#### Data Science

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#### Outline

- Introduction
- Data Science
- Brief history
- Concept
- Added Value
- New profesional Profile
- Shortage
- KDD underlying process
- What do we do with data

#### Introduction

- Knowledge Society [United Nations, 2005]
  - Great need of getting knowledge from
    - Data
    - Organizations
    - Natural, industrial or artificial phenomena
  - Support complex decision making processes
- Enormous quantities of data to analyze
  - Boom Internet late 1990s

WWW [Tim Berners-Lee, CERN,1990]; 1995 www free&global

- New technologies
- Exponentially increasing
- Classical data analysis is poor
  - Too much data
  - Phenomena too complex
- New approaches required



# Data Science

[Gibert, ENVSOFT 2018]

**Brief History** 

## Data Science

[Gibert, EMSO 2018]

### **Brief History**

- Availability of data
- New data-centered paradigm
- Learn from more complex phenomenon
- Methodological challenges
- Multidisciplinariety awareness
- Added value awareness
- Data Science boom
- The Fact gap
- New profesional profile and shortage awareness



# Data Analysis, Data Mining, Data Science

1962: John Tukey *The future of Data Analysis*(focus on targeted science rather than mathematics)

**Deductiv** 

Computer Science Dev.

#### **STATISTICS Data Analysis Inference Data Theory** Model Model Validation (Pata) **Validation** Kncwledge Knowledge Realizing methods must serve target domain

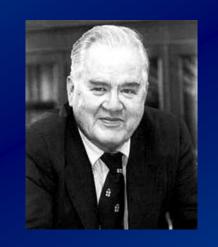
Inductive

## Data Analysis

"Data analysis, and the parts of statistics which adhere to it, must...take on the characteristics of science rather than those of mathematics"

[John Tukey, 1962]
U. Princeton

IEEE Medal of Honour 1982



"more emphasis needs to be placed on using data to suggest hypotheses to test [...] Exploratory Data Analysis and Confirmatory Data Analysis can—and should—proceed side by side"

[John Tukey, 1977] Exploratory Data Analysis



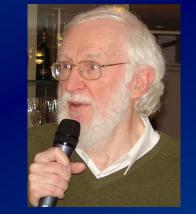
## Data Analysis, Data Mining, Data Science

- 1962: John Tukey *The future of Data Analysis*(focus on targeted science rather than mathematics)
- 1974: Peter Naur UoC *coins the term*(data processing to get new knowledge for decision support)

Data science is the science of dealing with data (1974)

#### **Data Science**

"Data science is the science of dealing with data, once they have been established, while the relation of data to what they represent is delegated to other fields and sciences"



[Peter Naur, 1974]
U. Copenhagen 25/.
Turing Prize 2005 (ALGOL 60)

25/10/1928-2/1/2016

"In good data processing new, so far unknown date, may be used directly by humans to guide their actions"

[Peter Naur, 1974]



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- 1977: International Association for Statistical Computing multidisciplinar (Stats+CS+K) & knowledge production approach
- 80s: AI: machine learning focus on data rather than experts as main source for knowledge
- 1985: AI&Stats Society

links Statistics, Computing and Artificial Intelligence)

Change of Paradigm

# Data Analysis, Data Mining, Data Science

Multidisciplinariety awareness

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   (data processing to get new knowledge for decision support)
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- 1985: AI&Stats Society
   (links Statistics, Computing and Artificial Intelligence)

# **Artificial Intelligence and Statistics**

#### Interdisciplinar research field

- > Starting:
  - 1985: Douglas Fisher and Bill Gale (Al&Stats Society)
  - 1986: First Int'l Conference on Al & Stats

#### ➤ Main goals:

Promote communication between AI and Statistics communities



"We feel that there is great potential for development at the intersection of Artificial Intelligence, Computational Science and Statistics"

**Cheeseman and Oldford 94.** 

•Improve research in problems common to both (Data Mining and Knowledge Discovery, ...)



