

Package ‘Capr’

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Title Cohort Definition Application Programming

Version 2.0.4

Description Provides a programming language for defining OHDSI cohort definitions in R to use in studies for Observational Health Data Sciences and Informatics (OHDSI). The functions in 'Capr' allow for the programmatic creation of OHDSI concept sets and cohorts that can be serialized to 'Atlas/CIRCE-BE' compatible 'json' files or to 'OHDSI-SQL'. 'Capr' functions can be used to create, save, and load component parts to a cohort definition allowing R programmers to easily reuse cohort logic. 'Capr' provides tools to create a large number of OHDSI cohorts programmatically while also helping bridge the gap between human readable descriptions of clinical phenotypes and their computational implementation.

License Apache License (>= 2)

URL <https://ohdsi.github.io/Capr>, <https://github.com/OHDSI/Capr>

BugReports <https://github.com/OHDSI/Capr/issues>

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Suggests testthat (>= 3.0.0),
 knitr,
 rmarkdown
VignetteBuilder knitr
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Collate 'Capr.R'
 'conceptSet.R'
 'query.R'
 'window.R'
 'criteria.R'
 'exit.R'
 'cohort.R'
 'attributes-concept.R'
 'attributes-logic.R'
 'attributes-nested.R'
 'attributes-op.R'
 'collectCodesetId.R'
 'utils.R'

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<code>==</code>	<i>FUnction checks if two concept set class objects are equivalent</i>
-----------------	--

Description

FUnction checks if two concept set class objects are equivalent

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ConceptSet,ConceptSet'
e1 == e2
```

Arguments

e1, e2 a ConceptSet Class object

<code>age</code>	<i>Function to create age attribute</i>
------------------	---

Description

Function to create age attribute

Usage

```
age(op)
```

Arguments

op an opAttribute object that is either numeric or integer that defines the logical operation used to determine eligible patient age

`as.data.frame, ConceptSet-method`*Coerce a concept set expression to a dataframe*

Description

Coerce a concept set expression to a dataframe

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ConceptSet'
as.data.frame(x)
```

Arguments

x A Caper Concept Set

Value

A tibble (dataframe) with columns: concept_id, includeDescendants, isExcluded, includeMapped.

`as.json`*Coerce Capr object to json*

Description

Coerce Capr object to json

Usage

```
as.json(x, pretty = TRUE, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'ConceptSet'
as.json(x, pretty = TRUE, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'Cohort'
as.json(x, pretty = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

x the capr object
pretty a toggle to make the json look nice, part of jsonlite
... additional arguments passes to jsonlite::toJSON

atLeast	<i>Function to enumerate an minimal count of occurrences</i>
---------	--

Description

Function to enumerate an minimal count of occurrences

Usage

```
atLeast(x, query, aperture = duringInterval(eventStarts(-Inf, Inf)))
```

Arguments

x	the integer counting the number of occurrences
query	a query object that provides context to the clinical event of interest
aperture	an eventAperture object that shows the temporal span where the event is to be observed relative to the index event

atMost	<i>Function to enumerate a maximum count of occurrences</i>
--------	---

Description

Function to enumerate a maximum count of occurrences

Usage

```
atMost(x, query, aperture = duringInterval(eventStarts(-Inf, Inf)))
```

Arguments

x	the integer counting the number of occurrences
query	a query object that provides context to the clinical event of interest
aperture	an eventAperture object that shows the temporal span where the event is to be observed relative to the index event

attrition	<i>Create a cohort attrition object</i>
-----------	---

Description

Create a cohort attrition object

Usage

```
attrition(..., expressionLimit = c("First", "All", "Last"))
```

Arguments

...	Capr groups
expressionLimit	how to limit initial events per person either First, All, or Last

bt	<i>Between operator</i>
----	-------------------------

Description

function that builds an opAttribute based on between logic

Usage

```
bt(x, y)

## S4 method for signature 'integer'
bt(x, y)

## S4 method for signature 'numeric'
bt(x, y)

## S4 method for signature 'Date'
bt(x, y)
```

Arguments

x	the left side bound of the between logic This can either be an integer, numeric, or Date data type. Different data types will return the appropriate opAttribute type
y	the right side bound of the between logic. This can either be an integer, numeric, or Date data type. Different data types will return the appropriate opAttribute type

CensoringCriteria-class

An S4 class identifying a censoring criteria for the cohort

Description

The censoring criteria specifies events where the person exits the cohort. These events are based on a query class object and users can specify multiple queries in the censoring criteria.

Slots

`criteria` a list of Capr query class objects that specify the events that would lead a person to exit the cohort.

censoringEvents

Constructor for a set of censoring events

Description

Constructor for a set of censoring events

Usage

