# $\LaTeX 2_{\varepsilon}$ Workshop

Naoki Pross - np@0hm.ch

OST FHO Campus Rapperswil

Fall Semester 2021

# How do you write a document?

Appearance before structure

"WYSWYG" worse at both

Structure before appearance





 $\LaTeX 2_{\mathcal{E}}$ 

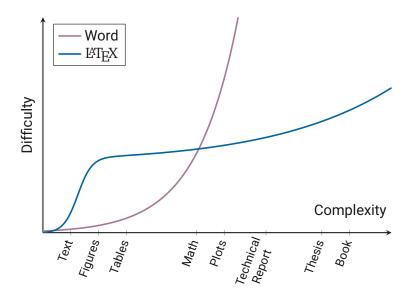








# Why engineers should know LETEX





The last equality follows by observing that  $(\Omega \setminus B_R(\mathbf{r}_0)) \cap B_R(\mathbf{r}_0) = \emptyset$ , and the argument above. The RHS is the electric flux generated by a charged sphere, and so:

$$\Phi(R) = \frac{Q(R)}{\varepsilon_0} = \frac{1}{\varepsilon_0} \int_{B_R(\mathbf{r}_0)} \rho(\mathbf{r}') \, d\mathbf{r}' = \frac{1}{\varepsilon_0} \rho(\mathbf{r}'_c) |B_R(\mathbf{r}_0)| \quad \text{with } r'_c \in B_R(\mathbf{r}_0)$$

Where the last equality follows by the mean value theorem for integrals. Finally for the Squeeze theorem and the continuity of  $\rho$ :

$$\nabla \cdot \mathbf{E}_0(\mathbf{r}_0) = \lim_{R \to 0} \frac{\Phi(R)}{|B_R(\mathbf{r}_0)|} = \frac{\rho(\mathbf{r}_0)}{\varepsilon_0}$$

#### 7.2 Deriving Coulomb's law from Gauss's law

Strictly speaking, Coulomb's law cannot be derived from Gauss's law alone, since Gauss's law does not give any information regarding the curl of  ${\bf E}$  (see Helmholtz decomposition and Faraday's law). However, Coulomb's law can be proven from Gauss's law if it is assumed, in addition, that the electric field from a point charge is spherically symmetric (this assumption, like Coulomb's law itself, is exactly true if the charge is stationary, and approximately true if the charge is in motion).



# About this presentation

#### Content

- LaTEX is learn by doing
- Will be mostly examples
- Sorry for the crowded slides

### Example

Things in green boxes are examples

### Tip

Things in red boxes are tips or extras



# Do yourself a favor

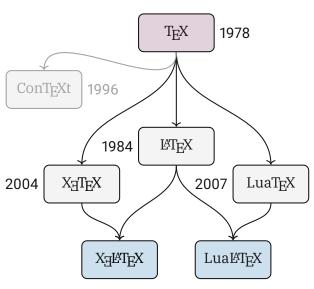
## Use the International US Keyboard Layout



# History of TEX, what should you use?







A: Use  $X_{\underline{H}} \mathbb{E} T_{\underline{E}} X$ , it has UTF-8 support! (ä, ü, ô, ...)

### **Table of Contents**

- 1 Fundamentals
- 2 Basics
- 3 Mathematics
- 4 Bibliography management
- 5 Extras



### Commands aka Macros

# \command [options] {parameters}

\documentclass[a4paper]{article}

\LaTeX{}

\newpage



# Special characters

#### Reserverd characters

### Replacement macros

```
\# \$ \% \^{} \& \_ \{ \}
\textasciitilde{}
\textbackslash{}
```



### Accents and Unicode

#### **Accents**

If you use pdflatex you cannot use unicode! That means no ä, ú, ò, ô, å, ð, .... You will need to use

instead.

### Tip

If you compile with xelatex or lualatex you will not have this problem!



## **Quotation marks**

 $\prescript{\mathbb{E}}$ X changes the style of the quotation mark according to the language (for ex "-", «-», ...).

```
1 This is an incorrect way to have a "quoted word".
```

2 This is the correct way to have a ''quoted word''.

This is an incorrect way to have a "quoted word". This is the correct way to have a "quoted word".

To have "quotation marks", do not use " (shift + 2). Use 2 grave accents ' and two apostrophes '.



