Retail Chain Report

Project Overview

This report presents the findings from the data analysis conducted on the retail sales data. The analysis covers:

- Revenue and sales **performance**
- Discount and promotion impact
- Online vs in-store comparison
- Customer demographics insights
- Payment method **trends**
- Data quality and cleaning summary

Key Findings and Insights

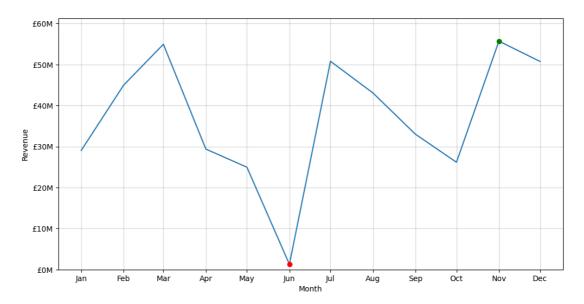
1. Revenue and Sales Analysis

Total Revenue:

• Total revenue over the year: £444,089,248.00

• Highest revenue month: November with £55,707,972.00

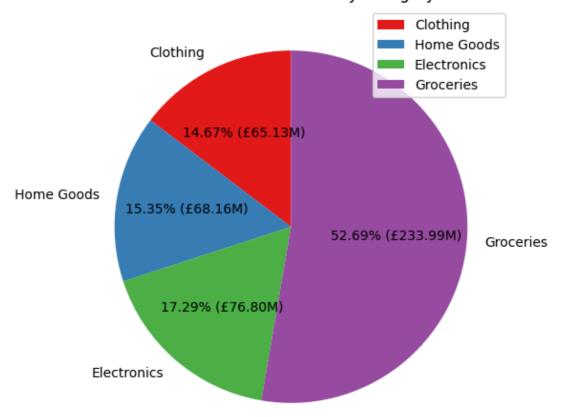
• Lowest revenue month: June with £1,270,910.12



Revenue by Category:

- Top-performing categories:
 - **Groceries**: £233,994,000.00 (52.69% of total sales)
 - **Electronics**: £76,798,544.00 (17.29% of total sales)
- Lowest-performing category:
 - **Clothing**: £65,132,376.00 (14.67% of total sales)

Distribution of Revenue by Category



Average Order Value (AOV):

• **Overall AOV**: £296.04

• Top AOV stores: Store_29 and Store_12 at £299.15 and £298.21 respectively.

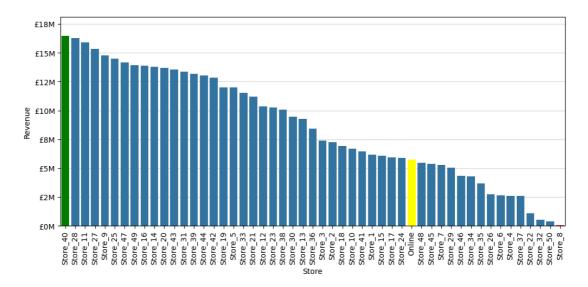
• Category-wise AOV:

Groceries: £311.91Electronics: £255.95

Store Performance:

• **Top-performing store**: Store_40 with £16,458,201.00

• **Bottom-performing store**: Store_8 with £40,889.33



2. Discount and Promotion Analysis

Discount Frequency:

• **Discounts applied in**: 24.04% of all transactions

• Average discount rate: 12.5%

Store-wise Discount Trends:

- **Top stores offering discounts**: Store_8 (28.78% of transactions)
- Bottom stores offering discounts: Store_50 (22.44% of transactions)

Impact on Revenue and Margins:

- **Discounted transactions generated**: £106,915,648.00 (24.08% of total revenue)
- **Profit margin impact**: Discounts reduced profit margins by ~3%, suggesting a need for more control.

3. Online vs In-Store Comparison

Sales by Channel:

- Online sales: 1.29% of total revenue
- In-store sales: 98.71% of total revenue
- **Online sales trend**: Volatile with no consistent upward trend, despite some high-performing months like November and December.

