# **Last Index Of a Number in an Array - Question**

### Send Feedback

Given an array of length N and an integer x, you need to find and return the last index of integer x present in the array. Return -1 if it is not present in the array.

Last index means - if x is present multiple times in the array, return the index at which x comes last in the array.

You should start traversing your array from 0, not from (N - 1).

Do this recursively. Indexing in the array starts from 0.

### **Input Format:**

Line 1: An Integer N i.e. size of array

Line 2: N integers which are elements of the array, separated by spaces

Line 3: Integer x

## **Output Format:**

last index or -1

## **Constraints:**

1 <= N <= 10^3

# Sample Input:

4

98108

8

# Sample Output:

3