Verilog HDL程序设计与仿真 实验报告

专业班级: **通信2101班**

姓名: **罗畅**

学号: U202113940

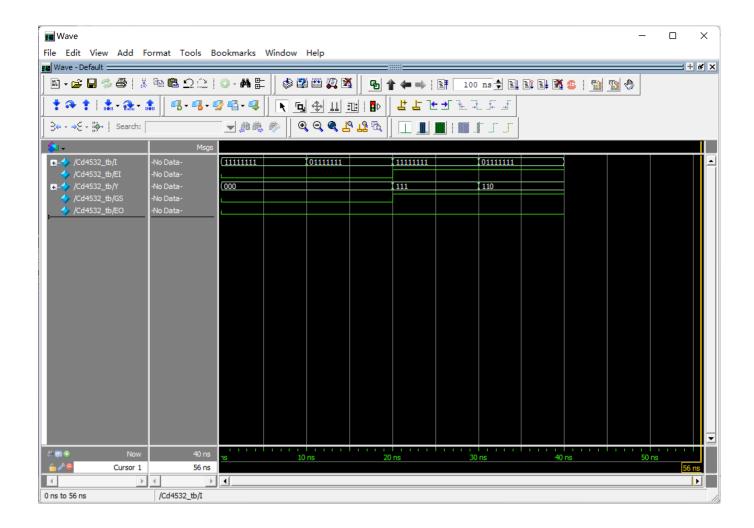
各芯片代码与测试用例

CD4532

CD4532.v

```
/*
@author Luo Chang
@UID U202113940
@date 2022/11/23
*/
module CD4532(EI,I,Y,GS,E0);
input EI;
input [7:0] I;
output reg [2:0] Y;
output reg GS,E0;
always Q(*)
    begin
        if (EI==0)
            begin
                Y[2:0] = 3'b000;
                GS = 0;
                EO = 0;
            end
        else
            begin
                GS = 1;
                EO = 0;
                casex(I[7:0])
                    8'b1xxx_xxxx : Y[2:0] = 3'b111;
                    8'b01xx_xxxx : Y[2:0] = 3'b110;
                    8'b001x_xxxx : Y[2:0] = 3'b101;
                    8'b0001_xxxx : Y[2:0] = 3'b100;
                    8'b0000_1xxx : Y[2:0] = 3'b011;
                    8'b0000_01xx : Y[2:0] = 3'b010;
                    8'b0000 \ 001x : Y[2:0] = 3'b001;
                    8'b0000\_0001 : Y[2:0] = 3'b000;
                    default
                        begin
                             GS = 0;
                             E0 = 1;
                             Y[2:0] = 3'b000;
                         end
                endcase
            end
    end
endmodule
```

```
/*
@author Luo Chang
@UID U202113940
@date 2022/11/23
*/
`timescale 1ns/1ns
module Cd4532_tb;
reg [7:0] I;
reg EI;
wire [2:0] Y;
wire GS, EO;
CD4532 U0(EI,I,Y,GS,EO);
initial $monitor($time,":tI = %b,EI = %b,EO = %b,GS =
%b,Y = %b\n",I,EI,E0,GS,Y);
initial
    begin
//enabled terminal invalid
        EI = 0;
        I=8'b1111_1111;
        #10
        EI = 0;
        I=8'b0111_1111;
        #10
//enabled terminal valid
        EI = 1;
        I=8'b1111_1111;
        #10
        EI = 1;
        I=8'b0111_1111;
        #10
        EI = 1;
        I=8'b0001_1111;
        $stop;
    end
endmodule
```



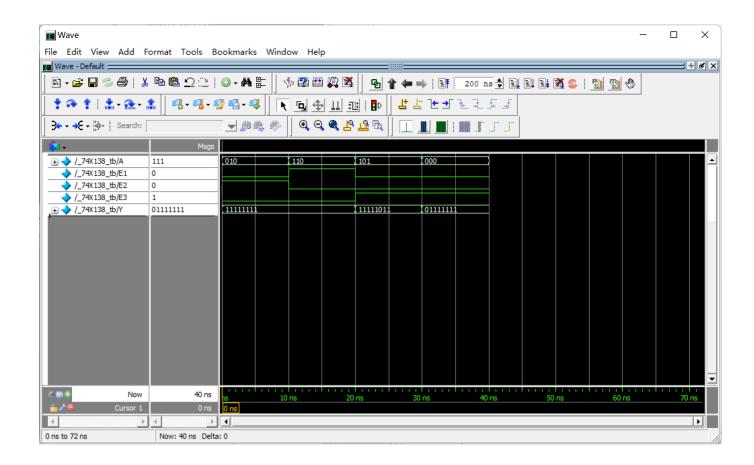
74X138

74X138.v

```
/*
@author Luo Chang
@UID U202113940
@date 2022/11/23
*/
module _74X138(E1,E2,E3,A,Y);
input E1,E2,E3;
input [2:0] A;
output reg [7:0] Y;
always @(*)
   begin
//The input signal of the enable terminal is valid
        if (E1 == 0 && E2 == 0 && E3 == 1)
            begin
                casex(A[2:0])
                    3'b000 : Y = 8'b0111_1111;
                    3'b001 : Y = 8'b1011_1111;
                    3'b010 : Y = 8'b1101_1111;
                    3'b011 : Y = 8'b1110_1111;
                    3'b100 : Y = 8'b1111 0111;
                    3'b101 : Y = 8'b1111 1011;
                    3'b110 : Y = 8'b1111_1101;
                    3'b111 : Y = 8'b1111 1110;
                endcase
//The input signal of the enable terminal is invalid
        else
            Y = 8'b1111_1111;
   end
endmodule
```