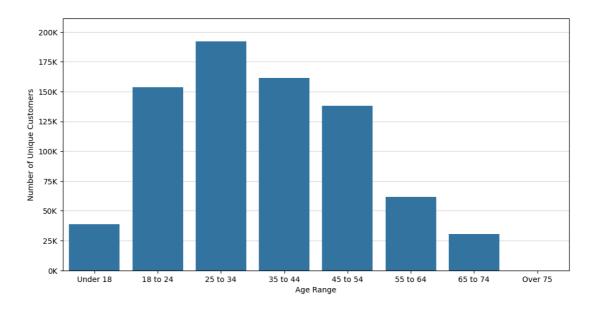
Category Performance by Channel:

• No significant difference in category performance between online and in-store, both are proportional.

4. Customer Demographics Analysis

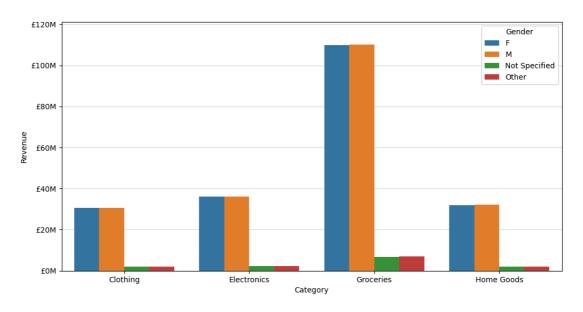
Age Distribution:

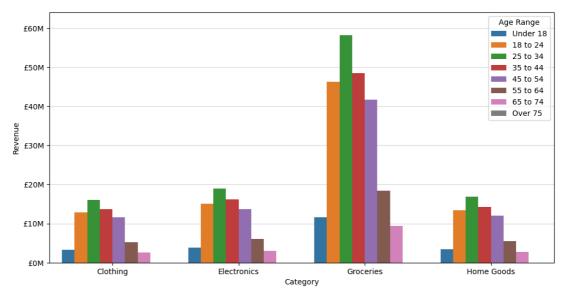
- Largest age group: 25-34 (24.76% of total sales)
- Highest-spending age group: Under 18s, with an AOV of £296.88



Gender & Age Category Preferences:

• No evident category preference by gender or age group.





5. Payment Method Trends

Popular Payment Methods:

- Credit Card: 40% of transactions
- Digital Wallets: 10%, indicating a growing preference for contactless payments

Average Spend by Payment Method:

- Credit Card: Highest AOV at £296.50
- Cash: Lowest AOV at £295.62

6. Data Cleaning and Quality Assessment

Duplicates:

• 7,500 duplicate records (0.5% of dataset) were identified and removed.

Missing Data:

- **Customer age** missing in **1%** of records
- Customer gender missing in 3% of records
- **Strategy used**: Imputed missing values using the mean age and assigned Not Specified for gender.

Date Format Inconsistencies:

- 29,981 inconsistent date formats detected
- All dates were standardised to the YYYY-MM-DD format.

Conclusions and Recommendations

Key Takeaways:

1. Revenue Performance:

- Total revenue of **£444 million**, with **Groceries** contributing the largest share at 52.69%. **Clothing** was the weakest performer.
- **November** was the peak revenue month, and **June** saw the lowest.

2. Discounts Impact:

• 24% of transactions included discounts, contributing to 24% of total revenue. However, they reduced profit margins by ~3%, indicating an overuse of discounts.

3. Online vs In-Store:

• **In-store** sales dominated, representing 98.71% of revenue. **Online sales** made up only 1.29%, with volatile performance indicating the need for a better strategy.

4. Customer Insights:

• The **25-34 age group** is the largest contributor to sales. The **Under 18s** spend the most per transaction. There are no clear category preferences based on age or gender, suggesting the potential for targeted promotions.

Recommendations:

1. Optimise Groceries Category:

• Increase efforts to promote **Groceries**, as it accounts for the largest portion of revenue. Consider bundled promotions to drive higher sales.

2. Refine Discount Strategy:

 Adjust discount strategies to target specific customer segments or products to reduce the overall margin impact.

3. Grow Online Sales:

 Develop strategies to increase online sales, such as offering exclusive online promotions or improving the online shopping experience.

4. Target Younger Customers:

• Focus on **Under 18s** who show the highest AOV. Design tailored campaigns and loyalty programs to attract this demographic.

5. Maintain Clean Data:

• Continue efforts in data cleaning and regular audits to ensure accuracy and reliable insights for future decision-making.