```
censoringEvents(...)
```

Arguments

... a list of Capr query objects that are used as censoring events

cohort

Function that creates a cohort object

Description

Function that creates a cohort object

Usage

```
cohort(entry, attrition = NULL, exit = NULL, era = NULL)
```

Arguments

<code>entry</code>	the index event of the cohort
<code>attrition</code>	rules that restrict the cohort further, developing attrition
<code>exit</code>	the event where the person exits the cohort
<code>era</code>	Cohort era (collapse) logic created with the 'cohortEra' function

compile.Cohort	<i>Compile a Capr cohort to json</i>
----------------	--------------------------------------

Description

Compile a Capr cohort to json

Usage

```
compile.Cohort(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	A Capr cohort or list of Capr cohorts
...	Arguments passed on to jsonlite::toJSON. e.g. 'pretty = TRUE' for nicely formatted json.

Value

The json representation of Capr cohorts

Examples

```
## Not run:
ch <- cohort(condition(cs(1,2)))
compile(ch)

## End(Not run)
```

Concept-class	<i>An S4 class for a single OMOP Concept</i>
---------------	--

Description

A concept class contains all the information about the concept from the OMOP vocabulary.

Slots

concept_id	the OMOP/OHDSI concept ID
concept_name	the name of the concept
standard_concept	whether the concept is standard 'S', classification 'C', or non-standard NA
standard_concept_caption	Whether the concept is standard full phrase
invalid_reason	Whether the concept is invalid single letter
invalid_reason_caption	whether the concept is invalid standard phrase
concept_code	The original code of the concept from its vocabulary
domain_id	The domain of the concept (e.g. Drug, Condition, Procedure, etc)
vocabulary_id	the name of the vocabulary
concept_class_id	type of concept class

conceptAttribute-class

An S4 class for a concept attribute

Description

An S4 class for a concept attribute

Slots

name the name of the attribute

conceptSet a list representing the concepts for the attribute

ConceptSet-class

An S4 class for ConceptSetExpresion

Description

A class for the concept set expressions bundles multiple concepts with mapping

Slots

id an id for the concept set expression to identify within a component

Name the name of the concept set expression

Expression a list containing expressions. expressions include multiple conceptSetItem objects

ConceptSetItem-class

An S4 class for ConceptSetItem

Description

A class that provides information on the mapping of the concept

Slots

Concept a concept class object

isExcluded toggle if want to exclude the concept

includeDescendants toggle if want to include descendants

includeMapped toggle if want to include map

condition	<i>Query the condition domain</i>
-----------	-----------------------------------

Description

Query the condition domain

Usage

```
condition(conceptSet, ...)
```

Arguments

conceptSet	A condition concept set
...	optional attributes

Value

A Capr Query

conditionEra	<i>Query the condition era domain</i>
--------------	---------------------------------------

Description

Query the condition era domain

Usage

```
conditionEra(conceptSet,...)
```

Arguments

conceptSet	A condition concept set
...	optional attributes

Value

A Capr Query

`continuousObservation` *A function to construct the observationWindow*

Description

A function to construct the observationWindow

Usage

```
continuousObservation(priorDays = 0L, postDays = 0L)
```

Arguments

<code>priorDays</code>	minimum number of observation days prior to the cohort index. Default 0 days
<code>postDays</code>	minimum number of observation days post cohort index. Default 0 days

`Criteria-class` *An S4 for a criteria*

Description

a criteria is a temporal observation of a clinical event relative to the index event

Slots

`occurrence` an occurrence object specifying how many events must occur to consider the event as part of the cohort definition

`query` a query object that provides context to the clinical event of interest

`aperture` an eventAperture object that shows the temporal span where the event is to be observed relative to the index event

`cs` *Create a concept set*

Description

`cs` is used to create concept set expressions.

‘exclude’ is meant to be used inside ‘cs’ when creating a new concept set.

‘mapped’ is meant to be used inside ‘cs’ when creating a new concept set.

‘descendants’ is meant to be used inside ‘cs’ when creating a new concept set.

