Compiler Construction/Fall 2015/Project Milestone 2 Template for Syntax-Directed Definition

Eva Rose evarose@cs.nyu.edu

Kristoffer Rose krisrose@cs.nyu.edu

Assigned Thursday 10/15/2015, due Monday 10/26/2015 at 8am

This document is a template for syntax-directed definitions (SDD) over the abstract syntax of the *SubScript* language used in the Fall 2015 project of the class. In the abstract syntax production rules we use the following abbreviations for the HACS sorts in the *SubScript* syntax.

NAME	ABBREVIATION	Name	ABBREVIATION
CallSignature	CS	NameType	NT
Declaration	D	NameTypeList	NTL
Expression	E	NameTypeListTail	NTLT
ExpressionList	EL	Program	P
ExpressionListTail	ELT	STRING	str
IDENTIFIER	id	Statement	S
INTEGER	int	Statements	Ss
IfTail	IT	Type	T
KeyValue	KV	TypeList	TL
KeyValueList	KVL	TypeListTail	TLT
KeyValueListTail	KVLT	Unit	u
Member	M	Units	Us
Members	Ms		

Below a template for writing an SDD over *SubScript*, with the full abstract syntax.

Attributes. We shall use the following attributes:

- ok is a synthesized boolean on P, ..., which is true if and only if P is well-typed.
- synd is a synthesized declaration records (containing mappings of names and types) on P, ...
- n is a synthesized name on P, ...
- lexval is the synthesized attribute for taking the literal string on P, ...
- t is a synthesized types on P,
- pt is a synthesized parameter types on P, ...
- lexval is a literal values on terminals.
- env is a inherited declaration records (containing mappings of names and types) on P, ...
- || measn concatenation

SDD Helpers. Below is the description of helpers used in the SDD, where X is the qualified abbreviations that satisfy the given productions.

- Define(X.env, id.lexval) is to check whether there exist such id in the current environment of X.
- Extend(X, id.lexval, T_1) is to add the identifier id with type T_1 in the current content of X.
- ExtendT(X, id.lexval, T_1) is to add the type which comes from id in the current content of X.
- Lookup(X.env, id.lexval) is to lookup the type of the identifier id in the current environment of X.
- AddTypeCheck(E₁, E₂) is to check the type of the Expression E₁ and E₂. The rule as follows:
 if (E₁.t ∈ TSet && E₂.t ∈ TSet) {
 if (E₁.t = number && E₂.t = number)
 return number
 return string
 }
 returnTypeError
- (Boolean Expression)? Value0: Value1 is the ternary operation. If the boolean expression is true, it calculates Value0. Otherwise it calculates Value1.
- A && B is the boolean operation to represent both condition A and condition B have to be true.
- LValue(E): LValue evaluates the expression to true if E is an Identifier or it is a member access E.m that is not a function member.
- Uniq(P_{outer}.env, D_{inner}.synd): evaluates to true if in the scope of D there exists an distinct Identifier. Otherwise return false.
- KvlTypeChecker(KVL): evaluates to true if all pair elements satisfy identifier_i.t = E_i.t (permutation allowed). Otherwise return TypeError.
- $TSet_1 = \{number, string\}.$

Asscumptions Once the type error occurs, the whole program stops.

Explanations The procedure to apply the semantic rule is that if there is synthesized declaration records, then the rule to extend them will be apply first. Because those declarations need to go up to the root to tell the program they are defined, and then those non — terminals can the inherited attributes env to pass them down to the children in the tree.

PRODUCTION	SEMANTIC RULES
$P o Us_1$	$P.ok = Us_1.ok, Us_1.env = Us_1.synd$
$Us \to U_1 \ Us_2$	$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$

