches.*

### 4.76.1 Detailed Description

Statistics for a single iteration.

### 4.76.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 4.76.2.1 IterData::IterData ( int iterIdx )

Constructor.

## Parameters

<i>iterIdx</i>	ID of the iterator
----------------	--------------------

### 4.76.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 4.76.3.1 `BatchData** IterData::AllocBatchesArray ( )`

Allocates a new batch data for each element in the array `_mapB`.

## Returns

Array with all batches allocated

#### 4.76.3.2 `bool IterData::AreBatchesComplete ( ) const`

Checks if all batches are complete.

## Returns

True if all batches are complete and False if not.

#### 4.76.3.3 `BatchData & IterData::GetBatchData ( int IdxBatch )`

Gets the data in a batch by specifying the batch ID. If it's the last node from the iterator, adds a new [BatchData](#) object and returns it.

## Parameters

<i>IdxBatch</i>	
-----------------	--

## Returns

Data of the batch in a [BatchData](#) object

#### 4.76.3.4 `int IterData::GetNumBatches ( ) const` `[inline]`

Getter of the number of batches.

## Returns

`_nbatches`

#### 4.76.3.5 `int IterData::GetNumWorkers ( )` `[inline]`

Getter of the number of workers.

## Returns

`_numWorkers`

#### 4.76.3.6 `int IterData::GetTotalTasks ( ) const [inline]`

Getter of the number of tasks.

Returns

`_numTasks`

#### 4.76.3.7 `int IterData::GetTupleSizeInBytes ( ) const [inline]`

Getter of the tuple size in bytes.

Returns

`_sizeBytes`

#### 4.76.3.8 `bool IterData::IsComplete ( ) const [inline]`

Checks if the current iteration has a start and an end and whether all batches are complete.

Returns

True if the current iteration is complete or False if not

#### 4.76.3.9 `void IterData::OnIterEnd ( long_t time )`

Sets the flag of the finishing iteration to 1 and makes sure that the final time stated in *time* is greater than the starting one. Finally, it computes the iteration's elapsed time.

Parameters

<i>time</i>	Ending time of the iteration.
-------------	-------------------------------

#### 4.76.3.10 `void IterData::OnIterStart ( long_t time, int numTuples, int sizeBytes, int nw )`

Sets the flag of the iteration started to 1, the iteration starting time to *time*, the number of tasks as *numTuples*, the number of workers to *nw* and the size in Bytes to *sizeBytes*.

Parameters

<i>time</i>	Starting time of the iteration in milliseconds
<i>numTuples</i>	Number of tasks
<i>sizeBytes</i>	<a href="#">Task</a> size in Bytes
<i>nw</i>	Number of workers

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- Analyzer/FactoringStats\_nw.h
- Analyzer/FactoringStats\_nw.cpp

## 4.77 Common::Config::KeyIterator Class Reference

Iterates over the keys of a [Config](#) object.

```
#include <Config.h>
```



## Public Member Functions

- [KeyIterator](#) ([Config](#) const &config, std::string const &section)  
*Constructor.*
- bool [AtEnd](#) () const  
*Indicates whether the iterator is pointing to the end of the map or not.*
- void [Next](#) ()  
*The pointer increases a position on the config.*
- std::string [GetKey](#) () const  
*Returns key of the current position.*
- std::string const & [GetValue](#) () const  
*Returns value of the current position.*
- int [GetIntValue](#) () const  
*Returns integer value of the current position.*

### 4.77.1 Detailed Description

Iterates over the keys of a [Config](#) object.

#### Version

1.0b

#### Since

1.0b

#### Author

Ania Sikora, 2000

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

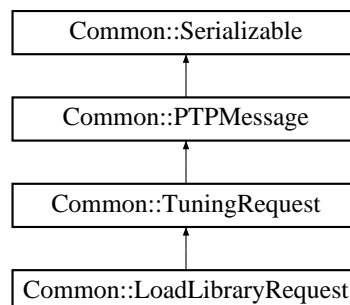
- Common/Config.h
- Common/Config.cpp

## 4.78 Common::LoadLibraryRequest Class Reference

Encapsulates a tuning request to load the specified shared library to a given application process.

```
#include <PTPMsg.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Common::LoadLibraryRequest:



## Public Member Functions

- **\_libPath** (libPath)
- PTPMsgType **GetType** () const  
*Returns type of message (PTPLoadLibrary).*
- std::string const & **GetLibraryPath** () const  
*Returns the path of the library to be loaded.*
- void **Serialize** (Serializer &out) const  
*Sends the message.*
- void **DeSerialize** (DeSerializer &in)  
*Receives the message.*

## Public Attributes

- **\_\_pad0\_\_**: TuningRequest (pid  
*Constructor.*

## Additional Inherited Members

### 4.78.1 Detailed Description

Encapsulates a tuning request to load the specified shared library to a given application process.

#### Version

1.0b

#### Since

1.0b

#### Author

Ania Sikora, 2003

### 4.78.2 Member Data Documentation

#### 4.78.2.1 Common::LoadLibraryRequest::\_\_pad0\_\_

Constructor.

#### Parameters

<i>pid</i>	Id of the process where the library will be included, default 0.
<i>libPath</i>	Path of the library, default "".

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- Common/PTPMsg.h
- Common/PTPMsg.cpp

## 4.79 Common::LogEntry Class Reference

Entry on a log.

```
#include <Syslog.h>
```

## Public Member Functions

- [LogEntry](#) (LogSeverity s, std::string const &message)

*Constructor.*

- [DateTime](#) const & [GetTimestamp](#) () const

*Returns the date when the entry was performed.*

- LogSeverity [GetSeverity](#) () const

*Returns log severity.*

- std::string const & [GetMessage](#) () const

*Returns a string containing the log message.*

### 4.79.1 Detailed Description

Entry on a log.

Version

1.0b

Since

1.0b

Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

### 4.79.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 4.79.2.1 Common::LogEntry::LogEntry ( LogSeverity s, std::string const & message ) `[inline]`

Constructor.

Parameters

<i>s</i>	Log severity, can be DEBUG, INFO, WARNING, ERROR or FATAL.
<i>message</i>	Message.

### 4.79.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 4.79.3.1 LogSeverity Common::LogEntry::GetSeverity ( ) const `[inline]`

Returns log severity.

DEBUG A log generated during debugging of the software. INFO An informational message. WARNING A warning message that the system administrator might want to know about ERROR One of the software components caused an error or exception. FATAL One of the software components is no longer functional.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

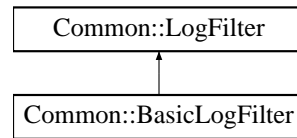
- Common/Syslog.h

## 4.80 Common::LogFilter Class Reference

Abstract class, validates logs.

```
#include <Syslog.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Common::LogFilter:



### Public Member Functions

- virtual [~LogFilter](#) ()  
*Constructor.*
- virtual bool [Accept](#) ([LogEntry](#) const &entry) const =0  
*Filters log entry.*

### 4.80.1 Detailed Description

Abstract class, validates logs.

#### Version

1.0b

#### Since

1.0b

#### Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

### 4.80.2 Member Function Documentation

4.80.2.1 virtual bool Common::LogFilter::Accept ( [LogEntry](#) const & *entry* ) const [pure virtual]

Filters log entry.

#### Returns

True if entry is accepted, false otherwise.

Implemented in [Common::BasicLogFilter](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

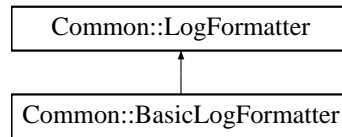
- Common/Syslog.h

## 4.81 Common::LogFormatter Class Reference

Abstract class, Gives logs the correct format.

```
#include <Syslog.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Common::LogFormatter:



### Public Member Functions

- virtual [~LogFormatter](#) ()  
*Destructor.*
- virtual std::string [GetLogHeader](#) () const =0  
*Returns a string containing the log header.*
- virtual std::string [GetLogFooter](#) () const =0  
*Returns a string containing the log footer.*
- virtual std::string [Format](#) ([LogEntry](#) const &entry) const =0  
*Returns a string containing the [LogEntry](#) object formatted.*

### 4.81.1 Detailed Description

Abstract class, Gives logs the correct format.

#### Version

1.0b

#### Since

1.0b

#### Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

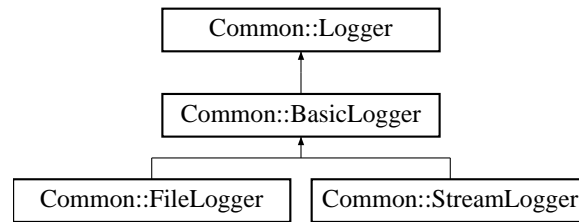
- Common/Syslog.h

## 4.82 Common::Logger Class Reference

Abstract class, tracks and stores information about events of interest happening in a system.

```
#include <Syslog.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Common::Logger:



## Public Member Functions

- virtual `~Logger ()`  
*Destructor.*
- virtual void `Log (LogEntry const &entry)=0`  
*Constructor.*
- void `SetName (std::string const &name)`  
*Sets logger name.*
- std::string const & `GetName () const`  
*Returns a string containing the logger name.*
- virtual void `SetFilter (LogFilterPtr &filter)=0`  
*Sets the `LogFilter` to be used by the logger.*
- virtual `LogFilter const * GetFilter () const =0`  
*Returns the `LogFilter` the logger uses.*
- virtual void `SetFormatter (LogFormatterPtr &formatter)=0`  
*Sets the `LogFormatter` to be used by the logger.*
- virtual `LogFormatter const * GetFormatter () const =0`  
*Returns the `LogFormatter` the logger uses.*

### 4.82.1 Detailed Description

Abstract class, tracks and stores information about events of interest happening in a system.

#### Version

1.0b

#### Since

1.0b

#### Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

### 4.82.2 Member Function Documentation

4.82.2.1 `virtual void Common::Logger::Log ( LogEntry const & entry ) [pure virtual]`

Constructor.

## Parameters

<i>entry</i>	
--------------	--

Implemented in [Common::FileLogger](#), and [Common::StreamLogger](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Common/Syslog.h

## 4.83 ModelParam Struct Reference

Stores the total volume of data, the total amount of data sent by workers and the total computed time.

```
#include <FactoringStats_nw.h>
```

## Public Attributes

- int **TotalDataVolume**
- int **TotalDataSendW**
- double **TotalCompTime**

### 4.83.1 Detailed Description

Stores the total volume of data, the total amount of data sent by workers and the total computed time.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- Analyzer/FactoringStats\_nw.h

## 4.84 ModuleList Class Reference

Class that stores and handles a vector of BPatch\_modules.

```
#include <di.h>
```

## Public Member Functions

- [ModuleList](#) (BPatch\_image &bplImage)  
*Constructor.*
- int [GetSize](#) () const  
*Getter of the vector size.*
- BPatch\_module & **operator[]** (int i) const

### 4.84.1 Detailed Description

Class that stores and handles a vector of BPatch\_modules.

## Version

1.0b

**Author**

Ania Sikora, 2002

**Since**

1.0b

**4.84.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation****4.84.2.1 ModuleList::ModuleList ( BPatch\_image & *bplimage* ) [inline]**

Constructor.

**Parameters**

<i>bplimage</i>	Program image
-----------------	---------------

**4.84.3 Member Function Documentation****4.84.3.1 int ModuleList::GetSize ( ) const [inline]**

Getter of the vector size.

**Returns**

`_vector->size`

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Common/di.h

**4.85 Monitor Class Reference**

Adds request to add or remove instrumentation in/from the tasks that it is monitoring.

```
#include <Monitor.h>
```

**Public Member Functions**

- [Monitor](#) ([TaskCollection](#) &tasks)  
*Constructor.*
- void [AddInstr](#) ([AddInstrRequest](#) &instrReq)  
*Adds the instructions requested to the task they belong to.*
- void [RemoveInstr](#) ([RemoveInstrRequest](#) &instrReq)  
*Removes the instructions requested from the selected task.*

**4.85.1 Detailed Description**

Adds request to add or remove instrumentation in/from the tasks that it is monitoring.

**Version**

1.0



Since

1.0

Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

## 4.85.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### 4.85.2.1 Monitor::Monitor ( TaskCollection & *tasks* ) [inline]

Constructor.

Parameters

<i>tasks</i>	Collection of tasks susceptible to be modified.
--------------	---

## 4.85.3 Member Function Documentation

### 4.85.3.1 void Monitor::AddInstr ( AddInstrRequest & *instrReq* )

Adds the instructions requested to the task they belong to.

Parameters

<i>instrReq</i>	Object that represents the request for instrumentation to be added to a task.
-----------------	---

### 4.85.3.2 void Monitor::RemoveInstr ( RemoveInstrRequest & *instrReq* )

Removes the instructions requested from the selected task.

Parameters

<i>instrReq</i>	Object that represents the request for instrumentation to be removed from a task.
-----------------	---

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- AC/Monitor.h
- AC/Monitor.cpp

## 4.86 Common::Mutex Class Reference

Guarantees non concurrent access to a resource.

```
#include <sync.h>
```

### Public Member Functions

- [Mutex](#) ()  
Constructor.
- [~Mutex](#) ()  
Destructor.
- `operator pthread_mutex_t *` ()

## Protected Member Functions

- void [Enter](#) ()  
*Denotes that someone starts using the resource.*
- bool [CanEnter](#) ()  
*Returns true if the resource is not being used, false otherwise.*
- void [Leave](#) ()  
*Denotes that someone stops using the resource.*

## Friends

- class **MutexLock**

### 4.86.1 Detailed Description

Guarantees non concurrent access to a resource.

Mutual-Exclusion Object

Version

1.0b

Since

1.0b

Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

### 4.86.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 4.86.2.1 `Common::Mutex::Mutex ( )` `[inline]`

Constructor.

The mutex is always initialized as a recursive entity.

### 4.86.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 4.86.3.1 `void Mutex::Enter ( )` `[protected]`

Denotes that someone starts using the resource.

Exceptions

<a href="#">SysException</a>
------------------------------

#### 4.86.3.2 `void Mutex::Leave ( )` `[protected]`

Denotes that someone stops using the resource.

## Exceptions

<a href="#">SysException</a>	
------------------------------	--

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- Common/sync.h
- Common/sync.cpp

## 4.87 Common::MutexLock Class Reference

System to manage access to a resource with a mutex.

```
#include <sync.h>
```

### Public Member Functions

- [MutexLock](#) ([Mutex](#) &mutex)  
*Constructor.*
- [~MutexLock](#) ()  
*Destructor.*

### 4.87.1 Detailed Description

System to manage access to a resource with a mutex.

#### Version

1.0b

#### Since

1.0b

#### Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Common/sync.h

## 4.88 myauto\_ptr< X > Class Template Reference

### Public Types

- typedef X **element\_type**

## Public Member Functions

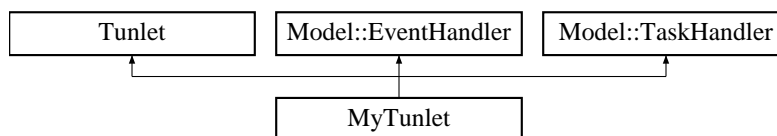
- **myauto\_ptr** (X \*p=0)
- **myauto\_ptr** (const [myauto\\_ptr](#) &a)
- **myauto\_ptr** & **operator=** (const [myauto\\_ptr](#) &a)
- X & **operator\*** () const
- X \* **operator->** () const
- X \* **get** () const
- X \* **release** () const

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Common/auto\_ptr.h

## 4.89 MyTunlet Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for MyTunlet:



## Public Member Functions

- void **Initialize** ([Model::Application](#) &app)  
*Initializes the tunlet.*
- void **BeforeAppStart** ()  
*Asserts that `_app != 0` and sets the task handler of the app to the current one.*
- void **Destroy** ()  
*Sets `_app = 0`.*
- void **HandleEvent** ([Model::EventRecord](#) const &r)  
*Handles an event record (virtual).*
- void **CreateEvent** ()
- void **CreateEvent** ([Model::Task](#) &t)
- void **TaskStarted** ([Model::Task](#) &t)  
*Called when a new task is started.*
- void **TaskTerminated** ([Model::Task](#) &t)  
*Called when a task is terminated.*

### 4.89.1 Member Function Documentation

#### 4.89.1.1 void MyTunlet::HandleEvent ( [Model::EventRecord](#) const & r ) [virtual]

Handles an event record (virtual).

## Parameters

<i>r</i>	Event record to be handled
----------	----------------------------

Implements [Model::EventHandler](#).

4.89.1.2 `void MyTunlet::Initialize ( Model::Application & app ) [virtual]`

Initializes the tunlet.

