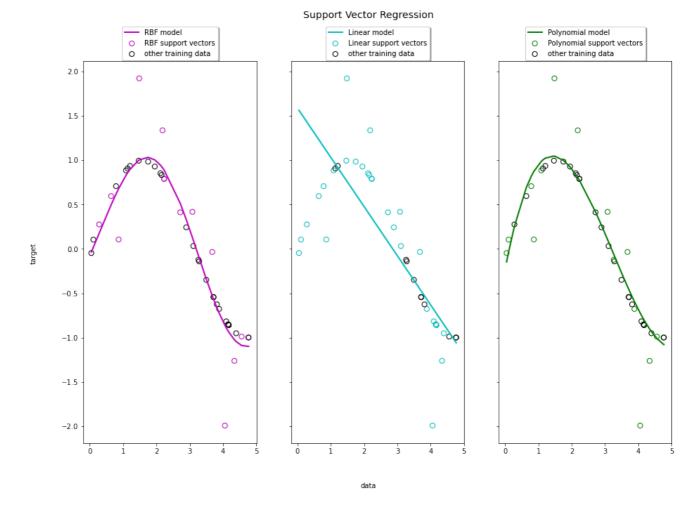
Support Vector Regression (SVR) using linear and non-linear kernels

Toy example of 1D regression using linear, polynomial and RBF kernels.

```
In [1]:
             # import and check needed libraies
           3 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
          4
             import numpy as np
          6 from sklearn.svm import SVR
           8 # to check the time of execution, import function time
          9 import time
         10
         11 # check versions of libraries
         12 print('numpy version is: {}'.format(np.__version__))
         13
         numpy version is: 1.18.1
In [2]:
          1 #generate sample data
           X = \text{np.sort}(5 * \text{np.random.rand}(40, 1), axis=0)
          4 y = np.sin(X).ravel()
           6 # add noise to targets
             y[::5] += 3 * (0.5 - np.random.rand(8))
In [3]:
          1 # Fit regression model
           3 svr_rbf = SVR(kernel="rbf", C=100, gamma=0.1, epsilon=0.1)
          svr_lin = SVR(kernel="linear", C=100, gamma="auto")
svr_poly = SVR(kernel="poly", C=100, gamma="auto", degree=3, epsilon=0.1, coef0=1)
```

```
#Look at the results
In [4]:
          3 | 1w = 2
          4
          5 svrs = [svr_rbf, svr_lin, svr_poly]
             kernel_label = ["RBF", "Linear", "Polynomial"]
          7
             model_color = ["m", "c", "g"]
          8
          9 fig, axes = plt.subplots(nrows=1, ncols=3, figsize=(15, 10), sharey=True)
             for ix, svr in enumerate(svrs):
         10
         11
                 axes[ix].plot(
         12
                     Χ,
         13
                     svr.fit(X, y).predict(X),
                     color=model_color[ix],
         14
         15
                     lw=lw,
                     label="{} model".format(kernel label[ix]),
         16
         17
         18
                 axes[ix].scatter(
         19
                     X[svr.support_],
         20
                     y[svr.support_],
                     facecolor="none",
         21
                     edgecolor=model_color[ix],
         22
         23
                     s=50,
         24
                     label="{} support vectors".format(kernel_label[ix]),
         25
         26
                 axes[ix].scatter(
         27
                     X[np.setdiff1d(np.arange(len(X)), svr.support_)],
         28
                     y[np.setdiff1d(np.arange(len(X)), svr.support_)],
         29
                     facecolor="none",
         30
                     edgecolor="k",
         31
                     s=50,
         32
                     label="other training data",
         33
                 axes[ix].legend(
         34
         35
                     loc="upper center",
                     bbox_to_anchor=(0.5, 1.1),
         36
         37
                     ncol=1,
         38
                     fancybox=True,
         39
                     shadow=True,
         40
                 )
         41
         42 | fig.text(0.5, 0.04, "data", ha="center", va="center")
         43 fig.text(0.06, 0.5, "target", ha="center", va="center", rotation="vertical")
         44 | fig.suptitle("Support Vector Regression", fontsize=14)
         45 plt.show()
```



***** Aktuelles Datum und Zeit*****
Date & Time: 21.11.2024 17:03:18

Ende Python-Programm ***SVR_Example ***