

ASSIGNMENT-7

COE18B023

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1. Simulate the Producer Consumer code discussed in the class.

CODE:

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#include <semaphore.h>
#define MAX 5
#define BUFFERSIZE 2
sem_t empty;
sem_t full;
int in = 0;
int out = 0;
int buffer[BUFFERSIZE];
pthread_mutex_t mutex;
void *producer(void *param)
{
    int item;
    for (int i = 0; i < MAX; i++)
    {
        item = rand() % 100;
        sem_wait(&empty);
        pthread_mutex_lock(&mutex);
        buffer[in] = item;
        printf("Producer produces Item %d at position : %d\n", buffer[in], in);
        in = (in + 1) % BUFFERSIZE;
        pthread_mutex_unlock(&mutex);
        sem_post(&full);
    }
}
```

```

void *consumer(void *param)
{
for (int i = 0; i < MAX; i++)
{
sem_wait(&full);pthread_mutex_lock(&mutex);
int item = buffer[out];
printf("Consumer consumes Item %d at position : %d\n", item, out);
out = (out + 1) % BUFFERSIZE;
pthread_mutex_unlock(&mutex);
sem_post(&empty);
}
}
int main()
{
pthread_t tid[2];
pthread_mutex_init(&mutex, NULL);
sem_init(&empty, 0, BUFFERSIZE);
sem_init(&full, 0, 0);
pthread_create(&tid[0], NULL, producer, NULL);
pthread_create(&tid[1], NULL, consumer, NULL);
pthread_join(tid[0], NULL);
pthread_join(tid[1], NULL);
pthread_mutex_destroy(&mutex);
sem_destroy(&empty);
sem_destroy(&full);
return 0;
}

```

OUTPUT:

```
hruthik@hruthik-dell-Vostro:~/Desktop/OS/LAB7$ gcc q1.c -lpthread
hruthik@hruthik-dell-Vostro:~/Desktop/OS/LAB7$ ./a.out
Producer produces Item 83 at position : 0
Producer produces Item 86 at position : 1
Consumer consumes Item 83 at position : 0
Consumer consumes Item 86 at position : 1
Producer produces Item 77 at position : 0
Producer produces Item 15 at position : 1
Consumer consumes Item 77 at position : 0
Consumer consumes Item 15 at position : 1
Producer produces Item 93 at position : 0
Consumer consumes Item 93 at position : 0
```

2. Extend the producer consumer simulation in Q1 to sync access of critical data using Petersonsalgorithm.

CODE:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#include <semaphore.h>
int item;
int flag[2];
int turn;
sem_t empty, full;
void lock_ini()
{
    flag[0] = 0;
    flag[1] = 0;
    turn = 0;
}
void lock(int index)
{
    flag[index] = 1;
    turn = 1 - index;
    while (flag[1 - index] == 1 && turn == 1 - index);
}
```

```

void unlock(int index)
{
    flag[index] = 0;
}
void *producer()
{
    int i;
    printf("\nPRODUCER THREAD ID: %ld\n", pthread_self());
    for (i = 1; i < 6; i++)
    {
        sem_wait(&empty);
        lock(0);
        //entry-section
        item = i;
        //critical section
        unlock(0);
        //critical section
        sem_post(&full);
        //exit section
        printf("Produced item: %d\n", item);
    }
}
void *consumer()
{
    int i, total = 0; printf("CONSUMER THREAD ID: %ld\n", pthread_self());
    for (i = 1; i < 6; i++)
    {
        sem_wait(&full);
        lock(1);
        //entry-section
        total = total + item; //critical section
        unlock(1);
        //critical section
        sem_post(&empty); //exit section
        printf("Consumed item: %d\n", item);
    }
}

```

```

}
}
int main()
{
pthread_t tid[2];
lock_ini();
sem_init(&empty, 0, 1);
sem_init(&full, 0, 0);
pthread_create(&tid[0], NULL, producer, NULL);
pthread_create(&tid[1], NULL, consumer, NULL);
pthread_join(tid[0], NULL);
pthread_join(tid[1], NULL);
printf("\n");
}