74X138_tb.v

```
/*
@author Luo Chang
@UID U202113940
@date 2022/11/23
*/
`timescale 1ns/1ns
module _74X138_tb;
reg [2:0] A;
reg E1, E2, E3;
wire [7:0] Y;
_74X138 U0(E1,E2,E3,A,Y);
initial $monitor($time,":A = %b,E1 = %b,E2 = %b,E3 = %b,Y = %b\n",A,E1,E2,E3,Y);
initial
    begin
//The input signal of the enable terminal is invalid
        E1 = 0;
        E2 = 1;
        E3 = 0;
        A=3'b010;
        #10
        E1 = 1;
        E2 = 0;
        A=3'b110;
        #10
//The input signal of the enable terminal is valid
        E1 = 0;
        E2 = 0;
        E3 = 1;
        A=3'b101;
        #10
        E1 = 0;
        E2 = 0;
        E3 = 1;
        A=3'b000;
        #10
        E1 = 0;
        E2 = 0;
        E3 = 1;
        A=3'b111;
        $stop;
    end
endmodule
```



74HC4511

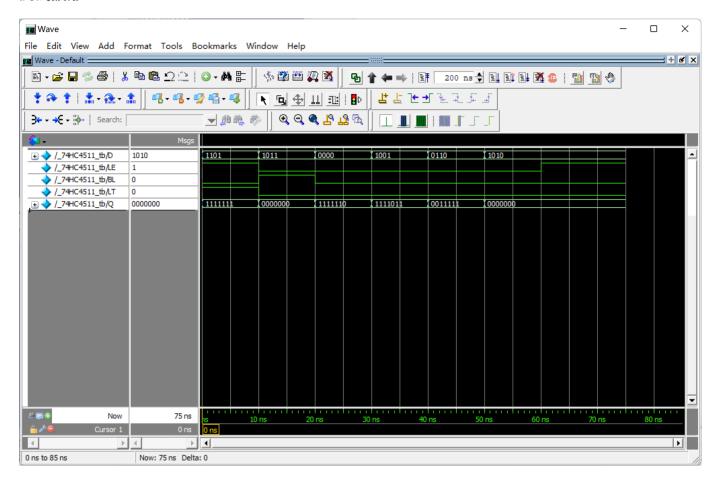
_74HC4511.v

```
/*
@author Luo Chang
@UID U202113940
@date 2022/11/24
*/
// 74HCT4511 is a BCD to 7-segment latch/decoder/driver
module 74HC4511(LE,BL,LT,D,Q);
input LE,BL,LT;
input [3:0] D;
output reg [6:0] Q;
always Q(*)
   begin
        if (LE == 0 && !BL == 1 && !LT == 1)
            begin
                casex(D[3:0])
                    4'b0000 : Q = 7'b1111_110;
                    4'b0001 : Q = 7'b0110_000;
                    4'b0010 : Q = 7'b1101_101;
                    4'b0011 : Q = 7'b1111 001;
                    4'b0100 : Q = 7'b0110 011;
                    4'b0101 : Q = 7'b1011_011;
                    4'b0110 : Q = 7'b0011 111;
                    4'b0111 : Q = 7'b1110_000;
                    4'b1000 : Q = 7'b1111_111;
                    4'b1001 : Q = 7'b1111_011;
                    default : Q = 7'b0000_000;
                endcase
            end
        else if (!LT == 0)
            Q = 7'b1111_111;
        else if (!BL == 0 && !LT == 1)
            Q = 7'b0000_000;
        else
            Q <= Q;
   end
endmodule
```

```
/*
@author Luo Chang
@UID U202113940
@date 2022/11/24
*/
`timescale 1ns/1ns
module 74HC4511 tb;
reg [3:0] D;
reg LE,BL,LT;
wire [6:0] Q;
_74HC4511 U0(LE,BL,LT,D,Q);
initial $monitor($time, "D = %b,Q = %b,LE = %b,BL = %b,LT = %b",D,Q,LE,BL,LT);
initial
   begin
// 74HC4511 on test
        LE = 1;
        BL = 0;
        LT = 1;
        D = 4'b1101;
        #10
// 74HC4511 turn off
        LE = 0;
        BL = 1;
        LT = 0;
        D = 4'b1011;
        #10
// 74HC4511 turn on
        LE = 0;
        BL = 0;
        LT = 0;
        D = 4'b0000;
        #10
        D = 4'b1001;
        #10
        D = 4'b0110;
        #10
        D = 4'b1010;
        #10
// 74HC4511 latched
        LE = 1;
        BL = 0;
        LT = 0;
        #15
        $stop;
```