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   (links Statistics, Computing and Artificial Intelligence)
- 1989: Knowledge Discovery from Databases (IJCAI)

Interdisciplinary problem

"Non trivial identifying of valid, novel, potentially useful, ultimately understandable patterns in data"



[Fayyad 96]
Chief Data Officer & Group Managing Director
Barclays Bank
Chairmann Oasis-500
Yahoo Chief Data Officer&EVP (2004-2008)

- Starting:
  - 1989: First Int'l Workshop on KDD in IJCAI
  - 1994: First proceedings
  - August 1995: First Int'l Conference on KDD (4000 submissions!!)
  - 1996: First State of the art (Fayyad et al.)
  - 1997: Data Mining & Knowledge Discovery journal launch



## Data Analysis, Data Mining, Data Science

- 1994: Companies have many data underconsumed (Berry 94)
- 1994: Bussiness Week *cover story on Marketing Databases (bussiness impact of KDD)*
- 1996: Vth Conf. Int'l Federation of Classification Societies
   (Kobe) Data Science in title of conf & two DS special sessions
- 1999: Knowledge @Warton: Data Mining huge companies 'rewards'
   John Zahavi: Scalability and Complexity
- 2001: L. Breiman: Statistical Modeling: The two cultures (critics model-based statistical approach)
- 2005: T. Davenport: Competing on analytics

  (companies compete with strategy in Sormation

  Data Science

  A Bussiness Opportunity

Gibert

## Data Analysis, Data Mining, Data Science

- 2002: Commitee on Data for Science and Technology (CODATA, Int'l Council for Science) *lead Data Science development*
- Ap 2002: Data Science Journal launch (CODATA)
- 2003: Journal of Data Science launch
- 2009: National Science and Technology Council (Committee on Science, working group in Digital Data), Data Science key for the success of scientific enterprises
- 2012: Davenport and Patil:
   Data Scientists: The sexiest job of the 21st century