```

OUTPUT:

```

hruthik@hruthik-dell-Vostro:~/Desktop/OS/LAB7$ gcc q2.c -lpthread
hruthik@hruthik-dell-Vostro:~/Desktop/OS/LAB7$ ./a.out

PRODUCER THREAD ID: 140389515888384
Produced item: 1
CONSUMER THREAD ID: 140389507495680
Consumed item: 1
Produced item: 2
Consumed item: 2
Produced item: 3
Consumed item: 3
Consumed item: 4
Produced item: 4
Produced item: 5
Consumed item: 5

```

3. Dictionary Problem: Let the producer set up a dictionary of at least 20 words

with three attributes

(Word, Primary meaning, Secondary meaning) and let the consumer search for the word and retrieve

its respective primary and secondary meaning.

Note: This can be implemented using either Mutex locks or Peterson's

algorithm.

CODE:

```
#include <pthread.h>
#include <semaphore.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
sem_t wrt;
char search[100];
pthread_mutex_t mutex;
int numreader = 0;
int k=0;
int flag;
typedef struct
{
    char word[100];
    char primary[1000];
    char secondary[100];
} dict;
dict dictionary[20];
void *writer(void *wno)
{
    sem_wait(&wrt);
    printf("Enter the word:\t");
    scanf("%s",search);
    int i;
    strcpy(dictionary[k].word,search);
    printf("Enter meaning:\t");
    scanf("%s",dictionary[k].primary);
    printf("Enter secondary meaning:\t");
    scanf("%s",dictionary[k].secondary);
    printf("%s is added to the dictionary.\n\n",dictionary[k].word);
    k++;
    sem_post(&wrt);
}
```

```

}
void *reader(void *rno)
{
pthread_mutex_lock(&mutex);
numreader++;
if(numreader == 1) {sem_wait(&wrt);
}
pthread_mutex_unlock(&mutex);
int i;
printf("Enter word to search:\t");
scanf("%s",search);
for(i=0;i<20;i++)
{
if (strcmp(search,dictionary[i].word)==0)
{
flag=1;
printf("Primary Meaning:\t%s\n", dictionary[i].primary);
printf("Secondary Meaning:\t%s\n", dictionary[i].secondary);
exit(0);
}
}
if(flag==0)
printf("Given word is not found\n");
pthread_mutex_lock(&mutex);
numreader--;
if(numreader == 0)
{
sem_post(&wrt);
}
pthread_mutex_unlock(&mutex);
}
int main()
{
pthread_t read,write[20];
pthread_mutex_init(&mutex, NULL);

```

```
sem_init(&wrt,0,1);
for(int i = 0; i < 20; i++)
pthread_create(&write[i], NULL, (void *)writer, NULL);
sleep(1);
pthread_create(&read, NULL, (void *)reader, NULL);
pthread_join(read, NULL);
for(int i = 0; i < 20; i++)
pthread_join(write[i], NULL);
pthread_mutex_destroy(&mutex);
sem_destroy(&wrt);
return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:


```
hruthik@hruthik-dell-Vostro:~/Desktop/OS/LAB7$ gcc q3.c -lpthread
hruthik@hruthik-dell-Vostro:~/Desktop/OS/LAB7$ ./a.out
Enter the word: 1
Enter meaning: one
Enter secondary meaning:      ek
1 is added to the dictionary.

Enter the word: 2
Enter meaning: two
Enter secondary meaning:      dhoo
2 is added to the dictionary.

Enter the word: 3
Enter meaning: three
Enter secondary meaning:      theen
3 is added to the dictionary.

Enter the word: 4
Enter meaning: four
Enter secondary meaning:      char
4 is added to the dictionary.

Enter the word: 5
Enter meaning: five
Enter secondary meaning:      panch
5 is added to the dictionary.

Enter the word: 6
Enter meaning: six
Enter secondary meaning:      chey
6 is added to the dictionary.

