

CSC10001 – Introduction to Programming

1st lecture: Introduction to Computers and Programming

fit hcmus

Instructor: TRAN Thi Thao Nhi

October 2, 2023

Information

Instructors:

- ▶ Tran Thi Thao Nhi
- ▶ Phan Thi Phuong Uyen
- ▶ Nguyen Van Quang Huy

Time and place: 13:30 – 17:10, I41

Website: courses.ctda.hcmus.edu.vn – Moodle

Course's objectives

- ▶ basic programming concepts
- ▶ basic programming structures
- ▶ well-organized C++ programs to solve basic problems

Textbooks

- ▶ *Tony Gaddis*, Starting out with C++ From Control Structures through Objects, Pearson, 8th edition, 2015
- ▶ *D. S. Malik*, C++ Programming: From Problem Analysis to Program Design (more exercises)
- ▶ *Vũ Quốc Hoàng*, Bí kíp luyện Lập trình cơ bản với C
<https://github.com/vqhBook/C>
- ▶ *Trần Đan Thư*, Giáo trình Nhập môn lập trình Khoa CNTT – Trường ĐHKHTN Tp.HCM, 2011

Course's content

| W | Topic | Textbook |
|----|----------------------------------|--------------------|
| 1 | Introduction to Programming | 1.1-1.7 |
| 2 | Basic elements | 2.1-2.17, 3.1-3.9 |
| 3 | Flowchart | 2.4 (VQHoang book) |
| | Control flow statements: If-else | 4.1-4.14 |
| 4 | Control flow statements: Loop | 5.1-5.10, 5.12 |
| 5 | Functions | 6.1-6.13 |
| 6 | Midterm | |
| 7 | Array | 7.1-7.8 |
| 8 | 2D Array | 7.9-7.11 |
| | String | 10.1-10.8 |
| 9 | Struct | 11.1-11.8 |
| 10 | File | 5.11, 12.1-12.10 |

Grading policy

| | |
|---------|------------|
| lab | 40 points |
| midterm | 25 points |
| final | 35 points |
| bonus | ∞ |
| <hr/> | |
| Total | 100 points |

bonus:

► in-class exercises

► quizzes:

+1 if $\text{sum}([Q_i, i = 1..n]) \geq n/2$

+1 for each Q_i really ">"

| Q1 | Q2 | Q3 | Q4 | Q5 | ... |
|----|----|----|----|----|-----|
| T | F | T | T | T | |
| | | +1 | +1 | +1 | |

Regulations

- ▶ Students who are absent for more than 3 theory sessions are not allowed to take the exams
- ▶ Students whose lab's score is lower than 10/40 points will be graded 0 for the final and will fail this course
- ▶ For any kind of cheating and plagiarism, students will be graded 0 for the course.

Cheating:

- * Sharing code: by copying, retyping, looking at, or supplying a file
- * Describing: verbal description of code from one person to another.
- * Coaching: helping your friend to write a lab, line by line
- * Searching the Web for solutions
- * Copying code from a previous course or online solution

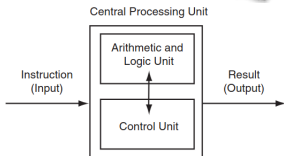
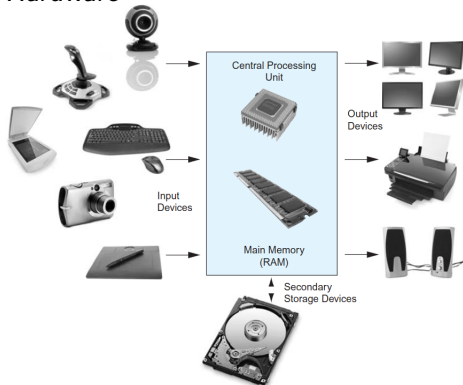
(CMU cheating description)

Gettting help

- ▶ Moodle: courses.ctda.hcmus.edu.vn
- ▶ Email: tttnhi@mso.hcmus.edu.vn
ptpuyen@fit.hcmus.edu.vn
nvqhuy@fit.hcmus.edu.vn
ex: [CSC10001] Ask for additional materials
- ▶ Office hours: I63, Monday/Wednesday/Friday
- ▶ Discord: <https://discord.gg/URmpKjQN>

Getting start: Computer Systems

Hardware



Software

System Software



Application Software



Why do programming?

