



Your grade: 100%

Your latest: 100% • Your highest: 100% • To pass you need at least 60%. We keep your highest score.

Next item →

1. What type of machine learning method is classification?

1 / 1 point

- ☐ Unsupervised
- ☐ Semi-supervised
- ☒ Supervised
- ☐ Reinforcement

✓ **Correct**

Classification is a supervised machine learning method that uses labeled data to predict labels on new data.

2. What is the purpose of using a one-versus-all classification strategy?

1 / 1 point

- ☐ To classify data into one or more classes
- ☐ To handle binary classification
- ☒ To extend binary classifiers to handle multiple classes
- ☐ To improve the performance of neural networks

✓ **Correct**

The one-versus-all strategy is a method to adapt binary classifiers for multi-class classification by training each classifier to recognize a single class against all others.

3. In a decision tree, what does each leaf node represent?

1 / 1 point

- ☐ A feature of the data
- ☒ A class label
- ☐ The result of a test
- ☐ The split criterion used at that level

✓ **Correct**

Each leaf node assigns its data points to a specific class, such as Drug A or Drug B.

4. Why might you want to prune a decision tree?

1 / 1 point

- ☒ To avoid overfitting the training data
- ☐ To increase the complexity of the model
- ☐ To maximize the number of features used in the tree
- ☐ To ensure the tree has no leaf nodes

✓ **Correct**

Pruning can help simplify the tree, which reduces overfitting and improves generalization to new data.

5. What is the primary goal of a regression tree?

1 / 1 point

- ☐ To split data based on information gain and entropy
- ☒ To predict continuous values based on features
- ☐ To classify data into discrete categories
- ☐ To minimize the number of leaf nodes

✓ **Correct**

The primary purpose of a regression tree is to predict continuous values.