Enter the word: 7
Enter meaning: seven
Enter secondary meaning:      saath
7 is added to the dictionary.

Enter the word: 8
Enter meaning: eight
Enter secondary meaning:      aat
8 is added to the dictionary.

Enter the word: 9
Enter meaning: nine
Enter secondary meaning:      nov
9 is added to the dictionary.

Enter the word: 10
Enter meaning: ten
Enter secondary meaning:      dhas
10 is added to the dictionary.

Enter the word: 11
Enter meaning: eleven
Enter secondary meaning:      kouh
```

```
hruthik@hruthik-dell-Vostro: ~/Desktop/OS/LAB7

Enter the word: 11
Enter meaning: eleven
Enter secondary meaning: kouh
11 is added to the dictionary.

Enter the word: 12
Enter meaning: twelve
Enter secondary meaning: dtg
12 is added to the dictionary.

Enter the word: 13
Enter meaning: thirteen
Enter secondary meaning: dtg
13 is added to the dictionary.

Enter the word: 14 fourteen
Enter meaning: Enter secondary meaning: sdc
14 is added to the dictionary.

Enter the word: 15
Enter meaning: fifteen
Enter secondary meaning: yuy
15 is added to the dictionary.

Enter the word: 16
Enter meaning: sixteen
Enter secondary meaning: cyt
16 is added to the dictionary.

Enter the word: 17
Enter meaning: seventeen
Enter secondary meaning: htf
17 is added to the dictionary.

Enter the word: 18
Enter meaning: eighteen
Enter secondary meaning: f
18 is added to the dictionary.

Enter the word: 19
Enter meaning: nineteen
Enter secondary meaning: tfc
19 is added to the dictionary.

Enter the word: 20
Enter meaning: twenty
Enter secondary meaning: thxr
20 is added to the dictionary.

Enter word to search: 12
Primary Meaning: twelve
Secondary Meaning: dtg
hruthik@hruthik-dell-Vostro:~/Desktop/OS/LAB7$
```

Non-Mandatory (Extra credits):

4. Extend Q3 to avoid duplication of dictionary entries and implement an

efficient binary search on the consumer side in a multithreaded fashion.

CODE:

```
#include <pthread.h>
#include <semaphore.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
sem_t wrt;
char search[100];pthread_mutex_t mutex;
int numreader = 0;
int k=0;
int flag;
typedef struct
{
char word[100];
char primary[100];
char secondary[100];
} dict;
dict dictionary[20];
void *writer(void *wno)
{
sem_wait(&wrt);
flag=1;
printf("Enter word:\t");
scanf("%s",search);
int i;
for(i=0;i<20;i++)//duplicates
{
if(strcmp(dictionary[i].word,search)==0)
{
printf("WORD ALREADY EXISTS\n");
flag=0;
```

```

break;
}
}
if(flag==1)
{
strcpy(dictionary[k].word,search);
printf("Enter primary meaning:\t");
scanf("%s",dictionary[k].primary);
printf("Enter secondary meaning:\t");
scanf("%s",dictionary[k].secondary);
printf("%s is added to the dictionary.\n\n",dictionary[k].word);
k++;
}
sem_post(&wrt);
}
void *reader(void *rno)
{
pthread_mutex_lock(&mutex);
numreader++;
if(numreader == 1) {sem_wait(&wrt);
}
pthread_mutex_unlock(&mutex);
int i,flag=0,low=0,high=19;
printf("Enter word to search:\t");
scanf("%s",search);
while(low<=high)
{
int mid=(low+high)/2;
if (strcmp(search,dictionary[mid].word)==0)
{
printf("Primary Meaning: %s\n", dictionary[mid].primary);
printf("Secondary Meaning: %s\n", dictionary[mid].secondary);
exit(0);
}
else if(strcmp(search,dictionary[mid].word)>0)

```