PRODUCTION	SEMANTIC RULES
$Us \rightarrow U_1$	$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
$U \rightarrow D_1$	$U.ok = D_1.ok, D_1.env = U.env, U.env = Extend(U.synd, D_1.synd, D.pt)$
$U \rightarrow S_1$	$\begin{array}{lll} \text{U.ok} &=& S_1.\text{ok}, S_1.\text{env} &=& \text{U.env}, \text{U.env} &=\\ \text{Extend}(\text{U.synd}, \text{D}_1.\text{synd}, \text{D}_1.\text{pt}) & & & \end{array}$
$D \to \text{interface id}_1 \; \{ \; Ms_2 \; \}$	$D.ok = Ms_2.ok \&\& Uniq(Ms_2), D.pt = Ms_2.pt \\ Ms_2.env = Extend(D.env, id_1.n, id_1), D.n = id_1.lexval$
$D \to \textbf{function id}_1 \ CS_2 \ \{ \ Ss_3 \ \}$	$D.ok = Ss_3.ok \&\& CS_2.ok, D.n = id_1.lexval, id_1.t = CS_2.t$ $D.pt = CS_2.pt, Ss_3.env = Extend(D.env, id_1.lexval, id_1.t)$
$Ms o M_1 \ Ms_2$	$Ms.ok = M_1.ok \&\& Ms_2.ok, Ms.env = Ms.synd$ $Ms.synd = Extend(Ms_2.synd, M_1.n, M_1.pt)$ $M_1.env = Ms.env, Ms_2.env = M_1.env$
$Ms ightarrow \epsilon$	$Ms.ok = true, Ms.synd = \epsilon$
$M o \mathbf{id}_1 : T_2$;	$M.n = id_1.lexval, M.t = T_2.t, M.ok = true$
$M \rightarrow id_1 \ CS_2 \ \{ \ Ss_3 \ \}$	$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
$CS ightarrow$ (NTL_1) : T_2	$CS.ok = uniq(NTL_1), NTL_1.env = CS.env$ $CS.t = T_2.t, CS.pt = NTL.t, CS.n = id_2.lexval T2.t$
$NTL o NT_1 \; NTLT_2$	$\begin{aligned} &NTL.ok = NT_1.ok \; \&\& \; NTL_2.ok, \; NTL.t = NT_1.t NTLT_2.pt \\ &NT_1.env = NTL.env, NTL_2.env = NTL.env \end{aligned}$
$NTL \to \varepsilon$	NTL.ok = true
$NTLT o$, $NT_1 \; NTLT_2$	$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
$NTLT \to \varepsilon$	NTLT.ok = true, NTLT.t = ϵ
$NT o \mathbf{id}_1 : T_2$	$NT.syn = \mathbf{id}_1.lexval, NT.t = T_2.t$
$Ss o S_1 Ss_2$	$Ss.ok = S_1.ok \&\& Ss_2.ok, S_1.env = Ss.env$ $Ss_2.env = Extend(Ss.env, S_1.n, S_1.t)$