### **Environments**

```
\begin{environment } [options]
\end{environment }
\begin{document} \end{document}
\begin{quote} \end{quote}
```

\begin{math} \end{math}



### Document structure

```
\documentclass[a4paper]{article}
  % preamble
4 \title{A very simple document}
 5 \author{Naoki Pross}
  \date{\today}
8 % content
  \begin{document}
10
  \maketitle
13
14 \end{document}
```

# Spacing and newlines

### In general

# LATEX does not care too much about whitespace

```
1 I can put however many spaces here.
2 However if I leave an empty line, like this
3
```

- 4 LaTeX will in indent this sentence because
- 5 it is a new paragraph.

I can put however many spaces here. However if I leave an empty line, like this.

LaTeX will in indent this sentence because it is a new paragraph.

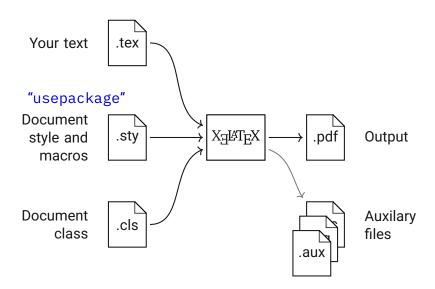


# Packages and CTAN

#### What is CTAN

The Comprehensive  $T_E X$  Archive Network is a set of Internet sites around the world that offer  $T_E X$ -related material for download.

# Typesetting (aka "compilation")





# Very big projects (like a thesis or a book)

```
\documentclass{thesis}
  \usepackage{tex/mystyle}
  \usepackage{tex/docmacros}
  % preamble ...
   \begin{document}
     \maketitle
     \tableofcontents
10
    \include{chapters/intro}
12
     \include{chapters/purpose}
13
  \end{document}
```

```
mybigproject/
  mybigproject.tex
  figures/
  reactor.eps
  tex/
    mystyle.stv
  docmacros.stv

    ← chapters/
    intro.tex
     purpose.tex
```



### **Table of Contents**

- 1 Fundamentals
- 2 Basics
- 3 Mathematics
- 4 Bibliography management
- 5 Extras



# Headings

#### Numbered sections:

```
1 \part{}
2 \chapter{}
3 \section{}
4 \subsection{}
5 \subsubsection{}
6 \paragraph{}
7 \subparagraph{}
```

#### Unnumbered sections:

```
1 \section*{}
2 \subsection*{}
3 \subsubsection*{}
```



# Emphasis, Bold, Italic, ...

This is *emphatized*. You may also use **Bold**, *Italic*, SMALLCAPS, *Slanted*, Sans-Serif, Roman, Typewriter.

### Lists

```
1 \begin{itemize}
2 \item Tomatoes
3 \item Peppers
4 \item Broccoli
5 \end{itemize}
```

```
1 \begin{enumerate}
2 \item Discover coffee
3 \item Get addicted
4 \item Congratulations
5 \end{enumerate}
```

#### Itemize

- Tomatoes
- Peppers
- Broccoli

#### Enumerate

- Discover coffee
- 2 Get addicted
- 3 Congratulations

You can customize itemize, enumerate, description with the enumitem package.



### Description

```
1 \begin{description}
2 \item[Programmer] A person who is paid to
    professionally scream at a computer.
3
4 \item[Manager] A person who appears to know how
    all tasks should be accomplished but can't
    actually do any of those tasks themselves.
5 \end{description}
```

Programmer A person who is paid to professionally scream at a computer.

Manager A person who appears to know how all tasks should be accomplished but can't actually do any of those tasks themselves.



# Floating elements

Table 1: Floats placing permissions

Specifier	Permission
h	Place around here
t	At the top of the page
b	At the bottom of the page
р	On a special page containing only floats
!	"I don't care if it will be ugly"
H <sup>1</sup>	Place <b>exactly here</b> (may look very ugly)

# Pro tip

The algorithm is very good, it's better not give a specifier at all.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Requires the "float" package, i.e. "\usepackage{float}"

### Tables and tabular

```
\begin{table}[h]
    \caption{Not up to date numbers \label{tab:covid}
3
    \begin{tabular}{l r r}
      \toprule
      Country & Infected & Deaths \\
    \midrule
   China & 80'652 & 3'070 \\
   South Korea & 7'041 & 44 \\
     Italy
             & 5'833 & 233 \\
      \bottomrule
10
   \end{tabular}
  \end{table}
```

### Pro Tip

Add "\usepackage{booktabs}" to use rulers. Do not use vertical rulers.