Usage

```

cs(..., name = "", id = NULL)

exclude(...)

mapped(...)

descendants(...)

```

Arguments

...	One or more numeric vectors that can be coerced to integers, or Calls to helper functions "exclude", "descendants", or "mapped".
name	A name for the concept set
id	An id for the concept set

Value

A Capr Concept Set Object

A list of Capr concepts

A list of Capr concepts

A list of Capr concepts

Functions

- `exclude()`: exclude concepts
- `mapped()`: Include mapped concepts
- `descendants()`: Include descendants

Examples

```

## Not run:
cs(1, 2)
cs(1, c(1, 10, 2))
cs(1, seq(2, 10, 2))
cs(1, 2, 3, exclude(4, 5))
cs(1, 2, 3, exclude(4, 5), mapped(6, 7))
cs(1, 2, 3, exclude(4, 5), mapped(6, 7), descendants(8, 9))
cs(descendants(1, 2, 3), exclude(descendants(8, 9)))

## End(Not run)

```

daysOfSupply	<i>Function to create days supply attribute</i>
--------------	---

Description

This function is used only for a drug query. days supply is a column in the drug exposure table of the cdm. This attribute allows a subquery to find drugs that satisfy certain values determined by the op logic.

Usage

```
daysOfSupply(op)
```

Arguments

op	an opAttribute object that is either numeric or integer that defines the logical operation used to determine eligible number of days of supply
----	--

death	<i>Query the condition era domain</i>
-------	---------------------------------------

Description

Query the condition era domain

Usage

```
death(conceptSet = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

conceptSet	A condition concept set
...	optional attributes

Value

A Capr Query

drug	<i>Query the drug domain</i>
------	------------------------------

Description

Query the drug domain

Usage

drug(conceptSet, ...)

Arguments

conceptSet	A drug concept set
...	optional attributes

Value

A Capr Query

drugEra	<i>Query the drug era domain</i>
---------	----------------------------------

Description

Query the drug era domain

Usage

drugEra(conceptSet, ...)

Arguments

conceptSet	A drug ingredient concept set
...	optional attributes

Value

A Capr Query

drugExit	<i>Function to create an exit based on exit based on the end of a continuous drug exposure</i>
----------	--

Description

Function to create an exit based on exit based on the end of a continuous drug exposure

Usage

```
drugExit(
  conceptSet,
  persistenceWindow = 0L,
  surveillanceWindow = 0L,
  daysSupplyOverride = NULL
)
```

Arguments

conceptSet	the concept set of the drug exposure used to identify the exit
persistenceWindow	allow for a maximum of days between exposure records when inferring the era of persistence exposure
surveillanceWindow	add days to the end of the era of persistence exposure as an additional period of surveillance prior to cohort exit
daysSupplyOverride	force drug exposure days supply to a set number of days

DrugExposureExit-class

An S4 class for a cohort exit based on continuous exposure persistence.

Description

Specify a concept set that contains one or more drugs. A drug era will be derived from all drug exposure events for any of the drugs within the specified concept set, using the specified persistence window as a maximum allowable gap in days between successive exposure events and adding a specified surveillance window to the final exposure event. If no exposure event end date is provided, then an exposure event end date is inferred to be event start date + days supply in cases when days supply is available or event start date + 1 day otherwise. This event persistence assures that the cohort end date will be no greater than the drug era end date.

Slots

conceptSet the concept set of the drug exposure used to identify the exit

persistenceWindow allow for a maximum of days between exposure records when inferring the era of persistence exposure

surveillanceWindow add days to the end of the era of persistence exposure as an additional period of surveillance prior to cohort exit

daysSupplyOverride force drug exposure days supply to a set number of days

count an integer specifying the number of occurrences for a criteria

drugQuantity	<i>Function to create quantity attribute</i>
--------------	--

Description

This function is used only for a drug query. quantity is a column in the drug exposure table of the cdm. This attribute allows a subquery to find drugs that satisfy certain values determined by the op logic.

Usage

drugQuantity(op)

Arguments

op	an opAttribute object that is either numeric or integer that defines the logical operation used to determine eligible quantity
----	--

drugRefills	<i>Function to create refills attribute</i>
-------------	---

Description

This function is used only for a drug query. refills is a column in the drug exposure table of the cdm. This attribute allows a subquery to find drugs that satisfy certain values determined by the op logic.

Usage

drugRefills(op)

Arguments

op	an opAttribute object that is either numeric or integer that defines the logical operation used to determine eligible number of refills
----	---

duringInterval	<i>Function that creates an eventAperture an opening where an event can occur relative to the index event</i>
----------------	---

Description

Function that creates an eventAperture an opening where an event can occur relative to the index event

Usage

