影像中使用者感興趣區域偵測之資料集

A Benchmark for Region-of-Interest Detection in Images

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口試委員:					
所 長:					



誌謝

感謝...





Acknowledgements

I'm glad to thank...





摘要

本論文提出了一影像中使用者感興趣區域 (region of interest) 偵測 之資料集 (benchmark)。使用者感興趣區域偵測在許多應用中極為有 用,過去雖然有許多使用者感興趣區域之自動偵測演算法被提出,然 而由於缺乏公開資料集,這些方法往往只測試了各自的小量資料而難 以互相比較。從其它領域可以發現,基於公開資料集的可重製實驗與 該領域突飛猛進密切相關,因此本論文填補了此領域之不足,我們提 出名為「Photoshoot」的遊戲來蒐集人們對於感興趣區域的標記,並 以這些標記來建立資料集。透過這個遊戲,我們已蒐集大量使用者對 於感興趣區域的標記,並結合這些資料成為使用者感興趣區域模型。 我們利用這些模型來量化評估五個使用者感興趣區域偵測演算法,此 資料集也可更進一步作為基於學習理論演算法的測試資料,因此使基 於學習理論的偵測演算法成為可能。

關鍵字: 到 thesisvar.tex 裡修改關鍵字、關鍵字、關鍵字、關鍵字



Abstract

This thesis presents a benchmark for region of interest (ROI) detection. ROI detection has many useful applications and many algorithms have been proposed to automatically detect ROIs. Unfortunately, due to the lack of benchmarks, these methods were often tested on small data sets that are not available to others, making fair comparisons of these methods difficult. Examples from many fields have shown that repeatable experiments using published benchmarks are crucial to the fast advancement of the fields. To fill the gap, this thesis presents our design for a collaborative game, called Photoshoot, to collect human ROI annotations for constructing an ROI benchmark. With this game, we have gathered a large number of annotations and fused them into aggregated ROI models. We use these models to evaluate five ROI detection algorithms quantitatively. Furthermore, by using the benchmark as training data, learning-based ROI detection algorithms become viable.

Keywords: 到 thesisvar.tex 裡修改 keyword, keyword, keyword word

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中英文字對照

中文	英文	縮寫	頁碼
同步定位與地圖構建	Simultaneous Localization And Mapping	SLAM	1
單目	monocular		1





第一章

Introduction

自動中英文對照同步定位與地圖構建(Simultaneous Localization And Mapping, SLAM)。沒有縮寫用單目(monocular)Attention plays an important role in human vision. For example, when we look at an image, our eye movements comprise a succession of fixations (repetitive positioning of eyes to parts of the image) and saccades (rapid eye jump). Those parts of the image that cause eye fixations and capture primary attention are called regions of interest (ROIs). Studies in visual attention and eye movement have shown that humans generally only attend to a few ROIs. Detecting these visually attentive regions in images is challenging but useful in many multimedia applications, such as automatic thumbnail cropping, object recognition, content-based image retrieval, adaptive image compression and automatic browsing in small-screen devices. [1]

$$A = \frac{\pi r^2}{2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}\pi r^2$$
(1.1)

Many algorithms have 公式1.1 been proposed for automatic ROI detection in images. Unfortunately, these methods were often evaluated only on specific and small data sets that are not publicly available. The lack of published benchmarks makes experiments non-repeatable and quantitative evaluation difficult. However, as recommended by the latest ACM SIGMM retreat, repeatable experiments using

2 Introduction

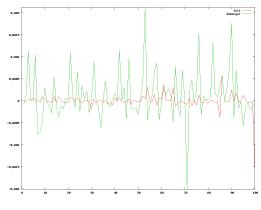


圖 1.1: kl-distance [2]

	Itti's method	Fuzzy growing
Precision	0.4475	0.4506
Recall	0.5515	0.5542

表 1.1: Evaluation of FOA sets.

published benchmarks are important for advancing the multimedia research field [2].

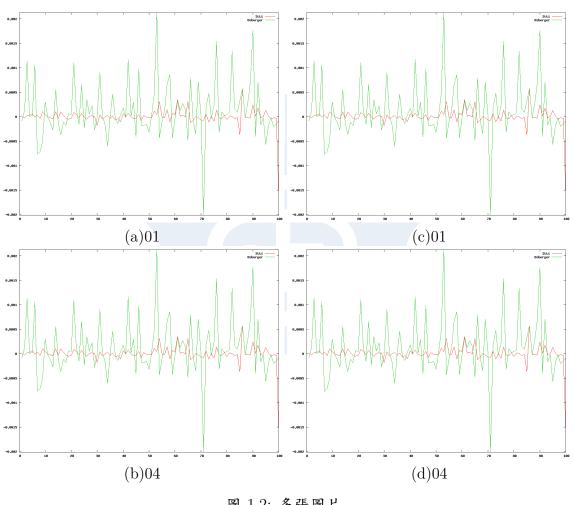


圖 1.2: 多張圖片 (a)-(b) 說明 (c)-(d) 說明文字

4 Introduction



参考文獻

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