### Tables and tabular

### Example Table

Table 2: Not up to date numbers

Country	Infected	Deaths
China	80'652	3'070
South Korea	7'041	44
Italy	5'833	233

### **Figures**

```
1 \begin{figure}[h]
  % center stuff
   \centering
    % to include a picture, use eps, pdf, dvi
    % preamble: \usepackage{graphicx}
    \includegraphics[width = 5cm]{path/to/picture}
    % or if you have some TikZ code
    \input{path/to/tikz/code}
10
11
    \caption{
12
      A meaningful caption for my picture.
      \label{fig:meaningful-name}
13
14
15 \end{figure}
```

# **Figures**

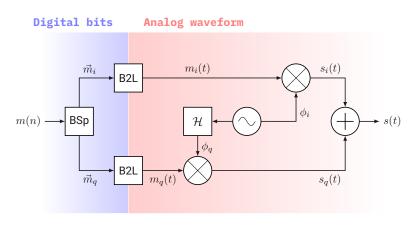


Figure 1: Block diagram of a QAM Modulator.

### Cross-References I: Parts of text

```
1 \section{Introduction}
2 ... will be discussed in \S \ref{sec:nvstokes} ...
3
4 \section{Stokes equation} \label{sec:nvstokes}
```

#### Document

- 1 Introduction
- ... will be discussed in §4 ...
- 4 Stokes Equation

..

### Pro Tip

Use prefixes such as sec:, fig:, tab:, bib:, eqn: to avoid mistakes.



# Cross-References II: Floatings

```
1 \begin{figure} % or table
2 \includegraphics{...}
3 \caption{
4    A stereographic projection.
5    \label{fig:projection}
6    }
7 \end{figure}
9 ... as shown in figure \ref{fig:projection} ...
```

Put \label inside of \caption!



### **Table of Contents**

- 1 Fundamentals
- 2 Basics
- 3 Mathematics
- 4 Bibliography management
- 5 Extras



### Math environments

Environment	₽T <sub>E</sub> X	TEX2
math displaymath	\( \) \[ \]	\$ \$ \$\$ \$\$
equation	_	_
align	_	_
gather	_	_



 $<sup>^2</sup>$ Don't use them in  $\LaTeX$ . For real: don't use them.

# Example

1 The Pythagoran Theorem states that for a right trangle with sides \((a,b,c\)) there is the relation:

The Pythagoran Theorem states that for a right trangle with sides a, b, c there is the relation:

$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2.$$



# Math styles

#### With the packages amsmath, amssymb

```
1 \[
2 \text{normal} % normal text
3 \mathrm{R} % roman
4 \mathit{R} % italic
5 \mathbf{R} % bold
6 \mathsf{R} % sans-serif
7 \mathtt{R} % typewriter
8 \mathbb{R} % blackboard bold
9 \mathcal{R} % calligraphy
10 \mathfrak{R} % fraktur
11 \]
```

normal R R R R R  $\mathbb{R}$   $\mathfrak{R}$ 



# Sub- and Superscript

#### Hats and underscores

#### Cosine theorem

$$c = \sqrt{a^2 + b^2 - 2ab\cos(\alpha_{ab})}$$



# Sum and Integral

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} k = -\frac{1}{12} \qquad F(\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t)e^{-i\omega t} dt$$



### Matrices with amsmath

```
1 \[
2 \mathbf{J} = \begin{pmatrix}
3     0 & 1 \\
4     1 & 0
5 \end{pmatrix}
6 \]
```

### The complex matrix

$$\mathbf{J} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \mathbf{R}_{\phi} = e^{\phi \mathbf{J}}$$

There are also bmatrix, vmatrix, Bmatrix, Vmatrix.