```
duringInterval(
  startWindow,
  endWindow = NULL,
  restrictVisit = FALSE,
  ignoreObservationPeriod = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

startWindow	the starting window where an event can occur
endWindow	the end window of where an event can occur. This parameter is optional
restrictVisit	a logical toggle specifying whether the event should occur on the same visit
ignoreObservationPeriod	a logical toggle specifying whether we can consider events outside the observation period

endDate	<i>Function that creates a end date attribute</i>
---------	---

Description

Function that creates a end date attribute

Usage

```
endDate(op)
```

Arguments

op	an opAttribute object must be a date that defines the logical operation used to determine eligible end dates
----	--

Endpoint-class	<i>An S4 class for an Endpoint</i>
----------------	------------------------------------

Description

this determines the time in days relative to an index either before or after

Slots

days either a character string all or an integer for the number of days

coeff a character string either before or after

entry	<i>Create a cohort entry criteria</i>
-------	---------------------------------------

Description

Create a cohort entry criteria

Usage

```
entry(
  ...,
  observationWindow = continuousObservation(0L, 0L),
  primaryCriteriaLimit = c("First", "All", "Last"),
  additionalCriteria = NULL,
  qualifiedLimit = c("First", "All", "Last")
)
```

Arguments

...	Capr Queries
observationWindow	a time specifying the minimal time a person is observed
primaryCriteriaLimit	Which primary criteria matches should be considered for inclusion? "First", "Last" or "All"
additionalCriteria	a Capr group that adds restriction to the entry event
qualifiedLimit	Which criteria matches should be considered for inclusion? "First", "Last" or "All"

Value

A cohort entry Capr object

eq	<i>Equal to operator</i>
----	--------------------------

Description

function that builds an opAttribute based on equal to logic

Usage

```
eq(x)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'integer'
eq(x)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'numeric'
eq(x)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'Date'
eq(x)
```

Arguments

x	the value to used as a bound in the op logic. This can either be an integer, numeric, or Date data type. Different data types will return the appropriate opAttribute type
---	--

era	<i>Create a Cohort Era class object</i>
-----	---

Description

The Cohort Era depicts the time span of the cohort. The Censor Window includes the date window for which we register events. The Collapse Settings identify the era padding between events before exiting a cohort.

Usage

```
era(eraDays = 0L, studyStartDate = NULL, studyEndDate = NULL)
```

Arguments

eraDays	a numeric that specifies the number of days for the era padding
studyStartDate	a date string that specifies the starting date of registration
studyEndDate	a date string that specifies the end date of registration

EventAperture-class	<i>An S4 class for Aperture</i>
---------------------	---------------------------------

Description

The aperture class provides context to when the criteria must be observed in a person timeline to pertain to the expression

Slots

startWindow a EventWindow class object identifying the start window

endWindow a EventWindow class object identifying the end window (optional)

restrictVisit a logic toggle where TRUE restricts to the same visit

ignoreObservationPeriod a logic toggle where TRUE allows events outside the observation period

eventEnds	<i>Function creates an event window where the event ends</i>
-----------	--

Description

Function creates an event window where the event ends

Usage

```
eventEnds(a, b, index = c("startDate", "endDate"))
```

Arguments

a the left side of the event window

b the right side of the event window

index specifying what part of the index we start looking for events either at the index start date or index enddate

eventStarts	<i>#' A function to offset the number of days relative to index #' @param days a number specifying the number of days to offset from index where #' an event may be observed. In this function a negative number means days before index #' and a positive number means days after index. #' @export offset <- function(days) coeff <- dplyr::if_else(sign(days) == 1, "after", "before", "before") new("Endpoint", days = as.integer(abs(days)), coeff = coeff)</i>
-------------	--

Description

#' Function looking at all time before an event #' @export allDaysBefore <- function() new("Endpoint", days = "all", coeff = "before")

Usage

```
eventStarts(a, b, index = c("startDate", "endDate"))
```

Arguments

a	the left side of the event window
b	the right side of the event window
index	specifying what part of the index we start looking for events either at the index start date or index enddate

