

STA457A2 Theory

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Theory

1.

A.

$$E(Y|X = -1) = (-1) \times P(Y = -1|X = -1) + 0 \times P(Y = 0|X = -1) + 1 \times P(Y = 1|X = -1)$$

$$= (-1) \times \frac{0.05}{0.05+0.1+0.15} + 1 \times \frac{0.15}{0.05+0.1+0.15} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$E(Y|X = 0) = (-1) \times P(Y = -1|X = 0) + 0 \times P(Y = 0|X = 0) + 1 \times P(Y = 1|X = 0)$$

$$= (-1) \times \frac{0.15}{0.15+0.15+0.1} + 1 \times \frac{0.1}{0.15+0.15+0.1} = -\frac{1}{8}$$

$$E(Y|X = 1) = (-1) \times P(Y = -1|X = 1) + 0 \times P(Y = 0|X = 1) + 1 \times P(Y = 1|X = 1)$$

$$= (-1) \times \frac{0.15}{0.15+0.15} + 1 \times \frac{0.15}{0.15+0.15} = 0$$

$$\text{Therefore, } E[(Y - g(X))^2] = E[E[Y - g(X)]^2|X]$$

$$= E[(Y - g(X = -1))^2|X = -1] \times P(X = -1) + E[(Y - g(X = 0))^2|X = 0] \times P(X = 0) + E[(Y - g(X = 1))^2|X = 1] \times P(X = 1)$$

$$= E[(Y - \frac{1}{3})^2] \times 0.3 + E[(Y - (-\frac{1}{8}))^2] \times 0.4 + E[(Y - 0)^2] \times 0.3$$

$$E[Y^2 - \frac{2}{3}Y + \frac{1}{9}|X = -1] \times 0.3 + E[Y^2 + \frac{1}{4}Y + \frac{1}{64}|X = 0] \times 0.4 + E[Y^2|X = 1] \times 0.3$$

$$\text{where } E[Y] = -1 \times 0.35 + 0 \times 0.25 + 1 \times 0.4 = 0.05, E[Y^2|X = -1] = \frac{2}{3}, E[Y^2|X = 0] = \frac{5}{8}, E[Y^2|X = 1] = 1$$

$$\text{and } E[Y^2] = (-1)^2 \times 0.35 + 0^2 \times 0.25 + 1^2 \times 0.4 = 0.75$$

$$\text{Therefore, } E[(Y - g(X))^2] = 0.71$$

b.

$$E[(Y - \hat{Y})^2] = E[(Y - a - bX)^2]$$

To find minimum value, take partial derivative of both a and b and set the result equals 0.

$$\text{we have } E[(-2)(Y - a - bX)] = 0$$

$$E[(-2X)(Y - a - bX)] = 0$$

$$\text{Then we have } -2E[(Y - a - bX)] = 0 \rightarrow E[(Y - a - bX)] = 0 \rightarrow E[Y] - a - bE[X] = 0 \rightarrow a = E[Y] - bE[X]$$

$$\text{and } 2E[(-X)(Y - a - bX)] = 0 \rightarrow E[(-X)(Y - a - bX)] = 0 \rightarrow E[XY] - aE[X] - bE[X^2] = 0$$

$$\text{substitute a, we have } E[XY] - (E[Y] - bE[X])E[X] - bE[X^2] = 0 \rightarrow E[XY] - E[X]E[Y] + bE[X]^2 - bE[X^2] = 0 \rightarrow b = \frac{\text{cov}(X,Y)}{\text{var}[X]}$$

From Part A, we know $E[Y] = 0.05, E[Y^2] = 0.75$

also, $E[X] = 0, E[X^2] = 0.6$

then $Var[X] = 0.6 - 0^2 = 0.6$, $cov(X, Y) = E[XY] = 0.05 \times (-1)^2 + 0.15 \times (+1)^2 + (-1)(+1) \times 0.15 + (+1)(-1)0.15 = -0.1$

Then $a = 0.05, b = -\frac{1}{6}$

$E[(Y - \hat{Y})^2] = E[Y^2 - 2Y\hat{Y} + \hat{Y}^2] = E[Y^2] - 2E[Y\hat{Y}] + E[\hat{Y}^2]$ where $E[\hat{Y}] = E[a + bX]$

then we have $E[(Y - \hat{Y})^2] = E[Y^2 - 2Y\hat{Y} + \hat{Y}^2] = E[Y^2] + 2E[Y\hat{Y}] + E[\hat{Y}^2]$

$= E[Y^2] + 2E[Y(a + bX)] + E[(a + bX)^2] = E[Y^2] - 2(aE[Y] + bE[XY]) + E[a^2] + 2abE[X] + b^2E[X^2]$

substitute values of $E[Y^2]$, $E[XY]$ and $E[X]$, we have $E[(Y - \hat{Y})^2] = 0.778$

2.

A.

$$X_{n+1}^n = E[X_{n+1}|X_1 \dots X_n] = E[\phi X_n + W_{n+1}|X_1 \dots X_n] = \phi X_n$$

$$X_{n+2}^n = E[X_{n+2}|X_1 \dots X_n] = E[\phi X_{n+1} + W_{n+1}|X_1 \dots X_n] = E[\phi(\phi X_n + W_{n+1})|X_1 \dots X_n] = \phi^2 X_n$$

$$Cov[(X_{n+1} - X_{n+1}^n), (X_{n+2} - X_{n+2}^n)] = Cov[W_{n+1}, \phi W_{n+1} + W_{n+2}] = \phi Cov[W_{n+1}, W_{n+1}] = \phi \sigma_W^2$$

b.

$$X_n^{n-1} = E[X_n|X_1 \dots X_{n-1}] = E[\phi X_{n-1} + W_n|X_1 \dots X_{n-1}] = \phi X_{n-1}$$

$$Cov[(X_n - X_n^{n-1}), (X_{n+1} - X_{n+1}^n)] = Cov[\phi X_{n-1} + W_n - (\phi X_{n-1}), \phi X_n + W_{n+1} - (\phi X_n)] = 0$$