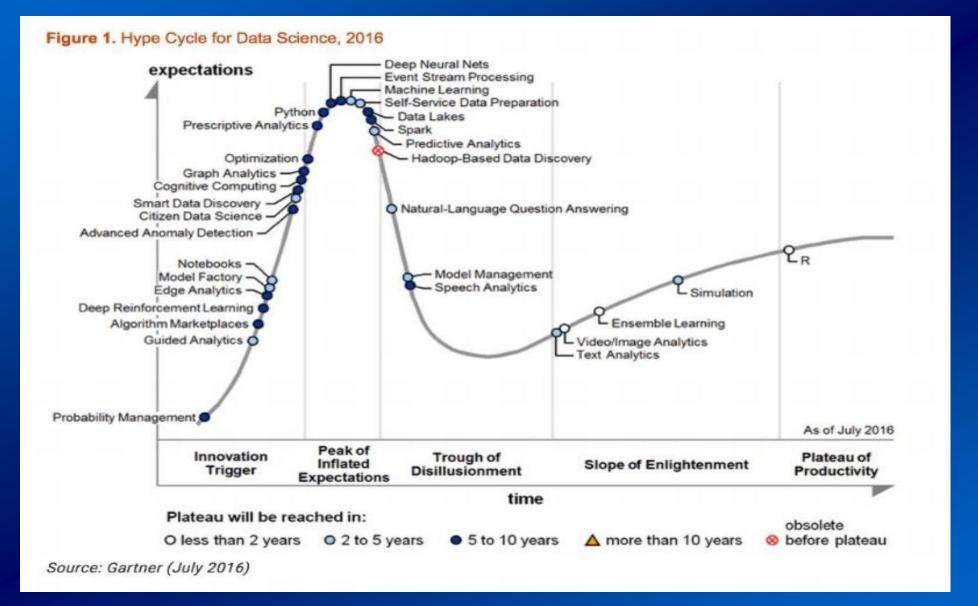




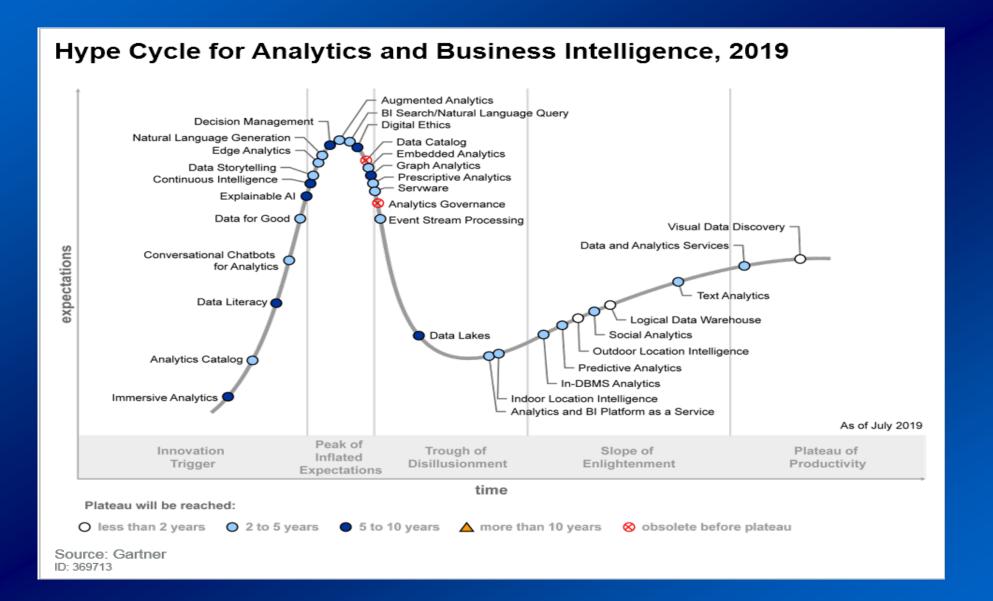
#### Gartner



#### Gartner



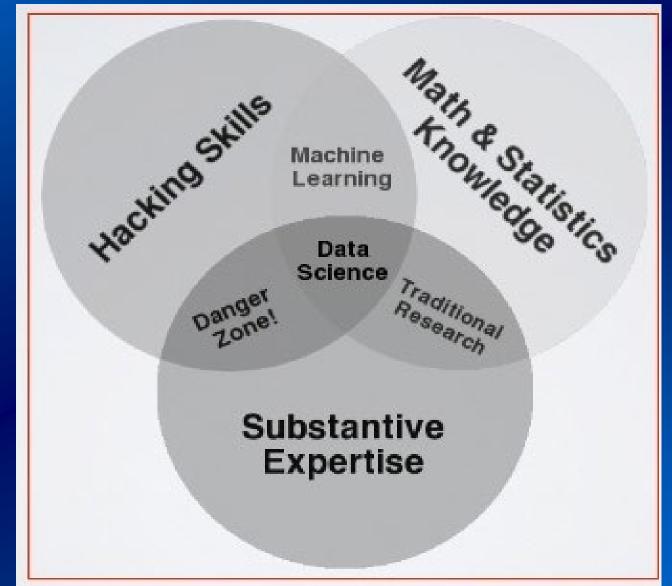
#### Gartner



## Data Science concept

- 1974: P. Naur: DS: science of dealing with data
- 1997: Jeff Wu: Statistics=Data science??
- 2001: Cleveland: Call for establishing a new discipline to enlarge the field of Statistics[...] Because [...]implies substantial changes [...] call Data Science (Stats+CS+DM)
- 2010: Drew Conway @NYU The Data Science Venn Diagramm (CS+Stats+Maths+Expertise)

# The Data Science Ven Diagramm Drew Conway 2010



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- 2013: Somohano: Discover what we don't know from data

## Data Science Carlos Somohano 2013

- Discovering what we don't know from data
- Getting predictive, actionable insight from data
- Creating Data Products with business impact
- Communicating relevant business from data
- Building confidence in decisions that drive business value [Carlos Somohano, 2013]

Data Science London Founder
Non-profit organization for DS since Feb 2012

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- 2013: Somohano: Discover what we don't know from data
- 2013: Mattmann: Data Mining+Algorithm+Data Management
- 2017: Lauro: process to transform data into actionable knowledge for predictions and support and validate decisions. CS (language), Stats (logics), domain expertise catalytic element to make transformation

## Data Science concept

2018: Gibert, Horsburg, Athanasiadis, Holmes [ENVSOFT, 2018]

Data science : emergent multidisciplinary field combining

- Data analysis
- Data processing
- Domain expertise

To transform data into understandable and actionable knowledge Relevant for informed decision making (reduces the Fact Gap)

- involves intensive consumption of available and required data
- Copes with data heterogeneity
- BigData is a tool, not the focus, but domain complexity



# Data Science

[Gibert, EMSO 2018]

Added value

#### Data Science [Gibert, EMSO 2018]

- 50s: informed decision making (Luhn 1958)

  Expert-based
- 2010: nascent data-centered economy (cukier2010)
- 2004: The Fact Gap (Hammond 2004)
- Data Science new decision making-paradigm
  - Data-driven decisions
  - Added value of organizations is information (coming from data)

- Banca d'Italia [1995]: Built a KDD system for
  - Daily update of the whole set of movements
  - Decide what and how to analyze
  - Select relevant results
  - Produce a daily 2-pages synthesis (natural language)



Daily support to main boss decision making

- Banca d'Italia
  - Built a KDD system for

#### Daily support decision making of the main boss

- Technological problems
  - Millions of movements per day
  - Time to transmit to the central server?
  - •Time to update the database?
  - •How to select and retrieve proper data to analyze from DB?
  - •How to validate results and verify technical assumptions?
- Methodological problems
  - Which is important to analyze today?
  - Which is the proper Data Mining technique?
  - Which are relevant results?
  - •How to express results for the main boss?