end endmodule

测试波形



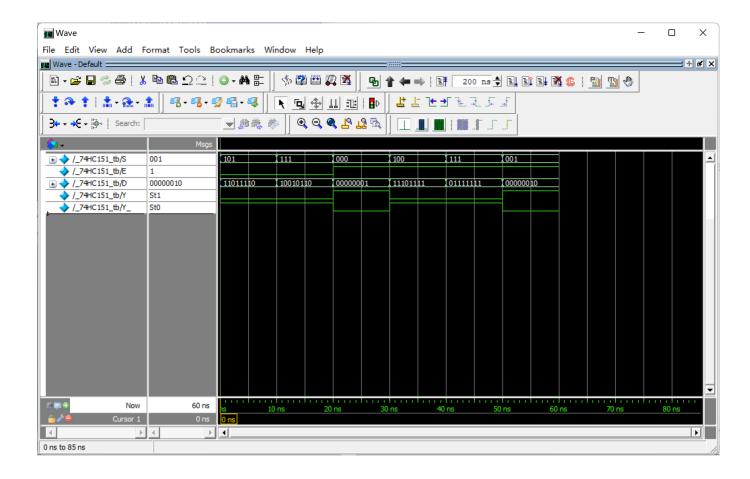
74HC151

_74HC151.v

```
/*
@author Luo Chang
@UID U202113940
@date 2022/11/25
*/
module _74HC151(D,S,E,Y,Y_);
input E;
input [7:0] D;
input [2:0] S;
output reg Y,Y_;
always @(*)
    begin
        if (! E ==1)
            begin
                Y = 0;
                Y_ = 1;
            end
        else
             begin
                  casex (S[2:0])
                     3'b000 : Y = D[0];
                     3'b001 : Y = D[1];
                     3'b010 : Y = D[2];
                     3'b011 : Y = D[3];
                     3'b100 : Y = D[4];
                    3'b101 : Y = D[5];
                     3'b110 : Y = D[6];
                     3'b111 : Y = D[7];
                endcase
                Y_{-} = \sim Y;
            end
    end
endmodule
```

_74HC151_tb.v

```
/*
@author Luo Chang
@UID U202113940
@date 2022/11/24
*/
`timescale 1ns/1ns
module _74HC151_tb;
reg [2:0] S;
reg E;
reg [7:0] D;
wire Y,Y_;
_74HC151 U0(D,S,E,Y,Y_);
initial $monitor($time, "E = %b,S = %b,D = %b,Y = %b,Y_ = %b",E,S,D,Y,Y_);
initial
    begin
// enabled terminal invalid
        E = 0;
        D = 8'b1101 1110;
        S = 3'b101;
        #10
        D = 8'b1001_0110;
        S = 3'b111;
        #10
// enabled terminal valid
        E = 1;
        D = 8'b0000_0001;
        S = 3'b000;
        #10
        D = 8'b1110_1111;
        S = 3'b100;
        #10
        D = 8'b0111_1111;
        S = 3'b111;
        #10
        D = 8'b0000_0010;
        S = 3'b001;
        #10
        $stop;
    end
endmodule
```



74HC85

_74HC85.v

```
/*
@author Luo Chang
@UID U202113940
@date 2022/11/25
*/
module _74HC85(A,B,I_g,I_s,I_e,F_g,F_s,F_e);
// A, B are the signals we need to compare
input [3:0] A,B;
/*
I_g means I_greater(A>B), I_s means I_smaller(A<B), I_e means I_equal(A==B).</pre>
They're used for cascading
input I_g,I_s,I_e;
// F are similar with I
output reg F_g,F_s,F_e;
always @(*)
    begin
// compare highest bit
        if (A[3] > B[3])
            begin
                F_g = 1;
                F_s = 0;
                Fe = 0;
            end
        else if (A[3] < B[3])
            begin
                F_g = 0;
                F_s = 1;
                F_e = 0;
            end
        else
// compare 2nd bit
            if (A[2] > B[2])
                begin
                    F_g = 1;
                    F_s = 0;
                    F_e = 0;
                end
            else if (A[2] < B[2])
                begin
                    F_g = 0;
                    F_s = 1;
                    F_e = 0;
                end
            else
// compare 3rd bit
                if (A[1] > B[1])
                    begin
```