Human language

Add 5 and 8

Programming language

Low-level (Assembly)

```
add 0x8(%ebp),%eax  
//instruction
```

High-level (C++, Python, Java, ...)

```
int a = 5 + 8;  
//instruction / statement
```

Machine language

```
011000110101  
//instruction
```



each different type
of CPU has its own
machine language

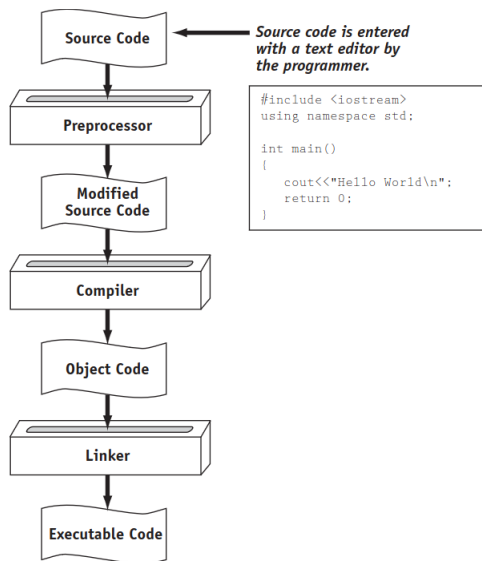
→ A program is a *set of instructions* a computer follows in order to perform a task

A program

```
1 //This program calculates the user's age
2 #include <iostream>
3 using namespace std;
4
5 int main(){
6     int year, age;
7     // Get the year born
8     cout << "When were you born? ";
9     cin >> year;
10    // Calculate the age
11    age = 2023 - year;
12    // Display the age
13    cout << "You are " << age << endl;
14    return 0;
15 }
```

statements (typed
into a computer by
a **text editor**) →
source code
→ saved to a file =
source file

Source Code, Object Code, and Executable Code



Preprocessor executes lines beginning with # symbol (preprocessor directive)

Compiler translates source code instructions into machine language instructions

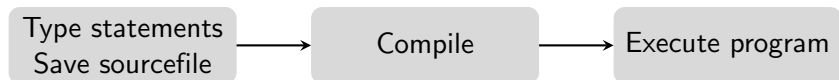
Linker combines object code with the necessary library

```
>> g++ hello.cpp -o hello
```

Integrated Development Environments (IDEs)

- ▶ include: text editor, compiler, debugger, ...
- ▶ single click (F5, F11, ...)

Basic Program Development



What do we need?

Hardware: a computer

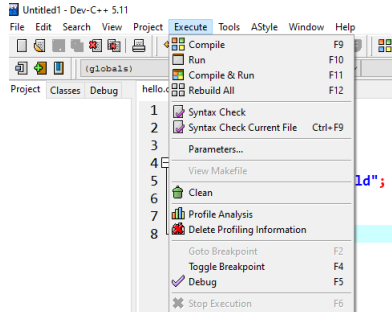
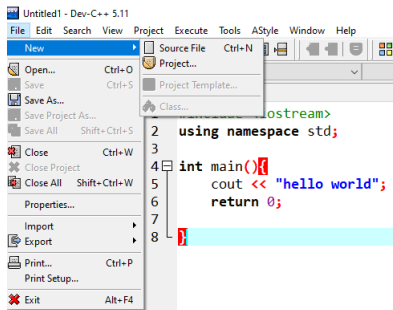
Software:

- ▶ a text editor +
a compiler (C++),
or

```
>> g++ hello.cpp -o hello(.exe)
```

- ▶ IDE

[compile and run] F5, F11 ...



What do we need?

Hardware: a computer

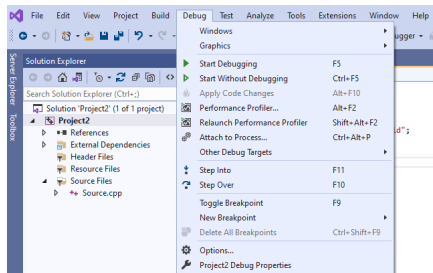
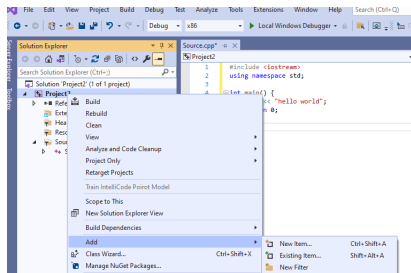
Software:

- ▶ a text editor +
a compiler (C++),
or

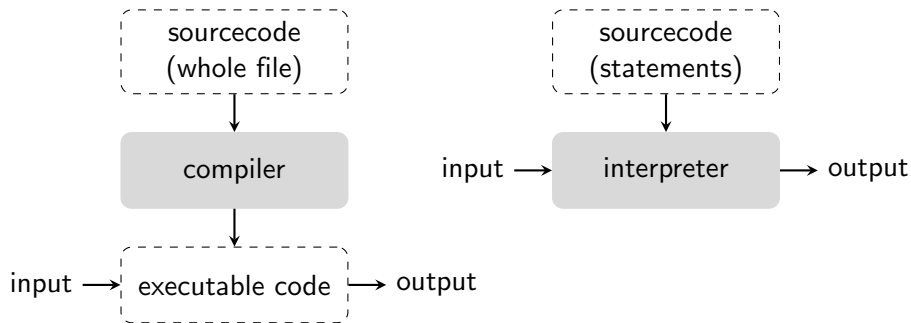
```
>> g++ hello.cpp -o hello(.exe)
```

- ▶ IDE

[compile and run] F5, F11 ...



Compilation and Interpretation



C, C++, Scala, Java, ...

Python, Ruby, PHP, Java, ...

Program Paradigms

```
1 #include <iostream>
2 using namespace std;
3
4 int main(){
5     int year, age;
6     // Get the year born
7     cout << "When were you born? ";
8     cin >> year;
9     // Calculate the age
10    age = 2023 - year;
11    // Display the age
12    cout << "You are " << age << endl;
13    return 0;
14 }
```

Key words: include,
using, namespace,
int, ...

Identifiers: main,
year, age

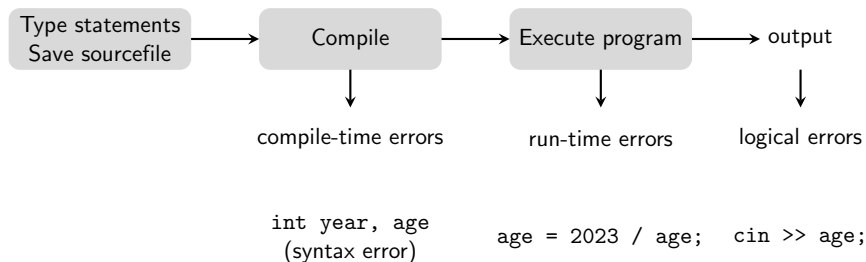
Operators: -, =

Punctuation: ;

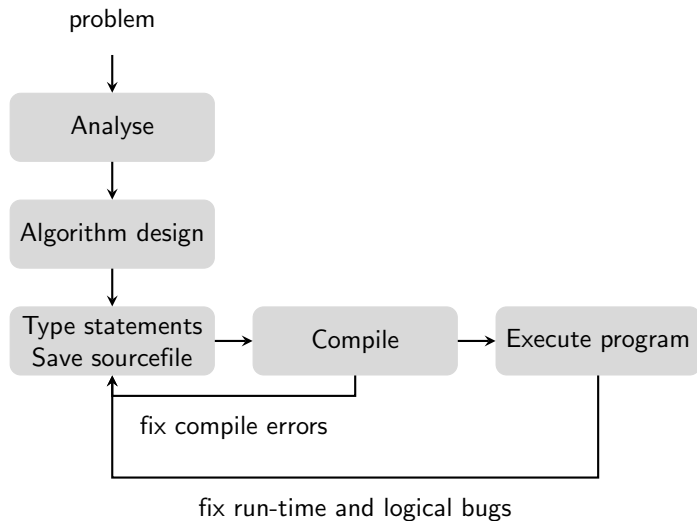
Syntax

Bugs (Errors)

Bug: a mistake in a program → find and fix bugs “**debug**”



Basic Program Development



Exercises

```
1 #include <iostream>
2 using namespace std;
3
4 int main(){
5     int year, age;
6     // Get the year born
7     cout << "When were you born? ";
8     cin >> year;
9     // Calculate the age
10    age = 2023 - year;
11    // Display the age
12    cout << "You are " << age << endl;
13    return 0;
14 }
```

Write a program to

- ▶ introduce yourself
- ▶ welcome a new student

TODO

- ▶ Finish chapter 1
- ▶ Read chapter 2, 3