- Big Supermarket chains (Wal-Mart, EEUU, 1992 [Kelly 1996])
  - Daily update the datawarehouse with costumer's bill contents (20milions daily transactions [Babcock 1994])
  - Decide what/how to analyze: Habits (Market Basket analysis [Brin 1997])
  - Select relevant results
    - What is buyed more
    - Main associations between products
      30% of transactions containing beer also contain diapers???????
      2% of transactions contain both of these items [Agrawaal 1996]
  - Analyze the pattern in depth

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    - alyze the pattern in depth
    - Friday between 5 and 7 pm, Young customers, Males
  - •Understanding the pattern

Just-married with small kid cannot meet friends in pub on Friday night for party Helps wife with the shopping (required things.... Diapers for the kid); Beer is his personal reward to spend Friday at home

#### What is the usefullness of elicitating this knowledge?

Babcock, C. (1994) Parallel processing mines retail data. Computer world 6 Agrawaal R, Srikant, R (1994): Fast algorithms for mining association rules in large databases . In procs 20th Int'l Conf. VLDB, Santiago, Chile pp 487-499





What is the value of identifying that

Young new fathers buy diapers and beer or

Knowledge is power!!

- Acquiring strategic information
- Capacity of planning actions

  Wal-Mart moved the beer next to the diapers and beer sales went up
- Capacity of becoming PROACTIVE
  What about moving snacks (peanuts and pretzels) next to diapers?
- Support decision making through informed-decision
   Buying department
   Marketing department

#### **Important economic implications**

From then on: apparently misplaced things in stores



From then on: apparently misplaced things in stores



# The added value of Big Data

1994: Companies have many data underconsumed (Berry 94)

- 2016: Caffo: DS hype flame out when is about data rather than Science
- 2017: Baeza-Yates: Big data or right data
- In-silico discoveries from bigdata

# Data Science

[Gibert, EMSO 2018]

Data scientists

A new profile

## Data Scientist profile

- Multidisciplinariety
  - \_
- High-category goals
- 2001: WS Cleveland Bell Labs *limits of Data analysis.*Call for involvement of academics in DS CV
- 2005: National Science Foundation defines CV for Data Scientists
- 2008: JISC: The skills, role and career structure of Data Scientists& Curators
- 2017: ACM: guidelines to integrate Data Science into degree programmes



New skills

#### Data Analysis, Data Mining, Data Science

- 2009: Hal Varian, Google's chief economist:

  scarce ability of understand data and extract value

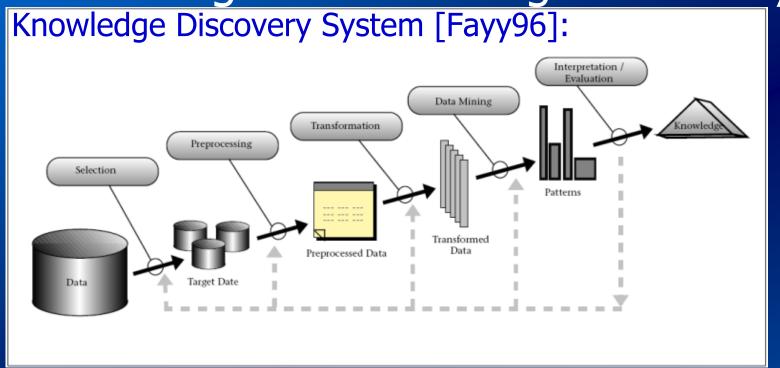
  Jeff Hammebacher @Facebook: What does a Data Scientist do?
- 2010: Hilary Masson & Chris Wiggins @ Dataist
- 2011: DJ Patil @Linkedin: data scientist vs data analyst First Data Scientist Chief in the White House USA
- 2012: Josh Wills: A Data Scientist is a person who is better at statistics than any software engineer and better at software engineering than any statistician
- 2012: Davenport and Patil:

  Data Scientists: The sexiest job of the 21st century
- 2013: Carlos Somohano @DataScience London
   Vincent Granville @DSC Horizontal vs. Vertical Data Scientist