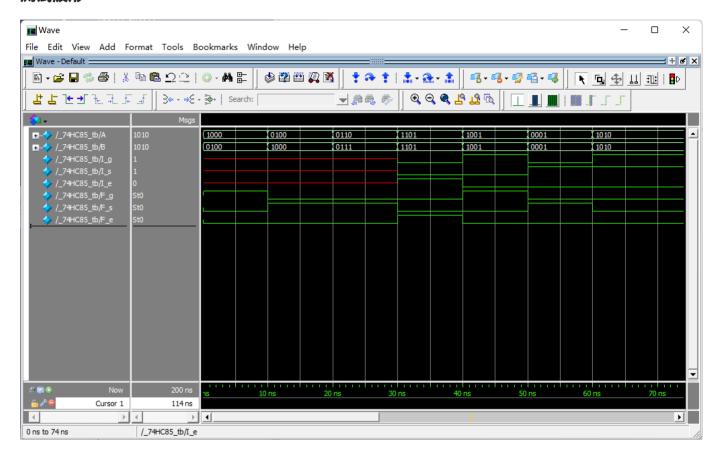
```
F_g = 1;
                        F_s = 0;
                         F_e = 0;
                    end
                else if (A[1] < B[1])
                    begin
                         F_g = 0;
                        F_s = 1;
                         F_e = 0;
                    end
                else
// compare lowest bit
                    if (A[0] > B[0])
                        begin
                            F_g = 1;
                            F s = 0;
                            F_e = 0;
                         end
                    else if (A[0] < B[0])
                        begin
                             F_g = 0;
                             F_s = 1;
                             F_e = 0;
                        end
                    else
// 4 bits are all the same, compare input I
                        if (I_e == 1)
// I_e
                             begin
                                 F_g = 0;
                                 F_s = 0;
                                 F_e = 1;
                             end
// I_g valid
                         else if (I_g == 1 && I_s == 0)
                             begin
                                F_g = 1;
                                 F s = 0;
                                 F_e = 0;
                             end
// I s valid
                         else if (I_g == 0 \&\& I_s == 1)
                             begin
                                F_g = 0;
                                F_s = 1;
                                F_e = 0;
                             end
// invalid I input
                         else if (I_g == I_s)
                             begin
                                 F_g = \sim I_g;
```

```
 F\_s = \sim I\_s; \\ F\_e = 0; \\ end \\ end \\ endmodule
```

_74HC85_tb.v

```
/*
@author Luo Chang
@UID U202113940
@date 2022/11/25
*/
`timescale 1ns/1ns
module 74HC85 tb;
reg [3:0] A,B;
reg I_g,I_s,I_e;
wire F_g,F_s,F_e;
_74HC85 U0(A,B,I_g,I_s,I_e,F_g,F_s,F_e);
initial $monitor($time, "A = %b,B = %b,I_g = %b,I_s = %b,I_e = %b,F_g = %b,F_s = %b,F_e
= %b",A,B,I_g,I_s,I_e,F_g,F_s,F_e);
initial
    begin
// I invalid
        A = 4'b1000;
        B = 4'b0100;
         #10
          A = 4'b0100;
        B = 4'b1000;
        #10
        A = 4'b0110;
        B = 4'b0111;
        #10
// I valid(A == B)
        A = 4'b1101;
        B = 4'b1101;
        I_g = 0;
        I_s = 0;
        I_e = 1;
        #10
        A = 4'b1001;
        B = 4'b1001;
        I_g = 1;
        I_s = 0;
        I_e = 0;
        #10
        A = 4'b0001;
        B = 4'b0001;
        I_g = 0;
        I_s = 1;
        I_e = 0;
```

```
#10
A = 4'b1010;
B = 4'b1010;
I_g = 1;
I_s = 1;
I_e = 0;
end
endmodule
```



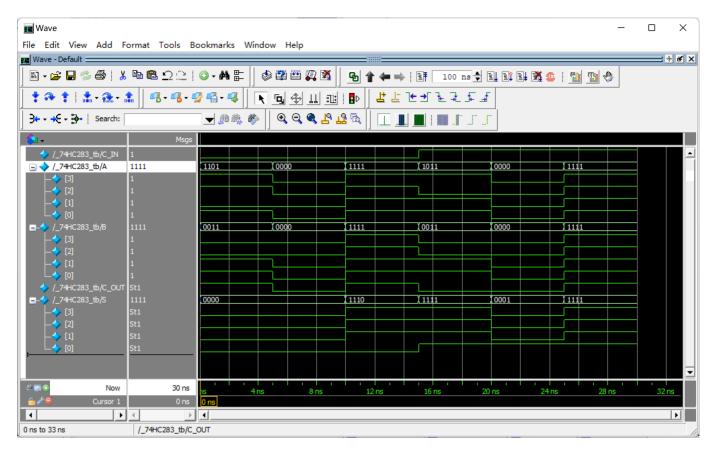
74HC283

_74HC283.v

```
@author Luo Chang
@UID U202113940
@date 2022/11/26
*/
module _74HC283(C_IN,A,B,C_OUT,S);
input C_IN;
input [3:0] A,B;
output reg C_OUT;
output reg [3:0] S;
wire [3:0] X,Y,C;
assign X = A ^ B;
assign Y = A & B;
assign C[0] = Y[0] | (X[0] & C_IN);
genvar i;
for (i = 1; i < 4; i = i + 1)
    assign C[i] = Y[i] | (X[i] & C[i - 1]);
assign C_OUT = C[3];
assign S[0] = X[0] ^ C_IN;
for (i = 1; i < 4; i = i + 1)
    assign S[i] = X[i] ^ C[i -1];
endmodule
```