## Parameters

<i>app</i>	App associated to the tunlet
------------	------------------------------

Implements [Tunlet](#).

4.89.1.3 `void MyTunlet::TaskStarted ( Model::Task & t ) [virtual]`

Called when a new task is started.

## Parameters

<i>t</i>	Started task object.
----------	----------------------

Implements [Model::TaskHandler](#).

4.89.1.4 `void MyTunlet::TaskTerminated ( Model::Task & t ) [virtual]`

Called when a task is terminated.

## Parameters

<i>t</i>	Terminated task object.
----------	-------------------------

Implements [Model::TaskHandler](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

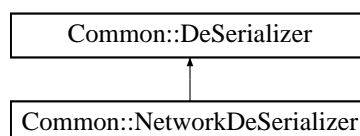
- Analyzer/MyTunlet.h
- Analyzer/MyTunlet.cpp

## 4.90 Common::NetworkDeSerializer Class Reference

Extracts serialized data from an istream object.

```
#include <NetSer.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Common::NetworkDeSerializer:



### Public Member Functions

- [NetworkDeSerializer](#) (std::istream &stream)  
*Constructor.*

- `std::istream & GetStream ()`  
*Returns istream object where the data is serialized.*
- `long_t GetLong ()`  
*Reads long value from the stream.*
- `double_t GetDouble ()`  
*Reads double value from the stream.*
- `bool_t GetBool ()`  
*Reads bool value from the stream.*
- `short_t GetShort ()`  
*Reads short value from the stream.*
- `byte_t GetByte ()`  
*Reads byte value from the stream.*
- `char_t GetChar ()`  
*Reads char value from the stream.*
- `std::string GetString ()`  
*Reads string value from the stream.*
- `int_t GetInt ()`  
*Reads int value from the stream.*
- `void GetBuffer (char *buffer, int bufferSize)`  
*Reads data directly from the stream.*

#### 4.90.1 Detailed Description

Extracts serialized data from an `istream` object.

##### Version

1.0b

##### Since

1.0b

##### Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

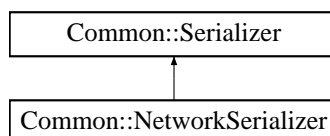
- `Common/NetSer.h`
- `Common/NetSer.cpp`

## 4.91 Common::NetworkSerializer Class Reference

Puts serialized data into an `OutputStream` object.

```
#include <NetSer.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for `Common::NetworkSerializer`:



## Public Member Functions

- [NetworkSerializer](#) ([OutputStream](#) &stream)  
*Constructor.*
- void [PutLong](#) (long\_t l)  
*Puts a long into the stream.*
- void [PutDouble](#) (double\_t d)  
*Puts a double into the stream.*
- void [PutBool](#) (bool\_t b)  
*Puts a boolean into the stream.*
- void [PutShort](#) (short\_t s)  
*Puts a short into the stream.*
- void [PutByte](#) (byte\_t b)  
*Puts a byte into the stream.*
- void [PutChar](#) (char\_t c)  
*Puts a char into the stream.*
- void [PutString](#) (std::string const &str)  
*Puts a string into the stream.*
- void [PutInt](#) (int\_t i)  
*Puts an integer long into the stream.*
- void [PutBuffer](#) (char const \*buffer, int bufferSize)  
*Puts a buffer into the stream.*

### 4.91.1 Detailed Description

Puts serialized data into an [OutputStream](#) object.

#### Version

1.0b

#### Since

1.0b

#### Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

### 4.91.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 4.91.2.1 Common::NetworkSerializer::NetworkSerializer ( [OutputStream](#) & *stream* ) `[inline]`

Constructor.

#### Parameters

<i>stream</i>	Stream where the serialized data will be written.
---------------	---

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

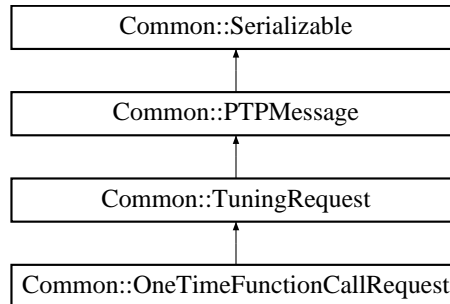
- Common/NetSer.h
- Common/NetSer.cpp

## 4.92 Common::OneTimeFunctionCallRequest Class Reference

Encapsulates a tuning request to invoke one time a given function in a given application process.

```
#include <PTPMsg.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Common::OneTimeFunctionCallRequest:



### Public Member Functions

- [OneTimeFunctionCallRequest](#) (int pid=0, std::string const &funcName=std::string(), int nAttrs=0, [Attribute](#) const \*attrs=0, [Breakpoint](#) const \*brkpt=0)  
*Constructor.*
- [~OneTimeFunctionCallRequest](#) ()  
*Destructor.*
- PTPMsgType [GetType](#) () const  
*Returns type of message (PTPOneTimeFuncCall).*
- std::string const & [GetFuncName](#) () const  
*Returns name of the function to be added.*
- int [GetAttrCount](#) () const  
*Returns number of attributes the function has.*
- [Attribute](#) \* [GetAttributes](#) () const  
*Returns array of attributes.*
- void [Serialize](#) ([Serializer](#) &out) const  
*Sends the message.*
- void [DeSerialize](#) ([DeSerializer](#) &in)  
*Gets the message.*

### Additional Inherited Members

#### 4.92.1 Detailed Description

Encapsulates a tuning request to invoke one time a given function in a given application process.

##### Version

1.0b

##### Since

1.0b

##### Author

Ania Sikora, 2003



## 4.92.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.92.2.1 `Common::OneTimeFunctionCallRequest::OneTimeFunctionCallRequest ( int pid = 0, std::string const & funcName = std::string(), int nAttrs = 0, Attribute const * attrs = 0, Breakpoint const * brkpt = 0 )` `[inline]`

Constructor.

Parameters

<i>pid</i>	Id of the process where the call will be inserted, default 0.
<i>funcName</i>	Name of the function to call, default "".
<i>nAttrs</i>	Number of attributes the function has, default 0.
<i>attrs</i>	<a href="#">Attribute</a> array, default 0.
<i>brkpt</i>	Used for synchronization purposes, the actual tuning will be executed when the execution reaches the breakpoint, default 0.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

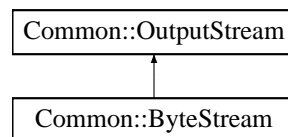
- Common/PTPMsg.h
- Common/PTPMsg.cpp

## 4.93 Common::OutputStream Class Reference

Abstract class, represents an output stream of bytes.

```
#include <OutputStream.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Common::OutputStream:



### Public Member Functions

- virtual void **Write** (char const \*buf, size\_t size)=0

### 4.93.1 Detailed Description

Abstract class, represents an output stream of bytes.

This abstract class is the superclass of all classes representing an output stream of bytes. An output stream accepts output bytes and sends them to some sink.

Applications that need to define a subclass of [OutputStream](#) must always provide at least a method that writes one byte of output.

Version

1.0b

Since

1.0b

**Author**

Ania Sikora, 2003

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Common/OutputStream.h

## 4.94 Common::Pipe Class Reference

Element used to join output and input from two processes.

```
#include <Pipe.h>
```

### Public Member Functions

- [Pipe](#) ()  
*Constructor.*
- [~Pipe](#) ()  
*Destructor.*
- bool [IsReadOpen](#) () const  
*Returns whether the read end is open or not.*
- bool [IsWriteOpen](#) () const  
*Returns whether the write end is open or not.*
- int [GetRead](#) () const  
*Returns read file descriptor.*
- int [GetWrite](#) () const  
*Returns write file descriptor.*
- void [CloseRead](#) ()  
*Closes the read end.*
- void [CloseWrite](#) ()  
*Closes the write end.*
- int [Read](#) (char \*buf, int bufSize)  
*Reads from the read end and stores the content on the buffer.*
- int [Write](#) (char const \*buf, int bufSize)  
*Writes the content of the buffer on the write end.*

### 4.94.1 Detailed Description

Element used to join output and input from two processes.

A pair of channels that implements a unidirectional pipe.

A pipe consists of a pair of channels: A writable sink channel and a readable source channel. Once some bytes are written to the sink channel these can be read from source channel in the exact order in which they were written.

Whether or not a thread writing bytes to a pipe will block until another thread reads those bytes, or some previously-written bytes, from the pipe is system-dependent and therefore unspecified. Many pipe implementations will buffer up to a certain number of bytes between the sink and source channels, but such buffering should not be assumed.

**Version**

1.0b

Since

1.0b

Author

Ania Sikora, 2001

## 4.94.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### 4.94.2.1 Pipe::Pipe ( )

Constructor.

Exceptions

<a href="#">SysException</a>
------------------------------

## 4.94.3 Member Function Documentation

### 4.94.3.1 int Pipe::Read ( char \* buf, int bufSize )

Reads from the read end and stores the content on the buffer.

Exceptions

<a href="#">SysException</a>
------------------------------

### 4.94.3.2 int Pipe::Write ( char const \* buf, int bufSize )

Writes the content of the buffer on the write end.

Exceptions

<a href="#">SysException</a>
------------------------------

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- Common/Pipe.h
- Common/Pipe.cpp

## 4.95 PointList Class Reference

Class that stores a vector of BPatch\_points and handles it. Can also get the address and function names of a given point.

```
#include <di.h>
```

### Public Member Functions

- [PointList](#) (DiFunction &func)  
*Constructor.*
- int [GetSize](#) () const  
*Getter of the vector size.*
- void [GetCalledFuncName](#) (BPatch\_point &point, char \*name, int length)  
*Gets the name of the function called at the given point.*

- unsigned long [GetAddress](#) (BPatch\_point &point)  
*Gets the address of the given point.*
- BPatch\_point & **operator[]** (int i) const

#### 4.95.1 Detailed Description

Class that stores a vector of BPatch\_points and handles it. Can also get the address and function names of a given point.

##### Version

1.0b

##### Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

##### Since

1.0b

#### 4.95.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

##### 4.95.2.1 PointList::PointList ( DiFunction & *func* ) `[inline]`

Constructor.

##### Parameters

<i>func</i>	
-------------	--

#### 4.95.3 Member Function Documentation

##### 4.95.3.1 unsigned long PointList::GetAddress ( BPatch\_point & *point* ) `[inline]`

Gets the address of the given point.

##### Parameters

<i>point</i>	Given point to look get address from
--------------	--------------------------------------

##### Returns

Address of the given point

##### 4.95.3.2 void PointList::GetCalledFuncName ( BPatch\_point & *point*, char \* *name*, int *length* ) `[inline]`

Gets the name of the function called at the given point.

##### Parameters

<i>point</i>	Point where the function is
--------------	-----------------------------

<i>name</i>	Name of the function
<i>length</i>	Length of the name

4.95.3.3 `int PointList::GetSize ( ) const [inline]`

Getter of the vector size.

Returns

Vector's size

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Common/di.h

## 4.96 ProcedureList Class Reference

Implements and handles a vector of BPatch\_functions.

```
#include <di.h>
```

### Public Member Functions

- [ProcedureList](#) (BPatch\_image &bplImage)  
*Constructor.*
- `int GetSize () const`  
*Getter of the vector's size.*
- BPatch\_function & **operator[]** (int i) const

### 4.96.1 Detailed Description

Implements and handles a vector of BPatch\_functions.

Version

1.0b

Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

Since

1.0b

### 4.96.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.96.2.1 `ProcedureList::ProcedureList ( BPatch_image & bplImage ) [inline]`

Constructor.

## Parameters

<i>bplImage</i>	Image of the program
-----------------	----------------------

### 4.96.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 4.96.3.1 `int ProcedureList::GetSize ( ) const [inline]`

Getter of the vector's size.

## Returns

Vector's size

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

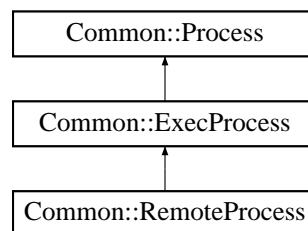
- Common/di.h

## 4.97 Common::Process Class Reference

Abstract class, creates a new process to perform different operations on the overridden method Run().

```
#include <Process.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Common::Process:



### Public Member Functions

- virtual void **Start** ()  
*Executes the process.*
- int **GetPid** () const  
*Returns process id.*

### Protected Member Functions

- **Process** ()  
*Constructor.*
- virtual int **Run** ()=0

### Protected Attributes

- int **\_pid**

### 4.97.1 Detailed Description

Abstract class, creates a new process to perform different operations on the overridden method Run().

Version

1.0b

Since

1.0b

Author

Ania Sikora, 2001

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

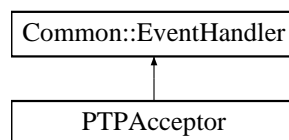
- Common/Process.h
- Common/Process.cpp

## 4.98 PTPAcceptor Class Reference

Manages socket connection and handles data input through them.

```
#include <PTPAcceptor.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for PTPAcceptor:



### Public Member Functions

- [PTPAcceptor](#) ([Reactor](#) &reactor, [TaskManager](#) &tm, int port)  
*Constructor.*
- [~PTPAcceptor](#) ()  
*Destructor.*
- void [HandleInput](#) ()  
*Gets the socket for the client and binds it with the task manager.*
- int [GetHandle](#) ()  
*Getter of a handler for the variable \_socket.*

### 4.98.1 Detailed Description

Manages socket connection and handles data input through them.

Version

1.0

Since

1.0

Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

## 4.98.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### 4.98.2.1 PTPAcceptor::PTPAcceptor ( Reactor & reactor, TaskManager & tm, int port )

Constructor.

Parameters

<i>reactor</i>	Object of class reactor that manages event handlers.
<i>tm</i>	<a href="#">Task</a> manager.

## 4.98.3 Member Function Documentation

### 4.98.3.1 int PTPAcceptor::GetHandle ( ) [inline],[virtual]

Getter of a handler for the variable `_socket`.

Returns

Handle of the server socket.

Implements [Common::EventHandler](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

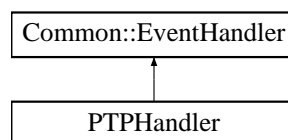
- AC/PTPAcceptor.h
- AC/PTPAcceptor.cpp

## 4.99 PTPHandler Class Reference

Manages the requests from the [PTPAcceptor](#).

```
#include <PTPHandler.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for PTPHandler:



## Public Member Functions

- [PTPHandler](#) (SocketPtr &socket, [TaskManager](#) &tm)  
*Constructor.*
- void [HandleInput](#) ()  
*Reads message from socket and handles the different kinds of requests that are received.*
- int [GetHandle](#) ()  
*Getter of a handler for the variable `_socket`.*



### 4.99.1 Detailed Description

Manages the requests from the [PTPAcceptor](#).

#### Version

1.0

#### Since

1.0

#### Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

### 4.99.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 4.99.2.1 PTPHandler::PTPHandler ( SocketPtr & socket, TaskManager & tm ) [inline]

Constructor.

#### Parameters

<i>socket</i>	Pointer to the socket used to get the input (request).
<i>tm</i>	<a href="#">Task</a> manager that handles the task to which the request affects.

### 4.99.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 4.99.3.1 int PTPHandler::GetHandle ( ) [inline],[virtual]

Getter of a handler for the variable `_socket`.

#### Returns

Handle of the socket.

Implements [Common::EventHandler](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- AC/PTPHandler.h
- AC/PTPHandler.cpp

## 4.100 Common::PTPMessage Class Reference

Performance tuning protocol, represents a message interchanged between analyzer and tuner/tracer.

```
#include <PTPMsg.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Common::PTPMessage:



## Public Member Functions

- [PTPMessage](#) ()  
*Constructor.*
- virtual PTPMsgType [GetType](#) () const  
*To be implemented by subclasses.*
- int [GetDataSize](#) () const  
*Returns size of the data once serialized.*
- virtual [~PTPMessage](#) ()  
*Destructor.*

### 4.100.1 Detailed Description

Performance tuning protocol, represents a message interchanged between analyzer and tuner/tracer.