```

{
high=high;
low=mid+1;
}
else
{
low=low;
high=mid-1;
}
}
printf("Given word is not found\n");
pthread_mutex_lock(&mutex);
numreader--;
if(numreader == 0)
{
sem_post(&wrt);
}
pthread_mutex_unlock(&mutex);
}
int main()
{
pthread_t read,write[20];
pthread_mutex_init(&mutex, NULL);
sem_init(&wrt,0,1);
for(int i = 0; i < 20; i++)
pthread_create(&write[i], NULL, (void *)writer, NULL);
sleep(1);
pthread_create(&read, NULL, (void *)reader, NULL);
pthread_join(read, NULL);for(int i = 0; i < 20; i++)
pthread_join(write[i], NULL);
pthread_mutex_destroy(&mutex);
sem_destroy(&wrt);
return 0;
}

```

OUTPUT:

hruthik@hruthik-dell-Vostro: ~/Desktop/OS/LAB7

```
hruthik@hruthik-dell-Vostro:~/Desktop/OS/LAB7$ gcc q4.c -lpthread
```

```
hruthik@hruthik-dell-Vostro:~/Desktop/OS/LAB7$ ./a.out
```

```
Enter word: 1
Enter primary meaning: one
Enter secondary meaning: ef
1 is added to the dictionary.
```

```
Enter word: 2
Enter primary meaning: two
Enter secondary meaning: fg
2 is added to the dictionary.
```

```
Enter word: 3
Enter primary meaning: three
Enter secondary meaning: dfv
3 is added to the dictionary.
```

```
Enter word: 4
Enter primary meaning: gb
Enter secondary meaning: fb
4 is added to the dictionary.
```

```
Enter word: 5
Enter primary meaning: gtg
Enter secondary meaning: sef
5 is added to the dictionary.
```

```
Enter word: 6
Enter primary meaning: itug
Enter secondary meaning: sfbt
6 is added to the dictionary.
```

```
Enter word: 7
Enter primary meaning: gdth
Enter secondary meaning: rgr
7 is added to the dictionary.
```

```
Enter word: 8
Enter primary meaning: sdcg
Enter secondary meaning: sfvdf
8 is added to the dictionary.
```

```
Enter word: 9
Enter primary meaning: sfv
Enter secondary meaning: bhfd
9 is added to the dictionary.
```

```
Enter word: 10
Enter primary meaning: afnr
Enter secondary meaning: sbhy
10 is added to the dictionary.
```

```
Enter word: 11
Enter primary meaning: gbbds
Enter secondary meaning: rqrt
```

```
hruthik@hruthik-dell-Vostro: ~/Desktop/OS/LAB7
10 is added to the dictionary.

Enter word:      11
Enter primary meaning: gbbds
Enter secondary meaning:      rgrt
11 is added to the dictionary.

Enter word:      12
Enter primary meaning: srgrt
Enter secondary meaning:      dgbds
12 is added to the dictionary.

Enter word:      13
Enter primary meaning: hnbrf
Enter secondary meaning:      dvry
13 is added to the dictionary.

Enter word:      14
Enter primary meaning: sdbgbry
Enter secondary meaning:      dbsdgb
14 is added to the dictionary.

Enter word:      15
Enter primary meaning: dsbbynyg
Enter secondary meaning:      c vbr
15 is added to the dictionary.

Enter word:      Enter primary meaning: 16
Enter secondary meaning:      egrreb
vbr is added to the dictionary.

Enter word:      t17
Enter primary meaning: erge
Enter secondary meaning:      ergehy
t17 is added to the dictionary.

Enter word:      18
Enter primary meaning: jyfytd
Enter secondary meaning:      ougt
18 is added to the dictionary.

Enter word:      19
Enter primary meaning: utfrd
Enter secondary meaning:      yfyrdh
19 is added to the dictionary.

Enter word:      20
Enter primary meaning: jyfrty
Enter secondary meaning:      yfydtr
20 is added to the dictionary.