Details

#' Function looking at all time after an event #' @export allDaysAfter <- function() new("Endpoint", days = "all", coeff = "after")

Function creates an event window where the event starts

EventWindow-class	<i>An S4 class for a Window</i>
-------------------	---------------------------------

Description

A window class provides details on the end points of the timeline

Slots

event	a character string either start or end. Identifies the point of reference for the window
start	an endpoint object containing the days and coefficient for the start of the window
end	an endpoint object containing the days and coefficient for the end of the window
index	A character string either start or end. Identifies where the index is relative to the window

exactly	<i>Function to enumerate an exact count of occurrences</i>
---------	--

Description

Function to enumerate an exact count of occurrences

Usage

```
exactly(x, query, aperture = duringInterval(eventStarts(-Inf, Inf)))
```

Arguments

x	the integer counting the number of occurrences
query	a query object that provides context to the clinical event of interest
aperture	an eventAperture object that shows the temporal span where the event is to be observed relative to the index event

exit	<i>Function that creates a cohort exit object</i>
------	---

Description

Function that creates a cohort exit object

Usage

```
exit(endStrategy, censor = NULL)
```

Arguments

endStrategy	the endStrategy object to specify for the exit
censor	the censoring criteria to specify for the exit

firstOccurrence	<i>Add first occurrence attribute</i>
-----------------	---------------------------------------

Description

Add first occurrence attribute

Usage

```
firstOccurrence()
```

Value

An attribute that can be used in a query function

FixedDurationExit-class

An S4 class for a cohort exit based on fixed duration persistence.

Description

The event end date is derived from adding a number of days to the event's start or end date. If an offset is added to the event's start date, all cohort episodes will have the same fixed duration (subject to further censoring). If an offset is added to the event's end date, persons in the cohort may have varying cohort duration times due to the varying event durations (such as eras of persistent drug exposure or visit length of stay). This event persistence assures that the cohort end date will be no greater than the selected index event date, plus the days offset.

Slots

index specification of event date to offset

offsetDays an integer specifying the number of days to offset from the event date

fixedExit

Function to create an exit based on exit based on the end of a continuous drug exposure

Description

Function to create an exit based on exit based on the end of a continuous drug exposure

Usage

```
fixedExit(index = c("startDate", "endDate"), offsetDays)
```

Arguments

index specification of event date to offset. Can be either startDate or endDate

offsetDays an integer specifying the number of days to offset from the event date

generateCaprTemplate

Generate a Capr cohort using a template

Description

Generate a Capr cohort using a template

Usage

```
generateCaprTemplate(file, .capr)
```

Arguments

file the input file of a concept set

.capr a function that creates a capr cohort

getConceptSetCall	Create the Capr code to build a concept set
-------------------	---

Description

Create the Capr code to build a concept set

Usage

```
getConceptSetCall(x, name = x@Name)
```

Arguments

x	A concept set
name	the name of the concept set

Value

The Capr code required to build the concept set

getConceptSetDetails	Fill in Concept Set details using a vocab
----------------------	---

Description

Concept sets created in R using the 'cs' function do not contain details like "CONCEPT_NAME", "DOMAIN_ID", etc. If an OMOP CDM vocabulary is available then these details can be filled in by the the 'getConceptSetDetails' function.

Usage

```
getConceptSetDetails(x, con, vocabularyDatabaseSchema = NULL)
```

Arguments

x	A concept set created by 'cs'
con	A connection to an OMOP CDM database
vocabularyDatabaseSchema	Schema name where your OMOP vocabulary format resides. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example 'vocabulary.dbo'.

Value

A modified version of the input concept set with concept details filled in.

Examples

```
## Not run:
# create a concept set
vocabularyDatabaseSchema = "cdm5"
anemia <- cs(descendants(439777,4013073,4013074))

# fill in the details from an OMOP CDM
library(DatabaseConnector)
con <- connect(dbms = "postgresql", user = "postgres", password = "", server = "localhost/covid")
anemia <- getConceptSetDetails(condition_anemia, con, vocabularyDatabaseSchema = "cdm5")

## End(Not run)
```

Group-class	<i>An S4 class for a group</i>
-------------	--------------------------------

Description

a group is the combination of multiple criteria or sub groups

Slots

occurrence an occurrence object specifying how many events must occur to consider the event as part of the cohort definition

criteria a list of criteria that are grouped together

group a list of sub-groups to consider

gt	<i>Greater than operator</i>
----	------------------------------

Description

function that builds an opAttribute based on greater than logic

Usage

```
gt(x)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'integer'
gt(x)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'numeric'
gt(x)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'Date'
gt(x)
```