#### Version

1.0b

#### Since

1.0b

#### Author

Ania Sikora, 2003

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

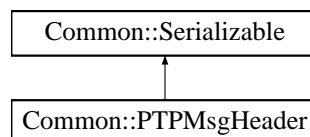
- Common/PTPMsg.h
- Common/PTPMsg.cpp

## 4.101 Common::PTPMsgHeader Class Reference

Represents header of a [PTPMessage](#) object.

```
#include <PTPMsgHeader.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Common::PTPMsgHeader:



## Public Member Functions

- [PTPMsgHeader](#) ()  
*Constructor.*
- void [Serialize](#) ([Serializer](#) &out) const  
*Sends the message header.*
- void [DeSerialize](#) ([DeSerializer](#) &in)

- Receives the message header.*
- int [GetMagic](#) () const  
*Returns magic attribute.*
- int [GetVersion](#) () const  
*Returns version attribute.*
- PTPMsgType [GetType](#) () const  
*Returns the type of the message.*
- int [GetDataSize](#) () const  
*Returns data size.*
- int [GetHeaderSize](#) () const  
*Returns header size.*
- void [SetMagic](#) (int magic)  
*Sets the magic attribute.*
- void [SetVersion](#) (int version)  
*Sets the version attribute.*
- void [SetMsgType](#) (PTPMsgType type)  
*Sets the type of the message.*
- void [SetDataSize](#) (int size)  
*Sets data size.*
- void [SetHeaderSize](#) ()  
*Updates header size.*

#### 4.101.1 Detailed Description

Represents header of a [PTPMessage](#) object.

##### Version

1.0b

##### Since

1.0b

##### Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- Common/PTPMsgHeader.h
- Common/PTPMsgHeader.cpp

## 4.102 Common::PTPProtocol Class Reference

Communicates analyzer and tuner.

```
#include <PTPProtocol.h>
```

## Static Public Member Functions

- static void [WriteMessage](#) ([PTPMessage](#) &msg, [OutputStream](#) &stream)  
*Sends a message through a stream to the tuner.*
- static [PTPMessage](#) \* [ReadMessage](#) (std::istream &stream)  
*Receives a message through a stream from the analyzer.*
- static void [WriteMessageEx](#) ([PTPMessage](#) &msg, [Socket](#) &sock)  
*Sends a message through a socket to the tuner.*
- static [PTPMessage](#) \* [ReadMessageEx](#) ([Socket](#) &sock)  
*Receives a message through a socket from the analyzer.*

### 4.102.1 Detailed Description

Communicates analyzer and tuner.

#### Version

1.0

#### Since

1.0

#### Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- Common/PTPProtocol.h
- Common/PTPProtocol.cpp

## 4.103 [Common::Queue< T >](#) Class Template Reference

Data structure that stores objects of any class.

```
#include <Queue.h>
```

### Public Member Functions

- [Queue](#) (int maxSize)  
*Constructor.*
- [~Queue](#) ()  
*Destructor.*
- bool [IsEmpty](#) () const  
*Returns true if the queue is empty, false otherwise.*
- bool [IsFull](#) () const  
*Returns true if the queue is full, false otherwise.*
- int [GetMaxSize](#) () const  
*Returns the maximum quantity of objects the queue can store.*
- int [GetCount](#) () const  
*Returns current size of the queue.*

- bool [Get](#) (T &item)  
*Returns first object of the queue and removes it.*
- void [GetB](#) (T &item)  
*Returns first object of the queue and removes it.*
- void [Put](#) (T &item)  
*Puts an object at the end of the queue.*

#### 4.103.1 Detailed Description

```
template<class T>class Common::Queue< T >
```

Data structure that stores objects of any class.

This data structure manages the objects using a FIFO priority.

Version

1.0

Since

1.0

Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

#### 4.103.2 Member Function Documentation

4.103.2.1 `template<class T> bool Queue::Get ( T & item )`

Returns first object of the queue and removes it.

Returns false if the queue is empty.

4.103.2.2 `template<class T> void Queue::GetB ( T & item )`

Returns first object of the queue and removes it.

If the queue is empty, waits until it has any object.

4.103.2.3 `template<class T> void Queue::Put ( T & item )`

Puts an object at the end of the queue.

If the queue is full, it waits until there's space.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Common/Queue.h

### 4.104 Common::Reactor Class Reference

Registers, removes and dispatches [EventHandler](#) objects.

```
#include <Reactor.h>
```

## Public Member Functions

- [Reactor](#) ()  
*Constructor.*
- void [Register](#) ([EventHandler](#) &handler)  
*Registers a new [EventHandler](#).*
- void [UnRegister](#) ([EventHandler](#) &handler)  
*Removes given [EventHandler](#).*
- void [HandleEvents](#) ([TimeValue](#) \*timeout=0)  
*Runs event loop.*
- [EventHandler](#) & [GetHandler](#) (int handle)  
*Returns selected handler.*

### 4.104.1 Detailed Description

Registers, removes and dispatches [EventHandler](#) objects.

Uses reactor design pattern.

#### Version

1.0b

#### Since

1.0b

#### Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

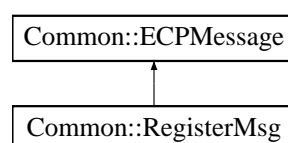
- Common/Reactor.h
- Common/Reactor.cpp

## 4.105 Common::RegisterMsg Class Reference

Represents message that is sent when DMLib is registered with analyzer to send event messages.

```
#include <ECPMsg.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Common::RegisterMsg:



## Public Member Functions

- [RegisterMsg](#) (int pid=0, int mpiRank=0, std::string host=std::string(), std::string taskName=std::string(), int ACport=0)  
*Constructor.*
- ECPMsgType [GetType](#) () const  
*Returns the type of event.*
- int [GetPid](#) () const  
*Returns Id of the process where the library will be loaded.*
- int [GetMpiRank](#) () const  
*Returns mpi rank.*
- string const & [GetHost](#) () const  
*Returns host name where the process is located.*
- string const & [GetTaskName](#) () const  
*Returns task name.*
- void [Serialize](#) (Serializer &out) const  
*Sends the message.*
- void [DeSerialize](#) (DeSerializer &in)  
*Receives the message.*

## Additional Inherited Members

### 4.105.1 Detailed Description

Represents message that is sent when DMLib is registered with analyzer to send event messages.

#### Version

1.0b

#### Since

1.0b

#### Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

### 4.105.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

**4.105.2.1** `Common::RegisterMsg::RegisterMsg ( int pid = 0, int mpiRank = 0, std::string host = std::string(), std::string taskName = std::string(), int ACport = 0 ) [inline]`

Constructor.

#### Parameters

<i>pid</i>	Id of the process where the library will be registered.
<i>mpiRank</i>	Mpi rank.
<i>host</i>	Host where the process is located.

<i>taskName</i>	Name of the task.
-----------------	-------------------

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

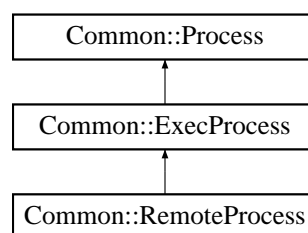
- Common/ECPMsg.h
- Common/ECPMsg.cpp

## 4.106 Common::RemoteProcess Class Reference

Remotely executes a command in another machine.

```
#include <Process.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Common::RemoteProcess:



### Public Member Functions

- [RemoteProcess](#) (std::string hostName, std::string command, std::string rshPath=std::string("/usr/bin/rsh"))  
*Constructor.*
- [RemoteProcess](#) (std::string hostName, std::string userName, std::string command, std::string rshPath=std::string("/usr/bin/rsh"))  
*Constructor.*
- void [SetOutputToNull](#) ()  
*Enables output to null property.*

### Protected Member Functions

- int [Run](#) ()  
*Executes de process.*
- std::string [GetHostName](#) () const

### Additional Inherited Members

#### 4.106.1 Detailed Description

Remotely executes a command in another machine.

Uses the rsh program to perform the execution of the process.

Version

1.0b



Since

1.0b

Author

Ania Sikora, 2001

## 4.106.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

**4.106.2.1** Common::RemoteProcess::RemoteProcess ( std::string *hostName*, std::string *command*, std::string *rshPath* = std::string("/usr/bin/rsh") ) [inline]

Constructor.

Parameters

<i>hostName</i>	Host where the command will be executed remotely.
<i>command</i>	Command to execute.
<i>rshPath</i>	Local path of the rsh program, default = "/usr/bin/rsh".

**4.106.2.2** Common::RemoteProcess::RemoteProcess ( std::string *hostName*, std::string *userName*, std::string *command*, std::string *rshPath* = std::string("/usr/bin/rsh") ) [inline]

Constructor.

Parameters

<i>hostName</i>	Host where the command will be executed remotely.
<i>command</i>	Command to execute.
<i>userName</i>	Name of the user on the host to execute the command.
<i>rshPath</i>	Local path of the rsh program, default = "/usr/bin/rsh".

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

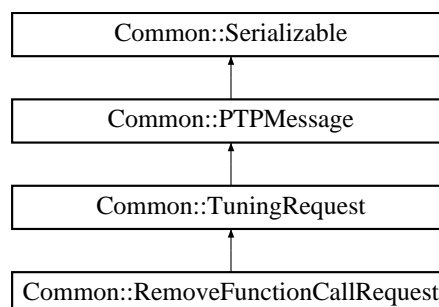
- Common/Process.h
- Common/Process.cpp

## 4.107 Common::RemoveFunctionCallRequest Class Reference

Encapsulates a tuning request to remove all calls to a given function from the given caller function.

```
#include <PTPMsg.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Common::RemoveFunctionCallRequest:



## Public Member Functions

- [RemoveFunctionCallRequest](#) (int pid=0, std::string const &funcName=std::string(), std::string const &callerFunc=string(), [Breakpoint](#) const \*brkpt=0)  
*Constructor.*
- PTPMsgType [GetType](#) () const  
*Returns type of message (PTPRemoveFuncCall).*
- std::string const & [GetFuncName](#) () const  
*Returns name of the function to be added.*
- std::string const & [GetCallerFunc](#) () const  
*Returns the function caller name.*
- void [Serialize](#) ([Serializer](#) &out) const  
*Sends the message.*
- void [DeSerialize](#) ([DeSerializer](#) &in)  
*Receives the message.*

## Additional Inherited Members

### 4.107.1 Detailed Description

Encapsulates a tuning request to remove all calls to a given function from the given caller function.

#### Version

1.0

#### Since

1.0

#### Author

Ania Sikora, 2003

### 4.107.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

- 4.107.2.1 **Common::RemoveFunctionCallRequest::RemoveFunctionCallRequest** ( int *pid* = 0, std::string const & *funcName* = std::string(), std::string const & *callerFunc* = string(), **Breakpoint** const \* *brkpt* = 0 )  
[inline]

Constructor.

#### Parameters

<i>pid</i>	Id of the process where the call will be removed, default 0.
<i>funcName</i>	Name of the function to remove, default "".
<i>callerFunc</i>	Name of the caller function, default "".
<i>brkpt</i>	Used for synchronization purposes, the actual tuning will be executed when the execution reaches the breakpoint, default 0.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

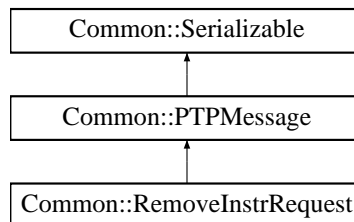
- Common/PTPMsg.h
- Common/PTPMsg.cpp

## 4.108 Common::RemoveInstrRequest Class Reference

Represents message sent when analyzer requests to remove instrumentation.

```
#include <PTPMsg.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Common::RemoveInstrRequest:



### Public Member Functions

- [RemoveInstrRequest](#) (int pid=0, int eventId=0, InstrPlace place=ipFuncEntry)  
*Constructor.*
- PTPMsgType [GetType](#) () const  
*Returns type of message (PTPRemoveInstr).*
- int [GetPid](#) () const  
*Returns the process id.*
- int [GetEventId](#) () const  
*Returns the event id.*
- InstrPlace [GetInstrPlace](#) () const  
*Returns the place where the instruction should be removed.*
- void [Serialize](#) (Serializer &out) const  
*Sends the message.*
- void [DeSerialize](#) (DeSerializer &in)  
*Receives the message.*

### 4.108.1 Detailed Description

Represents message sent when analyzer requests to remove instrumentation.

#### Version

1.0b

#### Since

1.0b

#### Author

Ania Sikora, 2003

### 4.108.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

**4.108.2.1** Common::RemoveInstrRequest::RemoveInstrRequest ( int pid = 0, int eventId = 0, InstrPlace place = ipFuncEntry ) [inline]

Constructor.

## Parameters

<i>pid</i>	Id of the process where the instrumentation will be removed, default 0.
<i>eventId</i>	<a href="#">Event</a> id, default 0.
<i>place</i>	Place where the instrumentation will be removed, default ipFuncEntry.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

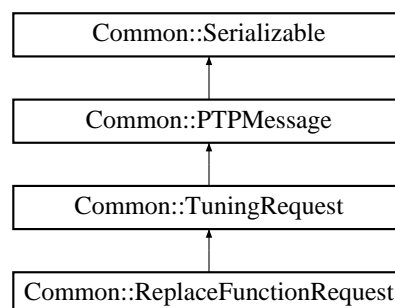
- Common/PTPMsg.h
- Common/PTPMsg.cpp

## 4.109 Common::ReplaceFunctionRequest Class Reference

Encapsulates a tuning request to replace all calls to a function inside a process with calls to another function.

```
#include <PTPMsg.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Common::ReplaceFunctionRequest:



### Public Member Functions

- [ReplaceFunctionRequest](#) (int pid=0, std::string const &oldFunc=std::string(), std::string const &newFunc=std::string(), [Breakpoint](#) \*brkpt=0)  
*Constructor.*
- PTPMsgType [GetType](#) () const  
*Returns type of message (PTPReplaceFunction).*
- std::string const & [GetOldFunction](#) () const  
*Returns a string containing the name of the function to replace.*
- std::string const & [GetNewFunction](#) () const  
*Returns a string containing the name of the function added.*
- void [Serialize](#) ([Serializer](#) &out) const  
*Sends the message.*
- void [DeSerialize](#) ([DeSerializer](#) &in)  
*Receives the message.*

### Additional Inherited Members

#### 4.109.1 Detailed Description

Encapsulates a tuning request to replace all calls to a function inside a process with calls to another function.

## Version

1.0b

## Since

1.0b

## Author

Ania Sikora, 2003

## 4.109.2 Constructor &amp; Destructor Documentation

4.109.2.1 `Common::ReplaceFunctionRequest::ReplaceFunctionRequest ( int pid = 0, std::string const & oldFunc = std::string(), std::string const & newFunc = std::string(), Breakpoint * brkpt = 0 )`  
`[inline]`

Constructor.

## Parameters

<i>pid</i>	Id of the process where the function will be replaced, default 0.
<i>oldFunc</i>	Name of the function to replace, default "".
<i>newFunc</i>	Name of the function to add, default "".
<i>brkpt</i>	Used for synchronization purposes, the actual tuning will be executed when the execution reaches the breakpoint, default 0.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- Common/PTPMsg.h
- Common/PTPMsg.cpp

## 4.110 Common::Semaphore Class Reference

Synchronizes access to a resource.

```
#include <sync.h>
```

## Public Member Functions

- [Semaphore](#) (int initialValue=0, bool crossProcess=false)  
*Constructor.*
- [~Semaphore](#) ()  
*Destructor.*
- void [Wait](#) ()  
*Stops the current thread until the access to the resource is open.*
- bool [TryWait](#) ()  
*Returns true if the access to the resource is open, false otherwise.*
- void [Post](#) ()  
*Gives a signal to the semaphore indicating that a client has stopped using the resource.*

## Protected Member Functions

- [Semaphore](#) (sem\_t s)

## Protected Attributes

- `sem_t_semaphore`

### 4.110.1 Detailed Description

Synchronizes access to a resource.

A semaphore is generally used as a synchronization object between multiple threads or to protect a limited and finite resource such as a memory or thread pool. The semaphore has a counter which only permits access by one or more threads when the value of the semaphore is non-zero. Each access reduces the current value of the semaphore by 1. One or more threads can wait on a semaphore until it is no longer 0, and hence the semaphore can be used as a simple thread synchronization object to enable one thread to pause others until the thread is ready or has provided data for them.

#### Version

1.0b

#### Since

1.0b

#### Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

### 4.110.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.110.2.1 `Common::Semaphore::Semaphore ( int initialValue = 0, bool crossProcess = false )` `[inline]`

Constructor.

#### Parameters

<i>initialValue</i>	Initial value of the semaphore, default 0.
<i>crossProcess</i>	Flag indicating whether or not the semaphore should be shared with forked processes, default false.

### 4.110.3 Member Function Documentation

4.110.3.1 `void Semaphore::Post ( )`

Gives a signal to the semaphore indicating that a client has stopped using the resource.

Posting to a semaphore increments its current value and releases the first thread waiting for the semaphore if it is currently at 0.