PRODUCTION	SEMANTIC RULES
$Ss \to \varepsilon$	Ss.ok = true
$S \rightarrow \{ Ss_1 \}$	$S.ok = Ss_1.ok, \ Ss_1.env = S.env, \ S.n = \epsilon, \ S.t = \epsilon$
$S \rightarrow \mathbf{var} \ NT_1$;	$S.ok = true, NT_1.env = S.env, S.n = NT_1.n, S.t = NT_1.t$
$S o E_1$;	$S.ok = E_1.ok$, $E_1.env = S.env$, $S.n = \epsilon$, $S.t = \epsilon$
S o ;	$S.ok = true, S.n = \epsilon, S.t = \epsilon$
$S \rightarrow \mathbf{if} (E_1) IT_2$	S.ok = E ₁ .ok && IT ₂ .ok, E ₁ .env = S.env, IT ₂ .env = S.env $S.n = \epsilon$, $S.t = \epsilon$
$S \rightarrow \textbf{while} \ (\ E_1\)\ S_2$	$S.ok = E_1.ok \&\& IT_2.ok, E_1.env = S.env, S_2.env = S.env$ $S.n = \epsilon, S.t = \epsilon$
$S \to \textbf{return} \ E_1 \ ;$	S.ok = Lookup(S.env, return) && E1.t, S.n = ϵ , S.t = ϵ
$S \rightarrow return$;	S.ok = Lookup(S.env, return) && void , S.n = ϵ , S.t = ϵ
$IT \to S_1 \; \mathbf{else} \; S_2$	$IT.ok = S_1.ok \&\& S_2.ok, S_1.env = IT.env, S_2.env = IT.env$
$IT \to S_1$	$IT.ok = S_1.ok, S_1.env = IT.env$
$T o \mathbf{boolean}$	T.t = boolean
$T \to \textbf{number}$	T.t = number
$T \to \mathbf{string}$	T.t = string
$T \to \mathbf{void}$	$T.t = \mathbf{void}$
$T \to \mathbf{id}_1$	$\label{eq:total_total} \textbf{T.t} = \text{Define}(\textbf{Us}_1.\text{env}, \textbf{id}_1.\text{lexval})?~\textbf{id}_1.\text{lexval}:~\textbf{UndefinedError}$
$T\to \text{(}TL_1\text{)} => T_2$	$T.t = T_2$
$T \to \{ \; NTL_1 \; \}$	$T.t = NTL_1.t$
$TL \to T_1 \; TLT_2$	$T_1.env = ExtendT(TL.env, T_1.syn), TLT_2.env = T_1.env,$
$TL o \varepsilon$	$TL.t = \epsilon$
TLT $ ightarrow$, T $_1$ TLT $_2$	$\begin{aligned} TLT_2.env &= T_1.env, \ TLT.ok = true \\ T_1.env &= ExtendT(TLT.syn, \ , T_1.syn) \end{aligned}$
$TLT \to \epsilon$	$TLT.t = \epsilon$
$E o \mathbf{id}_1$	$E.t = Define(E.env, id_1)$? Lookup $(E.env, id_1)$: TypeError
$E \to \mathbf{str}_1$	E.t = string

PRODUCTION	SEMANTIC RULES
$E \to \boldsymbol{int}_1$	E.t = number
$E o E_1$. \mathbf{id}_2	$ \begin{array}{l} \textbf{E}_1.\texttt{env} = \textbf{E}.\texttt{env}, \textbf{E}.\textbf{t} = (\texttt{Define}(\textbf{E}.\texttt{env},\textbf{id}_2) \ \&\& \ \texttt{Lookup}(\textbf{E}.\texttt{env},\textbf{id}_2) = \\ \textbf{id}_2.\textbf{t})? \ \textbf{id}_2.\textbf{t}: \ \texttt{TypeError} \end{array} $
$E o E_1$ (EL_2)	$E_1.env = E.env, \; EL_2.env = E.env, \; E.t = E_1.t \parallel EL_2.t$
$E\to \textbf{!}\ E_1$	$E_1.env = E.env$, $E.t = (E_1.t = boolean)$? $E_1.t$: TypeError
$E \rightarrow {} \sim E_1$	$E_1.env = E.env, E.t = (E_1.t = number)$? $E_1.t$: TypeError
$E \rightarrow -E_1$	$E_1.env = E.env$, $E.t = (E_1.t = number)$? $E_1.t$: TypeError
$E \to + E_1$	$E_1.env = E.env, E.t = (E_1.t = \mathbf{number})$? $E_1.t$: TypeError
$E \to E_1 * E_2$	$E_1.env = E.env$, $E_2.env = E.env$ $E.t = (E_1.t = number \&\& E_2.t = number)$? $E_1.t : TypeError$
$E \to E_1 / E_2$	$E_1.env = E.env$, $E_2.env = E.env$ $E.t = (E_1.t = number \&\& E_2.t = number)$? $E_1.t$: TypeError
$E \to E_1 \ \% \ E_2$	$E_1.env = E.env$, $E_2.env = E.env$ $E.t = (E_1.t = number \&\& E_2.t = number)$? $E_1.t : TypeError$
$E \to E_1 + E_2$	$E_1.env = E.env, E_2.env = E.env$ $E.t = (AddTypeCheck(E_1.t, E_2.t))? E_1.t : TypeError$
$E \to E_1 - E_2$	$E_1.env = E.env, E_2.env = E.env$ $E.t = (E_1.t = number \&\& E_2.t = number)? E_1.t : TypeError$
$E \to E_1 <= E_2$	$E_1.env = E.env, E_2.env = E.env$ $E.t = (E_1.t = E_2.t \&\& E_1.t \in TSet_1)$? boolean : TypeError
$E \rightarrow E_1 >= E_2$	$\begin{array}{lll} E_1.env &=& E.env, \ E_2.env &=& E.env \\ E.t &=& (E_1.t = E_2.t \ \&\& \ E_1.t \in TSet_1)? \ \textbf{boolean}: \ TypeError \end{array}$
$E \to E_1 < E_2$	$E_1.env = E.env, E_2.env = E.env$ $E.t = (E_1.t = E_2.t \&\& E_1.t \in TSet_1)$? boolean : TypeError
$E \to E_1 > E_2$	$\begin{array}{lll} E_1.env &=& E.env, \ E_2.env &=& E.env \\ E.t &=& (E_1.t = E_2.t \ \&\& \ E_1.t \in TSet_1)? \ \textbf{boolean}: \ TypeError \end{array}$
$E \to E_1 == E_2$	$E_1.env = E.env, E_2.env = E.env$ $E.t = (E_1.t = E_2.t)$? boolean : TypeError
$E \to E_1 \mathrel{!=} E_2$	$E_1.env = E.env, E_2.env = E.env$ $E.t = (E_1.t = E_2.t)$? boolean : TypeError
$E \to E_1 \And E_2$	$E_1.env = E.env$, $E_2.env = E.env$ $E.t = (E_1.t = E_2.t)$? number : TypeError