Arguments

x	the value to used as a bound in the op logic. This can either be an integer, numeric, or Date data type. Different data types will return the appropriate opAttribute type
---	--

gte	<i>Greater than or equal to operator</i>
-----	--

Description

function that builds an opAttribute based on greater than or equal to logic

Usage

```
gte(x)

## S4 method for signature 'integer'
gte(x)

## S4 method for signature 'numeric'
gte(x)

## S4 method for signature 'Date'
gte(x)
```

Arguments

x	the value to used as a bound in the op logic. This can either be an integer, numeric, or Date data type. Different data types will return the appropriate opAttribute type
---	--

logicAttribute-class	<i>An S4 class for a logical attribute</i>
----------------------	--

Description

with a logic attribute if it is specified than we assume it is true

Slots

name	the name of the attribute
------	---------------------------

lt	<i>Less than operator</i>
----	---------------------------

Description

function that builds an opAttribute based on less than logic

Usage

```
lt(x)

## S4 method for signature 'integer'
lt(x)

## S4 method for signature 'numeric'
lt(x)

## S4 method for signature 'Date'
lt(x)
```

Arguments

x	the value to used as a bound in the op logic. This can either be an integer, numeric, or Date data type. Different data types will return the appropriate opAttribute type
---	--

lte	<i>Less than or equal to operator</i>
-----	---------------------------------------

Description

function that builds an opAttribute based on less than or equal to than logic

Usage

```
lte(x)

## S4 method for signature 'integer'
lte(x)

## S4 method for signature 'numeric'
lte(x)

## S4 method for signature 'Date'
lte(x)
```

Arguments

x	the value to used as a bound in the op logic. This can either be an integer, numeric, or Date data type. Different data types will return the appropriate opAttribute type
---	--

male	<i>Add male attribute to a query</i>
------	--------------------------------------

Description

Add male attribute to a query
 Add female attribute to a query

Usage

```
male()

female()
```

Value

An attribute that can be used in a query function
 An attribute that can be used in a query function

Functions

- `male()`: male demographic attribute
- `female()`: female demographic attribute

Examples

```
## Not run:
# Create a cohort of males with Type 1 diabetes
t1dm <- cs(descendants(201254, 435216, 40484648))
t1dm_males <- cohort(condition(t1dm, male()))

## End(Not run)
## Not run:
# Create a cohort of males with Type 1 diabetes
t1dm <- cs(descendants(201254, 435216, 40484648))
t1dm_females <- cohort(condition(t1dm, female()))

## End(Not run)
```

measurement	<i>Query the measurement domain</i>
-------------	-------------------------------------

Description

Query the measurement domain

Usage

```
measurement(conceptSet, ...)
```

Arguments

conceptSet	A measurement concept set
...	optional attributes

Value

A Capr Query

nbt	<i>Not between operator</i>
-----	-----------------------------

Description

function that builds an opAttribute based on not between logic

Usage

```
nbt(x, y)

## S4 method for signature 'integer'
nbt(x, y)

## S4 method for signature 'numeric'
nbt(x, y)

## S4 method for signature 'Date'
nbt(x, y)
```

Arguments

x	the left side bound of the between logic This can either be an integer, numeric, or Date data type. Different data types will return the appropriate opAttribute type
y	the right side bound of the between logic. This can either be an integer, numeric, or Date data type. Different data types will return the appropriate opAttribute type

nestedAttribute-class *An S4 class for a nested attribute*

Description

An S4 class for a nested attribute

Slots

name	the name of the attribute
conceptSet	a list representing the concepts for the attribute

nestedWithAll	<i>Function to construct a nested group where all criteria and groups must be satisfied</i>
---------------	---

Description

Function to construct a nested group where all criteria and groups must be satisfied

Usage

```
nestedWithAll(...)
```

Arguments

... a set of criteria or groups

nestedWithAny	<i>Function to construct a nested group where any criteria and groups may be satisfied</i>
---------------	--

Description

Function to construct a nested group where any criteria and groups may be satisfied

Usage

```
nestedWithAny(...)
```

Arguments

... a set of criteria or groups

nestedWithAtLeast	<i>Function to construct a nested group where at least some of the criteria or groups must be satisfied</i>
-------------------	---

