$\LaTeX 2_{\varepsilon}$ Workshop

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How do you write a document?

Appearance before structure

"WYSWYG" worse at both

Structure before appearance





 $\LaTeX 2_{\mathcal{E}}$

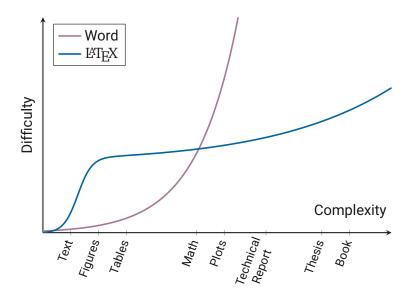








Why engineers should know LETEX





The last equality follows by observing that $(\Omega \setminus B_R(\mathbf{r}_0)) \cap B_R(\mathbf{r}_0) = \emptyset$, and the argument above. The RHS is the electric flux generated by a charged sphere, and so:

$$\Phi(R) = \frac{Q(R)}{\varepsilon_0} = \frac{1}{\varepsilon_0} \int_{B_R(\mathbf{r}_0)} \rho(\mathbf{r}') \, d\mathbf{r}' = \frac{1}{\varepsilon_0} \rho(\mathbf{r}'_c) |B_R(\mathbf{r}_0)| \quad \text{with } r'_c \in B_R(\mathbf{r}_0)$$

Where the last equality follows by the mean value theorem for integrals. Finally for the Squeeze theorem and the continuity of ρ :

$$\nabla \cdot \mathbf{E}_0(\mathbf{r}_0) = \lim_{R \to 0} \frac{\Phi(R)}{|B_R(\mathbf{r}_0)|} = \frac{\rho(\mathbf{r}_0)}{\varepsilon_0}$$

7.2 Deriving Coulomb's law from Gauss's law

Strictly speaking, Coulomb's law cannot be derived from Gauss's law alone, since Gauss's law does not give any information regarding the curl of ${\bf E}$ (see Helmholtz decomposition and Faraday's law). However, Coulomb's law can be proven from Gauss's law if it is assumed, in addition, that the electric field from a point charge is spherically symmetric (this assumption, like Coulomb's law itself, is exactly true if the charge is stationary, and approximately true if the charge is in motion).



About this presentation

Content

- LaTEX is learn by doing
- Will be mostly examples
- Sorry for the crowded slides

Example

Things in green boxes are examples

Tip

Things in red boxes are tips or extras



Do yourself a favor

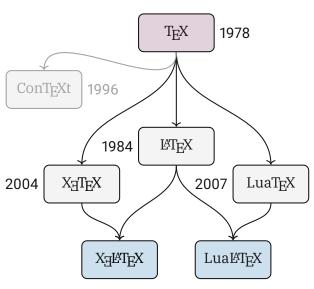
Use the International US Keyboard Layout



History of TEX, what should you use?







A: Use $X_{\underline{H}} \mathbb{E} T_{\underline{E}} X$, it has UTF-8 support! (ä, ü, ô, ...)

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Commands aka Macros

\command [options] {parameters}

\documentclass[a4paper]{article}

\LaTeX{}

\newpage



Special characters

Reserverd characters

Replacement macros

```
\# \$ \% \^{} \& \_ \{ \}
\textasciitilde{}
\textbackslash{}
```



Accents and Unicode

Accents

If you use pdflatex you cannot use unicode! That means no ä, ú, ò, ô, å, ð, You will need to use

instead.

Tip

If you compile with xelatex or lualatex you will not have this problem!



Quotation marks

 $\prescript{\mathbb{E}}$ TEX changes the style of the quotation mark according to the language (for ex "-", «-», ...).

This is an incorrect way to have a "quoted word". This is the correct way to have a ''quoted word''.

This is an incorrect way to have a "quoted word". This is the correct way to have a "quoted word".

To have "quotation marks", do not use " (shift + 2). Use 2 grave accents ' and two apostrophes '.



