



### Introduction

One of the key resources that an operating system is called upon to manage is main (primary) memory.

Generally a programer does not have to worry about which particular addresses are used for their programs. The compiler/OS does this for you. However, it is good to gain a basic understanding of how all these addresses are put together.

## Linking

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## **Address Binding**

For a program to execute it must be copied into main memory at a particular location.

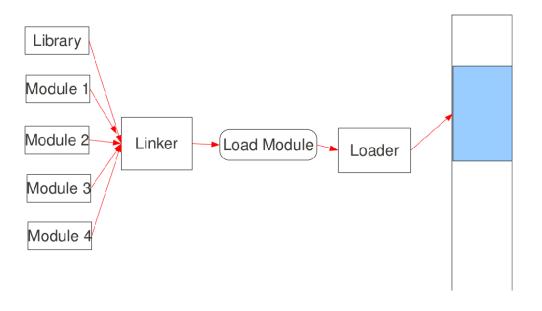
Many instructions use 'fixed' addresses which must be bound to 'fixed' locations in the memory.

This binding of instructions and data to memory addresses may occur at :

- compile time,
- load time, or
- execution time.



# Linking Loading

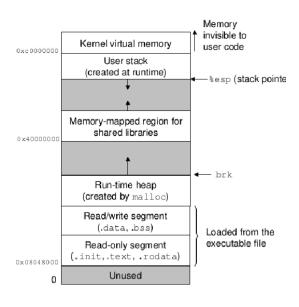


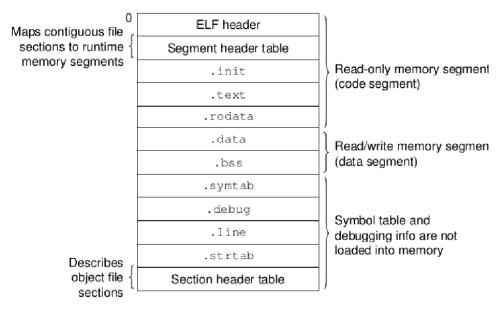


## Memory Layout



#### **ELF**





from COMP2300 2010 slides from 2010 COMP2300 slides



### Libraries

Libraries may be either:

- statically linked the library is compiled into the final binary executable.
- dynamically linked just a 'stub' is includes in the binary executable, the library code is obtained as needed during execution.