Description

Function to construct a nested group where at least some of the criteria or groups must be satisfied

Usage

```
nestedWithAtLeast(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x an integer specifying the number of criteria or groups that must be satisfied
... a set of criteria or groups

nestedWithAtMost	<i>Function to construct a nested group where at most some of the criteria or groups must be satisfied</i>
------------------	--

Description

Function to construct a nested group where at most some of the criteria or groups must be satisfied

Usage

```
nestedWithAtMost(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	an integer specifying the number of criteria or groups that must be satisfied
...	a set of criteria or groups

observation	<i>Query the observation domain</i>
-------------	-------------------------------------

Description

Query the observation domain

Usage

```
observation(conceptSet, ...)
```

Arguments

conceptSet	A condition concept set
...	optional attributes

Value

A Capr Query

observationExit	<i>Function to create an exit based on continuous observation</i>
-----------------	---

Description

Function to create an exit based on continuous observation

Usage

```
observationExit()
```

ObservationExit-class *An S4 class for a cohort exit based on end of continuous observation.*

Description

The event persists until the end of continuous observation of the persons

Slots

index specification of event date to offset

offsetDays an integer specifying the number of days to offset from the event date

ObservationWindow-class

An S4 class for an ObservationWindow

Description

this determines the minimal observation time before and after index for all persons in the cohort

Slots

priorDays minimum number of days prior to the cohort index

postDays minimum number of days post cohort index

Occurrence-class

An S4 class for an occurrence.

Description

This determines how many events need to occur to count the criteria in the cohort definition (relative to the index event)

Slots

type a character string determine the logic for counting occurrences. Can be all, any, exactly, atLeast, or atMost

count an integer specifying the number of occurrences for a criteria

opAttributeDate-class *An S4 class for a op attribute that is a date*

Description

An S4 class for a op attribute that is a date

Slots

name the name of the attribute
 op the operator one of: gt,lt,gte,lte,eq,bt,!bt
 value a value serving as the single limit or lower limit in a bt.
 extent a value serving as the upper limit in a bt, otherwise this is empty

opAttributeInteger-class
 An S4 class for a op attribute that is an integer

Description

An S4 class for a op attribute that is an integer

Slots

name the name of the attribute
 op the operator one of: gt,lt,gte,lte,eq,bt,!bt
 value a value serving as the single limit or lower limit in a bt.
 extent a value serving as the upper limit in a bt, otherwise this is empty

opAttributeNumeric-class
 An S4 class for a op attribute that is a numeric

Description

An S4 class for a op attribute that is a numeric

Slots

name the name of the attribute
 op the operator one of: gt,lt,gte,lte,eq,bt,!bt
 value a value serving as the single limit or lower limit in a bt
 extent a value serving as the upper limit in a bt, otherwise this is empty

opAttributeSuper-class	<i>An S4 super class for other opAttribute objects to inherit.</i>
------------------------	--

Description

An S4 super class for other opAttribute objects to inherit.

procedure	<i>Query the procedure domain</i>
-----------	-----------------------------------

Description

Query the procedure domain

Usage

procedure(conceptSet, ...)

Arguments

conceptSet	A procedure concept set
...	optional attributes

Value

A Capr Query

Query-class	<i>An S4 class for a Circe Query</i>
-------------	--------------------------------------

Description

A query is a medical concept that can be extracted from a database through a 'where' clause in a SQL statement. This includes concepts.

Slots

domain	The domain to search (e.g. "Condition", "Drug", "Measurement", etc)
conceptSet	The Concept set describing the observation to serach for
attributes	a list of attributes that modify the query (e.g. 'male()', 'female()', 'age(gte(65))')

rangeHigh	<i>Function to create rangeHigh attribute</i>
-----------	---

Description

This function is used only for measurement query. range_high is a column in the measurement table of the cdm. This attribute allows a subquery to find measurements that satisfy certain values determined by the op logic.

Usage

```
rangeHigh(op)
```

Arguments

op	an opAttribute object that is either numeric or integer that defines the logical operation used to determine eligible range high
----	--

rangeLow	<i>Function to create rangeLow attribute</i>
----------	--

Description

This function is used only for measurement query. range_low is a column in the measurement table of the cdm. This attribute allows a subquery to find measurements that satisfy certain values determined by the op logic.