Environments

```
\begin{environment } [options]
\end{environment }
\begin{document} \end{document}
\begin{quote} \end{quote}
\begin{math} \end{math}
```



Document structure

```
\documentclass[a4paper]{article}
% preamble
\title{A very simple document}
\author{Naoki Pross}
\date{\today}
% content
\begin{document}
\maketitle
\end{document}
```

Spacing and newlines

In general

LATEX does not care too much about whitespace

```
I can put however many spaces here.
However if I leave an empty line, like this
```

LaTeX will in indent this sentence because it is a new paragraph.

I can put however many spaces here. However if I leave an empty line, like this.

LaTeX will in indent this sentence because it is a new paragraph.



Packages and CTAN

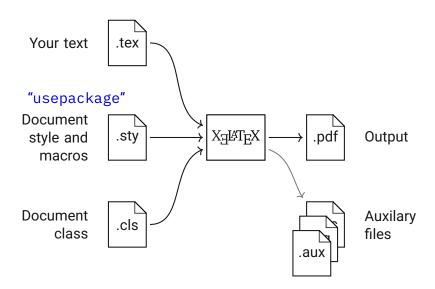
What is CTAN

The Comprehensive T_EX Archive Network is a set of Internet sites around the world that offer T_EX -related material for download.

Wow, that doesn't mean anything. Just go to https://ctan.org



Typesetting (aka "compilation")





Very big projects (like a thesis or a book)

```
\documentclass{thesis}
\usepackage{tex/mystyle}
\usepackage{tex/docmacros}
% preamble ...
\begin{document}
  \maketitle
  \tableofcontents
  \include{chapters/intro}
  \include{chapters/purpose}
\end{document}
```

```
mybigproject/
  mybigproject.tex
  figures/

    reactor.eps
  tex/
     mystyle.sty
   docmacros.stv

    ← chapters/
     intro.tex
     purpose.tex
```



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Headings

Numbered sections:

```
\part{}
\chapter{}
\section{}
\subsection{}
\subsection{}
\subsubsection{}
\paragraph{}
\paragraph{}
```

Unnumbered sections:

```
\section*{}
\subsection*{}
\subsubsection*{}
```

Pro Tip

You can customize what these commands do with the titlesec package.



Emphasis, Bold, Italic, ...

This is *emphatized*. You may also use **Bold**, *Italic*, SMALLCAPS, *Slanted*, Sans-Serif, Roman, Typewriter.

Lists

```
\begin{itemize}
  \item Tomatoes
  \item Peppers
  \item Broccoli
\end{itemize}
```

```
\begin{enumerate}
  \item Discover coffee
  \item Get addicted
  \item Congratulations
\end{enumerate}
```

Itemize

- Tomatoes
- Peppers
- Broccoli

Enumerate

- Discover coffee
- 2 Get addicted
- 3 Congratulations

You can customize itemize, enumerate, description with the enumitem package.



Description

```
\begin{description}
  \item[Programmer] A person who is paid to
    professionally scream at a computer.

\item[Manager] A person who appears to know how
    all tasks should be accomplished but can't
    actually do any of those tasks themselves.
\end{description}
```

Programmer A person who is paid to professionally scream at a computer.

Manager A person who appears to know how all tasks should be accomplished but can't actually do any of those tasks themselves.



Floating elements

Table 1: Floats placing permissions

Specifier	Permission
h	Place around here
t	At the top of the page
b	At the bottom of the page
р	On a special page containing only floats
!	"I don't care if it will be ugly"
H ¹	Place exactly here (may look very ugly)

Pro tip

The algorithm is very good, it's better not give a specifier at all.



¹Requires the "float" package, i.e. "\usepackage{float}"

Tables and tabular

```
\begin{table}[h]
 \caption{Not up to date numbers\label{tab:covid}}
 \begin{tabular}{l r r}
   \toprule
   Country & Infected & Deaths \\
   \midrule
   China & 80'652 & 3'070 \\
   South Korea & 7'041 & 44 \\
   Italy & 5'833 & 233 \\
   \bottomrule
 \end{tabular}
\end{table}
```

Pro Tip

Add "\usepackage{booktabs}" to use rulers. Do not use vertical rulers.