4.110.3.2 `bool Semaphore::TryWait ( )`

Returns true if the access to the resource is open, false otherwise.

TryWait is a non-blocking variant of Wait. If the semaphore counter is greater than 0, then the thread is accepted and the semaphore counter is decreased. If the semaphore counter is 0 TryWait returns immediately with false.

#### 4.110.3.3 void Semaphore::Wait ( )

Stops the current thread until the access to the resource is open.

Wait is used to keep a thread held until the semaphore counter is greater than 0. If the current thread is held, then another thread must increment the semaphore. Once the thread is accepted, the semaphore is automatically decremented, and the thread continues execution.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- Common/sync.h
- Common/sync.cpp

#### 4.111 Common::Serializable Class Reference

Abstract class, makes an object able to be passed through a stream using [Serializer](#) and [DeSerializer](#) objects.

```
#include <Serial.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Common::Serializable:



## Public Member Functions

- virtual `~Serializable()`  
*Destructor.*
- virtual void `Serialize (Serializer &out) const =0`  
*Sends the message header.*
- virtual void `DeSerialize (DeSerializer &in)=0`  
*Receives the message header.*

#### 4.111.1 Detailed Description

Abstract class, makes an object able to be passed through a stream using [Serializer](#) and [DeSerializer](#) objects.

## Version

1.0b

**Since**

1.0b

**Author**

Ania Sikora, 2002

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

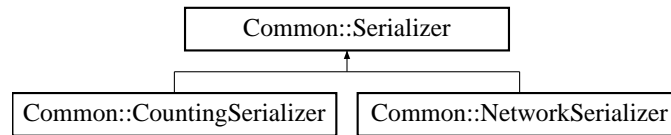
- Common/Serial.h

## 4.112 Common::Serializer Class Reference

Abstract class, prepares objects to be passed on a stream.

```
#include <Serial.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Common::Serializer:



### Public Member Functions

- virtual void [PutByte](#) (byte\_t b)=0  
*Adds the size of a serialized byte.*
- virtual void [PutChar](#) (char\_t c)=0  
*Adds the size of a serialized char.*
- virtual void [PutBool](#) (bool\_t b)=0  
*Adds the size of a serialized bool.*
- virtual void [PutShort](#) (short\_t s)=0  
*Adds the size of a serialized short.*
- virtual void [PutInt](#) (int\_t i)=0  
*Adds the size of a serialized int.*
- virtual void [PutLong](#) (long\_t l)=0  
*Adds the size of a serialized long.*
- virtual void [PutDouble](#) (double\_t d)=0  
*Adds the size of a serialized double.*
- virtual void [PutString](#) (std::string const &str)=0  
*Adds the size of a serialized string.*
- virtual void [PutBuffer](#) (char const \*buffer, int bufferSize)=0  
*Adds the size of a serialized buffer.*

### 4.112.1 Detailed Description

Abstract class, prepares objects to be passed on a stream.

Version

1.0b

Since

1.0b

Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Common/Serial.h



## 4.113 Common::ServerSocket Class Reference

Holds a [SocketBase](#) object and represents a TCP/IP server socket.

```
#include <Socket.h>
```

### Public Member Functions

- [ServerSocket](#) (int port, int backlog=5)  
*Constructor.*
- void [Listen](#) ()  
*Sets the socket to a listening state.*
- SocketPtr [Accept](#) ()  
*Accepts a connection and creates a socket.*
- SocketPtr [Accept](#) (int timeoutMs)  
*Accepts a connection and creates a socket, waits the given timeout.*
- [Address](#) const & [GetAddress](#) () const  
*Returns local server address.*
- int [GetLocalPort](#) () const  
*Returns the port the socket is listening to.*
- int [GetHandle](#) () const  
*Returns socket handle.*

#### 4.113.1 Detailed Description

Holds a [SocketBase](#) object and represents a TCP/IP server socket.

All the functions on this class are present on the [SocketBase](#) class and have the same functionality.

#### Version

1.0b

#### Since

1.0b

#### Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

#### 4.113.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

##### 4.113.2.1 ServerSocket::ServerSocket ( int port, int backlog = 5 )

Constructor.

#### Parameters

<i>backlog</i>	Maximum length of the queue for pending connections.
----------------	--

## Exceptions

<i>SysException.</i>	
----------------------	--

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- Common/Socket.h
- Common/Socket.cpp

## 4.114 Service Class Reference

Provides methods to work with EventCollectorHandlers lists. Holds a list of EventCollHandler and a reference to the reactor. Provides methods to add and remove handlers from the list.

```
#include <Service.h>
```

### Public Member Functions

- [Service](#) ([Reactor](#) &reactor)  
*Constructor.*
- [~Service](#) ()  
*Destructor, deletes the handlers and the references to them.*
- void [Add](#) ([ECPHandler](#) \*handler)  
*Adds a handler to the list and sets its service to this.*
- void [Remove](#) ([ECPHandler](#) \*handler)  
*Unregisters the handler from the reactor and removes it from the list.*

#### 4.114.1 Detailed Description

Provides methods to work with EventCollectorHandlers lists. Holds a list of EventCollHandler and a reference to the reactor. Provides methods to add and remove handlers from the list.

#### 4.114.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

##### 4.114.2.1 Service::Service ( [Reactor](#) & *reactor* ) `[inline]`

Constructor.

Parameters

<i>reactor</i>	Reactor of the application
----------------	----------------------------

#### 4.114.3 Member Function Documentation

##### 4.114.3.1 void Service::Add ( [ECPHandler](#) \* *handler* )

Adds a handler to the list and sets its service to this.

Parameters

<i>handler</i>	ECP Handler.
----------------	--------------

#### 4.114.3.2 void Service::Remove ( ECPHandler \* *handler* )

Unregisters the handler from the reactor and removes it from the list.

##### Parameters

<i>handler</i>	ECP Handler
----------------	-------------

##### Exceptions

<i>Exception</i>	when the handler does not exist in the list.
------------------	--

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

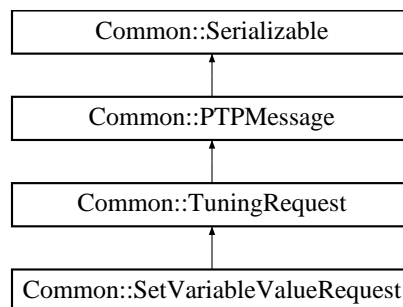
- Analyzer/Service.h
- Analyzer/Service.cpp

## 4.115 Common::SetVariableValueRequest Class Reference

Encapsulates a tuning request to modify a value of a specified variable in a given application process.

```
#include <PTPMsg.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Common::SetVariableValueRequest:



### Public Member Functions

- [SetVariableValueRequest](#) (int pid=0, std::string const &varName=std::string(), [AttributeValue](#) const &varValue=[AttributeValue](#)(), [Breakpoint](#) \*brkpt=0)  
*Constructor.*
- void \* [GetValueBuffer](#) ()  
*Returns the value to set in a buffer format.*
- int [GetValueSize](#) () const  
*Returns size of the variable new value.*
- std::string [GetValueString](#) () const  
*Returns a string containing the value of the variable.*
- PTPMsgType [GetType](#) () const  
*Returns type of message (PTPSetVariableValue).*
- std::string const & [GetVariableName](#) () const  
*Returns a string containing the variable name.*
- void [Serialize](#) ([Serializer](#) &out) const

*Sends the message.*

- void [DeSerialize](#) ([DeSerializer](#) &in)

*Receives the message.*

## Additional Inherited Members

### 4.115.1 Detailed Description

Encapsulates a tuning request to modify a value of a specified variable in a given application process.

Version

1.0b

Since

1.0b

Author

Ania Sikora, 2003

### 4.115.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

**4.115.2.1** `Common::SetVariableValueRequest::SetVariableValueRequest ( int pid = 0, std::string const & varName = std::string(), AttributeValue const & varValue = AttributeValue (), Breakpoint * brkpt = 0 )` `[inline]`

Constructor.

Parameters

<i>pid</i>	Id of the process where the variable will be modified, default 0.
<i>varName</i>	Name of the variable, default "".
<i>varValue</i>	New value to set, default empty <a href="#">AttributeValue</a> object.
<i>brkpt</i>	Used for synchronization purposes, the actual tuning will be executed when the execution reaches the breakpoint, default 0.

### 4.115.3 Member Function Documentation

**4.115.3.1** `void* Common::SetVariableValueRequest::GetValueBuffer ( )` `[inline]`

Returns the value to set in a buffer format.

If the type is known, it can be used using a cast, for example:

```
int foo = (int) VarRequest.GetValueBuffer();
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

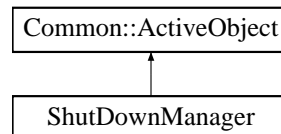
- Common/PTPMsg.h
- Common/PTPMsg.cpp

## 4.116 ShutDownManager Class Reference

Handles the shut down of MATE ([Analyzer](#) and AC's) The data structure consists basically in a reference to the application model (to know the hosts where the AC's are running in real time) and a boolean to determine if MATE is finished (to let the main process know, and make it stop). Provides a method to set the application model from outside (when it is ready, the main process of the [Analyzer](#) will set it). On the other hand, this class inherits from ActiveObject, so its objects are execution threads, this is done to wait for the user to stop MATE without stopping its own execution.

```
#include <ShutDownManager.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for ShutDownManager:



### Public Member Functions

- [ShutDownManager](#) ()  
*Constructor. Sets the finished member to false and starts the thread.*
- virtual [~ShutDownManager](#) ()  
*Destructor.*
- void [Run](#) ()  
*Function that is executed by the thread. Waits for the user to stop MATE, when receives the commandment sends a stop signal to AC's and sets the variable finished to true in order to stop the [Analyzer](#) itself.*
- void [InitThread](#) ()  
*Not implemented (Here for compatibility reasons).*
- void [FlushThread](#) ()  
*Not implemented (Here for compatibility reasons).*
- bool [isFinished](#) ()  
*Getter of finished boolean.*
- void [setApp](#) ([Model::Application](#) &app)  
*Application model reference setter.*

### Additional Inherited Members

#### 4.116.1 Detailed Description

Handles the shut down of MATE ([Analyzer](#) and AC's) The data structure consists basically in a reference to the application model (to know the hosts where the AC's are running in real time) and a boolean to determine if MATE is finished (to let the main process know, and make it stop). Provides a method to set the application model from outside (when it is ready, the main process of the [Analyzer](#) will set it). On the other hand, this class inherits from ActiveObject, so its objects are execution threads, this is done to wait for the user to stop MATE without stopping its own execution.

#### 4.116.2 Member Function Documentation

##### 4.116.2.1 bool ShutDownManager::isFinished ( ) `[inline]`

Getter of finished boolean.

**Returns**

True if the user stopped MATE, false otherwise.

**4.116.2.2** `void ShutDownManager::setApp ( Model::Application & app )` `[inline]`

Application model reference setter.

**Parameters**

<code>app</code>	Reference to the application model
------------------	------------------------------------

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

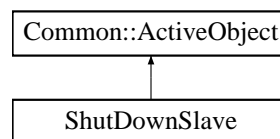
- Analyzer/ShutDownManager.h
- Analyzer/ShutDownManager.cpp

## 4.117 ShutDownSlave Class Reference

Receives terminating message from [Analyzer](#).

```
#include <ShutDownSlave.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for ShutDownSlave:

**Public Member Functions**

- [ShutDownSlave](#) (string analyzerHost, int analyzerPort, [Controller](#) ctrl)  
*Constructor.*
- virtual [~ShutDownSlave](#) ()  
*Destructor.*
- void [Run](#) ()  
*Contains the main function to be run by the thread.*

**Protected Member Functions**

- void [InitThread](#) ()  
*Not implemented.*
- void [FlushThread](#) ()  
*Not implemented.*

**Additional Inherited Members**

### 4.117.1 Detailed Description

Receives terminating message from [Analyzer](#).

Runs a thread that waits blocked for a message from the analyzer. When it receives this message the main loop in the controller is stopped, and subsequently the AC is terminated.

Note: the tasks should be deleted at this point.

Version

1.1

Since

1.1

## 4.117.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### 4.117.2.1 ShutDownSlave::ShutDownSlave ( string *analyzerHost*, int *analyzerPort*, Controller *ctrl* )

Constructor.

Parameters

<i>analyzerHost</i>	Host in which the <a href="#">Analyzer</a> is running.
<i>analyzerPort</i>	Port through which the connection will happen.
<i>ctrl</i>	<a href="#">Controller</a> object.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- AC/ShutDownSlave.h
- AC/ShutDownSlave.cpp

## 4.118 SnippetHandler Class Reference

Contains he necessary fields to manage snippets.

```
#include <InstrSet.h>
```

### Public Member Functions

- [SnippetHandler](#) (int eventId, std::string const &funcName, InstrPlace place, BPatchSnippetHandle \*handle)  
*Constructor.*
- int [GetEventId](#) () const  
*Getter for the variable \_eventId.*
- std::string const & [GetFuncName](#) () const  
*Getter for the variable \_funcName.*
- InstrPlace [GetInstrPlace](#) () const  
*Getter for the variable \_place.*
- BPatchSnippetHandle \* [GetHandle](#) () const  
*Getter for the variable \_handle.*

### 4.118.1 Detailed Description

Contains he necessary fields to manage snippets.

**Version**

1.0

**Since**

1.0

**Author**

Ania Sikora, 2002

**4.118.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation**

**4.118.2.1** `SnippetHandler::SnippetHandler ( int eventId, std::string const & funcName, InstrPlace place, BPatchSnippetHandle * handle ) [inline]`

Constructor.

**Parameters**

<i>eventId</i>	Unique identifier for the event.
<i>funcName</i>	Name of the function in which the snippet will be inserted.
<i>place</i>	Position in which the instrumentation will be added.
<i>handle</i>	Handle for the Dyninst snippet.

**4.118.3 Member Function Documentation**

**4.118.3.1** `int SnippetHandler::GetEventId ( ) const [inline]`

Getter for the variable `_eventId`.

**Returns**

Id of the event.

**4.118.3.2** `std::string const& SnippetHandler::GetFuncName ( ) const [inline]`

Getter for the variable `_funcName`.

**Returns**

Name of the function in which the snippet will be inserted.

**4.118.3.3** `BPatchSnippetHandle* SnippetHandler::GetHandle ( ) const [inline]`

Getter for the variable `_handle`.

**Returns**

Handle of the snippet to be inserted.



## 4.118.3.4 InstrPlace SnippetHandler::GetInstrPlace ( ) const [inline]

Getter for the variable `_place`.

## Returns

Position of the function in which the snippet will be inserted.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- AC/InstrSet.h

## 4.119 SnippetMaker Class Reference

Prepares the snippets to be inserted into the processes.

```
#include <SnippetMaker.h>
```

### Public Member Functions

- [SnippetMaker](#) ([DiProcess](#) &process, [DImage](#) &image)  
*Constructor.*
- [BPatchSnippetHandle](#) \* [MakeEventSnippet](#) (int eventId, std::string const &funcName, InstrPlace instrPlace, int nAttrs, [Attribute](#) \*attrs, int nPapi, std::string \*PapiMetrics)  
*Creates and inserts a snippet into the running process.*

### 4.119.1 Detailed Description

Prepares the snippets to be inserted into the processes.

## Version

1.0

## Since

1.0

## Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

### 4.119.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## 4.119.2.1 SnippetMaker::SnippetMaker ( DiProcess &amp; process, DImage &amp; image ) [inline]

Constructor.

## Parameters

<i>process</i>	Dyninst process to be modified.
<i>image</i>	Dyninst image of the process to be modified.

### 4.119.3 Member Function Documentation

4.119.3.1 **BPatchSnippetHandle \* SnippetMaker::MakeEventSnippet ( int eventId, std::string const & funcName, InstrPlace instrPlace, int nAttrs, Attribute \* attrs, int nPapi, std::string \* PapiMetrics )**

Creates and inserts a snippet into the running process.

#### Parameters

<i>eventId</i>	Identifier of the event.
<i>funcName</i>	Name of the function to be modified.
<i>instrPlace</i>	Place in the function where the snippet will be inserted.
<i>nAttrs</i>	Number of attributes.
<i>attrs</i>	Array of attributes.