_74HC283_tb.v

```
/*
@author Luo Chang
@UID U202113940
@date 2022/11/26
*/
`timescale 1ns/1ns
module _74HC283_tb;
reg C IN;
reg [3:0] A,B;
wire C OUT;
wire [3:0] S;
_74HC283 U0(C_IN,A,B,C_OUT,S);
initial $monitor($time, "C_IN = %b,A = %b,B = %b,C_OUT = %b,S = %b,",C_IN,A,B,C_OUT,S);
initial
   begin
// C_IN = 0
        C IN = 0;
        A = 4'b1101;
        B = 4'b0011;
        #5
        C_IN = 0;
        A = 4'b0000;
        B = 4'b0000;
        #5
        C_IN = 0;
        A = 4'b1111;
        B = 4'b1111;
        #5
// C IN = 1
        CIN = 1;
        A = 4'b1011;
        B = 4'b0011;
        #5
        C_{IN} = 1;
        A = 4'b0000;
        B = 4'b0000;
        #5
// egde test
        C_IN = 1;
        A = 4'b1111;
        B = 4'b1111;
        #5
        $stop;
    end
endmodule
```



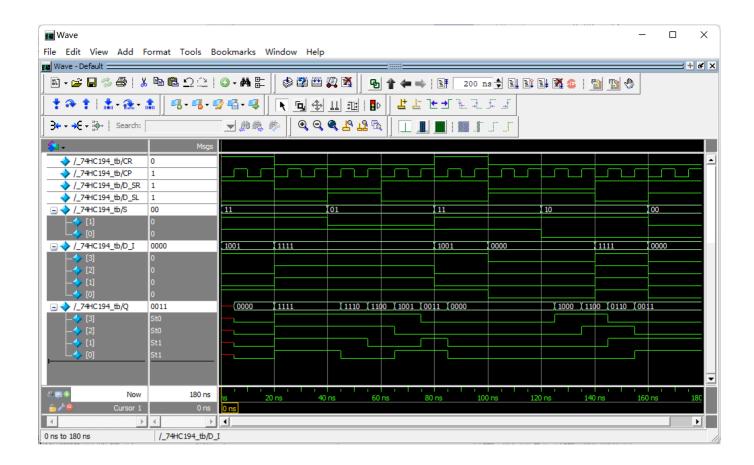
74HC194

74HC194.v

```
/*
@author Luo Chang
@UID U202113940
@date 2022/11/26
*/
module _74HC194(CR,CP,D_SR,D_SL,S,D_I,Q);
/*
CR: asyn clear
CP: clock signal
D SR: right shift serial data input
D SL: left shift serial data input
D I: parallel data input
S: control signal,
when S == 00, output stays;
    S == 01, output right shift;
    S == 10, output left shift;
     S == 11, sync parallel transponse
Q: output signal
sensitive signal: CP's rising edge or CR's droping edge
input CR,CP,D_SR,D_SL;
input [1:0] S;
input [3:0] D_I;
output reg [3:0] Q;
always @(posedge CP or negedge CR)
    begin
        if (CR == 1) Q <= 4'b0000;
        else
            casex (S[1:0])
                2'b00 : Q <= Q;
                2'b01 : Q \leftarrow \{Q[2:0], D_SR\};
                2'b10 : Q <= {D_SL,Q[3:1]};
                2'b11 : Q <= D_I;
            endcase
    end
endmodule
```

```
/*
@author Luo Chang
@UID U202113940
@date 2022/11/26
*/
`timescale 1ns/1ns
module _74HC194_tb;
reg CR,CP,D_SR,D_SL;
reg [1:0] S;
reg [3:0] D_I;
wire [3:0] Q;
_74HC194 U0(CR,CP,D_SR,D_SL,S,D_I,Q);
initial $monitor($time, "D_SR = %b,D_SL = %b,S = %b,D = %b,Q = %b",D_SR,D_SL,S,D_I,Q);
initial
   CP = 0;
    always #5 CP = ~CP;
initial
    begin
// clear
        CR = 1;
        S = 2'b11;
        D_I = 4'b1001;
        D_SR = 1;
        D_SL = 0;
        #20
// set as 1111
        CR = 0;
        S = 2'b11;
        D_I = 4'b1111;
        D_SR = 0;
        D SL = 0;
        #20
// right shift
        CR = 0;
        S = 2'b01;
        D_I = 4'b1111;
        D_SR = 0;
        D_SL = 1;
        #20
// right shift again
       CR = 0;
        S = 2'b01;
        D_I = 4'b1111;
        D_SR = 1;
```

```
D_SL = 0;
        #20
// clear
        CR = 1;
       S = 2'b11;
       D_I = 4'b1001;
       D_SR = 1;
       D_SL = 0;
       #20
// set as 0000
       CR = 0;
       S = 2'b11;
       D I = 4'b0000;
        D_SR = 0;
       D_SL = 1;
       #20
// left shift
       CR = 0;
        S = 2'b10;
       D_I = 4'b0000;
       D_SR = 0;
       D_SL = 1;
        #20
// left shift again
       CR = 0;
        S = 2'b10;
       D_I = 4'b1111;
       D_SR = 1;
       D_SL = 0;
        #20
// stay
       CR = 0;
        S = 2'b00;
       D_I = 4'b0000;
       D_SR = 1;
        D_SL = 1;
        #20
        $stop;
   end
endmodule
```