Enter word to search: 12
Primary Meaning: srgrt
Secondary Meaning: dgbds
hruthik@hruthik-dell-Vostro:~/Desktop/OS/LAB7$
```

(A) Implement the Dining Philosophers and Reader Writer Problem of Synchronization (test drive the codes discussed in the class)

DINING PHILOSOPHERS:

CODE:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<semaphore.h>
#include<pthread.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#define N 5
#define THINKING 0
#define HUNGRY 1#define EATING 2
#define LEFT (ph_num+4)%N
#define RIGHT (ph_num+1)%N
sem_t mutex;
sem_t S[N];
void * philospher(void *num);
void take_fork(int);
void put_fork(int);
void test(int);
int state[N];
int phil_num[N]={0,1,2,3,4};
int main()
{
    int i;
    pthread_t thread_id[N];
    sem_init(&mutex,0,1);
    for(i=0;i<N;i++)
        sem_init(&S[i],0,0);
    for(i=0;i<N;i++)
    {
        pthread_create(&thread_id[i],NULL,philospher,&phil_num[i]);
        printf("Philosopher %d is thinking\n",i+1);
    }
    for(i=0;i<N;i++)
        pthread_join(thread_id[i],NULL);
}
void *philospher(void *num)
{
    int i = (int)num;
    while(1)
    {
        test(i);
        take_fork(i);
        eat(i);
        put_fork(i);
    }
}
```

```

while(1)
{
int *i = num;
sleep(1);
take_fork(*i);
sleep(0);
put_fork(*i);
}
}
void take_fork(int ph_num)
{
sem_wait(&mutex);
state[ph_num] = HUNGRY;
printf("Philosopher %d is Hungry\n",ph_num+1);
test(ph_num); sem_post(&mutex);
sem_wait(&S[ph_num]);
sleep(1);
}void test(int ph_num)
{
if (state[ph_num] == HUNGRY && state[LEFT] != EATING &&
state[RIGHT] !=
EATING) {
state[ph_num] = EATING;
sleep(2);
printf("Philosopher %d takes fork %d and %d\n",ph_num+1,LEFT+1,
ph_num+1);
printf("Philosopher %d is Eating\n",ph_num+1);
sem_post(&S[ph_num]);
}
}
void put_fork(int ph_num)
{
sem_wait(&mutex);
state[ph_num] =THINKING;
printf("Philosopher %d putting fork %d and %d down\n",

```

```
ph_num+1,LEFT+1,ph_num+1);  
printf("Philosopher %d is  
thinking\n",ph_num+1);  
test(LEFT);  
test(RIGHT);  
sem_post(&mutex);  
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
hruthik@hruthik-dell-Vostro:~/Desktop/OS/LAB7$ gcc Dining_Philosophers.c -lpthread
hruthik@hruthik-dell-Vostro:~/Desktop/OS/LAB7$ ./a.out
Philosopher 1 is thinking
Philosopher 2 is thinking
Philosopher 3 is thinking
Philosopher 4 is thinking
Philosopher 5 is thinking
Philosopher 1 is Hungry
Philosopher 1 takes fork 5 and 1
Philosopher 1 is Eating
Philosopher 2 is Hungry
Philosopher 4 is Hungry
Philosopher 4 takes fork 3 and 4
Philosopher 4 is Eating
Philosopher 3 is Hungry
Philosopher 5 is Hungry
Philosopher 1 putting fork 5 and 1 down
Philosopher 1 is thinking
Philosopher 2 takes fork 1 and 2
Philosopher 2 is Eating
Philosopher 4 putting fork 3 and 4 down
Philosopher 4 is thinking
Philosopher 5 takes fork 4 and 5
Philosopher 5 is Eating
Philosopher 1 is Hungry
Philosopher 2 putting fork 1 and 2 down
Philosopher 2 is thinking
Philosopher 3 takes fork 2 and 3
Philosopher 3 is Eating
Philosopher 4 is Hungry
Philosopher 5 putting fork 4 and 5 down
Philosopher 5 is thinking
Philosopher 1 takes fork 5 and 1
Philosopher 1 is Eating
Philosopher 2 is Hungry
Philosopher 3 putting fork 2 and 3 down
Philosopher 3 is thinking
Philosopher 4 takes fork 3 and 4
Philosopher 4 is Eating
Philosopher 5 is Hungry
Philosopher 1 putting fork 5 and 1 down
Philosopher 1 is thinking
Philosopher 2 takes fork 1 and 2
Philosopher 2 is Eating
Philosopher 3 is Hungry
Philosopher 4 putting fork 3 and 4 down
Philosopher 4 is thinking
Philosopher 5 takes fork 4 and 5
Philosopher 5 is Eating
Philosopher 1 is Hungry
Philosopher 2 putting fork 1 and 2 down
Philosopher 2 is thinking
Philosopher 3 takes fork 2 and 3
```