#### Returns

Handle for the prepared snippet.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- AC/SnippetMaker.h
- AC/SnippetMaker.cpp

## 4.120 Common::Socket Class Reference

Holds a [SocketBase](#) object and represents a client socket.

```
#include <Socket.h>
```

### Public Member Functions

- [Socket](#) ([Address](#) &address)  
*Constructor.*
- [Socket](#) (std::string const &host, int port)  
*Constructor.*
- [Address](#) const & [GetRemoteAddress](#) () const  
*Returns the address to which the socket is connected.*
- [Address](#) [GetLocalAddress](#) () const  
*Returns the local address the socket is listening to.*
- int [GetLocalPort](#) () const  
*Returns the local port the socket is listening.*
- void [Send](#) (char const \*buf, int bufSize, int flags=0)  
*Sends the data through the socket converted to network byte order.*
- void [Send](#) (std::string const &str, int flags=0)  
*Sends the data through the socket converted to network byte order.*
- void [Send](#) ([ByteStream](#) &stream, int flags=0)  
*Sends the data through the socket converted to network byte order.*
- int [Receive](#) (char \*buf, int bufSize, int flags=0)  
*Gets data from the socket.*

- `int ReceiveN (char *buf, int bufSize, int flags=0)`  
*Gets data from the socket, performs multiple [Receive\(\)](#) calls until the buffer is full.*
- `operator int ()`  
*Cast to int returns the socket handle.*
- `int GetHandle () const`  
*Returns socket handle.*
- `void SetTCPNoDelay (bool value)`  
*Sets the TCPNoDelay property.*
- `void SetReuseAddress (bool value)`  
*Sets the ReuseAddress property.*
- `void SetKeepAlive (bool value)`  
*Sets the KeepAlive property.*
- `void SetReceiveTimeout (int timeoutMs)`  
*Sets the ReceiveTimeout property.*
- `void SetSendTimeout (int timeoutMs)`  
*Sets the SendTimeout property.*
- `int GetReceiveTimeout ()`  
*Gets the ReceiveTimeout property.*
- `int GetSendTimeout ()`  
*Gets the SendTimeout property.*

### Protected Member Functions

- `Socket (int hSocket, Address &addr)`  
*Constructor.*

### Friends

- class **SocketBase**

#### 4.120.1 Detailed Description

Holds a [SocketBase](#) object and represents a client socket.

All the functions in this class are present on the [SocketBase](#) class and have the same functionality.

#### Version

1.0b

#### Since

1.0b

#### Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

#### 4.120.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

##### 4.120.2.1 `Socket::Socket ( Address & address )` `[inline]`

Constructor.

## Exceptions

<a href="#">SysException</a>	
------------------------------	--

**4.120.2.2** `Socket::Socket ( std::string const & host, int port )` `[inline]`

Constructor.

## Exceptions

<a href="#">SysException</a>	
------------------------------	--

**4.120.3** Member Function Documentation**4.120.3.1** `int Socket::GetReceiveTimeout ( )` `[inline]`

Gets the ReceiveTimeout property.

## Exceptions

<a href="#">SysException</a>	
------------------------------	--

**4.120.3.2** `int Socket::GetSendTimeout ( )` `[inline]`

Gets the SendTimeout property.

## Exceptions

<a href="#">SysException</a>	
------------------------------	--

**4.120.3.3** `int Socket::Receive ( char * buf, int bufSize, int flags = 0 )` `[inline]`

Gets data from the socket.

If no incoming data is available at the socket, the call blocks and waits for data to arrive.

## Returns

Number of bytes received.

## Exceptions

<a href="#">SysException</a>	
------------------------------	--

**4.120.3.4** `int Socket::ReceiveN ( char * buf, int bufSize, int flags = 0 )` `[inline]`

Gets data from the socket, performs multiple [Receive\(\)](#) calls until the buffer is full.

## Returns

Number of bytes received.

## Exceptions

<a href="#">SysException</a>	
------------------------------	--

4.120.3.5 void Socket::Send ( char const \* *buf*, int *bufSize*, int *flags* = 0 ) [inline]

Sends the data through the socket converted to network byte order.

## Exceptions

<a href="#">SysException</a>	
------------------------------	--

4.120.3.6 void Socket::Send ( std::string const & *str*, int *flags* = 0 ) [inline]

Sends the data through the socket converted to network byte order.

## Exceptions

<a href="#">SysException</a>	
------------------------------	--

4.120.3.7 void Socket::Send ( ByteStream & *stream*, int *flags* = 0 )

Sends the data through the socket converted to network byte order.

## Exceptions

<a href="#">SysException</a>	
------------------------------	--

4.120.3.8 void Socket::SetKeepAlive ( bool *value* ) [inline]

Sets the KeepAlive property.

## Exceptions

<a href="#">SysException</a>	
------------------------------	--

4.120.3.9 void Socket::SetReceiveTimeout ( int *timeoutMs* ) [inline]

Sets the ReceiveTimeout property.

## Exceptions

<a href="#">SysException</a>	
------------------------------	--

4.120.3.10 void Socket::SetReuseAddress ( bool *value* ) [inline]

Sets the ReuseAddress property.

## Exceptions

<a href="#">SysException</a>	
------------------------------	--

4.120.3.11 `void Socket::SetSendTimeout ( int timeoutMs ) [inline]`

Sets the SendTimeout property.

## Exceptions

<a href="#">SysException</a>	
------------------------------	--

4.120.3.12 void Socket::SetTCPNoDelay ( bool *value* ) [inline]

Sets the TCPNoDelay property.

## Exceptions

<a href="#">SysException</a>	
------------------------------	--

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- Common/Socket.h
- Common/Socket.cpp

## 4.121 Common::SocketBase Class Reference

Represents an endpoint for communication between two machines.

```
#include <Socket.h>
```

### Public Member Functions

- [SocketBase](#) (int family=AF\_INET, int type=SOCK\_STREAM, int protocol=0)  
*Constructor.*
- [SocketBase](#) (int hSocket, [Address](#) &addr)  
*Constructor.*
- virtual [~SocketBase](#) ()  
*Destructor.*
- SocketPtr [Accept](#) ()  
*Accepts a connection and creates a socket.*
- void [Bind](#) (int port)  
*Associates the socket with a local endpoint.*
- void [Listen](#) (int backlog)  
*Sets the socket to a listening state.*
- void [Connect](#) ([Address](#) &address)  
*Connects a socket on the given address.*
- void [Connect](#) (std::string const &host, int port)  
*Connects a socket on the given host and port.*
- void [Send](#) (char const \*buf, int bufSize, int flags=0)  
*Sends the data through the socket converted to network byte order.*
- void [Send](#) (std::string const &str, int flags=0)  
*Sends the data through the socket converted to network byte order.*
- void [Send](#) (ByteStream &stream, int flags=0)  
*Sends the data through the socket converted to network byte order.*
- int [Receive](#) (char \*buf, int bufSize, int flags=0)  
*Gets data from the socket.*
- int [ReceiveN](#) (char \*buf, int bufSize, int flags=0)  
*Gets data from the socket, performs multiple [Receive\(\)](#) calls until the buffer is full.*
- [operator int](#) ()

- Cast to int returns the socket handle.*
- int [GetHandle](#) () const  
*Returns socket handle.*
- void [SetTCPNoDelay](#) (bool value)  
*Sets the TCPNoDelay property.*
- void [SetKeepAlive](#) (bool value)  
*Sets the KeepAlive property.*
- void [SetReuseAddress](#) (bool value)  
*Sets the ReuseAddress property.*
- void [SetReceiveTimeout](#) (int timeoutMs)  
*Sets the ReceiveTimeout property.*
- void [SetSendTimeout](#) (int timeoutMs)  
*Sets the SendTimeout property.*
- int [GetReceiveTimeout](#) ()  
*Gets the ReceiveTimeout property.*
- int [GetSendTimeout](#) ()  
*Gets the SendTimeout property.*
- [Address](#) const & [GetAddress](#) () const  
*Returns the address where the socket is connected.*
- int [GetLocalPort](#) () const  
*Returns the port the socket is listening.*

### Protected Member Functions

- void [SetOption](#) (int level, int option, char const \*value, int valueSize)  
*Sets a socket option.*
- int [GetOption](#) (int level, int option, char \*value, int &valueSize)  
*Gets the value of a socket option.*
- int [DoSend](#) (char const \*buf, int bufSize, int flags=0)  
*Sends the data through the socket.*

### Protected Attributes

- int [\\_hSocket](#)
- [Address](#) [\\_addr](#)
- int [\\_localPort](#)

#### 4.121.1 Detailed Description

Represents an endpoint for communication between two machines.

This class works as an adapter for the socket functions included on the sys/socket library.

##### Version

1.0b

##### Since

1.0b

##### Author

Ania Sikora, 2002



### 4.121.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 4.121.2.1 SocketBase::SocketBase ( int *family* = AF\_INET, int *type* = SOCK\_STREAM, int *protocol* = 0 )

Constructor.

Parameters

<i>family</i>	Socket family, default AF_INET.
<i>type</i>	Socket type, default SOCK_STREAM.
<i>protocol</i>	Socket protocol, default 0.

Exceptions

<a href="#">SysException</a>	
------------------------------	--

#### 4.121.2.2 SocketBase::SocketBase ( int *hSocket*, Address & *addr* )

Constructor.

Sets the socket to the given handle with the given address.

Parameters

<i>hSocket</i>	Socket handle.
<i>addr</i>	Socket address.

### 4.121.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 4.121.3.1 void SocketBase::Bind ( int *port* )

Associates the socket with a local endpoint.

Parameters

<i>port</i>	Port where the socket will perform the connection.
-------------	--

#### 4.121.3.2 int SocketBase::DoSend ( char const \* *buf*, int *bufSize*, int *flags* = 0 ) [protected]

Sends the data through the socket.

Exceptions

<a href="#">SysException</a>	
------------------------------	--

#### 4.121.3.3 int SocketBase::GetOption ( int *level*, int *option*, char \* *value*, int & *valueSize* ) [protected]

Gets the value of a socket option.

Parameters

<i>level</i>	Protocol level at which the option resides.
<i>option</i>	Option name.
<i>value</i>	Buffer to save the value.
<i>valueSize</i>	Integer to save the size of the value.

## Exceptions

<a href="#">SysException</a>	
------------------------------	--

## 4.121.3.4 int SocketBase::GetReceiveTimeout ( )

Gets the ReceiveTimeout property.

## Exceptions

<a href="#">SysException</a>	
------------------------------	--

## 4.121.3.5 int SocketBase::GetSendTimeout ( )

Gets the SendTimeout property.

## Exceptions

<a href="#">SysException</a>	
------------------------------	--

4.121.3.6 void SocketBase::Listen ( int *backLog* )

Sets the socket to a listening state.

## Parameters

<i>backLog</i>	Maximum length of the queue for pending connections.
----------------	--

4.121.3.7 int SocketBase::Receive ( char \* *buf*, int *bufSize*, int *flags* = 0 )

Gets data from the socket.

If no incoming data is available at the socket, the call blocks and waits for data to arrive.

## Returns

Number of bytes received.

## Exceptions

<a href="#">SysException</a>	
------------------------------	--

4.121.3.8 int SocketBase::ReceiveN ( char \* *buf*, int *bufSize*, int *flags* = 0 )

Gets data from the socket, performs multiple [Receive\(\)](#) calls until the buffer is full.

## Returns

Number of bytes received.

## Exceptions

<a href="#">SysException</a>	
------------------------------	--

4.121.3.9 void SocketBase::Send ( char const \* *buf*, int *bufSize*, int *flags* = 0 )

Sends the data through the socket converted to network byte order.

## Exceptions

<a href="#">SysException</a>	
------------------------------	--

4.121.3.10 void SocketBase::Send ( std::string const & *str*, int *flags* = 0 )

Sends the data through the socket converted to network byte order.

## Exceptions

<a href="#">SysException</a>	
------------------------------	--

4.121.3.11 void SocketBase::Send ( ByteStream & *stream*, int *flags* = 0 )

Sends the data through the socket converted to network byte order.

## Exceptions

<a href="#">SysException</a>	
------------------------------	--

4.121.3.12 void SocketBase::SetKeepAlive ( bool *value* )

Sets the KeepAlive property.

## Exceptions

<a href="#">SysException</a>	
------------------------------	--

4.121.3.13 void SocketBase::SetOption ( int *level*, int *option*, char const \* *value*, int *valueSize* ) [protected]

Sets a socket option.

## Parameters

<i>level</i>	Protocol level at which the option resides.
<i>option</i>	Option name.
<i>value</i>	Option value to set.
<i>valueSize</i>	Size of the value.

## Exceptions

<a href="#">SysException</a>	
------------------------------	--

4.121.3.14 void SocketBase::SetReceiveTimeout ( int *timeoutMs* )

Sets the ReceiveTimeout property.

## Exceptions

<a href="#">SysException</a>	
------------------------------	--

4.121.3.15 void SocketBase::SetReuseAddress ( bool *value* )

Sets the ReuseAddress property.

## Exceptions

<a href="#">SysException</a>	
------------------------------	--

4.121.3.16 void SocketBase::SetSendTimeout ( int *timeoutMs* )

Sets the SendTimeout property.

## Exceptions

<a href="#">SysException</a>	
------------------------------	--

4.121.3.17 void SocketBase::SetTCPNoDelay ( bool *value* )

Sets the TCPNoDelay property.

## Exceptions

<a href="#">SysException</a>	
------------------------------	--

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

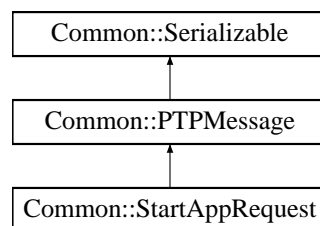
- Common/Socket.h
- Common/Socket.cpp

## 4.122 Common::StartAppRequest Class Reference

Represents a request to start the application.

```
#include <PTPMsg.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Common::StartAppRequest:



### Public Member Functions

- [StartAppRequest](#) (std::string const &appPath=std::string(), int argc=0, char const \*\*argv=0, std::string const &analyzerHost=std::string())  
*Constructor.*
- [~StartAppRequest](#) ()  
*Destructor.*
- PTPMsgType [GetType](#) () const  
*Returns type of message (PTPStartApp).*
- std::string const & [GetAppPath](#) () const  
*Returns the application path.*
- std::string const & [GetAnalyzerHost](#) () const  
*Returns the analyzer host name.*

- char \*\* [GetArgs](#) () const  
*Returns a pointer to the array of arguments.*
- int [GetArgCount](#) () const  
*Returns number of arguments given.*
- void [Serialize](#) ([Serializer](#) &out) const  
*Sends the message.*
- void [DeSerialize](#) ([DeSerializer](#) &in)  
*Receives the message.*

#### 4.122.1 Detailed Description

Represents a request to start the application.

##### Version

1.0b

##### Since

1.0b

##### Author

Ania Sikora, 2003

#### 4.122.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.122.2.1 [StartAppRequest::StartAppRequest](#) ( [std::string](#) const & *appPath* = [std::string\(\)](#), int *argc* = 0, char const \*\* *argv* = 0, [std::string](#) const & *analyzerHost* = [std::string\(\)](#) )

Constructor.

##### Parameters

<i>appPath</i>	Application path, default 0.
<i>argc</i>	Argument count, default 0.
<i>argv</i>	Arguments array, default 0.
<i>analyzerHost</i>	Host of the analyzer, default 0.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- Common/PTPMsg.h
- Common/PTPMsg.cpp

### 4.123 Stats Struct Reference

Struct that stores the mean and standard deviation values.

```
#include <FactoringTunlet_nw.h>
```

#### Public Attributes

- double [desv](#)  
*Standard deviation attribute.*
- double [mean](#)  
*Mean attribute.*

### 4.123.1 Detailed Description

Struct that stores the mean and standard deviation values.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

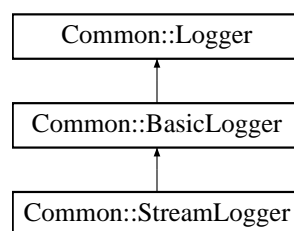
- Analyzer/FactoringTunlet\_nw.h

## 4.124 Common::StreamLogger Class Reference

Stores the logged information into a stream.

```
#include <Syslog.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Common::StreamLogger:



### Public Member Functions

- [StreamLogger](#) (std::ostream &stream)  
*Constructor.*
- [~StreamLogger](#) ()  
*Destructor.*
- void [Log](#) ([LogEntry](#) const &entry)  
*Inserts an entry to the log.*

### Additional Inherited Members

### 4.124.1 Detailed Description

Stores the logged information into a stream.