Usage

```
rangeLow(op)
```

Arguments

op	an opAttribute object that is either numeric or integer that defines the logical operation used to determine eligible range low
----	---

readConceptSet	<i>Read a concept set json or csv into R</i>
----------------	--

Description

Concept sets can be serialized to json or csv file formats. 'readConceptSet' reads the files into R as Capr concepts sets.

Usage

```
readConceptSet(path, name, id = NULL)
```

Arguments

path	Name of concept set file to read in csv or json format. (e.g. "concepts.json")
name	the name of the concept set
id	the id for the concept set (keep?)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
anemia <- readConceptSet('anemia.json')  
anemia <- readConceptSet('anemia.csv')  
  
## End(Not run)
```

startDate	<i>Function that creates a start date attribute</i>
-----------	---

Description

Function that creates a start date attribute

Usage

```
startDate(op)
```

Arguments

op	an opAttribute object must be a date that defines the logical operation used to determine eligible start dates
----	--

toCirce	<i>Function to coerce cohort to circe</i>
---------	---

Description

Function to coerce cohort to circe

Usage

toCirce(cd)

Arguments

cd the Capr cohort class

unit	<i>Add unit attribute to a query</i>
------	--------------------------------------

Description

Add unit attribute to a query

Usage

unit(x)

Arguments

x A single character idetifier for a unit or a concept set that identifies units

Value

An attribute that can be used in a query function

Examples

```
## Not run:
# create a unit attribute
unit(8713L)
unit("%")

## End(Not run)
```

valueAsNumber	<i>Function to create valueAsNumber attribute</i>
---------------	---

Description

This function is used only for measurement query. valueAsNumber is a column in the measurement table of the cdm. This attribute allows a subquery to find measurements that satisfy certain values determined by the op logic.

Usage

```
valueAsNumber(op)
```

Arguments

op	an opAttribute object that is either numeric or integer that defines the logical operation used to determine eligible patient age
----	---

visit	<i>Query the visit occurrence domain</i>
-------	--

Description

Query the visit occurrence domain

Usage

```
visit(conceptSet, ...)
```

Arguments

conceptSet	A condition concept set
...	optional attributes

Value

A Capr Query

withAll	<i>Function to construct a group where all criteria and groups must be satisfied</i>
---------	--

Description

Function to construct a group where all criteria and groups must be satisfied

Usage

```
withAll(...)
```

Arguments

...	a set of criteria or groups
-----	-----------------------------

withAny	<i>Function to construct a group where any criteria and groups may be satisfied</i>
---------	---

Description

Function to construct a group where any criteria and groups may be satisfied

Usage

```
withAny(...)
```

Arguments

...	a set of criteria or groups
-----	-----------------------------

withAtLeast	<i>Function to construct a group where at least some of the criteria or groups must be satisfied</i>
-------------	--

Description

Function to construct a group where at least some of the criteria or groups must be satisfied

Usage

```
withAtLeast(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	an integer specifying the number of criteria or groups that must be satisfied
...	a set of criteria or groups

withAtMost	<i>Function to construct a group where at most some of the criteria or groups must be satisfied</i>
------------	---

Description

Function to construct a group where at most some of the criteria or groups must be satisfied

Usage

```
withAtMost(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	an integer specifying the number of criteria or groups that must be satisfied
...	a set of criteria or groups

writeCohort	<i>Write Cohort json file</i>
-------------	-------------------------------

Description

Write Cohort json file

Usage

```
writeCohort(x, path)
```

Arguments

x	A Capr cohort
path	The name of the file to create

Examples

```
## Not run:
cs1 <- cs(descendants(exclude(436665),440383,442306,4175329))
cs1 <- getConceptSetDetails(cs1)
x <- cohort(condition(cs1))
writeCohort(x, "cohortDefinition.json")

## End(Not run)
```

writeConceptSet	<i>Save a concept set as a json file</i>
-----------------	--

Description

The resulting concept Set JSON file can be imported into Atlas.

Usage

```
writeConceptSet(x, path, format = "auto", ...)
```

Arguments

x	A Capr concept set created by 'cs()'
path	Name of file to write to. (e.g. "concepts.json")
format	the file extension to write
...	additional arguments

Examples

```
## Not run:
anemia <- cs(descendants(439777,4013073,4013074))
writeConceptSet(anemia, 'anemia.json')
writeConceptSet(anemia, 'anemia.csv')

## End(Not run)
```

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