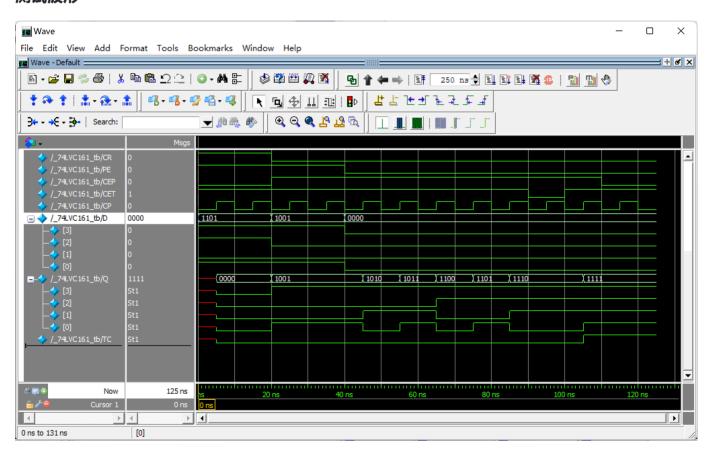
74LVC161

_74LVC161.v

```
/*
@author Luo Chang
@UID U202113940
@date 2022/11/26
*/
module _74LVC161(CR,PE,CEP,CET,CP,D,Q,TC);
/*
CR: clear
PE: preset
CEP, CET: enabled terminal
D: preset data
Q: output
TC: carry bit
input CR,PE,CEP,CET,CP;
input [3:0] D;
output reg [3:0] Q;
output reg TC;
always @(posedge CP or negedge CR)
    begin
        if (!CR == 0)
            begin
                Q = 4'b0000;
                TC = 0;
            end
        else
            if (!PE == 0) Q <= D;</pre>
            else
                casex({CEP,CET})
                     2'b0x : Q \leftarrow Q;
                     2'bx0:
                         begin
                             Q <= Q;
                             TC = 0;
                         end
                     2'b11 :
                         begin
                             Q = Q + 1;
                             TC = (Q == 4'b1111);
                         end
                endcase
    end
endmodule
```

```
/*
@author Luo Chang
@UID U202113940
@date 2022/11/26
*/
`timescale 1ns/1ns
module 74LVC161 tb;
reg CR,PE,CEP,CET,CP;
reg [3:0] D;
wire [3:0] Q;
wire TC;
_74LVC161 U0(CR,PE,CEP,CET,CP,D,Q,TC);
initial $monitor($time, "CR = %b,PE = %b,CEP = %b,CET = %b,D = %b,Q = %b,TC =
%b",CR,PE,CEP,CET,CP,D,Q,TC);
initial
    CP = 0;
    always #5 CP = ~CP;
initial
    begin
//clear
         CR = 1;
        PE = 1;
        CEP = 0;
        CET = 1;
        D = 4'b1101;
        #20
// preset as 1001
        CR = 0;
        PE = 1;
        CEP = 1;
        CET = 1;
        D = 4'b1001;
        #20
// count
        CR = 0;
        PE = 0;
        CEP = 1;
        CET = 1;
        D = 4'b0000;
        #50
// stay
        CR = 0;
        PE = 0;
        CEP = 1;
```

```
CET = 0;
        #10
// count
        CR = 0;
        PE = 0;
        CEP = 1;
        CET = 1;
        D = 4'b0000;
        #10
//stay and carry bit
        CR = 0;
        PE = 0;
        CEP = 0;
        CET = 1;
        #15
        $stop;
    end
endmodule
```



74X139(for 5-32 decoder)

_74X139.v

```
/*
@author Luo Chang
@UID U202113940
@date 2022/11/28
*/
// the module will just build half of the 74X139
module 74X139(E,A,Y);
input E;
input [1:0] A;
output reg [3:0] Y;
always @(*)
    begin
        if (!E == 0)
            Y = 4'b1111;
        else
            begin
                casex(A[1:0])
                    2'b00 : Y = 4'b1110;
                    2'b01 : Y = 4'b1101;
                    2'b10 : Y = 4'b1011;
                    2'b11 : Y = 4'b0111;
                endcase
            end
    end
endmodule
```

扩展功能

74X139和74X138构建5-32译码器

电路搭建思路

74X139芯片包含两个独立的2-4线译码器,74X138为3-8线译码器,要将其组成5-32线译码器,需要32个输出端和5个输入端,将输入信号分为两个部分:两个高位和三个低位,将两个高位输出74X139,利用其编码特性,分别选择让剩下的三个低位进入哪个74X138进行输出。该电路包含两级输入输出,1/2 74X139位第一级,4个74X138为第二级。