Version

1.0b

Since

1.0b

Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- Common/Syslog.h
- Common/Syslog.cpp

## 4.125 Common::StringArray Class Reference

Container of strings.

```
#include <StringArray.h>
```

### Public Member Functions

- [StringArray](#) (int size=0)  
*Constructor.*
- [~StringArray](#) ()  
*Destructor.*
- void [AddString](#) (char const \*s)  
*Adds a string to the array.*
- void [Grow](#) (int newSize)  
*Increments max size of the array.*
- int [GetCount](#) () const  
*Returns number of strings currently stored.*
- int [GetSize](#) () const  
*Returns max size of the array.*
- char const \* [GetString](#) (int idx) const  
*Returns string stored on the given position.*
- char \*\* [GetAccess](#) () const  
*Returns a pointer to the actual array.*
- void [Dump](#) () const  
*Writes current state of the array on the standard output.*

### 4.125.1 Detailed Description

Container of strings.

#### Version

1.0b

#### Since

1.0b

#### Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

### 4.125.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 4.125.2.1 StringArray::StringArray ( int size = 0 )

Constructor.



## Parameters

<i>size</i>	Size of the array, default 0.
-------------	-------------------------------

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

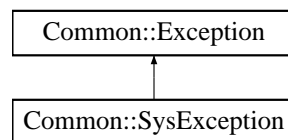
- Common/StringArray.h
- Common/StringArray.cpp

## 4.126 Common::SysException Class Reference

System exception.

```
#include <SysException.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Common::SysException:



### Public Member Functions

- [SysException](#) (std::string const &msg, std::string const &objName=std::string())  
*Constructor.*
- [SysException](#) (std::string const &msg, long errorCode)  
*Constructor.*
- void [Display](#) (std::ostream &os) const  
*Displays exception message on the given output stream.*
- void [Display](#) () const  
*Displays exception message on the standard error output.*
- std::string [GetReason](#) () const  
*Returns a string containing the error message.*

### Additional Inherited Members

#### 4.126.1 Detailed Description

System exception.

#### Version

1.0b

#### Since

1.0b

#### Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

## 4.126.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.126.2.1 `Common::SysException::SysException ( std::string const & msg, std::string const & objName =  
std::string () ) [inline]`

Constructor.

## Parameters

<i>msg</i>	<a href="#">Exception</a> message.
<i>objName</i>	Name of the object causing the exception, "" by default.

4.126.2.2 Common::SysException::SysException ( std::string const & *msg*, long *errorCode* ) [inline]

Constructor.

## Parameters

<i>msg</i>	<a href="#">Exception</a> message.
<i>errorCode</i>	<a href="#">Exception</a> error code.

## 4.126.3 Member Function Documentation

4.126.3.1 void Common::SysException::Display ( std::ostream & *os* ) const [virtual]

Displays exception message on the given output stream.

## Parameters

<i>os</i>	Output stream to display the message.
-----------	---------------------------------------

Reimplemented from [Common::Exception](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- Common/SysException.h
- Common/SysException.cpp

## 4.127 Common::Syslog Class Reference

Holds and manages a loggers on the system.

```
#include <Syslog.h>
```

## Public Types

- typedef [auto\\_vector](#)< [Logger](#) > **LoggerVector**
- typedef [auto\\_iterator](#)< [Logger](#) > **LoggerIterator**

## Static Public Member Functions

- static void [Configure](#) ()  
*Configures the system with a default configuration.*
- static void [Configure](#) ([Config](#) &cfg, string loggerName="")  
*Configures the logger with a given [Config](#).*
- static void [LogEvent](#) (LogSeverity s, std::string const &message)  
*Adds an entry with the given event to all the loggers.*
- static void [Debug](#) (std::string const &message)  
*Logs an event with DEBUG level of severity.*
- static void [Info](#) (std::string const &message)  
*Logs an event with INFO level of severity.*

- static void [Warn](#) (std::string const &message)  
*Logs an event with WARNING level of severity.*
- static void [Error](#) (std::string const &message)  
*Logs an event with ERROR level of severity.*
- static void [Fatal](#) (std::string const &message)  
*Logs an event with FATAL level of severity.*
- static void [Debug](#) (char \*formatStr,...)  
*Logs an event with DEBUG level of severity.*
- static void [Info](#) (char \*formatStr,...)  
*Logs an event with INFO level of severity.*
- static void [Warn](#) (char \*formatStr,...)  
*Logs an event with WARNING level of severity.*
- static void [Error](#) (char \*formatStr,...)  
*Logs an event with ERROR level of severity.*
- static void [Fatal](#) (char \*formatStr,...)  
*Logs an event with FATAL level of severity.*
- static bool [CanWrite](#) ()  
*Returns true if the system log is enabled, false otherwise.*
- static [Logger](#) const \* [GetLogger](#) (std::string const &name)  
*Returns logger with given name.*
- static void [AddLogger](#) (LoggerPtr &logger)  
*Adds a new logger to the system log.*
- static void [RemoveLogger](#) (std::string const &name)  
*Not implemented.*
- static [LoggerIterator](#) [GetLoggers](#) ()  
*Returns an iterator pointing to the first logger.*

#### 4.127.1 Detailed Description

Holds and manages a loggers on the system.

This is a static class that can't be instantiated.

##### Version

1.0b

##### Since

1.0b

##### Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

#### 4.127.2 Member Function Documentation

##### 4.127.2.1 void Syslog::Configure ( ) [static]

Configures the system with a default configuration.

This configuration uses an only [Logger](#) that outputs it's logs on the standard error output.

## Exceptions

<a href="#">SysException</a>	
------------------------------	--

**4.127.2.2** `void Syslog::Debug ( std::string const & message )` `[inline],[static]`

Logs an event with DEBUG level of severity.

Uses a string as a parameter.

**4.127.2.3** `void Syslog::Debug ( char * formatStr, ... )` `[static]`

Logs an event with DEBUG level of severity.

Uses a char \* as a parameter.

**4.127.2.4** `void Syslog::Error ( std::string const & message )` `[inline],[static]`

Logs an event with ERROR level of severity.

Uses a string as a parameter.

**4.127.2.5** `void Syslog::Error ( char * formatStr, ... )` `[static]`

Logs an event with ERROR level of severity.

Uses a char \* as a parameter.

**4.127.2.6** `void Syslog::Fatal ( std::string const & message )` `[inline],[static]`

Logs an event with FATAL level of severity.

Uses a string as a parameter.

**4.127.2.7** `void Syslog::Fatal ( char * formatStr, ... )` `[static]`

Logs an event with FATAL level of severity.

Uses a char \* as a parameter.

**4.127.2.8** `void Syslog::Info ( std::string const & message )` `[inline],[static]`

Logs an event with INFO level of severity.

Uses a string as a parameter.

**4.127.2.9** `void Syslog::Info ( char * formatStr, ... )` `[static]`

Logs an event with INFO level of severity.

Uses a char \* as a parameter.

4.127.2.10 `void Syslog::Warn ( std::string const & message ) [inline],[static]`

Logs an event with WARNING level of severity.

Uses a string as a parameter.

4.127.2.11 `void Syslog::Warn ( char * formatStr, ... ) [static]`

Logs an event with WARNING level of severity.

Uses a char \* as a parameter.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- Common/Syslog.h
- Common/Syslog.cpp

## 4.128 Model::Task Class Reference

Encapsulates information to define the tasks that form the application. The data structure of a task consists of identification data (pid, mpiRank, name), status data, where it is running (host), which events are being collected from it and if it is either a master task or not. Provides methods to:

```
#include <AppTask.h>
```

### Public Member Functions

- int [GetPid](#) () const  
*Pid getter.*
- int [GetMpiRank](#) () const  
*MPI Rank getter.*
- string [GetName](#) () const  
*Name getter.*
- [Host](#) & [GetHost](#) () const  
*Host getter.*
- bool [IsRunning](#) () const  
*Indicates if the task is still running.*
- bool [IsMaster](#) () const  
*Indicates if the task is the master task.*
- Status [GetStatus](#) () const  
*Status getter.*
- void [AddEvent](#) ([Event](#) const &e)  
*Adds a definition of new event to be traced in this task.*
- bool [RemoveEvent](#) (int eventId, InstrPlace place)  
*Removes previously added event from this task.*
- void [LoadLibrary](#) (string const &libPath)  
*Loads a shared library to this task. This enables the [Analyzer](#) to load any additional code required for the tuning.*
- void [SetVariableValue](#) (string const &varName, [AttributeValue](#) const &varValue, [Breakpoint](#) \*brkpt)  
*Modifies a value of a specified variable in the running task application process.*
- void [ReplaceFunction](#) (string const &oldFunc, string const &newFunc, [Breakpoint](#) \*brkpt)  
*Replaces all calls to a function with calls to another one in this task.*
- void [InsertFunctionCall](#) (string const &funcName, int nAttrs, [Attribute](#) \*attrs, string const &destFunc, InstrPlace destPlace, [Breakpoint](#) \*brkpt)

*Inserts a new function invocation code at a given location in this task.*

- void [OneTimeFuncCall](#) (string const &funcName, int nAttrs, [Attribute](#) \*attrs, [Breakpoint](#) \*brkpt)

*Inserts a new function invocation code in this task and invokes it once.*

- void [RemoveFuncCall](#) (string const &funcName, string const &callerFunc, [Breakpoint](#) \*brkpt)

*Removes all calls to a given function from the given caller function in this task. For example this method can be used to remove all flush() function calls from a debug() function.*

- void [FuncParamChange](#) (string const &funcName, int paramIdx, int newValue, int \*requiredOldValue, [Breakpoint](#) \*brkpt)

*Sets the value of an input parameter of a given function in this task. This parameter value is modified before the function body is invoked. It is also possible to change the parameter value under condition, namely if the parameter has a value equal to requiredOldValue, only then its value is changed to new one. If the requiredOldValue is zero, then the value of the parameter is changed unconditionally.*

- void [SetTaskExitHandler](#) ([TaskHandler](#) &h)

*Installs a callback function that is called when this task terminates.*

## Protected Member Functions

- [Task](#) (int pid, int mpiRank, string const &name, [Host](#) &h)

*Constructor.*

- void [SetMaster](#) (bool value)

*Sets if this task is Master or not.*

- [ACProxy](#) \* [GetACProxy](#) ()

- void [DispatchEvent](#) ([EventMsg](#) const &msg)

*Finds the [Event](#) of the given message, gets its handler and Record and passes it to [HandleEvent](#)()*

## Friends

- class [Application](#)

### 4.128.1 Detailed Description

Encapsulates information to define the tasks that form the application. The data structure of a task consists of identification data (pid, mpiRank, name), status data, where it is running (host), which events are being collected from it and if it is either a master task or not. Provides methods to:

- Retrieve application information
- Monitoring: add/remove events to trace.
- Tuning: loading libraries, changing variables & parameter values, adding/removing function calls and calling them explicitly.

### 4.128.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 4.128.2.1 `Task::Task ( int pid, int mpiRank, string const & name, Host & h )` `[protected]`

Constructor.

Parameters

---

<i>pid</i>	Globally unique task id.
<i>mpiRank</i>	Id associated to MPI
<i>name</i>	Process name.
<i>h</i>	Reference to the host object this task is running on.

### 4.128.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 4.128.3.1 void Task::AddEvent ( Event const & e )

Adds a definition of new event to be traced in this task.

Parameters

<i>e</i>	<a href="#">Event</a> to be traced.
----------	-------------------------------------

Returns

Number of tasks where the event tracing was added.

#### 4.128.3.2 void Task::DispatchEvent ( EventMsg const & msg ) [protected]

Finds the [Event](#) of the given message, gets its handler and Record and passes it to HandleEvent()

Parameters

<i>msg</i>	
------------	--

#### 4.128.3.3 void Task::FuncParamChange ( string const & funcName, int paramIdx, int newValue, int \* requiredOldValue, Breakpoint \* brkpt )

Sets the value of an input parameter of a given function in this task. This parameter value is modified before the function body is invoked. It is also possible to change the parameter value under condition, namely if the parameter has a value equal to requiredOldValue, only then its value is changed to new one. If the requiredOldValue is zero, then the value of the parameter is changed unconditionally.

Parameters

<i>funcName</i>	Name of the function
<i>paramIdx</i>	Id of the parameter to change
<i>newValue</i>	New value for the parameter
<i>requiredOld-Value</i>	Required old value of the parameter to change
<i>brkpt</i>	—

Returns

Number of tasks where the parameter was changed.

#### 4.128.3.4 ACProxy \* Task::GetACProxy ( ) [protected]

Returns

[ACProxy](#) object of this task.



4.128.3.5 `Host& Model::Task::GetHost ( ) const [inline]`

[Host](#) getter.

## Returns

Reference to the host object this task is running on.

4.128.3.6 `int Model::Task::GetMpiRank ( ) const [inline]`

MPI Rank getter.

## Returns

MPI Rank of the task.

4.128.3.7 `string Model::Task::GetName ( ) const [inline]`

Name getter.

## Returns

Process name

4.128.3.8 `int Model::Task::GetPid ( ) const [inline]`

Pid getter.

## Returns

Globally unique process id

4.128.3.9 `Status Model::Task::GetStatus ( ) const [inline]`

Status getter.

## Returns

[Task](#) Status information

4.128.3.10 `void Task::InsertFunctionCall ( string const & funcName, int nAttrs, Attribute * attrs, string const & destFunc, InstrPlace destPlace, Breakpoint * brkpt )`

Inserts a new function invocation code at a given location in this task.

## Parameters

<i>funcName</i>	Name of the function to call.
<i>nAttrs</i>	Number of parameters of the function.
<i>attrs</i>	Values for each parameter.
<i>destFunc</i>	Function where the calls will be placed.
<i>destPlace</i>	Place of the function where the calls will be placed.
<i>brkpt</i>	—

## Returns

Number of tasks where the function calls were added.

4.128.3.11 `bool Model::Task::IsMaster ( ) const [inline]`

Indicates if the task is the master task.

#### Returns

True if master false otherwise.

4.128.3.12 `bool Model::Task::IsRunning ( ) const [inline]`

Indicates if the task is still running.

#### Returns

True if still running false otherwise.

4.128.3.13 `void Task::LoadLibrary ( string const & libPath )`

Loads a shared library to this task. This enables the [Analyzer](#) to load any additional code required for the tuning.

#### Parameters

<i>libPath</i>	Path to the library.
----------------	----------------------

#### Returns

Number of tasks where the library is loaded.

4.128.3.14 `void Task::OneTimeFuncCall ( string const & funcName, int nAttrs, Attribute * attrs, Breakpoint * brkpt )`

Inserts a new function invocation code in this task and invokes it once.

#### Parameters

<i>funcName</i>	Name of the function to call
<i>nAttrs</i>	Number of arguments of the function
<i>attrs</i>	Values for each argument of the function
<i>brkpt</i>	—

#### Returns

Number of tasks where the function was called.

4.128.3.15 `bool Task::RemoveEvent ( int eventId, InstrPlace place )`

Removes previously added event from this task.

#### Parameters

<i>eventId</i>	Id of the event
<i>place</i>	Place of the function where the event is recorded

#### Returns

Number of tasks where the event was removed.

4.128.3.16 void Task::RemoveFuncCall ( string const & *funcName*, string const & *callerFunc*, Breakpoint \* *brkpt* )

Removes all calls to a given function from the given caller function in this task. For example this method can be used to remove all flush() function calls from a debug() function.

## Parameters

<i>funcName</i>	Name of the function
<i>callerFunc</i>	Function that calls the function that will be removed
<i>brkpt</i>	—

## Returns

Number of tasks where the function call is removed.

**4.128.3.17** void Task::ReplaceFunction ( string const & *oldFunc*, string const & *newFunc*, Breakpoint \* *brkpt* )

Replaces all calls to a function with calls to another one in this task.

## Parameters

<i>oldFunc</i>	Name of the function to replace.
<i>newFunc</i>	Name of the new function.
<i>brkpt</i>	—

## Returns

Number of tasks where the function calls were changed.

**4.128.3.18** void Model::Task::SetMaster ( bool *value* ) [inline], [protected]

Sets if this task is Master or not.

## Parameters

<i>value</i>	Determines if its Master or not.
--------------	----------------------------------

**4.128.3.19** void Task::SetVariableValue ( string const & *varName*, AttributeValue const & *varValue*, Breakpoint \* *brkpt* )

Modifies a value of a specified variable in the running task application process.

## Parameters

<i>varName</i>	Name of the variable.
<i>varValue</i>	New value for the variable.
<i>brkpt</i>	—

## Returns

Number of tasks where the values were changed.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- Analyzer/AppTask.h
- Analyzer/AppTask.cpp

## 4.129 Task Class Reference

Represents each of the processes that we can modify using Dyninst.