Tables and tabular

Example Table

Table 2: Not up to date numbers

Country	Infected	Deaths
China	80'652	3'070
South Korea	7'041	44
Italy	5'833	233

Figures

```
\begin{figure}[h]
 % center stuff
 \centering
 % to include a picture, use eps, pdf, dvi
 % preamble: \usepackage{graphicx}
 \includegraphics[width = 5cm]{path/to/picture}
 % or if you have some TikZ code
 \input{path/to/tikz/code}
  \caption{
    A meaningful caption for my picture.
    \label{fig:meaningful-name}
\end{figure}
```

Figures

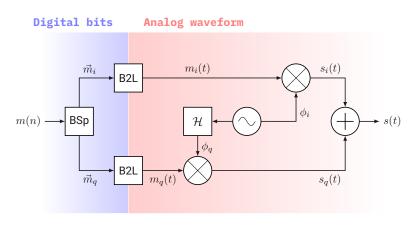


Figure 1: Block diagram of a QAM Modulator.

Cross-References II: Floatings

```
\begin{figure} % or table
  \includegraphics{...}
  \caption{
    A stereographic projection.
    \label{fig:projection}
  }
\end{figure}
... as shown in figure \ref{fig:projection} ...
```

Pro Tip

Put \label inside of \caption!



Cross-References II: Parts of text

```
\section{Introduction}
... will be discussed in \S \ref{sec:vstokes} ...
\section{Stokes equation} \label{sec:vstokes}
```

Document

- 1 Introduction
- ... will be discussed in §4 ...
- 4 Stokes Equation

..

Pro Tip

Use prefixes such as sec:, fig:, tab:, bib:, eqn: to avoid mistakes.



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Math environments

Environment	₽T _E X	TEX2
math displaymath	\(\) \[\]	\$ \$ \$\$ \$\$
equation	_	_
align	_	_
gather	_	_



 $^{^2}$ Don't use them in \LaTeX . For real: don't use them.

Example

```
The Pythagoran Theorem states that for a right
    trangle with sides \((a,b,c\)) there is the
    relation:
\[
    c^2 = a^2 + b^2.
\]
```

The Pythagoran Theorem states that for a right trangle with sides a, b, c there is the relation:

$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2.$$



Math styles

With the packages amsmath, amssymb

```
\ [
 \text{normal} % normal text
 \mathrm{R} % roman
 \mathit{R} % italic
 \mathbf{R} % bold
 \mathsf{R} % sans-serif
 \mathbb{R} % blackboard bold
 \mathcal{R} % calligraphy
 \mathfrak{R} % fraktur
```

normal R R R R R \mathbb{R} \mathfrak{R}



Sub- and Superscript

Hats and underscores

Cosine theorem

$$c = \sqrt{a^2 + b^2 - 2ab\cos(\alpha_{ab})}$$



Sum and Integral

```
% math community meme
\sum_{k = 1}^{\infty} k = - \frac{1}{12}
\hspace{1.5cm}

% fourier transform
F(\omega) = \int\limits_{-\infty}^\infty
  f(t) e^{-i\omega t} \mathrm{d}t

\]
```

Limits are similar with: $\lim_{t\to a}$

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} k = -\frac{1}{12} \qquad F(\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t)e^{-i\omega t} dt$$



Matrices with amsmath

```
\[
\mathbf{J} = \begin{pmatrix}
    0 & 1 \\
    1 & 0
  \end{pmatrix}
\]
```

The complex matrix

$$\mathbf{J} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \mathbf{R}_{\phi} = e^{\phi \mathbf{J}}$$

There are also bmatrix, vmatrix, Bmatrix, Vmatrix.