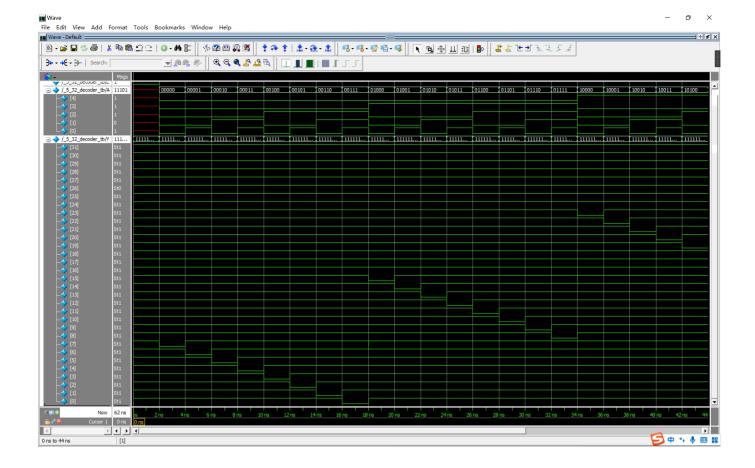
代码&测试用例

_5_32_decoder.v

```
/*
@author Luo Chang
@UID U202113940
@date 2022/11/28
*/
/*
In this module, we'll use 1/2 74X139 and 4 74X138s to build a 5-32 decoder.
To make this decoder work properly, we'll divide the 5 bits input signal into 2 parts:
[4,3] and [2:0]. [4:3] will be put into the 1/2 74X139, it will decide which 74X138 we
will use to decode the [2:0] input.
*/
module _5_32_decoder(E,A,L);
input E;// enbaled signal for all the CMOSs
input [4:0] A;
output reg [31:0] L;
wire [1:0] A_139; // input for 1/2 74X139
wire [2:0] A_138; // input for 4 74X138s
wire [3:0] Y 139; // output for 1/2 74X139
// output for 4 74X138s
wire [7:0] Y 138 0;
wire [7:0] Y_138_1;
wire [7:0] Y_138_2;
wire [7:0] Y_138_3;
wire E2;// enabled signal for 4 74X138s
assign E2 = 0;
assign A 139[1] = A[4];
assign A_139[0] = A[3];
assign A_138[2] = A[2];
assign A 138[1] = A[1];
assign A_138[0] = A[0];
74X139 U 139(!E,A 139,Y 139);
_74X138 U_138_0(Y_139[0],E2,E,A_138,Y_138_0);
_74X138 U_138_1(Y_139[1],E2,E,A_138,Y_138_1);
_74X138 U_138_2(Y_139[2],E2,E,A_138,Y_138_2);
_74X138 U_138_3(Y_139[3],E2,E,A_138,Y_138_3);
assign L = \{Y_138_3[7:0], Y_138_2[7:0], Y_138_1[7:0], Y_138_0[7:0]\};
endmodule
```

5-32_decoder_tb.v

```
/*
@author Luo Chang
@UID U202113940
@date 2022/11/28
`timescale 1ns/1ns
module _5_32_decoder_tb;
reg E;
reg [4:0] A;
wire [31:0] Y;
_5_32_decoder U_5_32(E,A,Y);
initial $monitor($time, "E = %b, A = %b, Y = %b", E, A, Y);
always \#2 A = A + 1'b1;
initial
    begin
       E = 0;
        #2
        A = 5'b0000_0;
        E = 1;
        #60
        $stop;
    end
endmodule
```



两片74LS151连接成一个16选1数据选择器

电路搭建思路

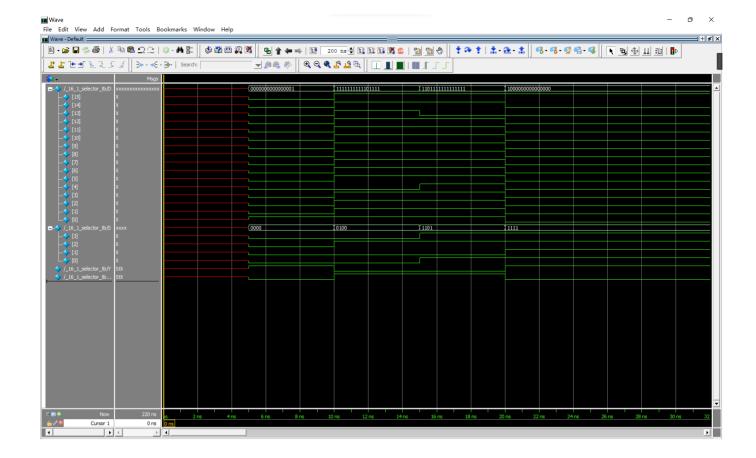
74HC/LS151搭载了一个8选1数据选择器,16选1数据选择器需要4位的选择输入信号和16位的输入数据信号,对于四位的输入信号,我们可以将最高位作为决定两个芯片哪个工作的信号,剩余三位输入选择信号作为正常的输入信号输入到芯片中。最后的输出信号,则由两个芯片的两个输出信号共同决定。