PRODUCTION	Semantic Rules
$E \to E_1 \; I \; E_2$	$E_1.env = E.env, E_2.env = E.env$ $E.t = (E_1.t = E_2.t = number)$? number : TypeError
$E \to E_1 \And E_2$	$E_1.env = E.env, E_2.env = E.env$ $E.t = (E_1.t = E_2.t = boolean)$? boolean: TypeError
$E \to E_1 \parallel E_2$	$E_1.env = E.env, E_2.env = E.env$ $E.t = (E_1.t = E_2.t = boolean)$? boolean: TypeError
$E \to E_1 = E_2$	$E_1.env = E.env, E_2.env = E.env$ $E.t = (E_1.t = E_2.t \&\& LValue(E_1))? E_1.t: TypeError$
$E \to E_1 \mathrel{+}= E_2$	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c } \hline E_1.env = E.env, E_2.env = E.env & E.t = (E_1.t = E_2.t \&\& LValue(E_1))? \ AddTypeCheck(E_1,E_2): \ TypeError \\ \hline \end{array} $
$E \to E_1 = \{ \ KVL_2 \ \}$	$E_1.env = E.env, KVL_2.env = E.env, E.t = E_1.t$ $E1.t = KVL_2.ok$? $KVL_2.t$: TypeError
$KVL o KV_1 \; KVLT_2$	$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
$KVL \to \varepsilon$	$KVL.t = \epsilon$
$KVLT o$, KV_1 $KVLT_2$	$\begin{aligned} \text{KV}_{1}.\text{env} &= \text{KVLT}.\text{env}, \ \text{KVLT}_{2}.\text{env} &= \text{KV}_{1}.\text{env} \\ \text{KVLT}.t &= \text{ExtendT}(\text{KVT2}.\text{synd}, (\text{KV1.n}), \text{KV1.t})) \end{aligned}$
$KVLT \to \varepsilon$	$KVLT.t = \epsilon$
$EL \to E \; ELT$	E.env = EL.env, ELT.env = EL.env E.t = ExtendT(EL.env, E.n, E.t)
EL o arepsilon	$EL.t = \epsilon$
$ELT \to$, $E \; ELT_1$	$\begin{aligned} \text{E.env} &= \text{ELT.env}, \text{ELT}_1.\text{env} &= \text{E.env} \\ \text{ELT.t} &= \text{ExtendT}(\text{ELT}_1.\text{snyd}, \text{E.n}, \text{E.t}) \end{aligned}$
$ELT \to \varepsilon$	$ELT = \mathbf{\epsilon}$
$KV \to \mathbf{id}_1 : E_2$	$E_2.env = KV.env, \; KV.n = \mathbf{id}_1.lexval, KV.t = E_2.t$