



THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS
AT AUSTIN

CS363D STATISTICAL LEARNING AND DATA MINING

Homework 03

Edited by L^AT_EX

Department of Computer Science

STUDENT

Jimmy Lin

xl5224

INSTRUCTOR

Pradeep Ravikumar

TASSISTANT

Adarsh Prasad

RELEASE DATE

March. 25 2014

DUE DATE

April. 27 2014

TIME SPENT

7 hours

March 28, 2014

Contents

1	MF Implementation	2
2	Report optimal λ	2
3	Problems when $\lambda = 0$	2
4	RMSE of Test Set under optimal λ	2
A	Source Code	3

List of Figures

1	Errors With Regard to Parameter λ	2
---	---	---

1 MF Implementation

Figure 1: Errors With Regard to Parameter λ

For specific details, see the source code in attachment.

2 Report optimal λ

3 Problems when $\lambda = 0$

4 RMSE of Test Set under optimal λ

A Source Code

```
% Solution for the data mining homework 03
% Author: Jimmy Lin (xl5224)

function solution()
%% load the dataset
load('./dataset/hw3_netflix.mat');
%% Setting about data
nCVFolds = size(cvSet, 1);
FOLDRANGE = 1:nCVFolds;
sRatings = size(Ratings);
nUsers = sRatings(1);
nMovies = sRatings(2);

%%
% PRE-SETTING
LAMBDA_S = 0:0.05:1;
NITERATIONS = 30;
K = 10;
nLambdas = size(LAMBDA_S, 2);

%%
% CROSS VALIDATION
avgError = zeros(1, nLambdas);
for l = 1:nLambdas,
    lambda = LAMBDA_S(l);
    foldError = zeros(1, nCVFolds);
    for f = FOLDRANGE,
        %% prepare elements for training
        nItems = length(cvSet(f, :));
        cvTrainR = trR;
        cvTrainR(cvSet(f, :)) = 0;
        cvTestR = trR(cvSet(f, :));
        %% apply Alternating Minimization for training
        [U, M] = trainMF(cvTrainR, lambda, NITERATIONS, K);
        %% make prediction rating matrix
        PredictedRatings = U * M';
        %% generate prediction array for error computation
        cvPrediction = PredictedRatings(cvSet(f, :));
        %% compute root mean square error
        foldError(f) = computeRMSE(cvPrediction, cvTestR, nItems);
        fprintf('(Lambda, Fold, Error) = (%0.2f, %d, %f)\n', ...
            lambda, f, foldError(f))
    end
    fprintf('Errors when lambda=%0.2f: ', lambda)
    disp(foldError)
    %% take the mean of fold errors as error of lambda
    avgError(l) = mean(foldError);
end
plot(LAMBDA_S, avgError, 'x-')
hold on
%% pick up the optimal lambda
optIdx = find(avgError <= min(avgError) + 1e-3);
optLambda = LAMBDA_S(optIdx)
assert(all(optLambda <= avgError) == 1)
plot([optLambda], [avgError(optIdx)], 'dr', 'MarkerSize', 10)
%% training by using optimal lambda
[U, M] = trainMF(trR, optLambda, NITERATIONS, K);
optPredictedRatings = U * M';
%% compute optimal
optRMSE = computeRMSE(optPredictedRatings(testIdx), ...
    Ratings(testIdx), length(testIdx))
end
```

```
%% subfunction:
%% functionality: apply matrix factorization on training data
function [U, M] = trainMF (trainData, lambda, iterations, K)
nUsers = size(trainData, 1);
nMovies = size(trainData, 2);
U = rand(nUsers, K);
M = rand(nMovies, K);

for iter = 1:iterations,
    for j = 1:nMovies,
        M(j,:) = inv(U' * U + lambda * eye(K)) * U' * trainData(:,j);
    end
    for i = 1:nUsers,
        U(i,:) = inv(M' * M + lambda * eye(K)) * M' * trainData(i,:)' ;
    end
    PredictedRatings = U * M';
end
end

function err = computeRMSE (Prediction, GroundTruth, nItems)
err = sqrt(sum(sum((Prediction-GroundTruth).^2)) / nItems);
end
```