代码&测试用例

_16_1_selector.v

```
/*
@author Luo Chang
@UID U202113940
@date 2022/11/30
*/
/*
In this module we'll use two 74HC151s to build a 16 Select 1 Data selector.
For the selecting signal S[3:0], S[3] will deciding which 74HC151 to work,
S[2:0] will work on both 74HC151, but with the effection of S[3],
there will always only one 74HC151 on work while another off work.
*/
module _16_1_selector(D,S,Y,Y_);
input [15:0] D;
input [3:0] S;
output reg Y,Y_;
wire [7:0] D_low;
wire [7:0] D_high;
wire [2:0] S low;
wire Y 0, Y 1;
wire Y_0_,Y_1_;
genvar i;
for (i = 0; i < 8; i = i + 1)
    begin
        assign D_low[i] = D[i];
        assign D_high[i] = D[i + 8];
    end
for (i = 0; i < 3; i = i + 1)
    assign S_low[i] = S[i];
_74HC151 U0(D_low,S_low,!S[3],Y_0,Y_0_);
_74HC151 U1(D_high,S_low,S[3],Y_1,Y_1_);
assign Y = Y_0 \mid Y_1;
assign Y_ = Y_0_ & Y_1_;
endmodule
```

```
/*
@author Luo Chang
@UID U202113940
@date 2022/11/30
*/
`timescale 1ns/1ns
module _16_1_selector_tb;
reg [15:0] D;
reg [3:0] S;
wire Y,Y_;
_16_1_selector U(D,S,Y,Y_);
initial $monitor($time, "D = %b,S = %b,Y = %b,Y_ = %b,",D,S,Y,Y_);
initial
   begin
       D = 16'b0000_0000_0000_0001;
       S = 4'b0000;
        #5
        D = 16'b1111_1111_1110_1111;
        S = 4'b0100;
       D = 16'b1101_1111_1111;
        S = 4'b1101;
       D = 16'b1000_0000_0000_0000;
        S = 4'b1111;
       #5
        $stop;
   end
endmodule
```



篮球24秒计时器

详细说明

- 设计一个24秒倒计时电路, 要求定时电路递减计时, 每个时钟, 定时电路减1;
- 当计时电路递减计时到零(即定时时间到)时, 电路停止计数;
- 设置操作开关控制计时器的启动、暂停和复位功能。不限同步或异步

电路搭建思路

通过行为级建模搭建24秒计时器,输出结果作为_74HC4511的输入,将其转化为可以在共阴显示器上显示的信号

代码&测试用例

bitOne.v

```
/*
@author Luo Chang
@UID U202113940
@date 2022/12/23
*/
module bitOne(CP,CLR,EN,PE,D,Q,carryOut);
    parameter n = 4,MOD = 10;
    input CP,CLR,EN,PE;
    input [n-1:0] D;
    output reg[n-1:0] Q;
    output carryOut;
/*
input
CP: clock signal
CLR: clear signal
EN: enabled terminal
PE: preset signal
D: preset inpput
output
Q: 4 bits binary number
carry_out: carry bit signal
    always@(posedge CP or negedge CLR)
            begin
                if(!CLR) Q <= 'd0;</pre>
                else if(!EN) Q <= Q;</pre>
                else
                    begin
                        if(Q == 4'b0000) Q <= MOD-1;
                        else Q <= Q-1;
                    end
            end
    always@(posedge PE)
        begin
            Q \leftarrow D;
        end
    assign carryOut = (Q == 4'b0000);
endmodule
```

counter.v

```
/*
@author Luo Chang
@UID U202113940
@date 2022/12/24
module counter(CP,EN,PE,Q1,Q0,show_Q0,show_Q1);
   input CP,EN,PE;
   output [3:0] Q1,Q0;
   output [6:0] show_Q0, show_Q1;
   wire carry_out;
   wire carry_out1;
   wire CP1;
   wire EN1;
   assign CP1 = ~carry_out;
   assign EN1 = EN & ~(carry_out & carry_out1);
   bitOne U1(CP1,1'b1,EN1,PE,4'b0011,Q1,carry_out1);
   bitOne U0(CP,1'b1,EN1,PE,4'b0100,Q0,carry_out);
   _74HC4511 U_show0(0,0,0,Q0,show_Q0);
   _74HC4511 U_show1(0,0,0,Q1,show_Q1);
endmodule
```

counter_tb.v

```
/*
@author Luo Chang
@UID U202113940
@date 2022/12/25
*/
`timescale 100ms/10ms
module counter_tb;
    reg CP;
    reg EN;
    reg PE;
    wire [3:0] Q0,Q1;
    wire [6:0] show_Q0, show_Q1;
    counter U(CP,EN,PE,Q1,Q0,show_Q0,show_Q1);
    initial monitor(time,"tQ1 = \%b,Q0 = \%b\n",Q1,Q0);
    initial
        CP = 1;
    always
        #5 CP = \sim CP;
    initial
        begin
            EN = 1;
            PE = 0;
            #10
            EN = 1;
            PE = 1;
            #10
            EN = 1;
            PE = 0;
            #300
            EN = 1;
            PE = 1;
            #10
            EN = 1;
            PE = 0;
            #20
            EN = 0;
            PE = 0;
            #20
            $stop;
```

end endmodule