### **Cross-References III: Equations**

```
1 Equation \eqref{eqn:schroedinger} is the
        Schrödinger Equation that describes the
        evolution of a quantum state \(\psi\).
2
3 \begin{equation} \label{eqn:schroedinger}
4 i\hbar \partial_t \psi =
5 - \frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \partial^2_x \psi + V\psi
6 \end{equation}
```

Equation (1) is the Schrödinger equation that describes the evolution of a quantum state  $\psi$ .

$$i\hbar \, \partial_t \psi = -rac{\hbar^2}{2m} \, \partial_x^2 \psi + V \psi$$
 (1)



# Alignment

```
1 \begin{align*} % numbered when without *
2 \nabla \cdot \vec{F}(1,1)
3    &= \partial_x F_x + \partial_y F_y \\
4    &= 2x + 3y^4 \\
5    &= 2 + 3 \\
6    &= 5
7 \end{align*}
```

$$\nabla \cdot \vec{F}(1,1) = \partial_x F_x + \partial_y F_y$$
$$= 2x + 3y^4$$
$$= 2 + 3$$
$$= 5$$



# Subequations

```
1 Maxwell's equations in their integral form are:
2 \begin{subequations}
3 \begin{align}
4 \oint_{\partial S} \mathbf{E} ...
5 \end{align}
6 \end{subequations}
```

Maxwell's equations in their integral form are:

$$\oint_{\partial S} \mathbf{E} \cdot d\mathbf{l} = -\frac{d}{dt} \int_{S} \mathbf{B} \cdot d\mathbf{s}, \tag{2a}$$

$$\oint_{\partial S} \mathbf{H} \cdot d\mathbf{l} = \int_{S} (\mathbf{J} + \partial_{t} \mathbf{D}) \cdot d\mathbf{s},$$
 (2b)

$$\oint_{\partial V} \mathbf{D} \cdot d\mathbf{s} = \int_{V} \rho \, dv, \tag{2c}$$

$$\oint_{\partial V} \mathbf{B} \cdot d\mathbf{s} = 0. \tag{2d}$$



# Learn by doing: try to typeset these

$$x_{t+1} = kx_t(1 - x_t)$$

$$H = -\sum_{x \in \mathbb{X}} p(x) \log p(x)$$

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1}{F} = \lim_{T \to \infty} \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{\gamma - iT}^{\gamma + iT} e^{st} F(s) \, ds$$

### **Table of Contents**

- 1 Fundamentals
- 2 Basics
- 3 Mathematics
- 4 Bibliography management
- 5 Extras



### The Bibliography

### Only for very short bibliographies!

1 The industrial-technological society cannot be reformed in such a way as to prevent it from progresively narrowing down the sphere of human freedom\cite{unabomber}.



## External bibliography (Better)

#### Put in the preamble:

```
1 %% Citations
2 \usepackage[
3  backend = biber, % or bibtex (older)
4  style = ieee, % or any other
5 ]{biblatex}
6
7 \addbibresource{MyDocument.bib}
```

#### and then

```
1 \begin{document}
2 % use \cite{..} commands ...
3 \printbibliography
4 \end{document}
```



## BibTeX files: Example I

```
1 @article{Alimohammad2009,
    title = {Compact Rayleigh and Rician fading
       simulator based on random walk processes},
    author = {Alimohammad, A. and Fard, S.F. and
       Cockburn, B.F. and Schlegel, C.},
    journal = {IET Commun.},
    publisher = {Institution of Engineering and
       Technology (IET) },
    volume = \{3\},
    number = \{8\},
    pages = \{1333\},
    year = \{2009\},
    language = {en}
10
11 }
```

# BibTeX files: Example II

```
1 @book{Griffith,
2  title = {Introduction to Electrodynamics,
     Fourth Edition},
3  author = {Griffiths, David J.},
4  year = {2017},
5  publisher = {Cambridge University Press; 4th
     edition},
6  isbn = {978-1108420419}
7 }
```

#### and many more

```
1 @article @book @collectedbook @conference
    @electronic @ieeetranbstctl @inbook
    @incollectedbook @incollection @injournal
    @inproceedings @manual @mastersthesis @misc
    @patent @periodical @phdthesis @preamble
    @proceedings @standard @string @techreport
    @unpublished
```



### **Table of Contents**

- 1 Fundamentals
- 2 Basics
- 3 Mathematics
- 4 Bibliography management
- 5 Extras



# Source code listings

## **Plots**

## TikZ