READER_WRITERS:

CODE:

```
#include<stdio.h>#include<pthread.h>
#include<semaphore.h>
```

```

#include<unistd.h>
sem_t mutex, writeblock;
int data = 0, rcount = 0;
void *reader(void *arg)
{
    int f;
    f = (int) arg;
    sem_wait(&mutex);
    rcount = rcount + 1;
    if(rcount==1)
        sem_wait(&writeblock);
    sem_post(&mutex);
    printf("Data read by the reader%d is %d\n",f,data);
    sleep(1);
    sem_wait(&mutex);
    rcount = rcount - 1;
    if(rcount==0)
        sem_post(&writeblock);
    sem_post(&mutex);
}
void *writer(void *arg)
{
    int f;
    f = (int) arg;
    sem_wait(&writeblock);
    data++;
    printf("Data written by the writer%d is %d\n",f,data);
    sleep(1);
    sem_post(&writeblock);
}
int main()
{
    int i,b;
    pthread_t rtid[5],wtid[5];
    sem_init(&mutex,0,1);

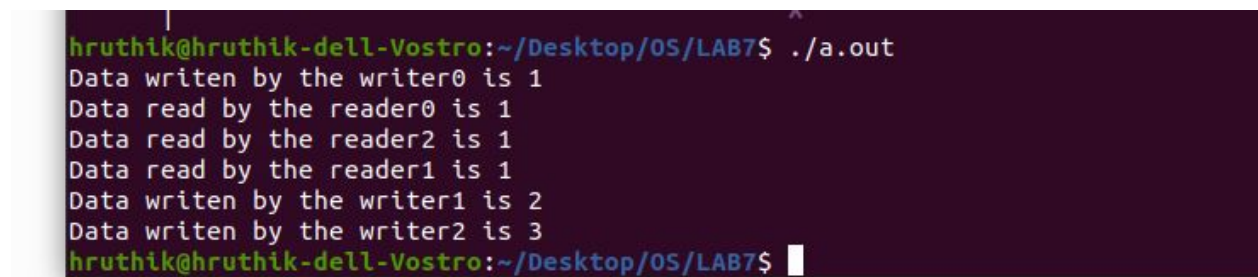
```

```

sem_init(&writeblock,0,1);
for(i=0;i<=2;i++)
{
pthread_create(&wtid[i],NULL, writer, (void *)i);
pthread_create(&rtid[i],NULL,reader, (void *)i);
}
for(i=0;i<=2;i++)
{pthread_join(wtid[i],NULL);
pthread_join(rtid[i],NULL);
}
return 0;
}

```

OUTPUT:


 A terminal window with a dark purple background. The prompt is 'hruthik@hruthik-dell-Vostro:~/Desktop/OS/LAB7\$'. The command './a.out' has been executed. The output consists of seven lines of text: 'Data written by the writer0 is 1', 'Data read by the reader0 is 1', 'Data read by the reader2 is 1', 'Data read by the reader1 is 1', 'Data written by the writer1 is 2', 'Data written by the writer2 is 3', and the prompt 'hruthik@hruthik-dell-Vostro:~/Desktop/OS/LAB7\$' followed by a cursor.


```

hruthik@hruthik-dell-Vostro:~/Desktop/OS/LAB7$ ./a.out
Data written by the writer0 is 1
Data read by the reader0 is 1
Data read by the reader2 is 1
Data read by the reader1 is 1
Data written by the writer1 is 2
Data written by the writer2 is 3
hruthik@hruthik-dell-Vostro:~/Desktop/OS/LAB7$