# Data Science

[Gibert, EMSO 2018]

Underlying KDD process

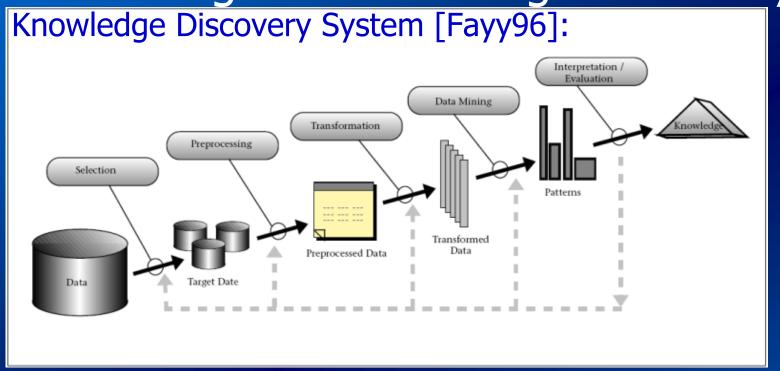


- Problem definition
- Data collection
- Data cleaning and preprocessing
- Dimensionality reduction
- DM technique choice
- Data mining
- Interpretation and discovered knowledge production

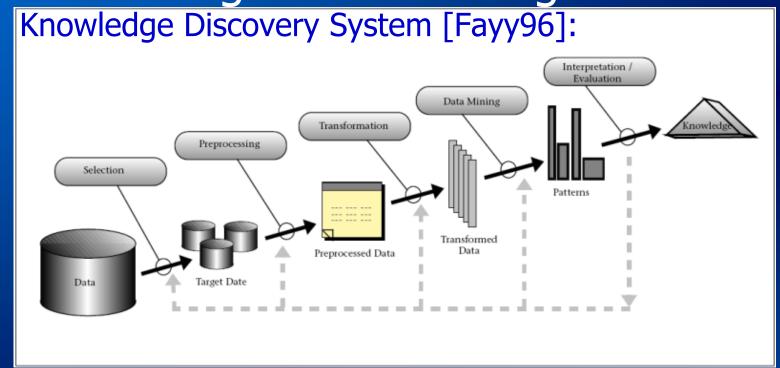








Very ambicious goals



- Very ambicious goals
- No complete system on yet
  - Connection to DataWarehouses
  - Tools to assist preprocessing
  - Collection of data mining techniques (AMD, NN, IR, AssR, Reg...)
  - Some help on reporting phase
  - Manual process management and knowledge production



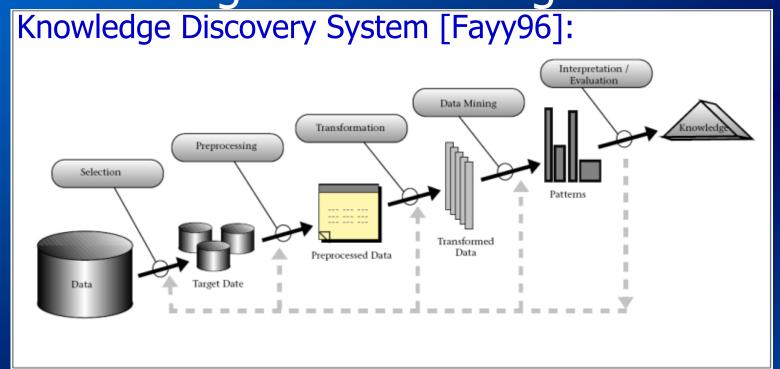
New paradigm proposed by Fayyad

"Most previous work on KDD has focussed on [...] data mining step. However, the other steps are of considerable importance for the successful application of KDD in practice" [Fayyad 96]

#### Include prior and posterior analysis in KDD

- Requires Great efforts in real applications
  - Specially in medical systems (uncertainty, imprecise, multi-scaled,...)
- Time consuming, difficult (no standard methodology stablished)
- Expert interaction required
- Domain-dependent?
- After good prior analysis, proper data mining easy





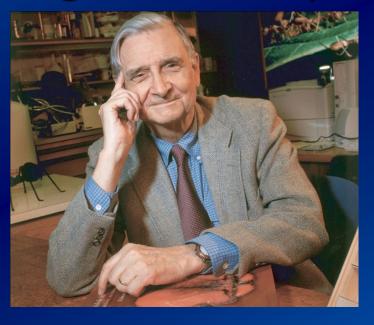
- Wide scope approach
- •Also interesting to better understand very complex small datasets

#### **Multidisciplinariety**

Combination or hybridation of techniques



A balanced perspective cannot be acquired by studying disciplines in pieces; the consilience among them must be pursued. Such unification will be difficult to achieve.