```
#include <Task.h>
```

## Public Member Functions

- [Task](#) (const std::string &path, char \*args[], [TimeValue](#) const &clockDiff, string const &analyzerHost, int analyzerPort, int debugLevel, int debugStdErr, string const &DMLibName)  
*Constructor.*
- [~Task](#) ()  
*Destructor.*
- int [GetPid](#) ()  
*Getter of the identifier of the process being modified.*
- int [GetMpiRank](#) ()  
*Getter of the MPIRank attribute.*
- void [Continue](#) ()  
*Restarts the execution of the process after breakpoint.*
- void [WaitFor](#) ()  
*Waits for the process to be terminated.*
- [DiProcess](#) & [GetProcess](#) ()  
*Getter of the variable \_process.*
- [DImage](#) & [GetImage](#) ()  
*Getter of the variable \_image.*
- [TaskInstr](#) & [GetInstr](#) ()  
*Getter of the variable \_instr.*
- bool [IsStopped](#) ()  
*Checks if the process is running.*
- bool [Terminate](#) ()  
*Terminates a running process and invokes the callback function if exists.*
- bool [IsTerminated](#) ()  
*Checks if the process is terminated.*
- void [AddDelayedTuning](#) ([Common::TuningRequest](#) \*req)  
*Adds a tuning request to the pending list.*
- bool [IsStoppedOnBreakpoint](#) ()  
*Checks if the process is stopped in a breakpoint.*
- void [ProcessBreakpoint](#) ([Tuner](#) &t)  
*It is called when the process hits a breakpoint and needs to be handled.*
- void [UnloadLibrary](#) ()  
*Unload the DMLib from a process which has terminated.*

### 4.129.1 Detailed Description

Represents each of the processes that we can modify using Dyninst.

Provides the necessary function to manage the process to be modified and to control its execution during the modifications.

#### Version

1.0

#### Since

1.0

#### Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

## 4.129.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.129.2.1 `Task::Task ( const std::string & path, char * args[], TimeValue const & clockDiff, string const & analyzerHost, int analyzerPort, int debugLevel, int debugStdErr, string const & DMLibName )`

Constructor.

## Parameters

<i>path</i>	Path to the executable of the application.
<i>args[]</i>	Array that contains the arguments with which the application should be executed.
<i>clockDiff</i>	Correction of the clock difference.
<i>analyzerHost</i>	Address of the host in which the analyzer is running.
<i>analyzerPort</i>	Port through which the analyzer communicates.
<i>debugLevel</i>	Selected level of debugging.
<i>debugStdErr</i>	Debug messages output.
<i>DMLibName</i>	Name of the dynamic library to be loaded into the process.

## 4.129.3 Member Function Documentation

## 4.129.3.1 void Task::AddDelayedTuning ( Common::TuningRequest \* req )

Adds a tuning request to the pending list.

## Parameters

<i>req</i>	Request for tuning procedure.
------------	-------------------------------

## 4.129.3.2 DiImage&amp; Task::GetImage ( ) [inline]

Getter of the variable `_image`.

## Returns

Image of the process that is being modified.

## 4.129.3.3 TaskInstr&amp; Task::GetInstr ( ) [inline]

Getter of the variable `_instr`.

## Returns

Instrumentation to be inserted.

## 4.129.3.4 int Task::GetPid ( ) [inline]

Getter of the identifier of the process being modified.

## Returns

Pid of the process being modified.

## 4.129.3.5 DiProcess&amp; Task::GetProcess ( ) [inline]

Getter of the variable `_process`.

## Returns

Process that is being modified.

**4.129.3.6** `bool Task::IsStopped ( ) [inline]`

Checks if the process is running.

**Returns**

False if its running, true if stopped.

**4.129.3.7** `bool Task::IsStoppedOnBreakpoint ( ) [inline]`

Checks if the process is stopped in a breakpoint.

**Returns**

True if process is currently stopped and situated in a breakpoint .

**4.129.3.8** `bool Task::IsTerminated ( ) [inline]`

Checks if the process is terminated.

**Returns**

True if the process has exited.

**4.129.3.9** `void Task::ProcessBreakpoint ( Tuner & t )`

It is called when the process hits a breakpoint and needs to be handled.

**Parameters**

<code>t</code>	<code>Tuner</code> that will apply the changes specified in the request for each task.
----------------	--

**4.129.3.10** `bool Task::Terminate ( ) [inline]`

Terminates a running process and invokes the callback function if exists.

**Returns**

True for success, false for failure.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- AC/Task.h
- AC/Task.cpp

## 4.130 TaskCollection Class Reference

Groups task in a single, easy to handle, collection.

```
#include <Tasks.h>
```

**Public Types**

- enum { **NotFound** = -1 }



## Public Member Functions

- [TaskCollection](#) ()  
*Constructor.*
- void [Add](#) (auto\_ptr< [Task](#) > &task)  
*Adds a new task to the collection.*
- void [Delete](#) (int index)  
*Removes a task from the collection.*
- void [Clear](#) ()  
*Erases all the elements of the array.*
- [Task](#) const \* [operator\[\]](#) (int index) const  
*Enables the use of the [] to select an element from the collection.*
- [Task](#) \* [operator\[\]](#) (int index)  
*Enables the use of the [] to select an element from the collection.*
- int [FindByPid](#) (int pid)  
*Finds task by its PID and returns its index.*
- int [GetCount](#) () const  
*Getter of the number of tasks contained.*
- [Task](#) & [GetByPid](#) (int pid)  
*Looks for a task among the ones stored and returns its reference if found.*

### 4.130.1 Detailed Description

Groups task in a single, easy to handle, collection.

Provides collection methods to a group of tasks to facilitate the handling of many tasks at once.

### 4.130.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 4.130.2.1 void TaskCollection::Add ( auto\_ptr< Task > & task ) [inline]

Adds a new task to the collection.

Parameters

<i>task</i>	Pointer to the task to be added.
-------------	----------------------------------

#### 4.130.2.2 void TaskCollection::Delete ( int index ) [inline]

Removes a task from the collection.

Parameters

<i>index</i>	Position in the array of the task to be removed.
--------------	--

#### 4.130.2.3 int TaskCollection::FindByPid ( int pid ) [inline]

Finds task by its PID and returns its index.

Checks if a task with the given PID is being executed by the AC.

## Parameters

<i>pid</i>	ID of the process which is executing the task.
------------	--

## Returns

NotFound if a task with given PID is not stored in the collection

4.130.2.4 **Task& TaskCollection::GetByPid ( int *pid* )** [inline]

Looks for a task among the ones stored and returns its reference if found.

## Parameters

<i>pid</i>	ID of the process executing the desired task.
------------	---

## Returns

The task if it's found.

## Exceptions

<i>Task not found</i>	exception if there is no task with the required PID.
-----------------------	--

4.130.2.5 **int TaskCollection::GetCount ( ) const** [inline]

Getter of the number of tasks contained.

## Returns

number of stored tasks

4.130.2.6 **Task const\* TaskCollection::operator[] ( int *index* ) const** [inline]

Enables the use of the [] to select an element from the collection.

## Parameters

<i>index</i>	Position in the array.
--------------	------------------------

## Returns

Constant value of a pointer to the selected task.

4.130.2.7 **Task\* TaskCollection::operator[] ( int *index* )** [inline]

Enables the use of the [] to select an element from the collection.

## Parameters

<i>index</i>	Position in the array.
--------------	------------------------

## Returns

Pointer to the selected task.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- AC/Tasks.h

## 4.131 TaskExitHandler Class Reference

Contains a virtual function to handle the exit of a task.

```
#include <TaskManager.h>
```

### Public Member Functions

- virtual void [HandleTaskExit](#) ([Task](#) const &task, int exitCode)=0  
*Installs a callback function that is called when the task terminates.*

### 4.131.1 Detailed Description

Contains a virtual function to handle the exit of a task.

Version

1.0

Since

1.0

Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

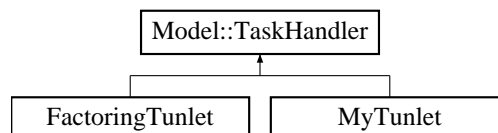
- AC/TaskManager.h

## 4.132 Model::TaskHandler Class Reference

Abstract class that provides methods to determine if a task is started or terminated.

```
#include <AppTask.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Model::TaskHandler:



### Public Member Functions

- virtual void [TaskStarted](#) ([Task](#) &t)=0  
*Called when a new task is started.*
- virtual void [TaskTerminated](#) ([Task](#) &t)=0  
*Called when a task is terminated.*

### 4.132.1 Detailed Description

Abstract class that provides methods to determine if a task is started or terminated.

### 4.132.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 4.132.2.1 virtual void Model::TaskHandler::TaskStarted ( Task & t ) [pure virtual]

Called when a new task is started.

Parameters

<i>t</i>	Started task object.
----------	----------------------

Implemented in [FactoringTunlet](#), and [MyTunlet](#).

#### 4.132.2.2 virtual void Model::TaskHandler::TaskTerminated ( Task & t ) [pure virtual]

Called when a task is terminated.

Parameters

<i>t</i>	Terminated task object.
----------	-------------------------

Implemented in [FactoringTunlet](#), and [MyTunlet](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Analyzer/AppTask.h

## 4.133 TaskInstr Class Reference

Adds and remove instrumentation from the process in execution.

```
#include <TaskInstr.h>
```

### Public Member Functions

- [TaskInstr](#) ()  
*Constructor.*
- [~TaskInstr](#) ()  
*Destructor.*
- int [GetSize](#) () const  
*Getter of the size of the variable \_map.*
- void [Add](#) (int eventId, string const &functionName, InstrPlace instrPlace, BPatchSnippetHandle \*handler)  
*Adds a new snippet (handler) to the group in the map under the eventId key.*
- void [Remove](#) (int eventId, InstrPlace instrPlace)  
*Eliminates all the snippets to be inserted on the same event and place.*
- InstrGroup \* [FindGroup](#) (int eventId)  
*Finds an instrumentation group for a given eventId.*
- void [SetBreakpoint](#) (BPatchSnippetHandle \*h)  
*Setter of the variable \_brkptHandle which represents a place in the process where it should be stopped.*
- BPatchSnippetHandle \* [GetBreakpoint](#) ()  
*Getter of the variable \_brkptHandle which represents a place in the process where it should be stopped.*

### 4.133.1 Detailed Description

Adds and remove instrumentation from the process in execution.

Version

1.0

Since

1.0

Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

### 4.133.2 Member Function Documentation

**4.133.2.1** `void TaskInstr::Add ( int eventId, string const & functionName, InstrPlace instrPlace, BPatchSnippetHandle * handler )`

Adds a new snippet (handler) to the group in the map under the eventId key.

If a group doesn't exist with that key one is created and added to the map.

Parameters

<i>eventId</i>	Identifier of the event used as key to store the instrumentation groups in the map.
<i>functionName</i>	Name of the function to be modified.
<i>instrPlace</i>	Place of the function where the snippet will be inserted.
<i>handler</i>	Handle of the snippet to be inserted.

**4.133.2.2** `InstrGroup * TaskInstr::FindGroup ( int eventId )`

Finds an instrumentation group for a given eventId.

Parameters

<i>eventId</i>	Key to find the instrumentation group in the map.
----------------	---

Returns

IntrGroup object that contains all the snippets to be added on a given event.

**4.133.2.3** `BPatchSnippetHandle* TaskInstr::GetBreakpoint ( ) [inline]`

Getter of the variable `_brkptHandle` which represents a place in the process where it should be stopped.

Returns

Handle of the breakpoint.

**4.133.2.4** `int TaskInstr::GetSize ( ) const [inline]`

Getter of the size of the variable `_map`.

Returns

size of the map `_map`.

#### 4.133.2.5 void TaskInstr::Remove ( int *eventId*, InstrPlace *instrPlace* )

Eliminates all the snippets to be inserted on the same event and place.

##### Parameters

<i>eventId</i>	Identifier of the event used as key to find and remove the instrumentation groups in the map.
<i>instrPlace</i>	Place of the function where the snippet would have been.

##### Exceptions

<i>Remove</i>	cannot find instrumentation group.
---------------	------------------------------------

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- AC/TaskInstr.h
- AC/TaskInstr.cpp

## 4.134 TaskManager Class Reference

Single class that starts and handles all the tasks.

```
#include <TaskManager.h>
```

### 4.134.1 Detailed Description

Single class that starts and handles all the tasks.

Originally this class started the applications in each node using MPI, now this is done externally.

##### Version

1.0

##### Since

1.0

##### Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- AC/TaskManager.h

## 4.135 Model::Tasks Class Reference

[Tasks](#) encapsulate methods to work with lists of [Task](#) objects. The data structure to hold the information is an [auto\\_vector](#). This class provides methods to add, remove, access [Task](#) objects in an array. It also provides methods to find [Tasks](#) and for measuring the array.

```
#include <AppTask.h>
```

### Public Types

- enum { **NotFound** = -1 }

## Public Member Functions

- [Tasks](#) ()  
*Constructor.*
- void [Add](#) (auto\_ptr< [Task](#) > &task)  
*Adds a task to the list.*
- void [Delete](#) (int index)  
*Deletes a task from the list.*
- [Task](#) const \* [operator\[\]](#) (int index) const  
*Accessor to the array.*
- [Task](#) \* [operator\[\]](#) (int index)  
*Accessor to the array.*
- int [FindById](#) (int id)  
*Finds a task by ID and returns its index.*
- int [Size](#) () const  
*Size getter.*
- [Task](#) & [GetById](#) (int id)  
*Finds a task by ID and returns a reference to it.*
- auto\_ptr< [Task](#) > [Remove](#) (int id)  
*Removes a task by ID from the list.*

### 4.135.1 Detailed Description

[Tasks](#) encapsulate methods to work with lists of [Task](#) objects. The data structure to hold the information is an [auto-vector](#). This class provides methods to add, remove, access [Task](#) objects in an array. It also provides methods to find [Tasks](#) and for measuring the array.

### 4.135.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 4.135.2.1 void Tasks::Add ( auto\_ptr< Task > & task )

Adds a task to the list.

Parameters

<i>task</i>	The task to add.
-------------	------------------

#### 4.135.2.2 void Tasks::Delete ( int index )

Deletes a task from the list.

Parameters

<i>index</i>	Position in the list of the task to delete.
--------------	---

#### 4.135.2.3 int Tasks::FindById ( int id )

Finds a task by ID and returns its index.

## Parameters

<i>id</i>	Identifier of the task.
-----------	-------------------------

## Returns

Index of the task or NotFound if a task with given ID is not stored in the collection.

4.135.2.4 Task & Tasks::GetById ( int *id* )

Finds a task by ID and returns a reference to it.

## Parameters

<i>id</i>	Identifier of the task (pid).
-----------	-------------------------------

## Returns

A reference to the found task.

## Exceptions

<i>Exception</i>	if not found.
------------------	---------------

4.135.2.5 Task const \* Tasks::operator[] ( int *index* ) const

Accessor to the array.

## Parameters

<i>index</i>	Position of the array to access.
--------------	----------------------------------

## Returns

Pointer to the specified position

4.135.2.6 Task \* Tasks::operator[] ( int *index* )

Accessor to the array.

## Parameters

<i>index</i>	Position of the array to access.
--------------	----------------------------------

## Returns

Pointer to the specified position

4.135.2.7 auto\_ptr< Task > Tasks::Remove ( int *id* )

Removes a task by ID from the list.



## Parameters

<i>id</i>	Identifier of the task.
-----------	-------------------------

## Returns

A reference to the removed task or a null pointer if it was not present.

## 4.135.2.8 int Tasks::Size ( ) const

Size getter.

## Returns

Number of stored tasks

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- Analyzer/AppTask.h
- Analyzer/AppTask.cpp

## 4.136 TaskStats Class Reference

Class that deals with the statistics of a certain task e.g. the communication costs, optimal fragment size or the total number of changes.

### Public Member Functions

- [TaskStats](#) (int tid)  
*Constructor.*
- void [ChangeFragSize](#) (int size)  
*Changes the fragment size to the one provided by the parameter and increments \_nChanges by 1.*
- void [Update](#) (int count, int size)  
*Updates the number of messages by count and the sum size by size*
- double [GetCommCost](#) () const  
*Returns the communication costs by multiplying the number of messages and the sum size by two factors and then adding their results together.*
- int [GetOptimalFragSize](#) () const  
*Finds the optimal fragment size based on the current number of messages and the sum size.*
- int [GetCurrentFragSize](#) () const  
*Getter of the current fragment size.*
- int [GetNumChanges](#) () const  
*Getter of the current number of changes.*
- int [GetTid](#) () const  
*Getter of the Tid.*

### 4.136.1 Detailed Description

Class that deals with the statistics of a certain task e.g. the communication costs, optimal fragment size or the total number of changes.