```

(1)Santa Claus Problem:

CODE:

```

#include <pthread.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <assert.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <semaphore.h>
pthread_t *CreateThread(void *(*f)(void *), void *a)
{
pthread_t *t = malloc(sizeof(pthread_t));

```

```
assert(t != NULL);
int ret = pthread_create(t, NULL, f, a);
assert(ret == 0);
return t;
}
static const int N_ELVES = 10;
static const int N_REINDEER = 9;
static int elves;
static int reindeer;
static sem_t santaSem;
static sem_t reindeerSem;
static sem_t elfTex; static sem_t mutex;
void *SantaClaus(void *arg)
{
    printf("Santa Claus: Hoho, here I am\n");
    while (true)
    {
        sem_wait(&santaSem);
        sem_wait(&mutex);
        if (reindeer == N_REINDEER)
        {
            printf("Santa Claus: preparing sleigh\n");
            for (int r = 0; r < N_REINDEER; r++)
                sem_post(&reindeerSem);
            printf("Santa Claus: make all kids in the world happy\n");
            reindeer = 0;
        }
        else if (elves == 3)
        {
            printf("Santa Claus: helping elves\n");
        }
        sem_post(&mutex);
    }
    return arg;
}
```

```

void *Reindeer(void *arg)
{
    int id = (int)arg;
    printf("This is reindeer %d\n", id);
    while (true)
    {
        sem_wait(&mutex);
        reindeer++;
        if (reindeer == N_REINDEER)
            sem_post(&santaSem);
        sem_post(&mutex);
        sem_wait(&reindeerSem);
        printf("Reindeer %d getting hitched\n", id);
        sleep(20);
    }
    return arg;
}

void *Elve(void *arg)
{int id = (int)arg;
printf("This is elve %d\n", id);
while (true)
{
    bool need_help = random() % 100 < 10;
    if (need_help)
    {
        sem_wait(&elfTex);
        sem_wait(&mutex);
        elves++;
        if (elves == 3)
            sem_post(&santaSem);
        else
            sem_post(&elfTex);
        sem_post(&mutex);
        printf("Elve %d will get help from Santa Claus\n", id);
        sleep(10);
    }
}
}

```



```

sem_wait(&mutex);
elves--;
if (elves == 0)
sem_post(&elfTex);
sem_post(&mutex);
}
// Do some work
printf("Elve %d at work\n", id);
sleep(2 + random() % 5);
}
return arg;
}
int main(int ac, char **av)
{
elves = 0;
reindeer = 0;
sem_init(&santaSem, 0, 0);
sem_init(&reindeerSem, 0, 0);
sem_init(&elfTex, 0, 1);
sem_init(&mutex, 0, 1);
pthread_t *santa_claus = CreateThread(SantaClaus, 0);
pthread_t *reindeers[N_REINDEER];
for (int r = 0; r < N_REINDEER; r++)
reindeers[r] = CreateThread(Reindeer, (void *)r + 1);pthread_t
*elves[N_ELVES];
for (int e = 0; e < N_ELVES; e++)
elves[e] = CreateThread(Elve, (void *)e + 1);
int ret = pthread_join(*santa_claus, NULL);
assert(ret == 0);
}