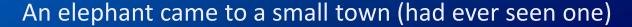


But I think it is inevitable. Intellectually it rings true, and it gratifies impulses that arise from the admirable side of human nature. To the extent that the gaps between the great branches of learning can be narrowed, diversity and depth of knowledge will increase.

[E.O. Wilson 1998] Biologist, Harvard U, EEUU

The Elephant and the blind Men (Ancient India)

[Puchala 1971]





Ancient council (5 blind men) went to feel the elephant with their hands.

Later on, they sat down and began to discuss their experiences.

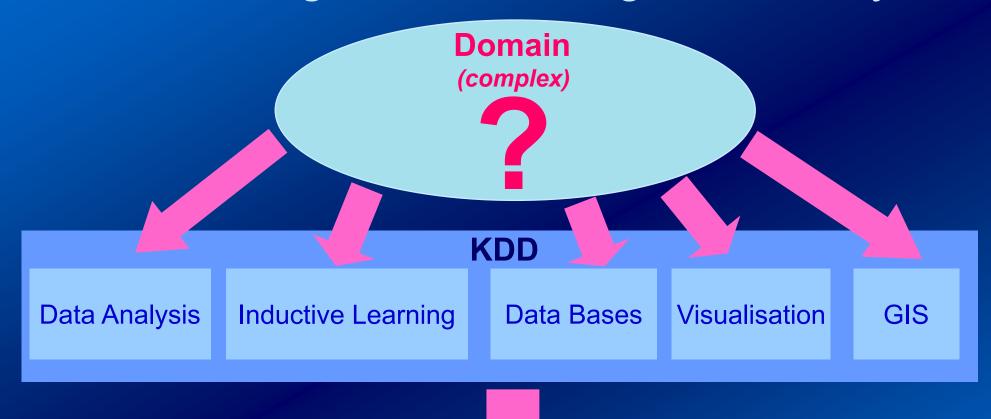
- One who touched the trunk and feld like a thick tree branch.
- ☐ Another who touched the tail feld like a snake or rope.
- Another who touched the leg, feld like a pillar.
- ☐ Another who touched the ear, said like a huge fan
- ☐ Another who touched the side, said like a wall.



All had different partial views of the same reality

Putting all partial views together, the complete view could emmerge





- Prediction
- Description
- Summary
- Overview

**Discovered** knowledge base

Domain model

- Validity
- Utility
- Simplicity/complexity
- Novelty





#### KDD uses

#### **Decision Support**

- Improving complex decision making
- Intelligent Decision Support Systems

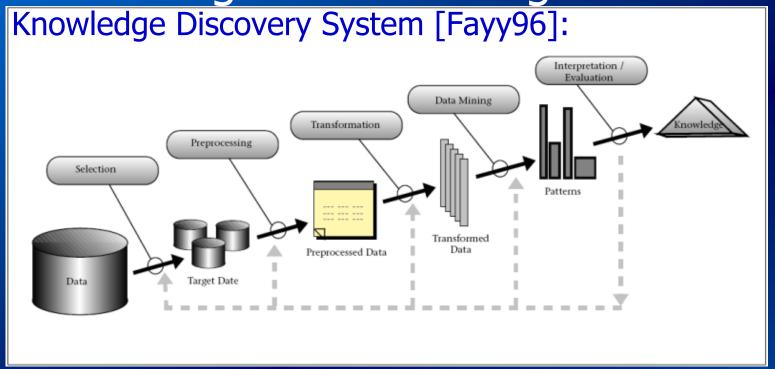
Bussiness intelligence

#### **Domains**

- Marketing
- Bussiness

Research

Also useful to cope



- Preprocessing (see paper)
- Mapa de metodes (see paper)

### Data Science

[Gibert, EMSO 2018]

What do we do with data?

Data-driven Informed decision

#### **Data Science**

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Are there any questions?...

- Smart things
- Data science
- Internet of things
- Bigdata
- Content analytics

Data centric sciences

Les dades son l'input dels experiments

No es fan experiment reals, es trien sobre les dades!

- Genoveva Vargas solar
- Bach: simple fuges, ....dona differents categories

