**Problem 1:** You should identify insertion, update, and deletion anomalies in the sample rows of the big patient table shown in Table 1. You should identify one example of each type of anomaly. The combination of *VisitNo* and *ProvNo* is the only unique column(s) for the table.

Table 1: Sample Rows for the Big Patient Table

VisitNo	VisitDate	PatNo	PatAge	PatCity	PatZip	ProvNo	ProvSpecialty	Diagnosis
V10021	2/13/2018	P1	36	DENVER	80217	D1	INTERNIST	EAR INFECTION
V10021	2/13/2018	P1	36	DENVER	80217	D2	NURSE PRACTITIONER	INFLUENZA
V93030	2/20/2018	P3	17	ENGLEWOOD	80113	D2	NURSE PRACTITIONER	PREGNANCY
V82110	2/18/2018	P2	60	BOULDER	85932	D3	CARDIOLOGIST	MURMUR

## **Solution:**

## • Insertion anomaly:

It is necessary to know a visit and an provider because the combination of **VisitNo** and **ProvNo** is the primary key.

## • Update anomaly:

If we change **ProvSpecialty** of **ProvNo** D2, two rows must be changed.

## • Deletion anomaly:

If we delete the provider of D2 in V10021, we lost the information about patient P1 and visit V10021