Cross-References III: Equations

```
Equation \eqref{eqn:schroedinger} is the
   Schrödinger Equation that describes the
   evolution of a quantum state \(\psi\).

\begin{equation} \label{eqn:schroedinger}
   i\hbar \partial_t \psi =
        - \frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \partial^2_x \psi + V\psi
\end{equation}
```

Equation (1) is the Schrödinger equation that describes the evolution of a quantum state ψ .

$$i\hbar \, \partial_t \psi = -rac{\hbar^2}{2m} \, \partial_x^2 \psi + V \psi$$
 (1)



Alignment

```
\begin{align*} % numbered when without *
  \nabla \cdot \vec{F}(1,1)
  &= \partial_x F_x + \partial_y F_y \\
  &= 2x + 3y^4 \\
  &= 2 + 3 \\
  &= 5
\end{align*}
```

$$\nabla \cdot \vec{F}(1,1) = \partial_x F_x + \partial_y F_y$$
$$= 2x + 3y^4$$
$$= 2 + 3$$
$$= 5$$



Subequations

```
Maxwell's equations in their integral form are:
\begin{subequations}
\begin{align}
\oint_{\partial S} \mathbf{E} ...
\end{align}
\end{subequations}
```

Maxwell's equations in their integral form are:

$$\oint_{\partial S} \mathbf{E} \cdot d\mathbf{l} = -\frac{d}{dt} \int_{S} \mathbf{B} \cdot d\mathbf{s}, \tag{2a}$$

$$\oint_{\partial S} \mathbf{H} \cdot d\mathbf{l} = \int_{S} (\mathbf{J} + \partial_{t} \mathbf{D}) \cdot d\mathbf{s},$$
 (2b)

$$\oint_{\partial V} \mathbf{D} \cdot d\mathbf{s} = \int_{V} \rho \, dv, \tag{2c}$$

$$\oint_{\partial V} \mathbf{B} \cdot d\mathbf{s} = 0. \tag{2d}$$



Learn by doing: try to typeset these

$$x_{t+1} = kx_t(1 - x_t)$$

$$H = -\sum_{x \in \mathbb{X}} p(x) \log p(x)$$

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1}{F} = \lim_{T \to \infty} \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{\gamma - iT}^{\gamma + iT} e^{st} F(s) \, ds$$

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The Bibliography

Only for very short bibliographies!

The industrial-technological society cannot be reformed in such a way as to prevent it from progresively narrowing down the sphere of human freedom\cite{unabomber}.

```
\begin{thebibliography}{9} % widest label
% manually set up MLA style
\bibitem{unabomber} Kaczynski, Theodore.
  \textit{''Industrial Society and Its Future.''}
  The Washington Post, 19 Sept. 1995.
\end{thebibliography}
```



External bibliography (Better)

Put in the preamble:

```
%% Citations
\usepackage[
  backend = biber, % or bibtex (older)
  style = ieee, % or any other
]{biblatex}
\addbibresource{MyDocument.bib}
```

and then

```
\begin{document}
% use \cite{..} commands ...
\printbibliography
\end{document}
```



BibTeX files: Example I

```
@article{Alimohammad2009,
 title = {Compact Rayleigh and Rician fading
     simulator based on random walk processes},
 author = {Alimohammad, A. and Fard, S.F. and
     Cockburn, B.F. and Schlegel, C.},
  journal = {IET Commun.},
  publisher = {Institution of Engineering and
     Technology (IET) },
 volume = \{3\},
  number = \{8\},
  pages = \{1333\},
 year = \{2009\},\
 language = {en}
```

BibTeX files: Example II

```
@book{Griffith,
  title = {Introduction to Electrodynamics, Fourth
      Edition},
  author = {Griffiths, David J.},
  year = {2017},
  publisher = {Cambridge University Press; 4th
      edition},
  isbn = {978-1108420419}
}
```

and many more

```
@article @book @collectedbook @conference
    @electronic @ieeetranbstctl @inbook
    @incollectedbook @incollection @injournal
    @inproceedings @manual @mastersthesis @misc
    @patent @periodical @phdthesis @preamble
    @proceedings @standard @string @techreport
    @unpublished
```



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Source code listings I: Settings

This presentation uses:

```
\usepackage{lstlistings}
% define a style
\lstdefinestyle{samplestyle}{
  belowcaptionskip=\baselineskip,
  breaklines=true,
  frame=none,
  inputencoding=utf8,
  % margin
  xleftmargin=\parindent,
  % numbers
  numbers=left,
  numbersep=5pt,
% use the style
\lstset{style=samplestyle, escapechar='}
```

