# Stateless Provisioning: Modern Practice in HPC

Leveraging Systemd, Ansible, and CI practices to provide policy compliant OS images for computational clusters

**John Blaas** 

University of Colorado Boulder

**John Roberts** 

**Argonne National Laboratory** 





## Where we started

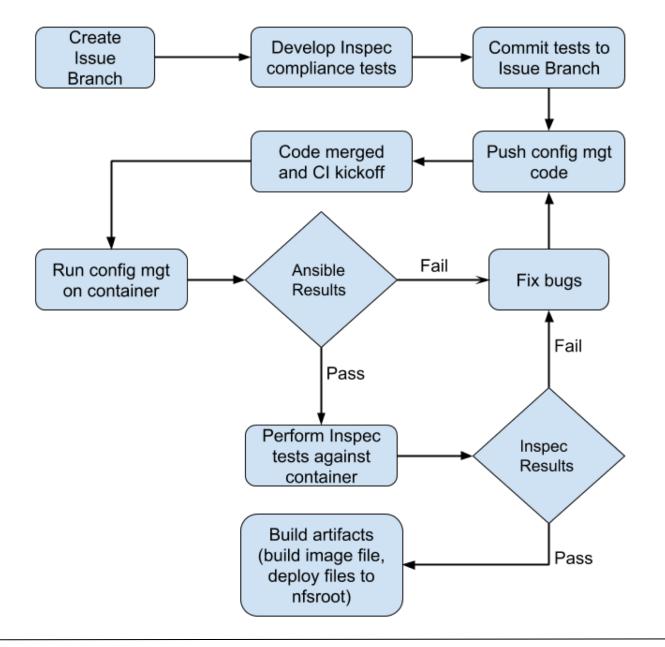
- OS image/directories as git repos
  - Worked well but can lead to fairly unwieldy git repos
  - Can't be shared with others
  - Secrets in the repo
- Used chroot to apply updates and configuration against the image directories
  - For some updates this also required us to bind mount certain filesystems from the host OS as well
- Very little testing after an image had been built relied on deploying an image to staging hardware first to reveal any issues.



### **Motivation**

- Incorporate tests to verify the ultimate state of an image, strictly define our computing environment through these tests
- Provide stakeholders with better reports and audits of the environment we provide to users
- Lower barrier of entry for new system administrators in being able to contribute to the code base, configuration changes







## What is systemd-nspawn?

- Improved chroot, no need to bind mount the usual suspects
- Tool that spawns unique namespaces
- · Designed with building, testing, and debugging in mind
- Incredibly simple to get started with
  - > rpm -i --root=/tmp/centos7 centos7-release.rpm
  - > yum --installroot=/tmp/centos7 groupinstall Base
  - > systemd-nspawn -bD /tmp/centos7



# What is Inspec?

- Compliance testing framework based on Serverspec
- Designed to have clear syntax and be platform agnostic
- Describes tests as a collection of controls which can be grouped into compliance profiles
- Allows you to define policy for the state of a node
- Tests can be run locally or with SSH
- Originally developed by the Chef team



## **Future Work**

- Developing tests that can be used to train new system administrators in configuration management and where/how to define variables
- Publish Inspec compliance profiles that help define our computing environment
- Expose group\_vars to condo node users so that they can have the option to self-manage their environment



## Why not use X instead?

- You can substitute out the initial provisioning element to something else such as xCat, Warewulf, or your own custom provisioning framework.
- You can also use many other tools such as Cobbler,
  Foreman,etc to help you with managing DHCP,PXE,DNS
- You can even substitute out Inspec for another testing framework (Molecule, Testinfra, Goss)



### Software we use

OS: Centos7 or RHEL7

Resource Manager: Slurm

Node Health Check: NHC

Git Repos: Gitlab-ce

Gitlabrunner: CI Runner

Config Mgmt: Ansible

Compliance Tests: Inspec