```

OUTPUT:

```
hruthik@hruthik-dell-Vostro:~/Desktop/OS/LAB7$ ./a.out
Santa Claus: Hoho, here I am
This is reindeer 2
This is reindeer 3
This is reindeer 1
This is reindeer 4
This is reindeer 5
This is reindeer 6
This is reindeer 7
This is reindeer 8
This is reindeer 9
Santa Claus: preparing sleigh
Reindeer 3 getting hitched
Reindeer 1 getting hitched
Reindeer 2 getting hitched
Reindeer 4 getting hitched
Reindeer 9 getting hitched
This is elfe 3
Santa Claus: make all kids in the world happy
This is elfe 4
Elfe 4 at work
Reindeer 7 getting hitched
Reindeer 5 getting hitched
This is elfe 2
Elfe 2 at work
Elfe 3 at work
This is elfe 7
Elfe 7 at work
This is elfe 8
Elfe 8 at work
Reindeer 8 getting hitched
This is elfe 5
This is elfe 9
Reindeer 6 getting hitched
This is elfe 1
Elfe 1 at work
This is elfe 10
Elfe 10 at work
Elfe 9 at work
This is elfe 6
Elfe 6 at work
Elfe 5 at work
Elfe 3 at work
Elfe 9 at work
Elfe 8 at work
Elfe 10 at work
Elfe 5 at work
Elfe 4 at work
Elfe 7 at work
Elfe 6 at work
Elfe 2 at work
Elfe 8 at work
Elfe 5 at work
```

(2) H2O Problem :

CODE:

```

#include <pthread.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <semaphore.h>
#include <unistd.h>
sem_t smutex,oxyQueue,hydroQueue;
int oxygen=0,hydrogen=0;
pthread_t oxyThread,hydroThread1,hydroThread2;
int bond(){
static int i=0;
i++;
if((i%3)==0)
printf("*** Molecule no. %d created**\n\n",i/3);
sleep(2);
return(0);
}
void* oxyFn(void* arg){
while(1){
sem_wait(&smutex);
oxygen+=1;if(hydrogen>=2){
sem_post(&hydroQueue);
sem_post(&hydroQueue);
hydrogen-=2;
sem_post(&oxyQueue);
oxygen-=1;
}
else {
sem_post(&smutex);
}
sem_wait(&oxyQueue);
printf("Oxygen Bond\n");
bond();
sleep(3);
sem_post(&smutex);
}
}

```

```

void* hydroFn(void* arg){
while(1){
sem_wait(&smutex);
hydrogen+=1;
if(hydrogen>=2 && oxygen>=1){
sem_post(&hydroQueue);
sem_post(&hydroQueue);
hydrogen-=2;
sem_post(&oxyQueue);
oxygen-=1;
}
else{
sem_post(&smutex);
}
sem_wait(&hydroQueue);
printf("Hydrogen Bond\n");
bond();
sleep(3);
}
}int main(){
if(sem_init(&smutex,0,1)==-1){
perror("error initilalizing semaphore\n");
}
if(sem_init(&oxyQueue,0,0)==-1){
perror("error initilalizing semaphore\n");
}
if(sem_init(&hydroQueue,0,0)==-1){
perror("error initilalizing semaphore\n");
}
sleep(2);
pthread_create(&oxyThread,0,oxyFn, NULL);
pthread_create(&hydroThread1,0,hydroFn, NULL);
pthread_create(&hydroThread2,0,hydroFn, NULL);
for(;;);
}

```

OUTPUT:

```
hruthik@hruthik-dell-Vostro:~/Desktop/OS/LAB7$ gcc H2O.c -lpthread
hruthik@hruthik-dell-Vostro:~/Desktop/OS/LAB7$ ./a.out
Hydrogen Bond
Hydrogen Bond
Oxygen Bond
** Molecule no. 1 created**

Hydrogen Bond
Hydrogen Bond
Oxygen Bond
** Molecule no. 2 created**

Hydrogen Bond
Hydrogen Bond
Oxygen Bond
** Molecule no. 3 created**

Hydrogen Bond
Hydrogen Bond
Oxygen Bond
** Molecule no. 4 created**

Hydrogen Bond
Hydrogen Bond
Oxygen Bond
** Molecule no. 5 created**

Hydrogen Bond
Hydrogen Bond
Oxygen Bond
** Molecule no. 6 created**

Hydrogen Bond
Hydrogen Bond
Oxygen Bond
** Molecule no. 7 created**

Hydrogen Bond
Hydrogen Bond
Oxygen Bond
** Molecule no. 8 created**
```

-----THE END-----