Source code listings II: Usage

Finally in your document:

```
\begin{lstlisting}[
  language = python,
  caption = {
    FIR filter in python.
  label = {lst:py-fir}]
import numpy as np
def tap(c, tau, f):
    return np.exp(2j * np.pi * f * tau)
f = np.logspace(5, 9, samples = 500)
multipath = tap(.8, 500e-9, f) + tap(.4, 300e-9, f)
\end{lstlisting}
```

1stlistings is pretty good, but there is also minted as alternative. minted requires python to be installed.

Source code listings II: Usage (cont.)

Listing 1: FIR filter in python.

```
import numpy as np

def tap(c, tau, f):
    return np.exp(2j * np.pi * f * tau)

f = np.logspace(5, 9, samples=500)
multipath = tap(.8, 500e-9, f) + tap(.4, 300e-9, f)
```



TikZ = TikZ ist kein Zeichenprogramm

```
\usepackage{tikz}
\usetikzlibrary{calc, positioning, ...}
```

TikZ II: Elements

Basics

- \coordinate (name)at (x,y);
- \node[options] (name)at (x,y){label};
- \draw[options] commands;
- \fill[options] commands;

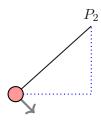
Drawing commands

- Line (A) -- (B)
- Horiz. then vert. line (A) -| (B)
- Vert. then horiz. line (A) |- (B)
- Quadratic Bézier (A).. controls (P)and (Q).. (B)
- Advanced curve (A) to[options] (B)
- Nodes node[options] (name) {label}
- Shapes (A)rectangle (B), (A)circle (2cm)



TikZ III: Basic example

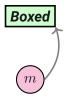
```
\begin{tikzpicture}
 \coordinate (0) at (0,0);
 \coordinate (A) at (2cm, 18mm);
 % no units = cm
 \draw[thick] (0) -- (A);
 \draw[thick, dotted, blue]
    (0) - | (A);
 \draw[ultra thick, ->, gray]
    (0) -- ++ (5mm, -5mm);
 \fill[thick, draw = black,
    fill = red!40] (0) circle (2mm);
 \node[above] at (A) \{(P_2)\};
\end{tikzpicture}
```



TikZ IV: Example with nodes

```
\node (A) at (0,0) {A node};
\node[
 rectangle, very thick,
 draw = black, fill = green!20,
 font = \bfseries\slshape,
 % positioning library
  below = 5mm of A,
1 (B) {Boxed}:
\node[
 circle, thick,
 draw = black, fill = magenta!20,
  below = 1 cm of B,
] (C) {\(m\)};
\draw[very thick, gray, ->]
  (C.east) to[bend right] (B.south east)
```

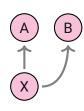
A node





TikZ V: Matrix and scope

```
\matrix (M) [ % node with table of nodes
 row sep = 8mm,
 column sep = 4mm,
 nodes = {
    circle, thick,
   draw = black,
    fill = magenta!30,
   outer sep = 1mm,
 \node (A) {A}; & \node (B) {B}; \\
  \node (X) {X}; \\
\begin{scope}[ultra thick, gray, ->]
 \draw (X) -- (A);
 \d (X) \ to[out = 0, in = -90] \ (B);
\end{scope}
```





PGFPlots

Real examples

- See README file in this workshop's repository github.com/OpenHSR/LaTeX-Workshop
- Documents I wrote in LaTEX
 - github.com/HSR-Stud/VorlageZF
 - github.com/NaoPross/DigDes
 - github.com/NaoPross/FuVar
 - git.thearcway.org/naopross/hsr
- My semester thesis (see under doc/thesis) github.com/NaoPross/Fading
- Books Prof. Dr. Müller wrote
 - github.com/AndreasFMueller/SeminarMatrizen
 - github.com/AndreasFMueller/SeminarNumerik
- Another real book github.com/hmemcpy/milewski-ctfp-pdf



THE END It was a lot, I know.