## Version

1.0b

## Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

## Since

1.0b

## 4.136.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### 4.136.2.1 TaskStats::TaskStats ( int *tid* ) [inline]

Constructor.

## Parameters

<i>tid</i>	Id to assign to the task
------------	--------------------------

## 4.136.3 Member Function Documentation

### 4.136.3.1 void TaskStats::ChangeFragSize ( int *size* ) [inline]

Changes the fragment size to the one provided by the parameter and increments `_nChanges` by 1.

## Parameters

<i>size</i>	Value of the new frag size
-------------	----------------------------

### 4.136.3.2 double TaskStats::GetCommCost ( ) const [inline]

Returns the communication costs by multiplying the number of messages and the sum size by two factors and then adding their results together.

## Returns

Communication costs in *ms*

### 4.136.3.3 int TaskStats::GetCurrentFragSize ( ) const [inline]

Getter of the current fragment size.

## Returns

`_fragSize`

### 4.136.3.4 int TaskStats::GetNumChanges ( ) const [inline]

Getter of the current number of changes.

## Returns

`_nChanges`

4.136.3.5 `int TaskStats::GetOptimalFragSize ( ) const [inline]`

Finds the optimal fragment size based on the current number of messages and the sum size.

Returns

Optimal fragment size

4.136.3.6 `int TaskStats::GetTid ( ) const [inline]`

Getter of the Tid.

Returns

`_tid`

4.136.3.7 `void TaskStats::Update ( int count, int size ) [inline]`

Updates the number of messages by *count* and the sum size by *size*

Parameters

<i>count</i>	Increments the number of messages by its value
<i>size</i>	Increments the sum size by its value

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Analyzer/Analysis.cpp

## 4.137 Common::Thread Class Reference

Posix thread.

```
#include <Thread.h>
```

### Public Member Functions

- [Thread](#) (void \*(\*pFun)(void \*arg), void \*pArg)  
*Constructor.*
- void [WaitForDeath](#) ()  
*Waits for termination of the thread.*
- void [Exit](#) ()  
*Stops the thread execution.*

### 4.137.1 Detailed Description

Posix thread.

Version

1.0b

Since

1.0b

Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

## 4.137.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### 4.137.2.1 Thread::Thread ( void (\*)(void \*arg) pFun, void \* pArg )

Constructor.

Parameters

<i>arg</i>	Pointer to the function to run.
<i>pArg</i>	Pointer to the function arguments.

Exceptions

<a href="#">SysException</a>	
------------------------------	--

## 4.137.3 Member Function Documentation

### 4.137.3.1 void Thread::WaitForDeath ( )

Waits for termination of the thread.

Exceptions

<a href="#">SysException</a>	
------------------------------	--

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- Common/Thread.h
- Common/Thread.cpp

## 4.138 Common::TimeValue Class Reference

Stores a time value up to microseconds.

```
#include <TimeValue.h>
```

### Public Member Functions

- [TimeValue](#) ()  
*Constructor.*
- [TimeValue](#) (long secs, long usecs=0)  
*Constructor.*
- [TimeValue](#) ([TimeValue](#) const &t)  
*Constructor.*
- [TimeValue](#) (timeval const &t)  
*Constructor.*
- [TimeValue](#) (struct timeb const &tb)  
*Constructor.*

- **TimeValue** & **operator=** (**TimeValue** const &t)
- **TimeValue** & **operator=** (timeval const &t)
- void **operator+=** (**TimeValue** const &t)
- void **operator-=** (**TimeValue** const &t)
- long **GetSeconds** () const  
*Returns seconds of the object.*
- long **GetMicroseconds** () const  
*Returns microseconds of the object without counting on the seconds.*
- long\_t **GetMilliseconds** () const  
*Returns milliseconds of the object.*
- long\_t **GetTotalMicroseconds** () const  
*Returns microseconds of the object.*
- void **Zero** ()  
*Sets seconds and microseconds to 0.*
- void **SetCurrentTime** ()  
*Sets values to current time.*
- **operator struct timeval** \* ()

### Static Public Member Functions

- static **TimeValue** **Now** ()  
*Returns current time.*

### Friends

- **TimeValue** **operator+** (**TimeValue** const &t1, **TimeValue** const &t2)
- **TimeValue** **operator-** (**TimeValue** const &t1, **TimeValue** const &t2)
- **TimeValue** **operator/** (**TimeValue** const &t1, int value)
- bool **operator<** (**TimeValue** const &t1, **TimeValue** const &t2)
- bool **operator>** (**TimeValue** const &t1, **TimeValue** const &t2)
- bool **operator==** (**TimeValue** const &t1, **TimeValue** const &t2)
- bool **operator!=** (**TimeValue** const &t1, **TimeValue** const &t2)

#### 4.138.1 Detailed Description

Stores a time value up to microseconds.

##### Version

1.0b

##### Since

1.0b

##### Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

## 4.138.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### 4.138.2.1 `Common::TimeValue::TimeValue ( )` `[inline]`

Constructor.

By default the value of the time value is 0 seconds and 0 microseconds.

### 4.138.2.2 `Common::TimeValue::TimeValue ( long secs, long usecs = 0 )` `[inline]`

Constructor.

Sets seconds and microseconds (microseconds are 0 by default).

Parameters

<code>secs</code>	Seconds.
<code>usecs</code>	Microseconds.

### 4.138.2.3 `Common::TimeValue::TimeValue ( TimeValue const & t )` `[inline]`

Constructor.

Assigns the values of the [TimeValue](#) object.

### 4.138.2.4 `Common::TimeValue::TimeValue ( timeval const & t )` `[inline]`

Constructor.

Assigns values of the given structure.

### 4.138.2.5 `Common::TimeValue::TimeValue ( struct timeb const & tb )` `[inline]`

Constructor.

Assigns values of the given structure converted to the used format.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- `Common/TimeValue.h`
- `Common/TimeValue.cpp`

## 4.139 Tuner Class Reference

Contains the tools necessary to handle the requests from the [Analyzer](#). Performs the different tuning jobs and handles breakpoints by delaying the tuning until the target point is reached.

```
#include <Tuner.h>
```

### Public Member Functions

- [Tuner](#) ([TaskCollection](#) &tasks)  
*Constructor.*
- void [Process](#) ([Common::TuningRequest](#) \*req)  
*Handles the tuning requests received from the [Analyzer](#).*
- void [RemoveLastBreakpoint](#) ([Task](#) &task)

*Removes the breakpoint snippet inserted in the process.*

### 4.139.1 Detailed Description

Contains the tools necessary to handle the requests from the [Analyzer](#). Performs the different tuning jobs and handles breakpoints by delaying the tuning until the target point is reached.

#### Version

1.0

#### Since

1.0

#### Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

### 4.139.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 4.139.2.1 Tuner::Tuner ( TaskCollection & tasks ) [inline]

Constructor.

##### Parameters

<i>tasks</i>	
--------------	--

### 4.139.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 4.139.3.1 void Tuner::Process ( Common::TuningRequest \* req )

Handles the tuning requests received from the [Analyzer](#).

Applies the required changes in the target process. If there's a breakpoint for the request instead of processing the request it is pushed back to the pending requests list and a breakpoint is inserted and its handler is passed to the task.

When the breakpoint in the process is reached its removed and the tuning is performed.

After applying changes the request is deleted.

##### Parameters

<i>req</i>	Tuning request to be applied on the target process.
------------	---

#### 4.139.3.2 void Tuner::RemoveLastBreakpoint ( Task & task )

Removes the breakpoint snippet inserted in the process.

To be called when a breakpoint is processed and therefore has not further purpose.

##### Parameters

<i>task</i>	<a href="#">Task</a> to which executes the process.
-------------	---

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

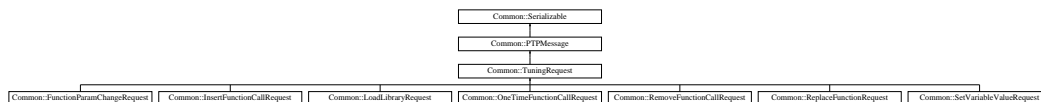
- AC/Tuner.h
- AC/Tuner.cpp

## 4.140 Common::TuningRequest Class Reference

Encapsulates a tuning request from the analyzer.

```
#include <PTPMsg.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Common::TuningRequest:



### Public Member Functions

- [~TuningRequest](#) ()  
*Destructor.*
- int [GetPid](#) () const  
*Returns the pid of the process associated with the message.*
- [Breakpoint](#) \* [GetBreakpoint](#) () const  
*Returns breakpoint.*
- void [Serialize](#) ([Serializer](#) &out) const  
*Sends the message.*
- void [DeSerialize](#) ([DeSerializer](#) &in)  
*Receives the message.*
- void [ClearBreakpoint](#) ()  
*Clears breakpoint.*

### Protected Member Functions

- [TuningRequest](#) (int pid, [Breakpoint](#) const \*brkpt=0)

### Protected Attributes

- int [\\_pid](#)
- [Breakpoint](#) \* [\\_brkpt](#)

#### 4.140.1 Detailed Description

Encapsulates a tuning request from the analyzer.

#### Version

1.0b



Since

1.0b

Author

Ania Sikora, 2003

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

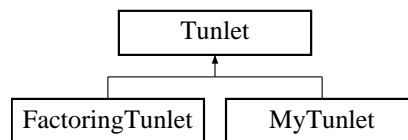
- Common/PTPMsg.h
- Common/PTPMsg.cpp

## 4.141 Tunlet Class Reference

[Tunlet](#) class that contains the virtual methods to be inherited.

```
#include <Tunlet.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Tunlet:



### Public Member Functions

- virtual void [Initialize](#) ([Model::Application](#) &app)=0  
*Initializes the tunlet.*
- virtual void [BeforeAppStart](#) ()  
*Asserts that `_app != 0` and sets the task handler of the app to the current one.*
- virtual void [AppStarted](#) ()  
*Sets `tl=0.3` and `lambda=0.5`.*
- virtual void [Destroy](#) ()=0  
*Sets `_app = 0`.*
- virtual void [Initialize](#) ([Model::Application](#) &app)=0  
*Initializes the tunlet.*
- virtual void [BeforeAppStart](#) ()  
*Asserts that `_app != 0` and sets the task handler of the app to the current one.*
- virtual void [Destroy](#) ()=0  
*Sets `_app = 0`.*
- virtual void [Initialize](#) ([Model::Application](#) &app)=0  
*Virtual Initialize method.*
- virtual void [BeforeAppStart](#) ()  
*Virtual BeforeAppStart method.*
- virtual void [AppStarted](#) ()  
*Virtual AppStarted method.*
- virtual void [Destroy](#) ()=0  
*Virtual Destroy method.*

#### 4.141.1 Detailed Description

[Tunlet](#) class that contains the virtual methods to be inherited.

#### 4.141.2 Member Function Documentation

4.141.2.1 `virtual void Tunlet::Initialize ( Model::Application & app ) [pure virtual]`

Initializes the tunlet.

Parameters

<i>app</i>	App associated to the tunlet
------------	------------------------------

Implemented in [FactoringTunlet](#), and [MyTunlet](#).

4.141.2.2 `virtual void Tunlet::Initialize ( Model::Application & app ) [pure virtual]`

Initializes the tunlet.

Parameters

<i>app</i>	App associated to the tunlet
------------	------------------------------

Implemented in [FactoringTunlet](#), and [MyTunlet](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- Analyzer/FactoringTunlet\_nw.h
- Analyzer/MyTunlet.h
- Analyzer/Tunlet.h

### 4.142 TunletContainer Class Reference

TO BE IMPLEMENTED.

```
#include <TunletsContainer.h>
```

#### 4.142.1 Detailed Description

TO BE IMPLEMENTED.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

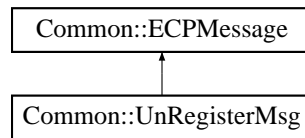
- Analyzer/TunletsContainer.h

### 4.143 Common::UnRegisterMsg Class Reference

Represents message that is sent when DMLib is unregistered with analyzer.

```
#include <ECMsg.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Common::UnRegisterMsg:



## Public Member Functions

- [UnRegisterMsg](#) (int pid=0)  
*Constructor.*
- [ECPMType](#) [GetType](#) () const  
*Returns the type of event.*
- int [GetPid](#) () const  
*Returns Id of the process where the library will be unregistered.*
- void [Serialize](#) ([Serializer](#) &out) const  
*Sends the message.*
- void [DeSerialize](#) ([DeSerializer](#) &in)  
*Receives the message.*

## Additional Inherited Members

### 4.143.1 Detailed Description

Represents message that is sent when DMLib is unregistered with analyzer.

#### Version

1.0b

#### Since

1.0b

#### Author

Ania Sikora, 2002

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Common/ECPM.h

## 4.144 Ventana Struct Reference

Window that will store statistics of the workers.

```
#include <FactoringTunlet_nw.h>
```

## Public Attributes

- int [TAM](#)  
*Size of the window.*
- [Stats](#) \* [historico](#)  
*Pointer to a set of stats like the mean, std deviation etc.*

#### 4.144.1 Detailed Description

Window that will store statistics of the workers.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- Analyzer/FactoringTunlet\_nw.h

### 4.145 WorkerData Class Reference

Worker task statistics for a single batch.

```
#include <FactoringStats_nw.h>
```

#### Public Member Functions

- [WorkerData](#) ()  
*Constructor.*
- void [OnCalcStart](#) (long\_t time)  
*Sets the calculation start time.*
- void [OnCalcEnd](#) (long\_t time)  
*Asserts that the final time is greater than the starting one, computes the elapsed time in milliseconds and sets the flag \_taken to 1.*
- bool [IsComplete](#) () const  
*Checks if the [WorkerData](#) is complete.*
- int [GetNumProcessedTuples](#) () const  
*Getter of the total number of tasks received.*
- int [GetSizeProcessedTuples](#) () const  
*Getter of the task size in bytes.*
- double [GetTotalCalcTime](#) () const  
*Getter of the total computing time in ms.*
- void [OnTupleStart](#) (int nTuples, int sizeBytes)  
*Initializes the tuple by setting the number of tasks received to nTuples and the size of the tasks to sizeBytes. It also sets the flag \_initialized to 1.*
- bool [IsTaken](#) ()  
*Returns the value of the \_taken flag.*
- bool [IsInitialized](#) ()  
*Returns if the task has been initialized or not.*

#### 4.145.1 Detailed Description

Worker task statistics for a single batch.

#### 4.145.2 Member Function Documentation

##### 4.145.2.1 int WorkerData::GetNumProcessedTuples ( ) const `[inline]`

Getter of the total number of tasks received.

Returns

`_nNumTaskReceived`

#### 4.145.2.2 `int WorkerData::GetSizeProcessedTuples ( ) const [inline]`

Getter of the task size in bytes.

Returns

`_sizeTaskBytes`

#### 4.145.2.3 `double WorkerData::GetTotalCalcTime ( ) const [inline]`

Getter of the total computing time in ms.

Returns

`_ComputingTimeMs`

#### 4.145.2.4 `bool WorkerData::IsComplete ( ) const [inline]`

Checks if the [WorkerData](#) is complete.

Returns

Returns true if the start and end calc times are greater than 0 and if the worker was initialized

#### 4.145.2.5 `bool WorkerData::IsInitialized ( ) [inline]`

Returns if the task has been initialized or not.

Returns

`_initialized`

#### 4.145.2.6 `bool WorkerData::IsTaken ( ) [inline]`

Returns the value of the `_taken` flag.

Returns

`_taken`

#### 4.145.2.7 `void WorkerData::OnCalcEnd ( long_t time )`

Asserts that the final time is greater than the starting one, computes the elapsed time in milliseconds and sets the flag `_taken` to 1.

Parameters

<i>time</i>	Final time of computation
-------------	---------------------------

#### 4.145.2.8 `void WorkerData::OnCalcStart ( long_t time )`

Sets the calculation start time.

## Parameters

<i>time</i>	Time to start in ms
-------------	---------------------

4.145.2.9 void WorkerData::OnTupleStart ( int *nTuples*, int *sizeBytes* )

Initializes the tuple by setting the number of tasks received to *nTuples* and the size of the tasks to *sizeBytes*. It also sets the flag *\_initialized* to 1.

## Parameters

<i>nTuples</i>	Number of tasks received
<i>sizeBytes</i>	Size of the task in bytes

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- Analyzer/FactoringStats\_nw.h
- Analyzer/FactoringStats\_nw.cpp